Robust structural identification via polyhedral template matching - DTU Orbit (09/11/2017)

Robust structural identification via polyhedral template matching

Successful scientific applications of large-scale molecular dynamics often rely on automated methods for identifying the local crystalline structure of condensed phases. Many existing methods for structural identification, such as common neighbour analysis, rely on interatomic distances (or thresholds thereof) to classify atomic structure. As a consequence they are sensitive to strain and thermal displacements, and preprocessing such as quenching or temporal averaging of the atomic positions is necessary to provide reliable identifications. We propose a new method, polyhedral template matching (PTM), which classifies structures according to the topology of the local atomic environment, without any ambiguity in the classification, and with greater reliability than e.g. common neighbour analysis in the presence of thermal fluctuations. We demonstrate that the method can reliably be used to identify structures even in simulations near the melting point, and that it can identify the most common ordered alloy structures as well. In addition, the method makes it easy to identify the local lattice orientation in polycrystalline samples, and to calculate the local strain tensor. An implementation is made available under a Free and Open Source Software license.

General information

State: Published Organisations: Department of Physics, Neutrons and X-rays for Materials Physics, Experimental Surface and Nanomaterials Physics Authors: Larsen, P. M. (Intern), Schmidt, S. (Intern), Schiøtz, J. (Intern) Number of pages: 18 Publication date: 2016 Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

Publication information

Journal: Modelling and Simulation in Materials Science and Engineering Volume: 24 Issue number: 5 Article number: 055007 ISSN (Print): 0965-0393 Ratings: BFI (2017): BFI-level 2 Web of Science (2017): Indexed yes BFI (2016): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2016): SJR 0.932 SNIP 0.86 CiteScore 1.82 Web of Science (2016): Indexed yes BFI (2015): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2015): SJR 1.05 SNIP 0.844 CiteScore 1.73 BFI (2014): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2014): SJR 1.099 SNIP 0.992 CiteScore 1.81 Web of Science (2014): Indexed yes BFI (2013): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2013): SJR 0.647 SNIP 0.756 CiteScore 1.25 ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes BFI (2012): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2012): SJR 1.266 SNIP 1.545 CiteScore 2.05 ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes Web of Science (2012): Indexed yes BFI (2011): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2011): SJR 1.128 SNIP 1.31 CiteScore 1.96 ISI indexed (2011): ISI indexed yes BFI (2010): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2010): SJR 1.241 SNIP 1.31 Web of Science (2010): Indexed yes BFI (2009): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2009): SJR 1.162 SNIP 1.167 Web of Science (2009): Indexed yes BFI (2008): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2008): SJR 1.277 SNIP 1.102 Web of Science (2008): Indexed yes

Scopus rating (2007): SJR 0.949 SNIP 1.345 Web of Science (2007): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2006): SJR 1.026 SNIP 1.35 Web of Science (2006): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2005): SJR 0.723 SNIP 1.156 Web of Science (2005): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2004): SJR 1.047 SNIP 1.323 Web of Science (2004): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2003): SJR 0.44 SNIP 0.912 Scopus rating (2002): SJR 1.134 SNIP 1.126 Scopus rating (2001): SJR 1.024 SNIP 0.99 Web of Science (2001): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2000): SJR 0.727 SNIP 0.957 Web of Science (2000): Indexed yes Scopus rating (1999): SJR 0.853 SNIP 1.004 Original language: English Structure classification, Atomic-scale simulations, Crystal structure, Atomic systems visualization, Analysis of molecular dynamics, Neighbor analysis, Alloy classification Electronic versions: pmla_ptm.pdf. Embargo ended: 13/05/2017 DOIs: 10.1088/0965-0393/24/5/055007 Source: FindIt Source-ID: 277559637 Publication: Research - peer-review > Journal article - Annual report year: 2016