Phase equilibrium of North Sea oils with polar chemicals: Experiments and CPA modeling - DTU Orbit (08/11/2017)

Phase equilibrium of North Sea oils with polar chemicals: Experiments and CPA modeling

This work consists of a combined experimental and modeling study for oil - MEG - water systems, of relevance to petroleum applications. We present new experimental liquid-liquid equilibrium data for the mutual solubility of two North Sea oils + MEG and North Sea oils + MEG + water systems in the temperature range 303.15-323.15 K and at atmospheric pressure. These new data are for North Sea oils which are substantially heavier and with higher aromatic/naphthenic content compared to previous studies. The new data compare favorably with previously reported measurements for other North Sea oils. The data have been successfully modeled using the Cubic- Plus-Association (CPA) equation of state (EoS) using a previously developed characterization method and new correlations for estimating binary interaction parameters between MEG-hydrocarbons and water-hydrocarbons. The results are in satisfactory agreement to the experimental data, considering especially the complexity of the studied reservoir fluids, in particular their heavy and aromatic character.

General information

State: Published Organisations: Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, CERE – Center for Energy Ressources Engineering, Statoil ASA Authors: Frost, M. G. (Intern), Kontogeorgis, G. M. (Intern), von Solms, N. (Intern), Haugum, T. (Ekstern), Solbraa, E. (Ekstern) Pages: 122–136 Publication date: 2016 Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

Publication information

Journal: Fluid Phase Equilibria Volume: 424 ISSN (Print): 0378-3812 Ratings: BFI (2017): BFI-level 2 Web of Science (2017): Indexed yes BFI (2016): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 2.33 SJR 0.869 SNIP 1.155 Web of Science (2016): Indexed yes BFI (2015): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2015): SJR 0.874 SNIP 0.998 CiteScore 1.99 Web of Science (2015): Indexed yes BFI (2014): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2014): SJR 0.982 SNIP 1.248 CiteScore 2.28 Web of Science (2014): Indexed yes BFI (2013): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2013): SJR 1.007 SNIP 1.274 CiteScore 2.31 ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes Web of Science (2013): Indexed yes BFI (2012): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2012): SJR 1.152 SNIP 1.286 CiteScore 2.31 ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes Web of Science (2012): Indexed yes BFI (2011): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2011): SJR 1.034 SNIP 1.234 CiteScore 2.26 ISI indexed (2011): ISI indexed yes Web of Science (2011): Indexed yes BFI (2010): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.986 SNIP 1.317 Web of Science (2010): Indexed yes BFI (2009): BFI-level 2 Scopus rating (2009): SJR 1.133 SNIP 1.164 Web of Science (2009): Indexed yes

BFI (2008): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2008): SJR 1.227 SNIP 1.09 Web of Science (2008): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2007): SJR 1.031 SNIP 1.151 Web of Science (2007): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2006): SJR 1.034 SNIP 1.245 Web of Science (2006): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2005): SJR 1.009 SNIP 1.3 Web of Science (2005): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2004): SJR 0.985 SNIP 1.349 Web of Science (2004): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2003): SJR 1.193 SNIP 1.301 Web of Science (2003): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2002): SJR 0.722 SNIP 1.101 Web of Science (2002): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2001): SJR 0.966 SNIP 1.284 Web of Science (2001): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2000): SJR 0.87 SNIP 0.898 Web of Science (2000): Indexed yes Scopus rating (1999): SJR 0.938 SNIP 0.885 Original language: English DOIs: 10.1016/j.fluid.2015.11.030 Source: FindIt Source-ID: 2289468648 Publication: Research - peer-review > Journal article - Annual report year: 2015