

Progress in Cherenkov femtosecond fiber lasers - DTU Orbit (08/11/2017)

Progress in Cherenkov femtosecond fiber lasers

We review the recent developments in the field of ultrafast Cherenkov fiber lasers. Two essential properties of such laser systems—broad wavelength tunability and high efficiency of Cherenkov radiation wavelength conversion are discussed. The exceptional performance of the Cherenkov fiber laser systems are highlighted—dependent on the realization scheme, the Cherenkov lasers can generate the femtosecond output tunable across the entire visible and even the UV range, and for certain designs more than 40% conversion efficiency from the pump to Cherenkov signal can be achieved. The femtosecond Cherenkov laser with all-fiber architecture is presented and discussed. Operating in the visible range, it delivers 100–200 fs wavelength-tunable pulses with multimilliwatt output power and exceptionally low noise figure an order of magnitude lower than the traditional wavelength tunable supercontinuum-based femtosecond sources. The applications for Cherenkov laser systems in practical biophotonics and biomedical applications, such as bio-imaging and microscopy, are discussed.

General information

State: Published

Organisations: Department of Photonics Engineering, Fiber Optics, Devices and Non-linear Effects, Max Planck Institute for Polymer Research, University of Illinois

Authors: Liu, X. (Intern), Svane, A. S. (Intern), Lægsgaard, J. (Intern), Tu, H. (Ekstern), Boppart, S. A. (Ekstern), Turchinovich, D. (Ekstern)

Publication date: 2016

Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics

Volume: 49

Issue number: 2

Article number: 023001

ISSN (Print): 0022-3727

Ratings:

BFI (2017): BFI-level 1

Web of Science (2017): Indexed yes

BFI (2016): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 2.07 SJR 0.645 SNIP 0.917

Web of Science (2016): Indexed yes

BFI (2015): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2015): SJR 0.693 SNIP 1.046 CiteScore 2.1

Web of Science (2015): Indexed yes

BFI (2014): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2014): SJR 1.069 SNIP 1.383 CiteScore 2.53

Web of Science (2014): Indexed yes

BFI (2013): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2013): SJR 1.18 SNIP 1.469 CiteScore 2.6

ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes

Web of Science (2013): Indexed yes

BFI (2012): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2012): SJR 1.244 SNIP 1.394 CiteScore 2.31

ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes

Web of Science (2012): Indexed yes

BFI (2011): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2011): SJR 1.257 SNIP 1.399 CiteScore 2.36

ISI indexed (2011): ISI indexed yes

Web of Science (2011): Indexed yes

BFI (2010): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 1.291 SNIP 1.288

Web of Science (2010): Indexed yes

BFI (2009): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2009): SJR 1.283 SNIP 1.337

Web of Science (2009): Indexed yes

BFI (2008): BFI-level 2
Scopus rating (2008): SJR 1.446 SNIP 1.563
Web of Science (2008): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2007): SJR 1.385 SNIP 1.633
Web of Science (2007): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2006): SJR 1.398 SNIP 1.699
Web of Science (2006): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2005): SJR 1.203 SNIP 1.466
Web of Science (2005): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2004): SJR 1.123 SNIP 1.442
Web of Science (2004): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2003): SJR 0.9 SNIP 1.2
Web of Science (2003): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2002): SJR 0.99 SNIP 1.221
Web of Science (2002): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2001): SJR 0.901 SNIP 1.205
Web of Science (2001): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (2000): SJR 0.79 SNIP 1.133
Web of Science (2000): Indexed yes
Scopus rating (1999): SJR 0.925 SNIP 1.249
Original language: English
Ultrafast lasers, Photonic crystal fibers, Ultrafast nonlinear optics
DOIs:
10.1088/0022-3727/49/2/023001
Source: PublicationPreSubmission
Source-ID: 118715679
Publication: Research - peer-review › Journal article – Annual report year: 2015