Routing strategy in a distribution network when the driver learning effect is considered - DTU Orbit (08/11/2017)

Routing strategy in a distribution network when the driver learning effect is considered

This paper faces one critical short term decision: the construction of routes for daily goods' deliveries in a distribution network. It investigates the possibility of applying a fixed routing strategy instead of a daily routing optimisation strategy, analysing the benefits derived from the driver's familiarity with his/her surroundings, customers' habits and set-ups. The final aim is to provide an effective and flexible decision-making tool to identify the best routing strategy, considering the level of learning invested by each driver. It is assumed that learning effect impacts on the service time, i.e., on the time spent in service operations once arrived at the customer's site. Results demonstrate that fixed routes strategy can often be better than the daily optimised strategy and strongly depends on the parameters investigated in this work. Two case applications are provided to help the reader's comprehension and demonstrate the methodology's potential and its practical implications.

General information

State: Published

Organisations: Department of Transport, Department of Management Engineering, Management Science, University of Padova Authors: Battini, D. (Ekstern), Faccio, M. (Ekstern), Persona, A. (Ekstern), Røpke, S. (Intern), Zanin, G. (Ekstern) Pages: 385-411 Publication date: 2015 Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Logistics Systems and Management Volume: 21 Issue number: 3 ISSN (Print): 1742-7967 Ratings: Scopus rating (2016): SJR 0.429 SNIP 0.649 CiteScore 1.32 Scopus rating (2015): SJR 0.438 SNIP 0.609 CiteScore 1.45 Scopus rating (2014): SJR 0.44 SNIP 0.727 CiteScore 1.45 Scopus rating (2013): SJR 0.444 SNIP 0.737 CiteScore 1.75 Scopus rating (2012): SJR 0.362 SNIP 0.493 CiteScore 1.27

Scopus rating (2011): SJR 0.29 SNIP 0.837 CiteScore 1.49

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.36 SNIP 1.102

Scopus rating (2009): SJR 0.242 SNIP 0.439

Scopus rating (2008): SJR 0.257 SNIP 0.53

Scopus rating (2007): SJR 0.149 SNIP 0.266

Scopus rating (2006): SJR 0.161 SNIP 0.036

Scopus rating (2005): SJR 0.135 SNIP 0.612

Original language: English

Management Science and Operations Research, Management Information Systems, Information Systems and Management, Distribution network, Learning effect, Routing optimisation, Vehicle routing problem DOIs:

10.1504/ijlsm.2015.069734

Source: FindIt

Source-ID: 2265759962

Publication: Research - peer-review > Journal article - Annual report year: 2015