## brought to you by I CORE





On the use of Bio-based Building Products in Denmark - Fire safety regulations, research and future challenges

Jomaas, Grunde; Dragsted, Anders; Fynholm, Peder; Markert, Frank

Publication date: 2015

Document Version Peer reviewed version

Link back to DTU Orbit

Citation (APA):

Jomaas, G., Dragsted, A., Fynholm, P., & Markert, F. (2015). On the use of Bio-based Building Products in Denmark - Fire safety regulations, research and future challenges. Abstract from COST Action FP1404 Fire safe use of bio-based building products kick-off, Barcelona, Spain.

### DTU Library

Technical Information Center of Denmark

#### General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
- You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

# On the use of Bio-based Building Products in Denmark – Fire safety regulations, research and future challenges

Grunde Jomaas<sup>1</sup>, Anders Dragsted<sup>2</sup>, Peder Fynholm<sup>3</sup> and Frank Markert<sup>4</sup>

**Keywords:** Fire Safety, Timber, Bio-based materials

The Danish building tradition includes the use of bio-based materials, and timber-framed buildings with thatched roofs can be found throughout the country. However, devastating city fires in the 18<sup>th</sup> century led to prescriptive regulations that demanded the use of stone walls towards streets, yards and neighbours in cities. In addition, strict distance requirements were implemented for houses with thatched roofs and timber frames. These historically rooted requirements are still influencing the current building style, and although the current performance-based building regulations in Denmark technically allow for timber buildings of any height, there are no tall timber buildings in the country. This strongly suggests that there is a significant need to improved knowledge and dissemination of this knowledge in order to convince the authorities having jurisdiction that timber buildings can be meet the performance-based fire safety requirements.

Despite the generally small contribution of forestry and manufacturing of wood and wood articles to Denmark's Gross Value Added (GVA) [1], there is an increased interest in the use of timber for construction in Denmark, as exemplified by the Innobyg Spireproject focusing on enabling densification of the built environment with lightweight materials [2]. Furthermore, a PhD project with collaboration between several industrial partners, including The Danish Institute for Fire and Safety Technology, entitled "The tectonic potential of wooden constructions for implementation in industrially manufactured building systems" is to commence in August, 2015.

Due to the relatively limited forest resources in Denmark, as compared to the rest of Europe, both due to the low forest percentage and due to the small land area in general [3], the focus on bio-based materials for the built environment has been on demonstration projects for alternative building materials such as concrete containing hemp, cellulose fibres, cork, thatched roofs and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Technical University of Denmark, Department of Civil Engineering, Brovej, 2800 Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark, <a href="mailto:grujo@byg.dtu.dk">grujo@byg.dtu.dk</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Danish Fire and Safety Institute, Jernholmen 12, 2650 Hvidovre, Denmark

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Danish Technological Institute, Gregersensvej 1, 2630 Taastrup, Denmark

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Technical University of Denmark, Department of Management Engineering, Produktionstorvet, 2800 Kgs. Lyngby, Denmark

fibreboards with various bio-based components. Figure 1 shows examples of such fibreboards from a project at the Danish Technological Institute.



Figure 1: Different bio-based building products created in a project at the Danish Technological Institute [4].

Top left: Eelgrass, Top Right: Seaweed waste, Bottom left: Tomato stems, Bottom right: Straw

The goal is that we in the future will be able move beyond the use of our own examples and tradition and be willing to learn from others. Through the collaboration in COST FP1404, we aim to obtain the knowledge needed to address current challenges, such as connections (fire resistance), flammability (reaction to fire) and the approval process. In the end, the overall goal will be to educate all stakeholders to a level that enables the decisions on using timber and bio-based products to be based on a cost-benefit analysis that involves sustainability considerations, rather than it being a decision rooted in historical fire incidents.

#### References

- [1] Lundmark Jensen, "Forest and forestry in Denmark Thousands of years of interaction between man and nature," Nordic Forest Research, <a href="http://www.nordicforestresearch.org/">http://www.nordicforestresearch.org/</a>, 2012.
- [2] <a href="http://www.innobyg.dk/spireprojekt-fortaettet-byggeri-med-lette-materialer/fortaettet-byggeri-med-lette-materialer/fortaettet-byggeri-med-lette-materialer.aspx">http://www.innobyg.dk/spireprojekt-fortaettet-byggeri-med-lette-materialer/fortaettet-byggeri-med-lette-materialer/fortaettet-byggeri-med-lette-materialer.aspx</a>
- [3] Forest Europe Facts European Forest Resources, <a href="http://www.foresteurope.org/">http://www.foresteurope.org/</a>
- [4] http://www.dti.dk/services/wood-and-bio-based-materials/wood-materials/31755,3