

## Supplementary information

### Activation of GPR35 protects against cerebral ischemia by recruiting monocyte-derived macrophages

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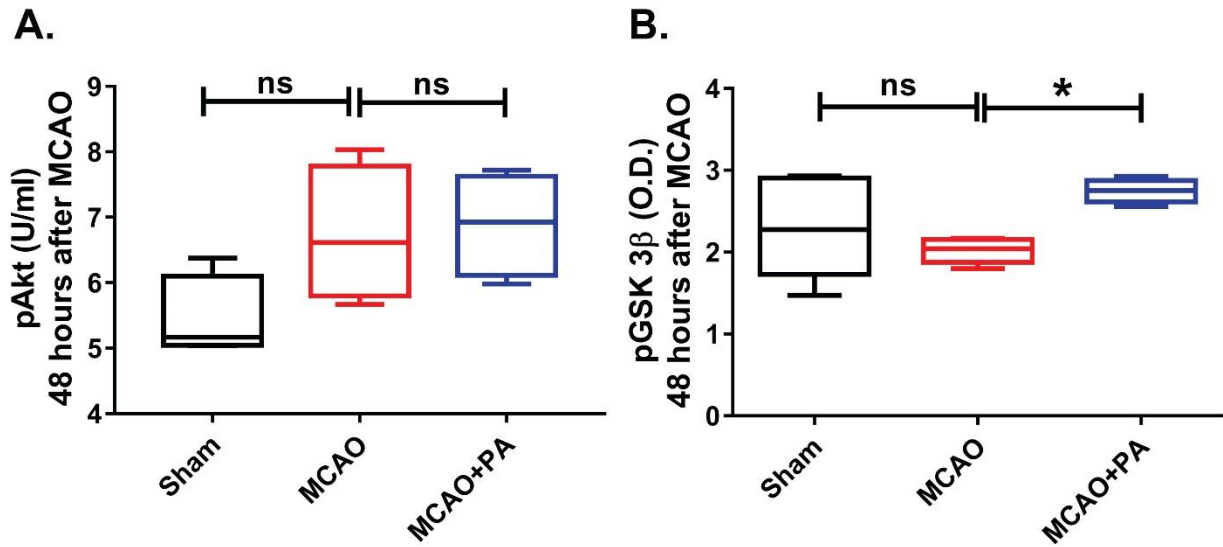
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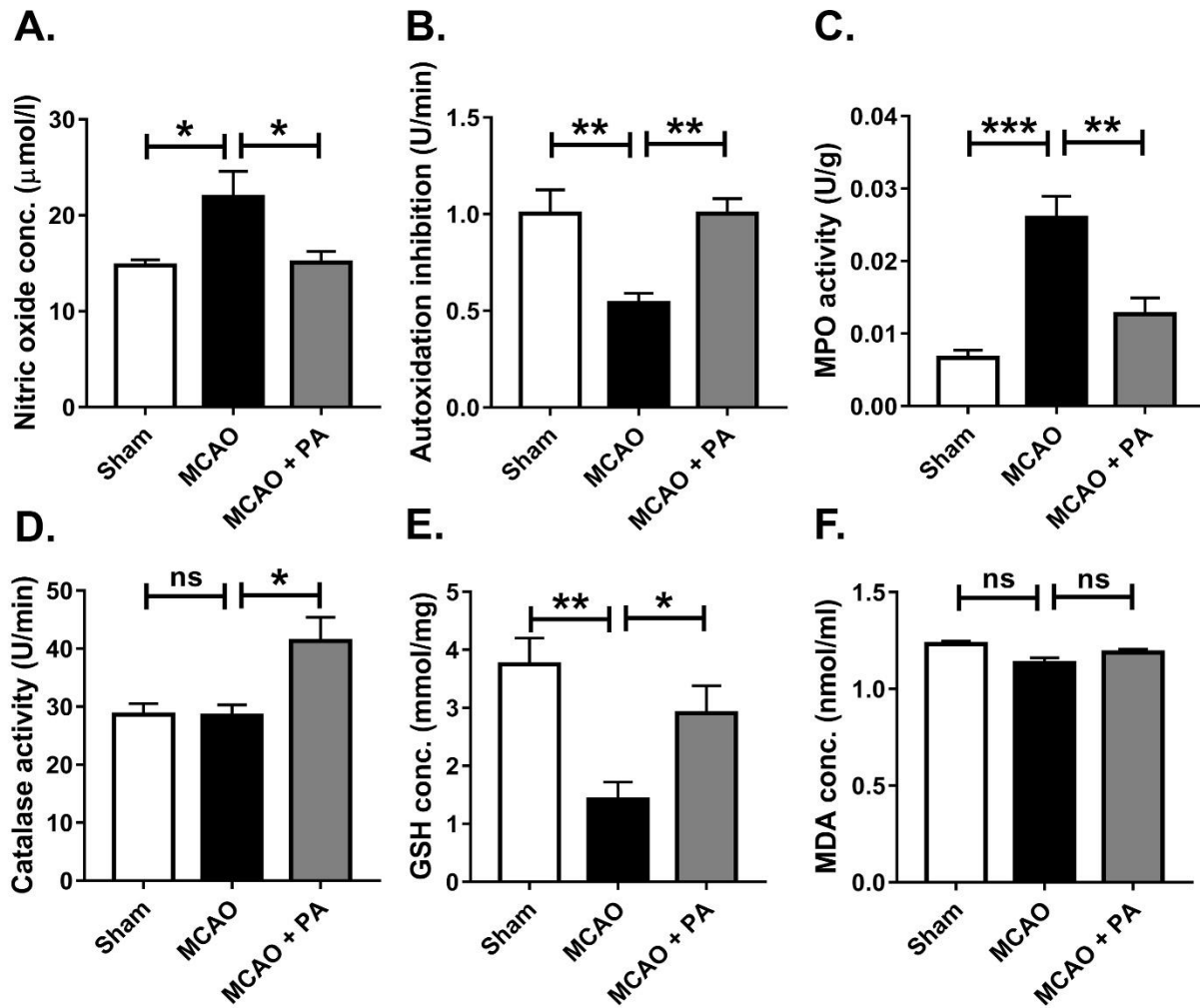
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## Results



**Figure 1: Effect of PA on pAkt and pGSK-3β 48 h after the MCAO.**

A. Phospho-Akt concentration was unaffected in the ischemic brain upon pamoic acid treatment at 48 h after the MCAO. The One-Way ANOVA,  $P > 0.05$  (Bonferroni multiple comparison test), values are means  $\pm$  s.e.m,  $n=4$ . B. PA treatment significantly increased the phosphorylation of GSK-3β after 48 h of MCAO. One-Way ANOVA,  $F(2/13)=4.769$ ,  $*P=0.0284$  (Bonferroni multiple comparison test), values are means  $\pm$  s.e.m,  $n=5$ .



**Figure 2: PA treatment reduces oxidative stress in the ischemic hemisphere 48 h after the MCAO.**

A. PA treatment reduced the nitric oxide concentration in the ischemic hemisphere 48 h after the MCAO. The One-Way ANOVA,  $F_{(2/12)}=5.53$ ,  $*P=0.0364$  to  $0.0464$  (Bonferroni multiple comparison test), values are means±s.e.m, n=5. B. PA treatment increased autoxidation inhibition in the ischemic hemisphere 48 h after the MCAO. The One-Way ANOVA,  $F_{(2/12)}=10.56$ ,  $**P=0.0040$  to  $0.0083$  (Bonferroni multiple comparison tests), values are means±s.e.m, (n for Sham =4, n for MCAO= 5, n for MCAO+PA=6). C. PA treatment reduced

myeloperoxidase (MPO) activity in the ischemic hemisphere 48 h after the MCAO. The One-Way ANOVA,  $F_{(2/11)}=16.16$ ,  $**P=0.0048$ ,  $***P=0.0005$  (Bonferroni multiple comparison test), values are means $\pm$ s.e.m, (n for Sham =4, n for MCAO= 4, n for MCAO+PA=6).

D. PA treatment increased the catalase activity in the ischemic hemisphere 48 h after the MCAO. The One-Way ANOVA,  $F_{(2/12)}=6.875$ ,  $*P=0.0214$ , (Bonferroni multiple comparison test), values are means $\pm$ s.e.m, n=5. E. PA treatment increased the GSH activity in the ischemic hemisphere 48 h after the MCAO. The One-Way ANOVA,  $F_{(2/17)}=9.232$ ,  $*P=0.0484$ ,  $**P=0.0019$  (Bonferroni multiple comparison test), values are means $\pm$ s.e.m, (n for Sham =6, n for MCAO= 8, n for MCAO+PA=6). F. PA treatment The effect of PA on malondialdehyde (MDA) concentration in the ischemic brain 48 h after the MCAO was insignificant. The One-Way ANOVA,  $F_{(2/12)}=3.981$ ,  $P>0.05$  (Bonferroni multiple comparison tests), values are means $\pm$ s.e.m, (n for Sham =4, n for MCAO= 5, n for MCAO+PA=6).