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The Detection and Prevention of Weight Loss Attributed to COVID-19 Social Restrictions Within Long-Term Care Residents

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The Detection and
Prevention of Weight
Loss Attributed to
COVID-19 Social
Restrictions Within
Long-Term Care
Residents

Capstone Completed by: Grace Gohman, Alexander Lucken & Caitlin Williams

Who We Are

We are a group of senior nursing students dedicated to bettering the health of the geriatric population of Central Minnesota in the midst of the COVID-19 global pandemic.



What We Work Towards



Geriatric Health

Understanding how future nurses can better serve the geriatric population



Impact of COVID-19

Analyzing the full extent of COVID-19 within a long-term-care setting



Quality Improvement

Providing the utmost service for quality improvement of a facility

Long-Term Care & COVID-19 Restrictions

How COVID-19 has presented a new phenomena within the LTC setting





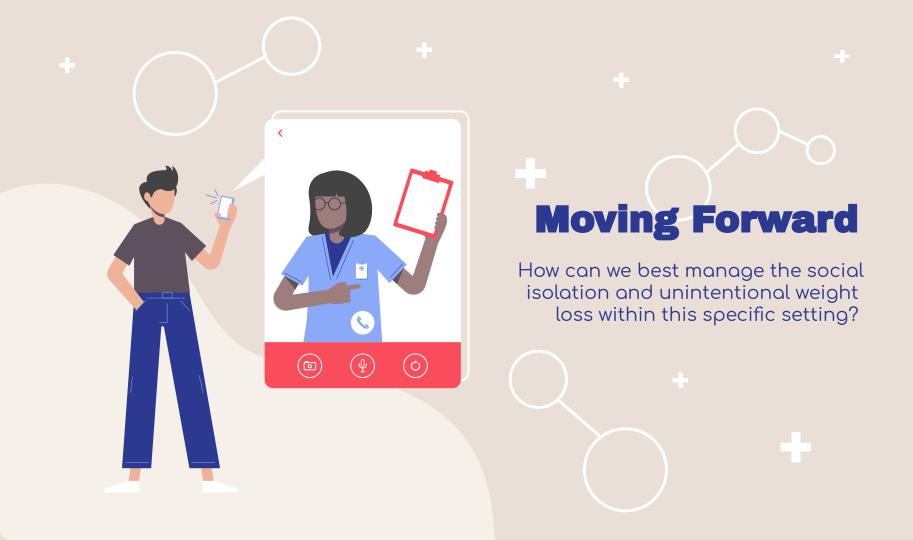
Visualization

Close your eyes, imagine you are a resident living at a long-term care facility. The day is March 13, 2020

Now

A year after COVID-19 restrictions were put into place, LTC residents are still faced with holistic health consequences of these orders.







The Process

Complexity

Understanding the complexity of COVID-19 and its widespread effects

Weighing the options

There are a vast amount we choose?

Feasibility

How can we best of hardships, which would implement an intervention in a short amount of time?

Research

Are there facts that back up our claims?

Method

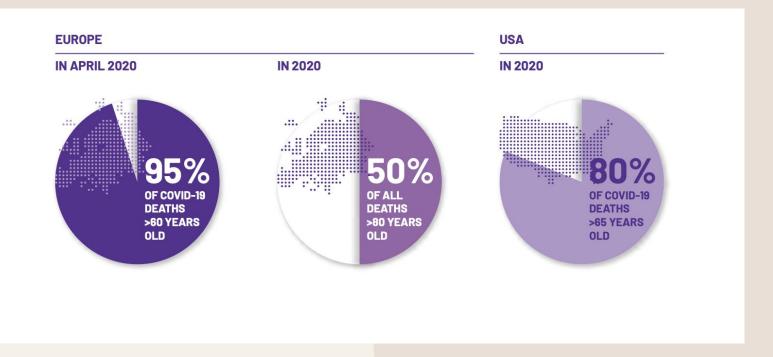
How would we assess and measure the success of our intervention

Result

Utilizing our resources to promote the best end-result

COVID-19's Disproportionate Impact on Older Adults

According to the Global Coalition of Aging, 2020





Immediate Restrictions Implemented Nationwide

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services released LTC facility restrictions effective immediately

- Restricting all visitors & volunteers
- Cancelling all group activities
- Cancelling all communal dining
- Implementing daily active screenings



- Bound room
- Only contact with a fully gowned nurse
 - Social deprivation
- Only means to communicate with loved ones through windows, foreign technology

76% felt lonelier than usual 64% did not leave

did not leave their rooms to socialize





Supporting Arguments



"The rate of death following a COVID-19 infection is 8,200 times higher in adults aged 85 years or older"





"With 43 percent of adults age 60-plus in the U.S. reporting feeling lonely, the rates of social isolation and loneliness were already at the level of "a public health crisis,"

by the AARP



Seniors state eating together, whether at home or outside the home, is a **positive** activity. They experience less loneliness and recognize that they eat more when in the company of other people.

by Journal of Population Ageing

Project Goals

Early Detection &Prevention

- 1. Aiding in the *early* detection of sarcopenia
- 2. Preventing further weight loss in high-risk residents

Education of Staff

- 1. Emphasizing the role staff hold
- 2. Providing feasible interventions





DATA COLLECTION

Monitoring & assessing the negative impact COVID-19 restrictions present to LTC residents

Depression Loneliness Anxiety Weight Loss

PHASE 1

INITIAL TOPIC CHOICE

Socialization



Initial focus on how to better implement socialization methods within the facility

PHASE 2 FOCUS SHIFT

Nutritional Detriments

Importance of Residential Snack Time



PHASE 3BRAINSTORMING

Staff Education

Nutritionist Consult

Weight Charting Importance

Meal Time Data Collection



Timeline of Data

Pre-COVID

Communal dining, activities & visitors allowed

January 2020





June 2020

3 Months In

Specific residents begin to lose weight

9 Months In

The most dramatic decline in resident weight. Why?

December 2020

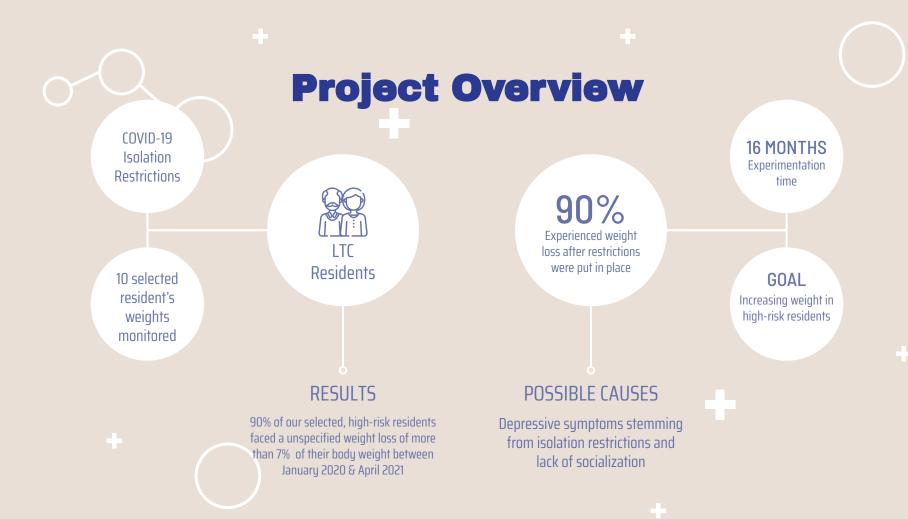




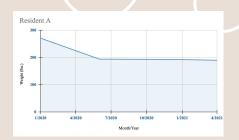
April 2021

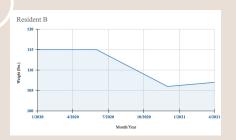
Present Day

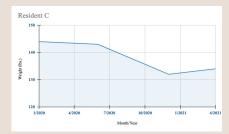
Continuous decline, student interventions implemented

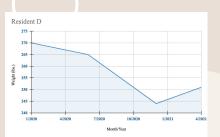


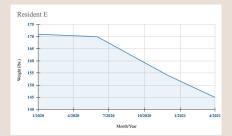
Individual Numerical Data





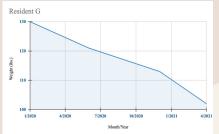


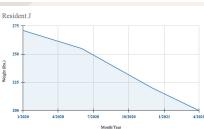


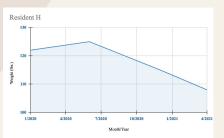




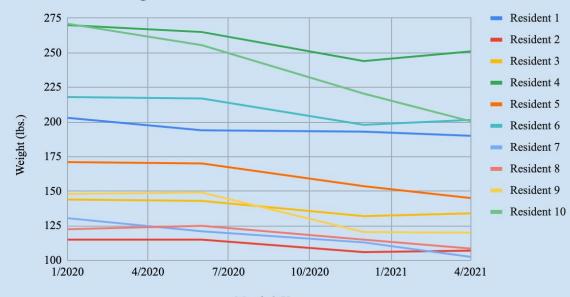








Residential Weight Loss



Month & Year

Grouped Data

Potential Solutions

- Use of essential oils; peppermint, fish oils
- Communal events such as ice cream socials
- Dining room renovation
- Snacks; education and reinforcement







Last Time I Ate:	Last Time I Ate:
Snacks I Enjoy:	Snacks I Enjoy:
Last Time I Ate:	Last Time I Ate:
Snacks I Enjoy:	Snacks I Enjoy:

Resident Rooms

Signage

Snack Carts

Why is the snack basket important?

Healthy snacking stimulates appetite in the residents. Helps to stabilize blood sugars for those that need to maintain a good level and maintains energy levels throughout the day.

Snacks can decrease the residents hunger and keep them from overeating at meal times.

Snacking and choosing the snacks they eat can make eating and nutrition fun for the residents!

Encouraging the use of the dining rooms for meal times is important!

Socialization with other residents and staff members increases appetite and makes meal times more enjoyable. It leads to more regular eating and consumption of higher-quality meals.

Socialization also reduces the level of depression and anxiety caused from isolation and loneliness. This is especially prominent during the past year and the visitor restrictions due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Socialization helps the residents maintain their self-esteem and sense of worth.

In the dining rooms the residents typically gets the food faster and warmer. Plus it's more fun.

Nursing Station

Limitations



Consistency

Weights are not taken weekly

Time

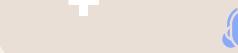
Four-Week time period

Resources

Regulation of staff implementation over time



Conclusion



Staff Readiness

Staff were receptive and excited for the change



Resident Excitement

Residents were eager for change and seemed ready to eat



Commitment to succeed

LTC facility's dedication to resident health



What can you do to help a loved one?

Know the Signs

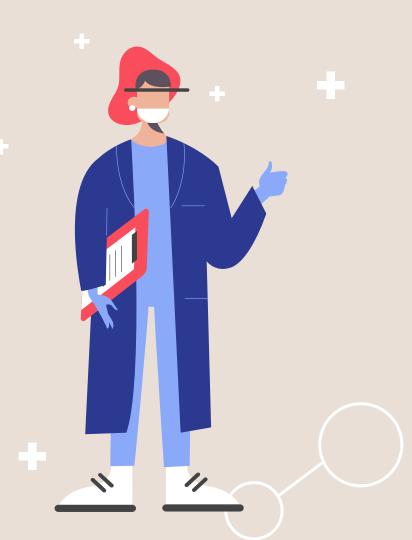
- Loss of interest in socializing or hobbies - isolation
- Fatigue
- Loss of ability to perform activities of daily living
- Worsening of mood and/or cognitive disorders
- Sudden, constipation

What to do

- Reach out & stay connected
- Encourage movement
- Aid in creating scheduled meal times
- Increase flavor & fiber
- Embrace finger foods
- Encourage healthy snacking

Final Takeaway

Continue to offer love and support
to your elderly loved ones
throughout the duration of
COVID-19 and further into the
future



Thank You

Thank you for attending our final CSB/SJU Nursing project!

Please feel free to offer us your questions, comments or feedback!

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