

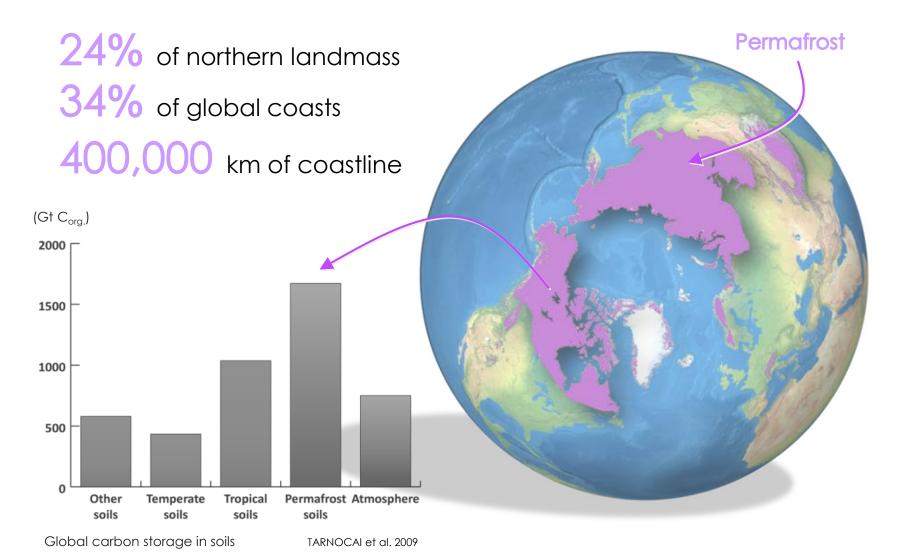
# Permafrost carbon release and degradation at the land-ocean interface

George Tanski, Michael Fritz, Justine Ramage, Christian Knoblauch, Nicole Couture, and Hugues Lantuit













2/3 of the coast are unlithified

Erosion rates up to  $10 \text{ m yr}^{-1}$ 



Permafrost coasts

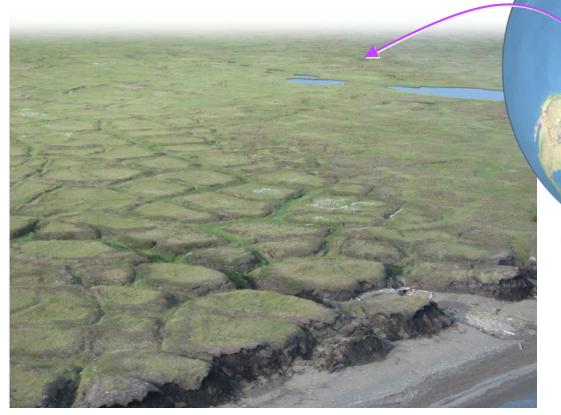
Herschel Island, Yukon Coast, Canada





2/3 of the coast are unlithified

Erosion rates up to  $10 \text{ m yr}^{-1}$ 



Permafrost coasts

Komakuk Beach, Yukon Coast, Canada





2/3 of the coast are unlithified

Erosion rates up to  $10 \text{ m yr}^{-1}$ 





Herschel Island, Yukon, Canada

Photo: J. WOLTER



## Topic I

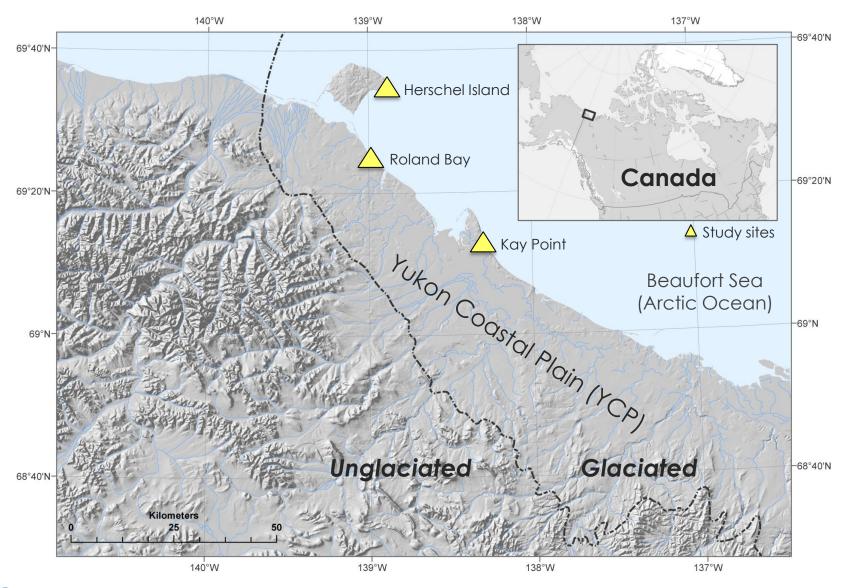


Permafrost coasts release...



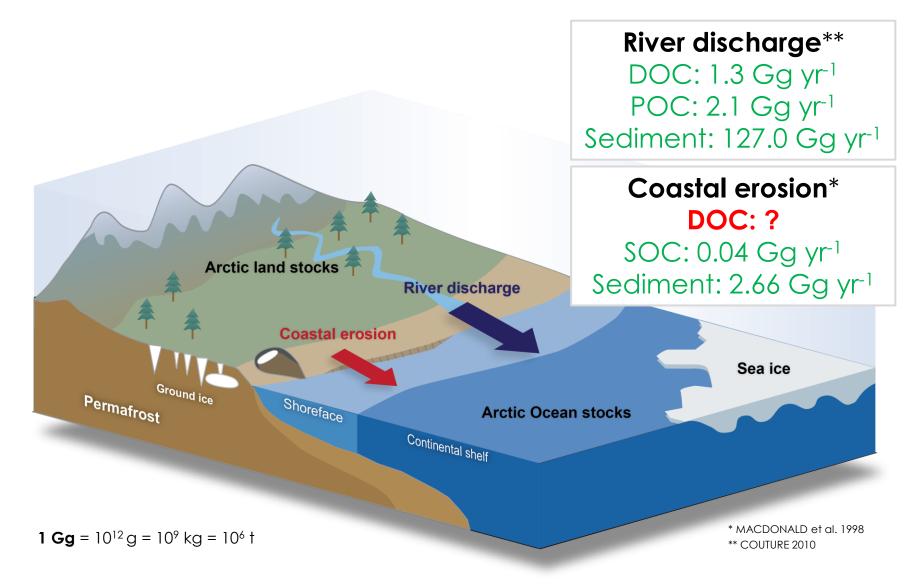








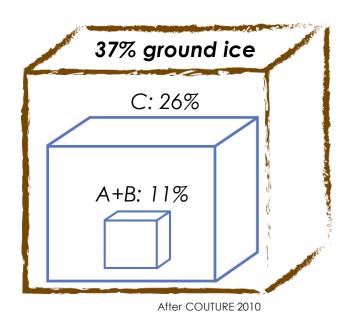






Ground ice content and types along the Yukon Coastal Plain



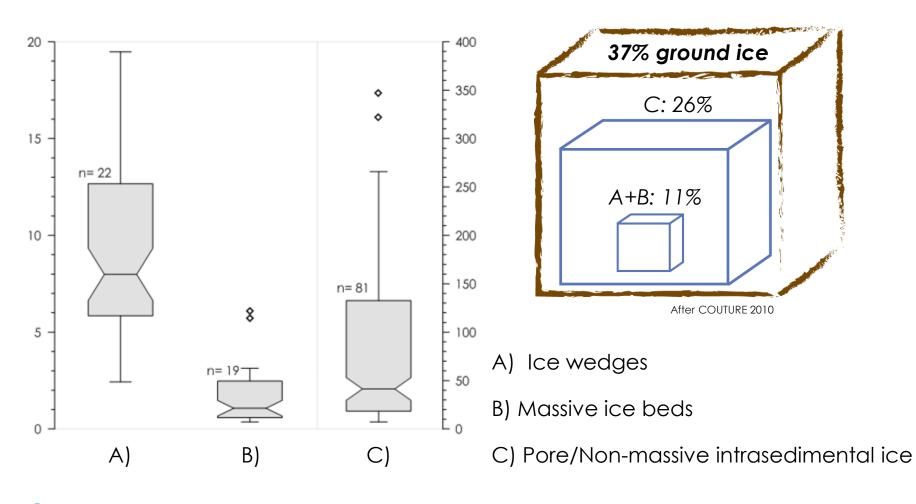


- A) Ice wedges
- B) Massive ice beds
- C) Pore/Non-massive intrasedimental ice





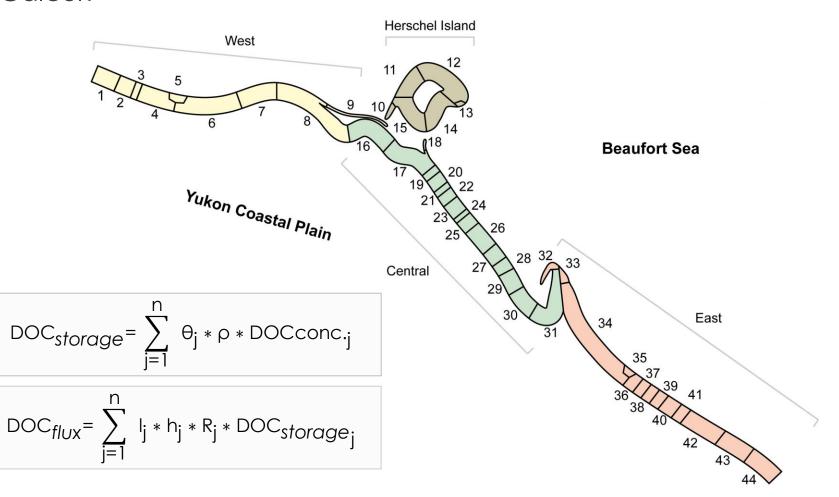
Ground ice content and types along the Yukon Coastal Plain







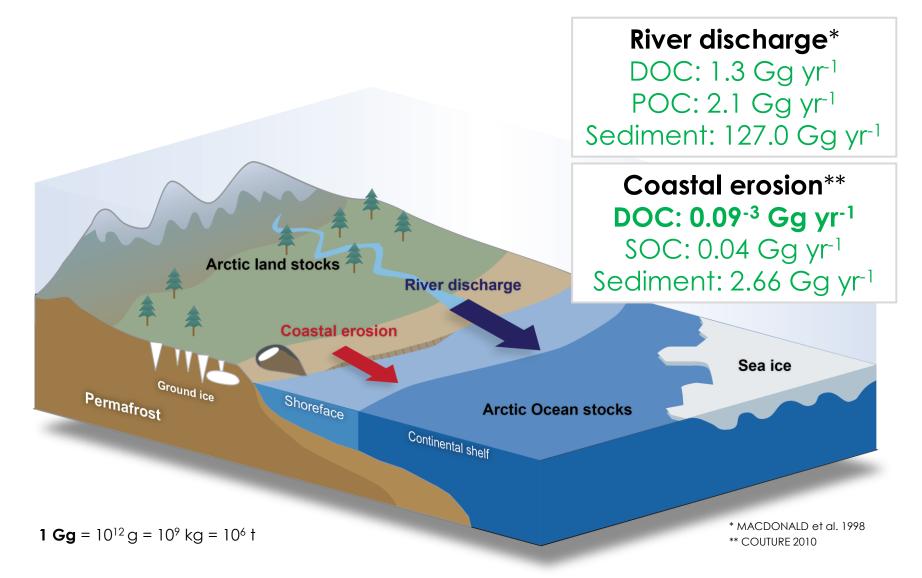
Calculation of DOC flux



Modified, after COUTURE 2010







#### Topic I: Conclusion



- Low dissolved organic carbon fluxes from eroding permafrost coasts
- Western part and Herschel Island are hotspots
- Mostly fluxes from ice thrust moraine ridges and lacustrine deposits
- Mostly as POC → DOC/POC ratio of ~1:1000
- OC input from the Mackenzie dominates the Beaufort Sea
- But: High bioavailabilty of DOC assumed
- Recent studies show high bioavailabilty
  - e.g. VONK et al. 2013  $\rightarrow$  DOC loss > 34.0  $\pm$  0.8% within two weeks
  - e.g. HOOD et al. 2009  $\rightarrow$  45% of DOC<sub>terr.</sub> bioavailable



## Topic II

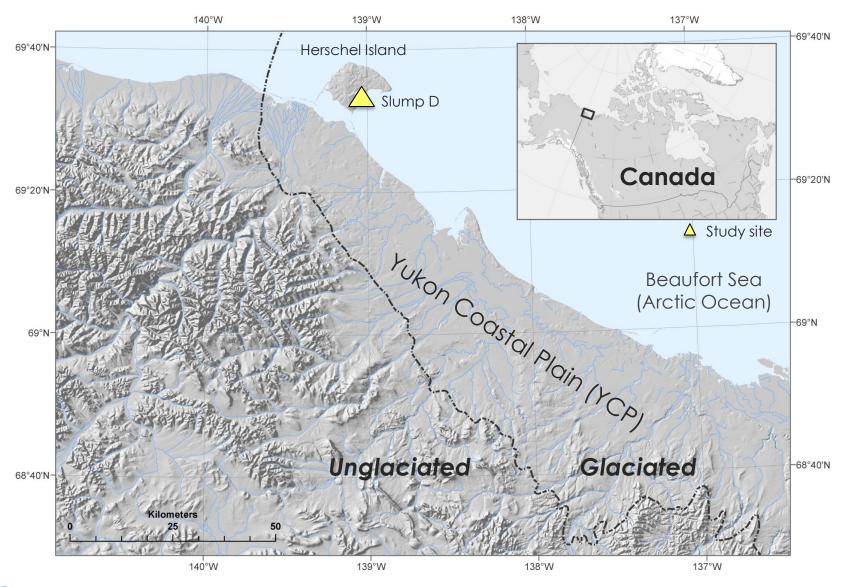


Permafrost coasts release...



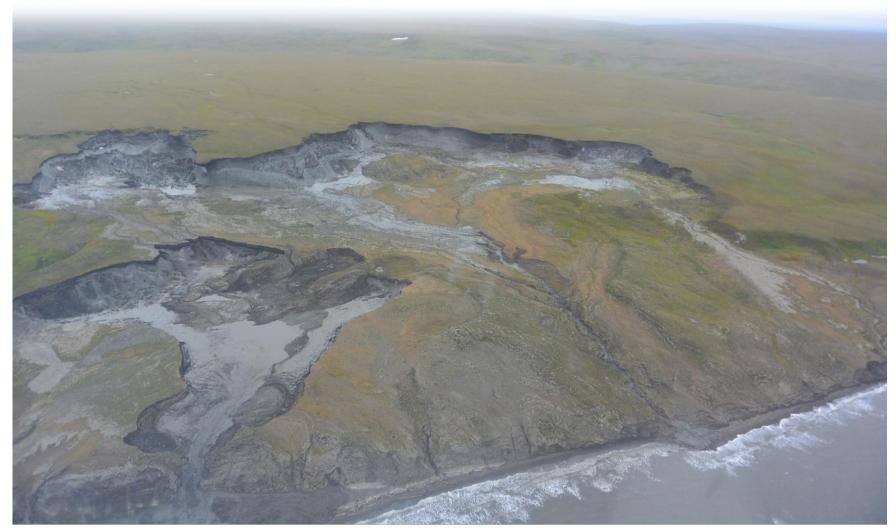








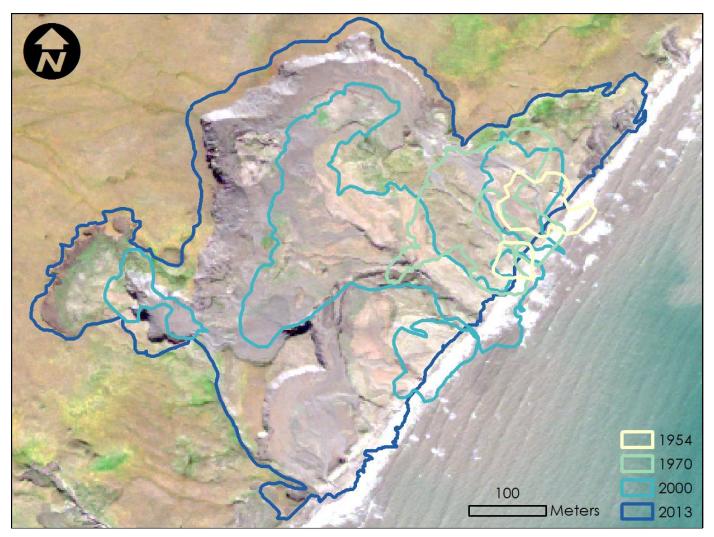




Retrogressive thaw slump: "Slump D"



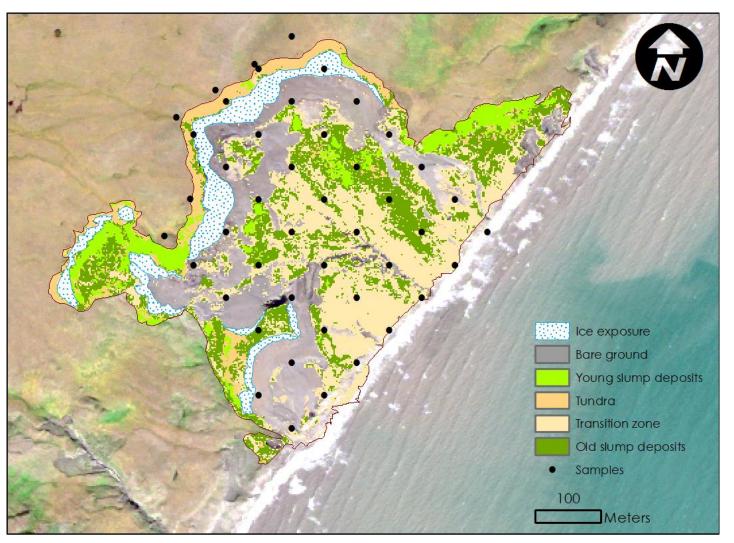




Evolution of "Slump D"



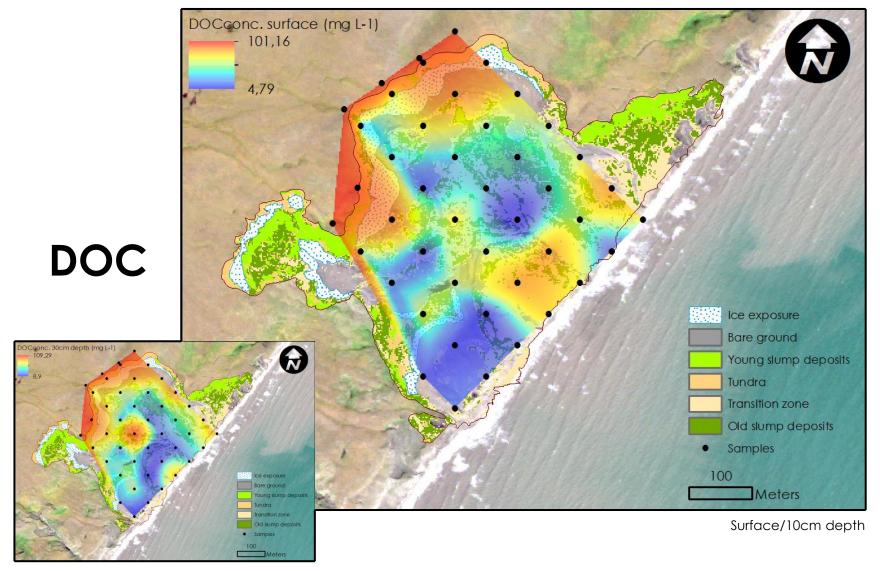




Vegetation classification of "Slump D" based on NDVI





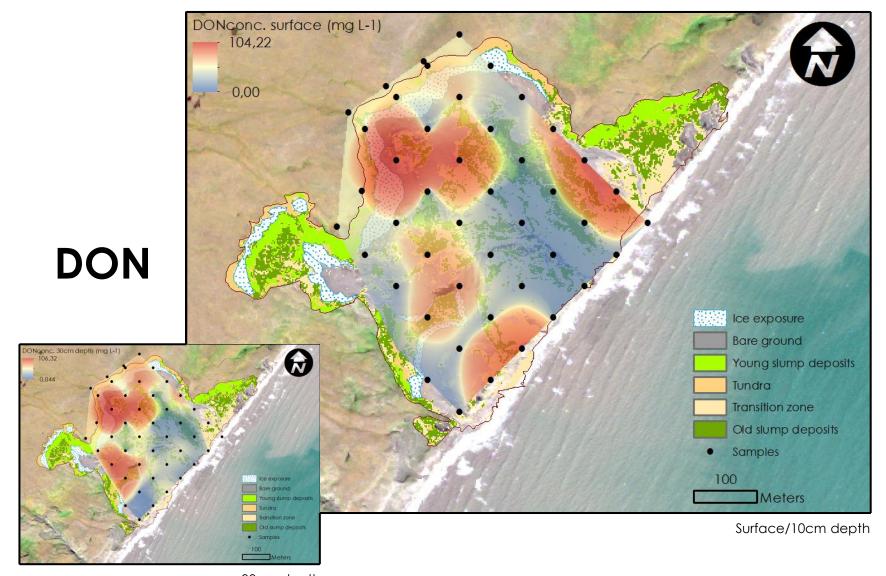




30cm depth

George Tanski

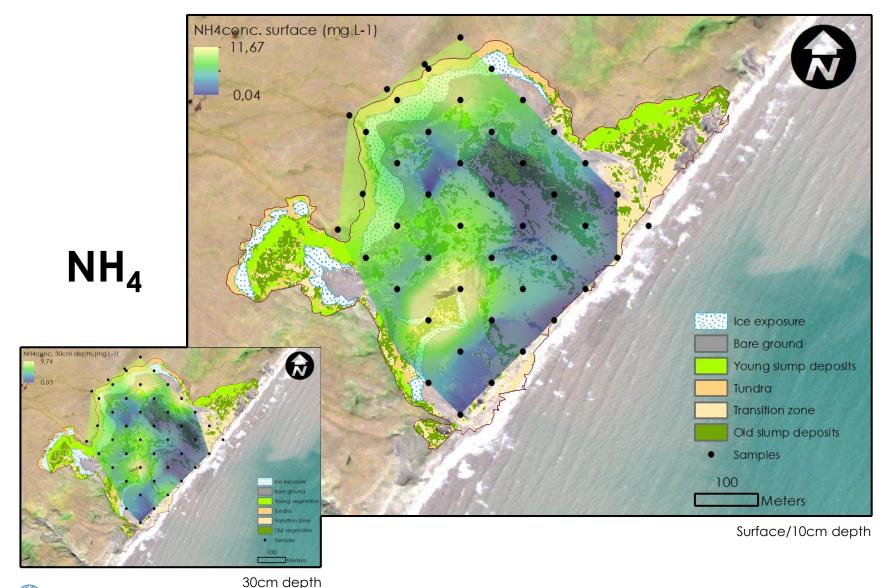






30cm depth







George Tanski

#### Topic II: Conclusion



- DOC conc. gradient from permafrost headwall to slump deposits
  - → Degradation of DOC right after thawing
- High ammonium conc. directly after thawing
  - → Indicator for quick depletion of organic material
- Strong degradtion of organic material at the land-ocean interface



## Outlook and open questions



What are the degradation mechanisms?

What are the degradation patterns of POC?

What happens with permafrost carbon after transport into the ocean?

What are possible impacts on nearshore marine nearshore ecosystem?

How is OC incorporated into local food webs?



#### **PYRN**

- PYRN celebrates its 10<sup>th</sup> anniversary
- Just released its long-term strategy until 2018
- Is seeking to increase the network
- More involvement of east asian partners planned
- @ICOP 2016 big young researcher workshop planned
- ICOP 2016 chance to be part of the new Executive Committee
- You can apply for travel funding!







#### **PYRN**



- Improvement of the network
- Census preparation in progress
- Meet us at the poster session!
- Find us online or on facebook!

