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Thinking Matters Symposium

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## Investigating the Heat Release from a Single-Cylinder Diesel Engine

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# INVESTIGATING THE HEAT RELEASE OF A SINGLE-CYLINDER DIESEL ENGINE

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University of Southern Maine Department of Mechanical Engineering  
EGN 402 Senior Design Project – Fall 2020



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## Abstract:

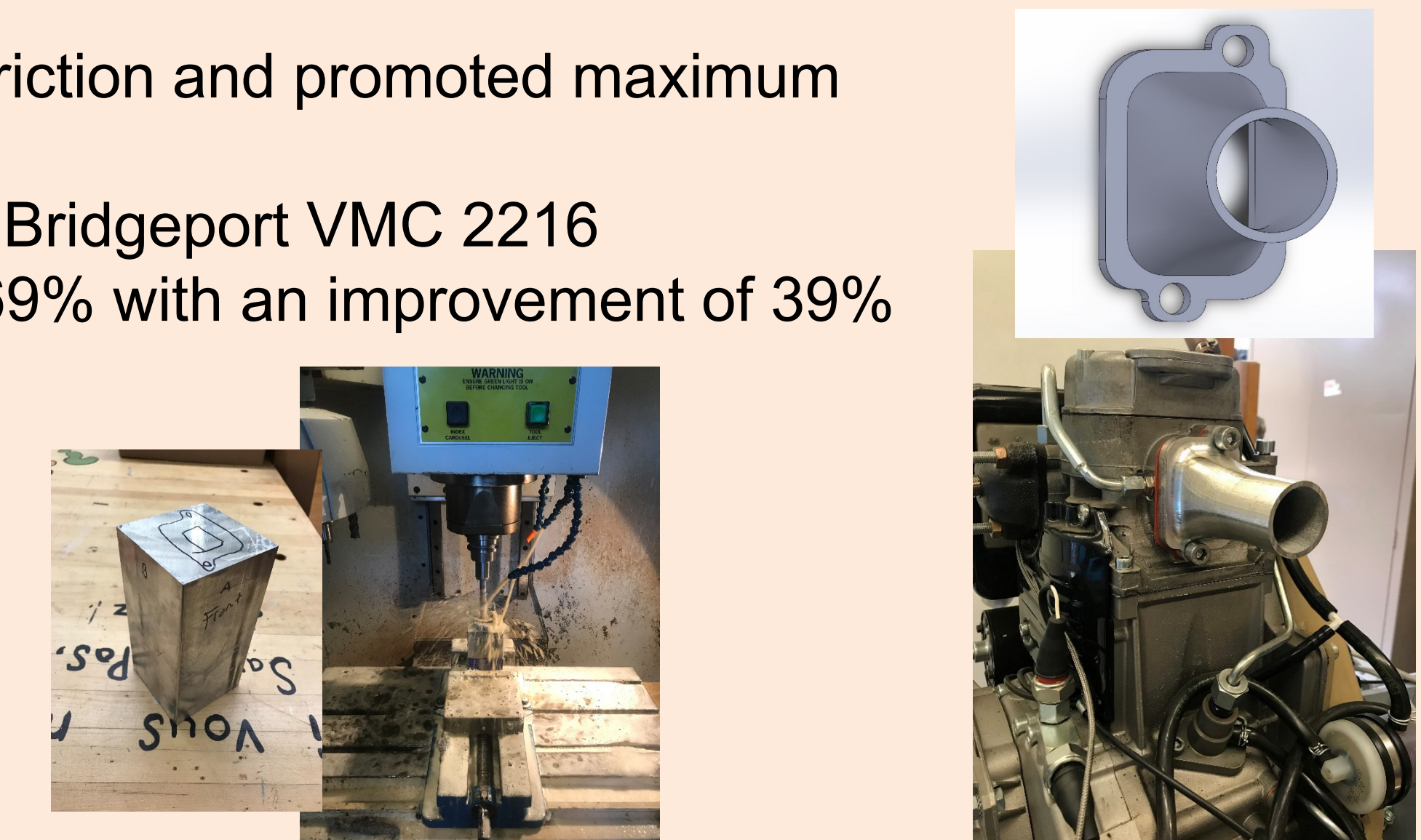
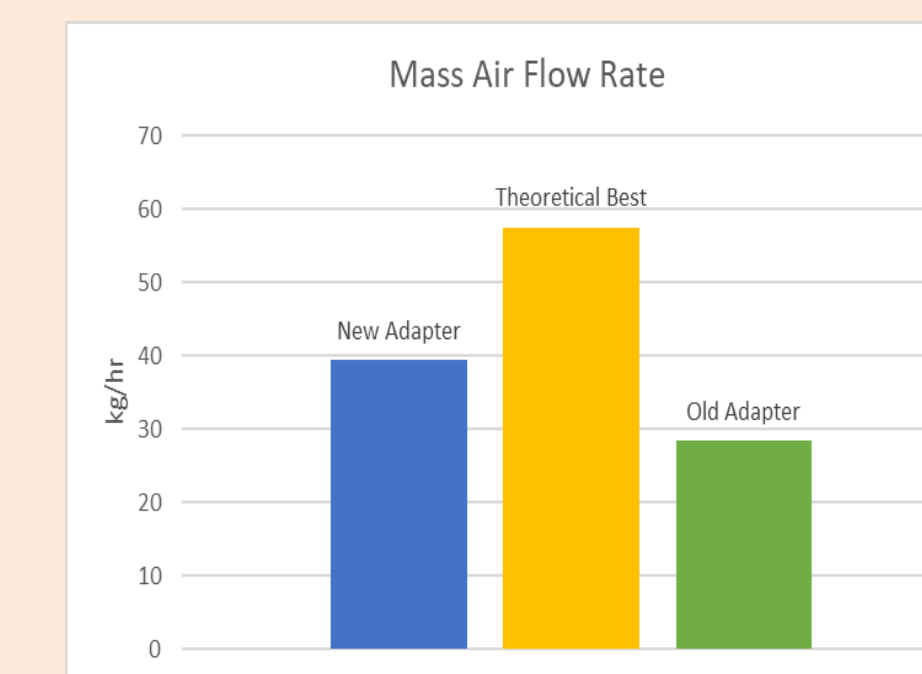
- The Diesel cycle is a process in which combustion occurs due to compression-ignition
- Thermal analysis along with investigation of the heat release of the fuel can be used to draw numerous conclusions about engine and fuel set performance

## Objectives:

- Using the graphical programming software LabVIEW, code was developed to use dynamic measurement processes and filtering techniques in order to calculate these engine parameters with a high-speed data acquisition system
- Volumetric efficiency of the Kohler Diesel Model KD440 was improved through implementation of a newly designed air intake adapter

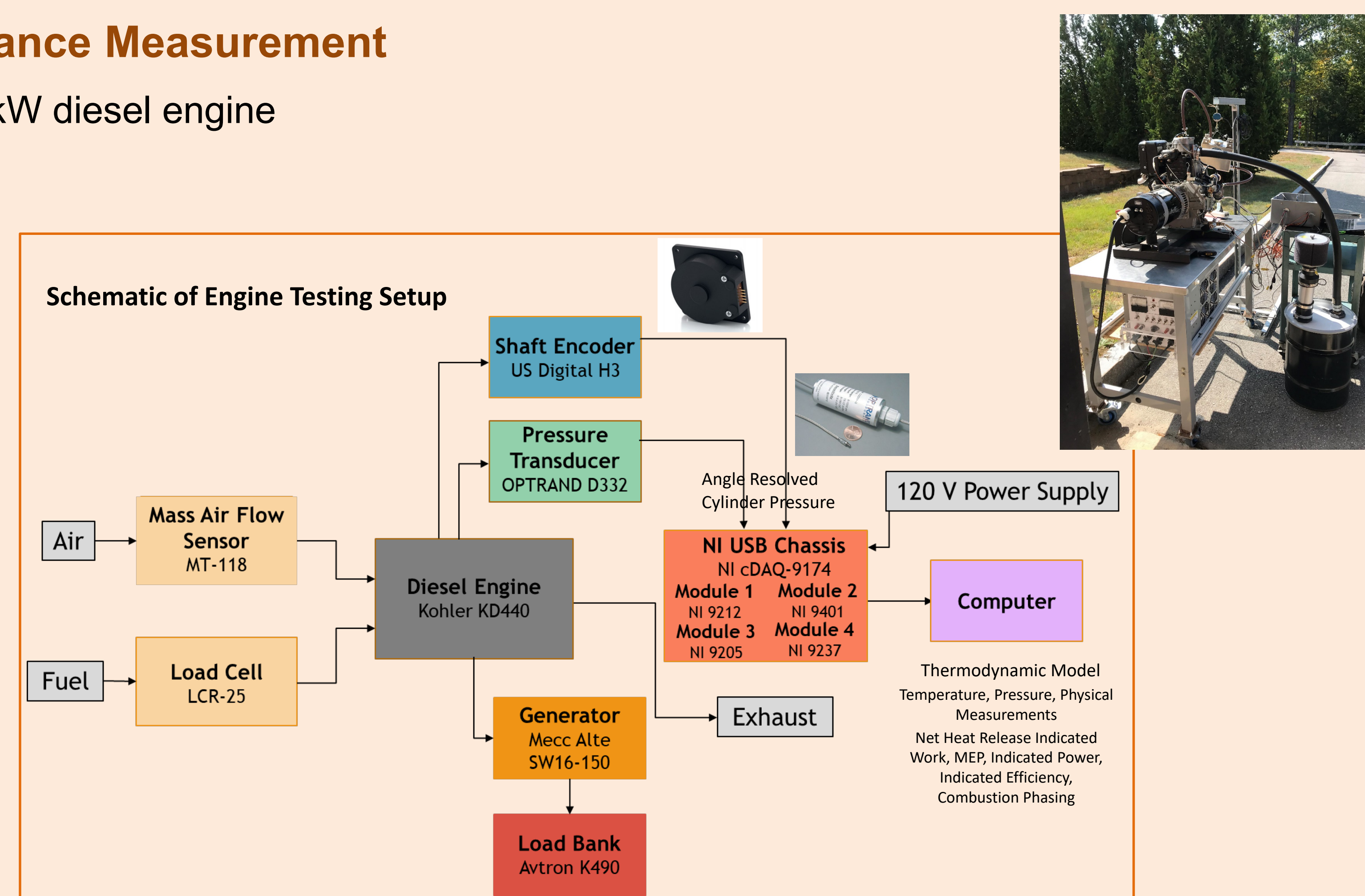
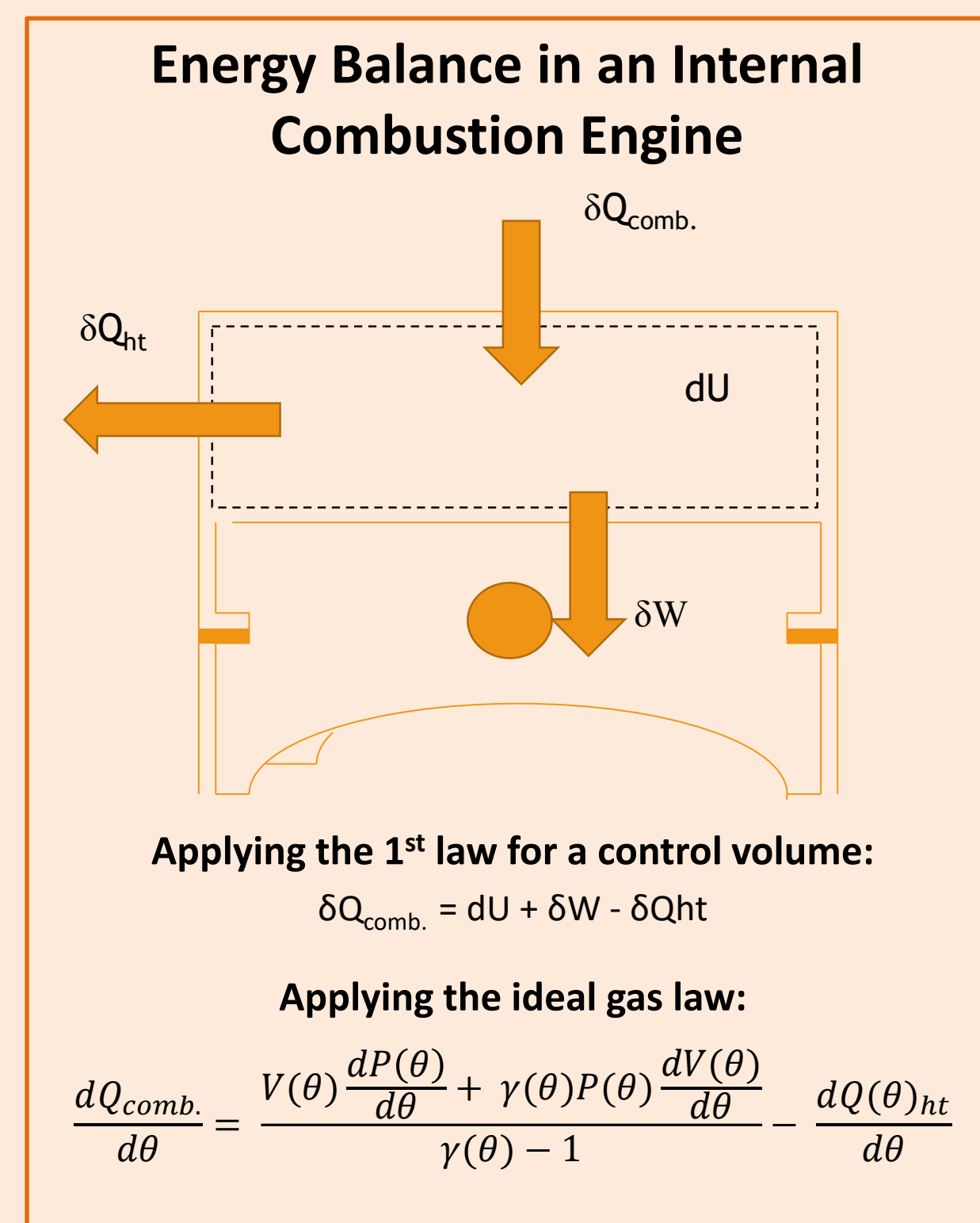
## Intake Adapter

- Objective:** new design minimized air flow restriction and promoted maximum mass air flow
- Machined final design using Al 60-61 and the Bridgeport VMC 2216
- Volumetric efficiency increased from 50% to 69% with an improvement of 39%



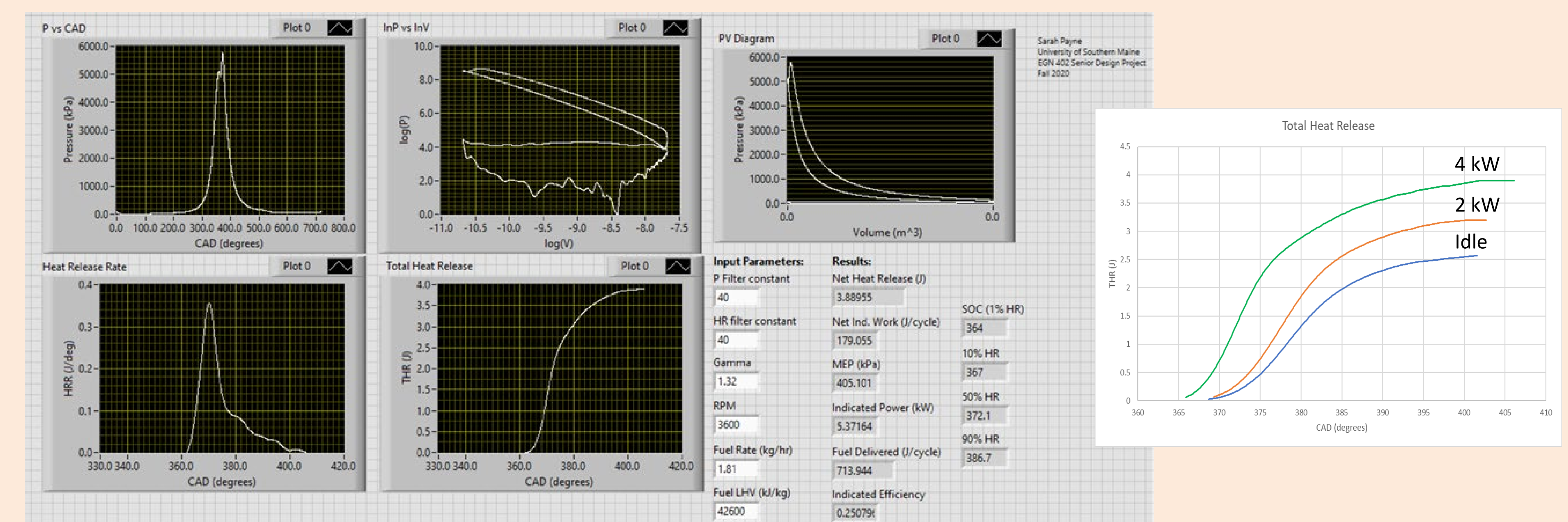
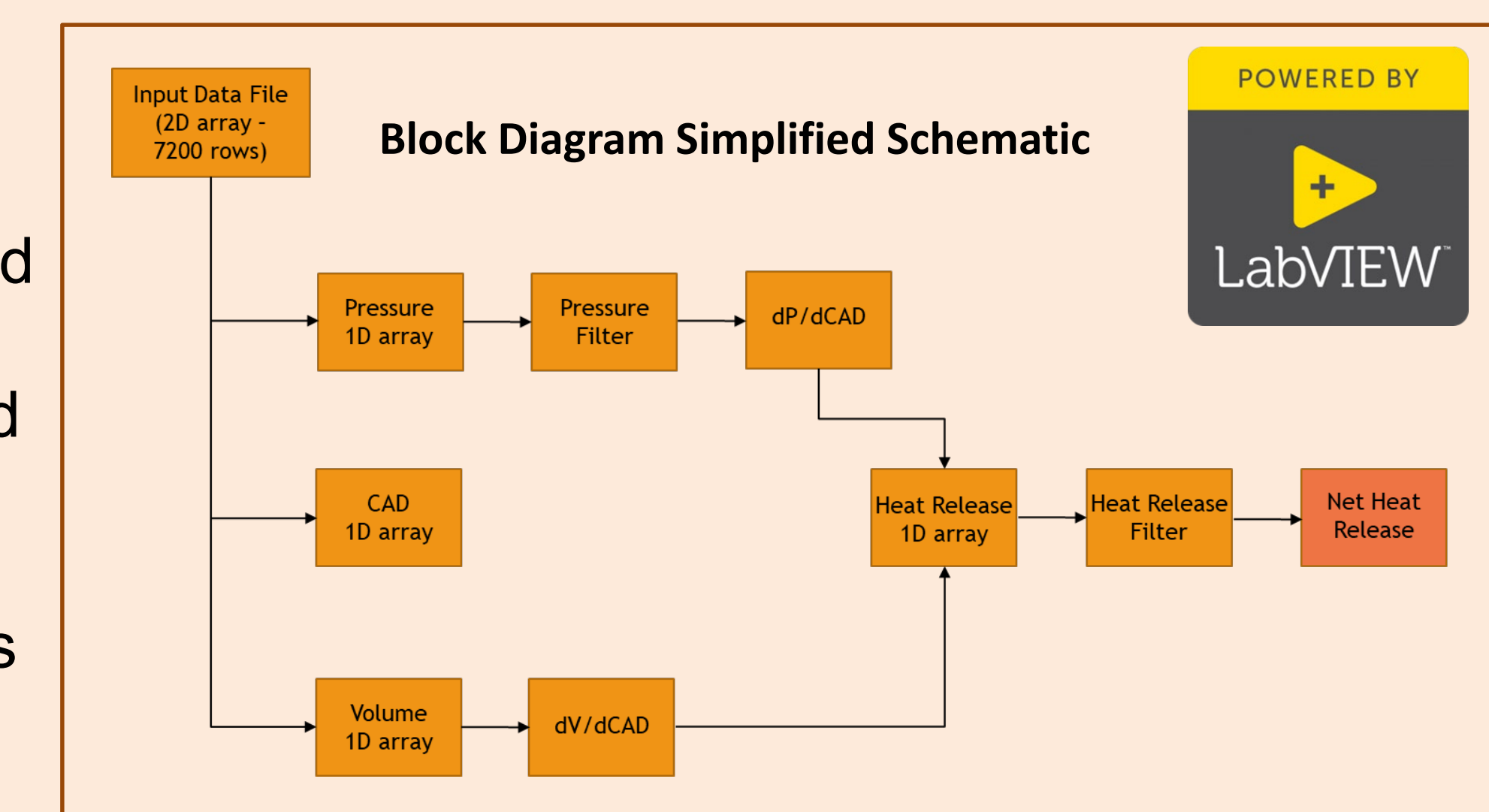
## Methods of Engine Performance Measurement

- Single-cylinder, 3600 RPM, 7.7 kW diesel engine



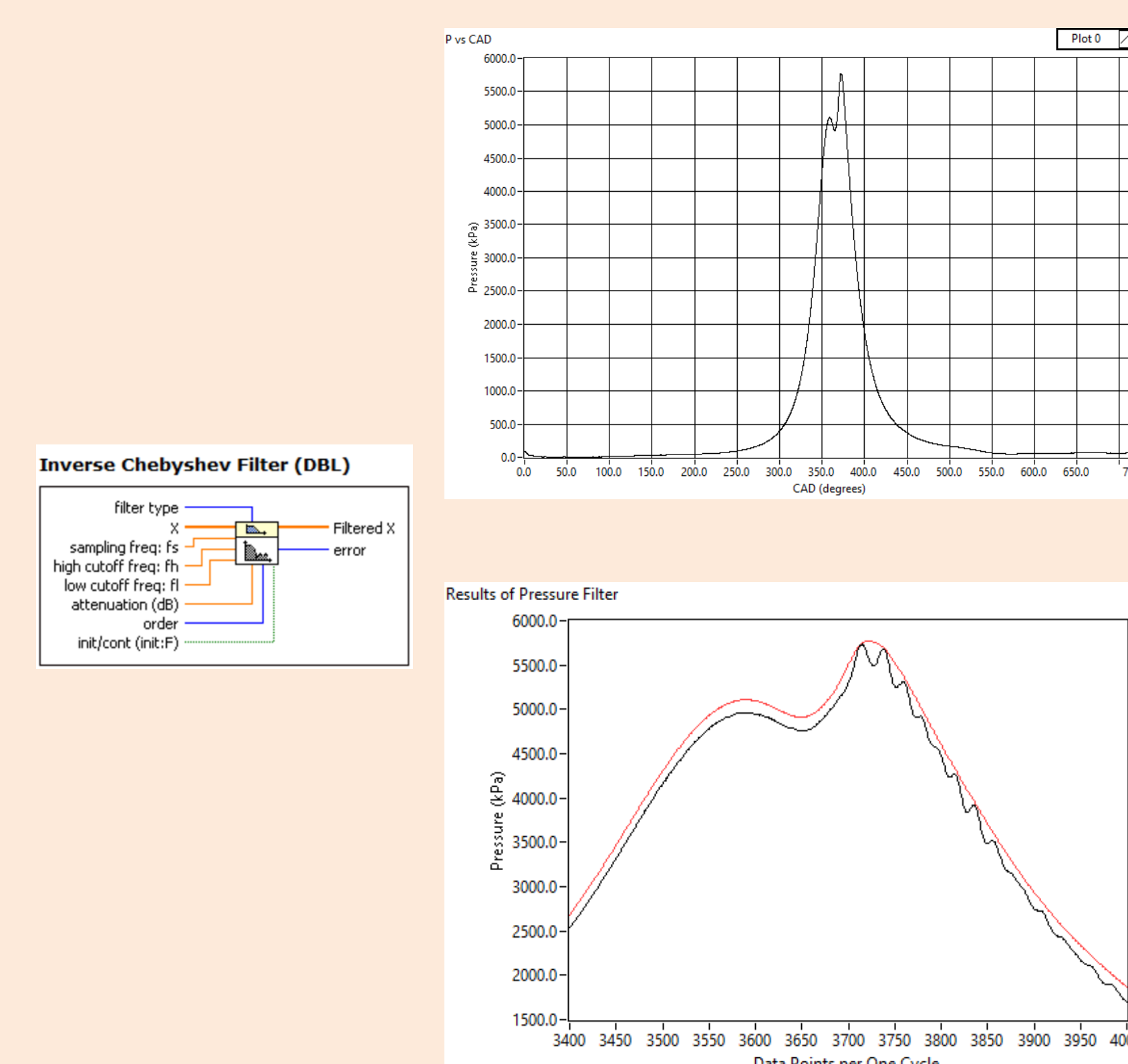
## LabVIEW Program

- Customizable user interface capable of acquiring high rates of analog information and mathematical programming
- Objective:** calculate the heat release rate and net heat release – amount of fuel chemical energy released during combustion
- Final designed program additionally analyzes indicated work, MEP, power, efficiency, and combustion phasing



## Pressure Trace

- Measurement of the instantaneous in-cylinder pressure as a function of the instantaneous crank angle is fundamental in internal engine combustion analysis
- Using engine geometry specifications, the CAD can be converted to in-cylinder volume
- Engine indicating system included:
  - pressure transducer mounted inside the engine cylinder head
  - shaft encoder coupled to the crankshaft
- Inverse Chebyshev filter used to fit the pressure signal and remove noise



## Acknowledgements

The LabVIEW program was developed in partnership with Professor Eaton, the manufacturing process of the engine intake adapter was completed with Mr. Chad Seeley's expertise, and BIW NSV Engineer, Barry Knowles assisted with analyzing the noisy pressure signal.

## References

- S.J. Eaton, *Engine Heat Release Analysis for Heat Release Rate* 2020, 1-3 (Handout).
- S.J. Eaton, *Internal Combustion Engine Cycle Analysis* 2010, 4-5 (Handout).