Priego, E., Havemann, L. & Atenas, J. (2014). Online attention to digital humanities publications .. *



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Ernesto Priego, Centre for Information Science, City University London. Ernesto.Priego.1@city.ac.uk; @ernestopriego Leo Havemann, Birkbeck College, University of London. l.havemann@bbk.ac.uk; @leohavemann Javiera Atenas, University College London. j.atenas@ucl.ac.uk; @jatenas

Interested in the role of "alternative" article-level metrics (Priem et al 2011; Priego 2012; Adie et al 2013; Alperin 2014) as tools for discovering uptake of **Open Access** and other publication patterns amongst digital humanists and online **attention** to publications in the Digital Humanities, we used the Altmetric Explorer to search and collect published outputs with "digital humanities" in their title and metadata. We obtained a dataset that after manual refining contained 62 outputs with unique identifiers.

The dataset contained 62 outputs whose main authors or PIs were from 15 different countries.

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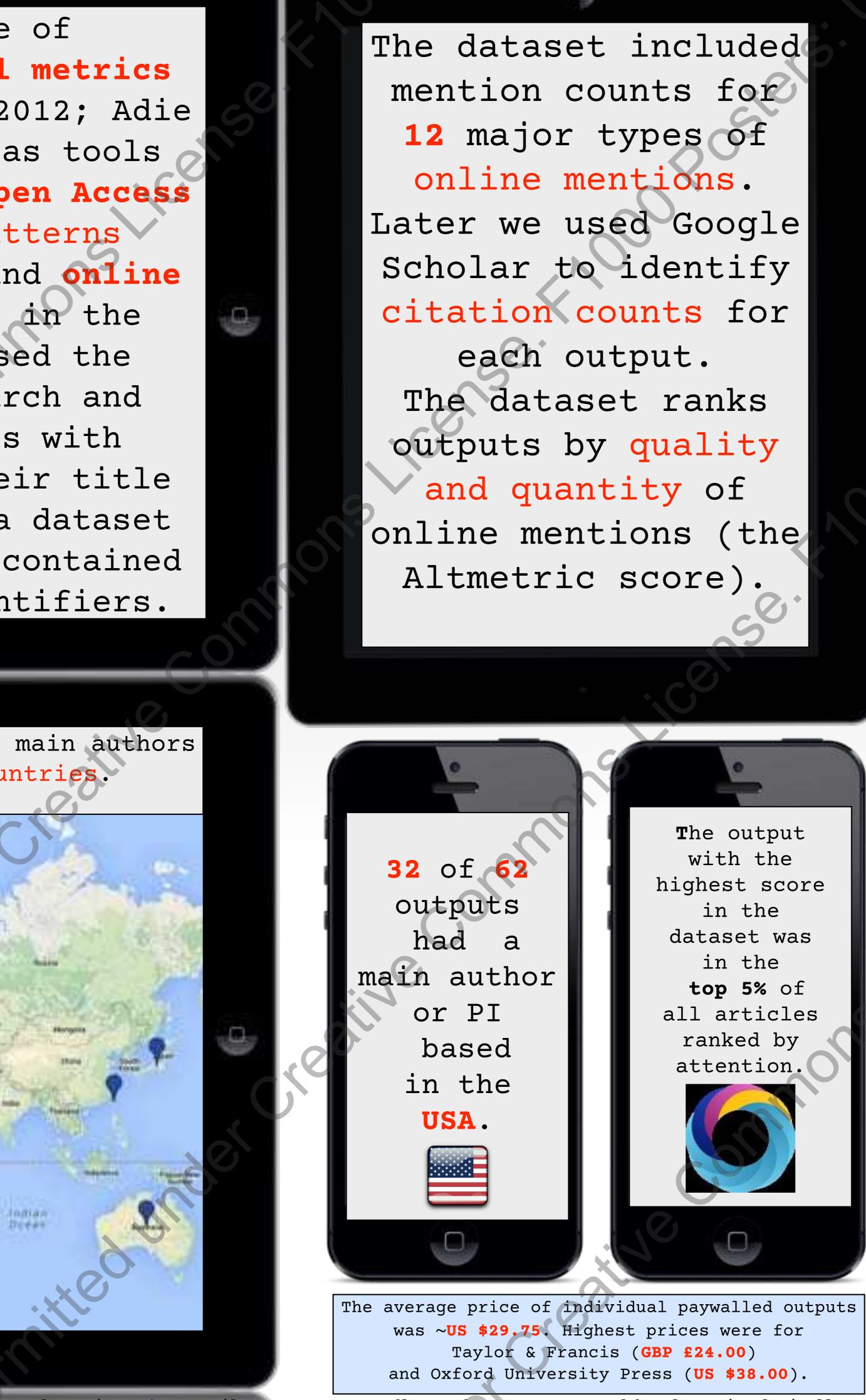
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ording to data obtained with the Altmetric Explorer (available at www.altmetric.com) on April 23 2014. Data reflects the sources curated by Altmetric; logically publications not tracked by Altmetric will not have appeared in results. Jon-paywalled" refers to full version outputs in the dataset available via open access" articles published in otherwise paywalled journals. er presented at the Digital Humanities 2014 conference, 10 July 2014, Amphipôle Building, UNIL, Lausanne, Switzerland. For source data and more information go to: http://dx.doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.1094359





The 3 most-mentioned papers were not paywalled (but not strictly Open Access in all cases**). The paper with the highest number of mentions was a grey literature output deposited on SSRN. There were no outputs published in fully-Open Access Journals (CC-BY). The most open license for a published article (not preprint) in the dataset was CC-BY-NC-ND (1 article).

Though the 3 most-tweeted publications were non-(paywalled, the dataset as a group did not show consistent correlations between access type and online attention (including Twitter and Mendeley).

Paywalled (toll-access)



Non-paywalled

Number of outputs in dataset by access type

"Free"***

We suggest altmetrics services like the Altmetric Explorer can be an efficient method to obtain bibliographic datasets and track scholarly outputs being mentioned online in the sources curated by these services. Our dataset reflects that outputs with "digital humanities" in their metadata were not published in fully-fledged Open Access journals. The role of SSRN and **arXiv** as Open Access **repositories** was found to be relatively significant, but the licensing of the outputs available through them was **not** always immediately **clearly displayed**. Our working definition of "Open Access" requires outputs to be open for human and machine access through CC-BY or at least CC-BY-SA. The **absence** of **clear licensing information** at output level is perceived to be problematic, as is the lack of any outputs clearly and visibly licensed with CC-BY. The fact the 3 mostmentioned outputs in the dataset were available without a **paywall** might signal towards the potential of **Open Access** for greater **public impact.** 'Free access' outputs in paywalled journals did **not** reflect **higher** mentions nor citations than their paywalled or non-paywalled counterparts. Though the dataset reflects a predictable **dominance** of authors based in the **USA**, the dataset points towards a growing presence of international digital humanities researchers.

Priego, Ernesto; Havemann, Leo; Atenas, Javiera (2014): Online Attention to Digital Humanities Publications (#DH2014 poster). figshare. http://dx.doi.org/10.608m9.figshare.1094345

