Contents

- 1. General Information
- 2. Preparing starting materials and key intermediates
- 3. Mechanistic study
- 4. The effect of halogen sources
- 5. X-Ray crystal structure and data
- 6. ¹H, ¹³C NMR and HPLC Spectra

1. General Information

Glassware was oven-dried at 120 °C for all non-aqueous reactions. All reagents and solvents were commercial grade and purified prior to use when necessary. Acetonitrile (CH₃CN), toluene, and tetrahydrofuran (THF) were dried by passage through a column of activated alumina. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using E. Merck Silica gel 60 F254 pre-coated plates. Column chromatography was performed using 40-50 µm Silica Gel 60N (Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz) and ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz) spectra were recorded on an Agilent 400MR spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in (ppm) down field from tetramethylsilane with reference to solvent signals [¹H NMR: CHCl₃ (7.26), ⁶d-DMSO (2.50); ¹³C NMR: CDCl₃ (77.16), ⁶d-DMSO (40.00)]. Signal patterns are indicated as s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet; br, broad peak, coupling constant (Hz), integration and assignment. Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded on a PERKIN ELMER Spectrum BX FT-IR System spectrometer. High resolution mass spectra were measured on Themo Fisher Scientific Orbitrap Discovery (ESI LTQ Orbitrap).

2. Preparing starting materials or key intermediates



Scheme S-1. Synthesis of α-iodonitroalkane 4a

4a: Under Ar, nitroalkane (*R*)-**1**(532 mg, 2.0mmol) was dissolved in THF (10 mL). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 \C and KOBu^t (224 mg, 2 mmol) was added. After 30 min, a white precipitation formed and cooling to -30 \C , I₂ (538 mg, 2.0 mmol) was added in one-portion. After a further 30 min, the reaction was quenched with *sat*. NH₄Cl solution (20 mmol) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give crude **4a**, which was columned via silica gel chromatography (Hex/EA = 5/1) to give pure **4a** (470mg, 60%) as a white solid (stored at low temperature without light).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 1:1.67 mixture of diastereomers): δ 1.45, 1.47 (s, 9H), 5.23-5.33, 5.97(m, 2.0H), 6.59-6.61 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.41 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz, 1:1.67 mixture of diastereomers): δ 28.15, 28.20, 58.07,
81.01, 81.61, 85.20, 126.78, 126.97, 128.50, 129.01, 129.09, 129.13, 129.24, 129.54,
134.69, 135.25, 154.47, 154.74.

IR (neat): 3375, 1682, 1552, 1519, 1171 cm⁻¹.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for C₁₃H₁₇IN₂NaO₄ (M+Na)⁺415.0125; found: 415.0133.



Scheme S-2. Synthesis of α-Bromo nitroalkane 4b

4b:^[7] Under Ar, the nitroalkane **1** (532 mg, 2 mmol) was dissolved in KOH solution [116 mg KOH in H₂O (6 mL) + MeOH(2 mL)] until the white solid disappeared. The resulting solution was cooled until it started to freeze and then bromine (324 mg, mmol) in 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂ (pre-cooled to -78 °C) was added, all at once, with vigorous stirring. After about 1 min, the layers are separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined methylene chloride solutions were washed with 10 mL of H₂O and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was removed to give crude **4b**; further purification by silica gel chromatography (Hex/EA = 5/1) gave pure **4b** (552 mg, 80 %) as a white solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 1:1.4 mixture of diastereomers): δ 1.43, 1.44(s, 9H,), 5.41-5.43 (m, 1H), 5.64-5.74 (m, 1H), 6.30 (s, 1H), 7.24-7.41 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz, 1:1.4mixture of diastereomers): δ 28.15, 28.20, 58.07, 81.03, 81.62, 85.23, 126.76, 126.95, 129.09, 129.13, 129.25, 134.68, 135.22, 154.72.
IR (neat): 3356, 1691, 1566, 1517, 1367, 1166, 699.

HRMS (ESI)*m*/*z* calcd. for C₁₃H₁₇BrN₂NaO₄ (M+Na)⁺ 367.0264; found: 367.0273.



Scheme S-3. Synthesis of di-chloro nitroalkane 6a

6a: Nitroalkane **1** (1 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (5 mL) in a two necked flask. The flask was degassed using freeze-pump-thaw techniques and backfilled with nitrogen (3 cycles). Next, KOH (1.5 eq.) was added in one portion at R.T. and the reaction stirred for 10 min. NCS (2.2 eq.) was added in one portion and stirring continued for 10 min. The mixture was then quenched with *sat.* NH₄Cl (30 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (25×2mL). The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (ethyl acetate / hexane = 1 / 5) to give **6a** (white solid, yield = 81 %) ¹**H** NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃): δ 1.43 (s, 9H), 5.60 (br s, 1H), 5.96 (br d, *J* = 9.2 Hz,

1H), 7.37-7.44 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 28.25, 63.88, 81.59, 116.08, 128.78, 128.96, 129.79, 133.25, 154.11.

HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆Cl₂N₂NaO₄ (M+Na)⁺ 357.0385, 359. 0355; found: 357.0379, 359.0348.



Scheme S-4A. Synthesis of di-halo nitroalkane 6

Procedure: Bromo nitroalkane **4b** (1 mmol) *or* chloro nitroalkane **4c** (1 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (5 mL) in a two necked flask; the flask was degassed using freeze-pump-thaw techniques and backfilled with nitrogen (3 cycles). Next, KOH (1.5

eq.) was added in one portion at 0 °C and the reaction stirred for 5 min. After cooling to -30 °C bath for 5-10 min, NIS or NBS (1.1 eq.) was added in one portion. Warming to 0 °C (over 5 min) produced some precipitate. The mixture was then quenched with *sat.* NH₄Cl (30 mL) and stirred rapidly until a lot of white solid was generated before extraction with CH₂Cl₂ (25×2mL, pre-cooled to -30 °C). The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ at -30 °C (over a MeOH cooling bath), quickly filtered and the soltion concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (ethyl acetate/hexane = 1/5, pre-cooled to -30 °C for bromo / chloro iodo nitroalkane) to obtain relatively pure compound **6**. Further purification via recrystallizion (CH₂Cl₂ + Hexane) in refrigerator (-30 °C) gave pure compounds **6**.



White solid, yield= 75 %.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 1:1.9 *syn/anti* mixture of diastereomers): δ 1.41, 1.45 (s, 9H), 5.64-5.71 (m, 1 H), 5.98-6.00 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.47 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 28.23, 28.28, 64.38, 81.46, 104.46, 105.46, 128.65,

128.76, 128.96, 129.17, 129.69, 129.72, 133.11, 133.66, 153.93, 154.22.

HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆BrClN₂NaO₄ (M+Na)⁺ 400.9880, 402.9859; found: 400.9887, 402.9863.

NHBoc Cl NO₂ 6c Vallow s

Yellow solid, yield= 60 %.

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl**₃, 1:2.25 *syn/anti* mixture of diastereomers): δ 1.42, 1.49 (s, 9H), 5.58, (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 0.78H), 5.80 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 0.34H), 5.91 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 0.31H), 6.06 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 0.56H), 7.27-7.46 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 28.33, 28.42, 65.69, 75.95, 81.47, 128.68, 128.84,

128.97, 129.38, 129.61, 129.65, 132.36, 154.31.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆ClIN₂NaO₄ (M+Na)⁺ 448.9741; found: 448.9737.



^{6d} White solid, yield= 70 %.

¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃): δ 1.44 (s, 9H), 5.6 (br s, 1H), 5.97 (br d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H),

7.35-7.45 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 28.31, 64.71, 81.48, 94.54, 128.65, 129.16, 129.69,

133.77, 154.03.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆Br₂N₂NaO₄ (M+Na)⁺ 446.9354, 444.9375, 448.9334;

found: 446.9349, 444.9370, 448.9326.



^{6e} Yellow solid, yield= 60 %

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 1:1.45 *syn/anti* mixture of diastereomers): δ 1.43, 1.48 (s,

9H), 7.31-7.48 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 28.19, 28.26, 64.90, 65.61, 65.91, 77.21, 81.27,

128.45, 128.56, 128.87, 129.25, 129.42, 129.55, 133.07, 153.68, 154.04.

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆BrIN₂O₄ (M+Na)⁺ 492.9236, 494.9215; found: 492.9232, 494.9211.



Scheme S-4B. Synthesis of di-iodo nitroalkane 6f

6f: Iodo nitroalkane (1 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (5 mL) in a two-necked flask. The solution was degassed using freeze-pump-thaw techniques and backfilled with nitrogen (3 cycles). Next, KOH (1.5 eq.) was added in one portion at -30 °C and the reaction stirred for 10 min, at the same temperature, before NIS (1.5 eq.) was added and stirred continued for 3 min. The mixture was then quenched with *sat*. NH₄Cl (30 mL, pre-cooled to 0 °C) and quickly stirred until copious amounts of white (sticky) solid was generated. The aqueous was then extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (25×2mL, pre-cooled to -30 °C). The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ (over a -30 °C MeOH bath), quickly filtrated and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified via recrystallization (CH₂Cl₂ + Hexane) in refrigerator (-30 °C) to obtain relatively pure compound **6f** (yellow stickly solid, yield = 50 %)

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)**: δ 1.45 (s,9H), 5.589 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.733 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.44 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 28.38, 61.19, 66.54, 81.40, 128.64, 129.13, 129.51, 131.10, 153.97.

$$BnO - NO_{2} \xrightarrow{K_{2}CO_{3} (1 \text{ eq.})}_{MeOH (0.5 \text{ M})} \left[BnO - (1 \text{ eq.}) \\ O_{\ominus} \\ O_{O} \\ O_$$

Scheme S-5. Synthesis of iodonitroalkane X

General procedure: Nitroalkane^[13] (1.105g, 5 mmol) was dissolved in10 mL MeOH, then K_2CO_3 (1.035 g, 7.5 mmol) was added to stirred at R.T. for 10 min, then filter solid to collect solution. Cooling the solution to -30 , and added I₂ (1.27g, 5 mmol), slowly warm to 0, untile the solution become darken, then pour the reaction mixture to 100 mL water, and extract by CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, the solvent removed *in vacuo* and the crude product purified by silica gel chromatography to give the pure X (a *ca.* 1:1 mixture of diastereomers)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.53-0.58 (m, 0.5 H), 0.81-0.85 (m, 0.5 H), 1.04-1.09 (m, 0.5 H), 1.14-1.19 (m, 0.5 H), 2.11-2.22 (m, 1H), 3.39 (dd, *J* = 3.6, 10.8 Hz, 0.5 H), 3.55 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 11.2 Hz, 0.5 H), 3.66 (dd, *J* = 4.0, 10.4 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.17-4.57 (m, 2H), 6.08 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 6.08-6.12 (m, 1H), 6.98-7.38 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 11.09, 12.52, 18.44, 24.31, 24.51, 24.76, 52.23, 52.30, 66.07, 67.60, 73.15, 73.24, 127.83, 127.85, 127.88, 127.92, 128.46, 128.54, 137.50.
HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd. for C₁₂H₁₄INNaO₃ (M+Na)⁺ 369.9911; found: 369.9901.



Scheme S-6. Di-halo nitroalkane react with allylamine

General procedure: To a two necked flask, nitroalkane (0.1 mmol) in 1.0 mL of CH₃CN, the solutions were first degassed (freeze-pump-thaw cycles), not using oxygen were performed under an argon atmosphere (balloon), whereas using oxygen were performed under an oxygen atmosphere (balloon). Then cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C, allylamine (0.15 mmol) and base (0.15 mmol) were added by one-portion. After reaction finished , CHCl₃ was added to the reaction and the precipitate filtered through a short silica gel column. The crude product purified by silica gel chromatography (Hexane/Ethyl acetate = 3/1) to give the pure amide product.

(±)-tert-butyl 4-(allylamino)-4-oxo-3-phenylbutanoate(4)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.40 (s, 9H), 3.83-3.86 (m, 2H), 4.98-5.06 (m, 2H), 5.16 (br s, 1H), 5.69-5.79 (m, 1H), 5.84 (br s, 1H), 5.92 (br s, 1H), 7.30-7.35 (m, 5H).
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 28.43, 42.06, 58.62, 80.19, 116.44, 127.31, 128.45, 129.11, 133.72, 138.60, 155.34, 170.18.

IR (neat): 3312, 2976, 1700, 1654, 1522, 1497, 1364, 1249, 1169, 697.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd. for C₂₇H₃₄N₂NaO₆ (M+Na)⁺ 313.1523; found:313.1555.

3. Mechanistic study

3.1 α-iodonitroalkane formation



Scheme S-7A. Formation of α -iodo nitroalkane 4a using pre-generated anion.

In order to show the NIS-amine complex **15** to be a source of electrophilic iodine, the nitroalkane **1** was deprotonated by K_2CO_3 to form anion **S-12** in methanol (**Scheme S-7A**). After 30 min, >95 % yield of anion **S-12** was generated. Subsequent removal of methanol, changing the solvent to CH₃CN, cooling to 0 °C, adding the pre-prepared complex **15** in one-portion, stirring for <5 min, quenching with sat. NH₄Cl solution, and purifying the crude by silica gel chromatography afforded the α -iodo nitroalkane **4a** in 75 % yield.



Scheme S-7B. Formation of α -iodonitroalkane 4a using in situ-generated anion.

Under O_2 , the α -iodo nitroalkane reacts with the amine within 30 minutes. To check the intermediacy of α -iodonitroalkane **4a**, we conducted reactions of **1** with NIS-amine complex **15** under Ar in presence of K₂CO₃ (**Scheme S-7B**). After 3 h, about 50 % of α -iodo nitroalkane **7**, 25 % amide and 25 % of starting nitroalkane **1** were observed. These yields and reaction times are consistent with reactions under O₂.

3.1 N-bromo amine reaction with nitroalkane or *aci*-nitronate



Scheme S-8. Preparing compound N-bromo amine^[10,11]

Procedure to prepare N-bromo amine: Under Ar, N-methyl benzylamine (5 mmol) was dissolved in 50 mL Et₂O, the flask was cooled down over an ice bath for 10 min before NBS was added in one-portion. The reaction was stirred at the same temperature for 2 h and the succinimide filtered off. Collection of the organic solution and evaporating off Et₂O (whilst immersing in an ice-water bath) *in vacuo* gave a thick yellow oil, which was found to be unstable and should be used immediately, or stored at low temperature, in a yield of about 95 %.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.10 (s, 3H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 7.32-7.36 (m, 5H).
¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 54.23, 71.94, 128.12, 128.51, 129.19, 137.81.



Scheme S-9A; Reaction of N-bromo amine 4a with in-situ generated anion



Scheme S-9B; Reaction of N-bromo amine 4a with pre-generated anion

In order to check umpolung amide synthesis^[6] existed for the amine component, we prepared N-bromo amine to react with the bromo nitroalkane in presence of K_2CO_3 (Scheme S-9A) under O₂. After 24 h, the reaction was diluted by CHCl₃ and the solid

salts removed through a short SiO₂ column. NMR of the crude, showed mostly bromo nitroalkane decomposition and trace amounts of dibromo nitroalkane were formed; amide products could not be confirmed nor isolated. In a separate experiment, the anion of the bromo nitroalkane was formed (by using KOBu^t in CH₃CN under Ar) and was reacted directly with the freshly prepared N-bromo amine (**Scheme S-9B**). Again, no amide was observed nor isolated and the starting bromo nitroalkane decomposed.

3.3 Reaction of α-iodo nitroalkanes with amine or NIS-complex

(Scheme S-10, A): The α -iodonitroalkane 4a was mixed with amine in presence of K₂CO₃ (2 eq.) in CH₃CN at 0 °C under O₂. After 30 min, the reaction was diluted with CHCl₃ and the precipitate removed through a short silica gel plug. Further purification by gel silica gel chromatography gave the pure amide product 7 (yield = 74 %).

(Scheme S-10, B): The α -iodo nitroalkane 4a was mixed with amine in presence of K₂CO₃ (2 eq.) in CH₃CN at 0 °C under Ar. After 3 h, the reaction was diluted with CHCl₃ and the precipitate removed through a short silica gel plug. The de-iodinated nitroalkane 1 and iodo nitroalkane 4a and trace amounts of amide 7 were calculated to be in a ratio of 4a:1: 7 = 42:40:18 by ¹H NMR analysis.

(Scheme S-10, C): The α -iodonitroalkane 4a was mixed with K₃CO₃ under an O₂ atmosphere. After 15 mins, the α -iodonitroalkane 4a reacted completely, as checked by TLC; after aqueous acid work-up, only the carboxylic acid 5 was isolated in 61 % yield.

(Scheme S-10, D): The pre-formed pure anion S-12 was prepared by reacting iodo

nitroakane with KOBu^t (2 eq.) under Ar at -30 $^{\circ}$ C and the reaction system was saturated with O₂ atmosphere by freeze-thaw techniques. After 1h, the reaction was quenched with *sat*. NH₄Cl. Only the iodo nitroalkane **4a** was recovered.

(Scheme S-10, E): The pre-formed pure anion S-12 was prepared by reacting iodo nitroakane with KOBu^t (2 eq.) under Ar at -30 °C and the reaction system was saturated with O₂ atmosphere by freeze-thaw techniques. The NIS-complex 15 (1 eq.) was then added in one-portion at 0 °C, at the same tempreture for 20 min, then reaction was diluted by CHCl₃ and further purify by silicane gel column chromatography (Hex/EA = 3/1), the amide 7 (50 %) was isolated.

(Scheme S-10, F): The pre-formed pure anion S-12 was prepared by reacting iodo nitroakane with KOBu^t (2 eq.) under Ar at -30 °C, then NIS-complex 15 (1.0 eq.) was added in one-portion. After 1 min, the reaction was quenched with cold *sat*. NH₄Cl (at -30 °C over a MeOH cooling bath). This gave 40 % di-iodo nitroalkane 6f and recovered starting materials.

(Scheme S-10, G): The pre-formed pure anion S-12 was prepared by reacting iodo nitroakane with KOBu^t (2 eq.) under Ar at -30 °C and the reaction system was saturated with Ar atmosphere by freeze-thaw techniques. The NIS-complex 15 (1 eq.) was then added in one-portion at 0 °C, at the same temperature for 1 h, then reaction was diluted by CHCl₃ and further purify by silicane gel column chromatography (Hex/EA = 3/1), the amide 7 (45 %) was isolated.



Scheme S-10 Reaction of α-iodonitroalkane

3.4 Radical clock reaction



Scheme S-11 Reaction of α -iodonitroalkane with allyl amine

Procedure: The iodo-nitroalkane **10** (0.1 mmol), K₂CO₃ (1.5 equiv), CH₃CN (1mL, pre-saturated with O₂) and allyl amine (0.15 mmol) were added to a 10 mL flask. The reaction mixture was then cooling to 0 $^{\circ}$ C before NIS (0.01 mol) was added, then the reaction put under an O₂-balloon atmosphere. After the iodonitroalkane **11** disappeared by TLC monitoring, CHCl₃ was added to the reaction and the precipitate filtered through a short silica gel column. The solvent removed *in vacuo* and the crude product purified via lash silica gel column chromatography (Hexane/Ethyl acetate = 3/2, *cis/trans* = 1.3/1), *cis* and *trans* was determined by NOE.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd. for C₁₅H₁₉NNaO₂ (M+Na)⁺ 268.1308; found: 268.1307.

cis **product**: Rf = 0.45

¹**H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz**): δ 0.93-0.99 (m, 1H), 1.08-1.12 (m, 1H), 1.47-1.60 (m, 2H), 3.52 (dd, J = 9.6, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (dd, J = 5.2, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.84-3.88 (m, 2H), 4.44 (dd, J = 11.6, 14.4 Hz, 2H), 5.06-5.20 (m, 2H), 5.75-5.85(m, 1H), 5.89 (br s, 1H), 7.23-7.33 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 9.81, 19.57, 19.97, 42.15, 68.65, 72.94, 116.20, 127.50, 127.76, 128.28, 134.36, 138.41, 170.63.

trans product: $R_f = 0.44$

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ 0.73-0.77 (m, 1H), 1.18-1.23 (m, 1H), 1.28-1.32 (m,

1H), 1.62-1.76 (m, 1H), 3.31 (dd, J = 6.8, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (dd, J = 5.6, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.94 (m, 2H), 4.50 (dd, J = 12.0, 15.2 Hz, 2H), 5.10-5.20 (m, 1H), 5.63 (br s, 1H), 5.78-5.88 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.35 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 11.83, 20.38, 42.18, 71.64, 72.55, 116.43, 127.63, 128.39, 134.33, 138.20, 172.19.

3.5¹⁸O labeled reaction.



S-12. Nitroalkane reaction with amine under ${}^{18}O_2$

Procedure: The nitroalkane (0.1 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2.0 equiv), CH_3CN (1mL) and amine (0.1 mmol) were added to a 10 mL flask. The reaction mixture was then frozen under liquid nitrogen before NIS (0.1 mmol) was added and the reaction sealed with a glass septum screw cap and parafilm. The flask was degassed using three 10 minute freeze-pump-thaw cycles, after which the frozen solution was placed under high vacuum and the ¹⁸O₂ regulator needle was inserted through the septum. The vacuum line was closed and then the ¹⁸O₂ gas regulator was opened to fill the static vacuum. The flask was warmed to 0 °C and allowed to stir for 4.5 h before the reaction mixture was diluted with chloroform, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified via flash silica gel column chromatography.

¹⁸O Percentage Mass Spectrometry Calculation

The amount of ¹⁸O incorporation was determined as follows:

(¹⁶O ion intensity) x (predicted ¹⁸O ion natural abundance in the unlabeled compound)/ $100 = {}^{18}$ O ion intensity expected in the unlabeled compound

 $(^{18}\text{O ion intensity}) - (^{18}\text{O ion intensity expected in the unlabeled compound}) = \text{corrected}$

¹⁸O ion intensity ion intensity (Corrected ¹⁸O ion intensity) / (Corrected ¹⁸O ion

intensity + 16 O ion intensity) x 100 = XX% (18 O incorporation)

¹⁸O ion intensity expected in the unlabeled compound = $14.96 \times 1.4 / 100 = 0.21$

corrected ¹⁸O ion intensity = 100 - 0.21 = 99.79

¹⁸O incorporation = 99.79 / (99.79 + 14.96) x 100 = 87 %

3.6 Isolate N-nitroso amines



Scheme S-13A. Reaction under Ar



Scheme S-13B. Reaction under O₂

Procedure: To a reaction tube, the nitro-alkane (0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (0.4 mmol), amine (0.2 mmol), and dry CH₃CN (2 mL) were added. After freezing in liquid nitrogen, NIS (0.4 mmol) was added and the reaction was sealed with a glass septum screw cap and parafilm. After degassing using three 10 minute freeze-pump-thaw cycles, i.e.,

saturating the solution with either Ar or O_2 , the solution was warmed over an ice-water bath for 5-10 min. After the nitroalkane disappeared as indicated by TLC, Et₂O was added to the reaction and the precipitate filtered through a short silica gel column. The combined organic solution was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, the solvent removed *in vacuo*, and the crude product purified by silica gel chromatography (Et₂O/pentane = 1/2) to give the pure amide product **S-13** (yield =50 % under Ar; 55 % under O_2) and the N-nitroso amine **19** (yield =25 % under Ar; 11 % under O_2). NMR data were consistent with literature ^[12].



¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)**: δ 1.48-1.58 (m, 2 H), 1.72-1.84 (m, 4H), 3.77 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.18 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 24.33, 24.91, 26.57, 39.94, 51.00.



¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)**: δ 0.84-0.94 (m, 1H), 1.25-1.43 (m, 3H), 1.40 (s, 9H),

1.47-1.54 (m, 2H), 3.21-3.29 (m, 2H), 3.37-3.46 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.73 (m, 1H), 5.53 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.36 (m, 5H).

¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ 24.40, 25.49, 25.64, 28.50, 43.54, 46.53, 55.19, 79.65, 127.79, 128.11, 129.06, 138.75, 155.19, 168.12.

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd. for C₁₈H₂₆N₂NaO₃ (M+Na)⁺ 341.1836; found: 341.1835

4. The effect of halogen sources ^a

| | Ph NO ₂ 1 0.2 m | + H₂N∽ | └───── <mark>K₂CO₃ (1.5 eq CH₃CN (0.1 M 0 °C</mark> | Boc⊢ .) ► Ph´ I) | | |
|-------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|------|-------|
| entry | NIS | NIX-complex ^c | other halogen source | 02 ^{<i>b</i>} | time | yield |
| | (mol %) | (mol %) | (mol %) | (1 atm) | (h) | (%) |
| 1 | 100 | | | yes | 4 | 66 |
| 2 | | 100 | | yes | 4 | 50 |
| 3 | | 100 | | no | 10 | 25 |
| 4 | | 200 | | no | 10 | 33 |
| 5 | 200 | | | no | 10 | 35 |
| 6 | | | NCS (100) | yes | 12 | 0 |
| 7 | | | NBS (100) | yes | 48 | 38 |
| 8 | 10 | | NBS (100) | yes | 18 | 55 |
| 9 | | | l ₂ (100) | yes | 4 | 38 |
| 10 | 100 | | l ₂ (100) | no | 10 | 26 |

^{*a*} Reactions were performed at 0.1 M of nitroalkane in 2.0 mL of CH₃CN with 1.0 equiv of allylamine; ^{*b*}All solutions were first degassed (freeze-pump-thaw cycles), and entries not using oxygen were performed under an argon atmosphere (balloon), whereas entries using oxygen were performed under an oxygen atmosphere (balloon). ^{*c*} Reaction performed without adding extra amine separately.

5. X-Ray crystal structure and data

Bromo iodo-nitroalkane 6 (X = I, Br)

The single crystal of 6 (X = I, Br) suitable for X-ray analysis was grown in a solution

of dichloromethane/Hexane at -30 $\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ under Ar; A colorless prism crystal of

C₂₈H₃₂Br₂I₂N₄O₈ having approximate dimensions of 0.300 \times 0.100 \times 0.100 mm was

mounted on a glass fiber. All measurements were made on a Rigaku XtaLAB mini diffractometer using graphite monochromated Mo-K radiation. The crystal-to-detector distance was 50.00 mm. The data were collected at a temperature of -123 ± 1 °C to a maximum 2q value of 55.0 °. A total of 540 oscillation images were collected. The structure was solved by direct methods and expanded using Fourier techniques. Some non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically, while the rest were refined isotropically. Crystallographic data has been deposited with the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center, **CCDC reference number: 1054441**



EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

Empirical Formula Formula Weight Crystal Color, Habit Crystal Dimensions Crystal System Lattice Type Lattice Parameters

Space Group Z value Dcalc F000 m(MoKa) A. Crystal Data C28H32Br2I2N4O8 966.20 colorless, prism 0.300 X 0.100 X 0.100 mm hexagonal Primitive a =21.554(3) Å $c = 15.8983(11) \text{ \AA}$ $V = 6396.4(13) \text{ Å}^3$ P65 (#170) 6 1.505 g/cm³ 2808.00 33.962 cm⁻¹

B. Intensity Measurements S20

Diffractometer Radiation

Voltage, Current Temperature **Detector Aperture Data Images** w oscillation Range (c=54.0, f=0.0) **Exposure Rate Detector Swing Angle** w oscillation Range (c=54.0, f=120.0) **Exposure Rate Detector Swing Angle** w oscillation Range (c=54.0, f=240.0) **Exposure Rate Detector Swing Angle** w oscillation Range (c=54.0, f=0.0) **Exposure Rate** Detector Swing Angle w oscillation Range (c=54.0, f=120.0) **Exposure Rate Detector Swing Angle** w oscillation Range (c=54.0, f=240.0) **Exposure Rate Detector Swing Angle Detector Position**

Pixel Size 2qmax No. of Reflections Measured

3780

Corrections

Structure Solution Refinement Function Minimized Least Squares Weights

2q_{max} cutoff Anomalous Dispersion XtaLAB mini MoKa (1 = 0.71075 Å)graphite monochromated 50kV, 12mA -123.0°C 75.0 mm (diameter) 540 exposures -60.0 - 120.00 32.0 sec./o30.000 -60.0 - 120.00 32.0 sec./o 30.000 50.00 mm

0.073 mm 55.00 Total: 67491 Unique: 9748 (Rint = 0.0522) Parsons quotients (Flack x parameter):

Lorentz-polarization Absorption (trans. factors: 0.358 - 0.712) Secondary Extinction (coefficient: 7.07000e-003)

C. Structure Solution and Refinement Direct Methods (SIR2008) Full-matrix least-squares on F² S w (Fo² - Fc²)² w = 1/ [s²(Fo²) + (0.2000 · P)² + 0.0000 · P] where P = (Max(Fo²,0) + 2Fc²)/3 55.0° All non-hydrogen atoms

S21

| No. Observations (All reflections) | 9748 |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| No. Variables | 388 |
| Reflection/Parameter Ratio | 25.12 |
| Residuals: R1 (I>2.00s(I)) | 0.1084 |
| Residuals: R (All reflections) | 0.1166 |
| Residuals: wR2 (All reflections) | 0.3200 |
| Goodness of Fit Indicator | 1.425 |
| Flack parameter (Parsons' quotients $= 3780$) | 0.472(8) |
| Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle | 0.000 |
| Maximum peak in Final Diff. Map | 5.69 e ⁻ /Å ³ |
| Minimum peak in Final Diff. Map | -2.49 e ⁻ /Å ³ |

| Tabla | 1 Atomio | acardinataa | and D | · /D |
|-------|-----------|-------------|-------|----------|
| Table | I. Atomic | coordinates | and D | iso/ Deg |

| | | Ϋ́Υ | - |
|-------------|---|---|---|
| X | У | Z | Beq |
| 0.64105(8) | 0.23086(9) | 0.25027(11) | 4.80(4) |
| 0.46693(12) | -0.04374(12) | 0.0057(2) | 7.78(7) |
| 0.47984(11) | 0.00640(12) | 0.20389(14) | 3.92(4) |
| 0.76104(7) | 0.35020(7) | 0.12158(8) | 1.80(3) |
| 0.9019(6) | 0.3068(6) | 0.1663(8) | 3.0(2) |
| 0.8255(6) | 0.1963(7) | 0.1149(9) | 3.4(2) |
| 0.6797(7) | 0.0921(6) | 0.2179(9) | 3.2(2) |
| 0.6770(7) | -0.0123(6) | 0.1806(9) | 3.5(2) |
| 0.8099(8) | 0.4247(7) | 0.3038(11) | 4.1(3) |
| 0.6942(7) | 0.3754(8) | 0.3217(10) | 3.8(2) |
| 0.4428(14) | 0.0792(13) | 0.008(2) | 8.3(7) |
| 0.5144(12) | 0.1452(9) | 0.0875(11) | 4.9(4) |
| 0.7922(7) | 0.2356(7) | 0.2246(9) | 2.5(2) |
| 0.6214(8) | 0.0276(7) | 0.1013(9) | 2.8(2) |
| 0.7467(8) | 0.3734(7) | 0.2973(9) | 3.1(2) |
| 0.4842(13) | 0.1023(17) | 0.0669(17) | 8.2(10) |
| 0.8464(9) | 0.2516(10) | 0.1675(9) | 2.7(3) |
| 0.6267(9) | 0.1055(8) | -0.0147(13) | 3.1(3) |
| 0.7990(14) | 0.2982(14) | 0.5187(14) | 4.5(4) |
| 0.5984(8) | 0.0754(8) | 0.0730(12) | 2.9(3) |
| 0.8136(11) | 0.3171(12) | 0.4351(11) | 3.4(3) |
| 0.7154(10) | -0.0150(11) | 0.2558(17) | 4.3(4) |
| 0.6766(15) | 0.1606(14) | -0.1721(14) | 4.7(4) |
| 0.7545(13) | 0.2211(15) | 0.5374(13) | 4.4(4) |
| 0.6355(11) | 0.0647(10) | -0.0786(12) | 3.5(3) |
| 0.7290(13) | 0.1760(16) | 0.4813(15) | 4.8(5) |
| 0.8711(12) | 0.2006(15) | 0.0457(15) | 5.3(6) |
| 0.5124(11) | 0.0392(13) | 0.0787(16) | 4.4(4) |
| 0.7885(15) | 0.0492(10) | 0.261(3) | 7.5(10) |
| 0.8223(17) | 0.1277(14) | 0.0037(19) | 6.1(7) |
| 0.7400(8) | 0.3119(8) | 0.2465(11) | 2.5(2) |
| 0.6453(14) | 0.1763(11) | -0.0341(16) | 4.6(4) |
| 0.6709(15) | 0.2044(12) | -0.1155(19) | 5.3(5) |
| 0.7163(17) | -0.0814(13) | 0.242(2) | 6.5(7) |
| | x 0.64105(8) 0.46693(12) 0.47984(11) 0.76104(7) 0.9019(6) 0.8255(6) 0.6797(7) 0.6770(7) 0.6770(7) 0.8099(8) 0.6942(7) 0.4428(14) 0.5144(12) 0.7922(7) 0.6214(8) 0.7467(8) 0.4842(13) 0.8464(9) 0.6267(9) 0.7990(14) 0.5984(8) 0.8136(11) 0.7154(10) 0.6766(15) 0.7545(13) 0.6355(11) 0.7290(13) 0.8711(12) 0.5124(11) 0.7400(8) 0.6709(15) 0.7163(17) | xy $0.64105(8)$ $0.23086(9)$ $0.46693(12)$ $-0.04374(12)$ $0.47984(11)$ $0.00640(12)$ $0.76104(7)$ $0.35020(7)$ $0.9019(6)$ $0.3068(6)$ $0.8255(6)$ $0.1963(7)$ $0.6797(7)$ $0.0921(6)$ $0.6770(7)$ $-0.0123(6)$ $0.8099(8)$ $0.4247(7)$ $0.6942(7)$ $0.3754(8)$ $0.4428(14)$ $0.0792(13)$ $0.5144(12)$ $0.1452(9)$ $0.7922(7)$ $0.2356(7)$ $0.6214(8)$ $0.0276(7)$ $0.7467(8)$ $0.3734(7)$ $0.4842(13)$ $0.1023(17)$ $0.8464(9)$ $0.2516(10)$ $0.6267(9)$ $0.1055(8)$ $0.7990(14)$ $0.2982(14)$ $0.5984(8)$ $0.0754(8)$ $0.8136(11)$ $0.3171(12)$ $0.7455(13)$ $0.2211(15)$ $0.6355(11)$ $0.0647(10)$ $0.7290(13)$ $0.1760(16)$ $0.8711(12)$ $0.2006(15)$ $0.5124(11)$ $0.0392(13)$ $0.7885(15)$ $0.0492(10)$ $0.8223(17)$ $0.1277(14)$ $0.7400(8)$ $0.3119(8)$ $0.6453(14)$ $0.1763(11)$ $0.6709(15)$ $0.2044(12)$ $0.7163(17)$ $-0.0814(13)$ | xyz0.64105(8)0.23086(9)0.25027(11)0.46693(12)-0.04374(12)0.0057(2)0.47984(11)0.00640(12)0.20389(14)0.76104(7)0.35020(7)0.12158(8)0.9019(6)0.3068(6)0.1663(8)0.8255(6)0.1963(7)0.1149(9)0.6797(7)0.0921(6)0.2179(9)0.6770(7)-0.0123(6)0.1806(9)0.8099(8)0.4247(7)0.3038(11)0.6942(7)0.3754(8)0.3217(10)0.4428(14)0.0792(13)0.008(2)0.5144(12)0.1452(9)0.0875(11)0.7922(7)0.2356(7)0.2246(9)0.6214(8)0.0276(7)0.1013(9)0.7467(8)0.3734(7)0.2973(9)0.4842(13)0.1023(17)0.0669(17)0.8464(9)0.2516(10)0.1675(9)0.6267(9)0.1055(8)-0.0147(13)0.7990(14)0.2982(14)0.5187(14)0.5984(8)0.0754(8)0.0730(12)0.8136(11)0.3171(12)0.4351(11)0.7154(10)-0.0150(11)0.2558(17)0.6766(15)0.1606(14)-0.1721(14)0.7545(13)0.2211(15)0.5374(13)0.6355(11)0.0647(10)-0.0786(12)0.7290(13)0.1760(16)0.4813(15)0.8711(12)0.2006(15)0.0457(15)0.5124(11)0.392(13)0.0787(16)0.7885(15)0.0492(10)0.261(3)0.8223(17)0.1277(14)0.0037(19)0.7400(8)0.3119(8) |

| C20 | 0.8799(16) | 0.2533(15) | -0.0187(18) | 5.4(5) |
|-----|------------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| C21 | 0.952(5) | 0.233(8) | 0.083(4) | 32(7) |
| C22 | 0.6746(19) | -0.0197(14) | 0.3379(18) | 7.0(9) |

Table 1. Atomic coordinates and $B_{iso}\!/B_{eq}$ (continued)

| $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ | Table 1. Atomic coordinates and B_{iso}/B_{eq} (continued) | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|------------|-------------|----------|--|--|
| $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$ | atom | Х | у | Ż | Beg | | |
| $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$ | C27 | 0.6599(8) | 0.0370(9) | 0.1709(11) | 2.7(3) | | |
| $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$ | C28 | 0.7381(11) | 0.1930(12) | 0.3939(11) | 3.5(3) | | |
| $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ | C31 | 0.7826(9) | 0.2667(10) | 0.3706(11) | 2.8(3) | | |
| $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ | C32 | 0.6602(15) | 0.0927(15) | -0.1530(14) | 4.9(4) | | |
| $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$ | C37 | 0.965(4) | 0.693(4) | 0.304(4) | 10.9(14) | | |
| $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ | C39 | 0.7954(8) | 0.2894(8) | 0.2788(11) | 2.5(2) | | |
| $B_{eq} = \frac{8}{3} p^2 (U_{11}(aa^*)^2 + U_{22}(bb^*)^2 + U_{33}(cc^*)^2 + 2U_{12}(aa^*bb^*)\cos g + 2U_{13}(aa^*cc^*)\cos b + 2U_{23}(bb^*cc^*)\cos a)$ | C40 | 0.905(4) | 0.634(4) | 0.236(5) | 12.8(19) | | |
| $2U_{13}^{1}(aa^{*}cc^{*})cos b + 2U_{23}(bb^{*}cc^{*})cos a)$ | $B_{eq} = \frac{8}{3} p^2 (U_{11}(aa^*)^2 + U_{22}(bb^*)^2 + U_{33}(cc^*)^2 + 2U_{12}(aa^*bb^*)cos g + U_{33}(cc^*)^2 + 2U_{13}(cc^*)^2 + 2U_{13}(aa^*bb^*)cos g + U_{33}(cc^*)^2 + 2U_{13}(cc^*)^2 + 2U_{13}(cc^*)^2$ | | | | | | |
| | $2U_{13}(aa^*cc^*)\cos b + 2U_{23}(bb^*cc^*)\cos a)$ | | | | | | |

Table 2. Atomic coordinates and B_{iso} involving hydrogen atoms

| atom | Х | У | Z | Biso |
|------|---------|----------|----------|--------|
| H4 | 0.81679 | 0.33315 | 0.56208 | 5.394 |
| H5 | 0.61920 | 0.11705 | 0.11255 | 3.491 |
| H6 | 0.84555 | 0.36576 | 0.42100 | 4.110 |
| H8 | 0.69273 | 0.17802 | -0.22734 | 5.616 |
| H9 | 0.74538 | 0.20594 | 0.59436 | 5.323 |
| H10 | 0.62337 | 0.01664 | -0.06748 | 4.163 |
| H11 | 0.70157 | 0.12705 | 0.49700 | 5.755 |
| H14A | 0.81418 | 0.05489 | 0.20840 | 8.962 |
| H14B | 0.81492 | 0.04301 | 0.30767 | 8.962 |
| H14C | 0.78455 | 0.09193 | 0.27149 | 8.962 |
| H15A | 0.77679 | 0.12444 | -0.01215 | 7.332 |
| H15B | 0.81310 | 0.08909 | 0.04312 | 7.332 |
| H15C | 0.84586 | 0.12316 | -0.04676 | 7.332 |
| H17 | 0.64074 | 0.20545 | 0.00744 | 5.465 |
| H18 | 0.68353 | 0.25208 | -0.12977 | 6.381 |
| H19A | 0.74182 | -0.07765 | 0.18910 | 7.831 |
| H19B | 0.66704 | -0.12143 | 0.23756 | 7.831 |
| H19C | 0.74073 | -0.08970 | 0.28854 | 7.831 |
| H20A | 0.90272 | 0.30120 | 0.00646 | 6.469 |
| H20B | 0.83287 | 0.24133 | -0.04111 | 6.469 |
| H20C | 0.91003 | 0.25246 | -0.06434 | 6.469 |
| H21A | 0.95284 | 0.19946 | 0.12476 | 38.821 |
| H21B | 0.96792 | 0.27924 | 0.10973 | 38.821 |
| H21C | 0.98527 | 0.23881 | 0.03702 | 38.821 |
| H22A | 0.69854 | -0.02751 | 0.38570 | 8.408 |
| H22B | 0.62524 | -0.05956 | 0.33388 | 8.408 |
| H22C | 0.67418 | 0.02521 | 0.34606 | 8.408 |
| H23 | 0.75532 | 0.19180 | 0.22734 | 3.036 |
| H24 | 0.60943 | -0.01094 | 0.07092 | 3.362 |
| H28 | 0.71545 | 0.15671 | 0.35251 | 4.242 |
| H32 | 0.66678 | 0.06473 | -0.19437 | 5.876 |

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