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Willem A. van Niekerk University of Pretoria, South Africa

Abubeker Hassen University of Pretoria, South Africa

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The XXI International Grassland Congress / VIII International Rangeland Congress took place in Hohhot, China from June 29 through July 5, 2008.

Proceedings edited by Organizing Committee of 2008 IGC/IRC Conference

Published by Guangdong People's Publishing House

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## Nitrogen intake and utilisation pattern in the digestive tract of sheep grazing four subtropical foggages

#### W.A van Niekerk and Abubeker Hassen

Department of Animal and Wildlife Sciences , University of Pretoria , Pretoria 0002 , South Africa , E-mail : willem .vannikerk@up.ac.za

Key words : anthephora pubescens , chloris gayana ,digitaria eriantha , foggage , panicum maximum

**Introduction** Winter poses a critical problem in the fodder flow in many parts of South Africa due to poor nutritive value of the veld. Conservation of feed in the form of hay or silage is necessary. Alternatively excess forage can be utilised in the form of foggage. This study compares the intake and utilisation pattern of nitrogen in sheep grazing four subtropical grass foggages.

**Materials and methods** Four tropical grass pastures (*Panicum maximum*, *Anthephora pubescens*, *Digitaria eriantha* and *Chloris gayana*) were established each in an area of 0.4ha paddock size. The pasture was not replicated. Sixteen mature wethers equipped with ruminal and abomasal cannulae were randomly allocated to four pasture treatments. Oesophageal samples were collected from 4 wethers randomly allocated to each pasture treatments. The wethers were fitted with faecal collection bags to determine voluntary intake. The double marker technique, with continuous infusion and sampling at predetermined times were used to determine the partial digestibility of the grass.

### Results

Table 1 The N intake and N utilisation of sheep grazing fours subtropical grass foggages.

	Foggage type				
Parameters	P. maximum	A . pubescens	D . eriantha	C. gayana	SE
N intake (g/d)	27 .0ª	14 "2 <sup>b</sup>	15 .1 <sup>b</sup>	6 .9°	0.7
Abomasum					
Digesta flow (l/d)	13 .9ª	10 .1 <sup>b</sup>	8.6°	8 .1°	0.4
Total N flow (g/d)	19 .4ª	9.9 <sup>b</sup>	11 .3 <sup>b</sup>	5 <i>2</i> °	0.7
NH3-N flow (g/d)	3 .0ª	$1 \ 2^{d}$	2 .9 <sup>b</sup>	1 .6°	0.04
NAN flow (g/d)	16 .4ª	8.7 <sup>b</sup>	8 .4 <sup>b</sup>	3.6°	0.7
NAN flow/N intake	0.61ª	0.61ª	0.56ªb	0.52 <sup>b</sup>	0.03
Ileum					
Digesta flow (l/d)	7 .6ª	6.4 <sup>b</sup>	5.5 <sup>b</sup>	5.6 <sup>b</sup>	0.3
Total N flow (g/d)	6 .8ª	3.4 <sup>b</sup>	3 .4 <sup>b</sup>	1.7°	0.5
NH3-N flow (g/d)	1 .6a	0.9b	1.0b	0.8c	0.02
NAN flow (g/d)	5 2ª	2.5 <sup>b</sup>	2 .4 <sup>b</sup>	0 .9°	0.5
NAN disappearance (g/d)	11 2ª	6 2 <sup>b</sup>	6 .0 <sup>b</sup>	2.7°	0.6
NAN disappearance (% N intake)	$41^{ab}$	44 <sup>a</sup>	$40^{ab}$	39 <sup>b</sup>	0.6
NAN digestibility	68	71	71	75	2.3
Faecal NDF-N (g/d)	4 .1ª	2 2 <sup>b</sup>	2 .4 <sup>b</sup>	1 .4°	0.2

**Conclusion** The foggage from P. maximum, A. pubescens and D. erinatha seemed to have the capacity to meet the N requirement of the lambs for production purpose.