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## Study on the adaptability of Brachiaria spp. in subtropical region of Fujian

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**Key words**: adaptability  $Brachiaria s_{pp}$ . subtropical region

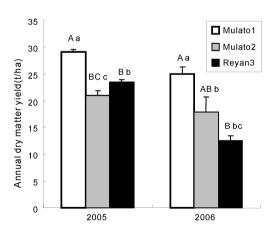
Introduction  $Brachiaria\, sp\, p$  . is an important perennial tropical forage in hilly pasture and is widely used in preventing water and soil erosion (Bai et al., 2001) . Field experiments were conducted in Fuzhou to compare the adaptability of two hybrid varieties , Multao1 ( $Brichiaria\, ruzizienzis \times B$ .  $brizantha\, CIAT\, 36061$ ) and Multao 2 ( $Brichiaria\, ruzizienzis \times B$ .  $brizantha\, CIAT\, 36087$ ) , with Reyan 3 (B.  $brizantha\, cian beautiful along the control of the control$ 

Materials and methods Three varieties of  $Brachiaria\,spp$ , were sown in experiment fields in Fuzhou with 4 replicates. Growing dates were observed in the first replicate. The second, third and fourth replicates cutted with the stubble height of 5cm when their canopy heights were above  $40\,\mathrm{cm} \sim 50\,\mathrm{cm}$ .

Results The flowering time of Mulato1and Mulato2 was about 90 days later than Reyan3, but the turning-green time was about 25 days earlier than Reyan3 (Table 1). Hybrid varieties (Mulato1and Mulato2) produced dry matter yield of 12.5~29.1 t/ha per year. Mulato1 had the highest DM yield of 29.1 t/ha and 24.9 t/ha in 2005 and 2006 respectively, and significantly higher than Reyan3. The yield of Mulato2 was higher than Reyan3 in 2006, although was less than Reyan3 in 2005 (Figure 1).

<b>Table 1</b> Growing dates of tested hybrid varieties of Bra
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Variety	Wither stage	Turning- stage	Tiller stage	Jointing stage	Heading stage	Flow ering stage	Ripening stage
Mulato1	Dec 22	Feb 13	Mar 27	May 20	Jul 7	Aug 31	Oct 2
	2005	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006
Mulato2	Dec 22	Feb 13	Mar 27	Jun 15	Jul 17	Aug 31	Oct 8
	2005	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006
Reyan3	Dec 22	Mar 10	Apr 25	May 10	May 25	May 30	Jul 20
	2005	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006



**Figure 1** Dry matter yields of hybrid Signal grass varieties.

Conclusions It is conclued that two varieties of Brachiaria spp . can grow normally in Fujian subtropical area . Mulato 1 as a promising variety has a good performance with high growth height and yield , strong tiller ability , early turning-green and later flowering .

## Reference

Bai CJ , Liu GD (2001) The Dynamic Study on Nutrition and Feeding Value of Brachiaria spp .[J] . ACTA AGRESTIA SINICA , 9(2):100-116 .