Dance Bands in Chester & North Wales, 1930 – 1970: Revealing a Hidden History

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Agenda

Introduction

The Hidden Dance Bands

The Local Dance Band Environment
Social & Political Aspects
Infrastructure

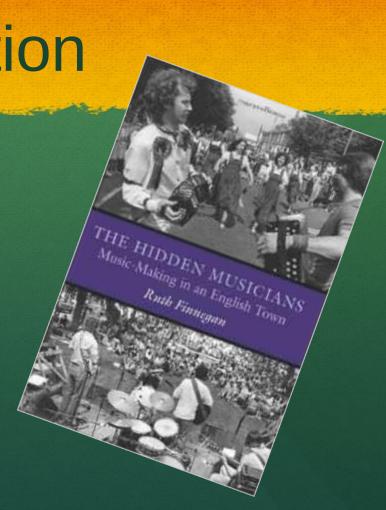
Conclusions, & Next Steps



Introduction

Background:

- The Hidden Musicians (Finnegan, 2007)
- Jazz Places (Becker, 2004)
- Rock Culture in Liverpool (Cohen, 1991)
- Other Voices (Brocken, 2010)
- Victory Through Harmony (Baade, 2013)



Research Questions

Finnegan (2007) refers to the 'invisible but organised' underlying structure of local music-making

 My study was based on a detailed investigation of a specific local scene, in this case, dance bands in Chester & North Wales

 Goal: to contribute to a better understanding of amateur and semiprofessional music-making in a regional landscape

• Questions:

- How did this local dance band scene operate?
- Why there? Why then?

The Local Dance Band Scene

Oral history project

- Based on Chester
 - Also taking in Cheshire, North Wales, Wirral, Liverpool, plus other places in UK & overseas
- 30 interviews
- 200+ photographs and images
- Most of this information was not available in public archives

<u>3 minute video</u>

• A flavour of what my interviewees were talking about..

The Hidden Dance Bands

Why a *hidden* history?

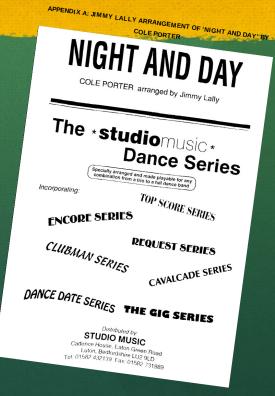
- Hit parades & histories of popularity
 - 'moment of exchange ... not use' (Nott, 2002)
 - e.g., an arrangement might be bought once, but played 100s of times

A regional scene

- Most musicians not full-time professionals
- Derivative & imitative rather than innovative

So why worry?

- Infrastructure
 - Physical, organisational, human



There's another Ph.D in who Jimmy Lally <u>really</u> was....

Social & Political Environment

- 1920s: The Jazz Age (in the US); UK dance bands
- 1930s: BBC suspicion of jazz; MU ban on US visitors
- World War II
 - AFN (locally, late in the war)
 - Some loosening of restrictions regarding US jazz, 'sentimental' songs & crooning on the BBC
 - Fuel rationing, call-up of musicians, directed employment
 - Large local market (e.g. war factories) which had to be catered for by local, part-time musicians
- 50s Austerity; 60s Prosperity



Despite changes in society, 60s and 70s music scenes were rooted in 50s (& pre-50s) infrastructure



People and Organisations

- A complex network
 - Strong and weak ties (Granovetter, 1973)
 - Visualisation
- Bands, musicians, bandleaders & promoters
- Teachers & suppliers
 - Garrison town: military band instruments (sharp pitch)
 - Youth & community organisations
 - Employers
 - Families

Location Matters: Dance Bands in a Built Environment

- Styles & musical generations overlapped in same venues
 - Quaintways (now Rosies)
 - Clemences Restaurant
 - Chester Jazz Club
 - River Park Ballroom, Majestic Ballroom
 - Royalty Theatre
 - Village halls / employee social clubs
 - Military bases
 - Delamere Forest camp
 - Burtonwood Air Base
 - Hawarden aircraft factory (now Airbus)

Conclusions



"... the remarkable mixture of music that could be heard live in British towns and cities from the mid-1950s call into question one of the more common record-based assertions, made, for example, in Dave Harker's 'One for the Money':

'The period 1959-62 was the deadest phase of British and American recorded song since at least 1956 ... For adolescents it was a *desert*. Unless you lived in a major city or coast, or had access to amusement arcade or fairground or made your own music, musically it was a *bloody desert*. (Harker 1980: 73) (Emphasis in original)

Switch attention from 'recorded song' to live performance and 1959-62 **becomes less a desert than a landscape covered with a mass of foliage, from gnarled old trees to newly planted seedlings**. Not only were a significant number of adolescents making their own music in this period (including early versions of the Beatles and the Rolling Stones), but they also had a variety

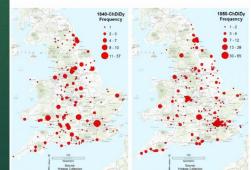
What Next?

- Information Visualisation
 - Visualising networks and pathways from dance band (and other) data
- Digital Humanities Research Centre
 - Text and image analysis
 - Data-mining of historical source material





Automatically Analyzing Large Historical Texts in a GIS Environment 305



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