Cite this: RSC Adv., 2014, 4, 26524

Received 14th April 2014
Accepted 3rd June 2014
DOI: 10.1039/c4ra03369h
www.rsc.org/advances

# An unusual Wittig reaction with sugar derivatives: exclusive formation of a 4-deoxy analogue of $\alpha$-galactosyl ceramide $\dagger$ 

Ratnnadeep C. Sawant, Yu-Hsuan Lih, Shih-An Yang, Chun-Hong Yeh, Hung-Ju Tai, Chung-Li Huang, Hua-Shuan Lin, Satpal Singh Badsara and Shun-Yuan Luo*


#### Abstract

The Wittig reaction of the pyrano-type reducing sugars undergoes an unexpected formation of dienes through the elimination of a benzyloxy group in the presence of $t$-BuOK. LiHMDS is used rather than $t$ BuOK to prevent alcohol elimination in the same sugar derivatives. Collectively, $t$-BuOK has unusual functions in the Wittig reaction that correspond with other bases such as LiHMDS, NaH, and $n$-BuLi. This unusual function of $t$-BuOK showed that a unique 4-deoxy-5-hydroxyl analogue 2 of $\alpha$-galactosyl ceramide was formed exclusively.


## Introduction

The Wittig reaction is one of the most commonly used methods for the synthesis of alkenes which has attracted substantial interest from the scientific community. ${ }^{1}$ The mild reaction conditions, high yields, and the absence of migration for the formed bond are notable features of the Wittig reaction. The remarkable success of the Wittig reaction in synthetic organic chemistry originates from using phosphonium ylides with the formation of phosphonium oxide as a side product, which drives the reaction to completion. The chemistry of the Wittig reaction was initially applied to sugars by Kuhn and Brossmer in 1962, who reacted glyceraldehyde with (carbethoxymethylene) triphenyl-phosphorane. ${ }^{2}$ Thereafter, notable applications of this reaction were expanded in various directions for approximately 6 decades. ${ }^{3}$ Usually the carbonyl olefin product is often achieved in normal condition of Wittig reaction. Interestingly, previous reports have demonstrated that 2-deoxy sugars undergoes base promoted $\beta$-elimination to form corresponding dienes. ${ }^{4}$ It is worth mentioning here that there are few reports appeared recently describing the elimination reaction of pyrano-sugar derivatives ${ }^{5}$ as well as $\alpha, \beta$-elimination of anomeric form of pyranoses which provided the dienes under the influence of base ${ }^{6}$ during the Wittig reaction.

The $\alpha$-galactosyl ceramide 1 (ref. 7) ( $\alpha$-GalCer) is also referred to as KRN7000 (Fig. 1), and is a commonly known significant compound that is best characterized as an antigen for CD1dreactive T cells in mice and humans. ${ }^{8}$ The structure of the 4-deoxy-5-hydroxyl analog 2 (Fig. 1) of $\alpha$-GalCer is composed of

[^0]

1


2

Fig. $1 \alpha$-Galactosyl ceramide 1 and its 4-deoxy-5-hydroxyl analogue 2.
an $\alpha$-linked D -galacto-pyranoside with phytosphingosine-like ceramide. The hydroxyl groups of $\alpha$-galactosyl ceramide ( $\alpha$-GalCer) 1 play significant role through hydrogen bonding with various proteins ${ }^{9}$ that can be recognize with the help of X-ray crystallographic analysis. ${ }^{20}$

Kim et al. disclosed the role of the 4-hydroxyl group for CD1d-mediated NKT cell activation. ${ }^{10}$ Van Calenbergh conducted synthesis and in vitro evaluation of $\alpha$-GalCer epimers. ${ }^{11}$ Because of its unique structure, no study has reported a method for the synthesis of analogue 2 . However, we herein report the straightforward synthesis of 4-deoxy-5-hydroxyl analogue 2 (Fig. 1) by applying an unusual Wittig reaction with reducing disaccharides.

## Results and discussion

We recently published a concise synthesis of $\alpha$-galactosyl ceramide from d-galactosyl iodide and D -lyxose ${ }^{12 a}$ and conducted a study to prepare the derivatives of $\alpha$-galactosyl ceramide. ${ }^{12 b}$ However, we attempted to prepare $\alpha$-GalCer analogues in the phytosphingolipid chain that contain one additional hydroxyl group compared to phytosphingosine. Kim and co-workers ${ }^{10}$ reported the 3-deoxy and 4-deoxy analogues of $\alpha$-GalCer with results of their biological evaluation but they
required additional steps to finalize the synthesis of related analogues by using different precursors (Fig. 2).

We began by stereoselectively and regioselectively preparing the key disaccharides ( $\mathbf{5 a - 5 c}$ ) from a well-azeotroped solution of 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl-d-galactosyl iodide (3) and hexopyranoses $(\mathbf{4 a}-\mathbf{4 c}) .{ }^{12 b}$ The galactosyl iodide 3 (ref. 13) was prepared in situ via the treatment of 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl-d-galactosyl acetate with iodo-trimethylsilane. The in situ generated 3 was then treated with hexopyranoses $(\mathbf{4 a - 4 c})$ in the presence of $N, N$-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA, 1 equiv.) and tetra- $n$-butylammonium iodide (TBAI, 3 equiv.) in toluene for 1 h at $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by azeotropic distillation, provided $\alpha$-linked disaccharides (5a$5 \mathbf{c}$ ) containing protected d-galactose $\mathbf{4 a}$, d-glucose $\mathbf{4 b}$, and d mannose 4c (ref. 14) (Table 1) in good overall yields. ${ }^{13}$

The Wittig reaction was performed using the in situ generation of phosphorane ${ }^{15}$ with addition of $t-\mathrm{BuOK}^{16}$ to the wellstirred suspension of d-galactose hemiacetal $5 \mathbf{a}$ and phosphonium salt at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, which produced the undesired product $\mathbf{6 a}$ in 3 h in an excellent yield ( $96 \%$, entry 1 , Table 1 ). The effects of changing bases for the formation of eliminated ( $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{6 b}$ ) and expected ( $7 \mathbf{a}-7 \mathbf{c}$ ) compounds during the Wittig reaction are shown in Table 1.

We initially expected to obtain the olefination product $7 \mathbf{a}$ from the Wittig reaction of the hemiacetal of d-galactose 5 a by using $t$-BuOK, but ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR analysis of the reaction product indicated that one set of benzyl protons disappeared, and one additional double bond proton appeared in the olefin region of the proton spectrum. Moreover, the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum showed one additional downfield peak at $\delta 154 \mathrm{ppm}$, which belongs to diene C-5 of the sphingosine chain of $\mathbf{6 a}$. The formation of $\mathbf{6 a}$ and $\mathbf{6 b}$ are probably due to initial base-promoted elimination in the ring-opened isomers of $\mathbf{5 a}$ to $\mathbf{5 c}$ and furnished the olefination products $\mathbf{6 a}$ and $\mathbf{6 b}$. The change in the number of equivalent of $t$-BuOK from 4 to 3 in the similar reaction resulted in a decreased yield of product to $56 \%$ (entry 2, Table 1). Using sodium hydride formed only $4 \%$ of the desired product $7 \mathbf{a}$ (entry 3 , Table 1), and $n$-butyl lithium resulted in trace amounts of the desired single olefination compound 7a on the TLC plate (entry 4, Table 1). It is worth mentioning here that when we have employed some stronger bases, such as $\mathrm{NaH}^{16}$ and $n$-BuLi, ${ }^{17}$ we didn't obtain the unexpected diene derivative. However, the expected olefination products were obtained in very low yields (Table 1).

We then applied the similar Wittig reaction exhibiting the d galactosyl hemiacetal 5a by using the hindered strong base LiHMDS. ${ }^{18}$ We obtained the expected olefination compound 7a, in an excellent yield ( $90 \%$, entry 5 , Table 1 ). This Wittig reaction of hemiacetal 5 a with LiHMDS takes 24 hours, because the hemiacetal cannot consume before 24 hours. The Similar


4-deoxy- $\alpha$-GalCer


3-deoxy- $\alpha$-GaICer

Fig. $2 \alpha$-GalCer analogues reported by Kim et al. ${ }^{10}$

Table 1 Effect of various bases on Wittig reaction of disaccharides

|  | 3 | 4a, gal, $R^{1}=R^{4}=O B n, R^{2}=R^{3}=H$ <br> 4b, glc, $R^{1}=R^{3}=O B n, R^{2}=R^{4}=H$ <br> 4 c , man, $\mathrm{R}^{2}=\mathrm{R}^{3}=\mathrm{OBn}, \mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{R}^{4}=\mathrm{H}$ | TBAI, DIPEA <br> 4A MS, toluene, $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  <br> 5a, $75 \%$ <br> 5b, 72\% <br> 5c, 69\% |  |  <br> Bn <br> =H <br> n $\begin{aligned} & =R^{3}=H \\ & =R^{4}=H \end{aligned}$ $1=\mathrm{R}^{4}=\mathrm{H}$ |
| Entry | SM | Base | Product (yield) |
| 1 | 5 a | 4 equiv. $t$-BuOK | 6 a (96\%) |
| 2 | 5 a | 3 equiv. $t$-BuOK | 6a (56\%) |
| 3 | 5 a | 3 equiv. NaH | 7a (04\%) |
| 4 | 5a | 2.5 equiv. $n-\mathrm{BuLi}$ | 7 a (trace) |
| 5 | 5 a | 6 equiv. LiHMDS | $7 \mathrm{7a}$ (90\%) |
| 6 | 5b | 4 equiv. $t$-BuOK | 6b (66\%) |
| 7 | 5b | 6 equiv. LiHMDS | 7b (72\%) |
| 8 | 5c | 4 equiv. $t$-BuOK | 6b (84\%) |
| 9 | 5 c | 6 equiv. LiHMDS | 7c (72\%) |

results were observed during the Wittig reaction of the hemiacetal of d-glucose $\mathbf{5 b}$ and d-mannose $5 \mathbf{c}$ when using the base LiHMDS, wherein we formed the expected single olefination compounds $7 \mathbf{b}$ and $7 \mathbf{c}$ in favorable yields (entry 7 and entry 9 , Table 1). Moreover, using $t$-BuOK in the Wittig reactions of the hemiacetal of o-glucose $\mathbf{5 b}$ and d-mannose $\mathbf{5 c}$ produced the same unexpected dienes $\mathbf{6 b}$ in moderate to favorable yields (entry 6 and entry 8, Table 1). Conversely, this unexpected formation of 4-deoxy sugars occurred through the elimination of the benzyloxy group at the C-3 position during the Wittig reaction of sugar derivatives ( $\mathbf{5 a - 5 c}$ ).

For further study of these unusual Wittig products, we have carried out the Wittig reaction of hexapyranose sugars 8 as shown in Table 2. In this regard, first, we have treated galactosyl hemiacetal 8a with $t$-BuOK and phosphonium salt in THF at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (entry 1, Table 2) which provided eliminated compound 9a in $71 \%$ isolated yield. Similarly, the reaction of glucosyl hemiacetal $\mathbf{8 b}$ (entry 3, Table 2) and mannosyl hemiacetal $8 \mathbf{c}$ (entry 5, Table 2) with phosphonium salt and $t$-BuOK in THF at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ produced eliminated compound $9 \mathbf{b}$ in 90 and $79 \%$ yield respectively. We have also employed talosyl pyrano-reducing sugar $\mathbf{8 d}$ for such kind of transformation under same reaction conditions, which provided eliminated diene 9a and expected olefin 10d in good yields (entry 7 and entry 8 , Table 2 ).

Table 2 Effect of various bases on Wittig reaction of hexopyranoses


8a, gal, $R^{1}=R^{4}=O B n, R^{2}=R^{3}=H, R^{5}=B n$ 8 b, glc, $R^{1}=R^{3}=O B n, R^{2}=R^{4}=H, R^{5}=B n$ 8c, man, $R^{2}=R^{3}=O B n, R^{1}=R^{4}=H, R^{5}=B n$ 8d, tal, $R^{2}=R^{4}=O B n, R^{1}=R^{3}=H, R^{5}=B n$


10a, $R^{1}=R^{4}=O B n, R^{2}=R^{3}=H, R^{5}=B n$ 10b, $R^{1}=R^{3}=O B n, R^{2}=R^{4}=H, R^{5}=B n$ 10c, $R^{2}=R^{3}=O B n, R^{1}=R^{4}=H, R^{5}=B n$ 10d, $R^{2}=R^{4}=O B n, R^{1}=R^{3}=H, R^{5}=B n$

| Entry | SM | Base | Product (yield) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | $\mathbf{8 a}$ | 4 equiv. $t$-BuOK | 9a $(71 \%)$ |
| 2 | $\mathbf{8 a}$ | 6 equiv. LiHMDS | $\mathbf{1 0 a}(65 \%)$ |
| 3 | $\mathbf{8 b}$ | 4 equiv. $t$-BuOK | $\mathbf{9 b}(90 \%)$ |
| 4 | $\mathbf{8 b}$ | 6 equiv. LiHMDS | $\mathbf{1 0 b}(72 \%)$ |
| 5 | $\mathbf{8 c}$ | 4 equiv. $t$-BuOK | $\mathbf{9 b}(79 \%)$ |
| 6 | $\mathbf{8 c}$ | 6 equiv. LiHMDS | $\mathbf{1 0 c}(64 \%)$ |
| 7 | $\mathbf{8 d}$ | 4 equiv. $t$-BuOK | $\mathbf{9 a}(80 \%)$ |
| 8 | $\mathbf{8 d}$ | 6 equiv. LiHMDS | $\mathbf{1 0 d}(87 \%)$ |

We have also proposed a plausible mechanism for these interesting unexpected transformations as shown in Scheme 1. First, hemiacetal 5a underwent Wittig reaction with phosphonium ylide to provide the olefin 7a via oxa-phosphetane intermediate 11b (pathway a). We assumed that olefin 7a can further undergo $\beta$-elimination to provide the diene $\mathbf{6 a}$. In this regard, we have treated olefin 7a with 4 equiv. of $t$-BuOK and phosphonium salt in THF but we could not obtained any product as the olefin $7 \mathbf{7 a}$ was intact. Therefore, we have proposed alternative scenario where the aldehyde form of 5 a can be transformed into $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated aldehyde 11c in presence of $t$-BuOK, which will


Scheme 1 Plausible mechanism of unusual Wittig reaction.
be the real reaction partner for the Wittig reaction with phosphonium salt, could provide the unexpected diene $\mathbf{6 a}$ according to pathway b. ${ }^{4 a}$

We decided to synthesize $\alpha$-GalCer derivative with diene $\mathbf{6 a}$ because of their structural similarities from positions C-2 to C-4 in the $\alpha$-GalCer 1 and analogue 6a (Scheme 2). We applied Mitsunobu conditions ${ }^{19}$ to obtain the azido displacement product 12 at the C-2 position, which successfully produced an excellent $96 \%$ yield. Because the olefin was reacted with the azido group during intramolecular cycloaddition, we purified azide 12 without data collection and performed the next step directly. The azido compound 12 was used first to form an amine by using the Staudinger reaction followed by an amide bond formation to produce the compound $\mathbf{1 3}$ in an $80 \%$ yield. Finally, global deprotection obtained an $85 \%$ crude yield of the final 4-deoxy-5-hydroxyl analogue 2 by using a palladium catalyst in a chloroform and methanol mixture of solvent at room temperature. At last, the crude product was purified by performing flash column chromatography on silica gel to afford compound 2 in a $62 \%$ yield.

The SAR studies on the crystal structure of $\alpha$-GalCer complexed with CD1d reveals that the analogue lacking the 4-hydroxyl group on the phytosphingosine exhibits slightly reduced activity as compared to $\alpha$-GalCer. ${ }^{20}$ However, the activity of analogue 2 lacking the 4 -hydroxyl group, which contains an additional hydroxyl group at the C-5 position of the phytosphingosine chain, remains worthy of investigation. Examining the binding activity of these newly formed compounds with CD1d molecules to stimulate NKT cells would be interesting. Many studies have reported on the biological activities of numerous derivatives with different functional groups at various positions of $\alpha$-GalCer. ${ }^{20}$ Based on computer modeling, Henon et al. suggested that the $4-\mathrm{OH}$ group in the sphingosine chain of $\alpha$-GalCer could form hydrogen bond with Asp80 of CD1d molecule and was important for the recognition of mouse NKT cells. ${ }^{21}$ However, whether the $4-\mathrm{OH}$ and $5-\mathrm{OH}-$ bonds play a role to anchor the ligand into the binding groove of CD1d molecule is unclear. Moreover, removing the $3-\mathrm{OH}$ and 2 -OH groups on the sphingosine chain of $\alpha$-GalCer caused no response of splenocytes when stimulated with glycolipid-loaded dendritic cells. ${ }^{22}$ These data suggested that the hydroxyl group on the sphingosine chain of $\alpha$-GalCer is very important.


Scheme 2 Preparation of $\alpha$-galactosyl ceramide analogue 2 .


Fig. 3 Biological activity of $\alpha$-GalCer analogue 2. The indicated glycolipids ( $5 \mu \mathrm{M}$ and $25 \mu \mathrm{M}$ ) were loaded onto A20-mCD1d cells and co-cultured with mNK1.2 cells. Three days after incubation, supernatants were harvested to determine the production of IL-2 by ELISA. Data were presented as means $\pm$ SD. ${ }^{*} p<0.05 \mathrm{vs} .25 \mu \mathrm{M}$ of $\alpha$-GalCer by one-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparison test.

To evaluate the biological activities of $\alpha$-GalCer and analog 2 (Fig. 3), B lymphoma cells overexpressing mouse CD1d/A20mCD1d was loaded with these glycolipids to stimulate the Va14expressing mNK1.2 cells to produce IL-2 and the level of IL-2 was determined by ELISA. As shown in Fig. 2, $\alpha$-GalCer induced the production of IL-2 in a dose-dependent manner $(5 \mu \mathrm{M}$ : $305 \pm 7.3$ and $25 \mu \mathrm{M}: 404 \pm 9.7$ ). IL-2 induction by analog 2 at $5 \mu \mathrm{M}(323.4 \pm 27.4)$ was comparable to $\alpha$-GalCer, but significantly lower than $\alpha$-GalCer at $25 \mu \mathrm{M}(322.9 \pm 32.3, p<0.05$ by one-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparison test).

These results suggested that the hydroxyl group at the 4th position of the sphingosine chain of $\alpha$-GalCer is important for the CD1d $\alpha$-GalCer complex to stimulate the NKT cells. Whether such modification at the sphingosine chain of $\alpha$-GalCer could influence the Th1/Th2 polarization awaits future investigation.

## Conclusion

In conclusion, the Wittig reaction can be applied to extend the sphingosine chain of $\alpha$-GalCer. The unexpected formation of a diene analogue enables preparing unique type of $\alpha$-GalCer 2 derivative. Using the base LiHMDS rather than $t$-BuOK prevents the formation of unexpected olefination compounds. Otherwise, elimination occurs, and diene is the only product in various pyrano-type reducing sugar derivatives. The mechanism in which $t$-BuOK influences the outcome of the reaction has been proposed. This unusual effect of $t$-BuOK has been extended to the hexopyranoses of various sugar derivatives. The hydroxyl group at 4 th position of the sphingosine chain in $\alpha$ GalCer plays an important role for the interaction between CD1d-glycolipid complex and T-cell receptor of NKT cells.

## Experimental section

## General information

Some reactions were conducted in flame-dried glassware, under nitrogen atmosphere. Dichloromethane, tetrahydrofuran,
toluene and $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{N}$-dimethylformamide were purified and dried from a safe purification system containing activated $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$. All reagents obtained from commercial sources were used without purification, unless otherwise mentioned. Flash column chromatography was carried out on Silica Gel 60 (230-400 mesh, E. Merck). TLC was performed on pre-coated glass plates of Silica Gel 60 F254 ( 0.25 mm , E. Merck); detection was executed by spraying with a solution of $\mathrm{Ce}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{6}(0.5 \mathrm{~g})$, $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{6} \mathrm{Mo}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{24}(24 \mathrm{~g})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(28 \mathrm{~mL})$ in water $(500 \mathrm{~mL})$ and subsequent heating on a hot plate. Optical rotations were measured at $589 \mathrm{~nm}(\mathrm{Na})$ at $\sim 27{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, DEPT, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ COSY, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}^{13} \mathrm{C}$ COSY, and ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}^{1}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NOESY spectra were recorded with 400 and 600 MHz instruments. Chemical shifts are in ppm from $\mathrm{Me}_{4} \mathrm{Si}$, generated from the $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ lock signal at $\delta 7.24 \mathrm{ppm}$. IR spectra were taken with a FT-IR spectrometer using KBr plates. Mass spectra were analyzed on a Finnigan LTQ-OrbitrapxL instrument with an ESI source.

2,3,4-Tri-O-benzyl-6-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\alpha$-d-galactopyra-nosyl)-d-galactopyranose (5a). To a solution of 1-O-acetyl-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\beta$-d-galactopyranoside 3 ( 760 mg , 1.31 mmol ) in anhydrous dichloromethane ( 8 mL ) was added iodotrimethylsilane ( $232 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 1.63 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen atmosphere. After the reaction was stirred for 30 min , the mixture was evaporated in vacuo. Toluene ( 7 mL ) was added to the residue and evaporated in vacuo for three times. In another round bottom flask, a mixture of acceptor $\mathbf{4 a}(600 \mathrm{mg}, 1.33$ $\mathrm{mmol})$, diisopropylethylamine ( $227 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 1.31 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), tetrabutylammonium iodide ( $1.44 \mathrm{~g}, 3.92 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and $4 \AA$ molecular sieves in anhydrous toluene ( 7 mL ) was stirred for 10 min at $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen atmosphere. A solution of iodo-residue in toluene ( 7 mL ) was transferred into the reaction flask which contains acceptor, the mixture was kept stirring for 1 h , and ethyl acetate ( 20 mL ) was added to the reaction flask to remove white precipitate and molecular sieves by filtration through celite. The resulting mixture was extracted with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}(3 \times 15 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(15 \mathrm{~mL})$, and the organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated in $v a c u o$. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford the desired product $5 \mathrm{aa}(960 \mathrm{mg}, 75 \%) . R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.5$ $(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 2) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{29}+38.9\left(c 1.2, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \operatorname{IR}\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3445$, 3030, 1454, $1098 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; $\alpha$-form: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 7.39-7.23 (m, 35H, ArH), $5.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1), 4.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.90\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.89(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.88\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.78$ ( $\mathrm{d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $4.75\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right), 4.60$ ( $\left.\mathrm{d}, J=10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.53\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $4.46\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.42(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.35\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.30(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 4.13 (m, 1H, H-3'), 4.03-3.89 (m, 7H, H-2, H-2', H-3, $\left.\mathrm{H}-4, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-5, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 3.62-3.48$ (m, 4H, H-6a, H-6b, H-6a', H-6b'), $3.41(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 138.62(\mathrm{C}), 138.58$ (C), 138.5 (C), $138.4(\mathrm{C} \times 2), 138.2$ (C), 137.5 (C), $128.4(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 128.23(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.19(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.15(\mathrm{CH} \times$ 4), $128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.04(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.01(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.96$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.61(\mathrm{CH}), 127.57(\mathrm{CH})$, $127.5(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.4(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.34(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.30(\mathrm{CH} \times$ 2), $98.4(\mathrm{CH}), 91.5(\mathrm{CH}), 78.9(\mathrm{CH}), 78.6(\mathrm{CH}), 76.4(\mathrm{CH}), 76.3$
$(\mathrm{CH}), 75.2(\mathrm{CH}), 74.6(\mathrm{CH}), 74.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.43\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $73.39\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.7$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 69.3(\mathrm{CH}), 68.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; \beta$-form: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.37-7.23 (m, 35H, ArH), 4.82-4.63 (m, 15H, H-1', CH2 Ph), 4.56 (d, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1$ ), 4.03-3.89 (m, 4H, H-2', H-3, H-3', $\mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), 3.82-3.68 (m, 4H, H-2, H-5, H-6a, H-6a'), 3.64-3.48 (m, 4H, H-4, $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-6 \mathrm{~b}, \mathrm{H}-6 \mathrm{~b}^{\prime}\right), 3.41(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 138.62$ (C), 138.58 (C), 138.5 (C), 138.4 (C $\times 2$ ), 138.2 (C), 137.5 (C), $128.4(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 128.23(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.19(\mathrm{CH}$ $\times 2), 128.15(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.04(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.01$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.96(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.61$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 127.57(\mathrm{CH}), 127.5(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.4(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.34(\mathrm{CH} \times$ $2), 127.30(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 98.2(\mathrm{CH}), 97.6(\mathrm{CH}), 81.9(\mathrm{CH}), 80.6(\mathrm{CH})$, $79.0(\mathrm{CH}), 76.2(\mathrm{CH}), 74.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.3(\mathrm{CH}), 74.3(\mathrm{CH}), 74.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $73.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.43\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.39\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.9$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.4(\mathrm{CH}), 68.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, M + Na ${ }^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{61} \mathrm{H}_{64} \mathrm{O}_{11} \mathrm{Na} 995.4341$, found 995.4380.

2,3,4-Tri-O-benzyl-6-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\alpha$-d-galactopyra-nosyl)-d-glucopyranose (5b). To a solution of 1-O-acetyl-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\beta$-d-galactopyranoside $3(1.90 \mathrm{~g}, 3.26 \mathrm{mmol})$ in anhydrous dichloromethane ( 20 mL ) was added iodotrimethylsilane ( $578 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 4.08 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen atmosphere. After the reaction was stirred for 30 min , the mixture was evaporated in vacuo. Toluene ( 17 mL ) was added to the residue and evaporated in vacuo for three times. In another round bottom flask, a mixture of acceptor $\mathbf{4 b}(1.50 \mathrm{~g}, 3.33$ mmol ), diisopropylethylamine ( $567 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 3.26 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), tetrabutylammonium iodide ( $3.60 \mathrm{~g}, 9.78 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and $4 \AA$ molecular sieves in anhydrous toluene ( 17 mL ) was stirred for 10 min at $65{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen atmosphere. A solution of iodo-residue in toluene ( 17 mL ) was transferred into the reaction flask which contains acceptor, the mixture was kept stirring for 1 h , and ethyl acetate $(30 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added to the reaction flask to remove white precipitate and molecular sieves by filtration through celite. The resulting mixture was extracted with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}(3 \times 20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(20 \mathrm{~mL})$, and the organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford the desired product $5 \mathbf{b}(2.33 \mathrm{~g}, 72 \%) . R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.5$ $($ EtOAc/Hex $=1 / 2) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{29}+39.0\left(c 1.3, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \operatorname{IR}\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3431$, 3030, 1454, $1096 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; $\alpha$-form: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $7.37-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 35 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 5.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1), 4.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right), 4.95-4.53\left(\mathrm{~m}, 12 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.42(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.35\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.07-4.00(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 3.97-3.83 (m, 4H, H-3, H-3', H-4', H-6a'), 3.753.68 (m, 1H, H-6b'), 3.54 (m, 4H, H-4, H-5', H-6a, H-6b), 3.40 (dd, $J=9.2,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 138.64$ (C), 138.59 (C), 138.5 (C), 138.4 (C), 138.1 (C), 137.9 (C), 137.7 (C), $128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.24(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.18(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.11$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.09(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.07(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.0(\mathrm{CH}), 127.82$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.78(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.74(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.72(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $127.71(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.69(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.67(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.65(\mathrm{CH}$ $\times 2), 127.6(\mathrm{CH}), 127.54(\mathrm{CH}), 127.49(\mathrm{CH}), 127.42(\mathrm{CH}), 127.37$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 127.31(\mathrm{CH}), 98.2(\mathrm{CH}), 90.7(\mathrm{CH}), 81.6(\mathrm{CH}), 80.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $78.2(\mathrm{CH}), 77.9(\mathrm{CH}), 76.5(\mathrm{CH}), 75.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.84\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.83$ (CH), $74.58\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.56\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.3(\mathrm{CH}), 69.3(\mathrm{CH}), 68.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 67.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; \beta$-form: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$

NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.37-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 35 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 5.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right), 4.97-4.53\left(\mathrm{~m}, 13 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-1\right), 4.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.30\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.07-3.39$ (m, 11H, H-2', H-3, H-3', H-4, H-4', H-5, H-5', H-6a, H-6b, H-6a', H-6b'), 3.27 (dd, $J=8.4,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 150 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 138.64(\mathrm{C}), 138.59(\mathrm{C}), 138.5(\mathrm{C}), 138.4(\mathrm{C}), 138.2(\mathrm{C})$, $138.1(\mathrm{C}), 137.5(\mathrm{C}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.24(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.18(\mathrm{CH}$ $\times 2), 128.11(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.09(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.07(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.0$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 127.82(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.78(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.74(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.72$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.71(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.69(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.67(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $127.65(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.6(\mathrm{CH}), 127.54(\mathrm{CH}), 127.49(\mathrm{CH}), 127.42$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 127.37(\mathrm{CH}), 127.31(\mathrm{CH}), 98.1(\mathrm{CH}), 97.1(\mathrm{CH}), 84.3(\mathrm{CH})$, $83.2(\mathrm{CH}), 78.4(\mathrm{CH}), 77.6(\mathrm{CH}), 75.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 75.2(\mathrm{CH}), 74.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $74.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.5(\mathrm{CH}), 74.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.6(\mathrm{CH}), 69\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 67.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{61} \mathrm{H}_{64} \mathrm{O}_{11} \mathrm{Na} 995.4341$, found 995.4343.

2,3,4-Tri-O-bezyl-6-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\alpha$-d-galactopyran-osyl)-d-mannopyranoside (5c). To a solution of 1-O-acetyl-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\beta$-d-galactopyranoside 3 ( $200 \mathrm{mg}, 0.34$ mmol ) in anhydrous dichloromethane ( 2 mL ) was added iodotrimethylsilane ( $62 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.43 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen atmosphere. After the reaction was stirred for 30 min , the mixture was evaporated in vacuo. Toluene ( 2 mL ) was added to the residue and evaporated in vacuo for three times. In another round bottom flask, a mixture of acceptor $\mathbf{4 c}(170 \mathrm{mg}, 0.38$ mmol ), diisopropylethylamine ( $60 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.34 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), tetrabutylammonium iodide ( $380 \mathrm{mg}, 1.02 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and $4 \AA$ molecular sieves in anhydrous toluene ( 2 mL ) was stirred for 10 min at 65 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen atmosphere. A solution of iodo-residue in toluene ( 2 mL ) was transferred into the reaction flask which contains acceptor, the mixture was kept stirring for 1 h , and ethyl acetate ( 10 mL ) was added to the reaction flask to remove white precipitate and molecular sieves by filtration through celite. The resulting mixture was extracted with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}(3 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$, and the organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford the desired product $5 \mathrm{c}(229 \mathrm{mg}, 69 \%) . R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.5$ $(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 2) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{29}+36.7\left(c 0.9, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \operatorname{IR}\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3422$, 3030, 1454, $1097 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.37-7.22$ (m, 35H, ArH), 5.13 (s, 1H, H-1), 5.01 (d, $\left.J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right)$, $4.92\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.86(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.79\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.74-4.59(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.55\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.42\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 4.07-4.00 (m, 3H, H-2', H-4, H-5'), 3.96-3.93 (m, 2H, H-3, H-6a), 3.87 (m, 2H, H-3',$~ H-4^{\prime}$ ), $3.78-3.71$ (m, 3H, H$2, \mathrm{H}-5, \mathrm{H}-6 \mathrm{~b}$ ), 3.53 (dd, $\left.J=9.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6 \mathrm{a}^{\prime}\right), 3.42(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ 9.6, $\left.6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6 \mathrm{~b}^{\prime}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 138.8(\mathrm{C})$, 138.6 (C), 138.51 (C), 137.46 (C), 138.4 (C), 138.3 (C), 137.6 (C), $128.5(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.43(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.36(\mathrm{CH} \times 5), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times$ 4), $128.2(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.02(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.01$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.94(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.88(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.7$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.61(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.56(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.50(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, 127.47 (CH), 98.1 (CH), 92.6 (CH), 79.9 (CH), 78.7 (CH), 76.7 $(\mathrm{CH}), 75.4(\mathrm{CH}), 75.1(\mathrm{CH}), 75.02(\mathrm{CH}), 74.96\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $73.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.0$
$(\mathrm{CH}), 69.4(\mathrm{CH}), 69.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 68.50\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, M + Na ${ }^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{61} \mathrm{H}_{64} \mathrm{O}_{11} \mathrm{Na} 995.4341$, found 995.4331.
( $2 S, 3 S, 4 Z, 6 Z$ )-3,5-di-O-benzyl-1-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\alpha$-d-galactopyranosyl)-octadec-4,6-dien-1,2,3,5-tetraol (6a). A mixture of disaccharide $5 \mathbf{5 a}(980 \mathrm{mg}, 1.00 \mathrm{mmol})$, tridecanyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $2.06 \mathrm{~g}, 4.03 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and potassium tert-butoxide ( $452 \mathrm{mg}, 4.03 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous THF $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was stirred at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen. After the reaction mixture was kept stirring for 3 h at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, water ( 20 mL ) was added to quench the reaction and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 30 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to give a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the only diene $\mathbf{6 a}$ ( $979 \mathrm{mg}, 96 \%$ ) as colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.5(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 3) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{29}$ +12.9 (c 1.6, $\left.\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; IR $\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu$ 3063, 2924, 1652, 1454, 1099 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.36-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 30 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH})$, $5.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 5.76-5.70(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7), 4.90(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.80\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right), 4.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.73-4.66\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-4\right), 4.59(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.54\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.49-4.37$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-3\right), 4.20\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.06(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 4.01\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.6,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H} 2^{\prime}\right), 3.90-3.87$ (m, 2H, H-3', H-4'), 3.74-3.69 (m, 1H, H-2), 3.66-3.62 (dd, 1H, H1a), 3.54 (dd, $J=11.2,3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 3.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-6 \mathrm{a}^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}^{2}-6 \mathrm{~b}^{\prime}\right), 3.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 2.27-2.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40-1.23\left(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.87\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 154.0$ (C), 138.9 (C), 138.73 (C), 138.68 (C), $138.5(\mathrm{C}), 138.0(\mathrm{C}), 137.6(\mathrm{CH}), 137.4(\mathrm{C}), 128.4(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $128.30(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.26(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.2(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times$ 2), $128.00(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.98(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.8$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.7(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.61(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.55(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $127.5(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.33(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.29(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 123.2(\mathrm{CH})$, $110.5(\mathrm{CH}), 98.1(\mathrm{CH}), 79.1(\mathrm{CH}), 76.4(\mathrm{CH}), 75.0(\mathrm{CH}), 74.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.8(\mathrm{CH}), 73.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.9(\mathrm{CH})$, $70.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.2(\mathrm{CH}), 68.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.64\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.63\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.61\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.60\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.5$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, M $+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{66} \mathrm{H}_{80} \mathrm{O}_{9} \mathrm{Na}$ 1039.5695, found 1039.5717.
(2S,3R,4Z,6Z)-3,5-Di-O-benzyl-1-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\alpha-$ d-galactopyranosyl)-octadec-4,6-dien-1,2,3,5-tetraol (6b). A mixture of disaccharide $5 \mathbf{c}(522 \mathrm{mg}, 0.54 \mathrm{mmol})$, tridecanyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $1.09 \mathrm{~g}, 2.15 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and potassium tert-butoxide ( $240 \mathrm{mg}, 2.15 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous THF $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen was stirred. After the reaction mixture was kept stirring for 3 h at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, water $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added to quench the reaction and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to give a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the diene $\mathbf{6 b}$ (457 $\mathrm{mg}, 84 \%)$ as colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.5(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 3) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{24}+35.13$ (c 0.8, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); IR $\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3063,2924,1608,1454,1059 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.36-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 30 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 5.83(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 5.73(\mathrm{dt}, J=12.0,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7), 4.91(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.80-4.71\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-4\right)$,
$4.67\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $4.55\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.46-4.42(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-3\right), 4.37\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.06-4.01\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 3.93-3.85(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-2, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 3.70-3.62$ (m, 2H, H-1a, H-1b), 3.49 (d, $J=6.6$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6 \mathrm{a}^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}^{2} 6 \mathrm{~b}^{\prime}\right), 3.04$ (bs, 1H, 2-OH), 2.28-2.24 (m, 2H, H8a, H-8b), 1.41-1.20 (m, 18H, CH $), 0.87\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 154.1$ (C), 138.8 (C), 138.7 (C), 138.6 (C), 138.3 (C), 137.9 (C), 137.5 (C $\times 1, \mathrm{CH} \times 1$ ), $128.34(\mathrm{CH}$ $\times 2), 128.31(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 128.19(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.15(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 128.04$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.96(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.82(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.77(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $127.64(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.61(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.5(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.4(\mathrm{CH} \times$ $2), 127.33(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.25(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 123.2(\mathrm{CH}), 111.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $98.2(\mathrm{CH}), 79.1(\mathrm{CH}), 76.3(\mathrm{CH}), 74.8(\mathrm{CH}), 74.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.9(\mathrm{CH})$, $73.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.3(\mathrm{CH}), 71.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.3$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.3(\mathrm{CH}), 68.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.62\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ $\times 2), 29.59\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right), 29.55\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $29.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{66} \mathrm{H}_{80} \mathrm{O}_{9} \mathrm{Na} 1039.5695$, found 1039.5732 .
(2R,3S,4R,5S)-3,4,5-Tri-O-benzyl-1-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl-$\alpha$-d-galactopyranosyl)-octadec-6-en-1,2,3,4,5-pentaol (7a). A mixture of disaccharide $5 \mathrm{a}(1.00 \mathrm{~g}, 1.03 \mathrm{mmol})$ and tridecanyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $3.15 \mathrm{~g}, 6.17 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 10 mL ) was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen. A 1.0 M solution of lithium hexamethyldisilylamide in THF ( $6.2 \mathrm{~mL}, 6.17 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to the reaction mixture and the reaction solution was stirred for 24 h at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Water $(20 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added to quench the reaction and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc $(3 \times 30 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to give a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the olefin $7 \mathbf{7 a}(1.05 \mathrm{~g}$, $90 \%$, cis-trans $=1.2: 1.6)$ as colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.3(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=$ $1 / 4) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{28}+46.8\left(c 1.6, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; IR $\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3483,2925,2360$, $1497,1061 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.34-7.15(\mathrm{~m}$, $70 \mathrm{H}), 5.72(\mathrm{dt}, J=15.6,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.58(\mathrm{dt}, J=11.6,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.50-5.44(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.18-4.64(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}), 4.60(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.47-4.44(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.41(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.35$ (d, $J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.14-4.07(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $4.05(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 3.93-3.89(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.81-3.71(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 3.57(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $10.4,5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.26-3.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 2.09-1.95 (m, 4H), 1.38-1.95 (m, 36H), $0.88(\mathrm{t}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 138.8(\mathrm{C} \times 2), 138.6(\mathrm{C} \times 2), 138.51$ $(\mathrm{C} \times 2), 138.48(\mathrm{C} \times 2), 138.33(\mathrm{C}), 137.32(\mathrm{C}), 138.26(\mathrm{C}), 138.2$ (C), 137.92 (C), 137.90 (C), $136.0(\mathrm{CH}), 135.0(\mathrm{CH}), 128.36(\mathrm{CH} \times$ 5), $128.35(\mathrm{CH} \times 5), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 7), 128.24(\mathrm{CH} \times 5), 128.21$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 128.19(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 128.15(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 128.07(\mathrm{CH} \times 3)$, $127.06(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.8(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.7(\mathrm{CH} \times$ 3), $127.60(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.57(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.52(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.48$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.45(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.42(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.35(\mathrm{CH} \times 3)$, $127.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 98.12(\mathrm{CH}), 98.06(\mathrm{CH}), 82.06(\mathrm{CH}), 82.04(\mathrm{CH})$, $79.9(\mathrm{CH}), 79.2(\mathrm{CH}), 79.1(\mathrm{CH}), 77.40(\mathrm{CH}), 76.3(\mathrm{CH}), 75.3$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 75.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 74.78\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.76\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.9$ (CH), $73.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.44\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right)$, $73.40\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.34\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $73.32\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.80$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.78\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.5(\mathrm{CH}), 69.42(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 69.37(\mathrm{CH}), 68.9$
$\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 68.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 3\right), 29.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 5\right)$, $29.59\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.55\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.39\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 3\right), 14.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \times\right.$ 2); HRMS (ESI, M $+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{73} \mathrm{H}_{88} \mathrm{O}_{10} \mathrm{Na}$ 1147.6270, found 1147.6261.
(2R,3R,4R,5S,6Z)-3,4,5-Tri-O-benzyl-1-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl-$\alpha$-d-galactopyranosyl)-octadec-6-en-1,2,3,4,5-pentaol (7b). A mixture of disaccharide $\mathbf{5 b}$ ( $730 \mathrm{mg}, 0.75 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and tridecanyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $2.30 \mathrm{~g}, 4.50 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 7 mL ) was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen. A 1.0 M solution of lithium hexamethyldisilylamide in THF ( $4.50 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.50 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to the mixture and the reaction solution was stirred for 24 h at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Water $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added to quench the reaction and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc $(3 \times 20 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to give a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the olefin $\mathbf{7 b}$ (610 $\mathrm{mg}, 72 \%)$ as colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.3$ (EtOAc/Hex $=1 / 4$ ); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{27}+51.2$ (c 1.1, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); IR $\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3463,3030,2925,1497,1061 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.38-7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 35 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 5.68-5.58$ ( $\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7$ ), $5.40(\mathrm{t}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 4.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.86\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right), 4.82-4.51(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-5\right), 4.42\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.34\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.04(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $\left.9.6,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right), 4.01-3.97$ (m, 2H, H-2, H-5'), 3.95-3.90 (m, 2H, H-3, H-4), 3.81-3.68 (m, 4H, H-1a, H-1b, H-3', H-4), 3.553.44 ( $\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6 \mathrm{a}^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}^{2}-6 \mathrm{~b}^{\prime}$ ), 2.08-1.85 (m, 2H, H-8a, H-8b), 1.31$1.17\left(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 138.7$ (C), 138.63 (C), 138.60 (C), 138.57 (C $\times 2$ ), 138.3 (C), 137.8 (C), 135.8 (CH), $128.4(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 5)$, $128.21(\mathrm{CH}), 128.19(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.16(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times 5)$, $128.00(\mathrm{CH}), 127.98(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.9(\mathrm{CH}), 127.79(\mathrm{CH}), 127.76$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.68(\mathrm{CH}), 127.66(\mathrm{CH}), 127.53(\mathrm{CH}), 127.49(\mathrm{CH})$, $127.44(\mathrm{CH}), 127.38(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.33(\mathrm{CH}), 127.30(\mathrm{CH}), 126.7$ (CH), 98.7 (CH), 81.8 (CH), 79.01 (CH), 78.84 (CH), $76.4(\mathrm{CH})$, $75.5(\mathrm{CH}), 74.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.8(\mathrm{CH}), 74.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.4$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $70.0(\mathrm{CH}), 68.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.64\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.63$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.61\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.43\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.2$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS (ESI, M $+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{73} \mathrm{H}_{88} \mathrm{O}_{10} \mathrm{Na} 1147.6270$, found 1147.6296.
( $2 R, 3 R, 4 R, 5 R, 6 Z$ )-3,4,5-Tri-O-benzyl-1-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl-$\alpha$-D-galactopyranosyl)-octadec-6-en-1,2,3,4,5-pentaol (7c). A mixture of disaccharide $5 \mathbf{c}$ ( $903 \mathrm{mg}, 0.92 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and tridecanyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $2.84 \mathrm{~g}, 5.57 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 10 mL ) was cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen. A 1.0 M solution of lithium hexamethyldisilylamide in THF ( $5.6 \mathrm{~mL}, 5.6 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to the mixture and the reaction solution was stirred for 24 h at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Water ( 10 mL ) was added to quench the reaction and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to give a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the olefin 7c (726 $\mathrm{mg}, 70 \%)$ as colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.3(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 4) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{27}+42.6(c$ 1.1, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); IR $\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3400,3089,2924,1455,1095 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$

NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.34-7.16$ (m, 35H, ArH), 5.81-5.75 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7), 5.45(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.2,9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 4.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.87\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right), 4.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.73\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.66\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.63-4.53(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.50(\mathrm{t}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 4.42(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $4.34\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.06-4.00\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 3.95-3.82$ (m, 2H, H-2, H-3), 3.81-3.75 (m, 3H, H-1a, H-1b, H-4), 3.51-3.44 (m, 2H, H-6a', H-6b'), 2.20-2.01 (m, 2H, H-8a, H-8b), 1.40-1.25 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(100 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 138.67(\mathrm{C}), 138.66(\mathrm{C} \times 2), 138.54(\mathrm{C}), 138.52(\mathrm{C}), 138.1$ (C), $137.8(\mathrm{C}), 136.7(\mathrm{CH}), 128.37(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 3)$, $128.19(\mathrm{CH} \times 6), 128.18(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 128.1(\mathrm{CH}), 128.0(\mathrm{CH} \times 4)$, $127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.70(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.65(\mathrm{CH}), 127.60(\mathrm{CH} \times 3)$, $127.54(\mathrm{CH}), 127.48(\mathrm{CH}), 127.41(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.38(\mathrm{CH}), 127.33$ (CH), $127.26(\mathrm{CH}), 99.1(\mathrm{CH}), 80.6(\mathrm{CH}), 79.3(\mathrm{CH}), 78.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $76.4(\mathrm{CH}), 74.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 1, \mathrm{CH} \times 1\right), 74.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.6(\mathrm{CH}), 73.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.73(\mathrm{CH})$, $69.69(\mathrm{CH}), 69.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 68.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.66\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.64$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.63\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.61\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.3$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS (ESI, M $+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{73} \mathrm{H}_{88} \mathrm{O}_{10} \mathrm{Na} 1147.6270$, found 1147.6305.
(2R,3R,4Z,6Z)-1,3,5-Tri-O-benzyl-octadec-4,6-diene-1,2,3,5 pentaol (9a). Method A: a solution of hemiacetal $8 \mathbf{8 a}(100 \mathrm{mg}$, 0.19 mmol ) and dodecyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (378 $\mathrm{mg}, 0.74 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 1 mL ) was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by quick addition of potassium tertbutoxide ( $83 \mathrm{mg}, 0.74 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After stirring for 1 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was treated with water ( 2 mL ) and extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford olefin $\mathbf{9 a}(77 \mathrm{mg}, 71 \%)$ as a colorless oil. Method B: a solution of hemiacetal $\mathbf{8 d}(110 \mathrm{mg}, 0.20 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dodecyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $416 \mathrm{mg}, 0.81 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 1.1 mL ) was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by quick addition of potassium tert-butoxide ( $91 \mathrm{mg}, 0.81$ mmol). After stirring for 1 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was treated with water ( 1.2 mL ) and extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford olefin $9 a(95 \mathrm{mg}$, $80 \%$ ) as a colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.56(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 3) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{22}-9.1$ (c 0.8, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \nu 2925,2854,1729,1652,1497,1455$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.61-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH})$, 5.86 (d, $J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 5.76$ (dt, $J=11.6,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7$ ), $7.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 4.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.49\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $4.45-4.41(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3), 4.25$ (d, $J=11.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 3.72 (dddd, $J=10.4,7.2,3.6,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2$ ), 3.50 (dd, $J=10.0,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{a}$ ), 3.43 (dd, $J=10.0,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 2.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 2.26-2.20(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40-1.24\left(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 154.3$ (C), 138.5 (C), 138.3 (C), 137.9 $(\mathrm{CH}), 137.3(\mathrm{C}), 128.4(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.2(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.9(\mathrm{CH}), 127.8(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.7(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$,
$127.5(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 123.1(\mathrm{CH}), 110.4(\mathrm{CH}), 73.8(\mathrm{CH}), 73.5(\mathrm{CH})$, $73.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.65$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.64\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right), 29.56\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.54\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, M + $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{39} \mathrm{H}_{52} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Na} 607.3758$, found 607.3762.
( $2 R, 3 S, 4 Z, 6 Z$ )-1,3,5-Tri-O-benzyl-octadec-4,6-diene-1,2,3,5tetraol (9b). Method A: a solution of hemiacetal $\mathbf{8 b} \mathbf{( 1 0 0 ~ m g , ~} 0.19$ mmol ) and dodecyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( 378 mg , 0.74 mmol ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 5 mL ) was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by quick addition of potassium tert-butoxide (83 $\mathrm{mg}, 0.74 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After stirring for 4 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was treated with water $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford the olefin $\mathbf{9 b}$ ( $98 \mathrm{mg}, 90 \%$ ) as a colorless oil. Method B: a solution of hemiacetal 8c ( $200 \mathrm{mg}, 0.37 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and dodecyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $760 \mathrm{mg}, 1.48 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 2 mL ) was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by quick addition of potassium tert-butoxide ( $170 \mathrm{mg}, 1.48 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After stirring for 2 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was treated with water ( 5 mL ) and extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times$ 5 mL ). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford the olefin $\mathbf{9 b}(170 \mathrm{mg}, 79 \%)$ as a colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.55(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 3) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{23}+15.3(c 0.5$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \nu 3567,3463,3064,3031,2925,2854,1651$, $1496,1457 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.35-7.22(\mathrm{~m}$, $15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 5.76 (d, $J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6$ ), 5.77 (dt, $J=12.0,7.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7), 4.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 4.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, 4.59 (dd, $J=9.6,4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3$ ), $4.52-4.48\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $4.29\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.92-3.89(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 3.69(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 3.56(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.6,4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{a}), 3.50$ (dd, $J=9.6,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 2.35-2.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42-1.40$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.31-1.26\left(\mathrm{~m}, 16 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) 155.0 (C), 140.3 (C), 139.8 (C), 138.8 (C), $137.6(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.8(\mathrm{CH}$ $\times 2), 128.7(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.5(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.2(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $128.0(\mathrm{CH}), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 124.6(\mathrm{CH}), 112.1(\mathrm{CH}), 75.3(\mathrm{CH}), 73.6$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 73.5(\mathrm{CH}), 72.7(\mathrm{CH}), 71.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $30.34\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 30.29\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 30.16\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 30.11\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 30.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $29.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 23.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, M + $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{39} \mathrm{H}_{52} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Na} 607.3758$, found 607.3738 .
(2S,3S,4R,5S,6Z)-1,3,4,5-Tetra-O-benzyl-octadec-6-ene-1,2,3,4,5pentaol (10a). A solution of hemiacetal $8 \mathbf{8 a}(100 \mathrm{mg}, 0.19 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dodecyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $567 \mathrm{mg}, 1.11$ mmol ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 1 mL ) was cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by slow addition of lithium hexamethyldisilazane ( 1 M in tetrahydrofuran, $1.1 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.11 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After stirring for 24 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was treated with water (1 $\mathrm{mL})$ and extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford the olefin $10 \mathrm{a}(83 \mathrm{mg}, 65 \%, Z / E=2.4 / 1)$ as a colorless oil. 10a-Z: $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.48$ ( $\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 4$ ); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{22}-3.5$ (c 0.1, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \nu 3468,2925,2854,1648,1496,1210 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36-7.23(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.17-7.16$
(m, 2H, ArH), 5.65 (dt, $J=10.8,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7$ ), 5.44 (dd, $J=$ $11.4,9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 4.79\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.74(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.63\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.48$ (d, $J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $4.44(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.0,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5)$, $4.41\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.37\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 4.10-4.07 (m, 1H, H-2), 3.79-3.76 (m, 2H, H-3, H-4), 3.51 (dd, $J=9.6,6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{a}$ ), 3.47 (dd, $J=9.0,6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 3.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 2.06-1.95\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, 1.32-1.25 (m, 18H, CH2), $0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 138.4$ (C), 138.22 (C), 138.15 (C), 138.0 (C), $135.5(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 8), 128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.99(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $127.97(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.7(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.6(\mathrm{CH}), 127.53(\mathrm{CH})$, $127.50(\mathrm{CH}), 127.0(\mathrm{CH}), 82.5(\mathrm{CH}), 76.6(\mathrm{CH}), 75.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.3$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 73.11\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.06\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 3\right), 29.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.42\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $29.36\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS $(\mathrm{ESI}, \mathrm{M}+$ $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{46} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Na} 715.4333$, found 715.4348. 10a-E: $R_{\mathrm{f}}$ $0.44(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 4) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{23}-0.1\left(c 0.1 \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; $\mathrm{IR}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \nu$ 3361, 2925, 2853, 1649, 1497, $1209 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 600 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36-7.25(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.18-7.17(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 5.70$ (dt, $J=15.0,6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7), 5.40(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.6,9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6$ ), $4.78\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.35\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.11-4.08(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 4.01(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.4$, $5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 3.8$ (dd, $J=4.8,4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 3.76-3.75(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3), 3.51$ (dd, $J=9.0,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{a}), 3.47(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.6,6.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 3.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 2.04-1.98(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.33-1.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 138.5$ (C), 138.3 (C), 138.2 (C), 138.0 (C), $136.6(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 8), 128.12(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.07(\mathrm{CH} \times$ 2), $127.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.70(\mathrm{CH}), 127.66(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.62(\mathrm{CH})$, $127.53(\mathrm{CH}), 127.46(\mathrm{CH}), 127.0(\mathrm{CH}), 82.5(\mathrm{CH}), 80.6(\mathrm{CH}), 76.3$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 75.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $69.7(\mathrm{CH}), 32.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.70\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.66\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right)$, $29.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, M $+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{46} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Na} 715.4333$, found 715.4350 .
( $2 S, 3 R, 4 R, 5 S, 6 Z$ )-1,3,4,5-Tetra-O-benzyl-octadec-6-ene-1,2,3,4,5pentaol (10b). A solution of hemiacetal $\mathbf{8 b}(100 \mathrm{mg}, 0.19 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dodecyltriphenylphosphonium bromide ( $567 \mathrm{mg}, 1.11$ $\mathrm{mmol})$ in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran ( 1.5 mL ) was cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by slow addition of lithium hexamethyldisilazane ( 1 M in tetrahydrofuran, $1.11 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.11 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After stirring for 24 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was treated with water ( 1 mL ) and extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford olefin $\mathbf{1 0 b}(94 \mathrm{mg}, 72 \%)$ as a colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.38(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 6) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{23}+26.5\left(c 0.7, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \nu 3565,3475,3088,2925,2854,1600,1496,1457 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.37-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 5.67$ (dt, $J=10.8,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7$ ), 5.47 (dd, $J=11.4,9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6$ ), $4.80\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.74-4.68\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.62$ (d, $\left.J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.58-4.46\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-5\right), 4.37$
$\left(\mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.01(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 3.77-3.72(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4, \mathrm{H}-3), 3.61-3.56(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 2.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $2-\mathrm{OH}), 2.07-2.01\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.30-1.16\left(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 138.45(\mathrm{C})$, 138.38 (C), $138.35(\mathrm{C}), 138.1(\mathrm{C}), 135.6(\mathrm{CH}), 128.55(\mathrm{CH}), 128.48$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 128.4(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 7), 128.2(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.9(\mathrm{CH} \times$ 2), $127.8(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.6(\mathrm{CH}), 127.5(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 127.0(\mathrm{CH}), 126.9(\mathrm{CH}), 81.8(\mathrm{CH}), 78.3(\mathrm{CH}), 74.9(\mathrm{CH})$, $74.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.5(\mathrm{CH}), 70.2$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right), 29.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{46} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Na} 715.4333$, found 715.4349.
( $2 S, 3 R, 4 R, 5 R$ )-1,3,4,5-Tetra-O-benzyl-octadec-6-ene-1,2,3,4,5pentaol (10c). A solution of hemiacetal $8 \mathbf{c}(100 \mathrm{mg}, 0.18 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dodecyltriphenylphosphonium bromide $(567 \mathrm{mg}, 1.11$ $\mathrm{mmol})$ in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran $(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ was cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by slow addition of lithium hexamethyldisilazane ( 1 M in tetrahydrofuran, $1.1 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.11 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After stirring for 12 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was treated with water (2 $\mathrm{mL})$ and extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford olefin $\mathbf{1 0 c}(82 \mathrm{mg}, 64 \%)$ as a colorless oil. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.68$ $(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 3) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{23}-7.3\left(c 4.8, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) ; \mathrm{IR}\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3565$, 3475, 3064, 3031, 2925, 2854, 1599, 1495, $1457 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.38-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 5.83-5.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-7), 5.54-5.48(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 4.72-4.04\left(\mathrm{~m}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-5\right)$, 4.00 (bs, 1H, H-2), 3.89-3.56 (m, 1H, H-3), 3.84-3.83 (m, 1H, H4), $3.65-3.55(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1), 2.61(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 2.17-2.05(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.37-1.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.89-0.87\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (150 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 138.6$ (C), 138.51 (C), 138.47 (C), 138.4 $(\mathrm{C}), 136.7(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 8), 128.21(\mathrm{CH}), 128.16(\mathrm{CH}), 128.13$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 128.09(\mathrm{CH}), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.7(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.6(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $127.5(\mathrm{CH}), 127.44(\mathrm{CH}), 127.41(\mathrm{CH}), 127.37(\mathrm{CH}), 80.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $79.9(\mathrm{CH}), 74.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.93\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.6(\mathrm{CH}), 73.2$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.07(\mathrm{CH}), 69.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.65$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.62\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.60\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.51\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.47\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.32\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{46} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Na} 715.4333$, found 715.4343.
(2S,3S,4R,5R,6Z)-1,3,4,5-Tetra-O-benzyl-octadec-6-ene-1,2,3,4,5pentaol (10d). A solution of hemiacetal $8 \mathrm{~d}(168 \mathrm{mg}, 0.31 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dodecyltriphenylphosphonium bromide $(954 \mathrm{mg}, 1.86$ mmol ) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran $(1.7 \mathrm{~mL})$ was cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by slow addition of lithium hexamethyldisilazane ( 1 M in tetrahydrofuran, $1.9 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.86 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After stirring for 18 h at this temperature, the reaction mixture was treated with water $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to afford olefin $10 d$ ( $188 \mathrm{mg}, 87 \%, E / Z=1 / 2$ ) as a colorless oil. 10d-Z: $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.65$ (EtOAc/Hex $=1 / 4$ ); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{26}-39.1$ (c 1.0, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \nu 3058,3064,3031,2925,2854,1496$, $1456,1092,1066,1027 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.29-$ 7.22 (m, 20H, ArH), 5.77 (dt, $J=11.2,7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7$ ), 5.48 (dd, $J=10.4,10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 4.73\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.66$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.59\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $4.58\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$,
$\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.49-4.41\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-5\right), 4.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 4.17 (dddd, $J=8.0,6.0,6.0,2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2$ ), 3.90 (dd, $J=4.8,4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 3.80(\mathrm{dd}, J=4.8,2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3), 3.54$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 3.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH})$, 2.06-1.88 (m, 2H, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.30-1.20 (m, 18H, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $0.88(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 138.3(\mathrm{C}), 138.2(\mathrm{C})$, $138.1(\mathrm{C}), 137.9(\mathrm{C}), 136.6(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 8), 128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times 2)$, $127.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.8(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.7(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.66(\mathrm{CH})$, $127.61(\mathrm{CH}), 127.51(\mathrm{CH}), 127.47(\mathrm{CH}), 126.5(\mathrm{CH}), 81.9(\mathrm{CH})$, $77.2(\mathrm{CH}), 74.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.1(\mathrm{CH}), 73.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.1$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.1(\mathrm{CH}), 70.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.63$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right), 29.60\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.2$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, M $+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{46} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Na} 715.4333$, found 715.4331. 10d-E: $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.59$ (EtOAc/ $\operatorname{Hex}=1 / 4) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{27}-29.6\left(c 1.0 \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) ; \operatorname{IR}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \nu 3509,3061$, 3031, 2925, 2854, 1496, 1456, 1209, 1097, 1065, 1027, $973 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.32-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 5.63(\mathrm{dt}$, $J=15.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7), 5.51$ (dd, $J=15.6,8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6$ ), $4.80\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.59\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.51\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.44\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.16-4.11(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 4.00(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.4$, $4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 3.91(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.2,5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 3.73$ (dd, $J=$ $6.0,2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3), 3.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 3.20(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 2.11-2.06\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40-1.26(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(100 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 138.4(\mathrm{C}), 138.2(\mathrm{C}), 138.1(\mathrm{C}), 138.0(\mathrm{C}), 137.6(\mathrm{CH})$, $128.31(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.29(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 128.27(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 128.1(\mathrm{CH} \times$ $2), 128.0(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.8(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 127.7(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 127.5(\mathrm{CH})$, $127.4(\mathrm{CH}), 126.5(\mathrm{CH}), 81.7(\mathrm{CH}), 80.6(\mathrm{CH}), 77.1(\mathrm{CH}), 74.3$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.9(\mathrm{CH}), 69.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $32.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right), 29.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $29.35\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.29\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.20\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS (ESI, $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}$) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{46} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Na} 715.4333$, found 715.4340.
(2S,3S,4Z,6Z)-2-Hexacosanoylamino-3,5-di-O-benzyl-1-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- $\alpha$-d-galactopyranosyl)-octadec-4,6-dien-1,3,5-triol (13). To a solution of compound $6 \mathbf{6 a}(150 \mathrm{mg}, 0.15$ mmol ) and triphenylphosphine ( $105 \mathrm{mg}, 0.40 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in anhydrous THF ( 2 mL ) at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was added diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (DIAD, $95 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.43 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) followed by dropwise addition of diphenylphosphoryl azide (DPPA, $78 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.40 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) to the reaction flask. After complete addition, the temperature was brought to room temperature by removing ice bath and the reaction was stirred for 1 h . Upon completion of the reaction, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc, and the resulting mixture was washed by water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification of this residue by column chromatography gives the compound 12 ( $147 \mathrm{mg}, 97 \%)$. The compound 12 ( $686 \mathrm{mg}, 0.66 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to a round bottom flask followed by the addition of triphenylphosphine ( $313 \mathrm{mg}, 1.19 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), pyridine $(2.0 \mathrm{~mL})$, water $(700 \mu \mathrm{~L})$, and tetrahydrofuran $(7.0 \mathrm{~mL})$. Then, the mixture was warmed up to $60{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and stirred for 12 h . The solvent was evaporated in vacuum to get a crude amine. This crude amine was dissolved in anhydrous dichloromethane $(7.0 \mathrm{~mL})$ at room
temperature, 1-[3-(di-methylamino)propyl]-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC, $205 \mathrm{mg}, 1.07 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), hexaeicosanoic acid ( $306 \mathrm{mg}, 0.77 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and HOBt ( $145 \mathrm{mg}, 1.07 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) were sequentially added to the solution, and the mixture was continuously stirred for 12 h . The reaction solution was diluted with EtOAc, and the resulting mixture was washed by water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. This resulting residue was purified by column chromatography to give the amide compound 13 (730 $\mathrm{mg}, 80 \%) . R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.4(\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{Hex}=1 / 5) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{29}+10.2\left(c 1.3, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; $\mathrm{mp}=79{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $\mathrm{IR}\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3428,2918,2360,1645,1454,1116$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.37-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 30 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH})$, $5.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 5.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-6), 5.73-$ $5.69(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-7), 4.90\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right), 4.79\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.73(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 4.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 4.61 (dd, $J=8.4,9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3$ ), 4.55 (d, $\left.J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.45\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.372$ ( $\mathrm{d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 4.367 (d, $J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 4.18-4.12 (m, 2H, CH ${ }_{2} \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{H}-2$ ), 4.04 (dd, $J=9.9,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-$ $2^{\prime}$ ), 3.94-3.89 (m, 4H, H-1a, H-3' $\left., ~ H-44^{\prime}, ~ H-5 '\right), ~ 3.72 ~(d d, ~ J=10.8, ~$ $3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b}), 3.50-3.43$ (m, 2H, H-6a', H-6b'), 2.22-2.11 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{H}-8 \mathrm{~b}$ ), 1.98-1.86 (m, 2H, CH 2 ), 1.51-1.46 (m, 2H, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.34-1.23\left(\mathrm{~m}, 62 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \times 2\right)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.6$ (C), 153.7 (C), 138.8 (C), 138.7 (C), 138.6 (C), 138.5 (C), 137.8 (C), 137.7 (C), 137.5 (CH), $128.33(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 128.29(\mathrm{CH} \times 4), 128.24(\mathrm{CH}), 128.17(\mathrm{CH} \times 3)$, $127.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.82(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.77(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.5$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.4(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.3(\mathrm{CH} \times 3), 127.2(\mathrm{CH}), 123.0$ (CH), $112.4(\mathrm{CH}), 98.8(\mathrm{CH}), 79.0(\mathrm{CH}), 76.5(\mathrm{CH}), 74.73(\mathrm{CH})$, $74.70\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 73.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 72.3(\mathrm{CH}), 70.8$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 70.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 69.4(\mathrm{CH}), 68.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 68.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.3(\mathrm{CH})$, $36.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 3\right), 29.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 20\right), 29.50\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.45$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right), 29.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 3\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \times 2\right)$; HRMS $\left(E S I, M+\mathrm{H}^{+}\right)$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{92} \mathrm{H}_{131} \mathrm{O}_{9} \mathrm{NNa}$ 1416.9716, found 1416.9722.
(2S,3S,5S)-2-Hexacosanoylamino-1-O-( $\alpha$-d-galactopyranosyl)-octadec-1,3,5-triol (2). Compound $13(118 \mathrm{mg}, 0.08 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}(3 / 1$ ratio, 2 mL ) at room temperature. $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} / \mathrm{C}(118 \mathrm{mg}$, Degussa type) was added to the reaction mixture, the reaction vessel was purged with hydrogen, and the mixture was stirred under 60 psi pressure at the same temperature for 1 day. The resulting solution was filtered through celite, the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo, and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to afford the compound 2 ( $43 \mathrm{mg}, 62 \%$ ). Compound 2 was unable to dissolve in d-solvents such as pure $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}$ or d-DMSO but it was slightly dissolved in d5-pyridine. $R_{\mathrm{f}} 0.6$ $(\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{DCM}=1 / 7) ; \mathrm{mp}=144-148{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{24}+39.7\left(c 0.3, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; IR $\left(\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) \nu 3280,2850,1148,1454 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}$, d5-Pyridine) $\delta 8.38$ (d, $J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 5.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1^{\prime}\right), 4.69-4.62\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right), 4.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-$ $4^{\prime}$ ), 4.50-4.38 (m, 6H, H-3, H-3', H-5, H-5' ${ }^{\prime}$ H-6a', H-6b'), 4.09 (dd, $J=10.4,5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{a}), 3.89$ (dd, $J=10.4,5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{~b})$, $2.69\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.45\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.41-$ $2.38\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.31-2.04\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.89-1.78(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.65-1.55 (m, 2H, CH $)_{2}$, 1.40-1.23 (m, 60H, CH $)^{2}$, $0.87-$
$0.83\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 150 MHz , d5-Pyridine $100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) $\delta$ $173.4(\mathrm{C}), 101.8(\mathrm{CH}), 73.1(\mathrm{CH}), 72.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 71.9(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 71.3$ $(\mathrm{CH} \times 2), 70.8(\mathrm{CH}), 63.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 50.0(\mathrm{CH}), 43.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 2\right), 39.8$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 32.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 4\right), 30.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 13\right), 30.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times\right.$ 5), $29.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 5\right), 26.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 26.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 23.0$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \times 3\right), 14.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \times 2\right)$. HRMS $\left(E S I, M-\mathrm{H}^{+}\right)$calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{50} \mathrm{H}_{98} \mathrm{O}_{9} \mathrm{~N}$ 856.7236, found 856.7222.

## General procedure for ELISA

Supernatant was collected three days after incubation and the production of IL-2 was quantified with DuoSet ELISA Development System (R\&D System, MN, USA). Briefly, capture antibody was coated on the plate overnight at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The plates were washed and blocked with blocking buffer ( $1 \%$ BSA in PBS). Then, samples were added and incubated for 2 hours at room temperature, washed three times with wash buffer $(0.05 \%$ Tween 20 in PBS), added the detection antibody, and incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. After washing, the plates were added streptavidin-HRP and incubated for 20 minutes at room temperature. After incubation, the plates were washed, then added substrate solution to each well, and incubated for 20 minutes at room temperature. Finally, added stop solution ( $2.0 \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ) and determined the optical density (OD450) by using a microplate reader (SpectraMax M2, Molecular device, CA, USA).

## Acknowledgements

The authors thank the Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST) in Taiwan (NSC101-2113-M-005-006-MY2) and National Chung Hsing University for financial support. The authors special thank Professor Dr Alice L. Yu and post-doctoral fellow Dr Jung-Tung Hung of Academia Sinica, Taipei 115, Taiwan, for performing the bioassay of analogue 2 .

## Notes and references

1 For reviews on the Wittig reaction, see: (a) B. E. Maryanoff and A. B. Reitz, Chem. Rev., 1989, 89, 863-927; (b) E. Vedejs and M. J. Peterson, Top. Stereochem., 1994, 21, 1-157; (c) M. Edmonds and A. Abell, in Modern Carbonyl Olefination, ed. T. Takeda, Wiley-VCH, Weinheim, Germany, 2004, ch. 1; (d) P. A. Byrne and D. G. Gilheany, Chem. Soc. Rev., 2013, 42, 6670-6696; (e) P. T. Parvatkar, P. S. Torney and S. G. Tilve, Curr. Org. Synth., 2013, 10, 288-317.

2 R. Kuhn and R. Brossmer, Angew. Chem., 1962, 74, 252-253.
3 (a) G. Wittig and G. Geissler, Justus Liebigs Ann. Chem., 1953, 580, 44-57; (b) Y. A. Zhdanov, Y. E. Alexeev and V. G. Alexeeva, Adv. Carbohydr. Chem. Biochem., 1972, 27, 277-299.
4 (a) R. Wild and R. Schmidt, Liebigs Ann., 1995, 755-764; (b) V. Costantino, C. Imperatore, E. Fattorruso and A. Mangoni, Tetrahedron Lett., 2001, 42, 8185-8187; (c) T. Berkenbusch and R. Bruckner, Chem.-Eur. J., 2004, 10, 1545-1557; (d) Y. Niu, X. Cao and X.-S. Ye, Helv. Chim. Acta, 2008, 91, 746-752.

5 (a) V. Aucagne, A. Tatibouet and P. Rollin, Tetrahedron, 2004, 60, 1817-1826; (b) M. Cieplak and S. Jarosz, Tetrahedron: Asymmetry, 2011, 22, 1757-1762.
6 (a) J. R. Pougny, M. M. Nassr and P. Sinay, J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Coттип., 1981, 375-376; (b) F. Nicotra, F. Ronchetti and G. Russo, J. Org. Chem., 1982, 47, 5381-5382; (c) P. Allevi, P. Ciuffreda, D. Colomb, D. Monti, G. Speranza and P. Mannito, J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1, 1989, 12811283; (d) F. Nicotra, G. Russo and L. Toma, Tetrahedron Lett., 1984, 25, 5697-5700.
7 (a) T. Natori, Y. Koezuka and T. Higa, Tetrahedron Lett., 1993, 34, 5591-5592; (b) T. Natori, M. Morita, K. Akimoto and Y. Koezuka, Tetrahedron, 1994, 50, 2771-2784.

8 (a) S. Hong, M. T. Wilson, I. Serizawa, L. Wu, S. Nagendra, O. Naidenko, T. Miura, T. Haba, D. C. Scherer, J. Wie, M. Kronenberg, Y. Koezuka and L. Van Kaer, Nat. Med., 2001, 7, 1052-1056; (b) S. Sharif, G. A. Arreaza, P. Zucker, Q.-S. Mi, J. Sondhi, O. V. Naidenko, M. Kronenberg, Y. Koezuka, T. L. Delovitch, J. M. Gombert, M. Leite-DeMoraes, C. Gouarin, R. Zhu, A. Hameg, T. Nakayama, M. Taniguchi, F. Lepault, A. Lehuen, J.-F. Bach and A. Herbelin, Nat. Med., 2001, 7, 1057-1062; (c) L. V. Kaer, Nat. Rev. Immunol., 2005, 5, 31-42.
9 (a) D. G. Pellicci, O. Patel, L. Kjer-Nielsen, S. S. Pang, L. C. K. K. Sullivan, A. G. Brooks, H. H. Reid, S. Gras, I. S. Lucet, R. Koh, M. J. Smyth, T. Mallevaey, J. L. Matsuda, L. Gapin, J. McCluskey, D. I. Godfrey and J. Rossjohn, Immunity, 2009, 31, 47-59; (b) D. M. Zajonc, C. Cantu III, J. Mattner, D. Zhou, P. B. Savage, A. Bendelac, I. A. Wilson and L. Tayton, Nat. Immunol., 2005, 6, 810818; (c) M. Koch, V. S. Stronge, D. Shepherd, S. D. Gadola, B. Mathew, G. Ritter, A. R. Fersht, G. S. Besra, R. R. Schmidt, E. Y. Jones and V. Cerundolo, Nat. Imтunol., 2005, 6, 819-826.
10 D. J. Baek, J.-H. Seo, C. Lim, J. H. Kim, D. H. Chung, W.-J. Cho, C.-Y. Kang and S. Kim, ACS Med. Chem. Lett., 2011, 2, 544-548.

11 M. Trappeniers, S. Goormans, K. Van Beneden, T. Decruy, B. Linclau, A. Al-Shamkhani, T. Elliott, C. Ottensmeier, J. M. Werner, D. Elewaut and S. Van Calenbergh, ChemMedChem, 2008, 3, 1061-1070.
12 (a) Y.-F. Yen, S. S. Kulkarni, C.-W. Chang and S.-Y. Luo, Carbohydr. Res., 2013, 368, 35-39; (b) R. C. Sawant, J.-T. Hung, H.-L. Chuang, H.-S. Lin, W.-S. Chen, A.-L. Yu and S.-Y. Luo, Eur. J. Org. Chem., 2013, 7611-7623.
13 S. S. Kulkarni and J. Gervay-Hague, Org. Lett., 2006, 8, 57655768.

14 (a) K. Worm-Leonhard, K. Larsen and K. J. Jensen, J. Carbohydr. Chem., 2007, 26, 349-368; (b) M. H. El-Badry, D. Willenbring, D. J. Tantillo and J. Gervay-Hague, J. Org. Chem., 2007, 72, 4663-4672.
15 O. Boutureira, M.-I. Matheu, Y. Díaz and S. Castillón, Carbohydr. Res., 2007, 342, 736-743.
16 I.-S. Kim, S.-J. Kim, J.-K. Lee, Q.-R. Li and Y.-H. Jung, Carbohydr. Res., 2007, 342, 1502-1509.
17 N. Ding, Y.-P. Liu, G.-K. Lu and Y.-X. Li, Chin. J. Chem., 2007, 25, 1069-1071.
18 C.-C. Lin, G.-T. Fan and J.-M. Fang, Tetrahedron Lett., 2003, 44, 5281-5283.
19 (a) R. Wagner, J. W. Tilley and K. Lovey, Synthesis, 1990, 785786; (b) A. Orsato, E. Barbagallo, B. Costa, S. Olivieri, L. De Gioia, F. Nicotra and B. La Ferla, Eur. J. Org. Chem., 2011, 5012-5019.
20 N. A. Borg, S. W. Kwok, L. Kjer-Nielsen, M. C. J. Wilce, D. G. Pellicci, R. Koh, G. S. Besra, M. Bharadwaj, D. I. Godfrey, J. McCluskey and J. Rossjohn, Nature, 2007, 448, 44-49.
21 E. Henon, M. Dauchez, A. Haudrechy and A. Banchet, Tetrahedron, 2008, 64, 9480-9489.
22 H. Iijima, K. Kimura, T. Sakai, A. Uchimura, T. Shimizu, H. Ueno, T. Natori and Y. Koezuka, Bioorg. Med. Chem., 1998, 6, 1905-1910.


[^0]:    Department of Chemistry, National Chung Hsing University, Taichung 402, Taiwan. E-mail: syluo@dragon.nchu.edu.tw; Fax: +886 (4)22862547
    $\dagger$ Electronic supplementary information (ESI) available. See DOI: 10.1039/c4ra03369h

