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A Deep Sea Docking Station for ODYSSEY Class Autonomous Underwater Vehicles

by

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Technical Report

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Department of Applied Ocean Physics and Engineering



A Deep Sea Docking Station for ODYSSEY Class Autonomous Underwater Vehicles

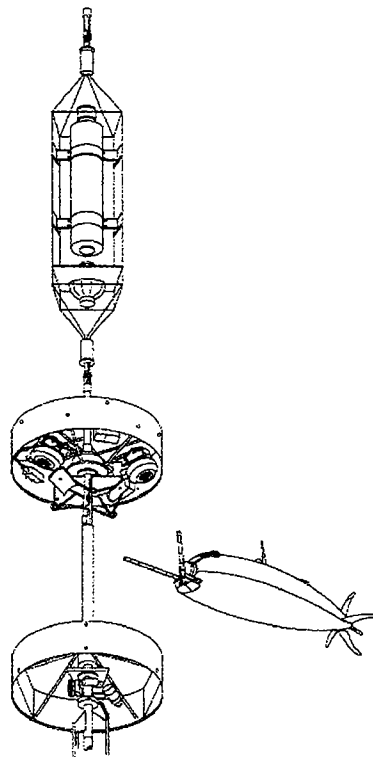
Electro-Mechanical Design, Fabrication and Operation
for the MIT Sea Grant
Autonomous Ocean Sampling Network (AOSN)

Prepared By:
M. F. Bowen, D. B. Peters



Version 1.0

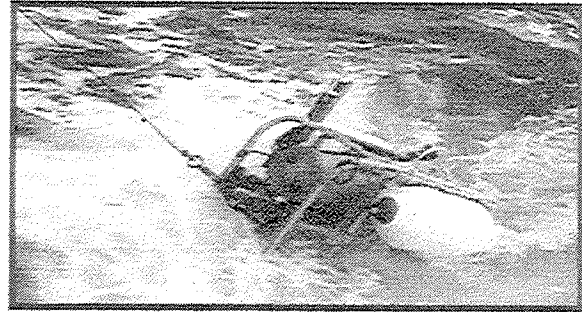
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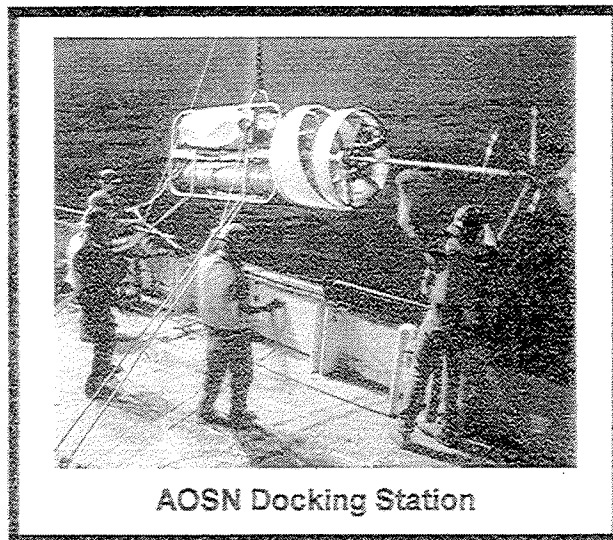
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Abstract

Under subcontract to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology's (MIT) Sea Grant Autonomous Ocean Sampling Network (AOSN) program, engineers and researchers at the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI) designed, fabricated and operated a deep sea Docking Station for ODYSSEY-class autonomous underwater vehicles (AUVs). The docking station provides shelter as well as power transfer and data exchange services for an AUV that is between autonomous midwater missions. The Station is integrated into the main tension member of a deep sea mooring system. A large subsea flotation sphere supports the mass of the Station above the seafloor. A surface expression connected by an umbilical to the Station was capable of bi-directional satellite or radio frequency communications. Primary subsystems of the docking Station described in this report include a dock controller with multi-sensor support, long-duration battery packs, a docking pole with a moving carriage, an inductive link for power and data transfer, and information about how the Station was deployed, operated and recovered. (159) Keywords: AUV, docking, mooring.

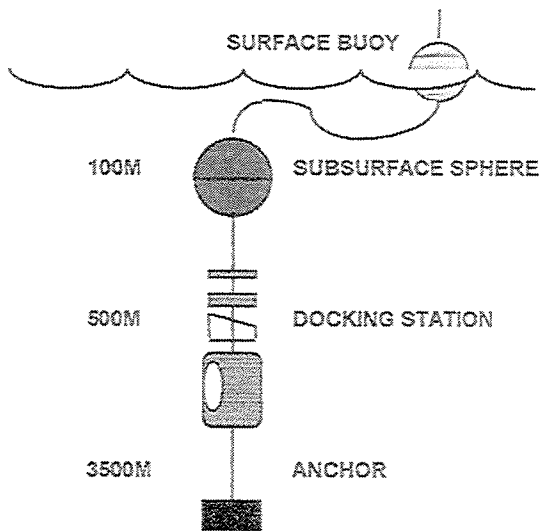
1.0 Introduction

The AOSN Deep AUV Docking Station was designed and built for MIT Sea Grant by the Deep Submergence Laboratory and the Applied Engineering Laboratory of WHOI and Electronic Design Consultants of North Carolina. The Station was fabricated in the summer of 1997, bench tested, wet tested, deployed to a depth of 500 meters in October 1997 during a test cruise to Site D off the New Jersey coast, revised at WHOI, and retested in preparation for an extended deployment. The Station was sealed and powered up again on 17 January for the (now-completed) 1998 AOSN cruise to the Labrador Sea on the R/V KNORR.

The Docking Station has not experienced a crippling failure since 17 January and has not been powered down since that date. The station was deployed a second time to a depth of 500 meters on 28 January for 14 days in the Labrador Sea and recovered successfully. A minimum of 30 days of on-board battery power has been consumed at the writing of this report.

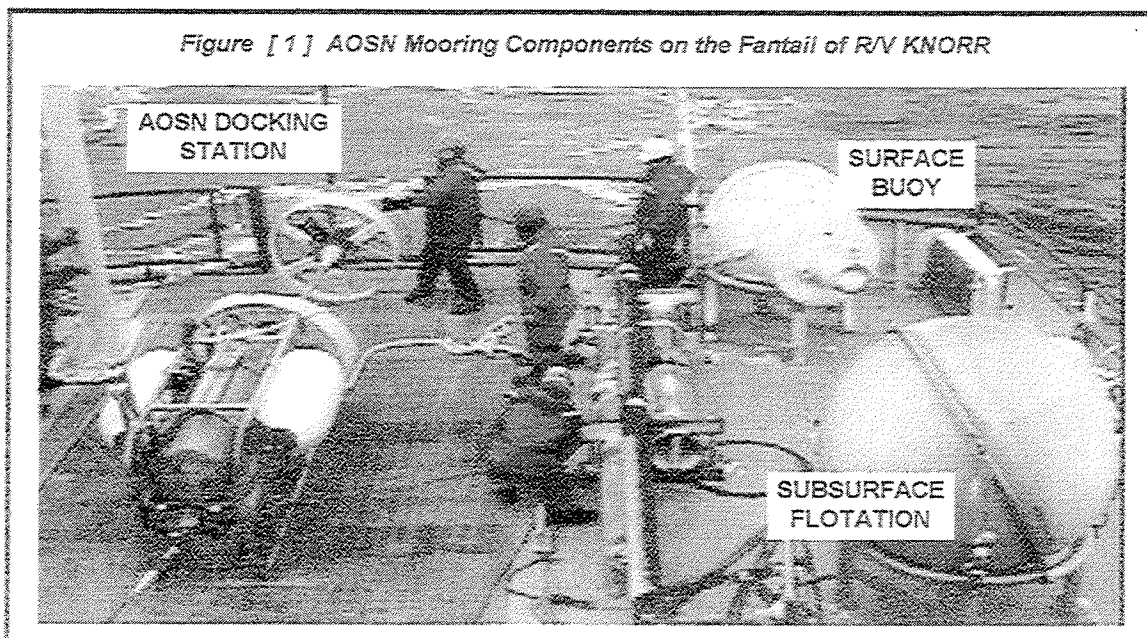
2.0 Mooring Background

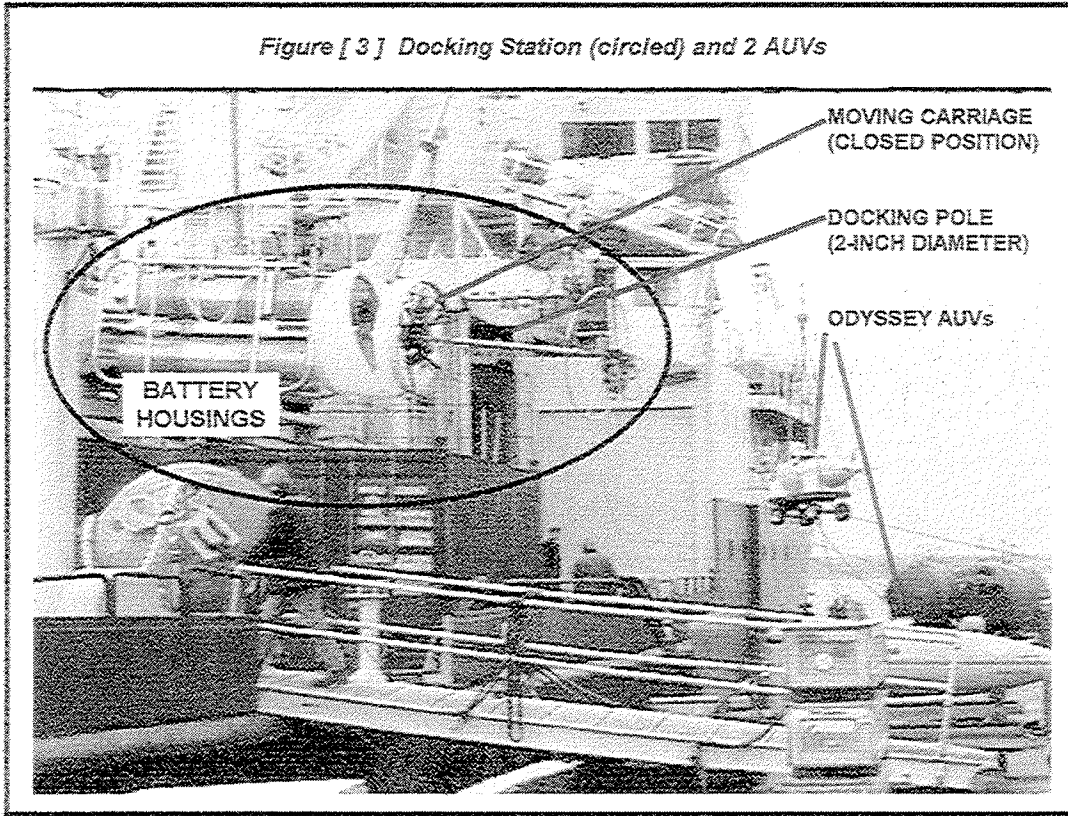
Three major mooring components appear in Figure [1]. The detailed design appears in Figure [24].



Except for the Docking Station itself, the remainder of the components and hardware making up the Labrador Sea AOSN Mooring have recognized histories of reliability and field longevity. The use of heavy duty strain reliefs, proven electro-mechanical terminations, a compliant s-tether configuration, pull-tested wire rope, new hardware and accurate ballast and buoyancy programs allowed mooring designers at WHOI to provide AOSN with a deep-sea system that was virtually trouble-free on two deep deployment opportunities, one in October 1997 and again this year in the Labrador Sea.

Data to and from the mooring, transmitted via satellite communications, are processed by electronics housed in the surface expression. Data transfer between the surface expression and the Docking Station occurs by a hardwired RS485 link. Data transfer between Station and AUV is accomplished by inductive link and acoustics.





3.1 Docking Station Controller

3.1.1 Housing

The Docking Station Controller (Doccon) is a pressure-proof, cylindrical housing rated to 2,000 psig. The material used for the two endcaps and housing tube is a 6061-T6 aluminum alloy. Other materials used in the construction of the Doccon include Delrin, 300 series stainless steel, and various forms of poly plastics. The aluminum is cathodically protected from corrosion by strategically placed zinc anodes. The housing is nine inches in outside diameter (ten inches with hardware) and fifty-two inches long. It weighs 95 lbs. in air. When sealed, a minimum of ten, ten-gram desiccant packets are added to the volume to ensure humidity control.

3.1.2 Chassis Layout

The Doccon chassis layout appears in Figure [4]. The chassis framework is made up of adjustable aluminum shelves mounted at four corners to perforated aluminum channel. The channel is secured to one endcap only, allowing easy removal of the entire chassis and associated feedthroughs from the housing tube. The chassis is 7.5 inches in diameter. All power conductors are twisted pairs. High voltage circuitry is shielded and/or drained. Craftsmanship in construction meets and exceeds the best commercial practices.

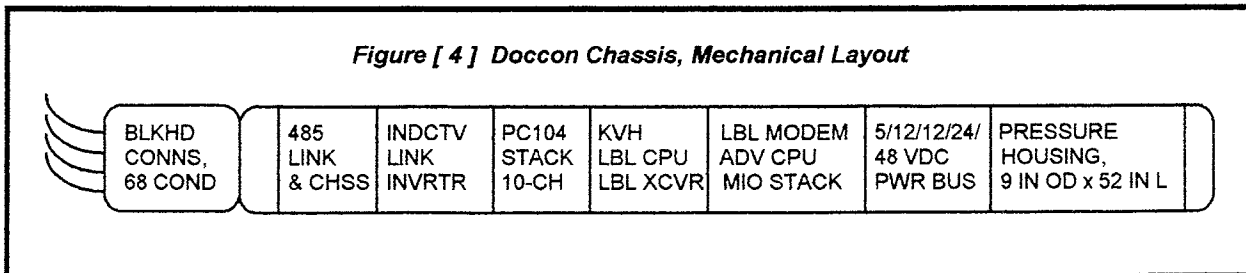
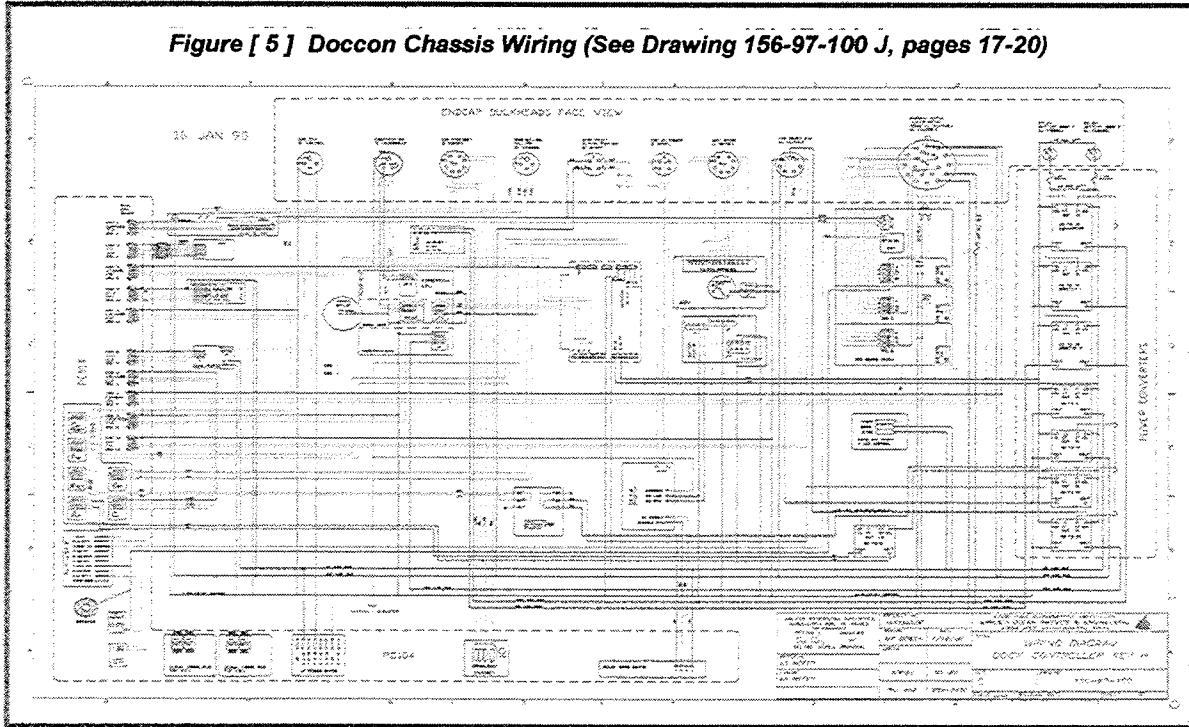


Figure [5] Doccon Chassis Wiring (See Drawing 156-97-100 J, pages 17-20)



3.1.3 Chassis Wiring

The Doccon chassis wiring diagram appears in Figure [5] and as attached Drawing 156-97-100 Rev J. The drawing conveniently details all circuit interconnects, bulkhead feedthroughs, and the design of the power supply buses in a single D-size document.

The Doccon functions as a one-atmosphere enclosure for all integrated electronics associated with the following subsystems: an RS485 to RS232 converter sends and receives signals from the surface expression; an inverter to drive the inductive link resides within an isolated metal chassis; a dc/dc converter supplies the inverter; a PC104 stack with a 80386 CPU and ten serial inputs is assembled with a hard disk drive, parallel port, relay card, video card, Ethernet card, 485 card, utility card, reset circuitry with inverting optoisolator, inverter enabling circuitry; a KVH digital inclinometer with serial output provides dock pitch and roll data; long-baseline navigation and communications is provided by an Edgetech PS8000 transceiver, an AM200 modem, and a transducer driver stack; another circuit card stack supports an acoustic Doppler velocimeter probe; and a three-card stack provides an interface for eight magnetic switch channels and reset I/O signals. Also included in the chassis are sail to RS 232 converter, disabled watchdog circuitry, and a Vicor-based dc/dc converter power supply bus, which consists of eight modules and boosters. The chassis is densely packaged and secured against cable strumming vibration and shocks caused by ship motion and over the side deployment. All of the chassis components have star-point common returns, which float, with respect to seawater. Only the inverter cage and LBL transducer case are grounded to seawater.

3.1.4 Wet Harnessing

A view of the AOSN Doccon external connections and wet harnessing is provided in Figure [6].

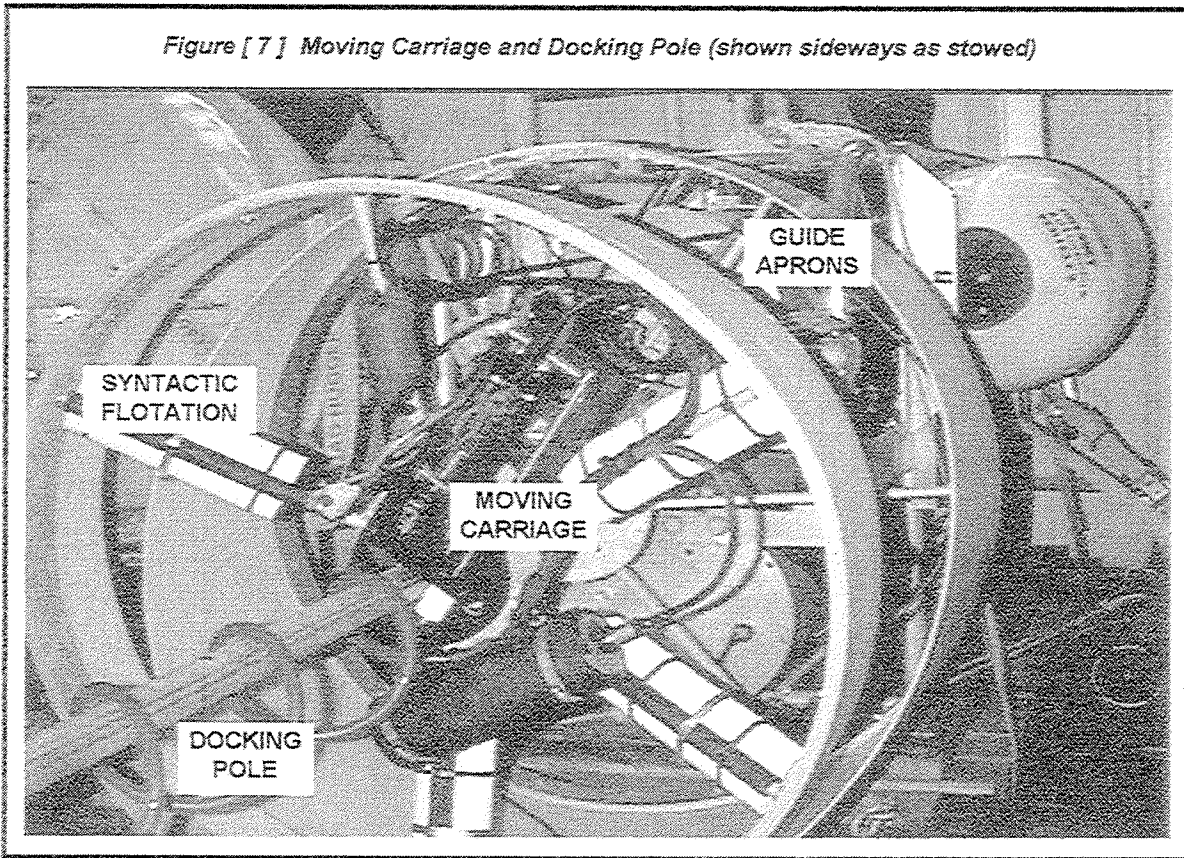


An effort was made to standardize models of pressure-proof connections in procurements from just two manufacturers. We also designed to avoid the pitfalls of interchangeability from bulkhead to bulkhead, which can cause catastrophic interconnection mishaps. The Doccon feedthrough endcap was designed with a 3x pressure safety margin to help guarantee against deformation and threadlocking. The two endcaps each contain radial and face o-ring seals.

3.2 Moving Carriage and Docking Pole

One and one half meters of a two-inch diameter stainless vertical docking pole are nominally available for the Odyssey AUV to latch onto and be serviced between pre-programmed data gathering missions. The pole has a keyway milled down one side through the dockable length. Inside this keyway rides an alignment key attached to a circular movable carriage. The carriage is designed to force the latched vehicle into a position where the inductive link is mated sufficiently to allow both Ethernet file transfer and power transfer. This is called the docked position. Eight bars of 36.5 lb./cuft syntactic foam provide the carriage with 4.8 lbs. of flotation, making the carriage almost neutrally buoyant in seawater at working depth. Docking pole and moving carriage are labeled in Figure [3]. Another view is shown in Figure [7] below.

Figure [7] Moving Carriage and Docking Pole (shown sideways as stowed)



3.2.1 Drive Mechanism

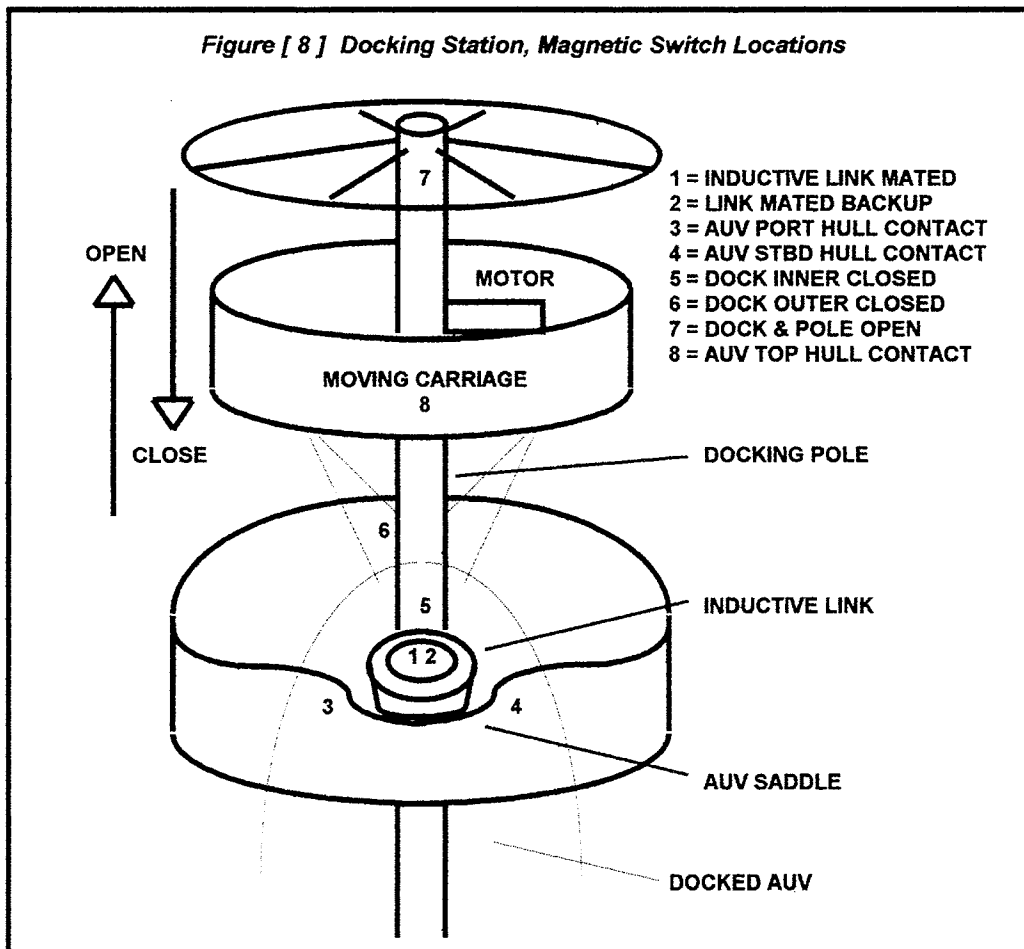
The moving carriage is driven up and down the pole by remote control using a motor, a polyurethane vee-shaped pinch capstan, a Delrin idler wheel and spring tension. The motor is a brushless DC design from WHOI which contains pressure tolerant electronics, hall effect feedback, thermal protection and a 144:1 gearbox enclosed in a 3-inch diameter by 10-inch long plastic housing. The motor, directly coupled to the pinch capstan, is back drivable. The carriage drive mechanism receives 48 VDC and sail commands from the Doccon. It is fused at seven amps.

3.2.2 Guide Aprons

The Docking Station carries two cylindrical guide aprons made of aluminum hubs and polyethylene cylinders, see Figure [7]. One apron is mounted to the moving carriage. The second apron is fixed at the bottom of the docking pole. This apron has a bilateral inclined edge and a saddle cut into it which directs a docking vehicle into the proper position for power and data servicing. A previous version of this scheme supported three possible docked positions instead of the single one present now. One station reduces overall station costs, reduces maintenance, reduces sensing requirements, and increases system reliability. The resilient poly material can withstand glancing collisions by a moving vehicle which may be approaching just high or low of the targeted point of collision at the pole's center. The aprons, the closed carriage and the vehicle latch prevent all six degrees of AUV movement.

3.2.3 Magnetic Switch Harness

An array of eight pressure-proof magnetic switches (normally open) wired in parallel to Doccon MIO circuitry provide topside indications of the moving carriage state and the degree to which the AUV has docked correctly. Two switches indicate the dock is closed to moving vehicles and that the carriage is down. One switch indicates that the carriage is up and the dock is ready to receive a vehicle. After a vehicle has latched and been squeezed into a fully docked position by the moving carriage, five magnetic switches describe the result. Two switches are located in the center of the inductive core; one is a backup. Three switches surround the circumference of the vehicle's hull at the starboard lower quadrant, the port lower quadrant and the center top. Figure [8] shows approximate magnetic switch locations.



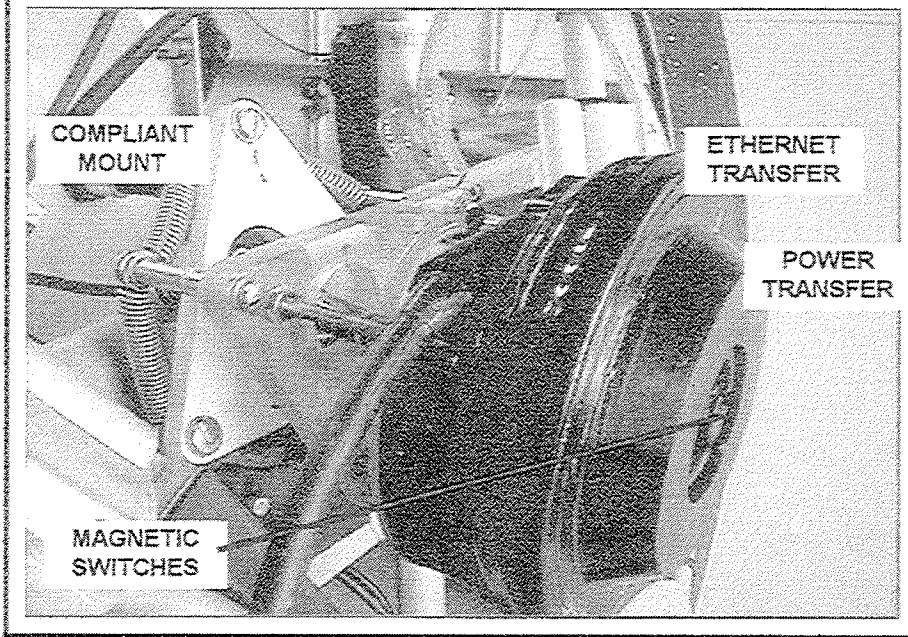
3.3 Inductive Link

The inductive link provides AC power into the vehicle for charging batteries and also provides a half-duplex Ethernet file transfer link. Two cores mate underwater with usually less than one-eighth of an inch between their surfaces. The vehicle carries a female core. The dock carries the mating male core. Both cores contain two epoxy-encapsulated coils for induction; the outer is Ethernet, and the inner is for AC power. (During transit to the operations site in the Labrador Sea a difficult decision was made that eliminated a previously satisfied requirement for power transfer through the Docking Station, however, this did not necessitate alterations, and the ability to induce Ethernet signals through the link was retained.)

3.3.1 Male Core Mounting, Docking Station

The male core is mounted to the Docking Station between the docking pole and the apron saddle. Three threaded stainless rods connect the core mechanically to a six-degree-of-freedom compliant mount. Figure [9] is a close-up image of the male core mounting arrangement. Total compliance of about one-half inch in all directions ensures that the mating cores have the best possible chance of making close contact.

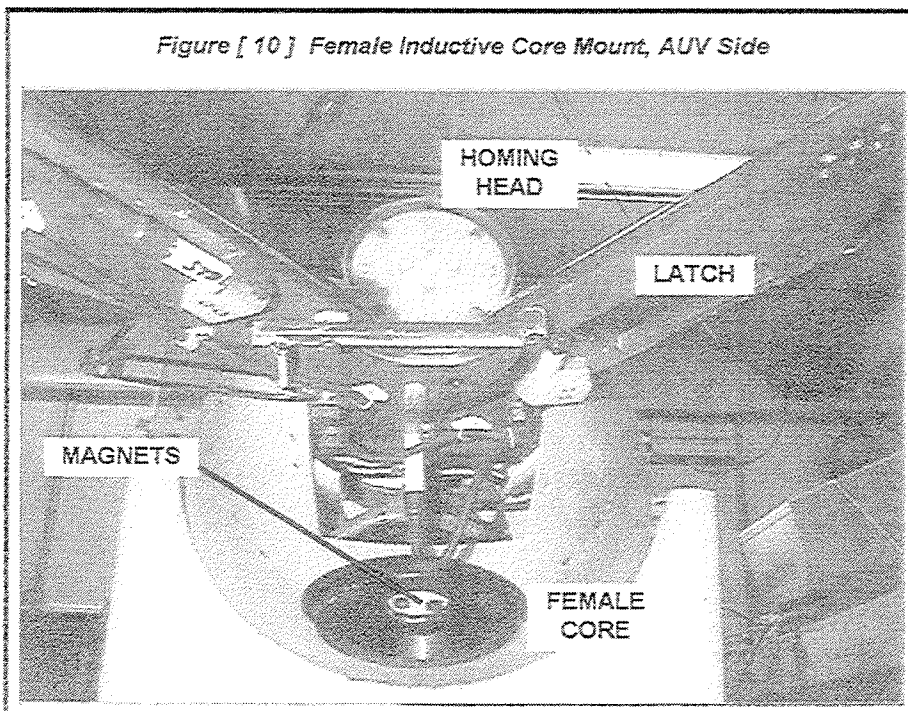
Figure [9] Male Inductive Core Mount, Docking Station Side



3.3.2 Female Core Mounting, Vehicle

Two female inductive cores are currently mounted to the underside (hull) centerline of two Odyssey AUVs behind the docking latch. Three threaded stainless rods connect the core mechanically to a six-degree-of-freedom compliant mount. Figure [10] is an uplooking image of a female core mounting arrangement. Total compliance of about one-quarter inch in all directions ensures that the mating cores have the best possible chance of making close contact. The female core is slightly more constrained in its alignment compliance due to a space limitation in the bow of the AUVs.

Figure [10] Female Inductive Core Mount, AUV Side

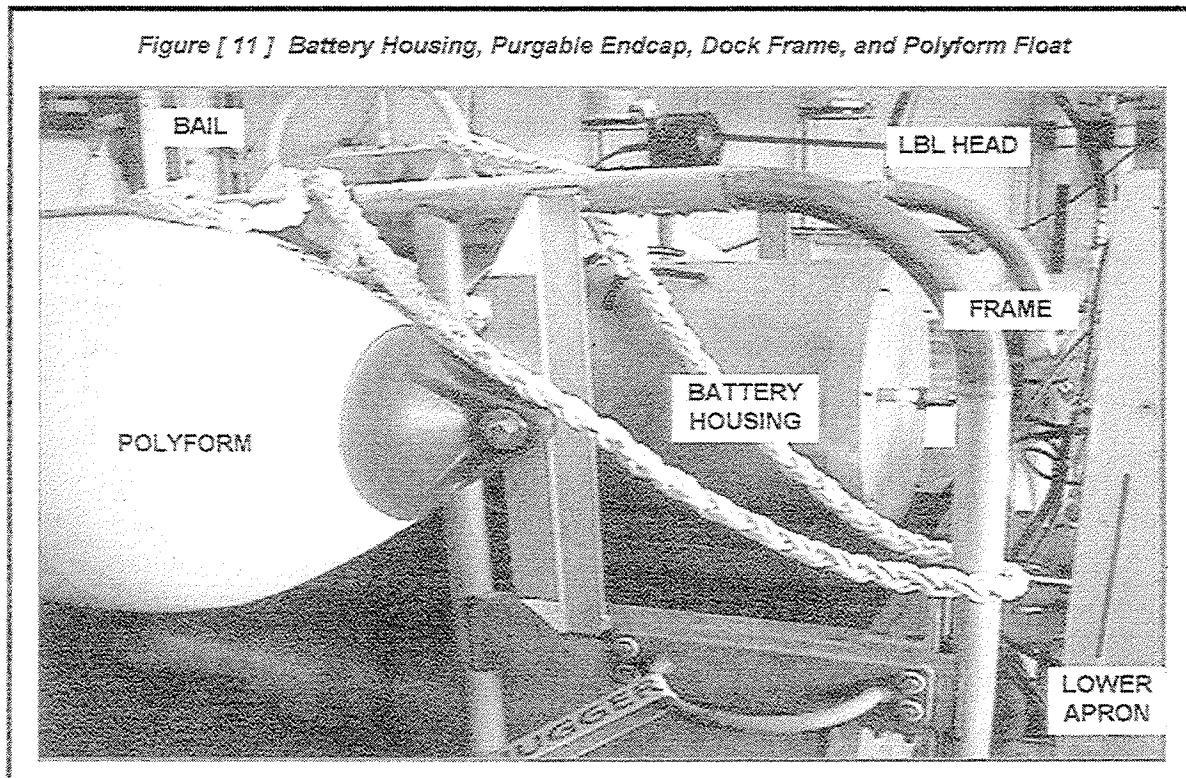


3.4 Housing Frame

The housing frame is a welded and sealed (one-atmosphere), tension-bearing device made of schedule forty 6061-T6 aluminum alloy pipe and fittings. It is an integral part of the mooring and is deployed to a depth of 500 meters when the mooring is paid out. The frame contains brackets and mounting hardware that support two large battery housings, the Doccon housing, wet harnassing, external sensors and collapsible flotation. It has a mooring termination at the bottom end. An adjustable lifting bail (yellow paint, see also Figure [12]) allows operators to move the entire Station from a single pick point whereby the assembled unit is balanced in air. At the top end the frame is bolted to the Docking Station pole. Eight rudder anodes protect the frame from corrosion. The housing frame and battery housings appear in Figures [2], [3] and [11].

3.4.1 Battery Housings

4,960 alkaline D-cells provide a minimum of four months worth of power for the Docking Station components and for vehicle battery bank recharging. The housings provide 65 to 66 VDC nominal output. The D-cells are arranged in pancake packs, stacked and secured inside both battery housings. The packs are diode and fuse protected. Throughout their operational life the housings are cyclically purged of any accumulated explosive gases and resealed with a slight vacuum. The battery assemblies used for the Labrador Sea cruise have been trouble-free. A battery housing, the frame and one polyform float appear in Figure [11].



3.4.2 External Sensors

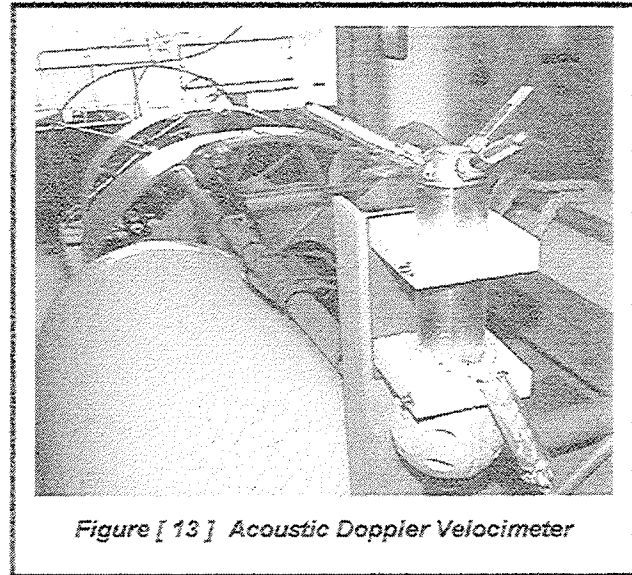
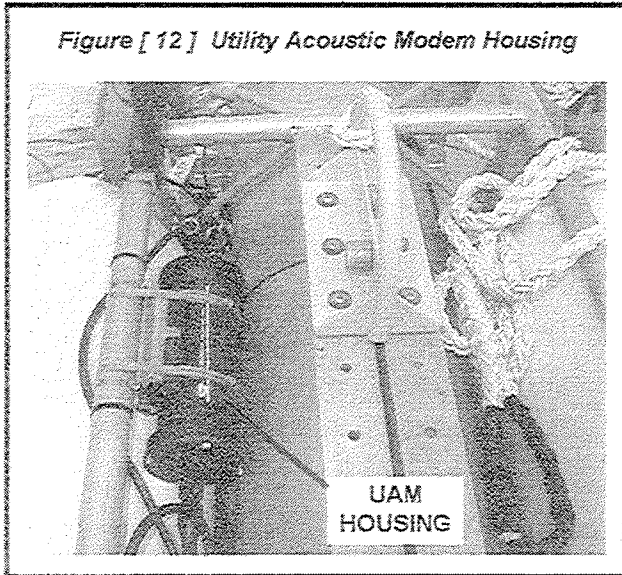
Certain integrated subsystems required that specific components be mounted external to the Doccon. These include the UAM, ADV, SBE, LBL and PARO. ADV and LBL have additional electronics that reside in the Doccon one-atmosphere space. UAM, SBE and PARO provide direct serial outputs to the PC104 computer.

3.4.2.1 Utility Acoustic Modem (UAM)

The WHOI designed and built Utility Acoustic Modem provides 9600 baud cableless communication between the Docking Station and an AUV, and between the Docking Station and a support vessel if either is within one kilometer of the mooring. It consists of: a black-anodized aluminum housing; a four-element receiver array which is mounted to the lower Dock frame; and an optional remote head sound source, which was not deployed on the frame for this cruise. The UAM housing appears in Figure [12].

3.4.2.2 Acoustic Doppler Velocimeter (ADV)

The ADV and probe provide AOSN researchers with precise current measurements in 3D space. The primary ADV electronics reside as a three card stack inside the Doccon. The remote probe was situated so that it pointed away from the body of the Station, and it was mounted at right angles to the axis of the mooring. The probe is fairly delicate, so an effort was made to place it away from Station launch and retrieval tag points. The ADV probe and mount appear in Figure [13].



3.4.2.3 Seabird RS232 Temperature Probe (SBE)

This sensor is one of three Seabird sensors on the AOSN mooring. One is powered from and read at the surface expression. A second is mounted on the subsurface flotation sphere and is read via RS485 link at the Doccon. This middle temperature probe is powered by a self-contained alkaline battery pack mounted to the subsurface sphere. The third sensor is mounted to the Docking Station frame. It has a standard RS232 serial output to the PC104 computer inside the Doccon, which also provides it with a nominal 12 VDC.

3.4.2.4 Long-baseline Remote Transducer Head (LBL)

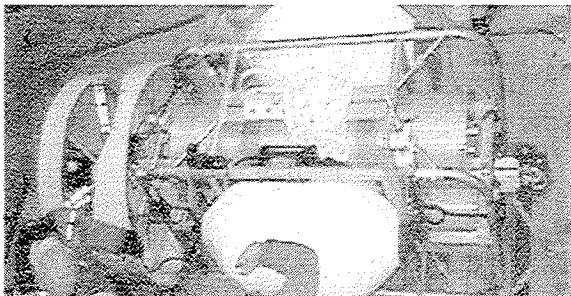
The remote transceiver head for the Edgetech long-baseline navigation system was mounted to the frame near the lifting bail. It appears at the top of Figure [11].

3.4.2.5 Digiquartz Intelligent Depth Sensor (PARO)

A precision Paroscientific depth sensor was mounted to the movable carriage. Data from the sensor relays not only carriage depth but also whether it is moving vertically with respect to the pole when remotely commanded.

3.4.3 Collapsible Flotation

Two large polyform floats were bolted high onto the battery housing frame. When fully inflated, each float provides 465 lbs. of positive buoyancy, see Figure [14] below.



The Docking Station weighs 930 lbs. in seawater. At the sea surface, the two polyforms allow the Station to be neutrally buoyant. This collapsible buoyancy ability increases the chance of deployment without collateral damage, particularly pole bending. As the Station leaves the surface and rotates to become vertical with the axis of the mooring, the polyforms shrink and their influence on the underwater mass is eliminated. One of two floats also appears in Figure [11].

3.5 Performance Analysis

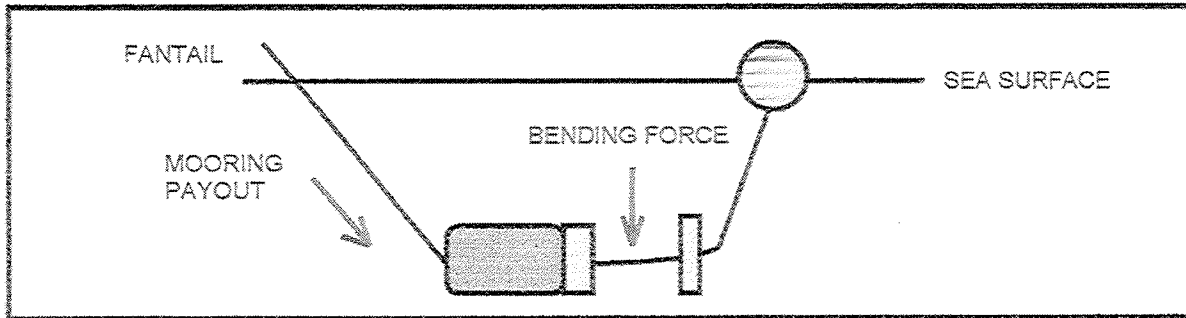
The station experienced four non-crippling faults in subsystems during its first 1998 immersion: the moving carriage became stuck; a battery connector experienced shallow water intrusion; the long-baseline (Edgetech LBL) navigation transmitter failed; and the carriage drive motor flooded during recovery operations.

3.5.1 Moving Carriage Fault

The movable carriage, which aligns a docked AUV into the power transfer position, was stuck in an indeterminate position for the entire deployment. A contingency plan was devised to repair the carriage as soon as the fault became critical to cruise goals. The mooring was recovered after immersion for two weeks for this and other reasons, but was not re-deployed due to constraints of weather and time.

The carriage became unstuck during mooring recovery making fault analysis difficult. An inspection was performed once the system was secured on deck. Our initial impression was that some interference occurred in the pole keyway, however these components had passed all operational tests at WHOI.

The pole was definitely bent during the recovery process while the station barrel-rolled in the water behind the stern and again when it was on the fantail and the rest of the mooring was trailing behind the ship. Conditions were rough. It is possible that the pole was bent earlier, upon deployment, when the dock inverted from a downward slant to an upward slant (see deployment sketch below).



If the pole was bent in this way slightly during deployment then the close tolerance of the moving carriage collar may have interfered with easy sliding on the pole. This theory coincides with depth sensor indications that the carriage was 0.4 meters below the pole center point. In this stuck position none of the three magnetic switches would have been activated.

Mooring tension would not have been sufficient to straighten the pole for normal operations. The moment required to yield the pole in bending is 36,000 in-lb. or 3,000 ft-lb. The mooring tension is 3,000 lb. Therefore the moment arm required for mooring tension to cause pole straightening is $3000 \text{ ft-lb.} / 3000 \text{ lb.} = 1 \text{ ft}$ (deflection in the opposite direction).

After recovery of the dock and mooring system the pole was straightened out on deck using a come-along. Pole concentricity was checked in case it had become deformed or "oblong". The pole was measured to have less than 0.010" out of round at the top and bottom, so a lack of concentricity was not part of this fault.

3.5.2 Battery Connector Leak

Accelerated activity in two sacrificial anodes revealed minor leakage inside a battery bulkhead connector. It is assumed that some minimal amount of saltwater (less than a fraction of a drop) entered the connector while it was in shallow water. The connection then sealed completely at depth. It operated properly throughout the deployment. It is unlikely, however, that this connection would have continued operating over a full four-month period of immersion. The battery housings are diode and fuse protected so this housing would not have contributed to dock failure over time, it was designed to shut down instead.

The connector has been cleaned, tested and re-mated.

3.5.3 LBL Transmitter Fault

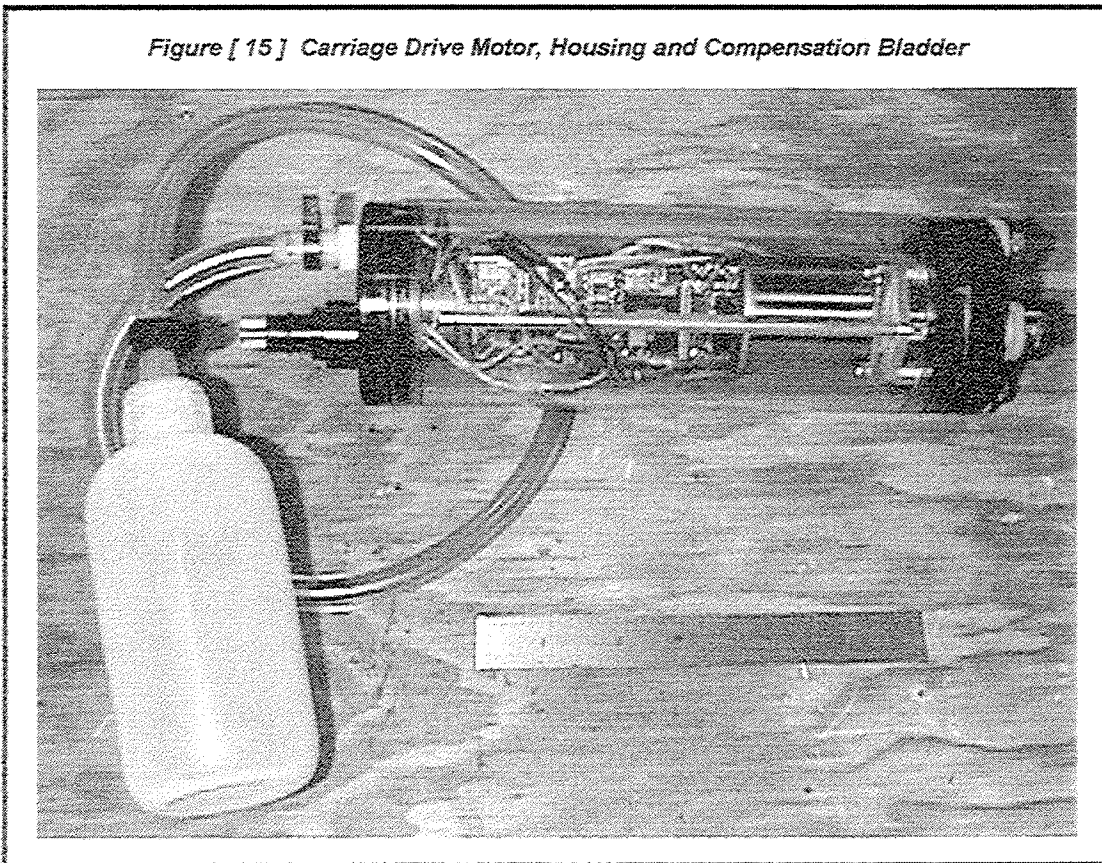
The Edgetech LBL transmitter located in the Docking Station Controller Chassis (Doccon) did not operate properly after final testing at WHOI. Some of its intended functions were replaced by adding a separate relay transponder to the mooring wire below the dock.

Both remote heads provided with the Edgetech LBL system leaked compensation oil before they were deployed. One was rebuilt and refilled at WHOI just prior the cruise and it operated without failure. The second was taken as an unreliable deep spare and has not yet been rebuilt. Many of the circuit boards had obviously been used, been reworked poorly or were corroded, and some had salt crystals between components.

The Edgetech system as delivered to MIT engineers included substandard commercial hardware and interface efforts with other subsystems of the Doccon were difficult from the beginning.

3.5.4 Carriage Motor Flooding

The carriage motor, which is compensated with non-toxic Carnation mineral oil, was partially flooded when the station reached the surface. It had been working properly throughout the two-week deployment. The motor was disassembled while we were on site. There was evidence that intense cable strumming had caused at least three screws to back out. One of them was critical; the seal screw that holds the whole housing together, end to end. This screw was not Loctited. It is estimated that the strumming occurred during the long recovery process and not during the two week immersion. A carriage motor and a compensation bottle appear in Figure [15].



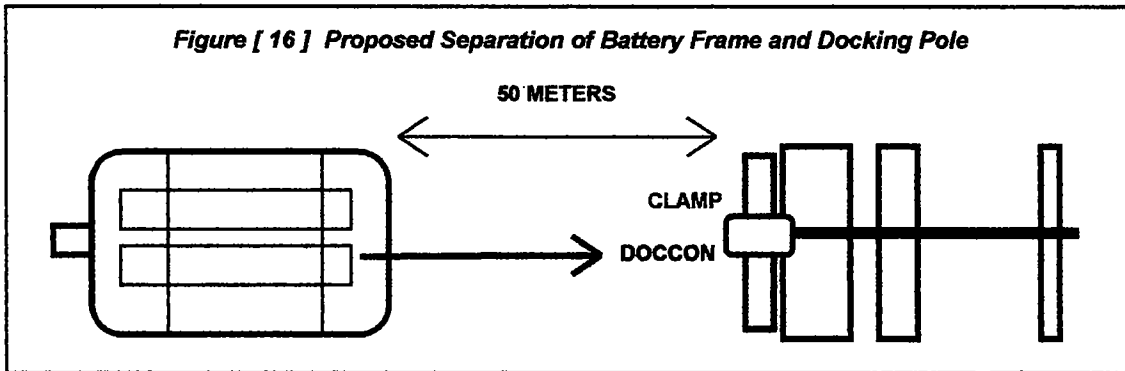
3.6 Proposed Improvements

All of the recommendations made below for the improvement of each subsystem mentioned can be implemented before the next AOSN cruise. The Docking Station System as described in this report has performed well under adverse conditions. The existing design, along with minor changes, will provide a timely and successful demonstration of a fully autonomous AOSN Docking Station for our sponsors at ONR and MIT.

3.6.1 Split Station Modification

I recommend that the docking station housing frame be separated from the juicer by fifty meters of four-conductor EM cable, see Figure [16]. WHOI mooring expert John Kemp agrees with this idea. A two-part Docking Station would be shorter, more easily handled, and less prone to pole bending.

The square base of the existing docking pole has a pattern of eight bolt holes. To these we can attach a triple-purpose clamp, which will: 1) support the Doccon housing across the bottom of the juicer; 2) support the ADV probe, UAM housing, UAM array, and LBL head; and 3) provide a new termination point. The batteries will remain in the existing station frame. This change requires the design of a stainless, triple-purpose clamp and an extra shot of terminated electro-mechanical (EM) cable for power transfer.



3.6.2 Pinch Capstan Modification

The designer of the pinch capstan assembly, WHOI's Don Peters, has been consulted about the sticking fault. He recommends that the design be changed to a totally roller-guided carriage rather than using a sliding collar and clamp arrangement. There is a tradeoff to consider between looseness of a sliding carriage to accommodate slight pole bending and situations whereby a loose key and keyway cause binding will increase. A newly proposed design implements a triad of guide wheels at both the top and bottom of the moving carriage, all of which have a large-OD-ridge that run in grooves in the pole. This way one could tighten the wheel to groove tolerances and still not hinder carriage movement on a curved pole. (The redesign suggested above is a work in process as of 10 June 1998.)

3.6.3 Edgetech Correction

A solution to the Edgetech LBL receiver fault will be discussed under a separate cover (MIT).

3.6.4 Carriage Motor Compensation

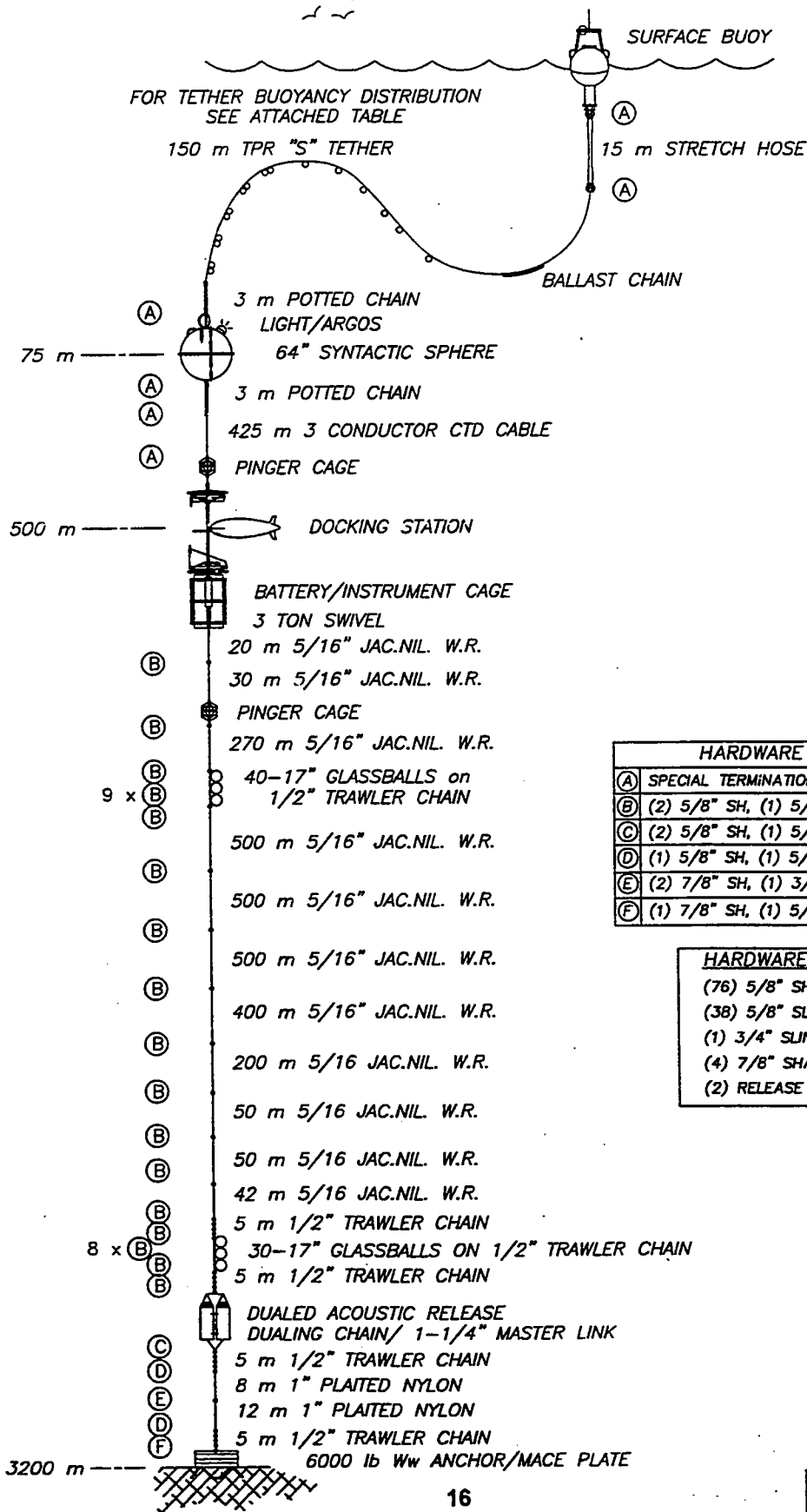
The motor compensation bladder should be pressurized to 2-3 psi above ambient rather than simply kept at ambient. Screws should be Loctited or secured in some manner. Costs and effort for this change are minimal.

3.6.5 Slow Scan Video System Addition

It was difficult to imagine the situation at 500 meters when the vehicle and the station were joined. It is recommended that a snapshot, slow scan video processor and CPU be added to the Doccon and tap into the 485 link to the surface. Also add a hi-resolution camera and 100 w/sec flash to the station carriage, looking downward. An interrupt from the surface or a timer fires off one shot which is reassembled at the surface as soon as the link can manage; however hi-speeds are not crucial. In this way operators will be able to look in on the dock situation without a demand for increased bandwidth from the as-built system.

The idea of a snapshot video system setup to look down the docking pole would satisfy a question raised in early 1997 regarding how the Station would be able to detect the presence of a docked vehicle if the carriage was not closed and the appropriate magnetic switches were not activated.

Figure [17] Odyssey Labrador Sea Mooring Detail, AEL Revision 4



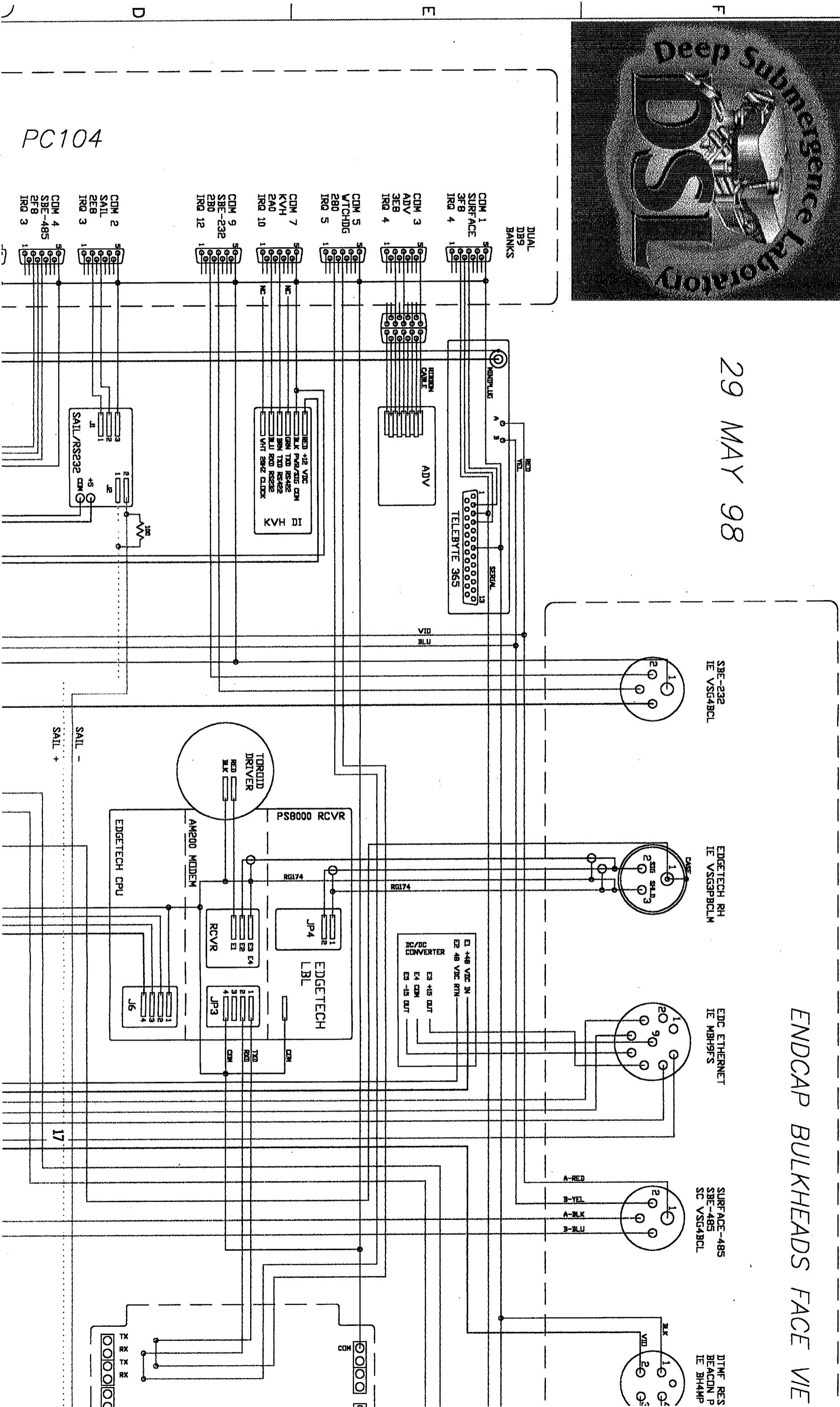
HARDWARE DESIGNATION	
(A)	SPECIAL TERMINATION
(B)	(2) 5/8" SH, (1) 5/8" SL
(C)	(2) 5/8" SH, (1) 5/8" SL, (1) RELEASE LINK
(D)	(1) 5/8" SH, (1) 5/8" SL, (1) 7/8" SH
(E)	(2) 7/8" SH, (1) 3/4" SL
(F)	(1) 7/8" SH, (1) 5/8" SL, (1) 5/8" SH

HARDWARE REQUIRED	
(76)	5/8" SHACKLES
(38)	5/8" SLING LINKS
(1)	3/4" SLING LINK
(4)	7/8" SHACKLES
(2)	RELEASE LINKS



29 MAY 98

ENDCAP BULKHEADS FACE VIEW



PC104

W

ET
VR DUT

EDC AC POWER
IE BHAFS

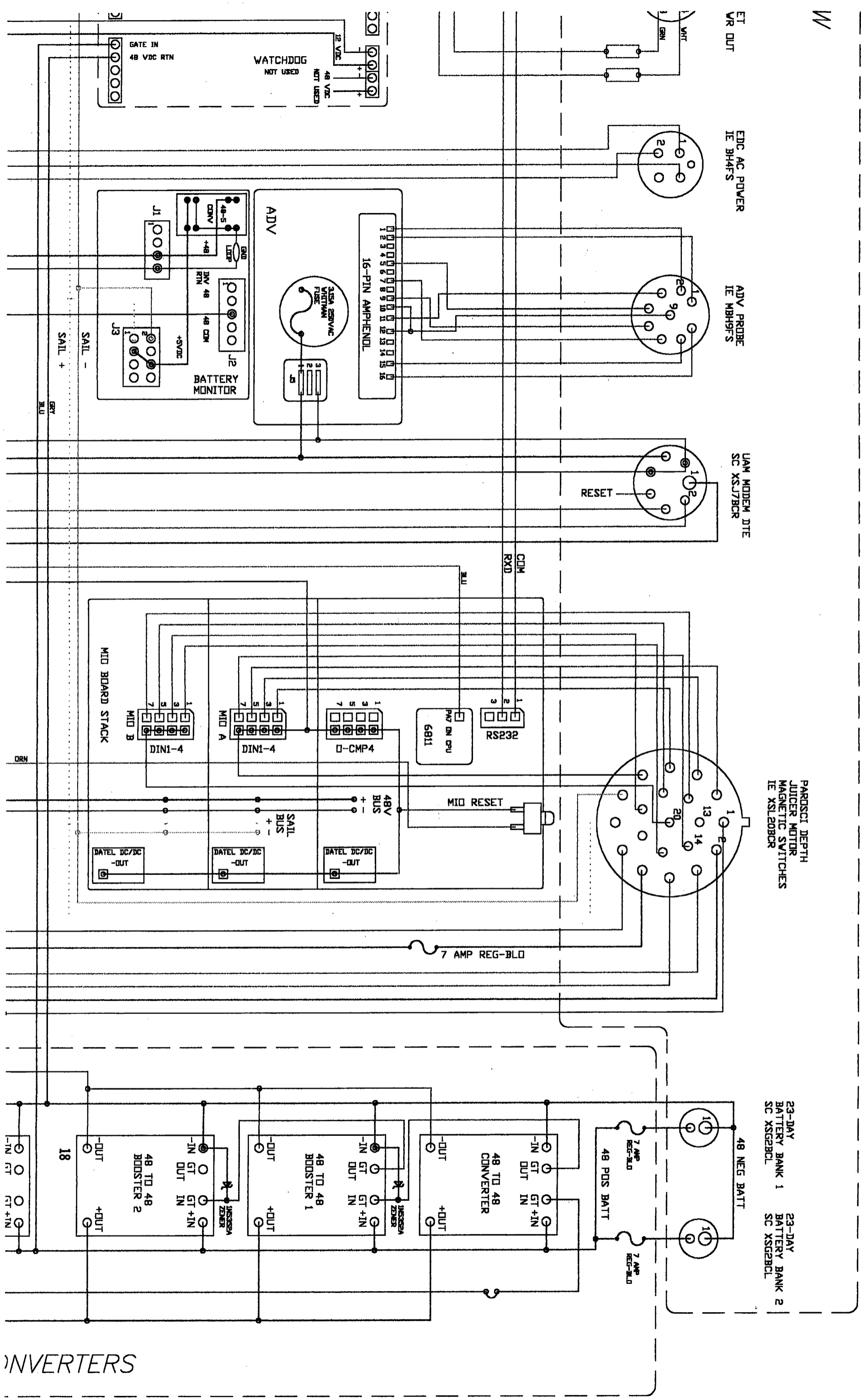
ADV PROBE
IE MBH9FS

UAM MODEM DTE
SC XSJ7BCR

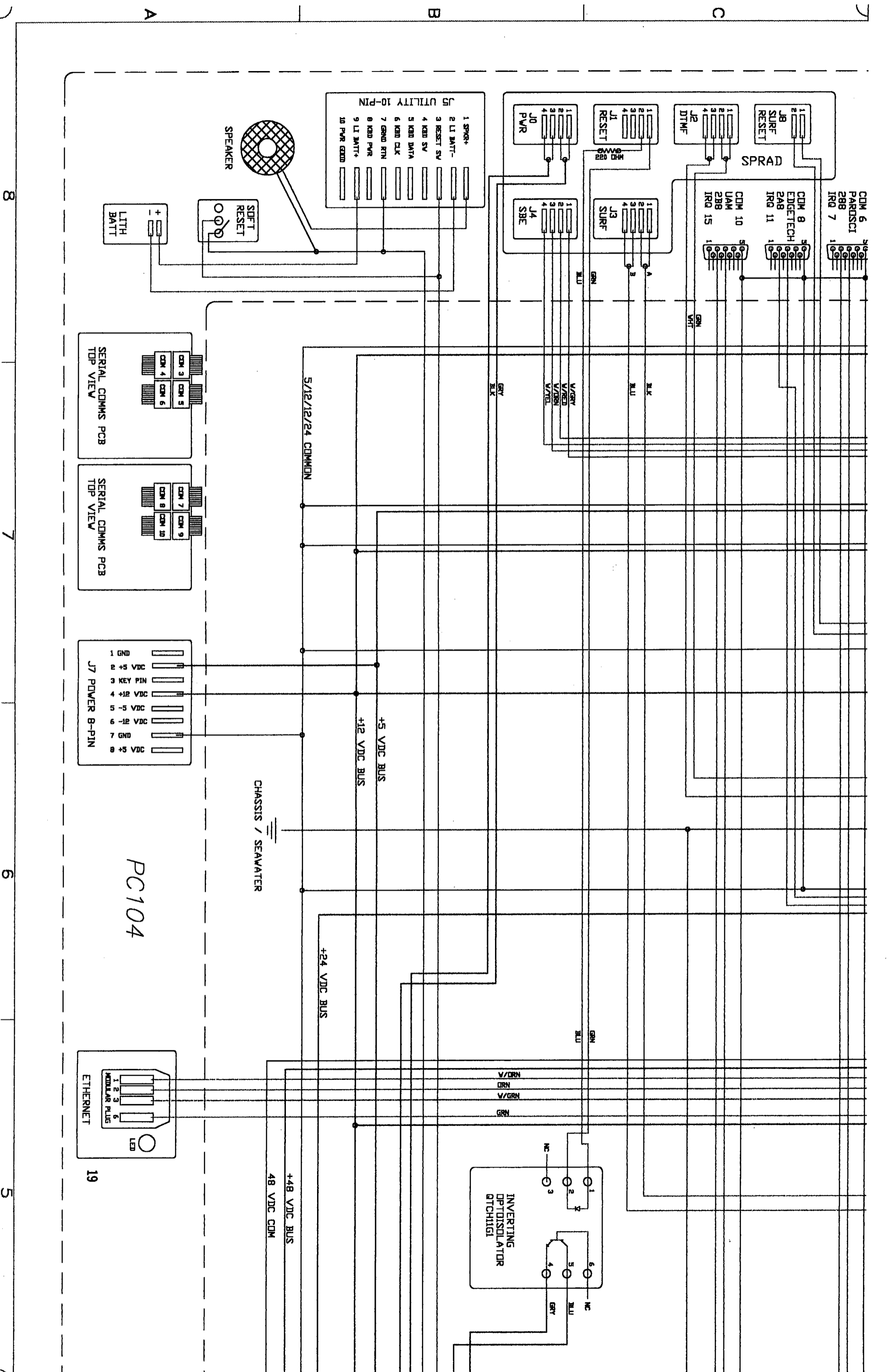
PARDSCI DEPTH
JUICER MOTOR
MAGNETIC SWITCHES
IE XSL20BCR

23-DAY
BATTERY BANK 1
SC XSG2BCL

23-DAY
BATTERY BANK 2
SC XSG2BCL



INVERTERS



8
7
6
5

A

B

C

PC104

ETHERNET

19

INVERTING
OPTOISOLATOR
DITCHIGI

CHASSIS / SEAWATER

SPEAKER

LITH
BATT

SERIAL COMMS PCB
TOP VIEW

SERIAL COMMS PCB
TOP VIEW

J7 POWER 8-PIN

5/12/12/24 COMMON

+24 VDC BUS

+12 VDC BUS

+5 VDC BUS

+48 VDC BUS
48 VDC COM

SPRAD

CDM 6
PAROSCI
288

CDM 7
IRQ 7

CDM 8
EDGETECH
288

CDM 11
IRQ 11

CDM 10
UAM
288

CDM 15
IRQ 15

GRN
WHT

GRN

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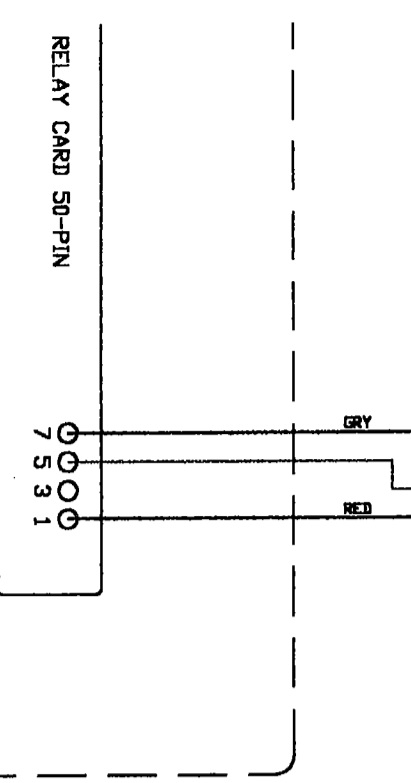
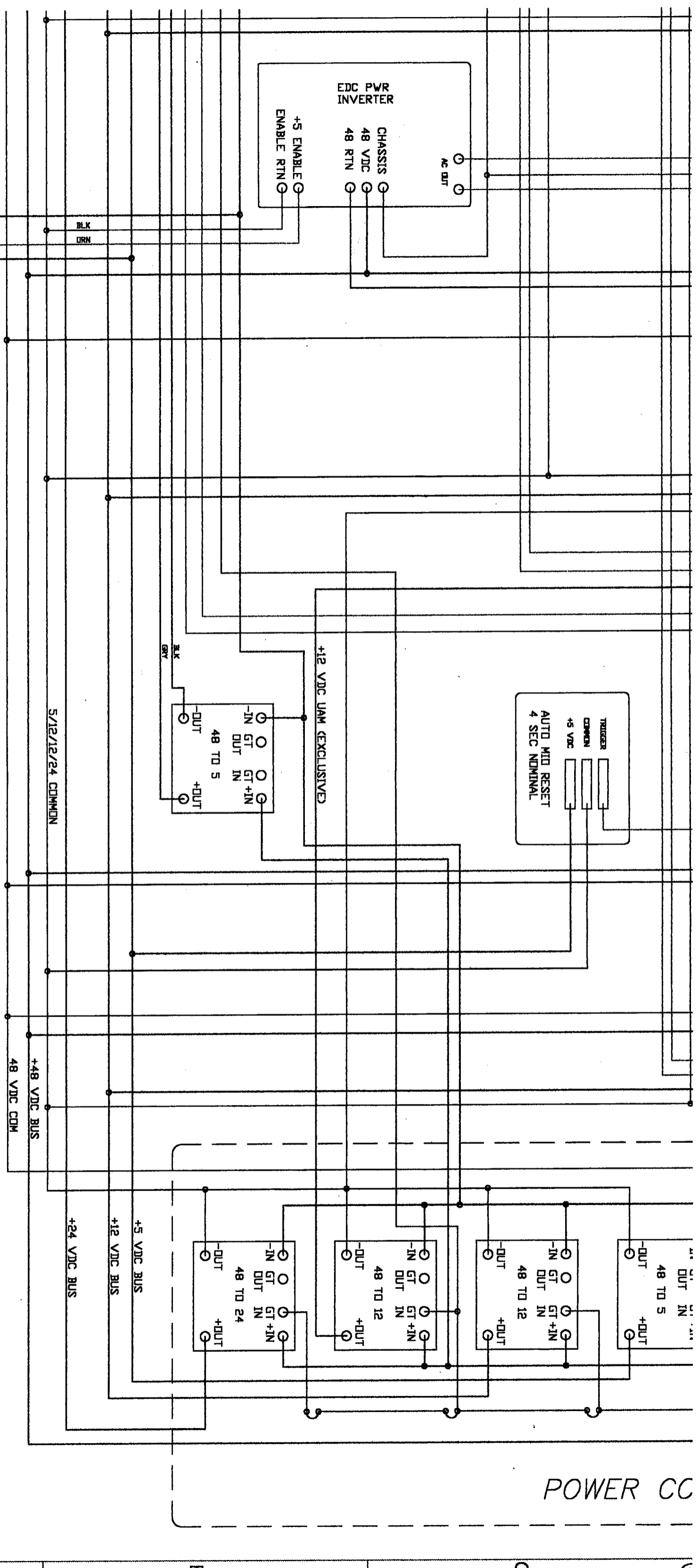
GRN

GRN

GRN

GRN

POWER CC



RELAY CARD 50-PIN

7 5 3 1

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
TOLERANCES
DECIMALS ANGULAR
.XX ±.01
.XXX ±.005
DD NOT SCALE DRAWING

MATERIAL
AS NOTED

FINISH
AS NOTED

PROJECT NO.
000000.00

DRAWN
MF BOWEN

DATE
29 May 98

CHECK

AOP&E MS #9
BIG 402 289-3420

WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION
APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING
WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543



TITLE
WIRING DIAGRAM
DOCK CONTROLLER, REV K

SIZE DWG. NO.
D 20

SCALE NONE RELEASE DATE SHEET DF

4

3

2

1

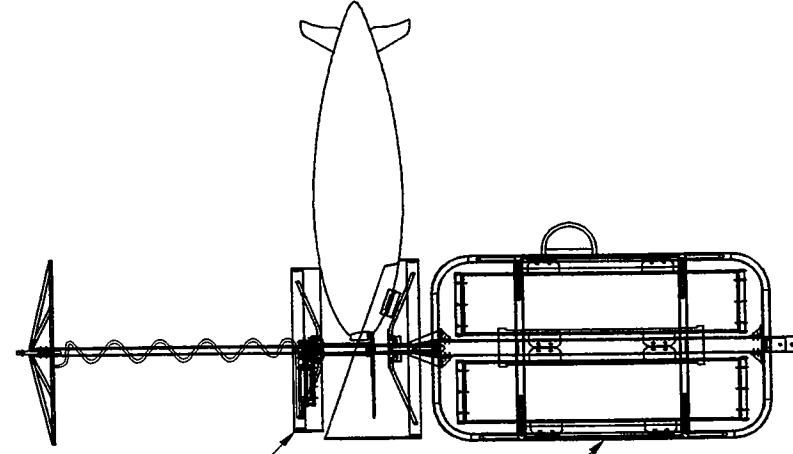
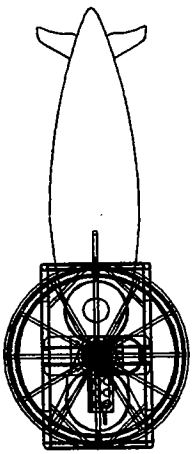
AOSN Lab Sea Vehicle Dock
Drawing Numbers

0490ASSY
04900000

Vehicle Dock and Battery Frame Assembly
Vehicle Dock Assembly

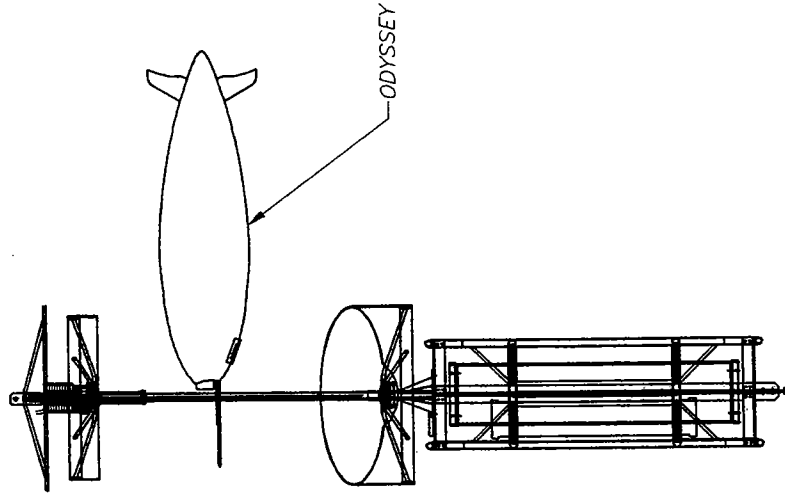
	0491		Pole Structure
*		04910100	Pole Weldment
*		04910101	Pole Anode
		04910200	Pole Top Bumper
	0492		Hoop/Skirts
*		04920100	Upper Hoop
*		04920101	Hoop Center Plate
		04920200	Lower Hoop
*		04920300	Hoop Clamp, Lower
*	obs	04920301	Hoop Clamp, Carriage
	04930000		Dock Carriage
*		04930101	Mount Plate
*		04930102	Bearing Block 1
*		04930103	Bearing Block 2
*		04930104	Motor Mount Block
*		04930105	Spring Post
		04930200	Friction Drive Wheel
*		04930201	Idler Wheel
		04930301	Drive Shaft
*		04930302	Idler Shaft
*	obs	04930400	Slider Assembly
*	obs	04930401	Slider Sleeve
*	obs	04930402	Slider Flange
*	obs	04930403	Slider Key
		04930500	Slider Assembly
*		04930501	Slider Upper Attachment
*		04930502	Slider Lower Attachment
*		04930503	Slider Shaft
*		04930504	Slider Key
	04940000		Battery Frame Assembly
*		04940100	Frame Weldment
		04940200	Spine
*		04940201	Upper Crosspiece
*		04940202	Lower Crosspiece
		04940301	Pickup Bale
*		04940302	Bottom Tang
		04940401	Battery Case Strap
*		04940501	Instrument Housing Bracket

	0495		Battery Case
*		04950100	Tube
*		04950101	Bulkhead
		04950200	Endcap
*		04950201	Endcap Penetrations
*		04950202	Endcap Penetration Detail
*	obs	04950300	Mounting Tab Location
*		04950301	Mounting Tab
→			



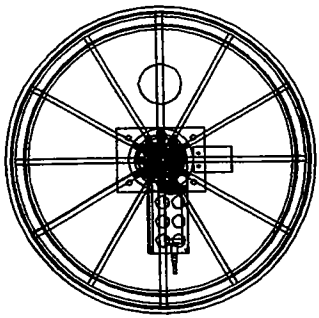
DWG #049-0-0000

DWG #049-4-0000

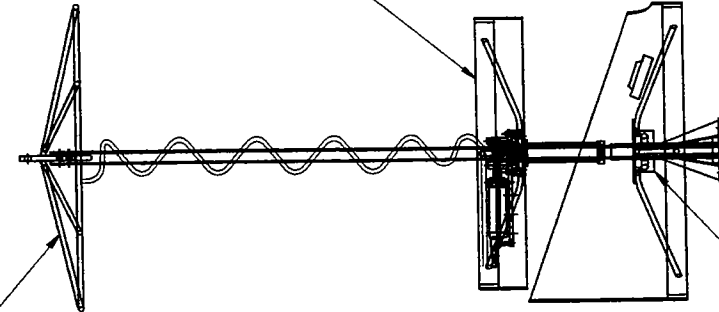


ODYSSEY

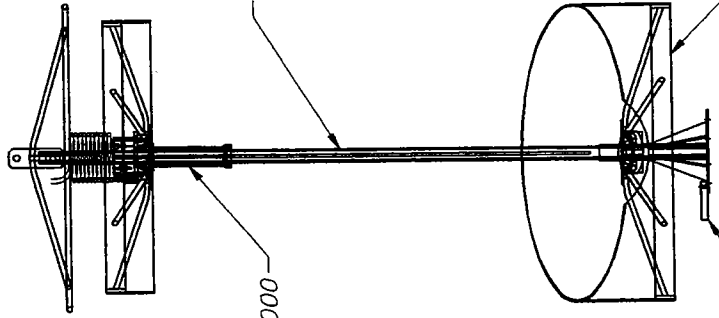
VOIDS HOLE DEPARTMENT INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOIDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, USA		PROJECT NO. DRAWN DATE 000000.00 DON PETERS 07/07/97		TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK AND BATTERY FRAME ASSEMBLY	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES DECIMALS ANGULAR DIMENSIONS XX.XX DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		CHECK MATERIAL AS NOTED		FINISH AS NOTED	
SCALE 1" = 1'-0"		DWG NO. 049-0-ASSY		RELEASE DATE THREE '97	



DWG #049-1-0200



DWG #049-1-0300



DWG #049-3-0000

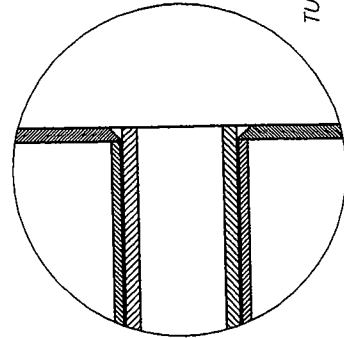
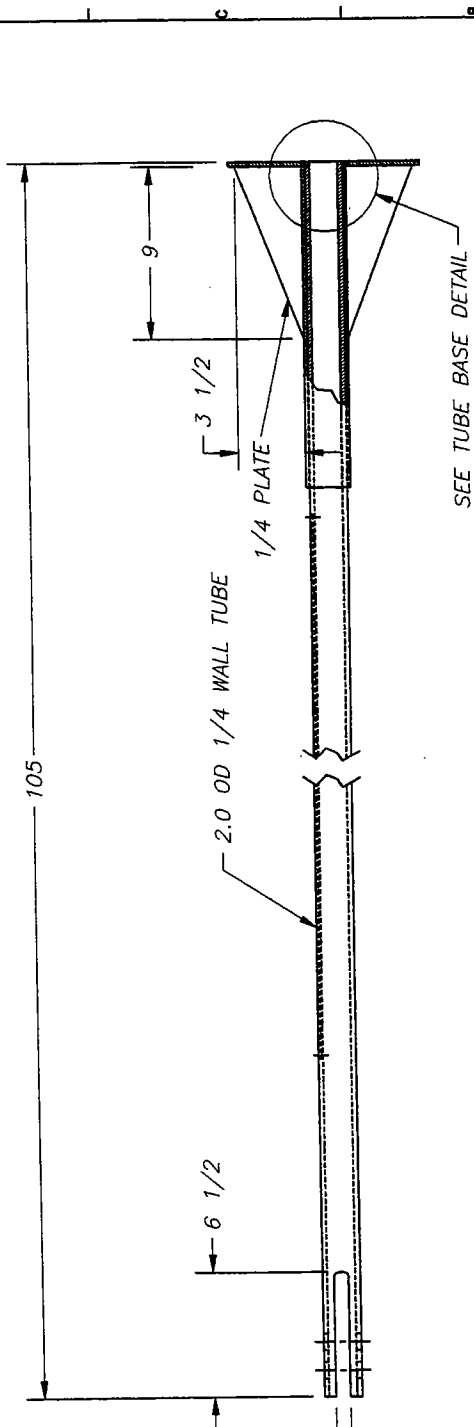
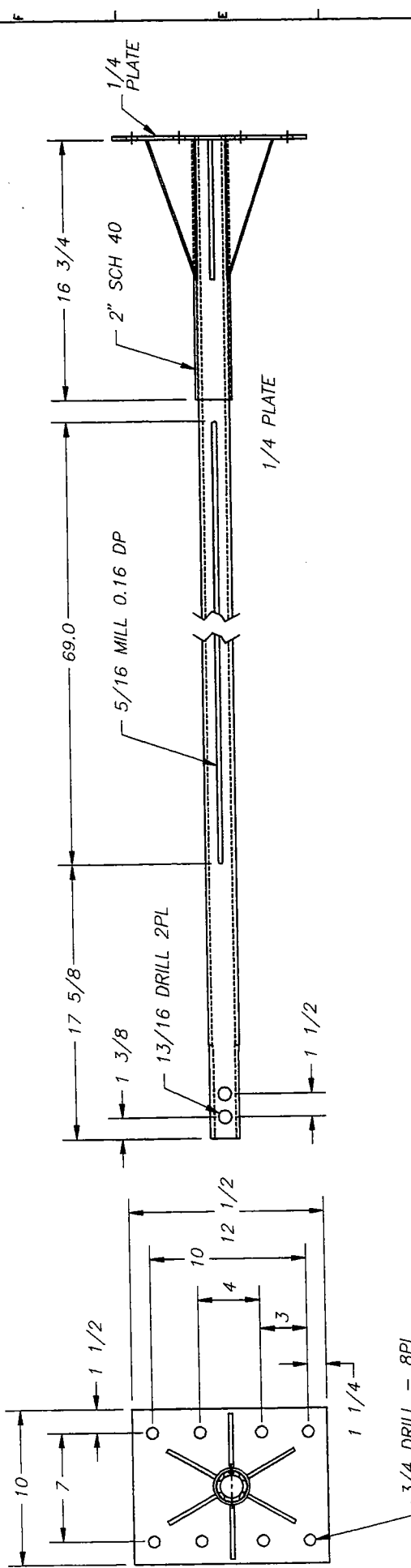
DWG #049-1-0100

DWG #049-2-0100

DWG #049-2-0200

DWG #049-1-0101

VOIDS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOIDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543		PROJECT NO. 000000.00		DATE 07/07/97		TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK ASSEMBLY	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES DECIMALS ARE TO THE 3RD PLACE DIMENSIONS TO FIT SCALE DRAWING		DRAWN DON PETERS		CHECK		DWG NO. 049-0-0000	
MATERIAL AS NOTED		FINISH AS NOTED		SCALE 1" = 1"		SHEET 01	



TUBE BASE DETAIL

PROJECT NO. 156166.08		DATE 09/22/97	
DRAWN DON PETERS		CHECK DON PETERS	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .005 .015 ±1° .010 .015 ±1° DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			
MATERIAL STAINLESS			
FINISH AS NOTED			
TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK DOCKING POLE		SIZE DWG NO 049-1-0100	SCALE RELEASE DATE SHEET OF

6.00

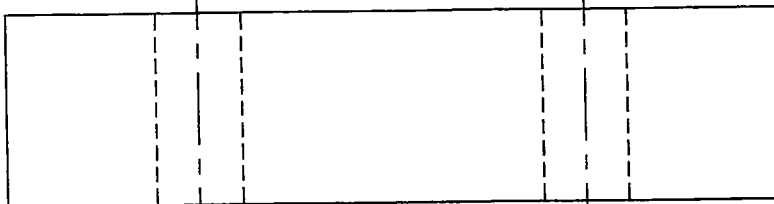
0.75

4.00

2.00

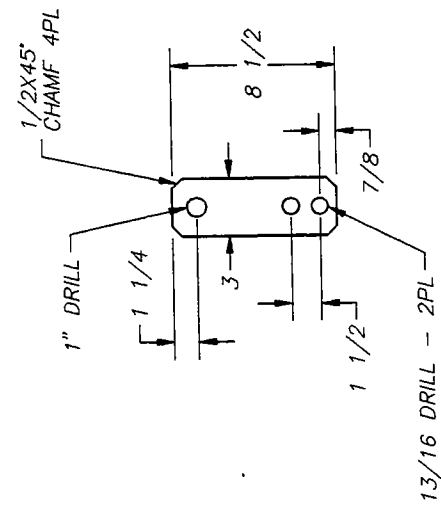
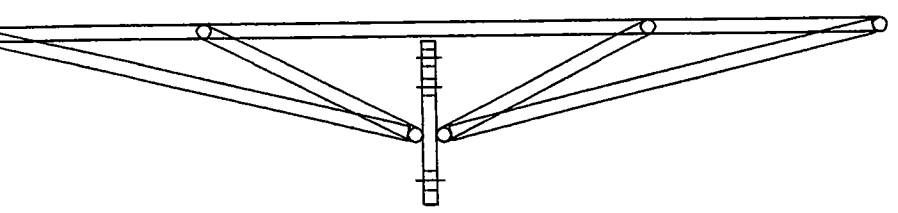
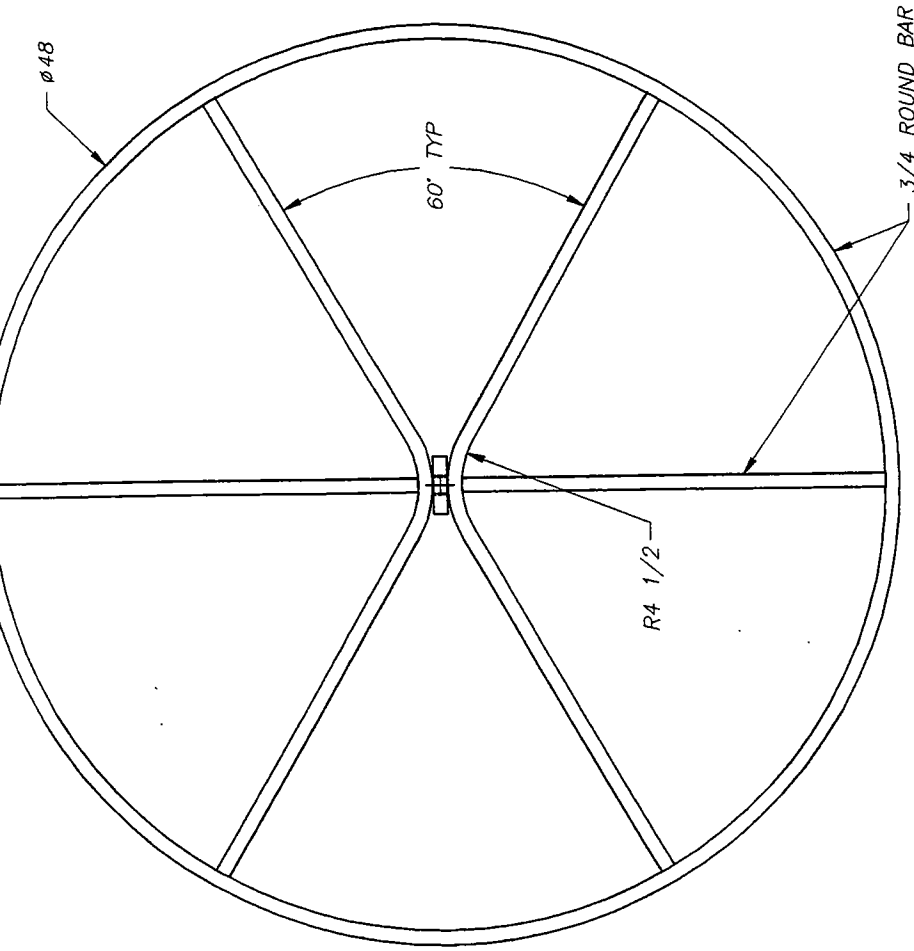
1.00

7/16 DRILL - 2PL



26

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .XXX ±.005 ±1° DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 150384.01	DATE 12/31/97	VIDDOS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VIDDOS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL 1X4 FLAT BAR MILD STEEL		DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK POLE ANODE
FINISH AS NOTED		SIZE DWG NO. 049-1-0101		SCALE RELEASE DATE
SHEET		OF		2



MATERIAL 3/4X3 FLAT BAR



REVISED 09/29/97: HOLE DIAMETERS

VIDDIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION
 APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING
 VIDDIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543

TITLE
 AOSN VEHICLE DOCK
 POLE TOP BUMPER

PROJECT NO.
 156077.00
 DRAWN
 DON PETERS
 DATE
 09/22/97
 CHECK

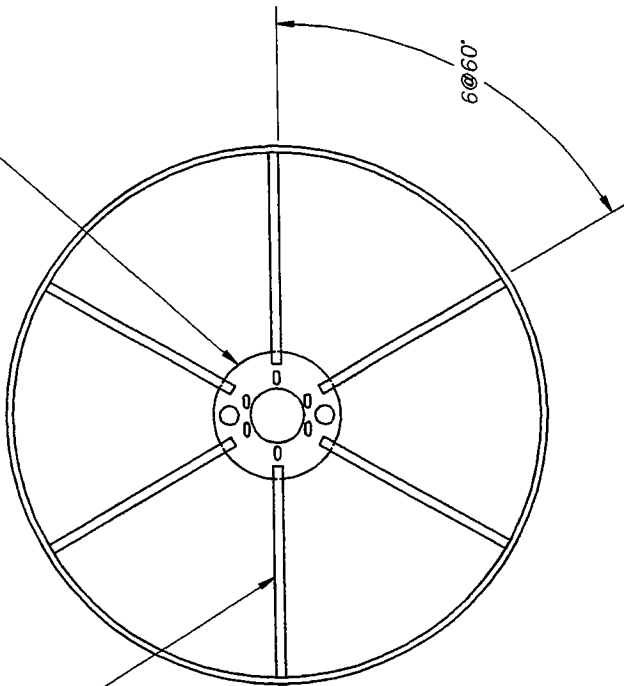
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
 TOLERANCES
 DECIMALS .XX ±.01
 ANGULAR ±1'
 XX ±.05
 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

MATERIAL
 STAINLESS
 FINISH
 AS NOTED

SIZE
 DWG NO.
 049-1-0200

SCALE
 RELEASE DATE
 SHEET
 OF

DWG 049-2-0101

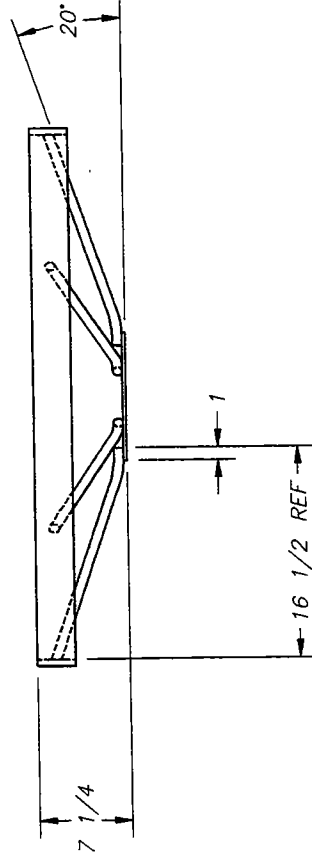
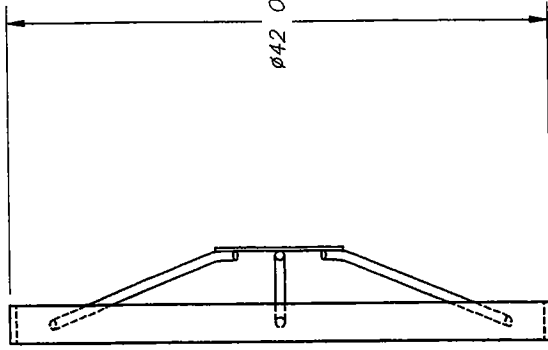


3/4 ROUND BAR

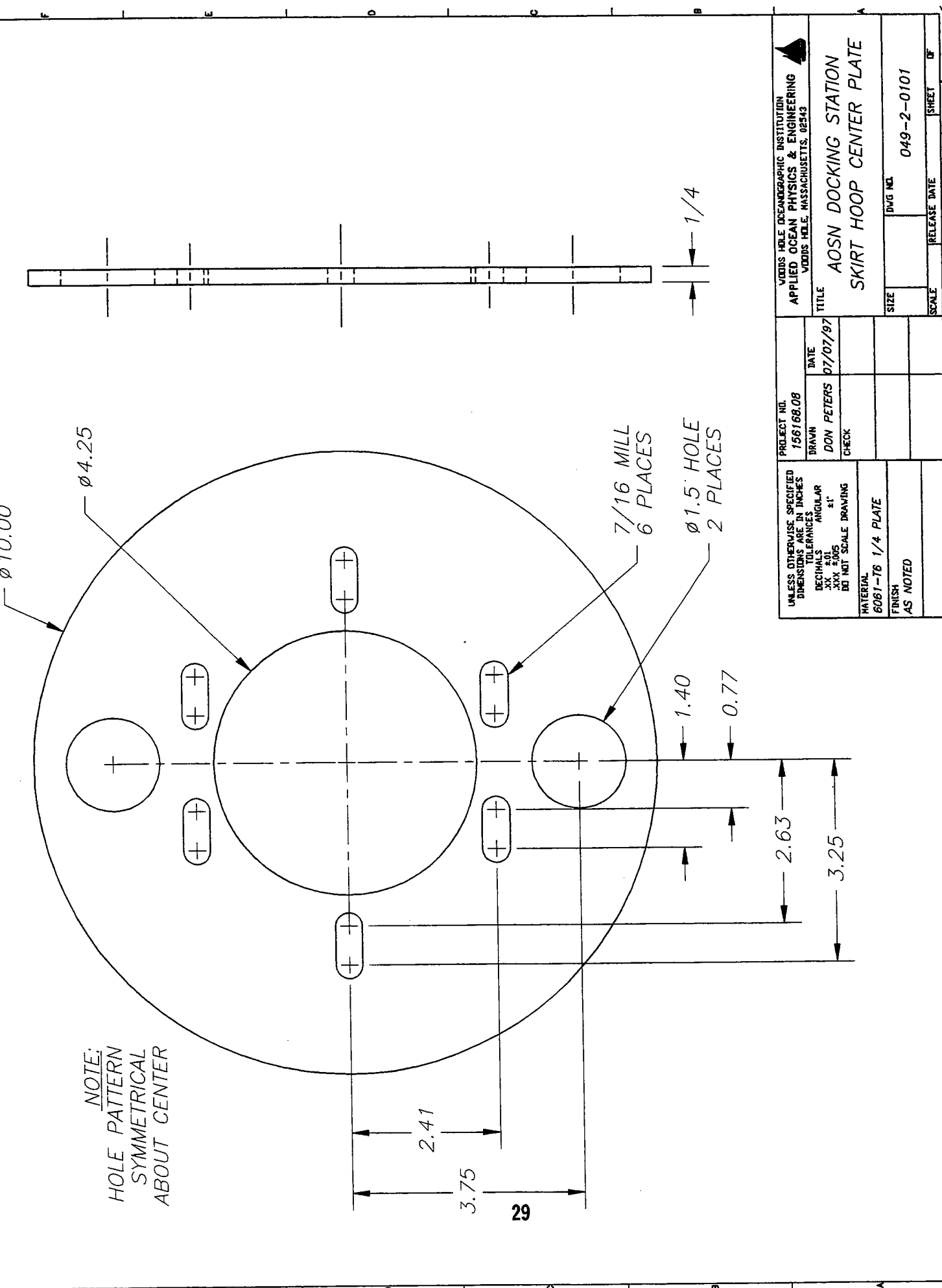
6@60°

3X1/2 FLAT BAR

ø42 O.D.



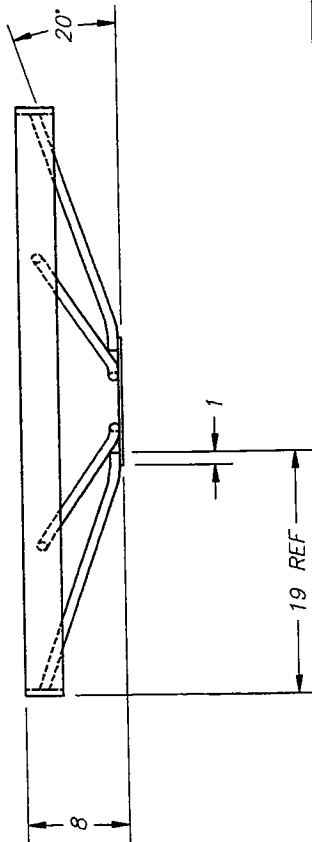
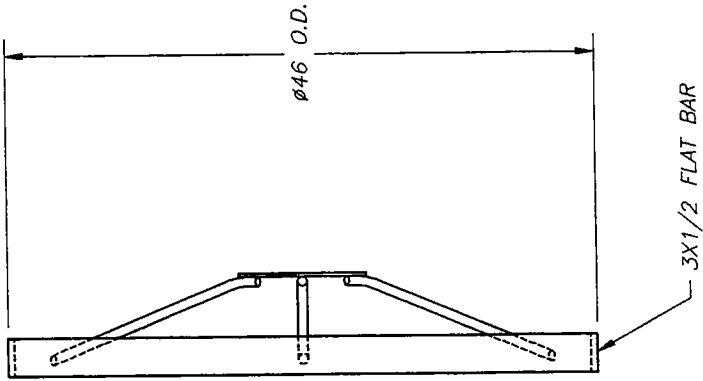
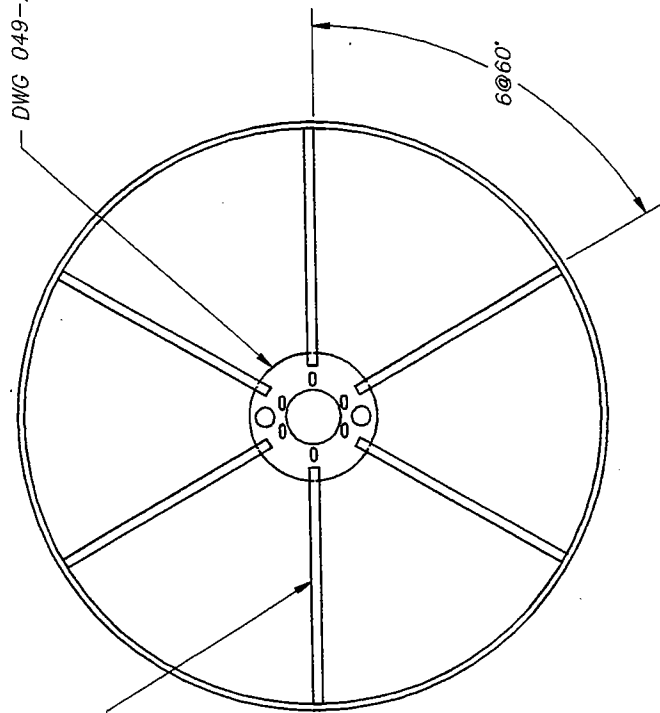
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .XX ±.01 ±1° .XXX ±.05 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156166.08	DATE 07/07/97	VERRIS HBLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL 6061-T6 ALUMINUM	FINISH AS NOTED	DRAWN DON PETERS	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK UPPER SKIRT HOOP	SCALE
CHECK	SIZE 049-2-0100	RELEASE DATE	SHEET OF	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8



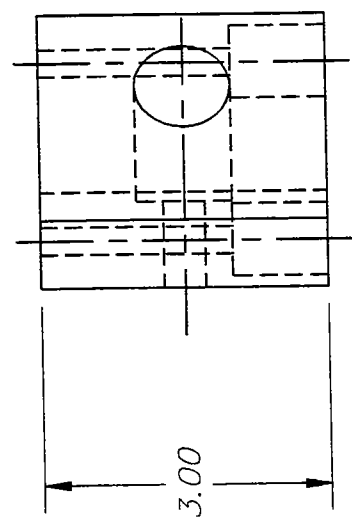
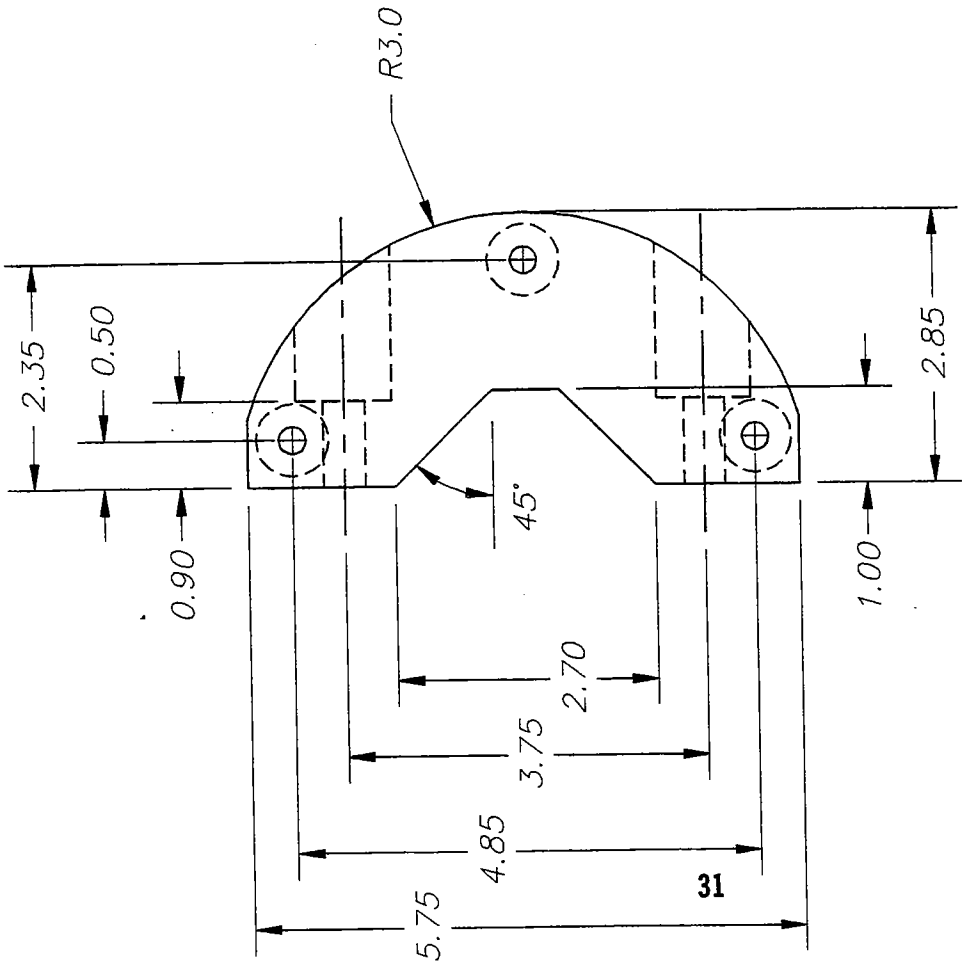
NOTE:
HOLE PATTERN
SYMMETRICAL
ABOUT CENTER

VODDS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VODDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543		PROJECT NO. 156168.08		DATE 07/07/97	
TITLE AOSN DOCKING STATION SKIRT HOOP CENTER PLATE		DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK DON PETERS	SCALE 1/4" = 1"	SHEET 01 OF 01
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES DECIMALS ARE ANGULAR .XXX ±.01 .XXX ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		MATERIAL 6061-T6 1/4" PLATE		FINISH AS NOTED	
SIZE 049-2-0101	DWG NO.	RELEASE DATE	SCALE		

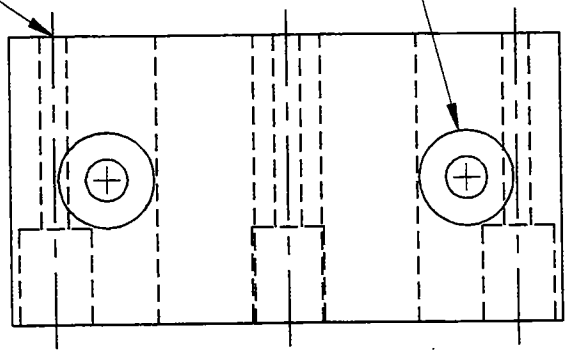
DWG 049-2-0101



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ±.005 ANGULAR ±1' XXX ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 756788.08	VIDDIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VIDDIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543	
MATERIAL 6061-T6 ALUMINUM		DRAWN DON PETERS	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK LOWER SKIRT HOOP	
FINISH AS NOTED		DATE 07/07/97	SIZE DWG NO. 049-2-0200	SHEET OF
		CHECK	SCALE	RELEASE DATE



9/32 DRILL THRU
3/4 CB 1.0 DP
3 PLACES

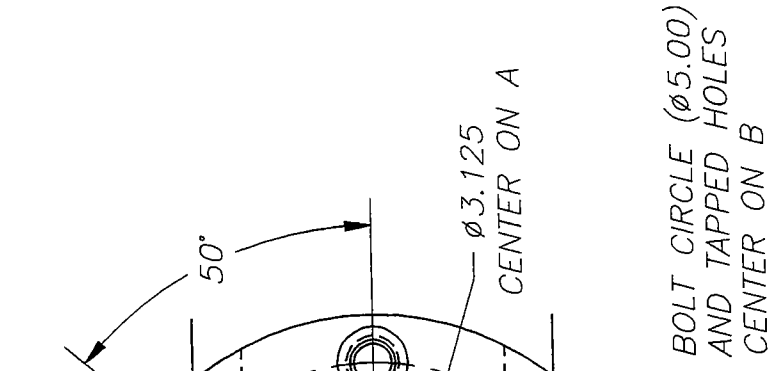
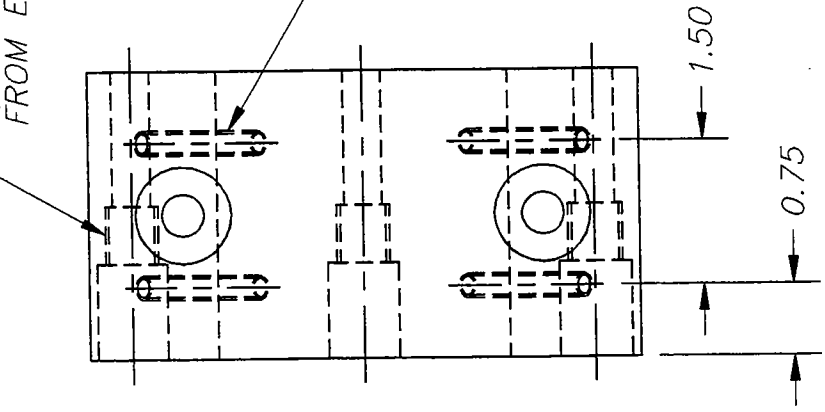


7/16 DRILL THROUGH
Ø1.0 CB AS SHOWN
2 PLACES

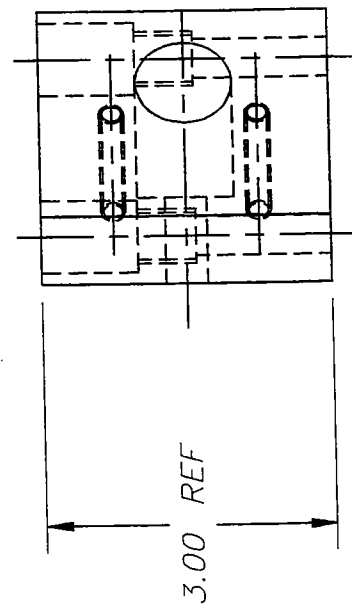
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES: DECIMAL .01 ANGULAR ±1° XXX ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	DATE 09/19/97	VOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL ACETAL	FINISH AS NOTED	DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK DOCKING SKIRT CLAMP RING
		SCALE	RELEASE DATE	SHEET OF
		DWG NO. 049-2-0300		

13/32 DRILL THRU
 31/64 DRILL 0.6 DP
 9/16-12 BOTTOM TAP 0.6 DP
 FROM EXISTING CB - 3PL

NO. 7 DRILL THRU
 1/4-20 UNDERSIZE
 TAP THRU - 4PL



NOTE:
 A = CENTER OF
 INSIDE BORE
 B = CENTER OF
 OUTSIDE SURFACE



REVISED 01/06/98. ADD'L DIMENSIONS

WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION
 APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING
 WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS 02543

TITLE
 AOSN VEHICLE DOCK
 SKIRT CLAMP MODIFIED

SIZE
 DWG NO. 049-2-0301

SCALE

RELEASE DATE

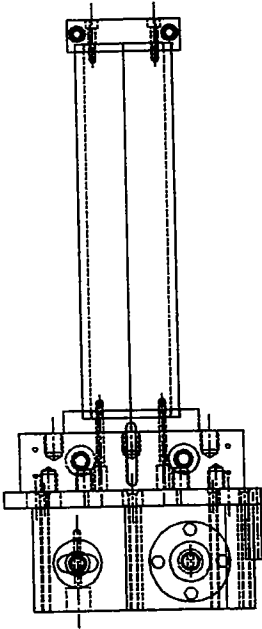
SHEET OF

PROJECT NO.
 150394-01
 DRAWN
 DON PETERS
 DATE
 09/19/97
 CHECK

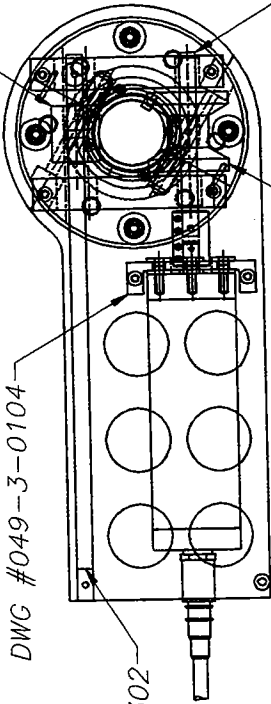
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
 TOLERANCES
 DECIMALS .XX ±0.005
 ANGULAR ±1'
 DIM NOT SCALE DRAWING

MATERIAL
 049-2-0300 SKIRT CLAMP
 FINISH
 AS NOTED

DWG #049-3-0201



DWG #049-3-0301

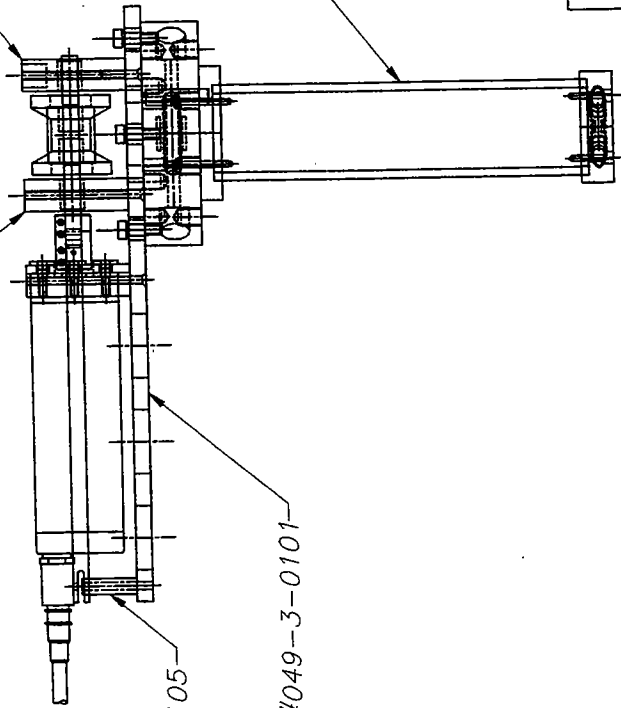


DWG #049-3-0104

DWG #049-3-0302

DWG #049-3-0200

DWG #049-3-0103

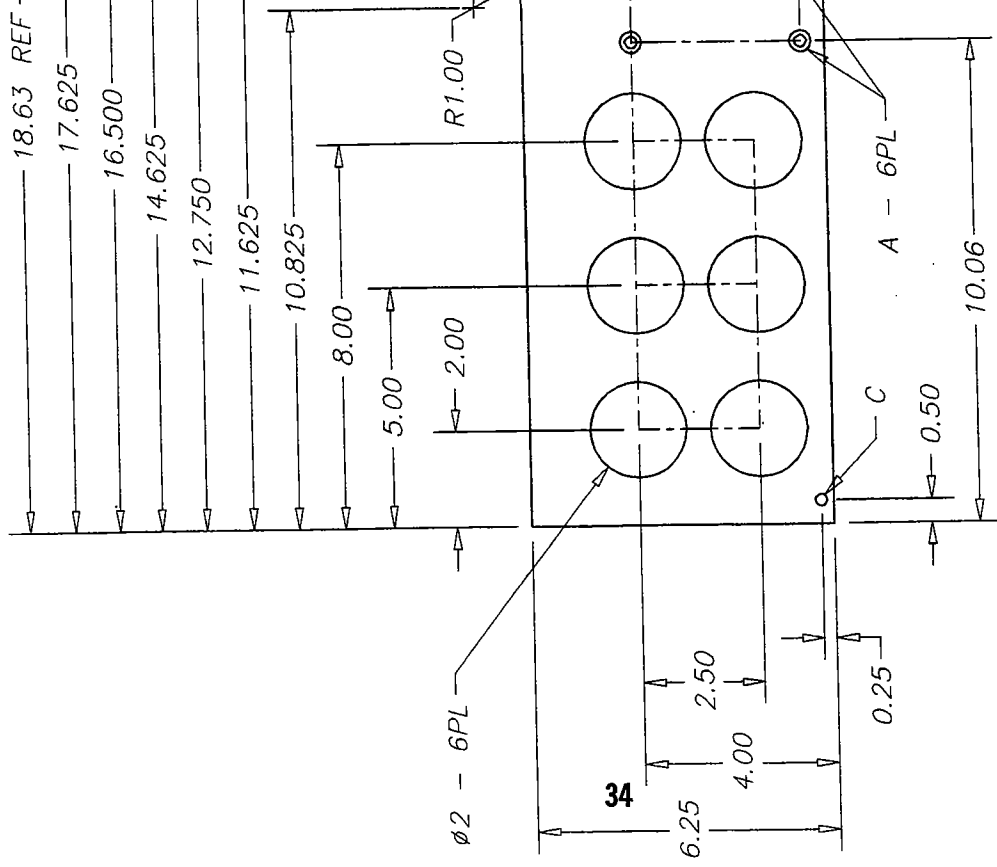


DWG #049-3-0105

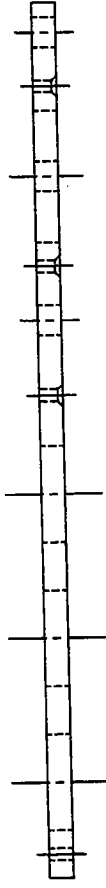
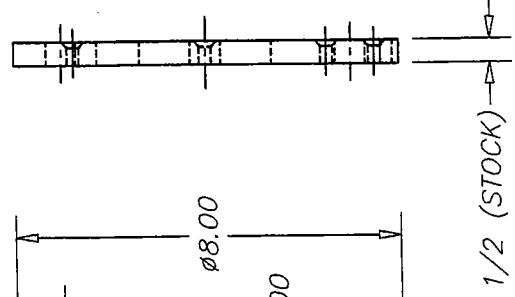
DWG #049-3-0101

DWG #049-3-0500

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .01 .XX .01 .XXX .005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 000000.00	DATE 09/23/97	WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS 02543
MATERIAL AS NOTED	FINISH AS NOTED	DRAWN DON PETERS	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK CARRIAGE	DWG NO. 049-3-0000
CHECK (blank)	SCALE (blank)	SHEET 2	RELEASE DATE (blank)	DF (blank)



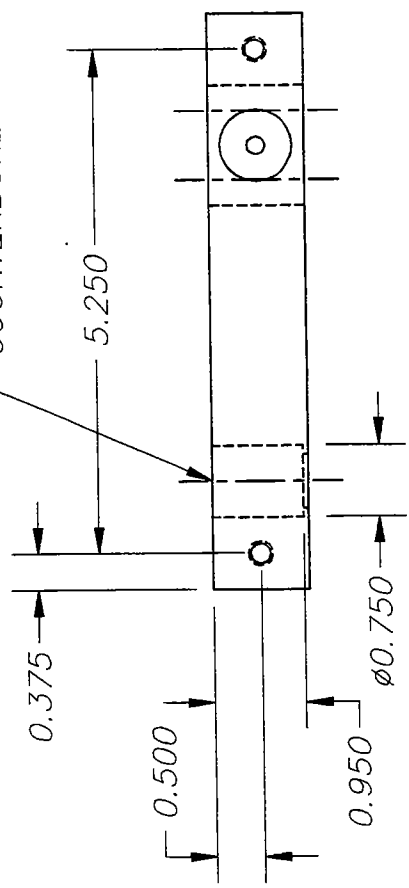
DRILL NOTES:
 A - 1/4 DRILL THROUGH
 CSK TO $\phi 0.45$ OTHER SIDE
 B - 5/8 DRILL THROUGH
 C - 1/4 DRILL THROUGH



REV 09/26/97: CENTER HOLE INCREASED TO 4"

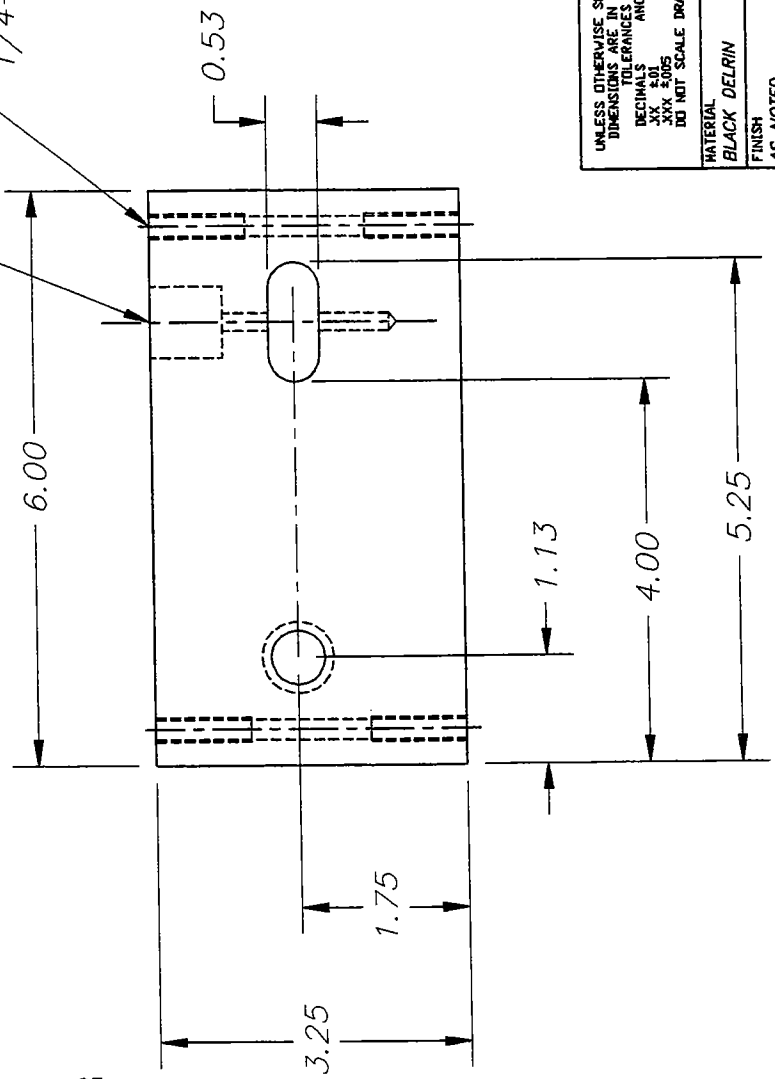
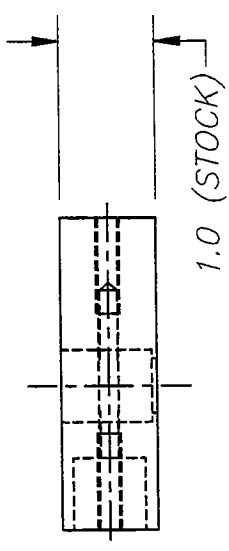
PROJECT NO. 156077.00		DATE 09/22/97	
DRAWN DON PETERS		CHECK	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR 3X3 20S ±1 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			
MATERIAL BLACK DELRIN			
FINISH AS NOTED			
TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK DRIVE MOUNT PLATE		SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0101	SHEET OF 3
APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VODDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543		RELEASE DATE	SCALE

17/32 DRILL THROUGH
COUNTERBORE AS SHOWN



3/16 DRILL 2.5 DP
Ø3/4 COUNTERBORE 0.75

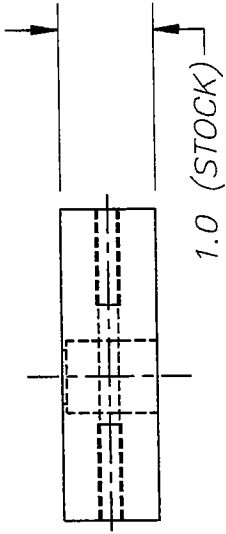
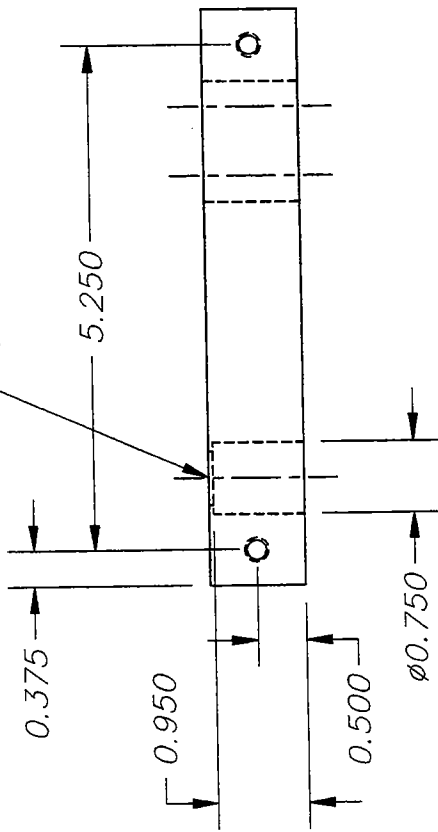
NO. 7 DRILL THROUGH
1/4-20 TAP 1.0 DP EA SIDE



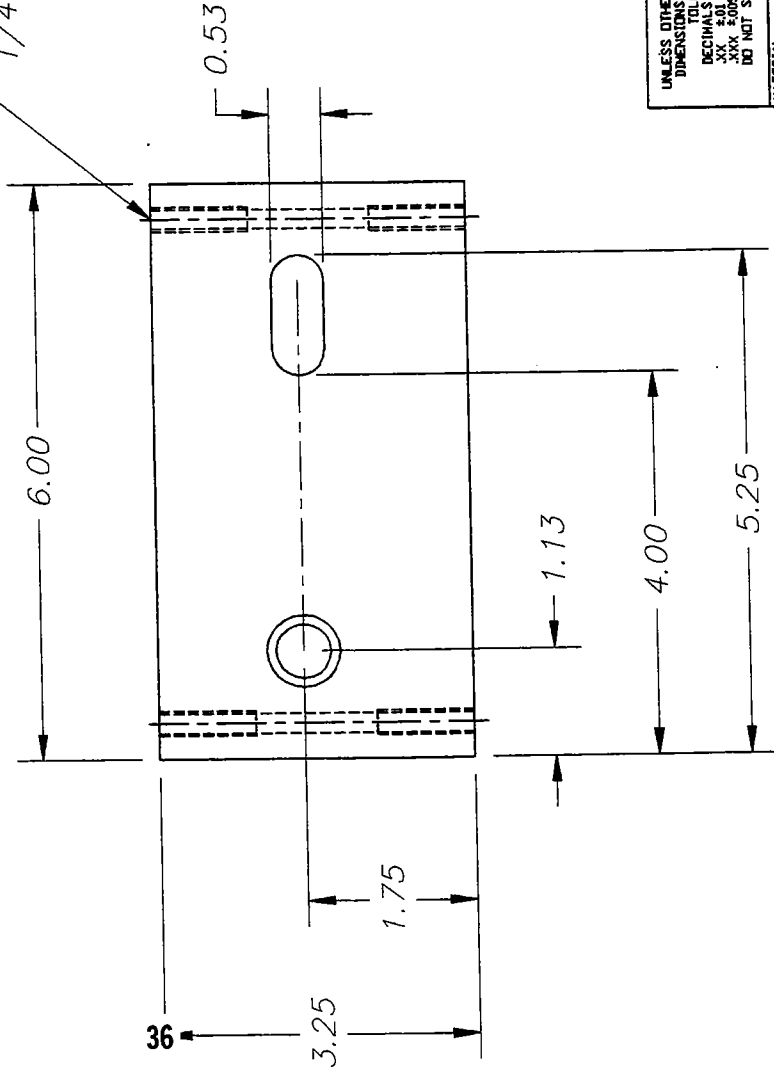
35

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES DECIMALS FRACTIONS ANGULAR ±1° DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	DATE 09/22/97	VOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL BLACK DELRIN	FINISH AS NOTED	DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK BEARING BLOCK 1
		SCALE	DWG NO. 049-3-0102	SHEET OF

17/32 DRILL THROUGH
COUNTERBORE AS SHOWN

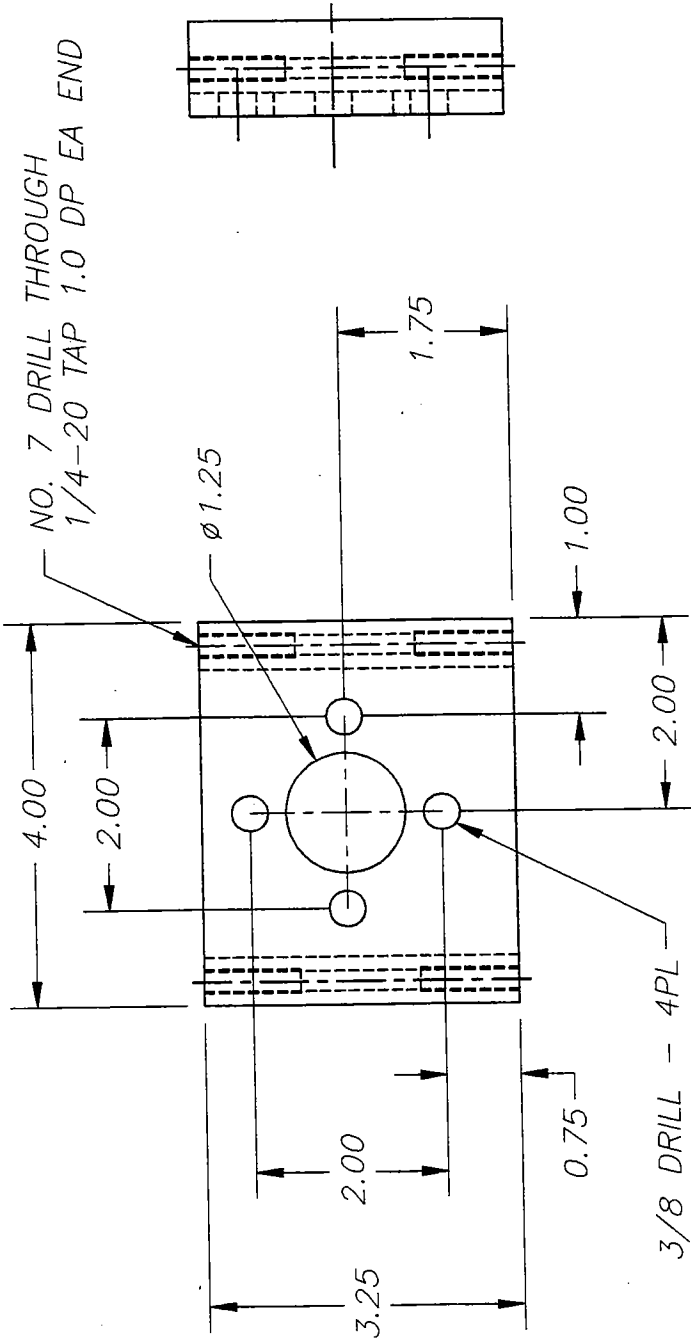


NO. 7 DRILL THROUGH
1/4-20 TAP 1.0 DP EA SIDE

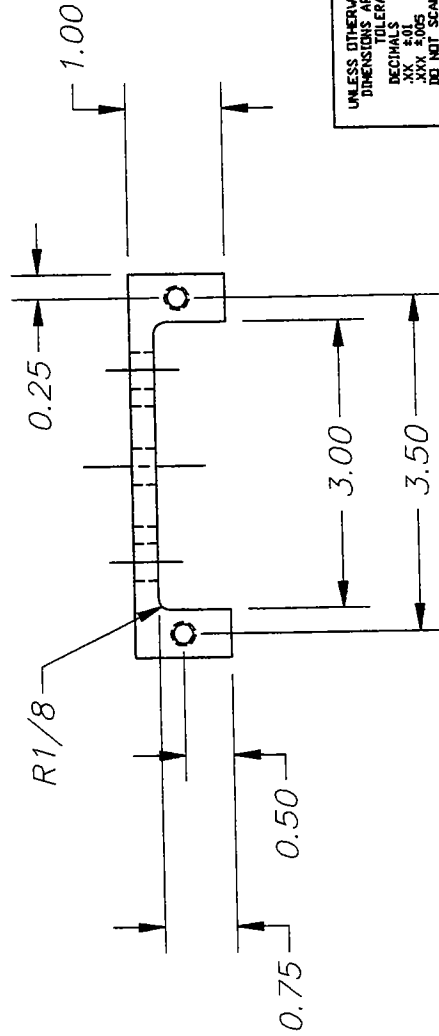


VIBRIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VIBRIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543		PROJECT NO. 156077.00		DATE 09/22/97	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ±.01 .XXX ±.005 ANGULAR ±1° DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK DON PETERS	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK BEARING BLOCK 2	DWG NO. 049-3-0103
MATERIAL BLACK DELRIN		FINISH AS NOTED		SCALE	RELEASE DATE
SHEET		OF		SHEET OF	

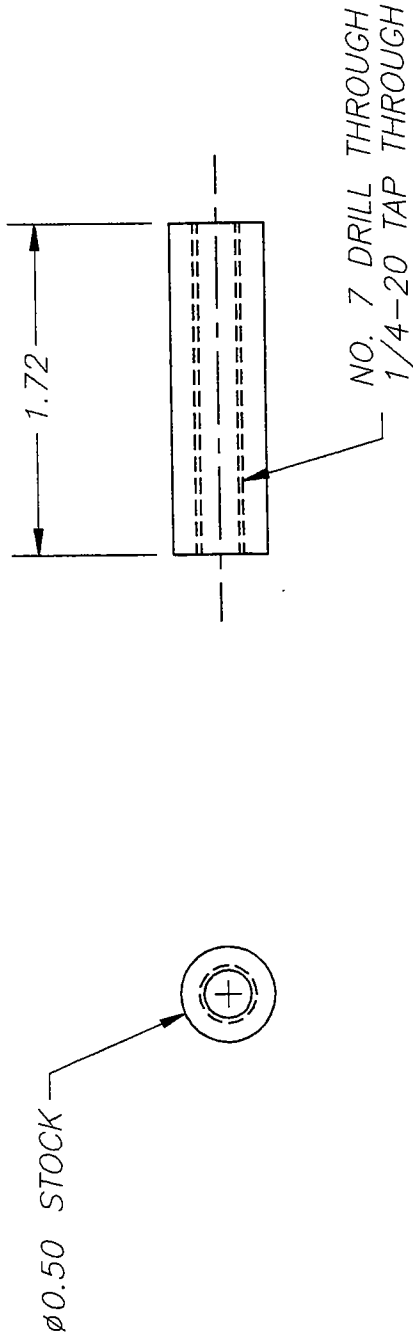
NO. 7 DRILL THROUGH
1/4-20 TAP 1.0 DP EA END



3/8 DRILL - 4PL



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .XX F08 ANGULAR .XX .063 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	DATE 09/22/97	VODDS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VODDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL BLACK DELRIN	FINISH AS NOTED	DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK MOTOR MOUNT BLOCK
SCALE	RELEASE DATE	DWG NO. 049-3-0104	SHEET DF	

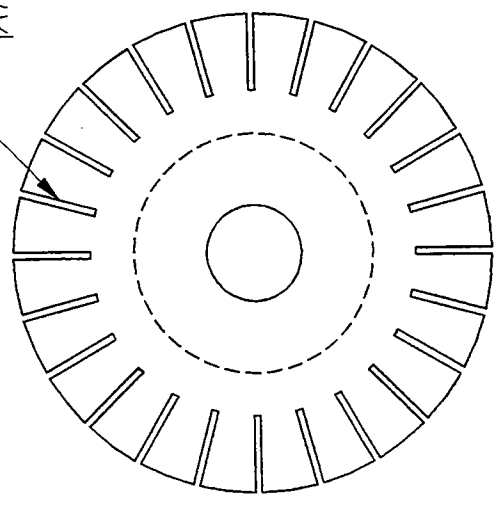
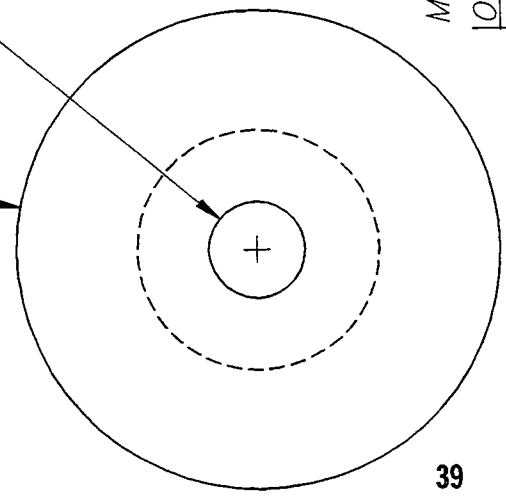


UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .XX ±.01 ±1° .XXX ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	DATE 09/22/97	WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL 6061-T6 ALUMINUM	DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK DON PETERS	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SPRING POST	SIZE 049-3-0105
FINISH AS NOTED			SCALE	RELEASE DATE
			SHEET	OF

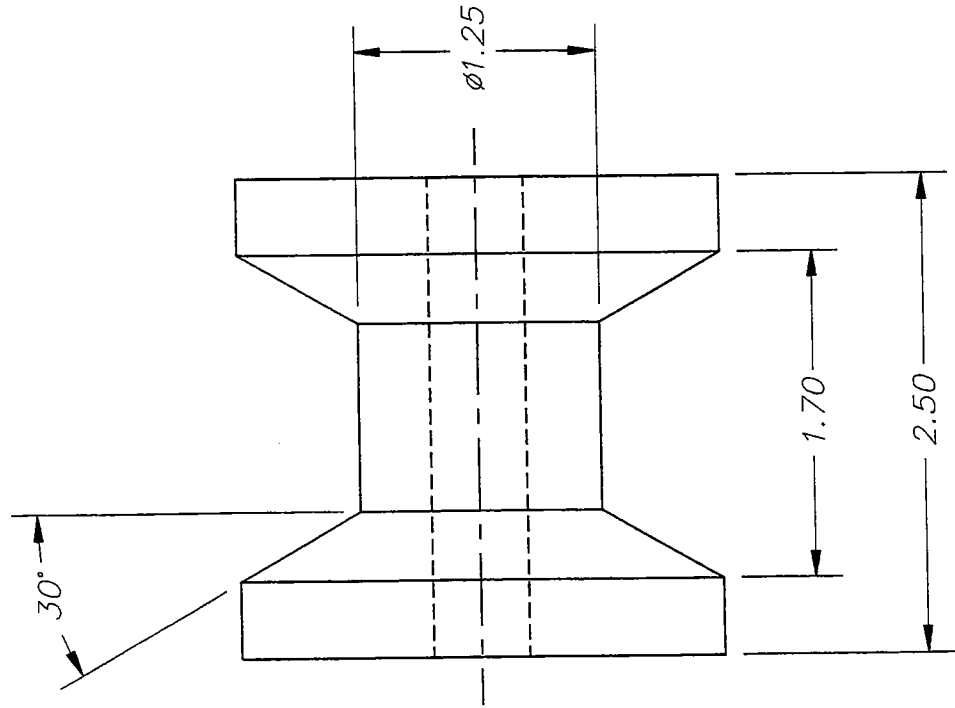
Ø 2.50 STOCK

Ø 0.50 STOCK

MAKE FOUR PIECES
ONE PIECE:
1/32 KERF RADIAL
CUT 0.4 DEEP
EQUALLY SPACED
AT 15° - 24PL



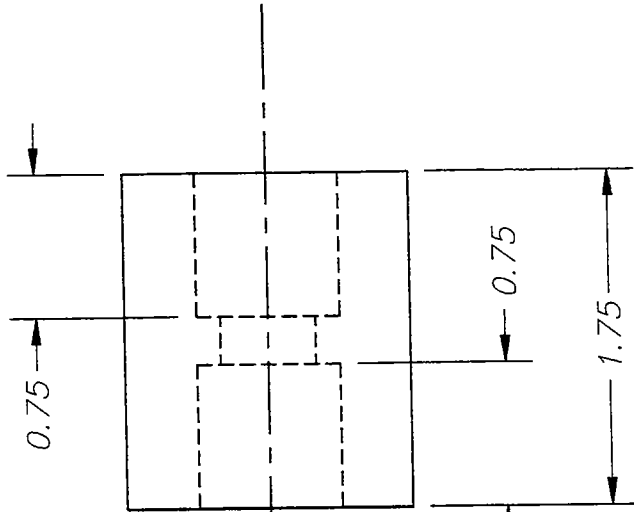
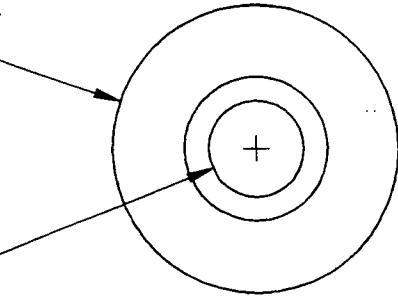
39



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR XXX ±0.05 ±1 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156188.08	DATE 09/19/97	WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543	
MATERIAL URETHANE WHEEL STOCK		DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE ODYSSEY DOCKING FIXTURE FRICTION DRIVE WHEEL	
FINISH AS NOTED				SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0200	SHEET OF 8
				SCALE	RELEASE DATE

17/32 DRILL THROUGH

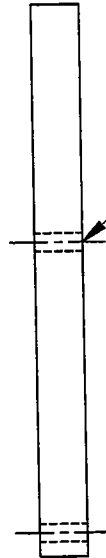
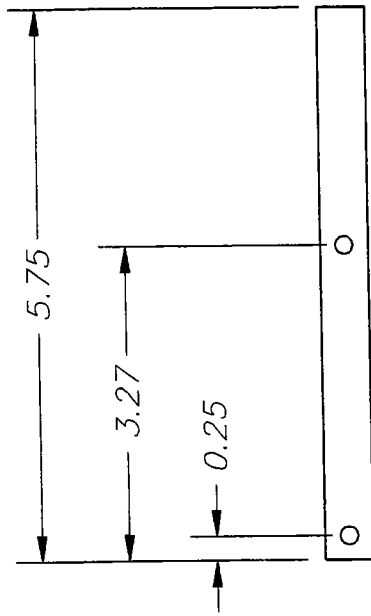
Ø 1.50 STOCK



$\phi 0.750^{+0.001}_{-0.003}$

40

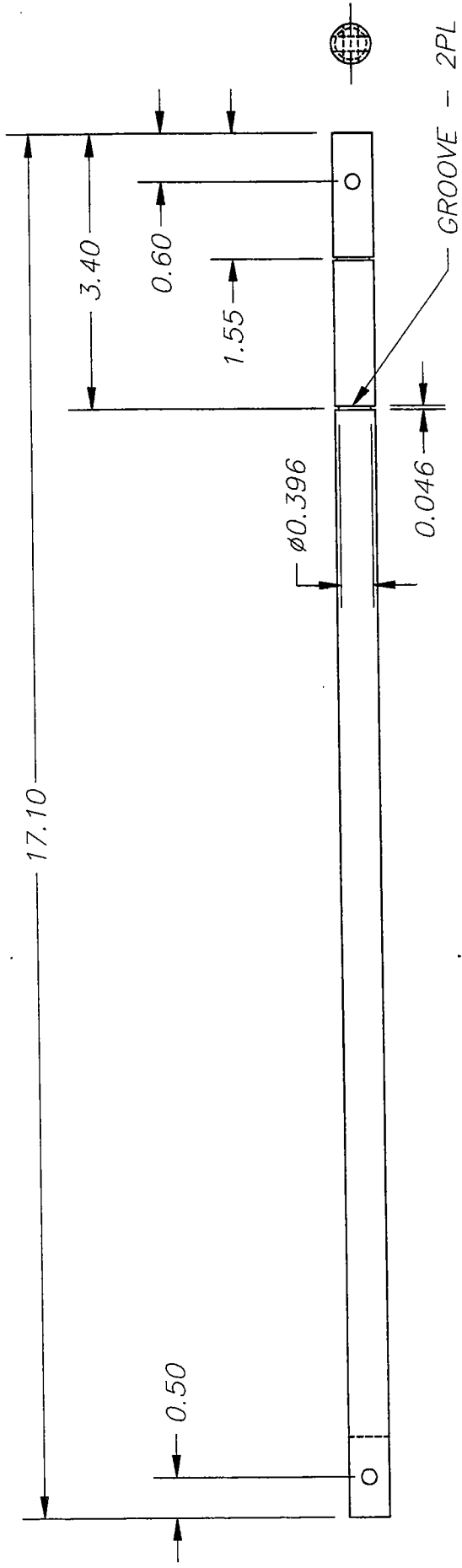
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .XX ±.005 ±1° .XXX ±.003 ±1° DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	DATE 09/22/97	VIDDIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VIDDIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL WHITE DELRIN	DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK DON PETERS	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK IDLER WHEEL	DWG NO. 049-3-0201
FINISH AS NOTED	SCALE	RELEASE DATE	SHEET 1F	OF 2



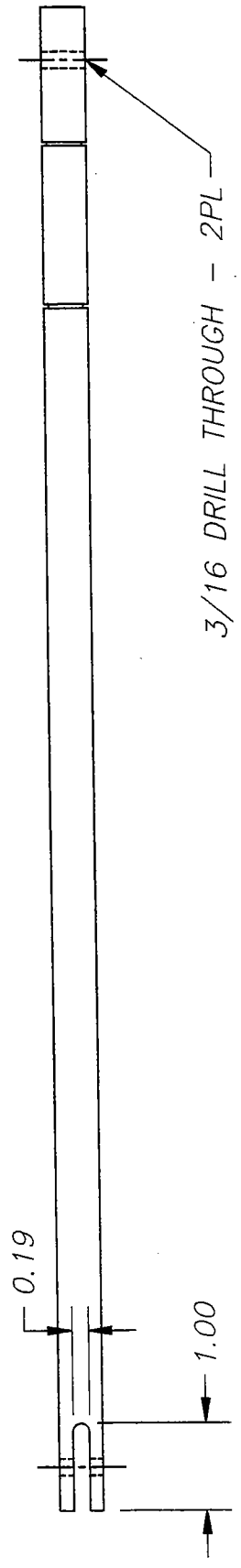
3/16 DRILL THROUGH - 2PL



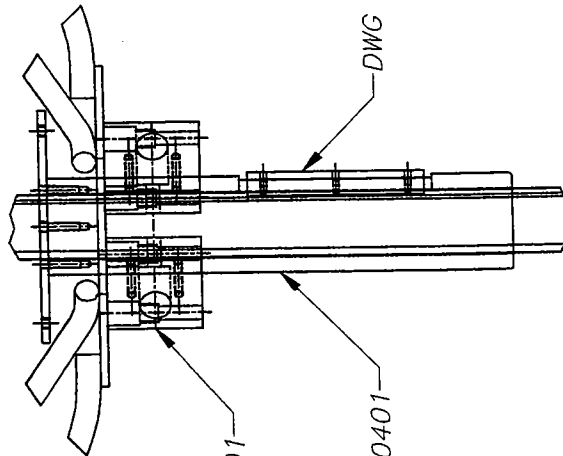
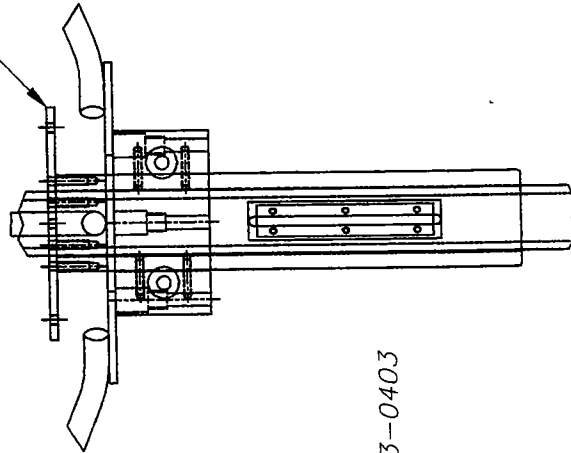
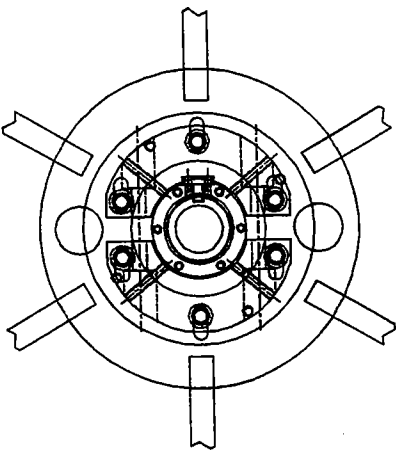
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .005 ANGULAR ±1° XXXX ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	DATE 09/22/97	WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK DRIVE SHAFT	SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0301	SHEET OF 2
MATERIAL 1/2 ROUND BAR 316SS	FINISH AS NOTED	SCALE	RELEASE DATE	2



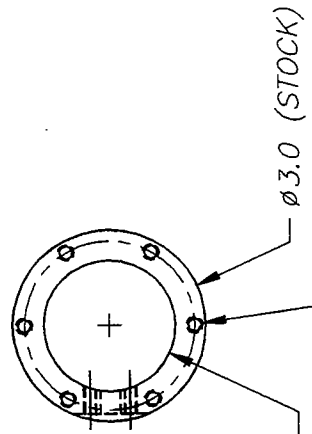
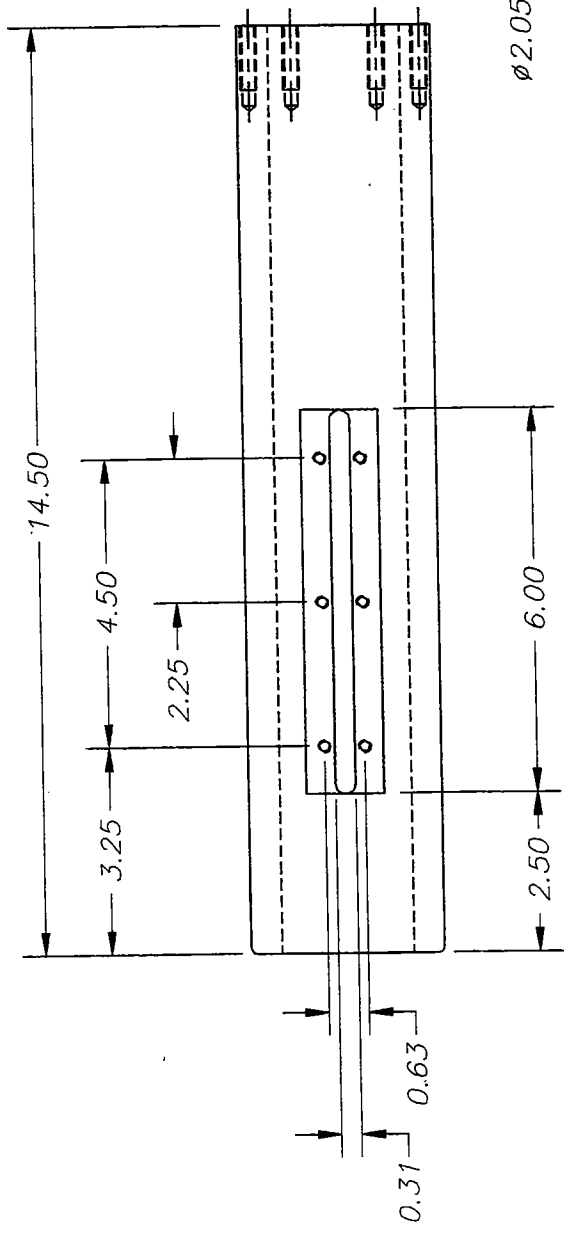
42



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .XX ±.01 #1 .XXX ±.005 #1 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	DATE 09/22/97	VVOIDS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VVOIDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK DON PETERS	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK IDLER SHAFT	DWG NO. 049-3-0302	
MATERIAL 1/2 ROUND BAR 316SS	FINISH AS NOTED	SCALE RELEASE DATE	SHEET OF	

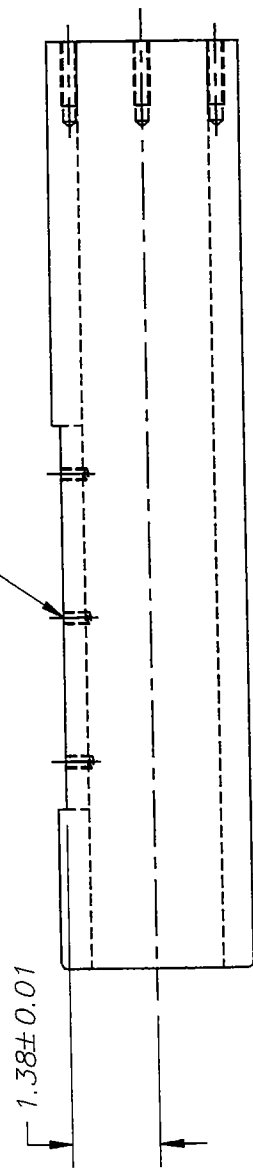


UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .XX ±.01 ANGULAR ±1' .XXX ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	DATE 09/22/97	VOBIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOBIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS 02543
MATERIAL AS NOTED	FINISH AS NOTED	DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK DON PETERS	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SLIDER ASSEMBLY
				SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0400
				SCALE RELEASE DATE SHEET OF



NO. 21 DRILL THRU
TAP 10-32 - 6PL

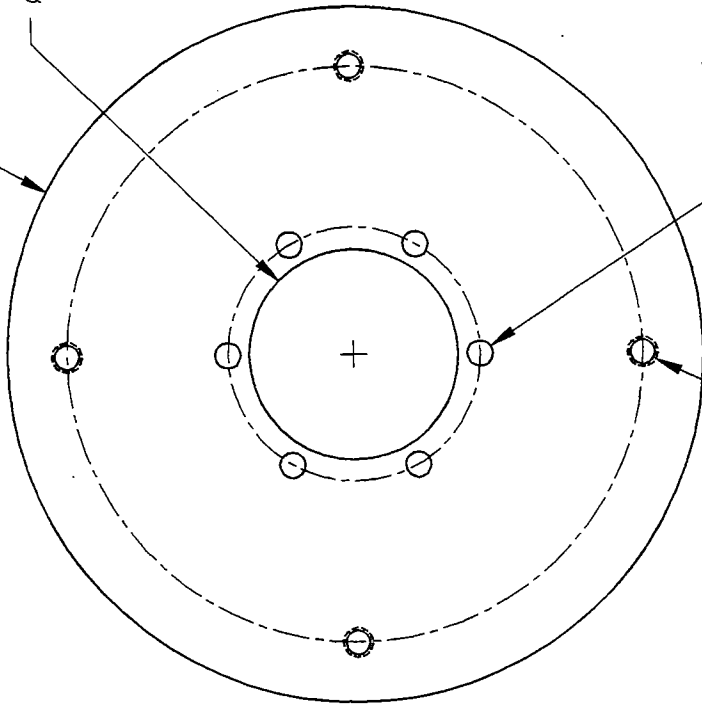
NO. 7 DRILL 1.25 DP
TAP 1/4-20 1.0 DP MIN
6PL@60° ON $\phi 2.65$ BC



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .XXX ± .005 .XX ± .005 .X ± .005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077.00	VIDDIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VIDDIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL 3 DD X 2 ID UHMW	DRAWN DON PETERS	DATE 09/22/97	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SLIDER HUB
FINISH AS NOTED	CHECK	SCALE	SIZE DWG NO 049-3-0401
RELEASE DATE	SHEET OF	2	1

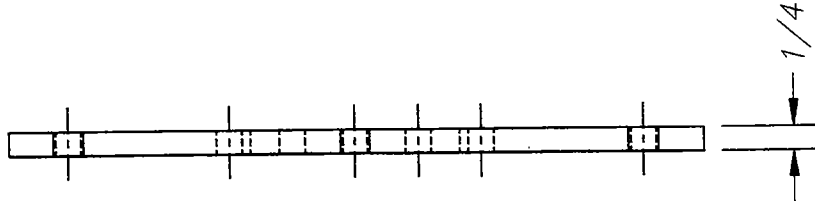
Ø7.25

Ø2.20

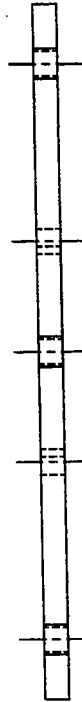


17/64 DRILL THRU
6PL @60°
ON Ø2.65 BC

LET. F DRILL THRU
TAP 5/16-18 THRU
4PL @90° ON Ø6.00 BC

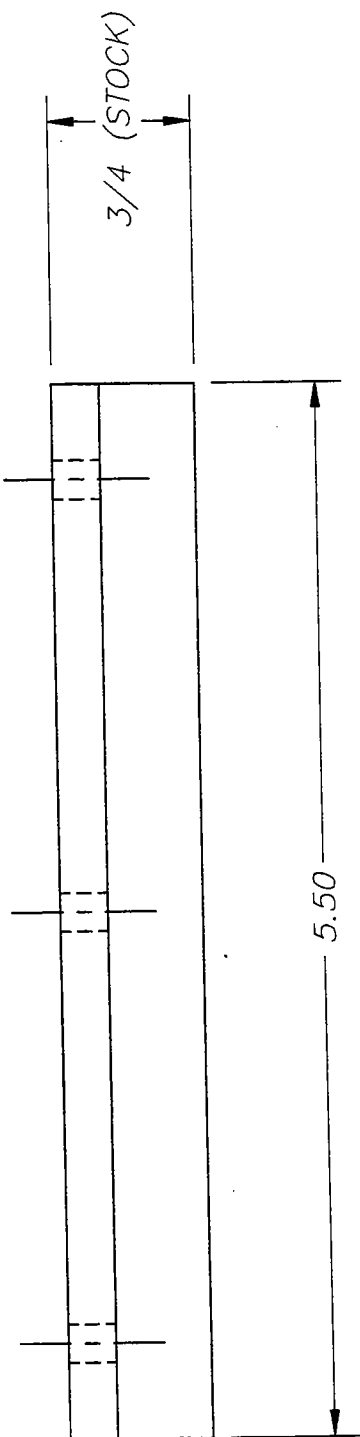
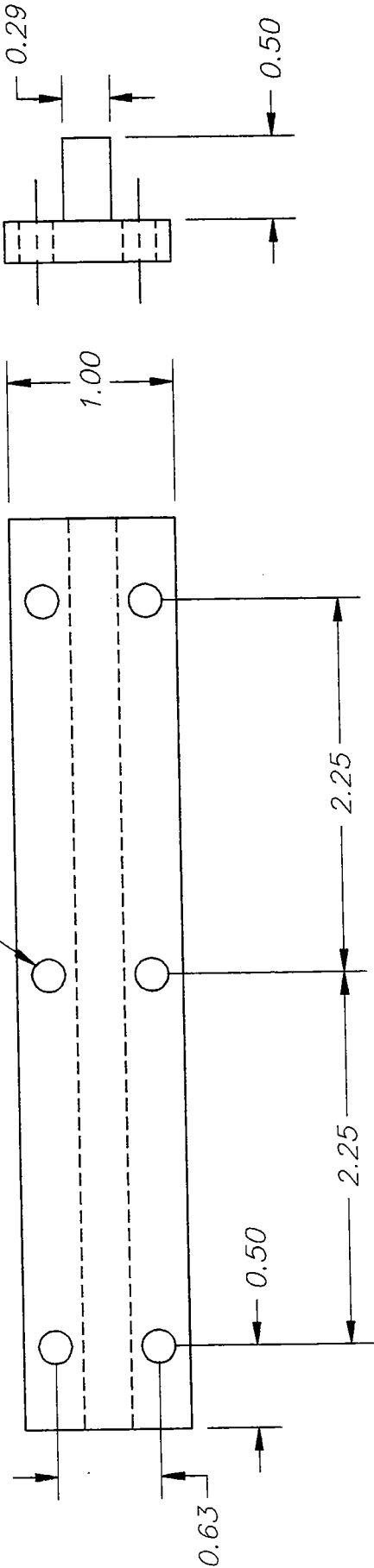


1/4

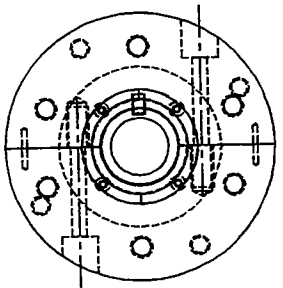


UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ±.005 ANGULAR ±1° HOLE SIZES DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156077-00	DATE 09/22/97	VOBIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOBIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL DELRIN		DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SLIDER FLANGE PLATE
FINISH AS NOTED		SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0402		SHEET 1 OF 2
RELEASE DATE		SCALE		2

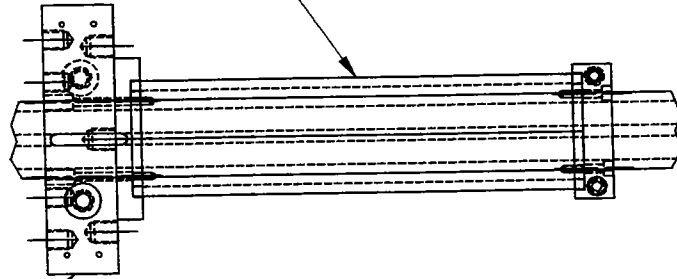
17/64 DRILL - 6PL



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .XX ±.01 .XXX ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING	PROJECT NO. 156168.08	DATE 09/22/97	VOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
	DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SLIDER KEY BLOCK
MATERIAL DELRIN	FINISH AS NOTED	SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0403	SCALE RELEASE DATE SHEET OF

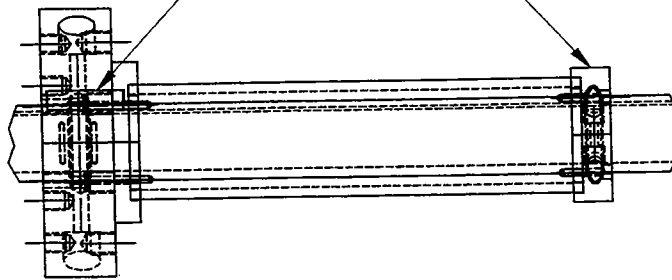


DWG #049-3-0501



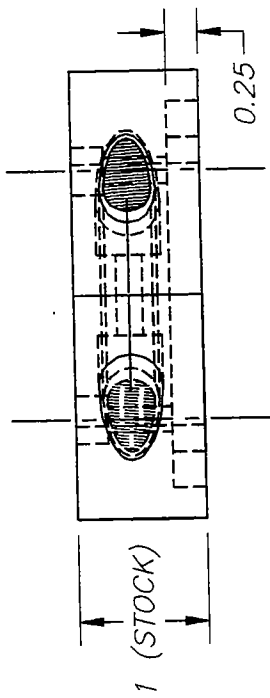
DWG #049-3-0503

DWG #049-3-0504



DWG #049-3-0502

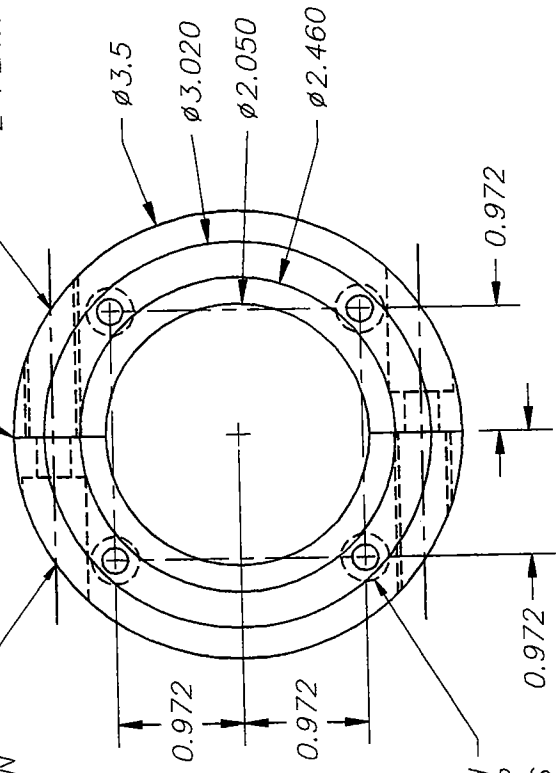
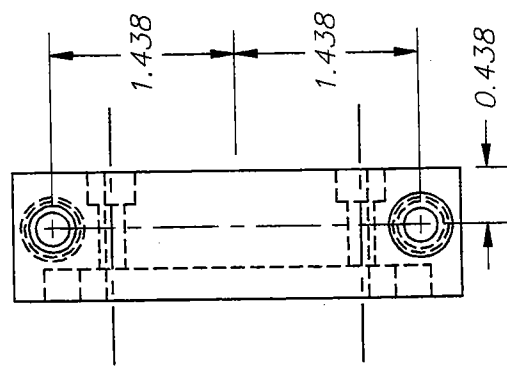
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .001 ANGULAR ±1° XXX .002 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156768.08	DATE 09/22/97	VOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
DRAWN C. LUMPING	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SLIDER ASSEMBLY		
MATERIAL AS NOTED		SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0500	SCALE RELEASE DATE	
FINISH AS NOTED		SHEET 2	OF 2	



CENTER CUT FOR TWO SEPARATE PIECES

LET. U DRILL THROUGH TAP FOR 7/16-14 2 PLACES AS SHOWN

17/64 DRILL THROUGH 1.00 DP 1/2 COUNTERBORE 2 PLACES AS SHOWN



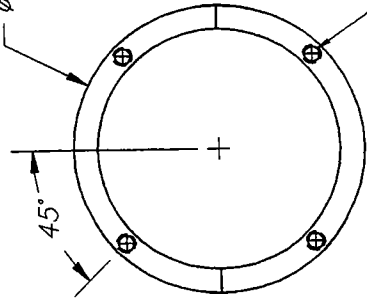
NO. 6 DRILL THROUGH 0.25 DP 3/8 COUNTERBORE 4 PLACES

REV 04/24/98 - 2.080 I.D.

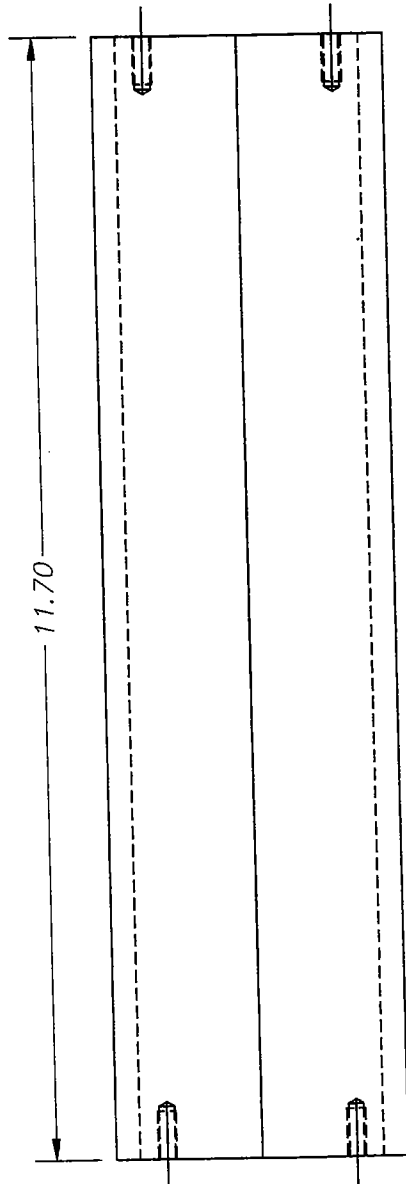
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .XX ±.01 .XXX ±.005 ANGULAR ±1' DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156166.08	DATE 03/30/98
DRAWN C. LUMPING		CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SLIDER LOWER ATTACHMENT
MATERIAL 1' ACETAL SHEET		FINISH AS NOTED	SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0502
SCALE		RELEASE DATE	SHEET OF

NOTE: DIMENSIONS CORRECT AFTER CUT

Ø3 OD 1/4 WALL (STOCK)

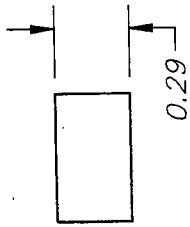


NO. 21 DRILL 0.60 DP
TAP FOR 10-32 0.50 DP
4 PLACES @90°
CENTER ON STOCK
BOTH ENDS

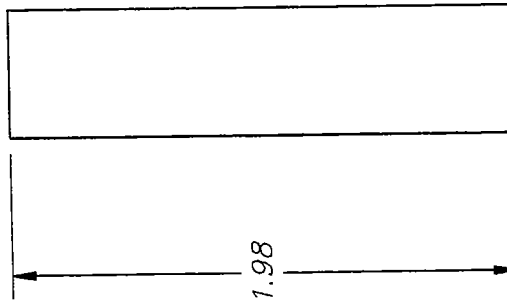


NOTE: DO NOT CUT TUBE IN HALF
UNTIL HOLES HAVE BEEN DRILLED

PROJECT NO. 156168.08		VOIDS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOIDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02549	
DRAWN C. LUMPING	DATE 03/30/98	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SLIDER SHAFT	
CHECK		SIZE	DWG NO. 049-3-0503
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .XXX ±.005 ±1° DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		SCALE	RELEASE DATE
MATERIAL 3" OD ALUMINUM TUBE			
FINISH AS NOTED			
			SHEET OF



R5/32 (TYP)



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .XX ±0.1 .XXX ±0.05 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 156166.08		DATE 03/30/98		VUODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VUODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543	
MATERIAL STAINLESS STEEL		DRAWN C. LUMPING		TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK SLIDER KEY INSERT		SIZE DWG NO. 049-3-0504	
FINISH AS NOTED		CHECK		SCALE		RELEASE DATE	
						SHEET DF	

DWG #049-4-0200
REVISED 09/11/97

DWG #049-4-0201

DWG #049-4-0100
REVISED 09/11/97

DWG #049-4-0301

DWG #049-4-0401

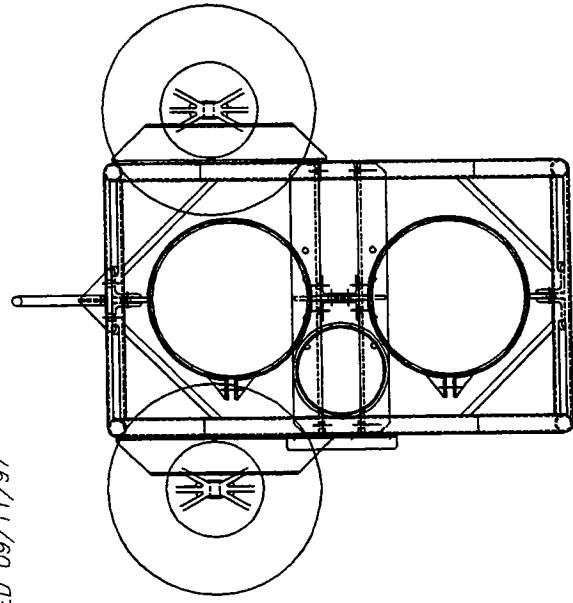
52

DWG #049-4-0302

DWG #049-4-0501

DOCK CONTROLLER INSTRUMENT HOUSING

BATTERY HOUSING
TUBE DWG #049-5-0100
ENDCAP DWG #049-5-0200
MOUNT TAB DWG #049-5-0300 REV 09/11/97



REVISED 10/08/97; INSTRUMENT HOUSING MOUNTS
REVISED 08/26/97; HOUSING BELLY BANDS
REVISED 09/11/97; REVISION NOTES

VIDDIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION
APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING
VIDDIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543

TITLE
AOSN VEHICLE DOCK
BATTERY/INSTRUMENT CAGE

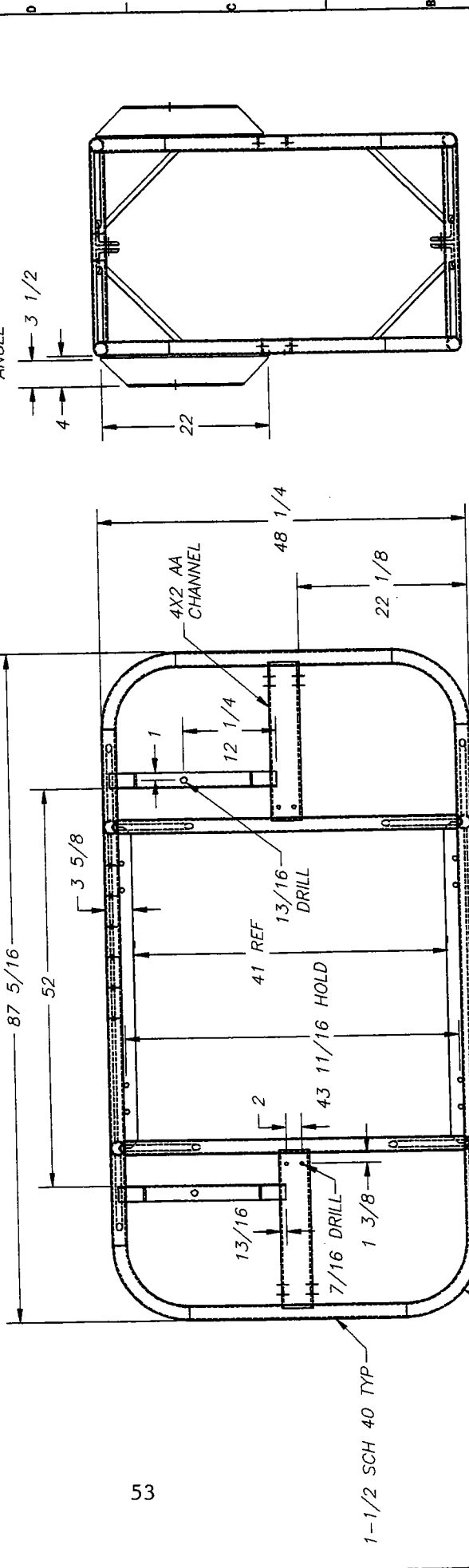
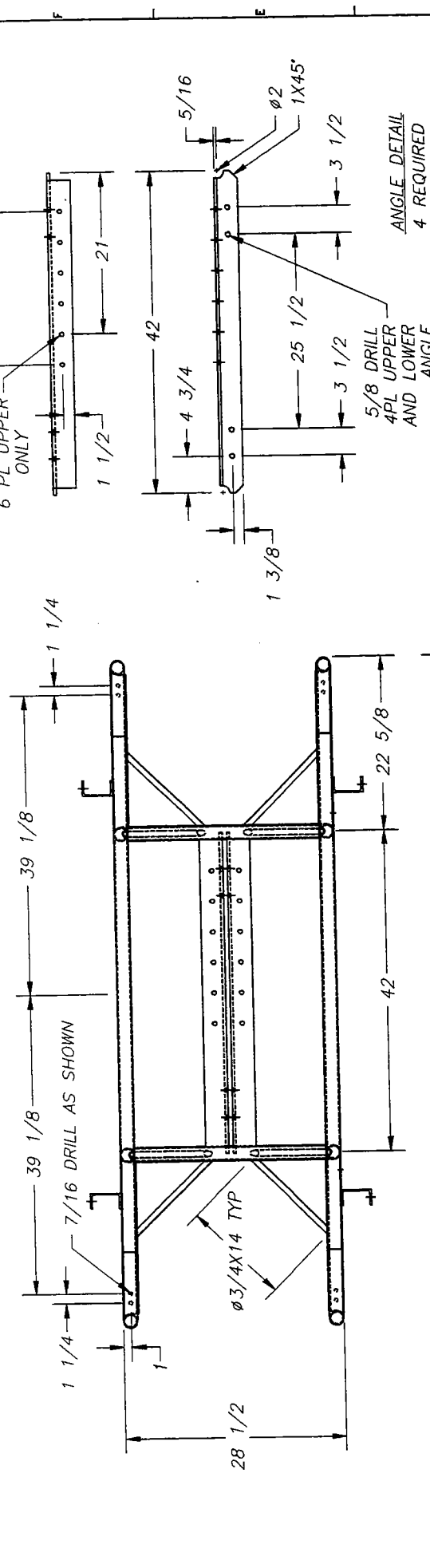
SIZE
DWG NO. 049-4-0000

SCALE
RELEASE DATE
SHEET 2 OF

PROJECT NO.
155727.00
DATE
09/02/97
DRAWN
DON PETERS
CHECK

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
TOLERANCES
DECIMALS
XXX ±.005
ANGULAR
±1°
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

MATERIAL
AS NOTED
FINISH
AS NOTED



REVISED 10/08/97: INST HSG MOUNT HOLES
 REVISED 10/06/97: POLYFORM MOUNTS
 REVISED 09/11/97: HOUSING MOUNT LOCATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
 TOLERANCES
 DECIMALS .001
 ANGULAR ±1°
 .XX .005
 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

PROJECT NO. 155727.00
 DRAWN DON PETERS
 CHECK

DATE 09/07/97

TITLE AOSN BATTERY CAGE MAIN FRAME WELDMENT

APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING
 VODDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543

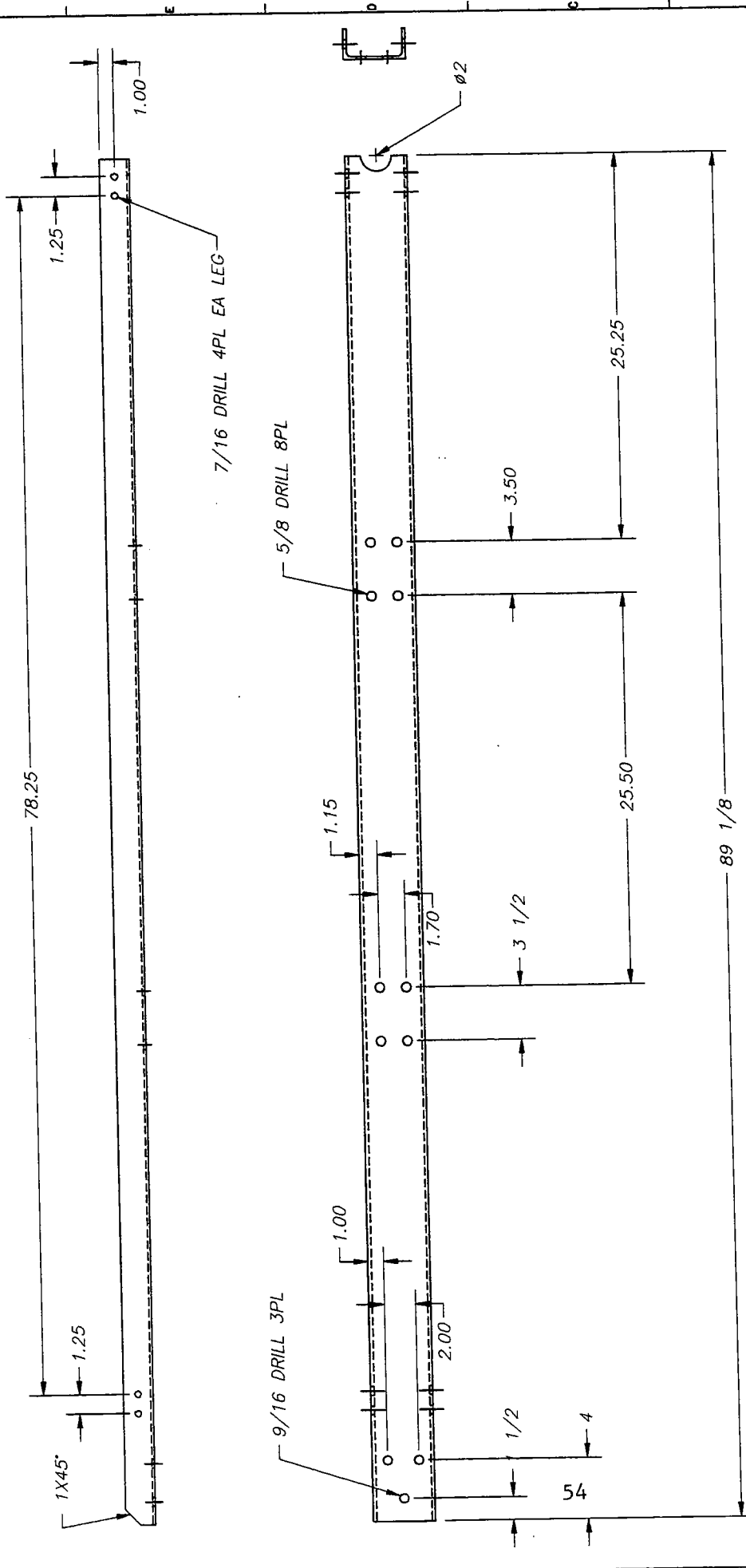
UDDIS HOLE DEEAGRAPHIC INSTITUTION

SIZE 049-4-0100

SCALE

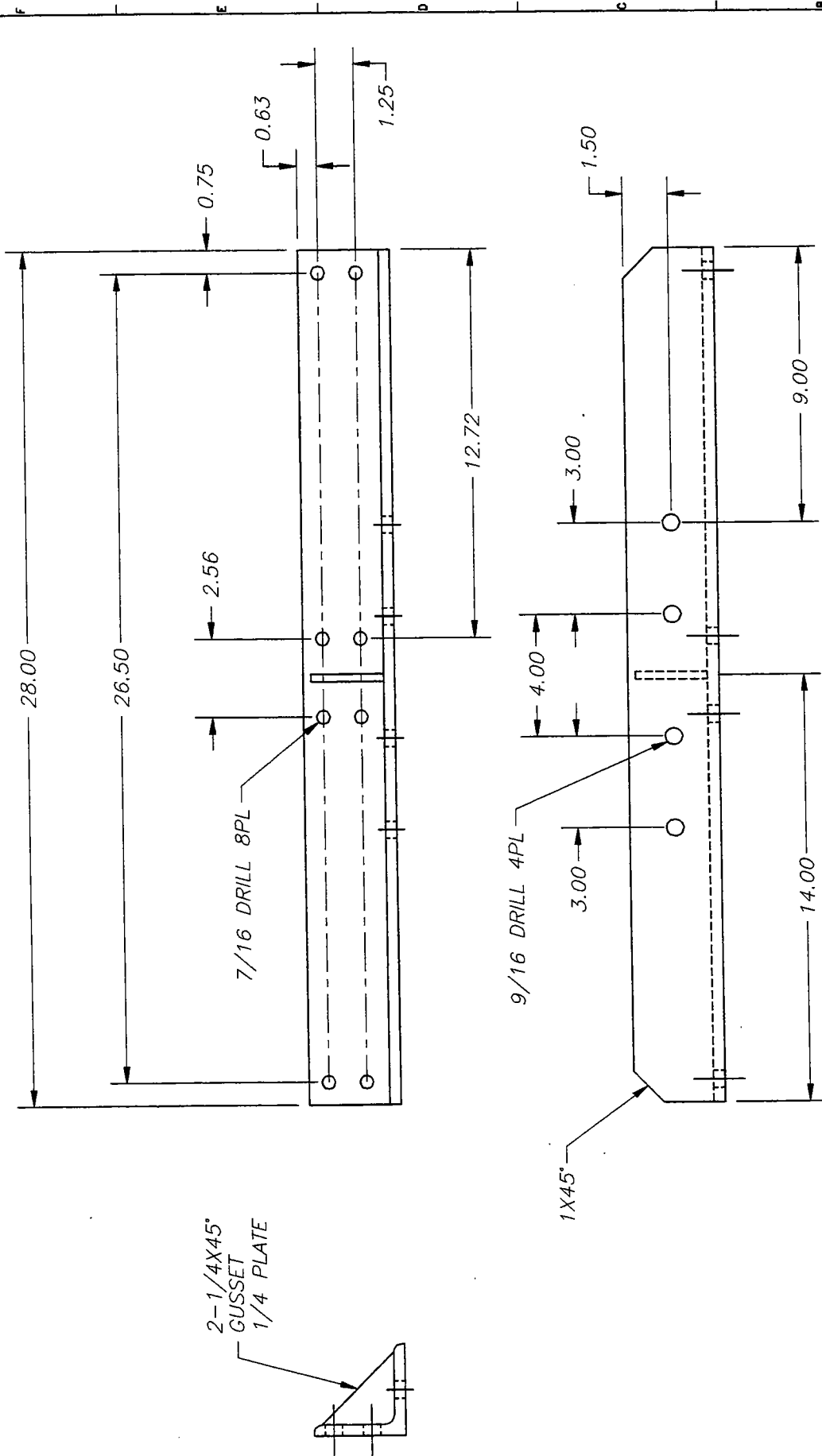
RELEASE DATE

SHEET 01 OF



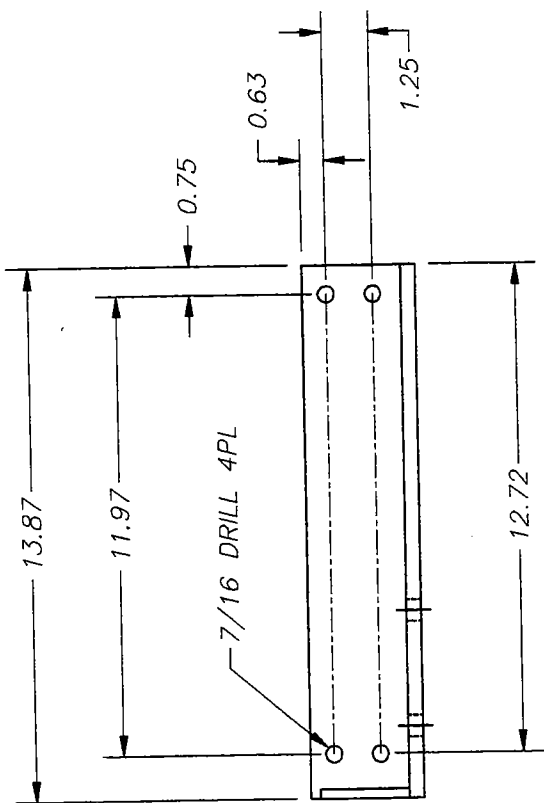
REVISED 09/11/97: MOUNT HOLE LOCATIONS

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .XX ±.01 .XXX ±.005 ANGULAR ±1' DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 155727.00	DATE 09/07/97	TITLE AOSN BATTERY CAGE CENTER CHANNEL
DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK []	SCALE []	SIZE DWG NO. 049-4-0200	SHEET OF []
MATERIAL 4X2 AA CHANNEL 6061-T6	FINISH AS NOTED	RELEASE DATE []	[]	[]

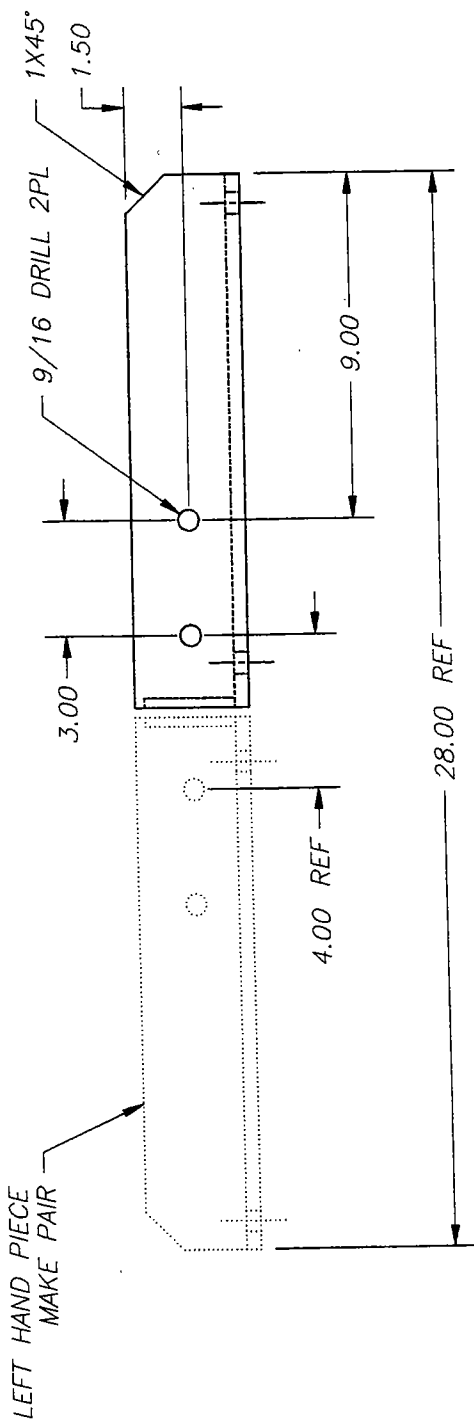


UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR XX ±.01 #1 XXX ±.05 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. 155727.00		VOIDS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOIDS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, DEEPS	
MATERIAL 3X3X3/8 5086 ALUMINUM		DATE 09/07/97	TITLE AOSN BATTERY CAGE UPPER CROSSPIECE		
FINISH AS NOTED		DRAWN DON PETERS	SCALE	SIZE	DWG NO.
		CHECK	RELEASE DATE		049-4-0201
					SHEET OF

NOTE:
THIS PIECE TO BE MADE
USING 5086-H111 ALUMINUM

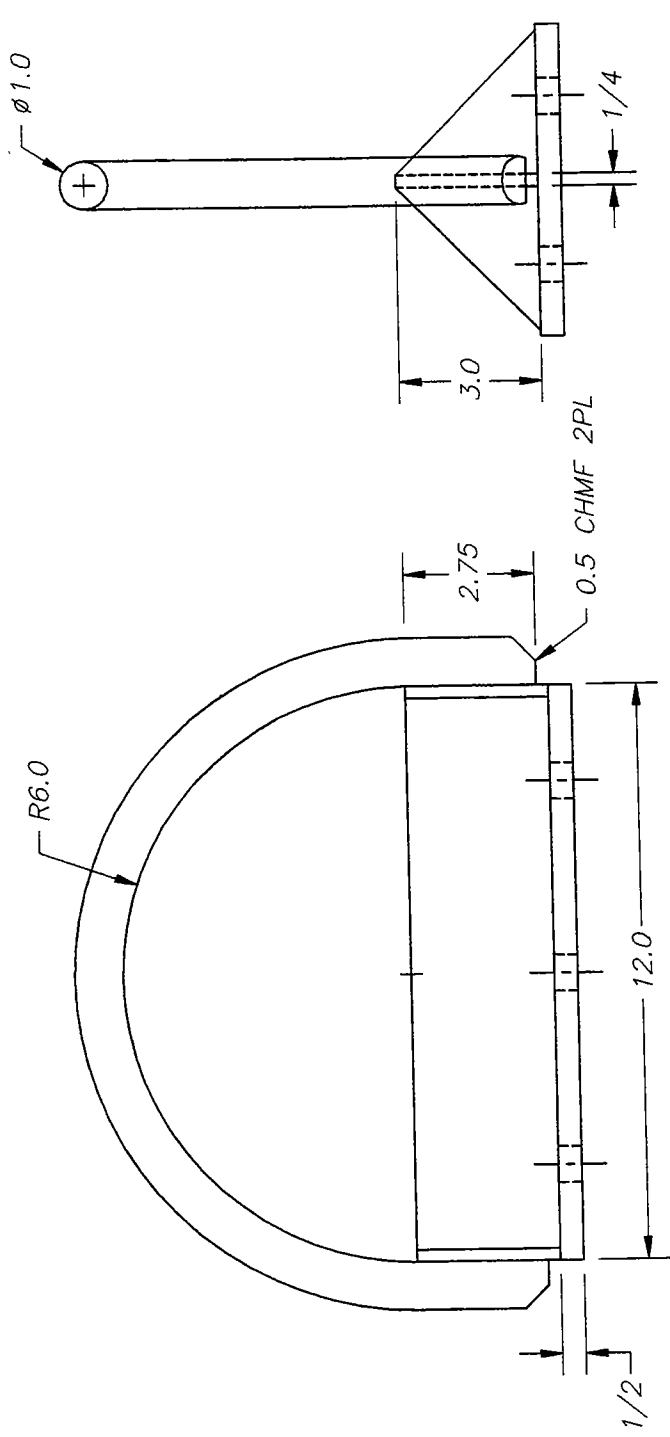
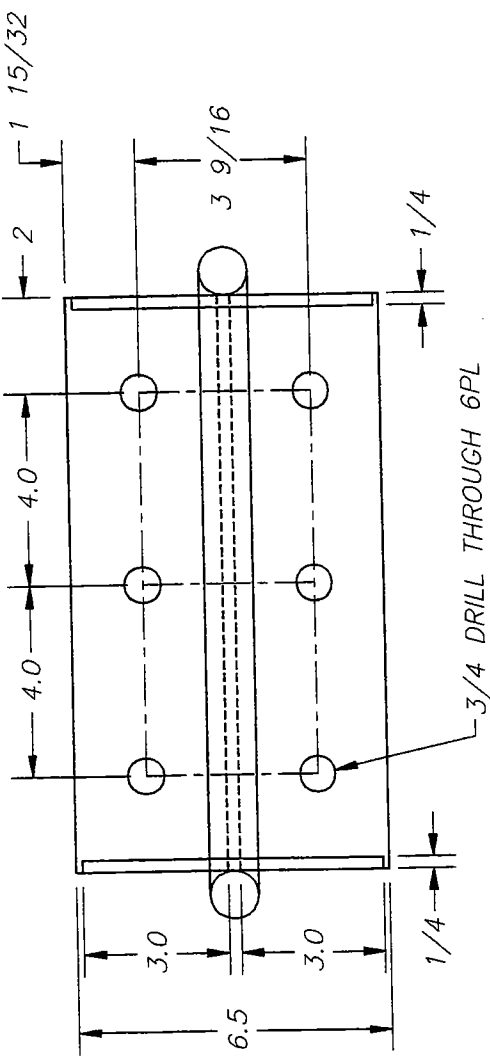


2-1/4X45°
GUSSET
1/4 PLATE

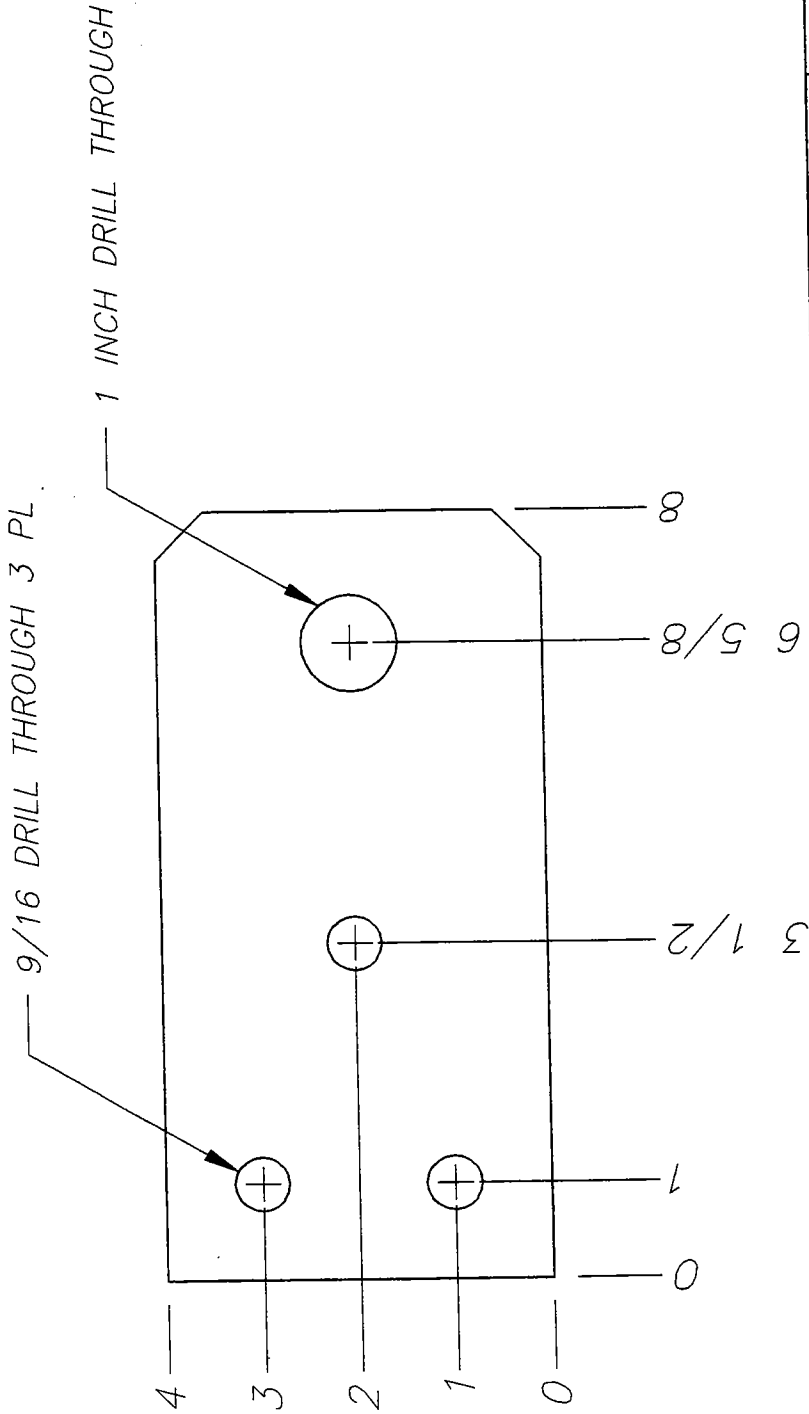
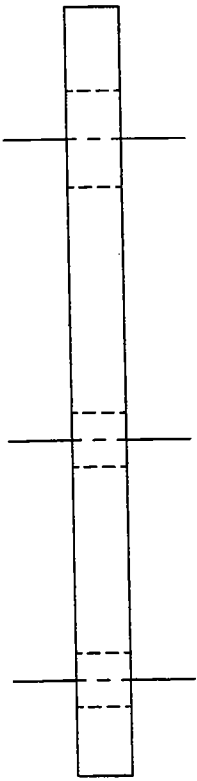


LEFT HAND PIECE
MAKE PAIR

PROJECT NO. 150188.02		VOOHS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOOHS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543	
DRAWN DON PETERS	DATE 09/07/97	TITLE AOSN BATTERY CAGE LOWER CROSSPIECE	
CHECK	SCALE	SIZE DWG NO. 049-4-0202	SHEET OF
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .005 ±.005 ±1° DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		MATERIAL 3X3X3/8 ANGLE 6061-T6 FINISH AS NOTED	

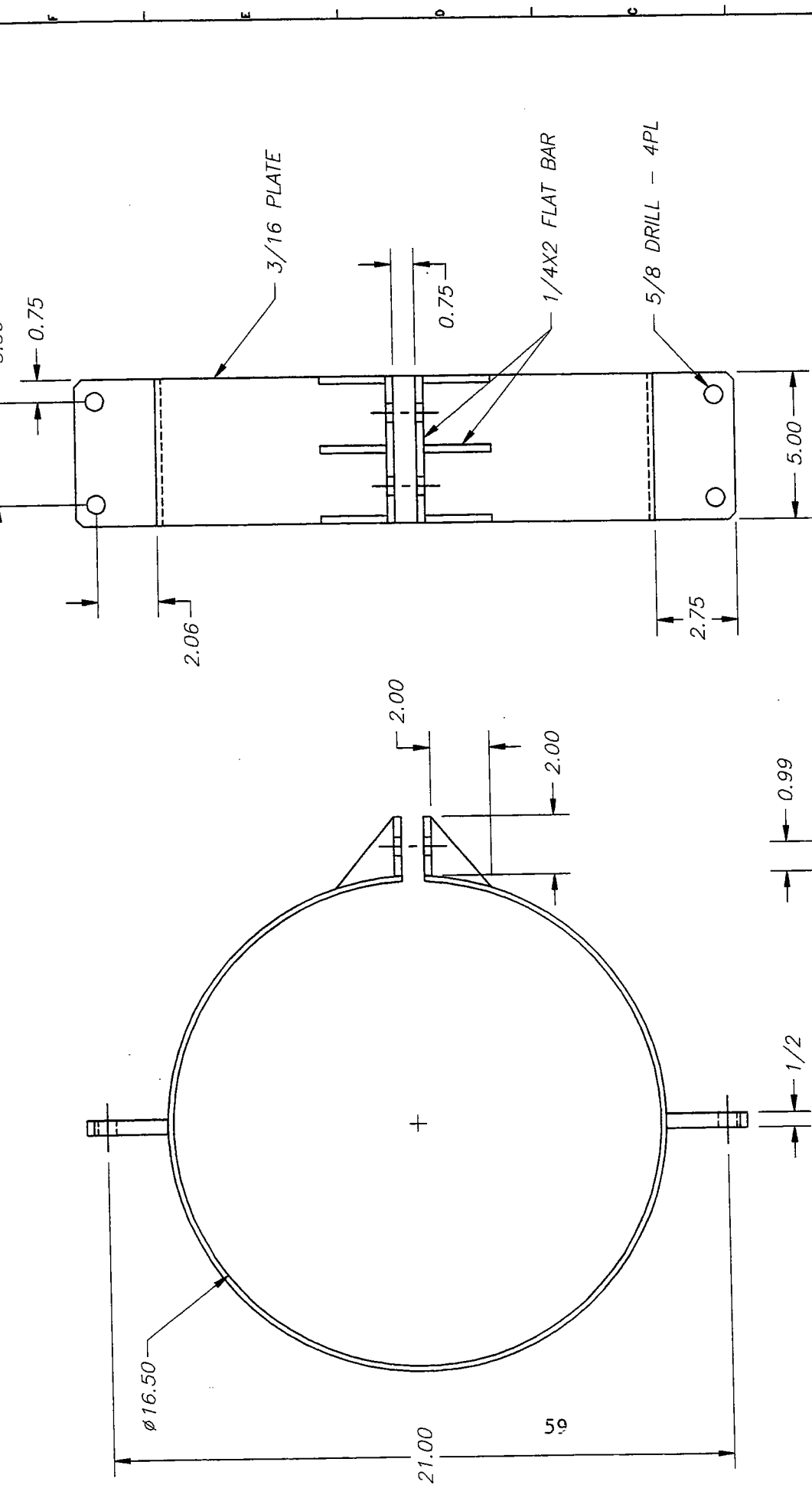


UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .01 ANGULAR ±1° .XXX ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. DRAWN DON PETERS CHECK	DATE 9/9/97	TITLE AOSN LAB SEA PICKUP BALE	VIDDIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VIDDIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL STAINLESS STEEL		FINISH AS NOTED		SIZE 049-4-0301	DWG. NO. 049-4-0301
SCALE		RELEASE DATE		SHEET OF	

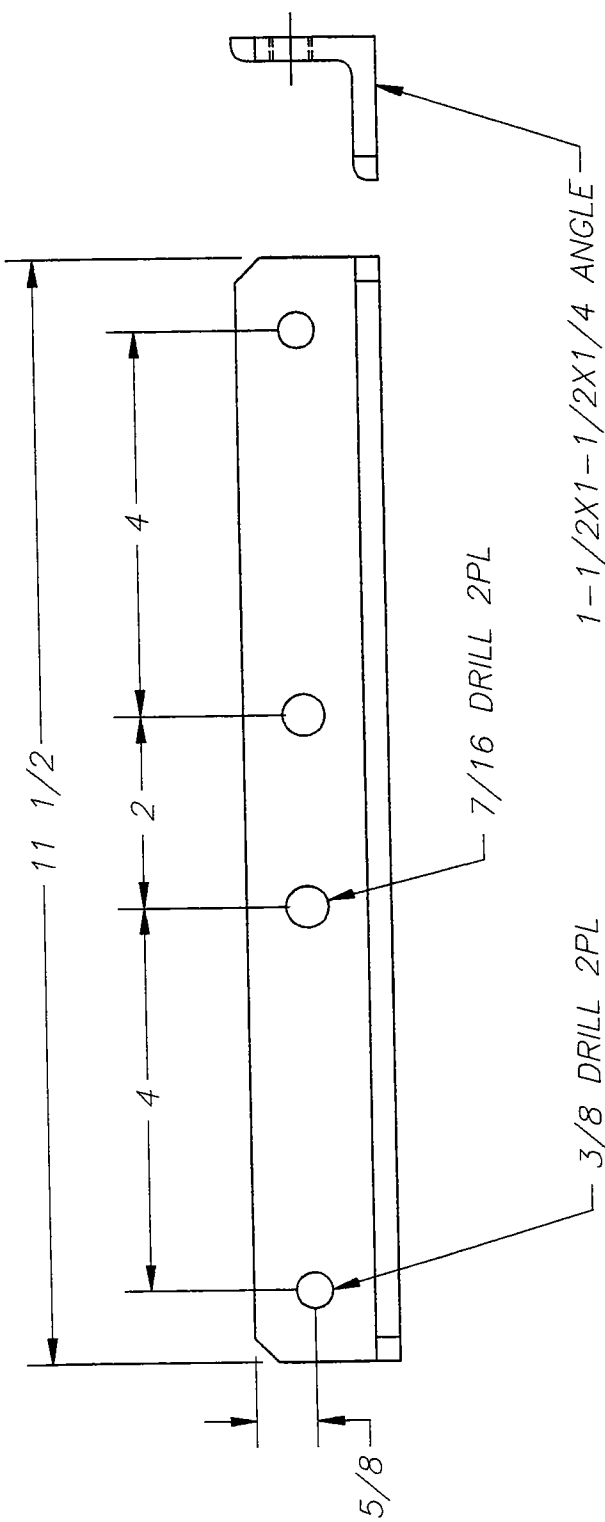


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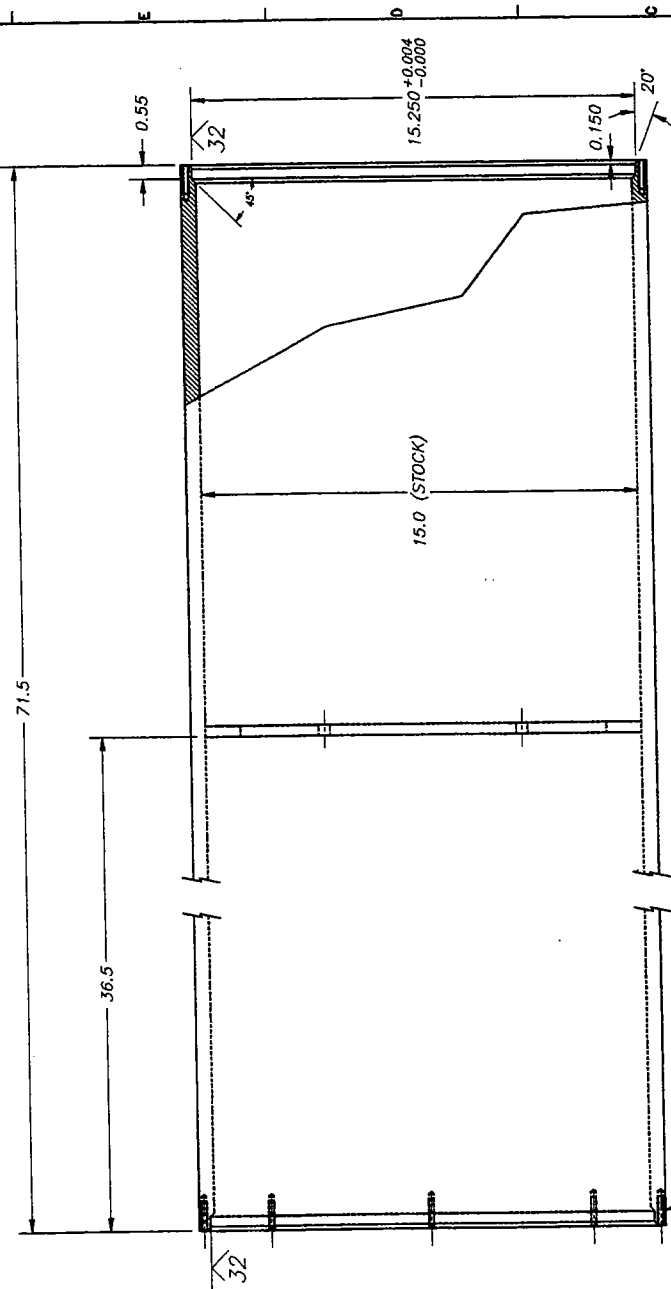
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .XX .01 ±1° .XXX .005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NO. DRAWN DON PETERS CHECK		DATE 9/9/97		WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543	
MATERIAL STAINLESS STEEL		FINISH AS NOTED		TITLE AOSN BATTERY FRAME BOTTOM TANG		SIZE DWG NO. 049-4-0302	
SCALE		RELEASE DATE		SHEET		OF	



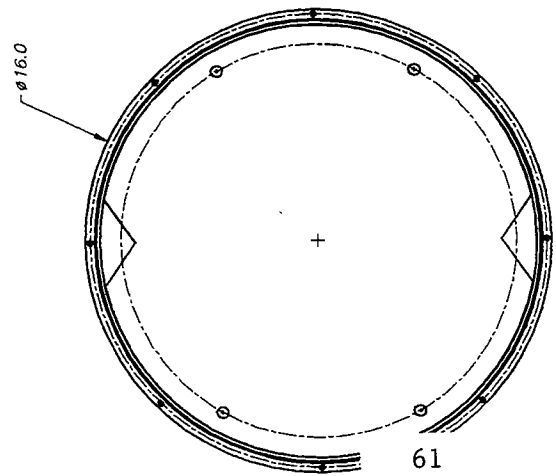
PROJECT NO. 156168.08		VOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543	
DRAWN DON PETERS	DATE 09/26/97	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK BATTERY HOUSING BAND	
CHECK	SCALE	SIZE DWG NO. 049-4-0401	RELEASE DATE SHEET OF
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR .005 .005 ±1° DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		MATERIAL 5086 ALUMINUM FINISH AS NOTED	



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .001 ANGULAR .1° XXX .005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		PROJECT NR. 156077.00	DATE 10/08/97	VIDDIS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING VIDDIS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
MATERIAL 6061-T6		DRAWN DON PETERS	CHECK	TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK INSTRUMENT HOUSING BRACKET
FINISH AS NOTED		SIZE DWG NO. 049-4-0501		SHEET OF
SCALE		RELEASE DATE		1



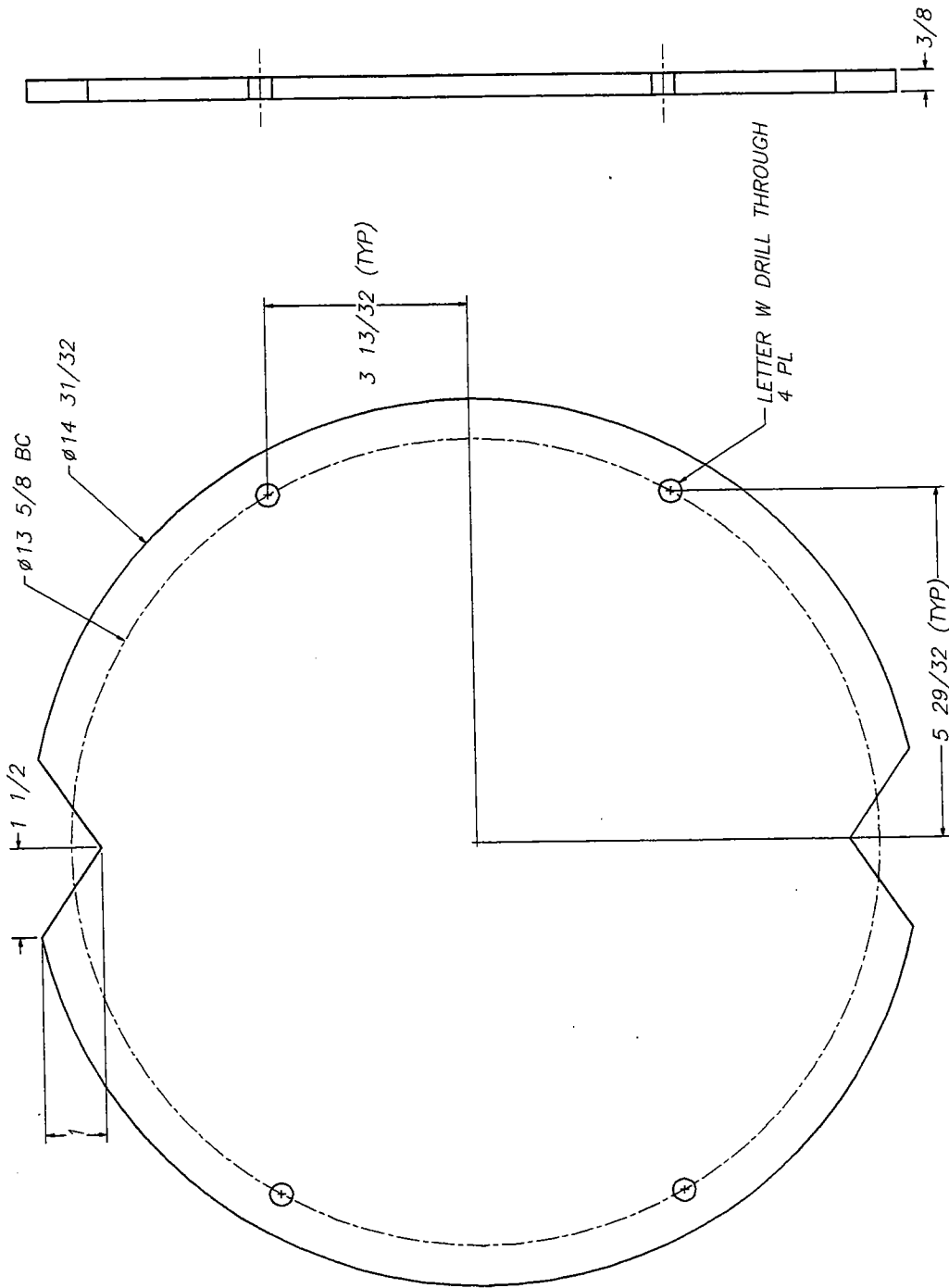
ON $\phi 15.68$ BOLI. CIRCLE
 NO. 21 DRILL 1.25 DP
 10-32 TAP 1.0 DP
 8 PLACES @ 45 EACH END



REV 08/07/97: DRAWING NUMBER

PROJECT NO. 155727.00		TITLE AOSN VEHICLE DOCK BATTERY CASE	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES		DATE 8/11/97	
TOLERANCES DECIMALS ± 0.01 ANGULAR $\pm 1'$.XX ± 0.05 .XXX ± 0.05 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		DRAWN G. McDonald	
MATERIAL 6061 T-6		CHECK	
FINISH AS NOTED		SIZE DWG NO. 049-5-0100	
SCALE		RELEASE DATE	
SHEET		OF	

WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION
 APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING
 WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543



REV 09/07/97: DRAWING NUMBER

WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION
 APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING
 WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS 02543

PROJECT NO.
155727.00

DATE
8/21/97

DRAWN
C. McDonald

CHECK

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
 DECIMALS ANGULAR
 1/32 1/16 1/8 1/4 3/8 1/2
 00 NOT SCALE DRAWING

MATERIAL
6061-T6 3/8 PLATE

FINISH
AS NOTED

TITLE

AOSN BATTERY CASE
 BULKHEAD

SIZE

DWG NO.

049-5-0101

SCALE

RELEASE DATE

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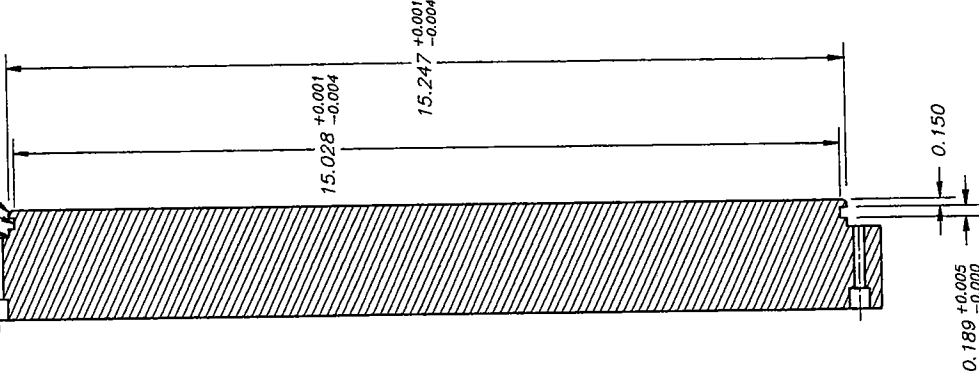
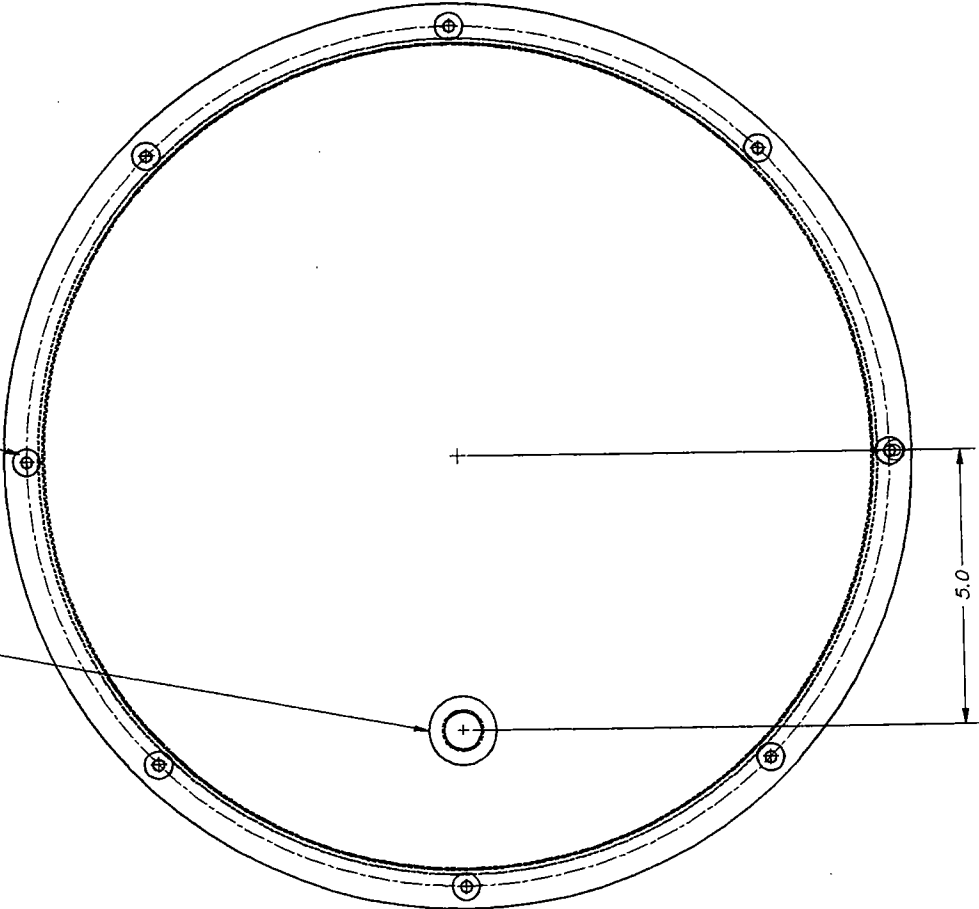
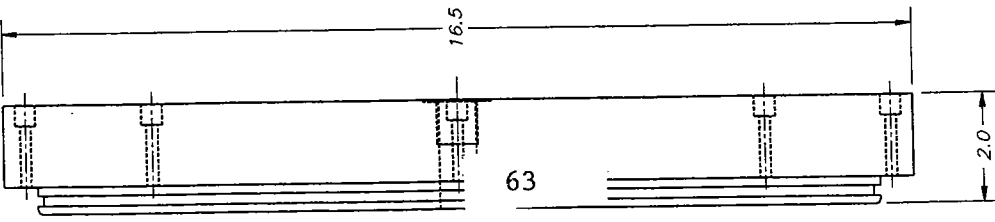
288

R0.03
O-RING GROOVE - SEE NOTE
R0.08

BREAK CORNERS 0.02

ON Ø15.68 BOLT CIRCLE
NUMBER 8 DRILL THROUGH
1/2 CB 3/8 DP
8 PL @ 45° AS SHOWN

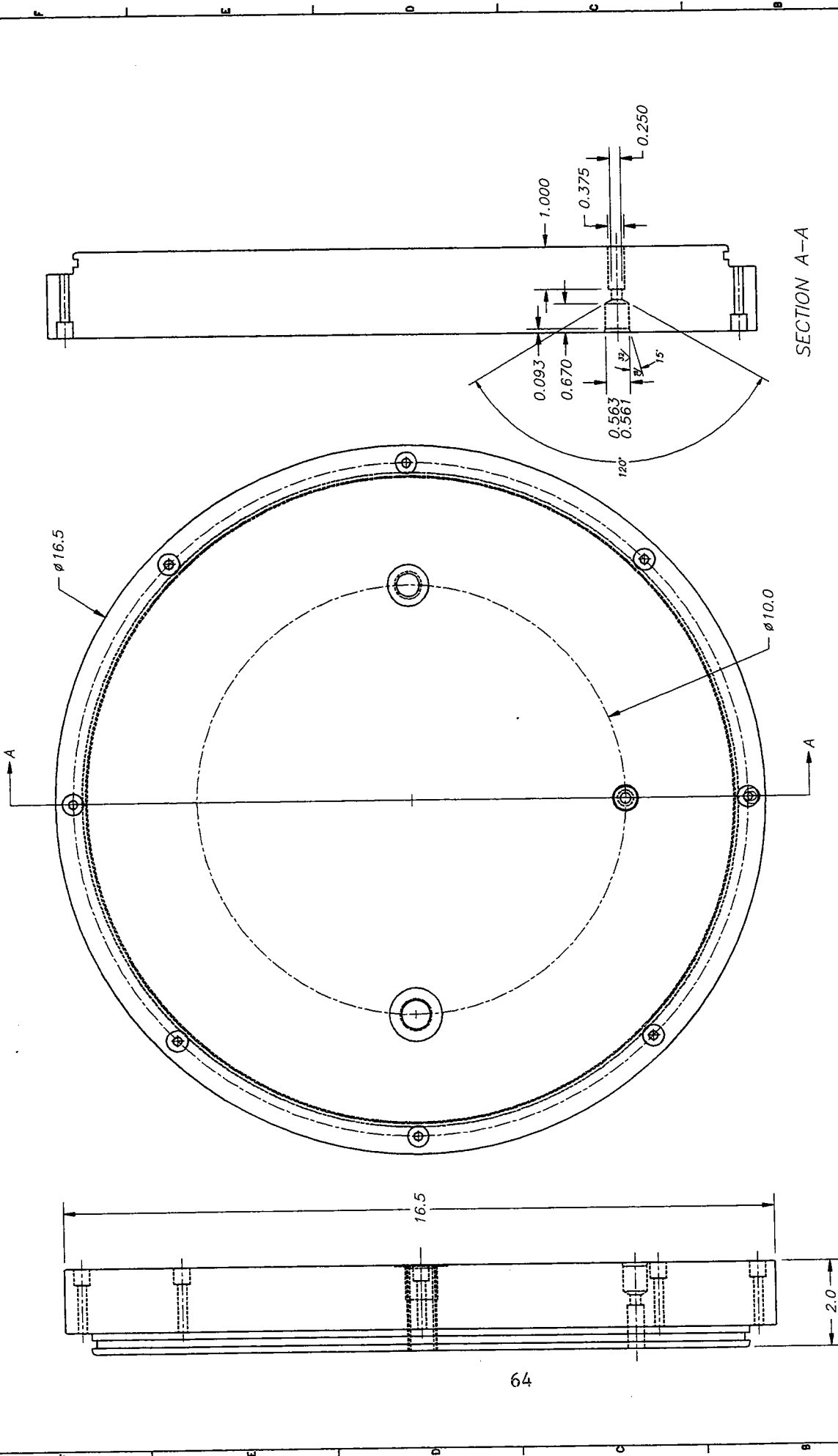
1 1/16 DRILL THROUGH
3/4-16 TAP 0.75 DP
1 3/8 SPOTFACE 0.03 DP



REV 09/07/97: DRAWING NUMBER

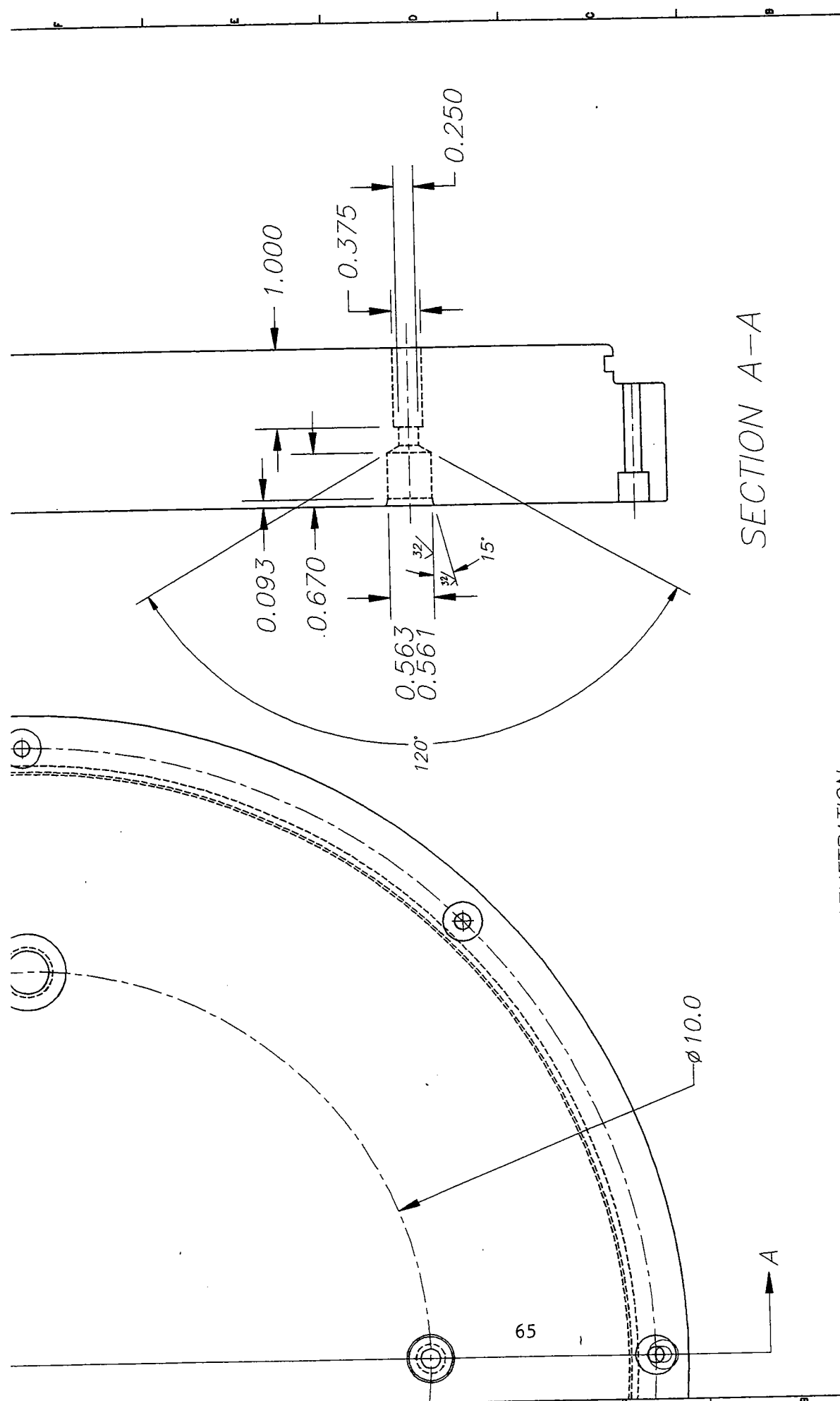
PROJECT NO. 155727.00		DATE 8/11/97	
DRAWN C. McDonald		CHECK	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ANGULAR XXX.XX ±.01 XXX.X ±.005 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			
MATERIAL 3081-T6 PLATE			
FINISH AS NOTED			
APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543		TITLE AOSN BATTERY CASE ENDCAP	
DRAW NO. 049-5-0200		RELEASE DATE SHEET OF	

NOTE
O-RING GROOVE FINISH .32 RMS
RADIUS INSIDE CORNERS 0.01-0.02
BREAK OUTSIDE CORNERS 0.005



PROJECT NO. 155727.00		DATE 9/22/97	
DRAWN G. McDonald		CHECK	
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS .005 ANGULAR .01 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING			
MATERIAL 6061-T6 PLATE			
FINISH AS NOTED			
TITLE AOSN BATTERY CASE ENDCAP PENETRATIONS		DWG. NO. 049-5-0201	SHEET DF
WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543		SCALE	RELEASE DATE

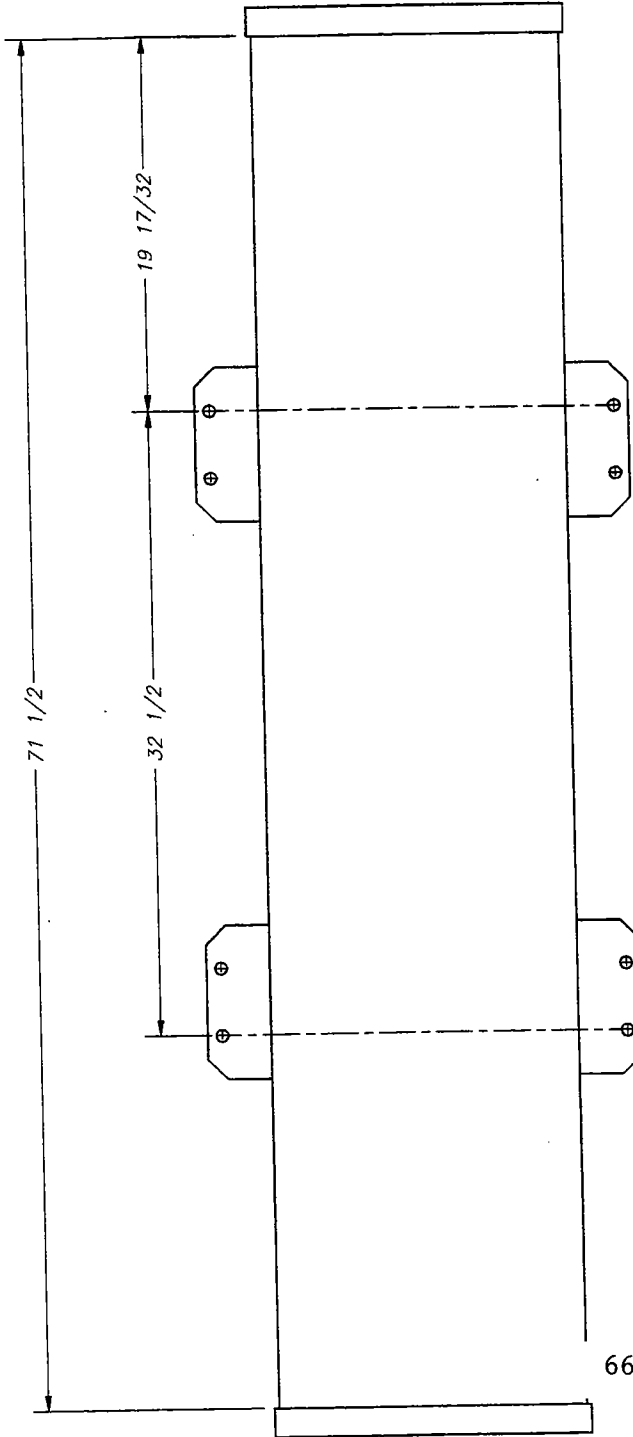
NOTE
 O-RING GROOVE FINISH 32 RMS
 RADIUS INSIDE CORNERS 0.01-0.02
 BREAK OUTSIDE CORNERS 0.005



SECTION A-A

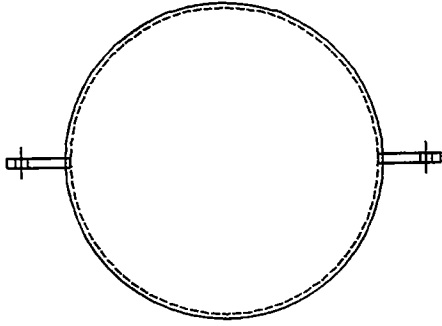
NOTE: DETAIL OF ENDCAP PENETRATION
 DWG #049-5-0201

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES DECIMALS ±.01 XX ±.005 XXX ±.002 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING	PROJECT NO.	WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543
	DATE	9/22/97
MATERIAL 6061-T6 PLATE FINISH AS NOTED	DRAWN	G. McDonald
	CHECK	
TITLE		AOSN BATTERY CASE ENDCAP PENETRATION DETAIL
SIZE		DWG NO. 049-5-0202
SCALE		RELEASE DATE
SHEET		DF



DWG #049-5-0301

66



REVISED 09/11/97: MOUNT TAB LOCATION

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
 Applied Ocean Physics & Engineering
 Woods Hole, Massachusetts 02543

TITLE
 AOSN BATTERY CASE
 MOUNT TAB LOCATION

PROJECT NO.

DATE
 9/11/97

DRAWN
 DON PETERS

CHECK

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
 TOLERANCES
 DECIMALS .01
 ANGULAR ±1°
 XXX ±.005
 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

MATERIAL
 AS NOTED

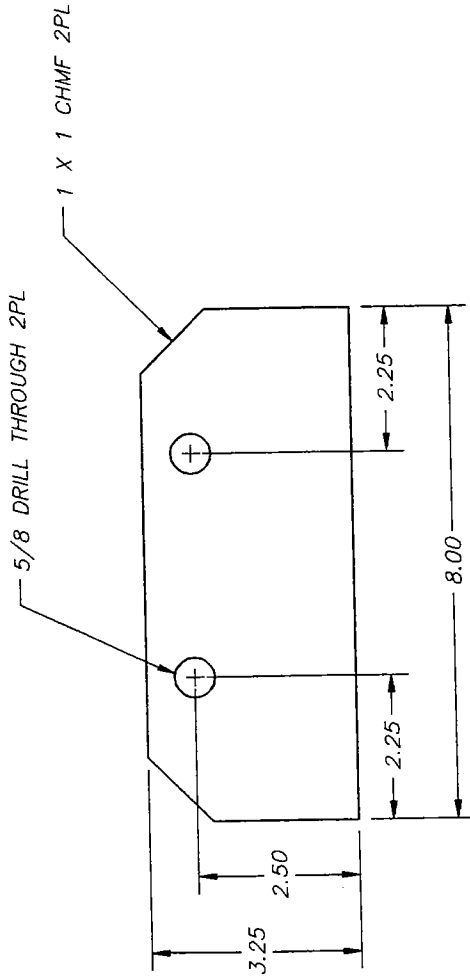
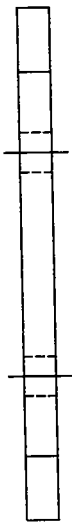
FINISH
 AS NOTED

SIZE
 DWG NLT
 049-5-0300

SCALE
 RELEASE DATE

SHEET

8



REV 09/10/97: DRAWING NUMBER

WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION
 APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING
 WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543

TITLE
**AOSN BATTERY CASES
 MOUNTING TAB**

SIZE
 DWG. NO. 049-5-0301

SCALE
 RELEASE DATE
 SHEET 2 OF 2

PROJECT NO.

DATE 9/9/97

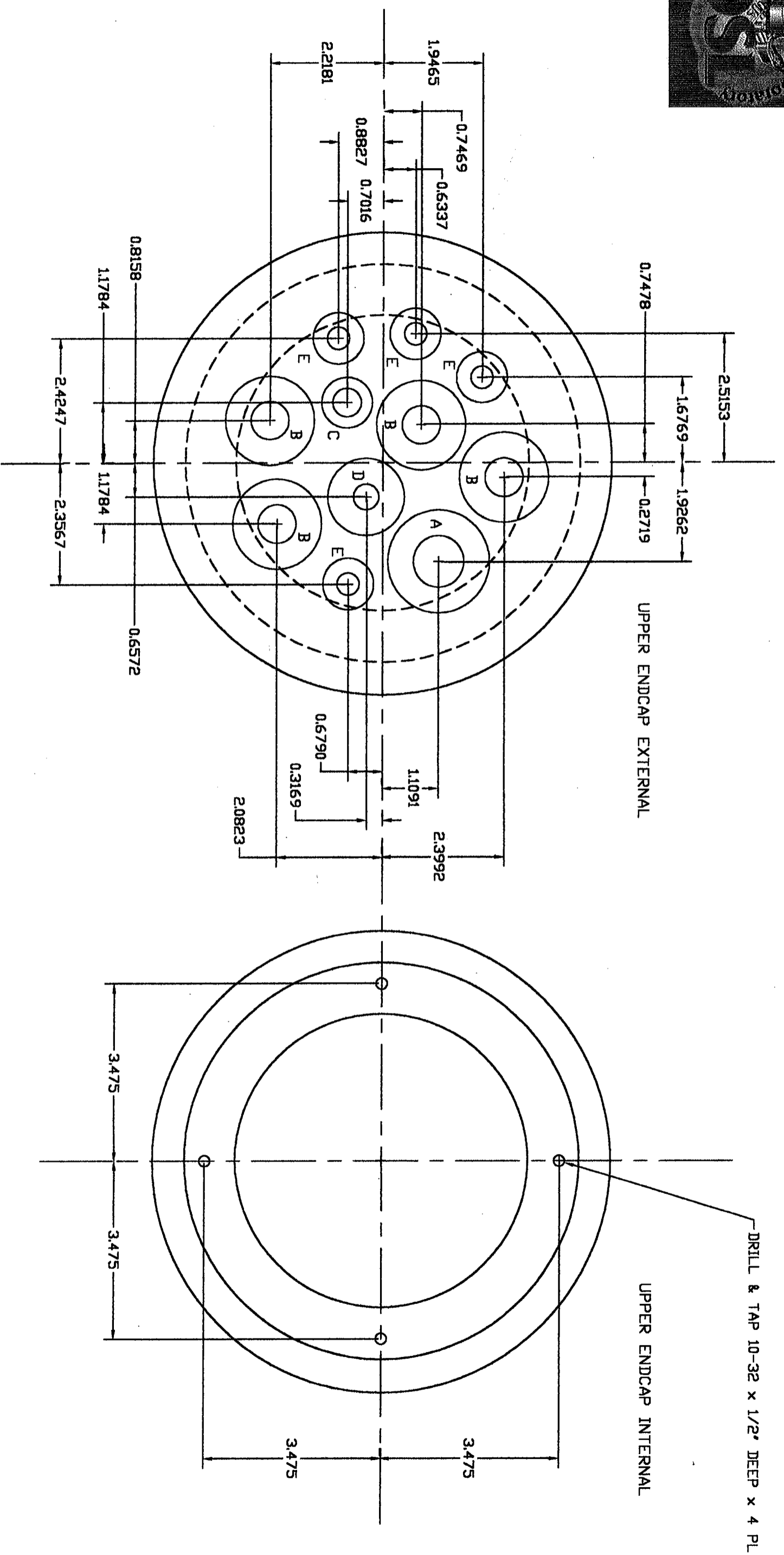
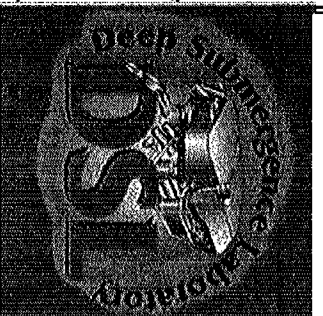
DRAWN DON PETERS

CHECK

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
 DECIMALS TOLERANCES
 XX ±.01 ANGULAR
 XX ±.05 ±1°
 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

MATERIAL
 ALUMINUM 6061-T6

FINISH
 AS NOTED



DRILL & TAP BULKHEAD THRU HOLES AS FOLLOWS:

- A = MULTI: 1-14, 2.00 FACE
- B = BATT1, BATT2, TEMP, SURF: 3/4-16, 1.75 FACE
- C = UAM: 9/16-18, 1.00 FACE
- D = EDGE: 1/2-20, 1.5 FACE
- E = ADV, EDC1, EDC2, SPARE: 7/16-20, 1.00 FACE

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES TOLERANCES ARE IN GRANGES		PROJECT NO. 000000.00		WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTION APPLIED OCEAN PHYSICS & ENGINEERING WOODS HOLE, MASSACHUSETTS, 02543	
DECIMALS .XX	FRACTIONS XXX/1000	ANGULAR ±1°	DRAWN M.F. BOWEN	DATE 07/30/97	TITLE DOCCON HOUSING ENDCAP FEEDTHRU DETAIL
MATERIAL AS NOTED			CHECK 68		SCALE NONE
FINISH AS NOTED			AOPAE	MS #13	DWG NO. 156-97-022
			BIG G-3	289-3420	RELEASE DATE
					SHEET OF

4.0 References

1. Bowen, M.F., A Passive Capture Latch for ODYSSEY Class AUVs, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, Woods Hole, MA, Blue Cover Technical Report WHOI-98-12, forthcoming, 1998.
2. Den Hartog, J.P., Advanced Strength of Materials, Dover Publications, Inc., New York, NY, pp. 90-99, 1952.
3. Dexter, S.C., Handbook Of Oceanographic Engineering Materials, Robert E. Krieger Publishing Company, Malabar, FL, 1985.
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5. Parker Seal Group, O-Ring Seals Handbook, U.S. Government Manufacturing Code Identification Number 02697, Lexington, KY, 1992.
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7. Shigley, J.E., Mischke, C.R., Mechanical Engineering Design, 5th Edition, ISBN 0-07-056899-5, McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, NY, 1989.
8. Stock Drive Products, Handbook of Shafts, Bearings and Couplings, Publication D200-4, Sterling Instrument, New York, NY, 1995.

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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	1. REPORT NO. WHOI-98-11	2.	3. Recipient's Accession No.
4. Title and Subtitle A Deep Sea Docking Station for ODYSSEY Class Autonomous Underwater Vehicles		5. Report Date June 10, 1998	6.
7. Author(s) M. F. Bowen, D. B. Peters		8. Performing Organization Rept. No. WHOI-98-11	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution Woods Hole, Massachusetts 02543		10. Project/Task/Work Unit No.	11. Contract(C) or Grant(G) No. (C) N000-14-95-1-1316 (G)
12. Sponsoring Organization Name and Address Office of Naval Research		13. Type of Report & Period Covered Technical Report	
15. Supplementary Notes This report should be cited as: Woods Hole Oceanog. Inst. Tech. Rept., WHOI-98-11		14.	
16. Abstract (Limit: 200 words) Under subcontract to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology's (MIT) Sea Grant Autonomous Ocean Sampling Network (AOSN) program, engineers and researchers at the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI) designed, fabricated and operated a deep sea Docking Station for ODYSSEY-class autonomous underwater vehicles (AUVs). The docking station provides shelter as well as power transfer and data exchange services for an AUV that is between autonomous midwater missions. The Station is integrated into the main tension member of a deep sea mooring system. A large subsea flotation sphere supports the mass of the Station above the seafloor. A surface expression connected by an umbilical to the Station was capable of bi-directional satellite or radio frequency communications. Primary subsystems of the Docking Station described in this report include a dock controller with multi-sensor support, long-duration battery packs, a docking pole with a moving carriage, an inductive link for power and data transfer, and information about how the Station was deployed, operated and recovered.			
17. Document Analysis a. Descriptors AUV Docking Mooring b. Identifiers/Open-Ended Terms c. COSATI Field/Group			
18. Availability Statement Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.		19. Security Class (This Report) UNCLASSIFIED	21. No. of Pages 73
		20. Security Class (This Page)	22. Price