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**竞争战略、供应链协同与企业绩效  
——基于泉州鞋服产业的实证研究**

**Competitive Strategy, Supply Chain Collaboration and Firm  
Performance**

**——An Empirical Study on Footwear and Apparel  
Industry in Quanzhou**

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## 摘要

随着全球市场竞争加剧，超竞争时代来临，企业需要选择何种竞争战略才能确保竞争优势？经典竞争战略理论将战略类型分为：差异化战略、低成本战略和聚焦战略，本文认为这三种类型的战略已不能在超竞争的环境下对企业的战略选择做出指导，因此本文采用了更加符合时代特征的精准组合战略理论，结合实证研究的结果，将战略类型划分为：中高价差异化战略、低价差异化战略、规模经济低成本战略、敏捷经济低成本战略和聚焦战略五种细分战略，以及由差异化与低成本细分战略组合而形成的组合战略。

企业选择了适当的战略类型以后，需要对其进行正确地实施。本文认为，供应链协同是企业实施其竞争战略的最佳途径之一。在供应链协同的构面，本文包含了三个部分：供应链协同的驱动因素——嵌入性，供应链协同的机制——集成行为与协同行为，供应链协同的结果——供应链绩效。本文以泉州鞋服企业为样本，结合案例分析，研究了供应链协同机制在竞争战略对企业绩效影响过程中的中介作用。

本论文主要包括下列内容：第一章为导言；第二章对竞争战略、供应链与供应链协同、企业绩效进行文献综述；在第三章中，对组合战略理论进行扩展研究，在既有供应链协同的理论上，提出供应链协同的概念、动因、作用机制；分析供应链绩效与企业绩效之间的关系，以及竞争战略、供应链协同与企业绩效三者之间的关系，最后提出研究模型；在第四、第五、第六章中，提出研究假设、实证研究方案设计与实施、实证研究。第七章为案例研究；第八章为研究结论与展望。

本研究结论为：供应链协同机制的集成与协同行为在中高价差异化和低价差异化细分战略对企业绩效影响过程中具有中介作用，而中高价差异化战略和规模经济低成本战略组合，或与敏捷经济低成本战略组合形成的不同组合战略对企业绩效具有积极影响。其中，中高价差异化战略与敏捷经济低成本战略形成的组合战略对企业绩效的正向影响更为显著。本文为企业竞争战略类型的选择，供应链协同运营系统如何提升企业绩效进而增强竞争优势等管理实践提供了理论支持和指导。

**关键词：**竞争战略；供应链协同；企业绩效

## **ABSTRACT**

Along with the aggravation of the global market competition and in the era of hyper-competition, what kind of competitive strategy enterprises need to choose in order to secure competitive advantage? Classic theory divides generic strategies into three types: differentiation, cost leadership, and focus. Nevertheless, these three strategies could not guide enterprises in the new environment of hyper-competition, the new theory of refined strategies are used. Combined with the empirical research results, here strategies are divided into such subdivisions as: Mid & High price differentiation, low price differentiation, cost leadership of scale economy, cost leadership of agility economy, focus, and combination strategies of refined differentiation and cost leadership strategies.

After choosing a strategy, enterprises need to carry it out, and Supply Chain Collaboration (SCC) is regarded as one of the best ways to implement a strategy. In the construct of supply chain collaboration, three parts are included: embeddedness, which is the reason of SCC; integration and collaboration, which is the mechanism of SCC, and supply chain performance, which is the result of SCC. The sample of empirical research consists of apparel and shoes manufacturers in Quanzhou, China. Together with the cases study, the research analyzes the mediating role of SCC in the process of competitive strategies influence firm performance.

This dissertation includes eight chapters. Chapter 1 is an introduction. Chapter 2 is literature review on competitive strategy, supply chain & SCC, and firm performance. Chapter 3 elaborates the theory of combination strategy, driving force and mechanism of SCC, and analyzes the relationship among competitive strategy, SCC, and firm performance. This chapter also puts forward the research framework. In Chapter 4, Chapter 5 and Chapter 6, the research includes hypotheses, design of the empirical research, and the empirical research. Chapter 7 is the cases study and Chapter 8 is the conclusion and prospect.

The conclusions of the dissertation are as follows: SCC has a mediating effect on the processes of Mid & High price differentiation strategy influence firm performance and low price differentiation strategy influence firm performance. The combination strategies which Mid & High price differentiation strategy combined with both cost leadership of scale economy strategy and cost leadership of agility economy strategy have positive effect on firm performance. Especially, the combination strategy which Mid & High price differentiation strategy and cost leadership of agility economy strategy included has a more significant positive impact on firm performance.

The findings have practical implications. SCC based on embeddedness could improve corporate performance. The sources of competitive advantage from refined competitive strategies have both direct and indirect effects on firm performance through the SCC. Although SCC is not the only determinant of a firm's performance, we have proved that it is an important determinant. This research analyzes the process of the strategy-conduct-performance (SCP), and proves that SCC is good way to implement strategies, which provides theoretical support and practical guideline.

**Key words:** Competitive Strategy; Supply Chain Collaboration; Firm Performance

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