On Monoids Related to Braid Groups and Transformation Semigroups

James East

School of Mathematics and Statistics University of Sydney September 2005



A thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy

Contents

List of Figures	iv
Acknowledgements	vii
Chapter 1. Introduction	1
Overview of Thesis	7
General notation	8
Chapter 2. Preliminaries	9
2.1. Semigroups and Groups	9
2.2. Transformation Semigroups	11
2.3. Presentations	13
2.4. The Braid Group	19
Chapter 3. Factorisable Inverse Monoids	27
3.1. Factorisable Inverse Monoids	27
3.2. Coset Monoids and Embeddings	31
3.3. The Structure of Factorisable Inverse Monoids	35
3.4. Presentations of Factorisable Inverse Monoids	37
Chapter 4. Factorisable Inverse Braid Monoids	41
4.1. The Inverse Braid Monoid	43
4.2. The Factorisable Braid Monoid	49
4.3. The Permeable Braid Monoid	54
4.4. Visualising the Elements of \mathfrak{FB}_n and \mathfrak{PB}_n	58
Chapter 5. Presentations of Factorisable Inverse Braid Monoids	60
5.1. The Inverse Braid Monoid	61
5.2. The Factorisable Braid Monoid	75
5.3. The Permeable Braid Monoid	93
Chapter 6. Pure Factorisable Inverse Braid Monoids	99
6.1. The Pure Inverse Braid Monoid	102
6.2. The Pure Factorisable Braid Monoid	106
6.3. The Pure Permeable Braid Monoid	111

	CONTENTS	iii
Chapte	r 7. Presentations of Pure Factorisable Inverse Braid Monoids	120
7.1.	The Pure Inverse Braid Monoid	121
7.2.	The Pure Factorisable Braid Monoid	123
7.3.	The Pure Permeable Braid Monoid	130
Chapte	r 8. Applications of Order-Preserving Partial Permutations	131
8.1.	The Monoid of Order-Preserving Partial Permutations	132
8.2.	The Inverse Braid Monoid	141
8.3.	The Monoid of Order-Preserving Partial Braids	151
8.4.	The Singular Part of the Inverse Braid Monoid	157
8.5.	The Dual Symmetric Inverse Semigroup	160
8.6.	The Factorisable and Permeable Braid Monoids	162
Append	lix A. Catalogue of Presentations	163
A.1.	Braid Monoids	163
A.2.	Transformation Semigroups	165
A.3.	Pure Braid Monoids	168
Bibliog	raphy	170
Index o	of Notation	173
Index		176

List of Figures

1.1	Representing the trefoil knot (left) as a closed braid (right).	1
1.2	Un-knotting the trefoil.	1
1.3	Representing the singular trefoil knot (left) as a closed singular brai (right).	id 2
1.4	Two resolutions $\beta_1 \in \mathcal{B}_2$ (left) and $\beta_2 \in \mathcal{B}_2$ (right) of the singular bra $\beta \in \mathcal{SB}_2$ (centre).	aid 2
1.5	The braid $\beta_2 \in \mathcal{B}_2$ closes to give the unknot.	2
1.6	A partial braid in \mathcal{IB}_3 .	3
1.7	The braid $\beta \in \mathcal{B}_4$.	4
1.8	The trivial braid $1 \in \mathcal{B}_4$.	4
1.9	The modified braids β' (left) and 1' (right) after removing the second and third strings.	nd 5
1.10	Projections of β' (left) and 1' (right) onto a horizontal plane.	5
1.11	The braid $\gamma \in \mathcal{B}_4$.	5
1.12	Representing γ as a commutator.	6
1.13	A merge-and-part homotopy from γ to 1.	6
2.1	The element $\alpha \in \mathcal{PT}_8$ defined by $1\alpha = 3$, $3\alpha = 4$, $6\alpha = 8$, $7\alpha = 3$.	12
2.2	The product (composite) of two elements $\alpha, \beta \in \mathcal{PT}_4$.	13
2.3	The elements of the semigroup $S = \{a, b, c, d, e\} \subseteq \mathcal{I}_2$.	13
2.4	The generator $\mathcal{E}_{ij} \in \mathfrak{Eq}_n$.	19
2.5	Relation (E3): $\mathcal{E}_{ij} \vee \mathcal{E}_{jk} = \mathcal{E}_{jk} \vee \mathcal{E}_{ik} = \mathcal{E}_{ik} \vee \mathcal{E}_{ij}$ if $i < j < k$.	19
2.6	A braid on $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$.	20
2.7	The product of two braids $\beta, \gamma \in \mathbf{B}_3$.	21
2.8	A braid equivalent to $\alpha\beta$ from Figure 2.7.	21
2.9	The identity braid $1 \in \mathbf{B}_5$.	22
2.10	The inverse of a braid: $\beta\beta^{-1} \sim \beta^{-1}\beta \sim 1$.	22
2.11	The braids ς_i (left) and ς_i^{-1} (right) in \mathcal{B}_n .	23
	iv	

	LIST OF FIGURES	v
2.12	The braids ς_{ij} (left) and ς_{ij}^{-1} (right) in \mathcal{B}_n .	23
2.13	The braids α_{ij} (left) and α_{ij}^{-1} (right) in \mathcal{B}_n .	24
3.1	An element of $\mathcal{I}_X \setminus \mathfrak{F}_X$ where $X = \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$.	28
3.2	A picture of a block bijection $\theta \in \mathcal{I}_8^*$.	30
3.3	The product of two block bijections $\theta_1, \theta_2 \in \mathcal{I}_4^*$.	30
3.4	Two pictures of a uniform block bijection in \mathfrak{F}_8^* .	31
3.5	The product of two uniform block bijections $\theta_1, \theta_2 \in \mathfrak{F}_4^*$.	31
3.6	The equivalences \mathcal{E}_1 (top), \mathcal{E}_2 (middle), and $\mathcal{E}_1 \vee \mathcal{E}_2$ (bottom) in $\mathfrak{E}\mathfrak{q}_X$.	34
4.1	The braids δ_{ij} (left) and γ_{ij} (right) in \mathcal{B}_n .	42
4.2	Some partial braids on $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$.	43
4.3	The product of two partial braids.	44
4.4	The inverse of a partial braid: $\beta\beta^{-1}\beta \sim \beta$ and $\beta^{-1}\beta\beta^{-1} \sim \beta^{-1}$.	45
4.5	The partial braids $1, 1_A \in \mathbf{IB}_6$ where $A = \{2, 3, 5\} \subseteq \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$.	45
4.6	The braids $\beta^{-1}\varsigma_i\beta$ (left) and $\beta^{-1}\varsigma_i^2\beta$ (right) for the case in which $k = i\bar{\beta} < l = (i+1)\bar{\beta}$.	46
4.7	The strings \mathfrak{s} (left) and \mathfrak{t} (right).	49
4.8	The strings merging.	49
4.9	Possible configurations before and after merge-and-part.	49
4.10	The homotopies H_3 , H_4 , and H_5 .	52
4.11	Possible configurations before and after permeating.	55
4.12	A picture of an element of $\mathfrak{Eq}_6 \rtimes \mathcal{B}_6$.	58
4.13	The action of a braid $\beta \in \mathcal{B}_6$ on an equivalence $\mathcal{E} \in \mathfrak{Eq}_6$.	59
4.14	The product of two elements $(\mathcal{E}_1, \beta), (\mathcal{E}_2, \gamma) \in \mathfrak{Eq}_4 \rtimes \mathcal{B}_4.$	59
5.1	The partial braid $1_{\{i\}^c} \in \mathcal{IB}_n$.	62
5.2	Relation (IB3): $\tau \varsigma_1 \tau \varsigma_1 = \varsigma_1 \tau \varsigma_1 \tau = \tau \varsigma_1 \tau$, where $\tau = 1_{\{1\}^c}$.	63
5.3	The partial braids $(\varsigma_1)_{\{1\}^c}$ (left) and $(\varsigma_1)_{\{2\}^c}$ (right) in \mathcal{IB}_n .	69
5.4	The partial braid $\theta_i = (\varsigma_i)_{\{i\}^c}$ in \mathcal{IB}_n .	69
5.5	Relation (IB1)": $\theta_i \varsigma_i \theta_i = \theta_i$ for all <i>i</i> .	70
5.6	Relation (IB2)": $\varsigma_i \theta_i = \theta_{i+1} \varsigma_{i+1}$ for all $i \leq n-2$.	70
5.7	The relation $\sigma_i f_i = f_i \sigma_i$ is not in $(R''_{IB})^{\sharp}$ for any <i>i</i> .	71
5.8	The relation $f_i f_j = f_j f_i$ is in $(R''_{IB})^{\sharp}$ whenever $ i - j > 1$.	71

LIST OF	FIGURES	

5.9	The partial braid $(\varsigma_i)_{\{i+1\}^c}$ in \mathcal{IB}_n .	71
5.10	Relation (FB3): $xyxy = yxyx$ where $x = (\mathcal{E}_{12}, 1)$ and $y = (1, \varsigma_2)$.	81
5.11	Relation (FB4): $xyxy = yxyx$ where $x = (\mathcal{E}_{12}, 1)$ and $y = (1, \varsigma_2\varsigma_3\varsigma_1\varsigma_2)$.	81
5.12	The singular braid $\tau_i \in \mathbf{SB}_n$.	86
5.13	Possible configurations before and after move (ii).	87
5.14	Possible configurations before and after move (iii).	87
5.15	An intermediate triple singular point created during move (iii).	87
5.16	The relation $\varsigma_i^2 \tau_{i+1} \asymp \tau_{i+1} \varsigma_i^2$ does not appear to hold in \mathfrak{FSB}_n .	89
5.17	An $(\mathcal{E}, 2)$ -homotopy from ς_2^2 to $\varsigma_1\varsigma_2\varsigma_2\varsigma_1$.	95
5.18	Relation (PB6)': $xyz = zyx$ where $x = \llbracket 1 \rrbracket_{\mathcal{E}_{i,i+1}}, y = \varsigma_j$, and $z = \llbracket 1 \rrbracket_{\mathcal{E}_{j,j+1}}$ in the case $j = i + 1$.	-1 97
7.1	The braid $\beta_{i_1i_2i_3} \in B$.	123
7.2	An example calculation: $\varsigma_1^{-1} \alpha_{13} \alpha_{23}^{-1} \varsigma_1 = \alpha_{12}^{-1} \alpha_{13}^{-1} \alpha_{23} \alpha_{12} = \alpha_{12}^{-1} \alpha_{13}^{-1} (\alpha_{23} \alpha_{13}^{-1}) \alpha_{13} \alpha_{12}.$	124
8.1	The maps $\check{\lambda}_A, \check{\rho}_A \in \mathcal{POI}_8$ where $A = \{2, 3, 5, 8\}.$	132
8.2	The maps $\check{\lambda}_4 \in \mathcal{L}_8$ and $\check{\rho}_4 \in \mathcal{R}_8$.	133
8.3	Relation (L1): $\check{\lambda}_i \check{\lambda}_j = \check{\lambda}_{j+1} \check{\lambda}_i$ if $1 \le i \le j \le n-1$.	134
8.4	Relation (L2): $\check{\lambda}_i \check{\lambda}_n = \check{\lambda}_i$ if $1 \le i \le n$.	134
8.5	Relation (BL2): $\varsigma_i \check{\lambda}_j = \check{\lambda}_{j-1}$ if $1 \le i = j-1 \le n-1$.	143
8.6	Relation (BL4): $\varsigma_i \check{\lambda}_j = \check{\lambda}_j \varsigma_{i-1}$ if $1 \le j < i \le n-1$.	143
8.7	Relation (PL3): $\alpha_{ij}\check{\lambda}_k = \check{\lambda}_k \alpha_{i-1,j-1}$ if $1 \le k < i < j \le n$.	153
8.8	A planar block bijection in \mathcal{I}_8^* .	160
8.9	A picture of $\alpha \in \mathcal{POI}_8$ (grey) and $\theta_\alpha \in \mathcal{POI}_9^*$ (black).	161
8.10	The images $\check{\lambda}_i f$ (left) and $\check{\rho}_i f$ (right) of the generators of \mathcal{POI}_{n-1} .	161

vi

Acknowledgements

First and foremost I wish to thank my supervisor David Easdown and express my gratitude for his guidance and support. David was always willing to give freely of his time and experience, and was enormously helpful in the shaping and developing of this thesis.

I also benefited greatly from discussions with Des FitzGerald, Bob Howlett, Andrew Mathas, James Parkinson, and Jono Kusilek.

My time at Sydney University was made all the more enjoyable by my friends and colleagues, especially Tim and Brad who I had the pleasure of sharing an office with.

Thanks go to my family for their encouragement over the years, and in particular to my wife Roslyn for her constant support and understanding.

Finally, I would like to thank God for the ability and opportunity to have pursued my interest in mathematics.

This thesis contains no material which has been accepted for the award of any other degree. To the best of my knowledge and belief this thesis contains no material previously published by any other person except where due acknowledgment has been made.