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# BULLETIN OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Graduate School Number



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The Bulletin is published in September, October, November, December, January, February, March, and April, and includes:

The Catalog of the University
The Report of the President
The Financial Report
The Catalog of the Summer School
The Pictorial Folder
The Catalog of the Graduate School
and other publications of the University.

# UNIVERSITY CALENDAR

# 1940-41 (75th Year)

# SUMMER SESSION

#### 1940

July	1	Monday	Registration Day
July	2	Tuesday	Classes begin at 7:30 A. M.
Aug.	9	Friday	Summer Session closes at 4 P. M.

# FIRST SEMESTER

# 1940

Sept. 18 Wednesday Matriculation Day—Freshman Class

Sept. 23	Monday	Registration Day—Upper Classes
Sept. 24	Tuesday	Recitations begin at 8 A. M.
Sept. 26	Thursday	University Day—Afternoon holiday
Oct. 2	Wednesday	Meeting of University Senate at 4:15
		P. M.
Oct. 12	Saturday	Homecoming Day
Oct. 18	Friday	Annual Meeting of Board of Trustees
Oct. 19	Saturday	Dad's Day
Nov. 14	Thursday	Mid-Semester reports to be filed, 5 P. M.
Nov. 28	Wednesday	Thanksgiving Recess—Wed., 12:30 P. M.
		to Mon., 8 A. M.
Dec. 18	Wednesday	Christmas Recess begins at 4 P. M.

#### 1941

Jan. 2 Thursday Jan. 17 Friday Jan. 28—	Christmas Recess ends at 8 A. M. Meeting of Board of Trustees
Feb. 7 TuesFri.	First Semester Examinations and Registration Period

# SECOND SEMESTER

Feb. 10	Monday	Recitations begin at 8 A. M.
Feb. 14-	•	Winter Carnival, Fri., 12:30 P. M. to
15	FriSat.	Sat., 12:30 P. M.
Feb. 19	Wednesday	Meeting of University Senate at 4:15 P. M.
Mar. 11	Tuesday	Town Meeting
Apr. 3	Thursday	Mid-Semester reports to be filed, 5 P. M.
Apr. 5	Saturday	Spring Recess begins at 12:30 P. M.
Apr. 14	Monday	Spring Recess ends at 8 A. M.
Apr. 18	Friday	Meeting of Board of Trustees
May 17	Saturday	Mothers' Day — University Celebration of 75th Anniversary
May 30	Friday	Memorial Day—Holiday
June 2-		
12	MonThurs.	Second Semester examinations
June 11	Wednesday	Final copy of thesis and abstract to be submitted, 5 P. M.
June 13	Friday	Meeting of University Senate at 4:15 P. M.
June 14	Saturday	Alumni Day—Meeting of Board of Trustees
June 15	Sunday	Baccalaureate Exercises
June 16	Monday	Class Day Exercises at 10:00 A. M.
		Commencement at 2:00 P. M.

# SUMMER SESSION

# 1941

June 30	Monday	Registration Day
July 1	Tuesday	Classes begin at 7:30 A. M.
Aug. 8	Friday	Summer Session closes at 4:00 P. M.

#### BOARD OF TRUSTEES

HIS EXCELLENCY, GOVERNOR FRANCIS P. MURPHY, A.M., LL.D., ex officio

PRESIDENT FRED ENGELHARDT, A.M., PH.D., ex officio

ANDREW L. FELKER, Commissioner of Agriculture, ex officio

ROY D. HUNTER, LL.D., *President* West Claremont June 14, 1916 to June 30, 1941

HARRY D. SAWYER Woodstock September 15, 1926 to June 30, 1942

James A. Wellman, B.S. Manchester January 26, 1928 to June 30, 1943

ROBERT T. KINGSBURY

January 27, 1928 to June 30, 1940

Keene

GEORGE T. HUGHES, A.M., LL.D. Dover
July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1943

\*JOHN S. ELLIOTT, B.S., Secretary Madbury July 1, 1932 to June 30, 1940

JESSIE DOE Rollinsford
July 1, 1932 to June 30, 1942

JOHN T. DALLAS, A.B., D.D., LL.D. Concord July 1, 1933 to June 30, 1941

FRANK W. RANDALL, B.S. Portsmouth
July 1, 1936 to June 30, 1940

\*Henry F. Judkins, B.s. White Plains, N. Y. July 1, 1939 to June 30, 1943

<sup>\*</sup> Elected by Alumni.

#### OFFICERS OF ADMINISTRATION

FRED ENGELHARDT, A.M., PH.D., President of the University

NORMAN ALEXANDER, PH.D., Dean of Men

RAYMOND C. MAGRATH, Treasurer

MARVIN A. MILLER, B.A., B.S., Librarian

ARWOOD S. NORTHBY, PH.D., Assistant to the President

EVERETT B. SACKETT, PH.D., Registrar

\*HERMON L. SLOBIN, PH.D., Dean of the Graduate School

GEORGE W. WHITE, PH.D., Acting Dean of the Graduate School RUTH J. WOODRUFF, PH.D., Dean of Women

#### THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

HERMON L. SLOBIN, PH.D., Dean of the Graduate School

GEORGE W. WHITE, PH.D., Acting Dean of the Graduate School ORMOND R. BUTLER, PH.D., Chairman, Division of Biological Sciences

GEORGE W. CASE, M.C.E., Chairman, Division of Engineering THOMAS G. PHILLIPS, PH.D., Chairman, Division of Physical Sciences

HAROLD H. SCUDDER, B.S., Chairman, Division of Language and Literature

A. MONROE STOWE, PH.D., Chairman, Division of Education

HARRY C. WOODWORTH, M.S. Chairman, Division of Social Studies

#### THE GRADUATE FACULTY\*\*

ALEXANDER, NORMAN, Associate Professor of Economics
B.A., University of North Dakota, 1919; M. A., ibid., 1920;
LL.B., Yale university, 1922; PH.D., Columbia university, 1931.

ATKINSON, EDWARD R., Assistant Professor of Chemistry B.S., Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1933; PH.D., ibid., 1936.

BABCOCK, DONALD C., Professor of History B.A., University of Minnesota, 1907; M.A., *ibid.*, 1908; S.T.B., Boston university, 1912.

<sup>\*</sup> On leave of absence, February 1, 1940—August 1, 1940. \*\* As of April 1, 1940.

- Bachelder, Joseph E., Jr., Assistant Professor of Sociology B.A., Westminster college, 1933; Ph.D., Yale university, 1937.
- Bauer, George N., Professor of Statistics in the Department of Mathematics
  - B.S., University of Minnesota, 1894; M. S., University of Iowa, 1898; PH.D., Columbia university, 1900; Goettingen, Germany, 1907-1908.
- BINGHAM, SYLVESTER H., Assistant Professor of English
  A.B., Dartmouth college, 1922; A.M., Harvard university, 1929; PH.D., Yale university, 1937.
- BISBEE, HARLAN M., Associate Professor of Education
  A.B., Bowdoin college, 1898; A.M., Harvard university, 1905.
- \*BOARDMAN, CHARLES W., PH.D.
  - Professor of Education, University of Minnesota.
- BOTTORFF, CHARLES A., JR., Assistant Professor of Poultry Husbandry

  B.S. in Bacteriology, B.S. in Veterinary Medicine, and D.V.M.,
  - Washington State college, 1928.
- Bowler, Edmond W., Professor of Civil Engineering S.B., in Sanitary Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1914.
- \*BUCKINGHAM, LEROY H., PH.D.

  Assistant Professor of English, University of Newark.
  - BUFFINGTON, ALBERT F., Assistant Professor of Languages
    A.B., Bucknell university, 1928; A.M., Harvard university,
    1932; PH.D., ibid., 1937.
- BUTLER, ORMOND R., *Professor of Botany*B.S., M.S., University of California, 1905; Ph.D., Cornell university, 1910; Diploma, Institut Nationale Agricole, Lausanne, 1895.
- CASE, GEORGE W., Professor of Mechanical Engineering B.S. in C.E., Purdue university, 1905; M.C.E., Cornell university, 1912.
- CHAPMAN, DONALD H., Assistant Professor of Geology B.A., University of Michigan, 1927; M.A., ibid., 1928; PH.D., ibid., 1931.
- CHARLES, T. BURR, Professor of Poultry Husbandry B.S., Cornell university, 1915; M.S., ibid., 1938.
- CONKLIN, JAMES G., Assistant Professor of Entomology B.S., Connecticut Agricultural college, 1926; M.S., University of New Hampshire, 1929; graduate study, Ohio State university, 1929-31 and 1939.

<sup>\*</sup> Summer school, 1940.

- COULTER, CHARLES W., Professor of Sociology
  B.A., University of Toronto, 1908; B.D., Victoria college,
  1909; M.A., Yale university, 1910; PH.D., ibid., 1914.
- DAGGETT, ALBERT F., Assistant Professor of Chemistry B.S., University of New Hampshire, 1928; M.S., ibid., 1930; PH.D., Columbia university, 1934.
- Degler, Carroll M., Assistant Professor of Economics A.B., University of Kansas, 1925; M.B.A., New York university, 1927.
- DEMOS, MILTIADES S., Assistant Professor of Mathematics B.S., Robert college, Constantinople, Turkey, 1922; Ph.D., Harvard university, 1926; Sheldon Traveling fellow of Harvard university, Munich, Germany, 1926-27.
- DONOVAN, EDWARD T., Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering
  - B.S., University of Wisconsin, 1921.
- DUNN, STUART, Assistant Professor of Botany B.S., University of Minnesota, 1923; M.S., Iowa State college, 1925; PH.D., University of Minnesota, 1931.
- EADIE, WILLIAM R., Assistant Professor of Zoölogy B.S., University of New Hampshire, 1932; M.S., ibid., 1933; PH.D., Cornell university, 1939.
- EPPELSHEIMER, DANIEL S., Research Professor of Industrial Engineering
  B.S., Harvard university, 1932; D.Sc. ibid., 1935.
- EVANS, F. GAYNOR, Instructor in Zoölogy.
  B.A., Coe college, 1931; M.A., Columbia university, 1932;
  PH.D., ibid., 1939.
- FOGG, LLOYD C., Associate Professor of Zoölogy B.S., Dartmouth college, 1922; M.S., *ibid.*, 1924; PH.D., Columbia university, 1930.
- FUNKHOUSER, JAMES A., Associate Professor of Chemistry B.S., Carnegie Institute of Technology, 1925; Ph.D., Ohio State university, 1930.
- GETCHELL, EDWARD L., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering
  - B.A., University of Maine, 1914; E.E., ibid., 1920.
- GLOVER, LEON C., Assistant Professor of Entomology B.S., University of New Hampshire, 1923; M.S., ibid., 1928; PH.D., Iowa State college, 1936.
- GRIGAUT, PAUL L., Assistant Professor of Languages
  B. ès L., 1926, Certifié de Licence (Sorbonne); Diplôme de l'Ecole du Louvre, 1932.

- GRINNELL, HAROLD C., Assistant Professor of Agricultural Economics
  - B.S., Cornell university, 1921; M.S., *ibid.*, 1930; graduate study, Cornell university, summer, 1939.
- HARTMANN, GREGORY K., Assistant Professor of Physics B.S., California Institute of Technology, 1933; B.A., Queen's college, Oxford university, 1936; PH.D., Brown university, 1939.
- HARVEY, LASHLEY G., Assistant Professor of Government
  A.B., William Jewell college, 1925; A.M., Leland Stanford,
  Jr., university, 1930; graduate study, Harvard university,
  1936-38.
- HENNESSY, WILLIAM G., Associate Professor of English A.B., Boston university, 1916; A.M., ibid., 1924.
- HEPLER, JESSE R., Associate Professor of Horticulture B.S., Pennsylvania State college, 1911; M.S., University of Wisconsin, 1922.
- HITCHCOCK, LEON W., Professor of Electrical Engineering B.S., Worcester Polytechnic institute, 1908.
- HODGDON, ALBION R., *Instructor in Botany* B.S., University of New Hampshire, 1930; M.S., *ibid.*, 1932; PH.D., Harvard university, 1936.
- Howes, Horace L., *Professor of Physics*B.S., Syracuse university, 1905; PH.D., Cornell university, 1915.
- IDDLES, HAROLD A., Professor of Chemistry B.S., Michigan State college, 1918; M.S., University of Iowa, 1921; PH.D., Columbia university, 1925.
- JACKSON, C. FLOYD, Professor of Zoölogy B.A., DePauw university, 1905; M.S., Ohio State university, 1907.
- JOHNSON, GIBSON R., Assistant Professor of History A.B., Muskingum college, 1916; M.A., Princeton university, 1920; PH.D., Edinburgh university, 1922.
- \*JONES, HOWARD R., M.A.

  Teaching Assistant, Yale university.
  - Teaching Assistant, tale university.

    KALLIARY THORSTEN V Professor of Government
  - KALIJARVI, THORSTEN V., Professor of Government A.B., Clark university, 1920; A.M., *ibid.*, 1923; PH.D., University of Berlin, 1935.
  - LATIMER, L. PHELPS, Assistant Professor of Horticulture B.S., University of California, 1921; M.S., ibid., 1922; PH.D., ibid., 1926.
    - \* Summer school, 1940.

- LEWIS, DANIEL C., Assistant Professor of Mathematics
  A.B., Haverford college, 1926; A.M., Harvard university, 1928; Ph.D., ibid., 1932.
- MACLEOD, ALAN G., Assistant Professor of Agricultural Economics
  - B.A., University of Saskatchewan, 1927; M.A., *ibid.*, 1929; graduate study, Harvard university, 1931-33, 1935.
- MARSTON, PHILIP M., Assistant Professor of History B.A., University of New Hampshire, 1924; M.A., ibid., 1927; graduate study, Harvard university, 1939-40.
- MARTIN, CARL L., Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science B.S., University of New Hampshire, 1925; D.V.M., Ohio State university, 1928.
- MASON, CHARLES M., Associate Professor of Chemistry B.S., University of Arizona, 1928; M.S., ibid., 1929; PH.D., Yale university, 1932.
- MCGRAIL, THOMAS H., Assistant Professor of English B.A., University of New Hampshire, 1927; M.A., Cornell university, 1931; Ph.D., ibid., 1936.
- McLaughlin, Helen F., Professor of Home Economics B.A., University of Wisconsin, 1909; B.S., Simmons college, 1915; M.A., Teachers college, Columbia university, 1925.
- MEYERS, T. RALPH, Assistant Professor of Geology B.A., Ohio State university, 1926; M.A., ibid, 1929; Austin fellow, Harvard university, 1931-32.
- MILLS, MARIAN E., Assistant Professor of Botany B.S., Teachers college, Columbia university, 1917; M.A., ibid., 1920.
- MOORE, HERBERT C., Assistant Professor of Dairy Husbandry B.S., Purdue university, 1923; M.S., University of Minnesota, 1925.
- MORROW, KENNETH S., Professor of Dairy Husbandry B.S., University of Minnesota, 1918; M.S., ibid., 1925.
- NULSEN, WILLIAM B., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering
  - B.S., California Institute of Technology, 1918; M.S., University of New Hampshire, 1930.
- O'KANE, WALTER C., Professor of Entomology B.A., Ohio State university, 1897; M.A., ibid., 1909; D.Sc. (hon.), ibid., 1932.
- PARKER, CLIFFORD S., Professor of Languages
  A.B., Harvard university, 1912; A.M., ibid., 1914; PH.D., Columbia university, 1925.

PARTRIDGE, ALLAN B., Assistant Professor of History

A.B., Clark university, 1922; A.M., ibid., 1923; graduate study, Harvard university, 1939.

PHILLIPS, THOMAS G., Professor of Agricultural and Biological Chemistry

B.S., Ohio State university, 1912: M.S., ibid., 1913: PH.D. University of Chicago, 1918.

PRINCE, FORD S., Professor of Agronomy

B.S., University of Illinois, 1913; graduate study, University of Wales, Aberystwyth, Wales, 1938.

RICHARDS, ALFRED E., Professor of English

A.B., Yale university, 1898; A.M., ibid., 1900; PH.D., University of Munich, Germany, 1904; graduate study, University of California, summer 1917, 1927; Columbia university, 1920.

RICHARDSON, EDYTHE T., Assistant Professor of Zoölogu

B.S., University of New Hampshire, 1922; M.S., ibid., 1924. RITZMAN, ERNEST G., Research Professor in Animal Husbandry

B.S.A., Iowa State college, 1903; M.S. (hon.), University of New Hampshire, 1928.

RUDD, HERBERT F., Professor of Philosophy

A.B., Central college, Iowa, 1900; B.D., University of Chicago. 1903; M.A., ibid., 1913; PH.D., ibid., 1914.

SACKETT, EVERETT B., Associate Professor of Education

B.A., Hamline university, 1923; M.A., University of Minnesota, 1925; PH.D., Columbia university, 1931.

SCHOEDINGER, PAUL S., Assistant Professor of English

A.B., Princeton university, 1920; M.A., Ohio State university, 1921; graduate study, Yale university, 1939-40.

SCHOOLCRAFT, JAMES T., JR., Assistant Professor of Languages B.S., Union college, 1923; Abgangs-Zeugnis, Heidelberg university, 1924; A.M., Columbia university, 1926.

SCUDDER, HAROLD H., Professor of English

B.S., Dartmouth college, 1903; study at Cambridge university, England, 1936.

SHIMER, STANLEY R., Assistant Professor of Agricultural and Biological Chemistry

B.S., Muhlenberg college, 1918; M.S., Pennsylvania State college, 1923; graduate study, Cornell university, 1929-30.

SKELTON, RUSSELL R., Associate Professor of Civil Engineering B.S., in civil engineering, Purdue university, 1923; C.E., ibid., 1934; S.M., in engineering, Harvard university, 1939.

SLANETZ, LAWRENCE W., Assistant Professor of Bacteriology B.S., Connecticut State college, 1929; PH.D., Yale university, 1932.

SLOBIN, HERMON L., Professor of Mathematics

A.B., Clark university, 1905; PH.D., *ibid.*, 1908; study at Cambridge university, England, and in Europe, 1932.

SMITH, HARRY W., Professor of Economics

A.B., Hamilton college, 1908; A.M., *ibid.*, 1912; A.M., Columbia university, 1920; Auburn Theological seminary, 1911; studied under appointment of Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, in Europe, 1926.

SMITH, WILLIAM W., Assistant Professor of Horticulture B.S., University of New Hampshire, 1924; M.S., ibid., 1929;

PH.D., Michigan State college, 1935.

SOLT, MARVIN R., Assistant Professor of Mathematics B.S., Lehigh university, 1918; M.S., ibid., 1925; graduate study, University of California, 1938-39.

STOWE, A. MONROE, Professor of Education

PH.B., Northwestern university, 1903; A.M., *ibid.*, 1904; A.M., Harvard university, 1905; PH.D., Columbia university, 1909.

SWONGER, CLAIR W., Assistant Professor of Economics

A.B., University of Kansas, 1925; A.M., Harvard university, 1927; graduate study, Harvard university, 1932-33.

TIRRELL, LORING V., *Professor of Animal Husbandry* B.S., Massachusetts Agricultural college, 1920.

TOWLE, CARROLL S., Associate Professor of English

A.B., Bowdoin college, 1922; PH.D., Yale university, 1933.

Walsh, John S., Associate Professor of Languages

A.B., Harvard university, 1915; M.A., Boston university, 1928.

WHITE, GEORGE W., Professor of Geology

B.A., Otterbein college, 1921; M.A., Ohio State university, 1925; PH.D., *ibid.*, 1933.

\*Wood, Howard D., Ph.D.

Principal, Hope High School, Providence, Rhode Island.

WOODRUFF, RUTH J., Associate Professor of Economics
A.B., Bryn Mawr, 1919; A.M., ibid., 1920; Ph.D., Radcliffe,
1931.

WOODWORTH, HARRY C., Professor of Agricultural Economics B.S., University of Illinois, 1909; M.S., Cornell university, 1916; study under social science research fellowship, Harvard university, 1929-30.

YALE, WILLIAM, Assistant Professor of History

PH.B., Sheffield Scientific school, Yale university, 1910; M.A., University of New Hampshire, 1928.

YEAGER, ALBERT F., Professor of Horticulture

B.S., Kansas State college, 1912; M.S., Oregon Agricultural college, 1916; PH.D., Iowa State college, 1936.

<sup>\*</sup> Summer school, 1940.

#### THE GRADUATE SCHOOL

#### RULES AND REGULATIONS

Admission to the Graduate school may be granted to graduates of all colleges and universities of approved standing provided their undergraduate records are satisfactory. Before entering upon graduate work in any division the applicant must present evidence to the effect that he has had the necessary prerequisite training that will enable him to pursue with profit the courses desired. A candidate for admission who intends to work for a master's degree must have had an undergraduate average of not less than 75 throughout his entire program of study. This requirement may be waived in the case of a mature college graduate who gives evidence of adequate professional experience or advanced study since graduation from an undergraduate program, upon petition to the executive committee. Admission to the Graduate school does not imply admission to candidacy for the degree. A candidate for admission who does not intend to be a candidate for a degree may enroll in the Graduate school for any course for which he has had sufficient preparation. No graduate student is admitted to candidacy for a degree until he has been in residence a sufficient time to enable his instructors to judge his ability to carry on graduate work. Generally this period of time shall be not less than one semester or two summer sessions. Admission to candidacy for a degree will be determined by the executive committee.

#### TUITION AND FEES

Tuition is \$150 for residents of New Hampshire and \$250 for non-residents. Tuition is paid in advance in two equal installments, one on the first day of each semester.

A diploma fee of \$5 is charged upon graduation. Charges will be assessed for extraordinary breakage or damage. No laboratory or course fees are charged. Payment of the full

tuition fee entitles the student to admission to all varsity athletic games and contests.

Members of the regular university staff and their immediate families electing work in the Graduate school shall be required to pay \$2.60 a credit for eight or less credits.

Members of the university staff who may register in the Summer school are required to pay \$2.60 a credit with the further proviso that the general Summer school registration fee of \$10 for residents of New Hampshire shall not be charged.

Residents of New Hampshire, not members of the university staff or of their immediate families, who elect less than eight credits in the Graduate school will be expected to pay a registration fee of \$1 and a charge of \$5.25 for each credit.

Non-residents of New Hampshire registering in the Graduate school for less than eight credits shall be required to pay a registration fee of \$2 and tuition at the rate of \$10.50 a credit.

# HONORARY FELLOWSHIPS FOR VISITING SCHOLARS

Properly qualified scholars who may desire temporarily the privileges of the library and research facilities of the university and who are not candidates for a degree may, upon recommendation of the dean of the Graduate school and the approval of the president of the university, be appointed honorary fellows without stipend. Honorary fellows shall not be required to pay any charges except possibly the cost of unusually expensive supplies or equipment.

#### ASSISTANTSHIPS AND SCHOLARSHIPS

Graduate assistantships, which usually require half-time service at a stated salary, are available in a number of departments. Graduate assistants pay tuition in accordance with the regulation pertaining to the members of the university staff. The residence requirement for a master's degree for holders of these appointments is not less than two years. Inquiries regarding assistantships should be addressed to the head of the department concerned.

A limited number of superior students who are legal residents

of New Hampshire are awarded exemption from tuition. These awards are subject to the maintenance of a high scholarship record in the Graduate school and may be revoked at the end of any semester if the student does not merit such exemption for the subsequent semester.

The candidates for tuition exemptions must fill out an application form available from the dean of the Graduate school. Completed forms must be filed in the Graduate school office at least twenty-four hours preceding the examination which will be given May 13th. Candidates for these examinations should report to 102 Thompson Hall at 9 A. M. If all the exemptions are not awarded to those taking the examination on May 13th, a second examination will be held on September 9th at the same hour and place.

# SUPPLIES

Books, drawing instruments, and instructional materials may be purchased at the university bookstore in Thompson hall.

#### ROOMS

Because of the congestion of undergraduate students in the dormitories of the university, it is impossible to guarantee reservation of rooms to graduate students. Rooms may be secured in private houses at prices from \$85 to \$150 a year.

Women students, unless living at home, are required to room in the women's dormitories, or in approved houses. A competent matron is in charge of each women's dormitory.

# BOARD

The university operates on a self-service basis a modern, well-appointed commons. Regular weekly board and cafeteria service are provided. Exact cost records are kept, and prices adjusted in such a manner as to give students the advantage of changing costs.

#### REGISTRATION

A student desiring to register for graduate study must submit to the dean of the Graduate school the official applica-

tion for admission to graduate study. Blanks for this purpose may be obtained from the dean's office.

#### ADVANCED DEGREES

The advanced degrees conferred are: Master of science, master of arts, master of education, master of civil engineering, master of electrical engineering, and master of mechanical engineering.

# REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MASTER'S DEGREE

RESIDENCE.—A minimum of one full academic year, or four summer sessions of six weeks each, at the University of New Hampshire, or three summer sessions of eight weeks each at the Isles of Shoals, in residence is required.

In the case of a student who offers six semester credits earned in another graduate school, the residence requirement will be reduced to three summer sessions or one semester and one summer session.

SUBJECT.—A candidate for a degree will be enrolled in one of the divisions of the school, and will do his work in the field of that division, or in one of the subjects of the field.

CREDITS.—To obtain a master's degree the candidate must earn not less than 30 semester credits.

In general, all graduate work must be completed within a period of not more than eight years.

For any master's degree except that of Ed. M., the candidate must earn not less than 12 semester credits in the courses primarily for graduate students (numbered 101-200 or thesis), and not more than 10 semester credits in courses outside of those offered by his division.

If a student does his work in the general field of a division, he must meet the special requirements of the division, and his program must be approved by the chairman of the division and the dean of the school.

If a student does his work in a single subject, he must meet the special requirements of that university department, and his

program must be approved by the head of that department, the chairman of the division, and the dean of the school.

To obtain the degree of master of education, the student must meet the requirements of that division, and his program must be approved by the chairman of the division and the dean of the school.

TRANSFERRED CREDITS.—Of the total credits required for a master's degree, not more than six may be transferred from another graduate school.

GRADES.—The passing grade in the Graduate school is 70. An average grade of at least 80 in not less than 30 semester credits is required.

GRADUATE CREDITS FOR SENIOR STUDENTS.—Senior students in the University of New Hampshire must register in the Graduate school for any work for which they may subsequently apply for graduate credit.

#### THESIS

If a thesis is required, the candidate must file with the executive committee, for its approval, a statement of the subject not later than January 15th of the year the degree is to be conferred. No credit shall be given until the completed thesis has been approved. The thesis must be approved by a committee of at least three members, named by the division chairman, and including the division chairman and the heads of the departments concerned.

All theses must be typewritten upon standard paper, eight and one-half by eleven inches, medium weight. The title page should bear the following statement:

"A thesis submitted to the University of New Hampshire in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

master of arts
master of science
master of education
master of civil engineering

master of electrical engineering master of mechanical engineering."

Whenever a thesis is printed, it must, if possible, be designated as having been accepted as a master's thesis by the University of New Hampshire.

Two copies of the approved thesis bound, or ready for binding, and an approved abstract of not more than 750 words, shall be turned in to the Graduate school office not less than five days before commencement, together with a treasurer's office receipt for binding fee.

#### **EXAMINATIONS**

A candidate for a degree must meet the regular requirements as to examinations in the courses for which he is registered, and such further requirements as may be imposed by the university department, or the division in which he has taken his work.

#### DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECTS

Subjects numbered 51-100 are open to advanced undergraduates and graduate students. Names of the instructors of subjects numbered 51-100 are omitted in this catalog. Subjects numbered 101-200 are primarily for graduate students, and are listed in advance of the subjects between 51-100.

Abbreviations have been employed to indicate the number of hours of work required of students in lecture, recitation and laboratory and the number of credits given for satisfactory completion of each course. These abbreviations should be interpreted as follows:

Cr.														Credit
Lab.					 									Laboratory
Lec.														Lecture
Prere	eq													Prerequisite
Rec.					 				 					Recitation

If the numerals designating a course running through both semesters are connected by a hyphen, the first semester, or its equivalent, is a prerequisite for the second semester. If the numerals are separated by a comma, properly qualified students may take the second semester without having had the first.

Students with special needs or qualifications may at times be allowed to take certain courses for fewer than the number of credits shown in the course descriptions. This may be done only on the written recommendation of the head of the department offering the course and with the approval of the division chairman and the dean of the school.

#### DIVISION OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

ORMOND R. BUTLER, Professor of Botany, CHAIRMAN; CHARLES A. BOTTORFF, JR., Assistant Professor of Poultry Husbandry; T. BURR CHARLES, Professor of Poultry Husbandry; JAMES G. CONKLIN, Assistant Professor in Entomology; STUART DUNN,

Assistant Professor of Botany; WILLIAM R. EADIE, Assistant Professor of Zoölogy; F. GAYNOR EVANS, Instructor in Zoölogy; LLOYD C. FOGG, Associate Professor of Zoölogy; LEON C. GLOVER, Assistant Professor of Entomology; JESSE R. HEPLER, Associate Professor of Horticulture: ALBION R. HODGDON, Instructor in Botany: C. FLOYD JACKSON, Professor of Zoology: L. PHELPS LATIMER. Assistant Professor of Horticulture: CARL L. MARTIN. Assistant Professor of Veterinary Science; MARIAN E. MILLS. Assistant Professor of Botany; HERBERT C. MOORE, Assistant Professor of Dairy Husbandry; KENNETH S. MORROW, Professor of Dairy Husbandry; WALTER C. O'KANE, Professor of Entomology; FORD S. PRINCE, Professor of Agronomy; EDYTHE T. RICH-ARDSON, Assistant Professor of Zoölogy; ERNEST G. RITZMAN, Research Professor in Animal Husbandry; LAWRENCE W. SLANETZ. Assistant Professor of Bacteriology; WILLIAM W. SMITH, Assistant Professor of Horticulture; LORING V. TIRRELL, Professor of Animal Husbandry; Albert F. Yeager, Professor of Horticulture.

For major students in the fields of the several departments the minimum requirements for graduate standing are:

Agronomy	18	semester	credits
Animal industry	$^{24}$	semester	credits
in either animal husbandry or dair	y h	usbandry	:
Bacteriology			
Botany	19	semester	credits
Entomology	15	semester	credits
Horticulture	20	semester	credits
Poultry husbandry	24	semester	credits
Zoölogy			

A thesis is required of all major students except those who take an approved course of study in not less than two, or more than three departments.

#### AGRONOMY

101, 102. AGRONOMY. Studies in comparative agronomy. The forage crops of the temperate zone. Origin and classifica-

tion of the varieties grown. Germination, growth, and maturation of crops; modifications induced by climate and management. Mr. Prince.

Prereq.: A major in agronomy or its equivalent. Conferences, laboratory and field work. Hours to be arranged. 3 cr.

51, 52. ADVANCED SOILS. Under direction, the student may choose special phases such as soil fertility, soil classification and mapping, soil conservation or utilization. Practice in looking up literature and in preparation of reports and abstracts. Facilities will be available for special laboratory and field work in connection with specific problems.

Prereq.: Agronomy 1, 2, 3-4. Number of credits to be arranged.

53, 54. ADVANCED FIELD CROPS. Handled similarly to agronomy 51 and 52, with attention to distinct phases of field crops work such as plant breeding in relation to crop improvement, pasture management, crop production and marketing, grading, and judging. Training in searching the literature and preparing reports. Laboratory and field work are provided.

Prereq.: Agronomy 1, 2, 3-4. Number of credits to be arranged.

## ANIMAL INDUSTRY

101. ANIMAL NUTRITION. Incidental lectures, assigned reading, laboratory practice in methods of research with major emphasis on basal metabolism. Mr. Ritzman.

Prereq.: A major in animal or dairy husbandry, or equivalent. 3 cr.

102. ADVANCED DAIRY CATTLE. Special emphasis will be given to the analysis and formulating of breeding programs and to milk secretion and factors influencing the quantity and quality of milk. Mr. Morrow.

Prereq.: A major in animal husbandry or dairy husbandry. 2 lec., 1 lab., 3 cr.

103. ANIMAL HISTOLOGY. A microscopic study of the structure of the different tissues of farm animals. Mr. Martin.

Prereq.: Zoölogy 16, or equivalent. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

104. GENERAL PATHOLOGY. A microscopic study of the different tissues of the animal's body, in reference to the pathological changes which occur as a result of disease conditions. Mr. Martin.

Prereq.: Animal husbandry 6, or equivalent. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

105. PROBLEMS IN ANIMAL BREEDING. Studies in practical breeding problems with beef and dual-purpose cattle, sheep, horses, and hogs. The genetic principles important to successful livestock production will be emphasized. Mr. Tirrell.

Prereq.: A major in animal husbandry or dairy husbandry. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

106. MEATS, LIVESTOCK MARKETS AND PRODUCTS. The essential factors in meat selection, cutting, curing, and smoking; study and discussion relative to the problems of livestock marketing and the procedure in the large central markets. Trips are taken to various packing plants. Mr. Tirrell.

Prereq.: A major in animal husbandry or dairy husbandry. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

107. TECHNICAL CONTROL. Chemical and bacteriological laboratory methods used in the technical control of milk and milk products. Mr. Moore.

Prereq.: Dairy husbandry 10, or equivalent. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

109, 110. SPECIAL PROBLEMS IN DAIRY MANUFACTURE. Detailed study of some special phase of dairy manufacturing. Mr. Moore.

Prereq.: A major in dairy husbandry. Conferences and special assignments. 3 cr.

111, 112. SPECIAL PROBLEMS IN DAIRY PRODUCTION. Study of some special phase of breeding or feeding as related to dairy herd management. Mr. Morrow.

Prereq.: A major in animal husbandry or dairy husbandry. Conferences and special assignments. 3 cr.

51. ANIMAL BREEDING. The principles and practices of breeding farm animals, including cross-breeding, in-breeding, selection, inheritance, breed analysis, reproductive efficiency, fertility, sterility, Mendelism in relation to farm animals, acquired characters, and variation. Practice is given in tracing and studying pedigrees.

2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

52. ANIMAL HUSBANDRY SEMINAR. Library and reference work and the preparation of papers on various animal husbandry subjects.

Prereq.: Animal husbandry 3 and 51. Hours and credits to be arranged.

- 60. DAIRY SEMINAR. Recent experiment station and other literature covering the field of dairying. Practice in looking up literature and in the preparation of oral and written reports. 1 lec.; 2 cr.
- 62. ADVANCED DAIRY SCIENCE. Basic data, fundamental observations, and discussions of research contributing to the present status of the dairy industry.

Prereq.: Adequate preparation in chemistry and bacteriology. 2 lec.; 2 cr.

- 64. MILK PRODUCTION. Feeding and management of dairy animals, calf feeding, raising young stock, feeding for economical milk production. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.
- 65. MARKET MILK. The producing, handling, and distributing of market and certified milk; dairy farm inspection; control of milk supply. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

66. ICE CREAM. The making, handling, and marketing of ice cream and ices. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

# BACTERIOLOGY

101. PHYSIOLOGY OF BACTERIA. A study of the growth, nutrition, and metabolism of bacteria; influence of physical and chemical environment on growth; bacterial enzymes; protein decomposition and fermentation. Mr. Slanetz.

Prereq.: Bacteriology 55, 56. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

102. FOOD AND SANITARY BACTERIOLOGY. Types and characteristics of bacteria, yeast and molds in foods; methods of food preservation; food infections and intoxications; laboratory methods for the microbiological examination of spoiled foods. Bacteriological and public health aspects of eating utensils sanitation; water supply, swimming pool, lake and salt water sanitation; sewage and garbage disposal; and industrial wastes. Mr. Slanetz.

Prereq.: Bacteriology 55, 56. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

104. SYSTEMATIC BACTERIOLOGY. A study of the development of a systematic classification of bacteria; modern methods of nomenclature and classification; problems encountered in the classification of bacteria. Mr. Slanetz.

Prereq.: Bacteriology 55, 56. 2 lec.; 2 cr.

55, 56. ADVANCED BACTERIOLOGY. Special problems, depending upon the training and desire of the student. Elective only upon consultation.

Prereq.: Bacteriology 2 and chemistry 54, or its equivalent. Credits to be arranged.

57, 58. Bacteriology Seminar. Reports and discussions on current literature and recent developments in bacteriology.

Prereq.: Bacteriology 2 and the consent of instructor. One 2-hour period. 1 cr.

#### BOTANY

101. THE CHLOROPHYLL-BEARING CRYPTOGAMS. Morphology and physiology of the ferns, mosses, liverworts, and algae with special reference to the representative forms most commonly met. Miss Mills.

Prereq.: Botany 1-2. 1 lec.; 2 lab.; 3 cr.

102. PLANT ECOLOGY AND PLANT GEOGRAPHY. Requirements for growth; specialization and adaptation; geographic and physiographic relations. Regional floras. Interpretation and classification of habitat. Specific problems are assigned. Mr. Hodgdon.

Prereq.: Botany 52. Incidental lectures, laboratory and field work. 5 cr.

103, 104. FUNGICIDES. Preparation and use of the copper and sulphur fungicides. Changes induced upon sprayed plants and effect of environmental factors upon these changes. Mr. Butler.

Prereq.: Botany 5. Incidental lectures, laboratory. 3 cr.

105. PLANT PHYSIOLOGY. Absorption, conduction, transpiration, and excretion of water, and effect of environmental factors upon these phenomena; mineral nutrition; carbon and nitrogen assimilation. Mr. Dunn.

Prereq.: Botany 4. Laboratory and assigned reading. 5 cr.

106. PLANT PHYSIOLOGY. Digestion of carbohydrates, fats, and proteids; respiration and fermentation; effect of external conditions on growth; paratonic and autonomous movements. Mr. Dunn.

Prereq.: Botany 4. Laboratory and assigned reading. 5 cr.

107. PLANT HISTOLOGY. General morphology of the tissue systems, the primary tegumentary tissue, the fundamental

tissue system, the vascular tissue system, development of secondary members, formation of secondary tissue. Mr. Butler.

Prereq.: Botany 3. Laboratory and assigned reading. 3 cr.

108. DISEASES OF TREE AND BUSH FRUITS. The bacterial and fungous diseases of fruits, their symptoms, cause, and prevention.  $\_$ Mr. Dunn.

Prereq.: Botany 5. Laboratory and assigned reading. 3 cr. (Given in alternate years with 109.)

109. DISEASES OF FARM CROPS. The bacterial and fungous diseases of vegetables, their symptoms, cause, and prevention. Mr. Dunn.

Prereq.: Botany 5. Laboratory and assigned reading. 3 cr. (Given in alternate years with 108.)

52. ADVANCED SYSTEMATIC BOTANY. The higher plants of our native flora. The student is required to collect an herbarium of 60 specimens.

Prereq.: Botany 2. Occasional lectures, laboratory work, field trips. 2 cr.

53, 54. ADVANCED BOTANY. The subject matter will depend upon the training and desire of the student. Elective only upon consultation. Credits to be arranged.

#### ENTOMOLOGY

The following courses represent a sequence of studies arranged to include such branches as insect anatomy, insect toxicology, insect physiology, details of taxonomy, insect behavior, insect ecology, problems of dispersion, the organization of research, the organization of regulatory measures, and other phases involved in professional entomology.

101, 102. GRADUATE ENTOMOLOGY. Mr. O'Kane, Mr. Glover, Mr. Conklin. Hours and credits to be arranged.

- 103, 104. GRADUATE ENTOMOLOGY. Mr. O'Kane, Mr. Glover, Mr. Conklin. Hours and credits to be arranged.
- 51. INSECTS OF ORCHARD AND GARDEN. The application of methods of insect control of typical injurious species. Life histories and habits of important insect pests of orchard, garden, and certain field crops. Adapted especially for students in horticulture and in general agriculture.

Prereq.: Entomology 1. 1 lec.; 1 lab.; 2 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

53. INSECTS OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS. The insect enemies of domestic livestock; the life histories, habits, and means of control. Adapted especially for students in animal husbandry.

Prereq.: Entomology 1. 1 lec.; 1 lab.; 2 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

- 54. HOUSEHOLD INSECTS, MEDICAL ENTOMOLOGY. The life histories, habits, and means of control of insects of the household and of stored products. The relation of insects to disease. Adapted especially for students in home economics. 1 lec.; 1 lab.; 2 cr.
- 56. FOREST INSECTS. The life histories and habits of the more destructive forest insects and means of their control. Adapted especially for students in forestry.

Prereq.: Entomology 1. 1 lec.; 1 lab.; 2 cr.

57-58. ADVANCED ENTOMOLOGY. The anatomy and physiology of insects. The orders and families of insects.

Open to students only by permission of the head of the department. 2 lec.; 2 lab.; 4 cr.

59-60. ADVANCED ECONOMIC ENTOMOLOGY. Problems involved in applied entomology. The literature of economic entomology. Investigational methods. Practice in arranging projects. Studies in the specialized phases of entomology.

Open to students only by permission of the head of the department. Hours and credits to be arranged.

#### HORTICULTURE

Students will find the department well equipped for fundamental research on horticultural problems.

101. FLOWER BUD FORMATION. The influence of soil management, orchard fertilization, and resultant chemical composition of fruit plants, on flower bud formation and alternate bearing. Mr. Latimer.

Prereq.: Agricultural chemistry 2, horticulture 53. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

102. METHODS OF HORTICULTURAL RESEARCH. An examination of methods used in laboratory and field by horticultural investigators. Mr. Yeager and staff.

Prereq.: Agricultural chemistry 2, botany 4, horticulture 53 or 65, mathematics 5, 6 or 21-22. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

103. WINTER INJURY. The physiology of winter injury to fruit plants. Mr. Smith.

Prereq.: Botany 4, horticulture 53. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

105. PROPAGATION AND GROWTH. The problems of water relations, rest period, propagation, pruning, and thinning orchard fruits. Mr. Smith.

Prereq.: Agricultural chemistry 2, botany 4, horticulture 53. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

106. POLLINATION AND FRUIT SETTING. Genetical and environmental factors affecting the production of fruit. Mr. Latimer.

Prereq.: Botany 4 (may be taken concurrently), horticulture 53, zoölogy 49. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

107. FRUIT STORAGE. Factors affecting color development and the keeping of fruit in storage. Mr. Smith.

Prereq.: Agricultural chemistry 2, botany 4, horticulture 53. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

108. VEGETABLE PROBLEMS. A study of the physiological problems involved in vegetable production. Mr. Hepler.

Prereq.: Botany 4 (may be taken concurrently), horticulture 53. 2 rec.; 3 cr.

- 125, 126. RESEARCH IN HORTICULTURE. Mr. Yeager and staff. Prereq.: Horticulture 102 (may be taken concurrently). Credits to be arranged.
- 53. POMOLOGY: ORCHARD FRUITS. Fundamental principles and experimental data and their application to orchard problems such as growth and rest periods, water requirements, soil management, pruning, fruit bud formation, fruit setting, pollination, thinning, and winter injury.

Prereq.: Botany 1-2 and horticulture 5. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

54. POMOLOGY: SMALL FRUIT CULTURE. The culture and economic uses of the strawberry, raspberry, blackberry, blueberry, and grape. Each fruit is considered with relation to its history, propagation, planting, pruning, harvesting, marketing, insects and diseases, and domestic uses.

2 lec.; 2 cr.

55. SYSTEMATIC SURVEY OF FRUITS. Important species of fruits and nuts of temperate regions and their botanical relationships. The history, distribution, and merits of each species, and the horticultural varieties developed from it.

Prereq.:Botany 1-2 and horticulture 5. 2 lec.; 2 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

65. ADVANCED VEGETABLE GARDENING. The management of commercial vegetable gardens. Systematic study of the species and varieties of the more important families of vegetables.

Prereq.: Horticulture 14. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

91, 92. HORTICULTURAL SEMINAR. A review of recent horticultural literature and methods of investigational work.

Students required to prepare and present papers on selected topics.

Students must obtain permission to enroll. 1 lec.; 1 cr.

94. EVOLUTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF PLANTS. Application of the principles of genetics to practical plant breeding. Hybridization, chemical treatments, and selection as means of producing and improving horticultural varieties.

Prereq.: Zoölogy 49. 2 lec.; 2 cr.

#### POULTRY HUSBANDRY

101. POULTRY HISTOLOGY. A cellular study of the normal structure of the tissues of the chicken's body. Microscopic slides showing the normal tissues will be studied in the laboratory. Mr. Martin.

Prereq.: Poultry husbandry 15. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

102. GENERAL PATHOLOGY OF POULTRY. This course is designed to give a general understanding concerning the alterations in normal structures and functions of the different organs of the body caused by disease processes. Microscopic tissue slides showing these processes will be studied in the laboratory. Mr. Martin.

Prereq.: Poultry husbandry 101. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

103. POULTRY PHYSIOLOGY. A study of the functions of the various systems of organs constituting the body of the fowl. Certain physiological processes will be illustrated. Mr. Martin.

Prereq.: Poultry husbandry 15. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

104. POULTRY DISEASES. An advanced study of poultry diseases and parasites. Also includes post-mortem and laboratory examination of fowl, with discussion of diagnosis,

prevention, control, and treatment of the diseases encountered. Mr. Martin.

Prereq.: Poultry husbandry 15, 101, 103. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

107, 108. SEMINAR. A survey of recent literature and research in poultry husbandry. Departmental staff. 1 cr.

109 or 110. PROBLEMS. Each student with his advisers will select problems for detailed study. A written report will be required. Departmental staff. 1 or 2 cr.

53, 54. POULTRY PROBLEMS. Students are given a selection of various problems and are required to compile and present accurate and detailed information in their solutions. Hours and credits to be arranged.

#### ZOOLOGY

101, 102. Advanced Vertebrate Taxonomy and Economic Field Zoology. A critical examination of select groups of vertebrates with special reference to local forms, their classification, distribution, and general ecology. The laboratory work will deal with economic field zoölogy and will consist of special life history studies, detailed ecological surveys of local areas, control of injurious animals, food habit studies, census taking, and study factors controlling animal numbers. Mr. Jackson and Mr. Eadie.

Prereq.: Three years' work in zoölogy. 2 rec.; 2 lab.; 4 cr.

103. VERTEBRATE EVOLUTION. A study of the evolution and relationship of the various groups of both living and fossil vertebrates as shown chiefly by paleontological and osteological evidence. Mr. Evans.

Prereq.: Comparative anatomy. 3 lec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr.

104. Advanced Comparative Anatomy. The detailed study of the comparative anatomy of certain select groups of vertebrates. Mr. Eadie.

Prereq.: Comparative anatomy. 2 lec.; 2 lab.; 4 cr.

105, 106. Neurology. A detailed study of the morphology and physiology of the nervous system of vertebrates with special emphasis on the histology and physiology of the human nervous system. Mrs. Richardson.

Prereq.: Three years' work in zoölogy. 3 rec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr.

107, 108. BIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT. A study of the factors involved in the structure of the cell, in histogenesis, and in organogeny. The problems related to cell structure and function will be discussed. Cell specificity, physiological maturity, symmetry, organization, rate of development and maturation will be considered. Mr. Fogg.

Prereq.: Histology and embryology. 2 rec.; 2 lab.; 4 cr.

- 51, 52. INVERTEBRATE ZOOLOGY. The structure, habits, and ecological relationships of the different groups of invertebrate animals. Given at the Isles of Shoals Marine laboratory during the summer session.
- 53-54. HISTOLOGY AND DEVELOPMENT. Microscopical anatomy of normal vertebrate tissue and a study of the fundamental principles of embryonic development. Prepared slides of tissues are available and type forms of embryos.

Prereq.: Zoölogy 1-2, 15-16, 3 lec. or rec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr.

57-58. LABORATORY TECHNIQUE. A general laboratory course in methods used in preparation of zoölogical material; microscopic slides, mounting embryos, making serial sections, etc. Will be adapted to individual needs as far as possible.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. 1 lec.; 2 lab.; 3 cr.

59-60. ADVANCED PHYSIOLOGY. Human physiology with special emphasis on nutrition, circulation, respiration, excretion, and secretion. Lectures, assigned topics, and laboratory experiments.

Prereq.: Two years' work in zoölogy. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (3 lec. or rec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr., by permission of the instructor.)

61-62. HEREDITY AND VARIATION. A detailed study of the cell, including morphology, the chemical and physical nature of protoplasm, mitosis, meiosis, syngamy, and related phenomena leading up to the physical basis of inheritance and the study of Mendel's laws, the expression and interaction of the genes, linkage, sex and its inheritance, the inheritance of quantitative characters, and the types and causes of variations.

Prereq.: Two years' work in zoölogy. 3 lec. or rec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

63-64. NEUROLOGY. A comparative study of the nervous systems of the lower animals and a detailed practical study of the morphology, physiology, and histology of the human nervous system.

Prereq.: Two years' work in zoölogy. 3 lec. or rec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

71, 72. BIOLOGY AND TAXONOMY OF THE VERTEBRATES. The habits, habitat, life history, and economic importance of vertebrate animals with emphasis on identification. A basic course for students interested in fish and game management, for forestry students, and teachers of biology.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. 3 lec.; 1 lab.; 3-4 cr.

\*ZOOLOGY 73, 74. MARINE BIOLOGY. This course deals especially with the biology of marine vertebrates and with conditions of life in the sea. Principles of oceanography will

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school,

be discussed as well as ecological associations of marine vertebrate animals. Graduate students taking this course will be assigned a special problem, the nature of which will depend on their chief interest. Graduate and undergraduate credit.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. 9 cr.

\*BIOLOGY-EDUCATION (BIO-ED) 91, 92. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL BIOLOGY. A general survey of the field of biology, correlating the various lines of work previously studied.

Given at the Isles of Shoals marine laboratory during the summer session. Open to seniors and graduate students who have satisfactorily completed one year of college biology and education 61.

ZOOLOGY-EDUCATION (ZOOL-ED) 93, 94. SUPERVISED TEACHING IN ZOOLOGY. A review of general zoölogy and an introduction to teaching for zoölogy students. Qualified students will be allowed to teach under supervision in the freshman laboratory. Students planning to teach biology should supplement this course with similar work in the department of botany. Students who desire to take supervised teaching in high schools may elect 94 as 6 credits under the usual regulations of the department of education.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. 1 lec. or rec.; 1 or 2 lab.; 2 or 3 cr.

95. LIMNOLOGY. The aquatic life of fresh water ponds and streams with special reference to economically important food and game fishes, adapted primarily for students who are interested in fish and game management, wild life conservation, and in teaching biology.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. 1 conference; assigned laboratory work; 4 cr.

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in 1940 Summer school.

96. PROBLEMS OF CONSERVATION RESEARCH. Open to advanced students or those who show unusual promise in the field of research. Problems in all phases of conservation work and specifically in applied chemistry, zoölogy, ecology, genetics, limnology, and silviculture. Nature of problems to be determined by the need of the New Hampshire fish and game department for research and the background and interests of individual students. Representative from the New Hampshire fish and game department.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. 1 conference, 2 lab.; 4 cr.

97, 98. SPECIAL PROBLEMS AND SEMINAR. Seminar discussions on current zoölogical literature conducted each week. Advanced students may elect a special problem provided they present a detailed outline of the subject and can furnish proof of their ability to carry it out with equipment available.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. 1-4 cr.

#### DIVISION OF EDUCATION

A. Monroe Stowe, Professor of Education, Chairman; Harlan M. Bisbee, Associate Professor of Education; Helen F. McLaughlin, Professor of Home Economics; Everett B. Sackett, Associate Professor of Education.

The graduate work of students in education is designed to supplement their undergraduate studies in such ways as to prepare them most effectively for the professions of secondary school teaching or public school administration.

For admission to candidacy for a master's degree in education, a student must present, in addition to a bachelor's degree, evidence of having satisfactorily completed (a) the course in psychological principles of secondary education or its equivalent, (b) eighteen semester credits in a teaching major subject, and (c) twelve semester credits in a first teaching minor subject.

Candidates for the master's degree in education must submit evidence of having satisfactorily completed the following

courses in education or their equivalents either as undergraduate or graduate students:

EDUCATION 51, 52. SOCIAL PRINCIPLES OF SECONDARY EDUCATION. (6 cr.)

EDUCATION 61 or 62. PRINCIPLES AND PROBLEMS OF TEACH-ING IN THE SECONDARY SCHOOL. (3 cr.)

EDUCATION 65. EDUCATIONAL TESTS AND MEASUREMENTS. (3 cr.)

Either EDUCATION 76. PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATION. (3 cr.) or HISTORY 53. HISTORY OF CIVILIZATION AND EDUCATION. (3 cr.)

EDUCATION 91 or 92. A course in problems in the teaching of the major subject, 3 cr.)

EDUCATION 91 or 92. (A course in problems in the teaching of the minor subject, 3 cr.)

The candidate must also present evidence of having taught successfully for three or more years or, in lieu of such successful teaching, evidence of having satisfactorily completed one semester of supervised teaching, Education 94. Graduate students successfully completing Education 94 with a grade of at least 75 will receive nine semester credits toward the master's degree. In the case of such students it will ordinarily require at least an academic year and a summer school session in which to meet the requirements of the master's degree in education.

\*111. ADMINISTRATION IN THE JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL. This course is intended primarily for graduate students who have had teaching experience and wish to prepare themselves for administrative work and for those principals who wish to study the problems in the field. The course will present practical problems in the organization, administration and supervision of the junior high school. These problems will be considered by assigned readings in the available modern literature, by class discussions, reports, and lectures by the instructor. Mr. Wood. 3 cr.

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

- \*112. ADMINISTRATION IN THE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL. A study of basic principles of educational administration with their application to the following problems in the secondary school: the internal organization of the school, selection of and standards for the staff, making of the school schedule, organization and direction of guidance and extra-curricular activities, the development of school control, problems relating to instruction and student personnel, office organization, records and reports, and public relations and publicity. Mr. Boardman. 3 cr.
- 114. CURRICULUM CONSTRUCTION. Changing concepts of the curriculum; educational principles and socio-economic factors in curriculum construction; determination of objectives from primary and secondary sources; selection and organization of teaching materials; appraisal of the outcomes of instruction. Assistance will be given members of the class in the solution of curriculum problems in which they are particularly interested. Mr. Jones. 3 cr.
- \*117. Materials of Guidance. This course is designed to provide training in the use of the tools and techniques which educational and vocational counselors use in their daily work. Careful analysis will be made of many of the more significant scales and tests of subject matter, of academic, social and mechanical aptitudes, as well as personality inventories. The diagnosis and treatment of problem cases will be emphasized together with a discussion of the case method and the case conference procedure. The technique of the interview, imparting of occupational information, and personnel records will be discussed. Considerable time will be devoted to a discussion of the meaning and use of statistical terms as well as instruction in the more common statistical procedures needed by every teacher. Lectures by the instructor, assigned readings, problems, reports, discussions. Mr. Wood. 3 cr.

<sup>\*\*118.</sup> ADMINISTRATION OF GUIDANCE. The testing program,

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41.

student and alumni records, the guidance staff, counseling procedure, vocational surveys, vocational training, and problems of the counselor. Adaptation of guidance theory to actual situations. 3 cr.

\*122. PROBLEMS IN THE SUPERVISION OF HIGH SCHOOL TEACH-ING. This course is designed to be of service to supervising classroom teachers, headmasters and superintendents. It will be devoted to the consideration of the meaning of supervision, its organization, and methods and techniques for evaluating and improving instruction in the secondary school. Mr. Boardman. 3 cr.

131, 132. SEMINAR IN EDUCATIONAL PROBLEMS. The problems to be studied will depend upon the interests of the students enrolled in the seminar. Mr. Stowe.

Open to graduate students majoring in education. Credits to be arranged.

HOME ECONOMICS EDUCATION 131, 132. HOME ECONOMICS EDUCATION RESEARCH. The problems to be studied will depend upon the interests of the students enrolled. Mrs. McLaughlin.

Open to graduate students majoring in Home Economics Education. 3 cr.

\*\*133. EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION. This course is intended to provide practicing school administrators with an opportunity to compare and evaluate their experiences and, in addition, to become acquainted with recent developments in the field of educational administration. Teachers desiring an introduction to administrative theory and practice will find the course of value. The class will be conducted as a seminar. Use will be made of the findings and methods of the recently completed Regents' Education Inquiry in New York state. The content of the course will be governed somewhat by the wishes of the class, but it is intended to include the following topics: finance, business management, supervision, personnel, and public relations. No fixed prerequisite, but those without administrative

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school. \*\* Not offered in 1940-41.

or teaching experience must secure the permission of the instructor. Mr. Sackett. 3 cr.

161, 162. AMERICAN COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY EDUCATION-PRINCIPLES AND PROBLEMS. This course is devoted to a comparative and historical study of American college and university education. Among the topics studied are the following: a liberal education in a democracy; American colleges as agencies of American democracy; purposes and objectives in American collegiate education; academic college admission and degree requirements; American college curricular problems including curricular provisions for junior college and senior college years; selecting college students; educational and vocational guidance needed by college students; student activities; educational activities under the direction of college teachers and college teaching and testing techniques; college teaching as a profession in America; professional preparation for successful college teaching; and college and university administrative problems of interest to college teachers.

Assigned readings, class discussions, tests, and term papers embodying results of individual studies of problems investigated by members of the class. Mr. Stowe.

Open to graduate assistants, to assistants and members of the instructional staff of the university, and to graduate students planning to teach in the college or university field. 1 rec.: 2 cr.

51-52. SOCIAL PRINCIPLES OF SECONDARY EDUCATION. The educationally significant aspects and needs of modern democratic society. The organization, functions, curriculums, and outstanding problems of American institutions of secondary education.

Prereq.: Education 42. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

\*55. GENERAL EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY. A general survey of the application of psychology to the educational field. The relations of factors of growth, learning, intelligence, individual

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school

differences, and personality to more effective learning situations. Applications of psychology to examples of learning drawn from elementary and secondary schools. 3 cr.

61, (61). PRINCIPLES AND PROBLEMS OF TEACHING IN THE SECONDARY SCHOOL. (1) Secondary school objectives and the objectives in the teaching of secondary school subjects; (2) principles of teaching and of directing learning incorporated in teaching which meets the needs of high school students and attains the objectives of the secondary school; (3) secondary school tests and the ways in which teachers are endeavoring to ascertain the extent to which their objectives are being attained; (4) class management, the purpose of which is to insure conditions favorable to the attainment of the objectives of the secondary school.

Prereq.: Education 42. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

\*62. PROBLEMS OF TEACHING IN THE SECONDARY SCHOOL. This course will include a consideration of the varied techniques which the progressive teacher in the senior and junior high school may use in managing, teaching, and testing boys and girls under modern classroom conditions. The medium and small-sized school, rather than the large city school, will be the center of study.

The following selected topics indicate the nature of the course; the objectives of secondary education; characteristics of adolescence; high school activities; individual responsibilities; personal relationship to staff members, pupils, parents; motivation of the work of students; the teacher's part in student organizations; research by the teacher; the problem child; classroom techniques; the question; the assignment; examinations; materials of instruction; estimating the work of pupils; the lesson plan; teacher-supervisor relationships; some unsolved problems of secondary education.

The work will be of interest and direct help to both the experienced and the inexperienced teacher of pupils above the sixth grade level. There will be informal lectures by the

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

instructor, class discussions, required readings and individual reports. 3 cr.

(This course is not open to students who have had Education 61 within three years.)

\*63. SENSORY AIDS IN TEACHING. This course is planned to help teachers who wish to employ in their classroom work such instructional aids as photographs, diagrams, posters, glass slides, film slides, silent films, sound films, and radio broadcasts.

The following subjects will be covered in illustrated discussions; the importance of supplementing the textbook in teaching; the classification of sensory aids; the evaluation of visual materials for projection; the glass slide as a teaching aid; the film projectors for still pictures; the opaque projector; the motion picture projector; the sound motion picture in education; and other practical problems in visual instruction. Inquiries relating to extending the use of visual aids will be welcomed. 2 or 3 cr.

\*65. EDUCATIONAL TESTS AND MEASUREMENTS. The nature of measurement. The development of the testing movement and its significance to the teacher. Classification and evaluation of tests. Standardized tests in subject matter fields. The construction of tests including feasible procedures and writing everyday tests in classroom practice. Diagnosis and prognosis of pupils' aptitudes, achievements, attitudes, and interests in the public school program with particular emphasis upon the role of tests. 3 cr.

# 71-72. HISTORY OF EDUCATION. (Not offered in 1940-41.)

75. CHARACTER EDUCATION IN THE SCHOOLS. Environmental factors which exert an important influence upon pupils of adolescent and pre-adolescent age; the development of wholesome ideals, attitudes, habits, personality and character traits; direct and indirect methods of character development through school subjects, co-curricular, and extra-curricular activities.

Prereq.: Education 42. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school

76. PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATION. The fundamental concepts and ultimate objectives of education, current educational doctrines and controversies, changes in educational procedures, historical background, and philosophical implications.

Prereq.: Education 51, 52. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

- \*77. THE PHILOSOPHY OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION. Economic and social backgrounds of vocational education. Function of vocational education in a democratic society and its relation to national welfare. Philosophy underlying teaching methods, curriculum construction, and general administration in vocational education. 3 cr.
- \*85. PRINCIPLES OF SECONDARY EDUCATION. The development and place of the secondary school in the American system of education; aims and functions of secondary education in our democracy; upward and downward extension of secondary education; articulation with lower and higher educational institutions, and with the community; the secondary school pupil; adjustment of the work of the school to meet individual needs; the offerings, both curricular and extra-curricular, of the secondary school; place and relationships of school board, superintendent, headmaster, and teachers. 3 cr.

# COURSES IN PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL SUBJECTS

The following courses in professionalized subject matter are devoted to a study of problems of objectives, selection and organization of subject matter, teaching and testing techniques, and classroom management in the teaching of the respective subjects. A student desiring to do supervised teaching must complete with a grade of at least 75 one of these courses in the subject in which he hopes to do supervised teaching. These courses are taught by instructors in the respective subject matter departments.

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school

AGRICULTURE-EDUCATION (AG-ED) 92. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL AGRICULTURE. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

\*BIOLOGY-EDUCATION (BIO-ED) 91, 92. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF BIOLOGY IN THE HIGH SCHOOL. 9 cr.

\*COMMERCIAL SUBJECTS-EDUCATION (CS-ED) 93. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF COMMERCIAL SUBJECTS IN THE HIGH SCHOOL. This course will include a review and critical evaluation of recent developments in the teaching of commercial subjects, particularly shorthand and typewriting; an examination and evaluation of published tests in the field; and a consideration of standards of achievement with special emphasis on requirements of employers. 3 cr. Not open to students who have taken CS-ED 91 in Summer school.

ENGLISH-EDUCATION (ENG-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL ENGLISH. 3 cr.

\*ENGLISH-EDUCATION (ENG-ED) 92. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL ENGLISH. 3 cr.

FRENCH-EDUCATION (FR-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL FRENCH. 3 cr.

GENERAL SCIENCE-EDUCATION (GEN SCI-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF GENERAL SCIENCE. Units of subject matter presented in the form of lecture-demonstrations and discussions, accompanied by assigned readings. The objectives and methods of teaching general science developed with the subject matter presentations. Opportunity for students to participate in the lecture demonstrations. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

HISTORY-EDUCATION (HIST-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACH-ING OF HIGH SCHOOL HISTORY. 2 cr.

\*HOME ECONOMICS-EDUCATION. (HE-ED) 64. PROJECTS IN TEACHING FOOD AND NUTRITION. This course will consider the

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school

newer theories of nutrition as they apply to feeding the human body in health and illness. 3 cr.

HOME ECONOMICS-EDUCATION (HE-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL HOME ECONOMICS. 3 cr.

\*PROBLEMS IN HOME ECONOMICS-EDUCATION (HE-ED) 92. UNIT I, HOME PROJECTS, 2 weeks; UNIT II, EVALUATION OF THE METHODS AND RESULTS OF TEACHING, 2 weeks; UNIT III, UTILIZATION OF TEACHING MATERIALS AND DEVICES, 2 weeks. This course is designed primarily for teachers in service but others may be admitted by special permission; students may register for the whole course or for any single unit. 1 cr for each unit.

\*Home Economics-Education (He-Ed) 96. Seminar in Home Economics Education. Methods of interpreting and adapting courses of study to specific schools and situations including the development of units within courses. The seminar is planned especially to aid teachers to improve the scope and content of their home economics courses. 3 cr.

\*INDUSTRIAL ARTS-EDUCATION (IA-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF INDUSTRIAL ARTS. The functional point of view in industrial arts teaching. Methods of deriving subject matter for industrial arts courses in general and vocational education. Devices for individualizing and vitalizing instruction. Special emphasis, through the conference method, upon individual problems in the derivation, organization, and presentation of industrial arts materials. 3 cr.

MATHEMATICS-EDUCATION (MATH-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL MATHEMATICS. 3 cr.

(P-E) 61. PROBLEMS OF TEACHING IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION. Methods and materials of instruction, theories of play and actual practice for the successful teaching of recreational activities in school, on the playground and in the community. Studies of activities adapted to different levels of maturity. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school

(P-E) 65. ADMINISTRATION OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS. The aims and objectives of health and physical education. Organization and supervision of a complete unified program of health and physical education including the legal aspects, intra-mural and interscholastic athletics, medical problems, budgeting, financing, maintenance of equipment, publicity programs, and office management. Each student will be given an opportunity to serve on a committee to draw up an original program of health and physical education in a theoretical or actual situation found in some secondary school.

Prereq.: Zoölogy 17, 18; physical education 23 and 61 or 35; and two courses in the coaching of sports. These last may be taken concurrently. 3 rec.: 3 cr.

(P-E) 91-92. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF PHYSICAL EDU-CATION FOR WOMEN AND SUPERVISED TEACHING. The organization of a comprehensive program of activities from the primary grades through college. Opportunity for supervised teaching in the grades and high school. 2 lec. or rec.; 4 lab.; 3 cr.

\*SOCIAL STUDIES-EDUCATION (SS-ED) 92. SEMINAR IN THE TEACHING OF THE SOCIAL STUDIES. This course deals with the social studies curriculum in relation to society, with the problems of utilizing community resources and current events, and with the actual preparation of courses of study for some of the grade levels. Various problems will be introduced by faculty members and discussed by the group. Readings, oral and written reports, and extensive work on problems selected by the student. 3 cr.

# COURSES IN SUPERVISED TEACHING

SUPERVISED TEACHING. This work is required in the teacher preparation curriculum. It is open only to students whose applications are approved by the head of the department of education and the supervisor of student teaching in the subject or subjects in which the applicant desires to do super-

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

vised teaching. Applications should be filed in the office of the department of education in October of the academic year in which the supervised teaching is to be done. No applications will be considered unless the applicant has completed with a grade of at least 75 the following courses: psychology 11 (formerly education 11) and education 42, 51, 52, and 61, and, with an average grade of 75 or better, at least 18 semester credits in the subject matter field in which he desires to teach under supervision. The applicant must also complete with a grade of at least 75 a course in the problems of teaching the subject in which he desires to do supervised teaching.

Graduate students may be enrolled for 9 credits of work in supervised teaching in the second semester of the academic year.

\*95. THE TEACHING OF SOCIAL STUDIES. This course will consider the place of social studies in the elementary school program. Such problems as the following will be considered: integration of history, geography and civics; "units of work" and social studies; dealing with controversial social issues; relation of social studies to reading, literature, art, science, and handwork; social studies as basis for enriching the curriculum; fields of study for each grade in the elementary school. Methods and objectives of teaching social studies will be considered in detail. Opportunities will be provided for individual conferences. 3 cr.

\*96. THE SUPERVISION AND IMPROVEMENT OF READING. A survey of the common practices and procedures in teaching reading and their relation to educational principles and psychology. Special attention will be given to the well defined growth periods in learning to read and to the diagnostic and remedial techniques for each period. The relation of reading to the cultural and content areas in the curriculum will be considered. A special unit will be devoted to the supervisory techniques as they are related to the reading program. Opportunity will be given to students to study specific problems in

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

reading and to develop individual programs of instruction related to their own schools. While emphasis will be given to diagnostic and remedial procedures, much attention will be given to preventative teaching. 3 cr.

\*97. ADMINISTRATION AND SUPERVISION OF THE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL. The course will be concerned with the problems arising in the administration and supervision of a modern elementary school. Some of these are: relation of supervision and administration; supervision and functions of the present elementary school; types of organization; classification and promotion of pupils: "marks" and "report cards"; organization and supervision of the program of instruction; provisions for exceptional children; supervision of teacher improvement; public relations; autocratic versus democratic methods of supervision; supervisory techniques for different types of teaching: development of cooperation among teachers; evaluation of the school program. Students will be encouraged to work out problems in relation to teaching positions held by each. This course is intended for superintendents of schools, elementary supervisors or principals, or persons preparing for such positions. Opportunities will be provided for individual conferences, 3 cr.

\*98. ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM PROBLEMS. This course will consist of a study of the rapidly expanding elementary school curriculum, how it is being influenced by research studies, methods of teaching, and available teaching materials. Some of the more important problems to be considered are: functions of the superintendent, headmaster, principal, and teacher in revising and making courses of study; integration and correlation of school subjects; the purposes of education and present practices in the elementary school; content, grade placement, and teaching procedures in the various school subjects; character and citizenship development. Problems of special interest to members of the class will be studied in greater detail. This course is intended for teachers, elemen-

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school

tary supervisors or principals, curriculum directors, and school superintendents. Opportunities will be provided for individual conferences. 3 cr.

# COURSES IN PSYCHOLOGY

51. PSYCHOLOGY OF CHILDHOOD. The mental processes and reactions of the normal child from early infancy to adolescence studied in order to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the development of the personality of the child. The origin of language and the acquisition of habits of thought and action considered together with the development of proper balance of emotional behavior. Of interest to students preparing to be teachers, homemakers, social workers, nurses, school psychologists, and clinicians.

Prereq.: Psychology 11 (formerly education 11) or 31. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

52. MENTAL HYGIENE. The problem individual from the point of view of prevention as well as of detection, diagnosis, and treatment. Ways and means of maintaining a normal mind and of re-educating the individual of distorted attitudes. Case studies presented for purposes of illustrating various types of maladjustment and suggestions offered for their improvement. Of interest to students preparing to be teachers, homemakers, social workers, physicians, nurses, school psychologists, and clinicians.

Prereq.: Psychology 11 (formerly education 11) or 31. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

53. PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS AND MEASUREMENTS. A survey of measurements of intelligence and mental aptitudes. Demonstrations and actual experience in the administration of both individual and group intelligence tests. Interpretations and suggested applications of test results.

Prereq.: Psychology 31. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

54. PSYCHOPATHOLOGY. The distortion of the psychological functions of perception, association, memory, judgment, and thinking, as found in the maladjusted individual in need of institutional care. The symptoms distinguishing the various types of mental defectiveness and the more common forms of the psychoses and neuroses presented to enable the student to recognize typical cases. Prophylaxis through the cultivation of healthful attitudes and activities in the home, school, and community is emphasized.

Prereq.: Psychology 31. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

57-58. PSYCHOLOGY LABORATORY. Standard experiments on sensation, perception, association, imagination, learning, and reasoning. Emphasis on the development of the proper technique of psychological investigation.

Prereq.: Psychology 31 or in conjunction with psychology 31. 1 lec.; 2 lab.; 3 cr.

72. SEMINAR IN PSYCHOLOGY. 3 cr.

# DIVISION OF ENGINEERING

GEORGE W. CASE, Professor of Mechanical Engineering, CHAIRMAN; EDMOND W. BOWLER, Professor of Civil Engineering; EDWARD T. DONOVAN, Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering; DANIEL S. EPPELSHEIMER, Professor of Industrial Engineering; EDWARD L. GETCHELL, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering; LEON W. HITCHCOCK, Professor of Electrical Engineering; WILLIAM B. NULSEN, Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering; RUSSELL R. SKELTON, Associate Professor of Civil Engineering.

Graduate work is offered in civil, electrical and mechanical engineering leading to the degrees of master of civil engineering, master of electrical engineering, and master of mechanical engineering, respectively. A thesis of professional character and no fewer than eighteen semester credits of course work constitute the requirements for the degree.

Courses with numbers over 100 require as prerequisites the completion of the undergraduate curriculum indicated.

# CIVIL ENGINEERING

101, 102. ADVANCED HYDRAULICS. Dimensional analysis, dynamic similarity, mechanics of viscous fluids, fluid flow in pipes, non-uniform flow, alternate stages of flow in open channels, hydraulic jump, and their application to engineering practice. Mr. Bowler.

Prereq.: Civil engineering 64. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

103, 104. Soil Mechanics. The physical and mechanical properties of soil in relation to engineering structures. The theory of consolidation, shearing resistance, bearing capacity, settlement, earth pressure, and their applications. Mr. Skelton.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

105. SOIL TESTING FOR ENGINEERING PURPOSES. This course is arranged to cover the essential soil tests for engineering purposes. Identification of soils, determination of water content, void ratio, specific gravity, grain size distribution, and Atterberg limits. Tests for the physical properties include: permeability, capillarity, compressibility, rate and magnitude of consolidation, and shearing resistance. Mr. Skelton.

Prereq.: Civil engineering 103 in parallel or as a prerequisite. 1 lec.; 3 lab.; 4 cr.

52. HYDRAULICS. Principles of hydrostatics and hydrokineties, including the laws governing static pressures, the flow of water through orifices, tubes, nozzles, weirs, pipe lines, and open channels, the dynamic action of jets and streams and fluid flow in pipes. Laboratory exercises in hydraulic machinery and in stream gaging.

Prereq.: Mathematics 8. 3 rec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr.

61. HIGHWAY ENGINEERING AND TRANSPORTATION. The economics of location and design of highways and city streets; methods of construction, maintenance and specifications governing the various types of surfaces; administration and

financing of highway systems; special emphasis on highway transportation. Field location and the complete design of a section of highway are included.

Prereq.: Civil engineering 4 and civil engineering 15. 2 rec.; 2 lab.; 4 cr.

62. FOUNDATION ENGINEERING. Test borings and underground exploration, soil classification and identification, types of foundations and methods of construction, the economical and safe design of foundations, study of building codes and the legal aspects of foundation construction, piles, pile driving, caissons, cofferdams, tunneling, and subaqueous tunneling. This course includes typical problems, reports, and assigned reading.

Prereq.: Civil engineering 65. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

63-64. HYDRAULIC AND SANITARY ENGINEERING. Precipitation, water losses, run-off, drainage areas, stream flow, water power estimates, hydraulic turbines, dams and waterways; the sources, quantity, and sanitary aspects of public water supplies; the methods of purification and distributing systems; the theory and problems of sewerage, the principles governing the disposal of sewage, and the various methods of sewage treatment. Computations, reports, and problems of design are included.

Prereq.: Civil engineering 52. 3 rec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr.

65. STRUCTURAL DESIGN. Theory and problems relating to the design of steel and timber structures. A steel girder and steel roof truss are completely designed and working drawings prepared. Individual parts of steel bridge trusses and buildings are studied and designed. Emphasis on economy of design, accuracy of results, clarity of vision and analytical thought.

Prereq.: Civil engineering 28. 2 rec.; 2 lab.; 4 cr.

66. REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES. Theory and design of reinforced concrete structures, such as beams, slabs, columns, footings, retaining walls, and small bridges. Problems related to construction and to illustrations of the theory.

Prereq.: Civil engineering 65. 2 rec.; 2 lab.; 4 cr.

### ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

- 101, 102. ADVANCED CIRCUIT THEORY. A continuation of electrical engineering 60, including the treatment of unbalanced circuits by the method of symmetrical components. Mr. Nulsen. 3 rec.: 3 cr.
- 103, 104. ELECTRICAL TRANSMISSION OF POWER AND COMMUNICATION. A study of the electrical and mechanical factors involved in the design, construction, and operation of recent power system installations. An investigation of some of the more advanced problems in the field of communication. Mr. Hitchcock. 3 rec.; 3 cr.
- 53-54. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING. Direct current generators, direct current motors, alternating current circuits, alternators, and transformers.

Prereq.: Physics 8, mathematics 8, and electrical engineering 2. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

55. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING. A continuation of electrical engineering 54. Induction motors, regulators, synchronous motors, converters, and rectifiers; transmission line regulation, efficiency, insulation, lightning protection, sag and tension, etc.

Prereq.: Electrical engineering 54. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

58. TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION. Principles of basic telephone apparatus and circuits. A detailed study of telephone transmission including inductive interference, equivalent networks, the infinite transmission line, the determination of line and cable characteristics, repeaters, filters, measurement of

transmission characteristics, and the study of routine repeater tests.

Prereq.: Electrical engineering 7. 3 rec.; 1 lab.; 5 cr.

60. ADVANCED CIRCUIT THEORY. Application of mathematics to the solution of electrical circuit problems, including the use of differential equations, Heavisides' operators, and derivation of fundamental formulas and constants.

Prereq.: Electrical engineering 55. 3 rec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr.

76. LABORATORY. Advanced laboratory testing and special problems. The student works on problems of his own selection which have been outlined by him and have received approval. This may be in the form of a semester thesis or a series of original experiments.

Prereq.: Electrical engineering 25. 4 lab.; 4 cr.

78. ADVANCED ELECTRONICS LABORATORY. Special radio problems, electron tube applications of a research nature, or studies and applications of audio frequency amplifier systems.

Prereq.: Electrical engineering 7. Lab. and conferences; 4 cr.

# MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

- 101, 102. ADVANCED THERMODYNAMICS. The general equations of thermodynamics and their application to fluids such as air and steam; heat transmission; current applications and advances in thermodynamics. Mr. Donovan. 3 rec.; 3 cr.
- 103, 104. ENGINEERING ECONOMY. Social aspects of engineering economy, studies and methods of investigation of the safety and earning power of invested funds in old and new enterprises. Mr. Case. 3 rec.; 3 cr.
- 105, 106. ADVANCED MECHANICS OF MATERIALS. To review and show the limitations of the ordinary formulas of strength

of materials. To consider the conditions under which these limitations hold and to extend the subject to more complex topics than those previously considered. To present a more detailed study of the concepts and methods used in the analysis of stresses in structures and machine members. Further study of stresses in plates, thick cylinders, rotating cylinders, and shafts; stresses in curved members under flexure; stress concentrations and analysis of stresses in statically indeterminate structures by elastic strain energy and photoelastic methods. Mr. Getchell.

52. MECHANICAL LABORATORY. Testing of steam and gas engines in accordance with A. S. M. E. power test codes.

Prereq.: Mechanical engineering 30. 2 lab.; 2 cr.

53-54. POWER PLANTS. A study of the steam generating power plant, dealing with its equipment and costs.

Prereq.: Mechanical engineering 24. 53: 2 rec.; 2 cr. 54: 1 rec.; 1 lab.; 2 cr.

55-56. AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING. The internal combustion engine, including its thermodynamics, carburetion, lubrication, and vibration. Some features of the design of the principal moving parts of the automotive vehicle.

Prereq.: Mechanical engineering 8 and 24. 2 rec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

65. CONTRACTS AND SPECIFICATIONS. Legal principles underlying engineering work, including contracts, negotiable instruments, and specifications.

3 rec.; 3 cr.

66. ENGINEERING ECONOMY. The principles which form the basis of engineering procedures for obtaining the highest ratio of utility to cost.

3 rec.; 3 cr.

#### DIVISION OF LANGUAGES AND LITERATURE

HAROLD H. SCUDDER, Professor of English, CHAIRMAN; SYLVESTER H. BINGHAM, Assistant Professor of English; Albert F. Buffington, Assistant Professor of Languages; Paul L. Grigaut, Assistant Professor of Languages; William G. Hennessy, Associate Professor of English; Thomas H. McGrail, Assistant Professor of English; Clifford S. Parker, Professor of Languages; Alfred E. Richards, Professor of English; Paul S. Schoedinger, Assistant Professor of English; James T. Schoolcraft. Jr., Assistant Professor of Languages; Carroll S. Towle, Associate Professor of English; John S. Walsh, Associate Professor of Languages.

# SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CANDIDACY

To be admitted to candidacy for the degree of master of arts in language and literature, the student must show by his academic or professional record that he is prepared to take the courses in his field of study.

To be admitted to candidacy for the degree of master of arts in English or languages, the student must have met requirements substantially equal to those set up for the fulfillment of an undergraduate major in English or languages at the University of New Hampshire.

# DIVISIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MASTER'S DEGREE

The student who is a candidate for a master's degree in the general field of the division of language and literature will take a program of courses in two foreign languages and in English.

# SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MASTER'S DEGREE

# **ENGLISH**

The student who is a candidate for a master's degree in English must earn at least six credits in the courses which are primarily for graduate students (numbered 101 to 200); six

credits in allied subjects; and no more than twelve credits in courses numbered 51 to 100. If he presents a thesis it must be one worth no fewer than six credits. The writing of a thesis may under some circumstances be omitted and in such cases an additional three-credit course in English and an additional three-credit course in an allied subject will be required, each numbered 101 or higher.

A reading knowledge of French, German, or Latin will be required of the candidate, and a certificate from the language department will be accepted as satisfactory proof that this requirement has been met.

# FRENCH, GERMAN, LATIN

The requirements for the degree of master of arts in French, German, and Latin are as follows: the writing of an acceptable thesis embodying the results of independent investigation (equivalent to 4 to 9 semester credits in courses primarily for graduate students); the passing of a special oral or written examination at the end of the period of graduate study.

A student in languages may take all his work in French or in combinations of French and Latin, or French and German. No more than six semester credits may be earned for courses outside this division.

#### GENERAL LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

101, 102. COLLATERAL READING. A study, in translation, of selections from the great writers of literature. In the first semester special attention is given to Dante's *Divine Comedy;* in the second, to Cervante's *Don Quixote* and to Goethe's *Faust*. Lectures, recitation, and written reports. Mr. Richards. 3 rec.; 4 cr.

Languages 51, 52. Survey of Modern European Literature. The Renaissance, classicism, romanticism, and realism studied as international movements. Stress will be laid, not upon the details of each national literature, but upon the interdependence

of the literatures of the various countries. Literature interpreted as a product of changing patterns of civilization and social ideas. Required reading in the original language or in translations. Conducted in English. 3 rec.; 3 cr. (In 1940-41, languages 51 will be given; languages 52 will not be given.)

Languages 73-74. General Introduction to the science of linguistics. The origins of language; the languages of the world; phonology; morphology; syntax; semantics; etymology; language and writing; the science of comparative philology and its development; dialect divergence; the principles of linguistic change; race, culture, and language; the psychology of language. The course, though designed particularly for majors in English or other languages, is open to all graduate students. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

#### **ENGLISH**

103, 104. THE FAUST STORY. A study of the Faust legend as it is found in the literature of Germany and of England. Special attention is given to Marlowe's drama and to the later forms of the legend in English literature. Mr. Richards. 3 rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years, not offered in 1940-41.)

105, 106. SPENSER AND HIS TIMES. A study of the life and works of Edmond Spenser as they mirror the development of English poetry and history in the sixteenth century. Mr. Richards. 3 rec.; 4 cr.

107, 108. STUDIES IN AMERICAN LITERATURE. An intensive study of the life and work of a single author. In some cases the course will be concluded in a single semester, in others, continued throughout the year. The assignments will vary with the individual student. Mr. Scudder.

Prereq.: English 11 and 12, or their equivalent. Special conferences and written reports; 3 cr.

109, 110. SHAKESPEARE. An intensive study of from four to six of Shakespeare's plays, supplemented by a study of the

history of Shakespearean scholarship from the seventeenth century to the present. Mr. Hennessy.

Prereq.: English 53 and 54, or their equivalent. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

111, 112. CONTEMPORARY DRAMA. A study of the modern drama in Europe and America from Ibsen to the present day. Mr. Hennessy.

Prereq.: English 52 or its equivalent. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

- 113, 114. THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURY. Seventeenth century prose and verse, and the drama after 1660. A survey of the whole period, with special emphasis on the historical background, the Restoration theatre, and the changes in prose and verse styles. Mr. Towle. 3 rec.; 3 cr.
- 115, 116. THE AUGUSTAN AGE. General and special studies in the works and lives of Swift, Pope, Gay, Arbuthnot, Addison and Steele, and their associates. Mr. Schoedinger. 3 lec.; 3 cr.
- 117, 118. THE NON-DRAMATIC LITERATURE OF THE ENGLISH RENAISSANCE. Poetry and prose from Erasmus to John Donne, exclusive of Spenser. Lectures, reports, and constant outside reading. Mr. McGrail. 3 lec.; 3 cr.
- 119. CARLYLE. A critical study of Thomas Carlyle as a writer and thinker. Mr. Bingham. 3 lec.; 3 cr.
- 120. TENNYSON AND BROWNING. Studies of the two major poets of Victorian England. Mr. Bingham. 3 lec.; 3 cr.
- \*51. METHODS OF SPEECH RE-EDUCATION. A course designed to give an acquaintance with common speech defects and simple remedial measures for special problems in delayed speech, indistinct pronunciation, stuttering, and inappropriate use of the voice. Procedures of effective use of the speech mechanism in various speech activities will be discussed and demonstrated. Constant use of the voice recording machine. 3 cr.

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

- 52. INTRODUCTION TO DRAMA. A comprehensive survey of dramatic literature from the Greek drama to the present. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)
- 53-54. SHAKESPEARE'S PLAYS. A study of the major histories, comedies, and tragedies. Shakespeare is interpreted as poet and as dramatist. 3 lec.; 3 cr.
- 55. MILTON. Milton's minor poetry and the *Paradise Lost*. Consideration of the social, political, and religious history of Milton's day. 3 lec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)
- \*56. ADVANCED STAGE DIRECTION. A laboratory course designed primarily for teachers and others who produce plays. As part of the course work one or more one-act plays will be publicly produced. Registration is by permission of the instructor and is limited. 3 cr.
- 57. THE ENGLISH NOVEL IN THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY. The novel from Defoe through the Gothic Romance. Lectures and constant outside reading. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)
- 59. THE ENGLISH NOVEL IN THE NINETEENTH CENTURY. The novel from Jane Austen to Thomas Hardy. Lectures, recitations, and constant reading. 3 lec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)
- 61-62. THE ENGLISH ROMANTIC WRITERS. The major writers of the early nineteenth century, such as Wordsworth, Coleridge, Byron, Lamb, Shelley, Hazlitt, and Keats. Readings from the work of many minor writers, especially those of the late eighteenth century. One hour of the week devoted to round-table discussion with small groups. 2 lec.; 1 rec.; 3 cr.
  - \* Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

\*\*63, 64. ADVANCED AMERICAN LITERATURE. A series of studies in special fields, the subjects to be announced. In 1940-41 the subjects are: American Humorists and Satirists, and The American Short Story. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

65-66. WRITING AS AN ART. The study and practice of forms of writing through an examination of the history of literary criticism. Reading of famous critical essays and of many contemporary opinions, correlated with practice writing of various types. Each student is allowed to spend much of his time with the type he finds most congenial. Collateral readings, with frequent class discussions and conferences.

Prereq.: English 7. 2 lec.; 1 rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

67-68. EARLY ENGLISH AND CHAUCER. Chaucer's life and times, and a reading of most of his poetry. First semester: Old and Middle English grammar as an introduction to the language of Chaucer and a portion of *The Canterbury Tales*. Second semester: *Troilus and Cressida*, and *The Canterbury Tales*. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

ENGLISH-EDUCATION (ENG-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL ENGLISH. The selection and organization of subject matter, the most efficient methods of presenting this material, and the problems which arise within the wide field of teaching of high school English.

Prereq.: Three years of English courses approved by the head of the department, including English 19. Recommended for all students who plan to teach English in secondary schools. Elective for students majoring in language, history, or education. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

\*ENGLISH-EDUCATION (ENG-ED) 92. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACH-ING OF ENGLISH IN THE HIGH SCHOOL. This course deals with methods of organizing and presenting courses in both composition and literature. In the first part of the course, the

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.
\*\* 64 offered in the 1940 Summer school.

development of composition interests will be discussed, followed by problems of structure, diction, and minimum essentials of grammatical and mechanical skills. In the second, the relation of literature to its historical and social background and its application to contemporary life will be stressed, along with the development of comprehension, interpretation, and appreciation. The course is also concerned with the correlation and coördination of English composition and literature with other subjects, and with motivation, testing, and the selection of course material. The sixth week of the course will be devoted to participation in and reporting on the work of the Writers' conference. 3 cr.

# FRENCH

101, 102. HISTORY OF FRENCH LITERATURE. This course is not an introduction to French literature, but complements what the student has previously learned. The work consists of individual conferences between instructor and student and a large amount of reading. In general, each student is expected to study more carefully the authors of whom he has some knowledge, to fill in the gaps between courses he has taken, and to obtain an integrated knowledge of all French literature. Mr. Parker.

Prereq.: 18 credits in undergraduate courses in French literature. 3 cr.

103, 104. SPECIAL STUDIES IN FRENCH LITERATURE. An intensive study of one or two important authors each semester; their lives, works, and times. Molière and Alfred de Vigny, for example, might supply the material for an entire year's work. The particular authors studied, however, may be changed from year to year in accordance with the needs and tastes of the students electing the course. The work will be conducted largely in French. Mr. Grigaut.

Prereq.: 18 credits in undergraduate courses in French literature. 3 cr. (Fr. 104 will not be given in 1940-41.)

- \*111. FRENCH CLASSICISM. A study of the literary principles, writers, and works of the seventeenth century. Among the authors studied will be Malherbe, d'Urfé, Corneille, Descartes, Pascal, Molière, La Fontaine, Racine, and Boileau. Some attention is given to the political and social conditions which influenced literature. Open to graduate students only. Mr. Parker. 3 cr.
- 53-54. FRENCH ROMANTICISM. The period from 1750 to 1850: J. J. Rousseau's work and influence; the important writers of the romantic school; analysis of the intermingling of romanticism and realism in the work of Balzac.

Prereq.: French 12. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

57-58. FRENCH LITERATURE FROM 1850 TO THE PRESENT. Realism and naturalism in the novel and drama, the Parnassian and symbolist schools in poetry, the psychological novels of Bourget, and the various schools and trends of the late 19th and early 20th centuries. Conducted largely in French.

Prereq.: French 12 or 54. 3 rec.; 3 cr. (In 1940-41, French 57 will be given; French 58 will not be given.)

- \*60. FRANCE AND THE FRENCH PEOPLE. The history, institutions, and culture of France from the earliest times to the present. A "background" course for teachers of French, students of French literature, and anyone interested in European history. 3 cr.
- 61-62. FRENCH GRAMMAR. A systematic study of French grammar in all its phases from elementary to highly advanced. Intended primarily for those preparing to teach French.

Prereq.: Permission of instructor or head of department. 3 rec.; 3 er.

63, 64. FRENCH LITERATURE AND CIVILIZATION OF THE MIDDLE AGES AND THE RENAISSANCE. The various forms and masterpieces of French literature from the beginning to the year 1600, with consideration of their historical and social background.

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

Prereq.: French 12 or 54. 2 lec.; 2 cr. (In 1940-41, French 63 will not be given; but French 64 will be given with 3 credits.)

FRENCH-EDUCATION (FR-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACH-ING OF FRENCH IN THE HIGH SCHOOL. The special objectives, methods, and problems of high school French. Open only to seniors and graduate students who are planning to teach. Visits to schools to observe the work of experienced teachers arranged. Students may be given opportunity to assist in the work of French 1-2.

Prereq.: Permission of head of department. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

92. ORAL FRENCH. Accuracy and facility in the use of oral French will be attempted through the study of phonetics and the use of dictation, conversation, the phonograph, the dictaphone, and other devices.

Prereq.: French 14 or French-education 91. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

# GERMAN

- 115, 116. HISTORY OF THE GERMAN LANGUAGE. A systematic presentation of the development of the German language from the time of the earliest records to the present, with special emphasis on the historical explanation of living forms. Characteristic works, or parts of them, of all periods will be studied with reference to changes in language and style. Mr. Buffington. 3 rec.; 3 cr.
- 117, 118. HISTORY OF GERMAN LITERATURE. A survey of German literature from the earliest written monuments to the present day. Representative works will be read and discussed in class, in conjunction with lectures. Mr. Schoolcraft. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

53-54. GERMAN ROMANTICISM. The revival of the historical and imaginative Middle Ages in the first half of the nineteenth century.

Prereq.: Two years of college German or the equivalent. 3 class hours; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

57-58. MODERN GERMAN LITERATURE. The development of German literature from 1832 to the present, with special emphasis on the novel and drama. Authors considered are Grillparzer, Hebbel, Ludwig, Keller, Meyer, Wagner, Hauptmann, Sudermann, Thomas Mann, Rilke, George and Schnitzler.

Prereq.: Two years of college German or the equivalent. 3 class hours; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

63-64. HISTORY OF GERMAN LITERATURE. Its development from pagan to modern times. Representative works read in and out of class. The history of German civilization is taken up parallel with the history of literature.

Prereq.: Two years of college German or the equivalent. 3 class hours; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

#### LATIN

125, 126. LATIN LITERATURE. A study of Latin literature through the medium of selections from the works of the more important authors from the beginnings to the decline of literary Latin. This reading will be supplemented by a detailed study of some special field, author, or group of authors. Mr. Walsh. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

51-52. PHILOSOPHY AND SATIRE. Philosophy, religion, natural science, and social theories of the Romans, as exemplified in the writings of Horace, Martial, and Cicero.

Prereq.: Latin 6. 3 rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

55-56. LITERATURE AND HISTORY. A comprehensive view of Latin literature of the golden age, particularly the works of Caesar, Cicero, and Virgil. Literary value and historical content will be studied as well as such background of the history of Rome during the period as is necessary for the student or teacher of the classics.

Prereq.: Latin 8. 3 rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

63-64. LATIN COMPOSITION AND TEACHING METHODS. Translation of English narrative, beginning with the fundamentals of grammar and progressing to prose style and effective idiomatic expression. Open to those who have taken or are taking another course in college Latin and recommended for prospective teachers of Latin. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

# DIVISION OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

THOMAS G. PHILLIPS, Professor of Agricultural and Biological Chemistry, CHAIRMAN; EDWARD R. ATKINSON, Assistant Professor of Chemistry: George N. Bauer, Professor of Mathematics; DONALD H. CHAPMAN, Assistant Professor of Geology: Albert F. Daggett, Assistant Professor of Chemistry; MILTIADES S. DEMOS, Assistant Professor of Mathematics; JAMES A. FUNKHOUSER, Associate Professor of Chemistry; GREGORY K. HARTMANN, Assistant Professor of Physics; HORACE L. HOWES, Professor of Physics; HAROLD A. IDDLES, Professor of Chemistry: DANIEL C. LEWIS, Assistant Professor of Mathematics; CHARLES M. MASON, Associate Professor of Chemistry; T. RALPH MEYERS, Assistant Professor of Geology; STANLEY R. SHIMER, Assistant Professor of Agricultural and Biological Chemistry; HERMON L. SLOBIN, Professor of Mathematics; MARVIN R. SOLT, Assistant Professor of Mathematics; George W. WHITE, Professor of Geology.

#### AGRICULTURAL AND BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY

Students majoring in this department are expected to have had preparation in the biological sciences, in mathematics, in physics, and in general, analytic, and organic chemistry.

101, 102. ADVANCED BIOCHEMISTRY. The preparation, composition and analysis of carbohydrates, fats, and proteins. Discussions and laboratory. Mr. Phillips and Mr. Shimer.

Prereq.: Satisfactory preparation in analytical, organic, and biological chemistry. 4 cr.

103, 104. SPECIAL PROBLEMS. Conferences and library and laboratory work on special phases of chemistry in its relation to agriculture and biology. Mr. Phillips and Mr. Shimer.

Prereq.: Satisfactory preparation in analytical, organic, and biological chemistry. Subject matter and credits to be arranged.

51-52. PHYSIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY. The chemistry of fats, carbohydrates, and proteins; colloids, enzyme action, digestion, metabolism, and excretion. The qualitative and quantitative examination of blood and urine.

Prereq.: Satisfactory preparation in organic chemistry and quantitative analysis. 3 lec.; 2 lab.; 5 cr.

53-54. AGRICULTURAL ANALYSIS. A study of the methods of analysis of soils, fertilizers, feeding stuffs, and other products important in agriculture.

Prereq.: Satisfactory preparation in organic chemistry and quantitative analysis. 1 lec.; 3 lab.; 4 cr.

55. PLANT CHEMISTRY. A study of the chemistry of plant growth and of methods for the analysis of plant materials.

Prereq.: Agricultural chemistry 2. 2 lec.; 2 lab.; 4 cr.

#### CHEMISTRY

102. HISTORY OF CHEMISTRY. A course tracing the growth of chemistry, particularly theories of the science. The course also endeavors to give an insight into the personalities of

famous chemists and lays some stress on the better known contemporary chemists and their work. Mr. Funkhouser.

Prereq.: Acceptable courses in organic chemistry. 2 rec.; 2 cr.

- 111. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY. The chemistry of the polynuclear compounds and heterocyclic systems. Mr. Iddles. 3 rec.; 3 cr.
- 112. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY. The chemistry of natural products. Mr. Iddles. 3 rec.; 3 cr.
- 115. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY. QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS. The reactions and properties of organic compounds. Use of group reactions in the identification of organic substances. Mr. Atkinson. 1 rec.; 2 lab.; 3 cr.
- 116. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY. MICRO-QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS. The combustion for carbon and hydrogen, Dumas nitrogen, Kjeldahl nitrogen, estimation of halogens, of sulphur, and of organic radicals. Mr. Atkinson. 1 rec.; 2 lab.; 3 cr.
- 121. PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. CHEMICAL THERMODYNAMICS. The application of thermodynamics to chemistry. The principles of thermodynamics will be thoroughly reviewed. These principles will be applied in detail to the phase rule, chemical equilibrium, electromotive force, theory of solutions, specific heats, and similar topics. Mr. Mason.

Prereq.: One year of physical chemistry. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

122. PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. CHEMICAL KINETICS. A study of the kinetics of homogeneous and heterogeneous reactions in gaseous and liquid systems, including an introduction to photochemistry. Mr. Daggett.

Prereq.: One year of physical chemistry. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

124. ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LABORATORY. The more modern experimental technique of physical chemistry. Em-

phasis on the needs and interests of each individual student. Topics will include the measurement of refractive index, molecular rotation, activity coefficients by vapor pressure, and E. M. F. methods, heterogeneous and homogeneous equilibrium constants, and kinetic constants. Mr. Mason. 2 lab.; 2 cr.

- 131, 132. COLLOQUIUM IN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY. The lectures will consider a special field of organic chemistry and will be varied from year to year. Mr. Iddles, Mr. Funkhouser, Mr. Atkinson. 1 lec.; 2 cr.
- 133, 134. COLLOQUIUM IN PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. The lectures will consider a special field of physical chemistry and will be varied from year to year. Mr. Mason and Mr. Daggett. 1 lec.; 2 cr.
- 141, 142. SEMINAR. Presentation and discussion of recent investigations in the field of chemistry. No credit.
- 53-54. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY. Lectures on the chief divisions of organic chemistry, aliphatic and aromatic, with the needs of the pre-professional student in mind. A more detailed consideration of carbohydrates and proteins follows. The laboratory technique of organic chemical methods as illustrated in the preparation and purification of typical organic compounds.

Prereq.: Chemistry 3-4, or 26 when possible, 3 lec.; 2 lab.; 5 cr. Deposit: Ten dollars for the year.

55-56. THEORETICAL PROBLEMS OF MODERN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY. The principles underlying the behavior of organic compounds. A discussion of valence leads to a study of the electron theory of organic chemistry, and this is used as a basis for subsequent discussions of unsaturation, tautomerism, free radicals, color and chemical constitution (including an abbreviated treatment of dyestuffs), polymerization, and molecular rearrangements. The latter part of the course includes a study of alicyclic compounds, the physical methods used in investi-

gations of organic compounds, and an extensive study of stereoisomerism. The historical background is emphasized.

Prereq.: Chemistry 48 or 54. 3 lec.; 3 cr. (Credit may be arranged.)

\*57. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY. An introductory course in the study of the chemistry of carbon compounds considered with the needs of the pre-medical student in mind. The work will lead up to and cover, from the organic standpoint, the special topics of fats, carbohydrates, and proteins.

Prereq.: Inorganic chemistry 4 or 6. 3 cr.

- \*58. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY. The work consists mainly of laboratory practice in preparing and purifying organic compounds. Lectures and recitations will be held from time to time in connection with the practice. 3 cr. Deposit five dollars.
- 62. ADVANCED METHODS OF QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS. The theory and technique of special and recently developed methods of analysis such as colorimetry, turbidimetry, potentiometry, and spectrograph. Sufficient experience is obtained to allow the development of considerable skill in even the more complex methods.

Prereq.: Chemistry 22. 3 lec.; 2 lab.; 5 cr. (Credit may be arranged.) Deposit: Five dollars for the semester.

71-72. UNIT PROCESSES. The important inorganic and organic industrial chemical processes from the point of view of the basic chemical reactions and physical operations involved.

Prereq.: Chemistry 22. 2 lec.; 2 cr.

74-75. UNIT OPERATIONS. The theory and practice of the fundamental chemical engineering unit operations, including flow of fluids, flow of heat, evaporation, distillation, drying, filtration, gas absorption, extraction, humidification and air

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

conditioning, crystallization, crushing and grinding, and size separation.

Prereq.: Chemistry 71, 83. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

76. CHEMICAL ENGINEERING ECONOMY. The economic factors involved in industrial chemical processes and the application of economic balances to the design and selection of chemical engineering equipment.

Prereq.: Chemistry 75, 77. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

77. UNIT OPERATIONS LABORATORY. Experiments based upon the unit operations are performed on typical chemical engineering equipment.

Prereq.: Chemistry 74, 84. 3 lab.; 3 cr. Deposit: Five dollars for the semester.

78. CHEMICAL PLANT DESIGN. The design and layout of chemical plants and equipment. The assigned problems are of a practical nature, such as the manufacture of some chemical product, and their solution will include the design or selection of all equipment and drawings of equipment, plant, and layout.

Prereq.: Chemistry 75, 77. 3 lab.; 3 cr.

80. CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PROJECT. Each student selects a research problem which he carries out independently under faculty supervision. Intensive study in both the library and the laboratory and a satisfactory thesis at the completion of the work are required.

Prereq.: Chemistry 75, 77. 4 lab.; 5 cr. Deposit: Five dollars for the semester.

82. PRE-MEDICAL AND PRE-DENTAL PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. A brief review and survey of the more important fundamental topics of physical chemistry; thereafter, those topics of physical and theoretical chemistry which have application in the medical, biological, and agricultural sciences.

Prereq.: Chemistry 2, physics 2, 6, or 8, mathematics 6 or equivalent. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

83-84. ELEMENTARY PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. The properties of gases, liquids, and solids; principles of thermodynamics and applications; solutions, ionic theory, chemical equilibria, thermochemistry, conductance and electromotive force; principles of kinetics and their application to reaction rates. The laboratory work will include accurate measurements illustrating the principles studied in the lectures.

Prereq.: Chemistry 22, mathematics 8, physics 8. 3 lec.; 2 lab.; 5 cr. Deposit: Ten dollars for the year.

85-86. ADVANCED PHYSICAL AND INORGANIC CHEMISTRY. The structure and properties of matter as developed from studies of radio-activity, atomic structure, crystal structure, and related topics; a complete review of elementary physical chemistry and some supplementary topics.

Prereq.: Chemistry 84 or equivalent. 2 lec.; 2 cr.

# GEOLOGY

Students majoring in this department are expected to have had preparation in physical, historical, and structural geology, mineralogy, mathematics, and chemistry.

Southern New Hampshire presents many attractive geologic problems, especially in the fields of physiographic, glacial, structural, metamorphic, and igneous geology.

101, 102. GLACIAL GEOLOGY. A detailed study of glacial geology, principally of North America, with special emphasis on New England. Mr. White and Mr. Chapman.

Prereq.: Courses in physical geology and physiography. 2 rec.; 2 lab. 4 cr.

103, 104. OPTICAL CRYSTALLOGRAPHY AND PETROGRAPHY. A study of minerals and rocks in powder and in thin sections by means of the petrographic microscope. Mr. Meyers.

Prereq.: Courses in mineralogy and physics. 1 rec.: 2 lab.: 3 cr.

- 105, 106. RESEARCH. Work on special problems.

  Geomorphology—Mr. White.

  Glacial Geology—Mr. White and Mr. Chapman.

  Areal Geology and Petrography—Mr. Meyers.

  Prereq.: Special permission. Credits to be arranged.
- 51-52. MINERALOGY. The minerals that make up the earth's crust: crystals; minerals and their determination by means of physical characteristics; and the aggregation of minerals to form rocks.

Prereq.: One course in geology and one course in chemistry. 2 lec. or rec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

53, 54. ECONOMIC GEOLOGY. First semester: the types of coal and their occurrence in the United States; petroleum, the structures in which it is found, and the distribution and geology of oil fields, especially in the United States; cement materials, building stones, and related materials. Second semester: the metals, their ores, and the geology of important ore deposits.

Prereq.: One year's work in geology. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

55-56. PALEONTOLOGY. The history, development and morphology of the various groups of animals and, to a lesser extent, plants, as recorded by fossils found in the rocks of the earth's crust.

Prereq.: One year's work in geology or zoölogy. 2 lec. or rec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in1940-41.)

57, 58. GEOLOGIC PROBLEMS. Special problems by means of conferences, assigned readings and field work, fitted to individual needs.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. Credits to be arranged.

- \*61. HUMAN GEOGRAPHY. The earth as the home of man is The physical geographic characteristics of plain. plateau, and mountain regions are related to the use man has made of these divisions of the continents and the varying effect they have on human activities because of latitude, altitude, weather, structure, and other geographic factors. Examples of the interaction of man with geographic environments are taken from various parts of the world. Among plains regions studied are the central plain of North America, the great Russian plain, and the Amazonian lowlands; as examples of plateaus, the Transcaucasia plateaus, the Appalachian plateau, and the Tibetan plateau; and as examples of mountains and their effect on their inhabitants, the Rockies, the Alps, and the Himalayas. Wall maps, topographic, and geologic maps, atlases, lantern slides, and a well-selected library will be available to the student for reference purposes. 3 cr.
- \*63. GEOGRAPHY OF NORTH AMERICA. A study of the regional geography of North America. The physiography of the continent and its natural divisions are considered in relation to climate, structure, and political divisions. Most of the time is given to the study of the United States, but Canada and Mexico are also studied. The geography of New England is taken up in considerable detail. Maps, references, and lantern slides will be used to supplement the class discussion. 3 cr.

#### MATHEMATICS

101, 102. COMPLEX VARIABLE. The theory of analytic functions of a single complex variable by the methods of Cauchy (integrals), Riemann (derivatives) and Weierstrass (series), conformal mapping and Riemann's surfaces, and the elementary theory of elliptic functions. Mr. Demos.

Prereq.: Mathematics 51. Hours to be arranged; 3 cr.

103, 104. FUNCTIONS OF A REAL VARIABLE. The subject matter of this course may vary from year to year, but the

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

following subjects will always be treated; the real number system, the theory of point sets, Lebesgue integration, the Riesz-Fischer theorem, and functions of bounded variation. Mr. Lewis.

Prereq.: Mathematics 51. Hours to be arranged; 3 cr.

105, 106. EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS. A study of the statistical methods dealing with data pertaining to problems in education. The topics to be considered include central tendency, dispersion, linear correlation, non-linear correlation, partial and multiple correlation, the normal probability curve, curve fitting, sampling, and estimation. In considering the several problems emphasis will be placed on theory and on application to concrete numerical data. Mr. Bauer.

Prereq.: Mathematics 41, 42. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

107, 108. INFINITE SERIES AND PRODUCTS. This course includes selections from the following topics: theories of irrationals; series of positive terms; convergence tests; general series; double series; transformation of series; infinite products; Fourier, Dirichlet, and power series; special series; and divergent series. Mr. Slobin.

Prereq.: Mathematics 51. Hours to be arranged; 3 cr.

109, 110. ANALYTICAL MECHANICS. Statics and dynamics of particles and rigid bodies. Lagrange's equations. Mr. Solt.

Prereq.: Mathematics 51. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

111, 112. POTENTIAL THEORY AND INTEGRAL EQUATIONS. The elementary properties of the Newtonian and logarithmic potential functions with some of their applications to physics and analysis, the general theory of linear integral equations, and the Dirichlet and Neumann problems. Mr. Lewis.

Prereq.: Mathematics 51. Hours to be arranged; 3 cr.

113, 114. ADVANCED STATISTICS. This course centers about the problem of sampling and includes such topics as the normal

distribution and the problem of inference, the chi-square test, the t-test, and a study of variance. Numerous applications are introduced. A general review of the most important statistical methods is included. Mr. Bauer.

Prereq.: Mathematics 53-54. Hours to be arranged; 3 cr.

51-52. ADVANCED CALCULUS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, VECTOR ANALYSIS AND THEIR APPLICATION TO ENGINEERING PROBLEMS.

Prereq.: Mathematics 8. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

\*54. TOPICS IN MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS. A systematic review of some of the elementary fundamental concepts and operations of algebra, trigonometry, analytic geometry, and the calculus. This course is designed, primarily, for teachers of mathematics in secondary schools and for others who wish some review. It is especially suitable for those teachers who must prepare their students for certain mathematics attainment tests. The following topics will be included in the course: theory of equations; sequences and series; trigonometric equations; cartesian coördinates; polar coördinates; parametric representation; elements of the calculus. Other topics may be added to meet the desires of those taking the course.

Prereq.: At least the equivalent of mathematics 5 and 6, described in the university catalog. Carries graduate credit only for majors in education. 3 cr.

53-54. ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL STATISTICS. A continuation of mathematics 42 including a more thorough study of correlation, multiple and partial correlation, time series including trend and seasonal variation, and cycles. Material selected to meet best the needs of advanced students in social science, economics, and education and to throw light on statistical research methods used in these fields.

Prereq.: Mathematics 41-42. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

55-56. ADVANCED PLANE AND SOLID ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY.
Prereq.: Mathematics 8. 3 rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years. Not offered in 1940-41.)

57. THE HISTORY OF MATHEMATICS. Designed especially for those preparing to teach mathematics in high school. An historical background and an appreciation of the development of various fields of mathematics.

Prereq.: Mathematics 7. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

71, 72. ADVANCED ALGEBRA. Matrix theory including elementary divisors and invariant factors; linear transformations; quadratic, bilinear, and Hermitian forms; invariants and co-variants with geometric applications; and topics from the theory of equations, including symmetric functions and groups of substitutions.

Prereq.: Mathematics 8. 3 rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years. Offered in 1940-41.)

MATHEMATICS-EDUCATION (MATH-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL MATHEMATICS. The aims and values of secondary school mathematics, the recommendations of the national committee on mathematics requirements, and the state board requirements; also, the subject matter and the sequence in which it should be presented in both junior and senior high schools, and the various techniques used in teaching secondary school mathematics. Errors, testing program, and remedial teaching. Lectures, assigned readings, and discussions.

Prereq.: Mathematics 8, or 34 and 7. Students preparing to teach mathematics in high school should register for this course. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

#### PHYSICS

101, 102. MODERN PHYSICS. A course of lectures with accompanying problems and outside reading. An attempt will be made to adapt the course to the needs of students in chemistry, geology, and mathematics. Mr. Hartmann.

Prereq.: Physics 7, 8, 51, 52, or the equivalent.

3 lec.; 3 cr.

104. LUMINESCENT RADIATION. Lectures descriptive of experimental researches in the luminescence of solids; with some attention to the luminescence of gases, and non-blackbody radiation in general. Mr. Howes.

Prereq.: Physics 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, or the equivalent. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

51. THEORY OF ELECTRONS. The theory of electricity, including the passage of a current through a gas, the mobility of ions, the determination of charge and mass of the electron, ionization by collision, the corona discharge, cathode rays, positive rays, thermionic emission, photo-electricity, and X-rays.

Prereq.: Physics 8; mathematics 8. 2 lec.; 2 cr.

53, (53). ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS. Experiments on the use of precision potentiometers, the constants of sensitive galvanometers, time tests of batteries, low resistence by the Kelvin double bridge, high resistance by the method of leakage, the use of alternating current bridges for measuring capacity, self and mutual inductance and frequency, the characteristics of various types of photo-electric cells, and the Millikan oil-drop experiment.

Prereq.: Physics 8 and 10. 1 lec.; 1 lab.; 3 cr.

54. ACOUSTICS. The principles of sound origins, propagation, and reception. Lectures and recitations.

Prereq.: Physics 1, 2 or physics 8 and 10. 3 lec.; 3 cr.

55. EXPERIMENTAL PHYSICS. Designed to augment the student's knowledge of the theory and performance of optical instruments; to improve his laboratory technique in precision measurements. The fundamental physical theories underlying the phenomena of refraction, interference, diffraction, and polarization are discussed in the lecture periods.

Among topics studied are: cardinal points of a lens system, resolving power, Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffractions, Cornu spiral, Michelson's interferometer, polarization by reflection and by Nicol's prisms, wave plates, the comparison of luminous intensities, and some aspects of spectroscopy.

Prereq.: Physics 1; mathematics 8. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr.

56. EXPERIMENTAL PHYSICS. Similar to experimental physics 55, except that the topics for investigation are taken from other branches of physics. The method of coincidences, bifilar suspension, the gyroscope, Cavendish experiment, vapor pressure, acoustic filters, supersonic interferometer, reverberation time and coefficient of absorption,  $e/_m$ , and radio-activity are some of the topics.

Prereq.: Physics 1; mathematics 8. 2 lec.; 1 lab.; 4 cr.

#### DIVISION OF SOCIAL STUDIES

HARRY C. WOODWORTH, Professor of Agricultural Economics, CHAIRMAN: NORMAN ALEXANDER, Associate Professor of Economics: DONALD C. BABCOCK, Professor of History; JOSEPH E. BACHELDER, JR., Assistant Professor of Sociology; CHARLES W. COULTER, Professor of Sociology; CARROLL M. DEGLER, Assistant Professor of Economics; HAROLD C. GRINNELL, Assistant Professor of Agricultural Economics; LASHLEY G. HARVEY, Assistant Professor of Government; GIBSON R. JOHNSON, Assistant Professor of History; THORSTEN V. KALIJARVI, Professor of Government; Alan G. MacLeod, Assistant Professor of Agricultural Economics; PHILIP M. MARSTON, Assistant Professor of History; ALLAN B. PARTRIDGE, Assistant Professor of History; HERBERT F. RUDD, Professor of Philosophy; HARRY W. SMITH, Professor of Economics; CLAIR W. SWONGER, Assistant Professor of Economics; RUTH J. WOODRUFF, Associate Professor of Economics; WILLIAM YALE, Assistant Professor of History.

# REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION TO CANDIDACY

The candidate for admission who intends to do work in the general field of the social studies should qualify to take advanced work in three of the fields of work within the division. To qualify to take advanced work in a field is generally interpreted to mean that the candidate has had one year's work with an average record of 75 in the field as an undergraduate student or its equivalent.

The candidate for admission who intends to do work in a special field (agricultural economics, economics, government, history, or sociology) shall be admitted by agreement between the dean of the Graduate school, the chairman of the division, and the head of the department in which the major is to be taken. The candidate for admission should qualify to do advanced work in the special field chosen. This is generally interpreted to mean that the candidate has had not less than two years' work with an average record of 75 in the special field or its equivalent and one year's work in another field in this division or its equivalent. However, it is highly desirable that the candidate complete three years' work in the special field before being admitted to candidacy.

# REQUIREMENTS FOR MASTER OF ARTS DEGREE

Additional requirements for the master of arts degree in a social study:

- A minimum of 18 and a maximum of 24 credits, including the thesis, in the major field.
- A thesis carrying from 3 to 10 credits.
- An oral examination on the thesis may be required at the discretion of the department.

Additional requirements for the master of arts degree in social studies:

A thesis carrying from 3 to 6 credits on which an oral examination may be required at the discretion of the departments concerned.

- A minimum of 12 and a maximum of 15 credits, including the thesis, in a major field, of which at least six credits must be in courses primarily for graduate students (numbered 101 to 200 or thesis).
- Of the remaining credits, at least three must be from each of two of the other three fields and of these remaining credits, at least three must be in courses primarily for graduate students (numbered 101 to 200).
- By vote of the heads of the departments in which the student is offering work for the degree, a written comprehensive examination may be substituted for the thesis, but in such cases the credits allotted for the thesis must be made up by courses. The field or fields of the written comprehensive examination will be agreed upon by the adviser and the candidate before February 1 preceding that June in which the degree is to be taken. The examination will be given during the second week preceding the beginning of final course examinations in the spring semester.
- If an oral examination is required, it will be given by a committee appointed by the head of the department with the approval of the chairman of the division.

#### AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

In each of the three seminar courses listed below the needs and interests of each student will be appraised and the readings and conferences will be scheduled accordingly. This schedule may bring the student in contact with several members of the staff.

- 101, 102. SEMINAR IN ADVANCED FARM MANAGEMENT. Principles and problems of farm management as applied to the organization and operation of individual farms. Mr. Grinnell. 3 cr.
- 103. SEMINAR IN AGRICULTURAL PRICES. The history of agricultural prices and the major factors determining prices.

Methods of price analysis. Assigned readings and conferences. Mr. MacLeod. 3 cr.

106. SEMINAR IN LAND UTILIZATION AND AGRICULTURAL POLICY. An appraisal of national and local policies and proposed action programs affecting American agriculture. Assigned readings and conferences. Mr. Woodworth. 3 cr.

181, 182. READING AND RESEARCH IN AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS. With the advice and consent of the instructor, a student prepared by training and experience to do independent work may register for a reading and research course. The student will undertake assigned problems and readings under the guidance of the instructor.

Hours and credits by arrangement.

Advanced Farm Management—Mr. Grinnell

Agricultural Prices—Mr. MacLeod

Land Use and Agricultural Policy—Mr. Woodworth

51, 52. SPECIAL AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS. Graduate or undergraduate credit to satisfy a student's needs may be obtained in this course in special cases by permission of the head of the department. Hours of meeting and number of credits to be arranged.

#### **ECONOMICS**

106. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND BUSINESS. A study of the various administrative agencies established by the state and federal governments for the regulation of business. Special attention will be given to the economic and legal problems of the control of business by commissions as exemplified by recent federal legislation. Mr. Alexander.

Prereq.: Economics 61. 3 cr.

107, 108. CURRENT MONETARY PROBLEMS. Recent developments of monetary theory and practice. Such problems may be examined as the monetary standard; credit control; central banking; commercial banking; the relations of government to

the monetary system. Guided reading, conferences, and reports. Mr. Swonger.

Prereq.: Two years' work in economics, including at least one year's work in principles or theory. 3 cr. (Not offered in 1940-41.)

109, 110. PROBLEMS OF CORPORATIONS. This course is intended to give the properly qualified graduate student an opportunity to pursue his interests in the field of corporations. The topics included for study are corporate organization, combinations, the corporation as a social institution, corporate financial problems, and the governmental regulation of corporations. The course will be conducted entirely by conference and the student will be largely on his own under the guidance of the instructor. Frequent reports on progress and a final written report are required. Attention to sound methods of research will be stressed. Mr. Degler.

Prereq.: Two years' work in economics including at least one year's work in principles or theory. Credits to be arranged.

157, 158. HISTORY OF ECONOMICS. A critical account of the development of economic thought in the leading nations of the western world; the economic systems of Greece, Rome, medieval and modern Europe, including the manorial, guild, mercantile, kameralistic, physiocratic, laissez faire, classical, historical, and socialistic systems; and the important relations of economic philosophy to historical, political, and social environment. Mr. Smith.

Prereq.: A satisfactory average in 12 semester credits in economics. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

181, 182. READING AND RESEARCH IN ECONOMICS. With the advice and consent of the instructor, a student prepared by training and experience to do independent work may register for a reading and research course. The student will undertake assigned problems and readings under the guidance of the instructor. Hours and credits by arrangement.

Labor—Mr. Smith American Economic History—Miss Woodruff Government Regulation—Mr. Alexander Monetary and Banking Problems—Mr. Swonger Corporations and Marketing—Mr. Degler

51. LABOR PROBLEMS. Historical background and present status of labor organization and problems.

Prereq.: Economics 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

52. PUBLIC FINANCE. Theory and practice of public expenditures and collection of public revenues; changed tendencies and policies in taxation reform; taxation problems in the state of New Hampshire.

Prereq.: A satisfactory average in 12 semester credits in economics. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

53-54. MONEY AND BANKING. Theory and practice of money and banking.

Prereq.t Economics 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

55. CORPORATIONS. Development and forms of business organizations and combination.

Prereq.: Economics 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

56. CORPORATION FINANCE. Methods of financing corporate enterprise.

Prereq.: Economics 55. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

- 59, 60. SEMINAR IN CURRENT ECONOMIC PROBLEMS. Recitations and reports; 3 cr.
- 61. PUBLIC REGULATION OF BUSINESS. The federal control of business organizations and their activities with special reference to recent legislation affecting industry.

Prereq.: Economics 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

\*72. ECONOMICS. OF CONSUMPTION. This course is intended to acquaint the student with the problems met by the consumer

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

and with the literature of the field. Attention will be given to the importance of consumption, the ways in which consumers arrive at choices, the factors that bear on choices, consumer standards, the price system, the part the government plays, consumer coöperation, and related topics. Attention will be given also to the sellers' side of the problem.

Prereq.: Economics 1-2, or its equivalent. 3 cr.

## GOVERNMENT

101, 102. INTERNESHIPS. A limited number of graduate students will be appointed each year by the department of government to serve in some department of the state or local government. The work of the student during this period will count toward a master's degree in the social studies. If consistent with the interneship, and it is possible for the interne to visit the campus once a week, he may take special seminar work not to exceed five credits. Details will be arranged individually in each case, and all work off the campus will be closely supervised. Mr. Kalijarvi.

Credits not to exceed 10 semester hours per semester.

103, 104. SEMINAR IN PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION. This course is concerned with administrative techniques and procedure and deals with budgetory process, personnel direction, administrative organization and management, public reporting, control standards of administrative effectiveness, the interrelations of local, state, and federal governments along functional lines, and comparative material drawn from administrative procedure abroad. Mr. Kalijarvi, Mr. Harvey. 1 rec.; 3 cr. (Not offered in 1940-41.)

107, 108. POLITICAL THEORY. A reading course in the classics of political thought: Plato, Aristotle, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Burke, Paine, Adam Smith, Ricardo, Bentham, Marx, and others. Analysis of the political philosophy

of the several 19th century schools. A philosophical approach to modern political problems.

Prereq.: Two years' work in government. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

181, 182. READING AND RESEARCH IN GOVERNMENT. With the advice and consent of the instructor, a student prepared by training and experience to do independent work may register for a reading and research course. The student will undertake assigned problems and readings under the guidance of the instructor. Hours and credits by arrangement.

International Law and Relations—Mr. Kalijarvi Current Political Problems and Public Policy— Mr. Kalijarvi Governmental Administration—Mr. Harvey Legislation—Mr. Harvey Political Theory—

51. CONSTITUTIONAL LAW. The case study of the constitutional development of the United States in terms of supreme, federal, and state court decisions.

Prereq.: One year's work in government. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

52. Introduction to Jurisprudence. Generalized principles of law and legal institutions. The law as an institution of social and political control.

Prereq.: Government 7 or 8 or 51. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

55, 56. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND WORLD GOVERN-MENT. The forms of international organizations and world politics. The rise of the modern nations and their relation to each other. The international world in which we live.

Prereq.: Two years' work in government. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

58. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION. The administration of modern states; administrative law; public relations; personnel; financial administration; governmental reporting; staff functions; public health; welfare; judicial administration; conservation of natural resources; government in business; government promotion of commerce and industry; and the construction of public works.

Prereq.: Government 4 or equivalent. 3 lec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

- 61, (61). COMMUNITY PLANNING. An introduction to the subject of community planning having as purposes: (1) the acquainting of the student with planning programs and what has been done in the field, and (2) the introduction of the student to specialized training for planning. Detailed techniques and design will be avoided. The department of civil engineering will coöperate with the department of government in offering this course. 3 rec.; 3 cr.
- 63-64. SEMINAR. Papers on assigned topics, and reports under the guidance of the department head. Hours to be arranged; 1-4 cr.
- \*80. PRESS, PROPAGANDA, AND PUBLIC OPINION. Examples of questions to be considered: molding of public opinion; agencies for molding public opinion; censorship of press and mail; news gathering combines such as Reuters, Agence Havas, Associated Press, United Press; government aid to news gathering agencies; radio; cinema; propaganda control during the World War; government censorship in peace and war; and private interest in democracies and authoritarian states. Text required, supplemented by reports by members of the class. 3 cr.
- \*87. GOVERNMENT IN A DYNAMIC WORLD. This course seeks to acquaint the student with problems of government in a rapidly changing society. Beginning with the different theories on the role of government, it advances to the various applications of these theories in modern totalitarian and democratic states. The last part of the course will be devoted to an explanation of the American system of government under

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in 1940 Summer school.

present pressures and the emergence of the social service state. Emphasis will be placed on the problems of federalism, separation of powers, government as a regulator, pressure politics, and administrative legislation and adjudication.

### HISTORY

101, 102. SEMINAR IN PHILOSOPHY OF HISTORY. This course gives opportunity to investigate some of the topics that cannot be treated very thoroughly in such courses as history 55, 56 (philosophy of history), history 67, 68 (historical geography and biography), and other special fields. Mr. Babcock.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. Hours and credits to be arranged. (Not offered in 1940-41.)

\*111, 112. SEMINAR IN THE HISTORY OF NEW ENGLAND. For graduate students who wish to specialize in some phase of New England history or the history of New Hampshire. The work is concerned primarily with the study and interpretation of source material and can be correlated with the preparation of a thesis. Only students who are especially well prepared should attempt the work. Mr. Marston.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. Hours and credits to be arranged. (Not offered in 1940-41.)

121, 122. SEMINAR IN THE HISTORY OF RELIGIONS. An investigation of the origin and development of primitive religion. The nature of religion as indicated by its historic manifestations. One or more of the living religions will be selected for special study. Opportunity will be given for individual investigation of topics. Mr. Johnson.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. Hours and credits to be arranged. (Not offered in 1940-41.)

123, 124. HISTORIOGRAPHY. The lives and writings of some leading historians from earliest times to the present, and their

<sup>\*</sup> History 111 will be offered in the 1940 Summer school.

contributions to scope, method, viewpoint, and literary achievement. Mr. Partridge.

Prereq.: Permission of the instructor. Hours and credits to be arranged. Offered in 1940-41.

181, 182. READING AND RESEARCH IN HISTORY. With the consent of the instructor, a student prepared by training and experience to do independent work may register for a reading and research course. The student will undertake assigned problems and reading under the guidance of the instructor. Hours and credits to be arranged.

Philosophy of History—Mr. Babcock History of Religions—Mr. Johnson Colonial and New England History—Mr. Marston Latin America—Mr. Partridge Philosophy—Mr. Rudd Recent and Contemporary Europe—Mr. Yale

- 51-52. COLONIAL AND REVOLUTIONARY AMERICAN HISTORY. Colonial beginnings in America, national rivalries, the English colonies, the Revolution, and our national life to 1789. Early forms of Americanism in the making. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)
- 53. HISTORY OF CIVILIZATION. Designed to show the close connections between the historical development of western society in both Europe and North America and their educational institutions. The development of education from the ancient Orient, Greece, Rome, and the Middle Ages, to modern times. Modern educational institutions in Europe and the United States connected with 19th and 20th century developments. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.
- 55, 56. THE PHILOSOPHY OF HISTORY. (1) Chronology and periodizing and teaching methods having to do with dates. (2) Culture-history, including the historical side of everyday things. (3) The philosophy-of-history proper, or a study of some of the ways in which thoughtful persons have interpreted the

nature of history as a whole. 2 lec. or discussions; 2 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

59-60. SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF NEW ENGLAND. From the settlements to the present. The material and intellectual aspects peculiar to New England's social and cultural life. The viewpoint is partly that of the antiquarian. Source materials figure considerably. It is assumed that the student is familiar with the general history of New England.

Prereq.: History 7-8. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

61, 62. THE WORLD WAR. The 19th and 20th century background and causes for the world war; the military, political, economic, and social developments during the course of the war; the Paris peace conference.

Prereg.: Permission of instructor. 3 rec.; 3 cr.

63, 64. RECENT WORLD HISTORY. The post-war world, exclusive, for the most part, of American affairs, and stressing the historical developments in Europe, and the Near and Far East.

Prereq.: Permission of instructor. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

- 65-66. RECENT AND CONTEMPORARY AMERICAN HISTORY. Developments in American life since the opening of the twentieth century. The revolution in our material world and our outward life. The reaction of our individualism in the presence of new world ideologies, and the extent of its modification. A close range observation of social history in the making. Current newspapers and periodicals will be used. 2 lec., rec., or discussions; 2 cr. (Not offered in 1940-41.)
- 67, 68. HISTORICAL GEOGRAPHY AND BIOGRAPHY. Schools of thought in history are likely to be either environmental or personal; that is, either deterministic or voluntaristic. This course devotes a semester to each way of thinking, reviewed in the light of concrete data. New applications and methods of study

and teaching will receive some attention; for example, the use of maps and map-making for classrooms and the study of representative, as distinguished from great, persons. 2 lec., or discussions; 2 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

- \*69. NEW ENGLAND BIOGRAPHY. In this course opportunity will be offered for a study of the lives of outstanding men and women who have contributed to the history of New England. Individuals prominent in the political, economic, social, or cultural life of New England will be considered rather than those primarily of a literary interest. The course will be conducted partly by lectures but chiefly as a seminar. 3 cr.
- \*70. Modern Europe 1870-1914. The political, economic, and social development of the major countries of western and central Europe during a period of intensive imperialistic expansion. Economic and political activity are studied and discussed in considerable detail. 3 cr.

HISTORY EDUCATION (HIST-ED) 91. PROBLEMS IN THE TEACHING OF HIGH SCHOOL HISTORY. The purposes and objectives of teaching high school history; selection and organization of teaching material; teaching and testing techniques which may be advantageously used in teaching high school history; experiments in studying and teaching recent American history.

Open to students who have satisfactorily completed history 7-8, government 1, 2, economics 1-2 or 3, 4, and education 61. 3 class meetings; 2 cr. For teachers primarily in service, one 2-hour rec.; 2 cr.

HISTORY-EDUCATION (HIST-ED) 92. PRACTICUM IN THE TEACHING OF HISTORY IN HIGH SCHOOL. (Not offered in 1940-41.)

### PHILOSOPHY

PHILOSOPHY 101, 102. PROBLEMS IN PHILOSOPHY: SEMINAR. A study of special problems by means of conferences, assigned

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

readings, and term papers. The study of recent philosophical writings provides a great variety of materials for this course. Students are admitted only by special permission. Mr. Rudd. Hours and credits to be arranged.

PHILOSOPHY 51. ART OF THINKING: LOGIC. The many factors which determine the quality of human thinking as trustworthy or untrustworthy; the aids to better thinking practices. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

PHILOSOPHY 81, 82. HISTORICAL INTRODUCTION TO PHILOSOPHY. Two objectives are approached simultaneously: (1) an understanding of the succession of philosophic systems and the great philosophers who projected them, from the beginning of Greek philosophy to the present; (2) a systematic survey of the persistent problems of life as philosophers have seen them, and of the types of philosophic world-view that have contested for acceptance. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; not offered in 1940-41.)

PHILOSOPHY 83, 84. THE EVOLUTION OF SOCIAL VALUES AND ETHICAL JUDGMENTS. The development of biological, psychological, and social capacities which are essential to the appearance of any community values; the moral significance of early group life; the economic and cultural factors which shape value systems; the divergent patterns of moral sentiment in advanced civilizations; possible standards of judging folkways and ethical assumptions. Second semester: an analysis of the factors which bring personal and social crises in the present generation; and the ideals, principles, and programs which may successfully meet these problems. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Given in alternate years; offered in 1940-41.)

#### SOCIOLOGY

107. SOCIAL TRENDS. A study of the efforts to improve conditions in the United States and to attain a larger measure of social justice; communal experiments and theories, social

legislation, philanthropy, social work, coöperatives, foundations, European influences, and the New Deal program. Mr. Coulter. 3 cr.

181, 182. READING AND RESEARCH IN SOCIOLOGY. With the consent of the instructor, a student prepared by training and experience to do independent work may register for a reading and research course. The student will undertake assigned problems and readings under the guidance of the instructor. Hours and credits by arrangement.

Social Control—Mr. Coulter Consumer Credit—Mr. Coulter Social Disorganization—Mr. Bachelder Research Technique—Mr. Bachelder

53. CULTURAL ANTHROPOLOGY AND ETHNOLOGY. (1) A comparative study of primitive folkways, institutions and social organization, marriage, economic activities, religion, property inheritance, and folklore; culture and the principles of its development; the significance of primitive culture for an understanding of contemporary civilization. (2) A comparative study of peoples; environmental factors; societal effect of invasion, colonization and linguistic fusions; race and class struggles; jingoism, race relations in mid-European territory and in the Far East; the problem of world peace.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2, or permission of instructor. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

54. THE IMMIGRANT AND THE NEGRO. Negro and immigrant heritage; problems of assimilation and Americanization. Intensive study of selected groups, the Negro, the Jew, the Italian, the Pole, the Greek, the French-Canadian, and the Japanese.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2, or permission of instructor. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

\*55. Science of Society. This course will include a survey of the field of sociology; underlying laws of social interaction; ecological factors; social processes; institutions; social trends,

<sup>\*</sup> Not offered in 1940-41, but offered in the 1940 Summer school.

problems, and controls. Emphasis will be placed on the synthesis of theories; books and writers in the field. A rapid reading of typical literature will be required. This course is designed for seniors and graduates desirous of getting a perspective of the recent contributions of sociology and their practical contemporary application. 3 cr.

57. RURAL SOCIOLOGY. The foundation materials of rural life; the physical setting—land, land-policies, land-tenure; land-economics; farm and village population—its composition, its changes; the income basis of rural life, the standard of living; rural habits, attitudes; rural groupings, arrangements, the mechanisms of communication and social control; rural institutions with respect to welfare, sociability, education, and religion.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2, or permission of instructor. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

60. URBAN SOCIOLOGY. The changes in community life that have come with the shift of population from rural districts; factors involved in the rapid growth of cities since 1800; physical structure of the city, processes of internal growth; the segregation which makes of the city a mosaic of distinct cultural worlds; increase in mobility which multiplies social stimuli; typical areas within the city—foreign colonies, rooming house districts, apartment and hotel areas, outlying areas of homes; the effect of the city upon community life, the family, church, school, unorganized group behavior, and attitudes and life organization of the person.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

61. Social Pathology. Personal, institutional and community disorganization. The social factors involved in alcoholism, drug addiction, prostitution, poverty, and vagrancy; instances of the break-down of public opinion, and of community, family, religious, and legal sanctions as forces for social control. Remedial measures based upon a discussion of human nature and the physical conditions of modern life.

Especially recommended for pre-medical, pre-legal, and other students who will be handling social variants in their professions,

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

62. COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION. Town and country community organization with respect to natural and interest groupings; the survey; methods of analyzing problems of community organization; methods of utilizing institutions and equipment in the development of programs and organizations for health, recreation, general welfare, and control.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2, or permission of instructor. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

71. CRIME AND ITS SOCIAL TREATMENT. The increase, extent, and more popular theories of crime and delinquency, juvenile and adult. Case studies of individual delinquents with special reference to the influence of family and neighborhood environments; typical social situations and their influence; programs for the social treatment of crime, the reorganization of reformatory institutions, classification of offenders for separate treatment, the "honor system," limited self-government, parole and probation, and the juvenile court as agencies for the prevention of delinquency.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2, or permission of instructor. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

72. THE FAMILY. The rise of the marriage institution and the family. Divorce, desertion, changing status of women, child welfare, child labor laws, and related modern problems.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2, or permission of instructor. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

73. PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL CASE WORK. The present trend in family case work; the techniques of interviewing, diagnosis, treatment, and case recording; the significance of present day relief practices.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

75. METHODS OF SOCIAL RESEARCH. The application of the historical survey, statistical, and case methods to social data; the use of bibliography, definition and selection of the problem, determination of the data needed, collection and arrangement of data for presentation and exposition.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

84. METHODS OF SOCIAL PROGRESS. Efforts to improve social conditions and attain a larger measure of social justice; community experiments; development of modern social legislation; application of principles of insurance to social problems; various forms of mutual aid and philanthropy; endowments and special foundations.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

87. THE CHURCH IN AMERICAN SOCIETY. Contemporary organizations for worship in the community, their correlation, functions, and problems; the rise of the church and its relation to labor, the state, school, and social welfare agencies; significance to the community of its organization and financing; church federation and union.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

88. RECREATION AND LEISURE. Problems arising from the increase of leisure time in modern society; typical leisure time activities; theories of play; practical training programs in recreation; the function of leadership; analysis of types and qualities of leadership as exhibited by typical leaders; the material and program of leadership training.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr.

89-90. DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT. The history of sociological thought, with special reference to the writings of Comte, Spencer, and the later writers of the nineteenth century; a comparison of contemporary sociological systems.

Prereq.: Sociology 1 and 2. 3 lec. or rec.; 3 cr. (Not offered in 1940-41.)

95, 96. SOCIOLOGICAL RESEARCH. A seminar for conference and reports on research projects arranged for graduates and seniors who have completed major work in sociology. General topic first semester, social control; second semester, social legislation.

Prereq.: Sociology 75 and 84. 3 meetings; 3 cr.

97, 98. SOCIAL SERVICE AND FIELD WORK. Designed to give the student practical experience in social work. Field work in connection with neighboring social agencies, supplemented by readings, lectures, and conferences.

Prereq.: 12 credits in sociology. The course may be taken during the college year for 3 credits each semester, or during the summer in connection with certain approved settlements, correctional institutions, or case work agencies. Eight weeks' summer residence with an agency is required, for which a maximum of 6 credits is given.

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