## Synthesis of hydro-bispyrazolo[3,4-*a*; 4',3'-*j*] acridines

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Bispyrazolo[3,4-a;4',3'-j] acridines 4a-g have been prepared from the 2,7-di(hydroxymethylene) - 3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1,8 (2*H*, 7*H*)-acridinediones 3 by reaction with hydrazine/phenylhydrazine. Reaction of 3 with DAMN or *o*-phenylenediamine gives the respective Schiff base 6 or 7.

In continuation of our interest in acridine system, we have synthesised several hexahydroacridinedione derivatives 1 which showed laser properties<sup>1,2</sup>. As an extension of such a study, we have synthesised<sup>3</sup> hydrobisbenzo[1,2-*a*; 1'2'-*j*]acridines in view of the importance of benzoacridine derivatives<sup>4</sup>. The interest in fused ring alkaloids having acridine skeleton has increased rapidly in the last several years<sup>5</sup> which triggeréd the synthesis of pyridoacridines<sup>6</sup> and thiazoloacridines<sup>7,8</sup>. Hence we focussed our attention on the synthesis of pyrazoloacridines.

It is well known that 1,3-diketones give rise to pyrazole rings on reaction with hydrazine hydrate and phenylhydrazines<sup>9-12</sup>. In the present work, 2,7-di(hydroxymethylene)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1,8(2H,7H)-acridinedione 3 was treated with hydrazine hydrate in the presence of a few drops of dil. HCl, which furnished 4,5,7,8-tetrahydrobispyrazolo[3,4-a; 4'-3'-i] acridine 4a in 85% yield. Its structure was established by IR, NMR and mass spectral data and elemental analysis. Likewise, the reaction with phenylhydrazine afforded 1,11-diphenyl-4,5,7,8-tetrahydrobis-pyrazolo[3,4a; 4',3'-*j* acridine **4b**. Condensation of phenylhydrazine with 3d afforded only the monopyrazole derivative 5, probably due to the steric hindrance of the phenyl group with the 9-methyl group, along with the gem-dimethyl groups (Scheme I).

The pyrazoles **4b**, **d**, **f** may have the phenyl groups at positions-1,11 or 2,10. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum revealed that the protons at position-12 in **4b** and **4f** shifted upfield by 1.55 ppm and 1.65 ppm when compared with **4a** and **4e** respectively. The C-12 methyl in **4d** shifted upfield by 1.9 ppm when compared with **4c**; whereas, less upfield shift (1.25 ppm) of the methyl protons was observed for **5** (compared with **4g**) due to the effect of one phenyl group. This suggests that the phe-

nyl groups are at positions 1 and 11 in the bispyrazoles and at 1 instead of at 2 in the pyrazole 5. The  $^{13}$ C NMR data for 4b is depicted in the structure.

In view of the interest in diazepine system<sup>13,14</sup>, the diformyl acridinedione **3a** was reacted with diaminomaleonitrile (DAMN) with a view to get the bis-diazepinoacridine system. The reaction, however, furnished only the Schiff base **6a**. The reaction of **3a** with *o*-phenylenediamine, likewise, furnished the Schiff base **7a**. Reaction of **6a** and **6b** with hydrazine hydrate furnished the bis-pyrazoloacridines **4d** and **4e**, respectively. Attempted cyclization of the Schiff bases **6a,b** and **7a,b** to get the respective bisdiazepines, under different conditions, was however unsuccessful.

## **Experimental Section**

**General.** Melting points are uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer 258 spectrophotometer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded on Varian EM 390 (90 MHz); Varian-Gemini 300 (300 MHz) and JEOL GSX 400 (400 MHz) spectrometers. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on a JEOL GSX 400 (100 MHz) spectrometer and mass spectra were measured on Shimatzu QP 1000 and Hewlett Packard 5985 GC/ MS instruments. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (100-200 mesh).

Condensation of 2,7-di(hydroxymethylene)acridines 3a-d with hydrazine hydrate and phenylhydrazine: General procedure for 4a-g and 5. To a solution of 2,7 -di(hydroxymethylene)acridine 3a-d (5 mmoles) in methanol (25 mL), hydrazine hydrate or phenylhydrazine (1 mmole) and a few drops of dil. HCl were added and the reaction mixture refluxed for 1-2 hr. The solvent was removed, the residue cooled and water (50 mL) added to it. The solid obtained was





8

b

С

d

3150, 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> - DMSO- $d_6$ ): δ 2.80-3.10 (m,8H), 7.40 (s,2H), 8.25 (s,1H); MS (%): m/z 263 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 262 (55), 235 (15), 219(1), 205(9), 191(4), 179(4), 152(2), 132(4),117(9), 103(9), (Found: C, 68.40; H, 4.69; N, 26.39. C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires C; 68.42; H 4.97; N, 26.59%).

filtered and purified by chromatography and eluted with MeOH-CHCl<sub>3</sub> (1:9) to yield the respective product.

4,5,7,8-Tetrahydrobispyrazolo[3,4-a; 4',3'-1]acridine 4a: Yield 85%, m.p.  $> 300^\circ$ ; IR(KBr):

1,11-Diphenyl-4,5,7,8-tetrahydro-bispyrazolo-[3,4-a; 4',3'-]acridine 4b: Yield 88%, m.p. 260-62°; IR (KBr): 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 2.75-3.00 (m, 4H), 3.05-3.30 (m, 4H), 6.70 (s,1H), 7.0-7.60 (m, 12H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 18.9, 32.8, 118.0, 119.8, 120.2, 122.7, 124.4, 129.2, 135.7, 137.6, 139.6, 155.7; MS (%) m/z 415 (M<sup>+</sup> 100), 414(39) 387(5), 77(20) (Found : C, 77.95; H, 4.91; N, 16.56.  $C_{27}H_{21}N_5$  requires C, 78.05; H, 5.09; N, 16.85%).

**12-Methyl-4, 5, 7, 8-tetrahydro-bispyrazolo-[3,4-***a***; <b>4',3'-]acridine 4c:** Yield 68%, m.p. > 300°; IR (KBr): 3150, 1610 cm<sup>-1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  2.60-2.95 (m, 8H), 3.05 (s, 3H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 11.25-11.75 (bs, 2H); MS (%): m/z 277 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 276(45), 249(8), 225(3), 205(2) (Found: C, 69.16; H, 5.40; N, 25.16. C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires C, 69.29; H, 5.45; N, 25.25%).

12-Methyl-1, 11-diphenyl-4, 5, 7, 8-tetrahydrobispyrazolo[3,4-*a*; 4',3'-*j*]acridine 4d: Yield 66%, m.p. > 300°; IR (KBr): 1590, 1490 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.15 (s,3H), 2.55-2.80 (m,4H), 3.0-3.20 (m,4H), 7.0-7.30 (m,10H), 7.50 (s,2H); MS (%): m/z 429 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 401(4), 352(2), 329(3), 215(10) (Found: C, 78.11; H, 5.21; N, 16.1. C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires C, 78.29; H, 5.39; N, 16.30%).

4, 4, 8, 8-Tetramethyl-4, 5, 7, 8-tetrahydrobispyrazolo[3,4-*a*;4',3'-*j*] acridine 4e: Yield 89%, m.p. > 300°; IR (KBr): 3150, 1580 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.12 (s,12H), 2.85 (s,4H), 7.40 (s,2H),8.30 (s,1H); MS: (%): m/z 319 (M<sup>+</sup>, 32), 304(100), 274(6), 260(4), 246(2), 145(12) (Found: C, 71.19; H, 6.49; N, 21.76. C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires C, 71.44; H, 6.62; N, 21.92%).

1,11-Diphenyl-4,4,8,8-tetramethyl-4,5,7,8-tetrahydro-bispyrazolo [3,4-*a*; 4',3'-*j*]acridine 4f: Yield 81%, m.p. 118-20°; IR (KBr): 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.30 (s,12H), 3.05 (s,4H), 6.65 (s,1H), 7.0-7.60 (m,12H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  28.07, 28.26, 30.70, 48.20, 118.10, 119.7, 122.3, 122.6, 124.6, 129.2, 134.3, 135.8, 139.8, 155.5; MS (%): m/z 471 (M<sup>+</sup>, 40), 456 (100), 440(5), 371(9), 356(52), 236(10), 221(30) (Found: C, 78.68; H, 6.02; N, 14.89. C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires C, 78.95; H, 6.19; N, 14.84%).

**4,4,8,8,12-Pentamethyl-4,5,7,8-tetrahydrobispyrazolo** [3,4-*a*; 4',3'-*j*]acridine 4g: Yield 76%, m.p. > 300°C; IR (KBr): 3200, 1570 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  1.20 (s,12H), 2.90 (s,4H), 3.20 (s,3H), 7.50 (s,2H), 10.25 (bs,2H); MS (%): m/z 333 (M<sup>+</sup>, 53), 318(100), 294(7), 216(1), 152(27) (Found: C, 71.96; H, 6.86; N, 21.06. C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires C, 72.04; H, 6.95; N, 21.00%). 1-Phenyl-4,4,8,8,11-pentamethyl-4,5,8,9-tetrahydropyrazolo [3, 4*a*]acridin-10 (9*H*)-one (5): Yield 61%, m.p. 256-258°; IR (KBr): 1670, 1660, 1620 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.05 (s, 6H), 1.30 (s,6H), 1.95 (s,3H), 2.50 (s,2H), 2.95 and 3.05 (2s,4H), 7.20-7.40 (m,5H), 7.60 (s,1H); MS (%): m/z 385 (M<sup>+</sup>,15), 370(100), 354(2), 312(4), 273(94), 217(14) (Found: C, 77.68; H, 7.10; N, 10.69. C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O requires C, 77.89; H, 7.05; N, 10.89%).

Condensation of 3a and 3c with DAMN/ophenylenediamine: General procedure. To the diformylacridinedione 3a,c (2 mmoles) in methanol (25 mL) were added the respective diamine (4.2 mmoles) and a few drops of dil. HCl and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 1-2 hr. The solvent was removed and the contents poured on to crushed ice to yield a solid which was filtered, dried and crystallised from CHCl<sub>3</sub>-MeOH.

**2,7-Di-(maleonitril-formalidino)- 3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1,8(2***H*,7*H*)-**acridinedione 6a:** Dark red solid, yield 84%, m.p. > 300°; IR (KBr): 3400, 3300, 3140, 2150, 1625 & 1570 cm<sup>-1</sup>, MS (%): m/z 333 (M<sup>+</sup> – 188, 1%), 331(1), 215(44) 199(2), 187(38), 159(7), 131(17), 118(100), 91(8), (Found: C, 61.01; H, 3.56; N, 27.62.  $C_{23}H_{17}N_9O_2$  requires C, 61.19; H, 3.79; N, 27.92%).

2, 7-Di-(maleonitril formalidino)-3, 3, 6, 6-tetramethyl-3, 4, 5, 6-tetrahydro-1, 8 (2*H*, 7*H*)-acridinedione 6b: Bright red solid, yield 86%, m.p. 296-98°; IR (KBr): 3340, 3200, 2220, 1630 and 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  1.20 (s,12H, gem-dimethyl), 3.10 (s,4H), 4.0-4.5 (bs,4H), 7.30 (d,2H) (turned singlet on  $\cdot$ D<sub>2</sub>O addition), 8.50 (s,1H,Ar-H), 11.10 (d,2H, disappeared on D<sub>2</sub>O addition); MS (%): m/z 389 (M<sup>+</sup> - 118,5%), 374(1), 271(29), 256(29), 243(14), 215(100), 159(7), 131(11), 118(90), 91(61) (Found: C, 63.69; H, 4.73; N, 24.81. C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>9</sub>O<sub>2</sub> requires C, 63.89; H, 4.96; N, 24.83%).

**2,7-Di** (*o*-aminoanilino-formylidene)-3,4,5,6tetrahydro-1,8 (2*H*, 7*H*)-acridinedione 7a: Bright red solid, yield 82%, m.p. 204-6°; IR (KBr): 3360, 3300, 1620, 1610 and 1570cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  2.8-3.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.7-7.2 (Ar.H), 7.6 (d,2H), 8.6 (s,Ar-H), 11.8 (2H, enolic OH); MS (%): m/z 333 (M<sup>+</sup> – 118,1%), 215(5), 187(7), 159(1), 131(3), 118(100), 91(40) (Found: C, 71.68; H, 5.39; N, 15.36; C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub> requires C, 71.82; H, 5.58; N, 15.51%). **2,7-Di-**(*o*-aminoanilino-formylidene)-3,3,6,6tetramethyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1,8(2*H*, 7*H*)-acridinedione 7b: Bright yellow solid, yield 68%, m.p. 240-42°; IR (KBr): 3400, 3340, 1620 and 1590 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.3 (s,12H), 3.0 (s,4H), 4.5(bs,NH), 6.8-7.2 (m,Ar-H), 7.6 (d,2H), 8.6(s,1H,Ar-H), 12.30 (d, enolic OH); MS (%): m/z 507 (M<sup>+</sup> – 118, 25%), 374(80), 271(10), 256(80), 243(60), 241(10), 226(22), 215(22), 131(80), 119(100), 91(10) (Found: C, 73.13; H, 6.39; N, 13.59. C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>33</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub> requires C, 73.34; H, 6.55; N, 13.79%).

Trans-condensation of 6a/6b into 4a/4e. The Schiff base 6a was refluxed with 40% hydrazine hydrate in methanol for 2 hr and poured into water. The solid obtained was filtered, dried and purified by passing through a column of silica gel and identified as 4a by superimposable IR spectrum. Compound 6b, likewise, gave compound 4e.

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