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POWER STUDIES OF THE LIKELIHOOD RATIO TEST  
AND OTHER ALLIED TESTS FOR A RESTRICTIVE FORM  
OF THE BEHRENS-FISHER PROBLEM

par

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Août 1975

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POWER STUDIES OF THE LIKELIHOOD RATIO TEST AND OTHER ALLIED TESTS  
FOR A RESTRICTIVE FORM OF THE BEHRENS-FISHER PROBLEM

by

Bernard CLEMENT\*  
Ecole Polytechnique

SUMMARY

This technical report (together with technical reports EP75-R-40 and EP75-R-41) constitutes our final analysis of the Behrens-Fisher problem under the assumption of equal coefficients of variation. In this report we compare, by simulation technique, the power of five statistical tests, two of which were derived in the first report: the likelihood ratio (L-R) test and an asymptotically (in some sense) invariant test.

It is seen that the L-R test is highly satisfactory for all values of the coefficient of variation and that the invariant test, which is computationally much simpler than the L-R test, is a good competitor for coefficient of variation greater than or equal to 3. Moreover the L-R test remains robust even for an appreciable deviation from unity of the ratio of two coefficients of variation.

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## THEORY

Let  $\{X_{ij}, j = 1, 2, \dots, n_i\}$  be a random sample of size  $n_i$  from a univariate population  $N(\mu_i, \beta^2 \mu_i^2 = \sigma_i^2)$   $i = 1, 2$ . The coefficient of variation  $\beta$  is unknown and we assume the means  $\mu_1, \mu_2$ , both positive.

Several parametric statistical tests can be used to test

$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu (>0)$  against  $H_1: \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$ . In this report, we study the power of five statistical tests: t-test, F-test, t'-test, likelihood ratio test (LR) and the U-test. The last two tests are new and were derived by Clement and Sinha (1975). Here is a brief description of each test.

t-test: reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha$ -level if

$$\frac{|\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2|}{S_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}} > t_{n_1 + n_2 - 2, \frac{\alpha}{2}} \quad (1)$$

where

$$\bar{X}_i = \frac{1}{n_i} \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} X_{ij}, \quad i = 1, 2 \quad (2)$$

$$S_p^2 = \frac{1}{n_1 + n_2 - 2} [n_1 S_1^2 + n_2 S_2^2] \quad (3)$$

$$S_i^2 = \frac{1}{n_i} \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} (X_{ij} - \bar{X}_i^2), \quad i = 1, 2 \quad (4)$$

$t_{n_1 + n_2 - 2, \frac{\alpha}{2}}$  is the  $1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}$  percentage point of a Student-t distribution with  $n_1 + n_2 - 2$  d.f.

F-test: reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha$ -level if

$$\frac{n_1 S_1^2 / n_1 - 1}{n_2 S_2^2 / n_2 - 1} > F_{n_1 - 1, n_2 - 1} \left( \frac{\alpha}{2} \right) \text{ or } < F_{n_2 - 1, n_1 - 1} \left( 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} \right)$$

where  $S_i^2$  is defined by (4) and  $F_{n_1-1}^{n_2-1}(\frac{\alpha}{2})$  is the  $1-\frac{\alpha}{2}$  percentage point of a Fisher-Snedecor F-distribution with  $n_1-1$  d.f. in the numerator and  $n_2-1$  d.f. in the denominator.

t'-test (Fryer): reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha$ -level if

$$t' = \frac{|\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2|}{\sqrt{\frac{S_1^2}{n_1-1} + \frac{S_2^2}{n_2-1}}} > t'_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

where

$$t'_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = \omega_1 t_{n_1-1, \frac{\alpha}{2}} + \omega_2 t_{n_2-1, \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$\omega_1 = \frac{S_1^2/n_1-1}{S_1^2/n_1-1 + S_2^2/n_2-1}, \quad \omega_2 = 1 - \omega_1$$

L-R test (Clement and Sinha): reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha$ -level if

$$-2 \log \lambda > \lambda_\alpha$$

where

$$\lambda = [S_1^2 + A_1]^{n_1/2} [S_2^2 + A_2]^{n_2/2} [S^2]^{-(n_1+n_2)/2}$$

$$A_1 = n_2 [(n_1+n_2) \bar{X}_1^2 (\bar{X}_2^2 + 2S_2^2) - \sqrt{n_1+n_2} \bar{X}_1 \bar{X}_2 B] / 2(n_1+n_2) \{n_1 \bar{X}_2^2 + (n_1+n_2) S_2^2\}$$

$$A_2 = n_1 [(n_1+n_2) \bar{X}_2^2 (\bar{X}_1^2 + 2S_1^2) - \sqrt{n_1+n_2} \bar{X}_1 \bar{X}_2 B] / 2(n_1+n_2) \{n_2 \bar{X}_1^2 + (n_1+n_2) S_1^2\}$$

$$B = \{(n_1+n_2) \bar{X}_1^2 \bar{X}_2^2 + 4n_2 \bar{X}_1^2 S_2^2 + 4n_1 \bar{X}_2^2 S_1^2 + 4(n_1+n_2) S_1^2 S_2^2\}^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

and  $\lambda_\alpha$  is the  $1-\alpha$  percentage point that can be found in tables prepared by Clement and Sinha. The test is referred to as LAMDA in the tables.

U-test (Clement and Sinha): Under the assumption of large common homogeneous coefficient of variation, the approximate most powerful unbiased invariant test is: reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha$ -level if

$$\left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{n_1} x_{ij}^2 / n_1 \right\} / \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{n_2} x_{ij}^2 / n_2 \right\} > F_{n_1, n_2}^{-1} \left( \frac{\alpha}{2} \right) \text{ or } < F_{n_1, n_2}^{-1} \left( 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} \right)$$

TABLES FOR POWER STUDIES

The tables have a standard format which is self explanatory. We find the:

Sample sizes: N<sub>1</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>

Means: MU<sub>1</sub>, MU<sub>2</sub>

Standard deviations: SIGMA<sub>1</sub>, SIGMA<sub>2</sub>

Coefficients of variation: BETA<sub>1</sub>, BETA<sub>2</sub>

Two other parameters are noted

$$\text{THETA} = \text{MU}_1/\text{MU}_2$$

$$\text{PSI} = \text{BETA}_1/\text{BETA}_2$$

The parameter PSI is designed to study the robustness of the L-R test when relaxing the assumption of homogeneous coefficients of variation and has proved extremely helpful.

The number of rejections, out of 100 samples, simulated with the given populations parameters, is given for each test. 90 such tables are presented. Several tables have been repeated with 1000 samples. These tables are: 5A, 14A, 15A, 24A, 25A, 27A, 35A, 36A, 37A and they can be distinguished by smaller printing characters.

Sample sizes used are:

N1 = 10 , N2 = 10 , table 1 to table 38

N1 = 2 , N2 = 4 , table 39 to table 51

N1 = 6 , N2 = 10 , table 52 to table 64

N1 = 6 , N2 = 20 , table 65 to table 77

N1 = 10 , N2 = 20 , table 78 to table 90

For sample sizes  $(N_1, N_2) = (2,4), (6,10), (6,20), (10,20)$  the same set of population parameters are used and they correspond to a subset of population parameters of the first 38 tables.

Many cross-references can be made between the tables and in order to facilitate this process, we give here the description of each table.

Table no	N1	N2	$\mu_1$	$\mu_2$	$\sigma_1$	$\sigma_2$	$\beta_1$	$\beta_2$	$\theta$	PSI
15	10	10	1	2	4	8	4	4	0.5	1
15A										same as table 15 but with 1000 samples
16			1	0.5	4	2	4	4	2	1
17			1	5	5	25	5	5	0.2	1
18			1	1.2	10	12	10	10	0.8	1
19			0.95	1	0.475	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.95	1
20			0.8	0.6	4	3	5	5	1.33	1
21			0.6	0.2	3.6	1.2	6	6	3	1
22			1	1.5	2	3	2	2	0.67	1
23			2	1.5	1	3	0.5	2	1.33	0.25
24			1	0.5	3	1.5	3	3	2	1
24A										same as table 24 but with 1000 samples
25			0.75	0.5	2.25	1.5	3	3	1.5	1
25A										same as table 25 but with 1000 samples
26	same		1	0.5	4	2	4	4	2	1
27	as		0.75	0.5	3	2	4	4	1.5	1
27A	above									same as table 27 but with 1000 samples
28			0.75	0.5	3.75	2.5	5	5	1.5	1
29			0.5	1.5	1	3	2	2	0.33	1
30			1	2	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.05	0.5	1
31			1	2	0.10	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.5	1
32			1	2	0.15	0.30	0.15	0.15	0.5	1
33			1	1.5	0.2	0.3	0.20	0.20	0.33	1
34			1	2	0.5	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.83
35			1	2	1	4	1	2	0.5	0.5
35A										same as table 35 but with 1000 samples
36			1	2	1.5	2	1.5	1	0.5	1.5
36A										same as table 36 but with 1000 samples
37			1	2	1	3	1	1.5	0.5	0.67
37A										same as table 37 but with 1000 samples
38			1	2	2	2	2	1	0.5	2

Table no	N1	N2	$\mu_1$	$\mu_2$	$\sigma_1$	$\sigma_2$	$\beta_1$	$\beta_2$	$\theta$	PSI
39	2	4	same as in table 1							
40			" " "	"	4					
41			" " "	"	6					
42			" " "	"	7					
43			" " "	"	10					
44	same		" " "	"	11					
45	as		" " "	"	14					
46	above		" " "	"	20					
47			" " "	"	31					
48			" " "	"	34					
49			" " "	"	35					
50			" " "	"	36					
51			" " "	"	38					
52	6	10	" " "	"	1					
53			" " "	"	4					
54			" " "	"	6					
55			" " "	"	7					
56			" " "	"	10					
57	same		" " "	"	11					
58	as		" " "	"	14					
59	above		" " "	"	20					
60			" " "	"	31					
61			" " "	"	34					
62			" " "	"	35					
63			" " "	"	36					
64			" " "	"	38					
65	6	20	" " "	"	1					
66			" " "	"	4					
67	same		" " "	"	6					
68	as		" " "	"	7					
69	above		" " "	"	10					

Table no	N1	N2	$\mu_1$	$\mu_2$	$\sigma_1$	$\sigma_2$	$\beta_1$	$\beta_2$	$\theta$	PSI
70	6	20	same as in table 11							
71			" " "	"	14					
72	same		" " "	"	20					
73	as		" " "	"	31					
74	above		" " "	"	34					
75			" " "	"	35					
76			" " "	"	36					
77			" " "	"	38					
78	10	20	" " "	"	1					
79			" " "	"	4					
80			" " "	"	6					
81			" " "	"	7					
82			" " "	"	10					
83	same		" " "	"	11					
84	as		" " "	"	14					
85	above		" " "	"	20					
86			" " "	"	31					
87			" " "	"	34					
88			" " "	"	35					
89			" " "	"	36					
90			" " "	"	38					

SOME CONCLUSIONS

Extensive study of the tables indicates that the L-R test has the following remarkable properties.

- 1) Lohrding stated, for the equal sample size case ( $n_1 = n_2$ ), that the L-R test was good only for the coefficient of variation between 0.25 to 1.0. Contrary to Lohrding's conclusion the L-R test indicates maximum power for all values of the common coefficient of variation. Moreover the same conclusion holds true for equal and unequal sample sizes alike. This is confirmed by table 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 39, 40, 45, 47, 52, 53, 58, 60, 65, 66, 71, 72, 78, 79, 84, 86.
- 2) This is not to say that other tests do not achieve the same power as the L-R test but they do so only under some restrictive conditions.  
Such is the case when the standard deviations are nearly equal for the t-test: table 1, 7, 10, 19, 30, 31, 32, 33, 36, 38, 39, 42, 43, 47, 50, 51, 52, 55, 56, 60, 63, 64, 65, 68, 69, 73, 76, 77, 78, 81, 82, 86, 89, 90.  
Such is the case when the standard deviations are widely different for the F-test: table 5, 6, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 37, 41, 45, 54, 58, 67, 71, 80, 84.
- 3) Another very important finding is that the L-R ratio test remains robust when relaxing the assumption of equal coefficient of variation. As a practical rule the L-R test remains robust in the range  $0.67 \leqslant \text{PSI} \leqslant 1.50$  where  $\text{PSI} = \beta_1 / \beta_2$ . This is supported by table 7, 10, 11, 34, 36, 37, 42, 43, 44, 48, 50, 55, 57, 61, 63, 68, 69, 70, 74, 76, 81, 82, 83, 89.

- 4) However, if the common coefficient of variation is greater than or equal to 3, the approximately optimum most powerful invariant test (U-test) has nearly the same power as the L-R test. This is evident from table 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 45, 58, 71, 84. But since the former is computationally much simpler than the latter, we advocate its use whenever the common coefficient is greater than 3.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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\* \* \* \* \*

\* TABLE NO 1 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MU1 = 5.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.250

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \*

本办法由市司法局负责解释，自发布之日起施行。此前发布的有关规范性文件与本办法不一致的，以本办法为准。

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I                          23                          \*                          49                          \*                          85                          \*

\* TPB TIME \* 11 \* +5 \* C2 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 2 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 2.000

MU2= 0.000

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.500

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	ALPHA-LEVEL		
*	0.01	0.05	0.10
*	100	100	100
*	U	87	100
*	F	65	83
*	T	86	96
*	TPRIME	72	94

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 3 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVLN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 2.670

MU2= 4.670

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 3.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.750

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.750

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.570

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* \* 0.05 \* \* 0.10 \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* \* 24 \* \* 53 \* \* 64 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* \* 4 \* \* 22 \* \* 40 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* \* 13 \* \* 30 \* \* 40 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* \* 15 \* \* 29 \* \* 35 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* \* 4 \* \* 25 \* \* 33 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 4 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2= 10

MUL = 2.000

MU2 = 4.000

SIGMA1 = 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\* \* \* \* \* \*

\* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\* LAMBDA \* 38 \* 69 \* 84 \*

\*\*\* 25 \*\*\* 53 \*\*\* 08 \*\*\*

\* 21 \* 49 \* 07 \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* \* 10 \* 25 \* 47 \*

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\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 5 \* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2= 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 3.000

SIGMA1 = 2.000

SIGMA2= 6.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THE TA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

* TEST STATISTIC ****					
	*	0.01	*	0.05	*
*****					
* LAMBDA * 76 * 97 * 97 *					
*****					
*	U	*	74	*	95
*	F	*	69	*	86
*	T	*	0	*	19
*	TPRIME	*	2	*	14
*		*	23	*	
*****					

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 5A \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 3.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 6.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
 \* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* LAMBDA \* 753 \* 926 \* 961 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* U \* 729 \* 919 \* 953 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* F \* 662 \* 870 \* 928 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* T \* 54 \* 153 \* 254 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* TPRIME \* 20 \* 118 \* 208 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* TABLE NO. 6 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2= 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 1.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MUL/MU2= 1.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

## \* TEST STATISTICS \*

\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA 章 18 \* 43 章 23 著

\* \* \* \* \*

\* F \* 22 \* 47 \* 62 \*

\* 1 \* 3 \* 12 \*

\*\*\*\*\* 1994 \*\*\*\*\* 1995 \*\*\*\*\* 1996 \*\*\*\*\* 1997 \*\*\*\*\* 1998 \*\*\*\*\* 1999 \*\*\*\*\*

```

* TEST STATISTIC **** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* ALPHA-LEVEL * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* 0.01 * 0.05 * 0.10 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* LAMBDA * 26 * 55 * 69 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* U * 0 * 0 * 0 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* E * * 1 * 5 * 10 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* T * 34 * 62 * 71 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* PRIME * 18 * 50 * 64 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

```

$$\text{THETA} = \text{MU1}/\text{MU2} = 0.800 \quad \text{PSI} = \text{BETA1}/\text{BETA2} = 1.250$$

$$BET\ A2 = S1GM2/MU2 = 0.250$$

SIGMA1 = 2.000 SIGMA2 = 2.000

$$M_{\mathrm{U2}} = 10 \cdot 800$$

OT = IN  
OT = 2N

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TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 7 \*

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 8 \* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1 = 2.000

SIGMA2= 1.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MUL= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.500

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 4.000

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 9 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

$$N_2 = 10$$

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 3.000

SIGMA1 = 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.833

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 2.400

```

* TEST STATISTIC **** * 0.01 * 0.05 * 0.10 *
* LAMBDA * 0 26 * 43 *
* U * 8 32 * 54 *
* F * 1 5 * 15 *
* T * 23 47 * 59 *
* TPRIME * 5 39 * 53 *

```

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 10 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 4.000

MU2= 6.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.416

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.670

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.200

	ALPHA-LEVEL		
* TEST STATISTIC	*	0.01	0.05
* LAMBDA	*	25	52
* U	*	1	8
* F	*	4	11
* T	*	21	53
* TPRIME	*	13	43

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 11 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 3.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.333

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

	ALPHA-LEVEL		
*	*	0.01	*
*	TEST STATISTIC	0.05	*
*		0.10	*
*	LAMBDA	41	*
*		69	*
*	U	78	*
*		82	*
*	F	27	*
*		53	*
*	T	67	*
*		43	*
*	TPRIME	5	*
*		21	*
*		34	*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 1.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\* $P < 0.01$ , \*\* $P < 0.05$ , \*\*\* $P < 0.12$ .

\* LAMBDA \* 0 \* 1 \* 8 \*

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\* \* \* \* \*

\* T \* 1 \* 4 \* 10 \*

\* TDD TIME \* 2 \* 1 \* 3 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 13 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 1.000

SIGMA1= 0.500

SIGMA2= 0.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.500

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 2 \* 5 \* 7 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* 0 \* 0 \* 1 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* 1 \* 6 \* 7 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* 1 \* 6 \* 12 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 4 \* 12 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

A decorative horizontal line consisting of a series of black asterisks (\*) arranged in a straight line.

\* TABLE NO 14 \*

A decorative horizontal separator at the bottom of the page, consisting of a series of asterisks (\*).

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

$$N_2 = 10$$

MU1 = 1.000

MU2 = 2.000

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 6.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MUL/MUZ= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 28 \* 52 \* 69 \*

\* 0 \* 27 \* 58 \* 67 \*

\* 27 \* 48 \* 58 \*

\* \* \* \* \* 17 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 14A \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 6.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
 \* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* LAMBDA \* 238 \* 509 \* 657 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* U \* 257 \* 537 \* 661 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* F \* 217 \* 484 \* 618 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* T \* 9 \* 63 \* 125 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TPRIME \* 1 \* 39 \* 95 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* TABLE NO 15 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1 = 4.000

SIGMA2= 8.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 4.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

A decorative horizontal border consisting of a repeating pattern of small black asterisks (\*).

## \* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\* \* \* \* \* \*

\* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\* LAMBDA \* 26 \* 60 \* 70 \*

\* 0 \* 33 \* 58 \* 75 \*

\* \* \* \* \* 27 \* \* 54 \* \* 70 \* \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\* \* 1 \* 5 \* 14 \*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* TBLMS \* \* \* \* \*

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 15A \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2 = 2.000

SIGMA1 = 4.000

SIGMA2 = 8.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 4.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
* TEST STATISTIC	*	*	*
*	* 0.01 *	0.05 *	0.10 *
*****	*****	*****	*****
* LAMBDA	* 266	* 551	* 683
*****	*****	*****	*****
* U	* 296	* 570	* 695
*****	*****	*****	*****
* F	* 255	* 506	* 646
*****	*****	*****	*****
* T	* 16	* 70	* 138
*****	*****	*****	*****
* TPRIME	* 6	* 47	* 104
*****	*****	*****	*****

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE Nu 16 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 0.500

SIGMA1= .0.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 4.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 22 \* 33 \* 62 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* U \* 24 \* 55 \* 65 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* F \* 20 \* 49 \* 59 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* T \* 0 \* 6 \* 12 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 1 \* 11 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* TABLE NO 17 \*

\* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

$$N_2 = 10$$

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 5.000

SIGMA1 = 5.000

SIGMA 2=25.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 5.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 5.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.200

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

```

*          *          ALPHA-LEVEL
* TEST STATISTIC * 0.01 * 0.05 * 0.10 *
*          *          *
* LAMBDA      * 99   * 99   * 99   *
*          *          *
* U           * 98   * 99   * 99   *
*          *          *
* F           * 98   * 99   * 99   *
*          *          *
* T           * 2    * 14   * 18   *
*          *          *
* TPRIME     * 0    * 9    * 17   *

```

\* \* \* \* \*

\* TABLE NO 18 \*

\* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MUL = 1.000

MU2 = 1.200

SIGMA1=10.000

SIGMA2=12.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MUL=10.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2=10.000

THETA=MUL/MUZ= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \*

\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.18 \*

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LAMBDA 2 1

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\* T \* O \* 6 \* 10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* O \* 4 \* 9 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 19 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 0.950

MU2= 1.000

SIGMA1= 0.475

SIGMA2= 0.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.500

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.950

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
*	*	0.01	*
*	*	0.05	*
*	*	0.10	*
*	LAMBDA	*	1      7      13
*	U	*	0      0      0      0
*	F	*	0      1      7
*	T	*	2      7      13
*	TPRIME	*	0      4      10

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* TABLE NO 20 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

$$N_2 = 10$$

MU1 = 0.800

MU2 = 0.000

SIGMA1 = 4.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MUL = 5.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 5.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

A decorative horizontal border consisting of a repeating pattern of small black asterisks.

\* TEST STATISTICS      \*\*\*\* ALPHAS-LEVEL \*\*\*\*

TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*\* \*\*\* \*\* \* .

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LAMBDA 18 4 23

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\*\*\* 五 有子 12 有女 22 舊

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\* \* \* \* \* 1 \* \* \* 6 \* \* \* 10 \* \* \*

\* PRIME \* \* \* 5 \* \* 80



\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 22 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 1.500

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.670

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 4 \* 17 \* 28 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* 4 \* 15 \* 24 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* 5 \* 19 \* 27 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* 0 \* 3 \* 10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 1 \* 7 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* TABLE NO 23 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 2.000

MU2= 1.500

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.50

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.125

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 20 \* 53 \* 60 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* 3 \* 16 \* 23 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* 71 \* 89 \* 94 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* + \* 8 \* 10 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 8 \* 9 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 24 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 0.500

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 1.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	ALPHA-LEVEL		
* TEST STATISTIC	*	0.01	0.05
*	*	*	0.10
* LAMBDA	26	59	68
*	U	28	60
*	*	*	70
* F	23	53	67
*	T	1	6
*	*	*	15
* TPRIME	0	2	8
*	*	*	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 24A \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 0.500

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 1.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 282 \* 551 \* 691 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 300 \* 571 \* 695 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 248 \* 511 \* 647 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 20 \* 74 \* 135 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 9 \* 51 \* 101 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10  
N2 = 10  
MU1 = 0.750  
MU2 = 0.500  
SIGMA1 = 2.000  
SIGMA2 = 1.500  
BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1 = 3.000  
BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2 = 3.000  
THETA=MU1/MU2 = 1.500  
PSI=BETA1/BETA2 = 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 4 \* 5 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 2 \* 5 \* 6 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 8 \* 25 \* 33 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 10 \* 24 \* 30 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 8 \* 25 \* 34 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*\*\*  
\* ALPHA-LEVEL \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 25A \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 0.750

MU2= 0.500

SIGMA1= 2.250

SIGMA2= 1.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 49 \* 190 \* 312 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 67 \* 201 \* 314 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 51 \* 179 \* 287 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 10 \* 74 \* 126 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 7 \* 46 \* 101 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 26 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 0.500

SIGMA1= 4.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 4.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 24 \* 55 \* 71 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* 28 \* 59 \* 76 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* 26 \* 53 \* 65 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* 0 \* 5 \* 11 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 2 \* 6 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 27 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 0.750

MU2= 0.500

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 4.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* \* 0.05 \* \* 0.10 \*  
\* \* \* \* \*  
\* LAMBDA \* \* 11 \* \* 24 \* \* 37 \*  
\* \* \* \* \*  
\* U \* \* 11 \* \* 24 \* \* 40 \*  
\* \* \* \* \*  
\* F \* \* 11 \* \* 25 \* \* 40 \*  
\* \* \* \* \*  
\* T \* \* 1 \* \* 4 \* \* 5 \*  
\* \* \* \* \*  
\* TPRIME \* \* 0 \* \* 4 \* \* 5 \*  
\* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 27A \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 0.750

MU2= 0.500

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 4.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 46 \* 188 \* 307 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 62 \* 200 \* 317 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 51 \* 179 \* 287 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 10 \* 66 \* 116 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 5 \* 39 \* 97 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NU 28 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 0.750

MU2= 0.500

SIGMA1= 3.750

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 5.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 5.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \* \*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 5 \* 17 \* 30 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* 4 \* 18 \* 29 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* 4 \* 20 \* 27 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* 1 \* 6 \* 8 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 4 \* 8 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NU 29 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 0.500

MU2= 1.500

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	ALPHA-LEVEL		
* TEST STATISTIC	*	0.01	0.05
*	*	*	*
* LAMBDA	*	68	91
*	*	*	*
* U	*	70	90
*	*	*	*
* F	*	62	87
*	*	*	*
* T	*	3	13
*	*	*	*
* TPRIME	*	1	8
*	*	*	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 30 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 0.050

SIGMA2= 0.100

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.050

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.050

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* LAMBDA \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* U \* 0 \* 98 \* 100 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* F \* 30 \* 52 \* 62 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* T \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TPRIME \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* TABLE NO 33 \*

\* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2 = 1.500

SIGMA1 = 0.200

SIGMA2= 0.300

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.200

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.200

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\*

\* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* \* \* \* \* 0.05 \* \* \* \* \* 0.10 \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* LAMBDA \* \* 88 \* \* 100 \* \* 102 \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* LAMBDA 98 100 100 \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* 93 \* 98 \* 99 \*

\* TPRIME \* 85 \* 98 \* 99 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 34 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 0.500

SIGMA2= 1.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.600

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.833

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 79 \* 98 \* 100 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* 20 \* 56 \* 80 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* 40 \* 67 \* 75 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* 34 \* 62 \* 79 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 20 \* 53 \* 78 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1 = 1.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THE TA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*\*\*

LAMBDA      \*      89      \*      38      \*      90      \*

A decorative horizontal border made of a repeating pattern of small black five-pointed stars.

\* U \* 80 \* 95 \* 97 \*

卷之三

卷之三

\* \* \* \* \*

\* TPRIME \* 4 \* 10 \* 17 \*

A decorative horizontal border at the top of the page, featuring a repeating pattern of small black stars and dots arranged in a grid-like fashion.

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 35A \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 904 \* 976 \* 992 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 791 \* 942 \* 968 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 900 \* 965 \* 980 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 34 \* 118 \* 195 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 15 \* 85 \* 149 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 36 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MUL = 1.000

MU2 = 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.500

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

A decorative horizontal border consisting of a repeating pattern of small black asterisks (\*).

ALPHA-LEVEL

TEST STATISTIC  $\hat{\tau}_1 = 2.21$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_2 = 2.25$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_3 = 2.12$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_4 = 2.15$

\* LAMBDA \* 8 \* 24 \* 33 \*

A decorative horizontal border consisting of a repeating pattern of small black asterisks (\*).

\* U \* 6 \* 24 \* 34 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* 1 \* 3 \* 24 \* 40 \*

A decorative horizontal border consisting of a repeating pattern of small black asterisks (\*).

\* TPRIME \* 2 \* 20 \* 33 \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 36A \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.500

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 74 \* 257 \* 398 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 72 \* 241 \* 398 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 32 \* 117 \* 215 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 78 \* 236 \* 347 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 39 \* 181 \* 296 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 37 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.500

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.667

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 77 \* 94 \* 97 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* U \* 58 \* 82 \* 94 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* F \* 70 \* 90 \* 96 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* T \* 8 \* 21 \* 26 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 1 \* 10 \* 23 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 37A \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 1000 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.500

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.667

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
 \* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* LAMBDA \* 749 \* 902 \* 949 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* U \* 566 \* 816 \* 896 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* F \* 671 \* 860 \* 907 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* T \* 79 \* 201 \* 294 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TPRIME \* 38 \* 159 \* 251 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 2.000

\* TEST STATISTIC      ALPHAS LEVEL

TEST STATISTIC  $\hat{\tau}_1 = 0.21$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_2 = 0.26$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_3 = 0.19$ ,  $\hat{\tau}_4 = 0.21$

LAMBDA \* 3 \* 8 \* 13 \*

LAMBDA \* 3 \* 6 \* 9 \* 12 \*

主 **1** **2** **3** **4** **5** **6** **7**

卷之三

出走

卷之三十一

卷一 \* 3 \* 19 \* 21 \*

\* PRIME \* 2 \* 15 \* 23 \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 39 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 8.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.250

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

*****					
*	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*	*	*****
*	TEST STATISTIC	*****	*****	*****	*****
*	*	0.01	*	0.05	*
*	LAMBDA	*	5	*	22
*		*	22	*	33
*	U	*	0	*	0
*	F	*	1	*	4
*	T	*	4	*	18
*	TPRIME	*	0	*	3
*		*	3	*	18
*	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 40 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 2.000

MU2= 4.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 2 \* 13 \* 18 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 1 \* 7 \* 16 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 1 \* 1 \* 8 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 2 \* 7 \* 15 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 3 \* 9 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 4L \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 1.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\* \* \* \* \* LAMBDA \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* 0 \* 3 \* 10 \*

\* \* \* \* \* U \* \* 0 \* 7 \* 13 \*

\* \* \* \* \* F \* \* 1 \* 1 \* 6 \*

\* \* \* \* \* T \* \* 0 \* 6 \* 7 \*

\* \* \* \* \* TPRIME \* \* 0 \* 4 \* 4 \*

\* \* \* \* \* \*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 42 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 3.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.200

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PST=BETA1/BETA2= 1.250

ALPHA-LEVEL					
TEST STATISTIC					
*	0.01	*	0.05	*	0.10
*	LAMBDA	*	3	*	14
*		*		*	29
*	U	*	0	*	0
*	F	*	2	*	6
*	T	*	3	*	18
*		*		*	28
*	TPRIME	*	0	*	2
*		*		*	6

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 43 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 4.000

MU2= 6.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.416

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.670

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.200

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*                   \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*  
 \* TEST STATISTIC \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
 \*                   \* 4      \* 19     \* 25    \*  
 \* LAMBDA          \* 0      \* 0      \* 3     \*  
 \* U                \* 0      \* 0      \* 3     \*  
 \* F                \* 0      \* 4      \* 10    \*  
 \* T                \* 1      \* 11     \* 24    \*  
 \* TPRIME          \* 0      \* 5      \* 12    \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

\* TABLE NO 44 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 2

$$\bar{N}2 = 4$$

MUL = 1.000

MU2 = 3.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2 = 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1 = 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.333

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

## \* TEST STATISTIC \*

\* \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

LAMBDA 3 6 17

\* 14 \* 15 \* 16 \* 17 \* 18 \* 19 \* 20 \*

\*  
\*\*  
\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TPRIME

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 45 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 6.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

ALPHA-LEVEL					
TEST STATISTIC					
*	0.01	*	0.05	*	0.10
*	LAMBDA	*	1	*	9
*		*	15	*	
*	U	*	3	*	8
*		*	15	*	
*	F	*	0	*	2
*		*	9	*	
*	T	*	0	*	2
*		*	5	*	
*	TPRIME	*	0	*	2
*		*	5	*	

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

\* TABLE NU 46 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 0.800

MU2= 0.600

SIGMA1= 4.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 5.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 5.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*

\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 0 \* 6 \* 11 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

\* U \* 1 \* 9 \* 13 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

\* F \* 1 \* 8 \* 9 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

\* T \* 3 \* 9 \* 16 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 1 \* 4 \* 8 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 47 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 0.100

SIGMA2= 0.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.100

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.100

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	ALPHA-LEVEL		
*	*	0.01	0.05
*	TEST STATISTIC	*	0.10
*	LAMBDA	100	100
*	U	0	0
*	F	0	7
*	T	98	100
*	TPRIME	31	32
*			99

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 48 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 0.500

SIGMA2= 1.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.667

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.833

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*	
*	TEST STATISTIC	0.01	0.05	0.10
*	LAMBDA	9	32	52
*	U	0	1	6
*	F	0	5	14
*	T	2	21	34
*	TPRIME	1	5	21

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NU 49 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 2

N2= 4

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 5 \* 22 \* 44 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* 5 \* 14 \* 34 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* 1 \* 11 \* 17 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* 0 \* 5 \* 8 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 3 \* 8 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 50 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 2

$$N_2 = 4$$

MU1 = 1.000

MU2 = 2.000

SIGMA1 = 1.500

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

\* TEST STATISTIC      ALPHAS-LEVEL

\*<sup>a</sup> TEST STATISTIC:  $\chi^2 = 0.21$ ,  $p = 0.25$ ;  $\chi^2 = 3.12$ ,  $p = 0.08$

\* LAMBDA \* 0 \* Z \* 13 \*

\* 11 \* 2 \* 7 \* 12 \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* T \* 1 \* 7 \* 10 \*

A decorative horizontal border consisting of a repeating pattern of asterisks (\*).

\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 4 \* 5 \*

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO. 51 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 2

N2 = 4

MUL = 1.000

MU2 = 2.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 2.000

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

## \* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*\*

\* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\* LAMBDA \* 1 \* 4 \* 8 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* C \* O \* S \* T O \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* 14 \*

中華書局影印  
卷之三

卷之三

\* \* \* \* \* TRIMME \* \* \* \* \*

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 52 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 8.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.250

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	ALPHA-LEVEL							
*	*	0.01	*	0.05	*	0.10	*	
*	LAMBDA	*	13	*	35	*	55	*
*	U	*	0	*	0	*	0	*
*	F	*	0	*	9	*	14	*
*	T	*	13	*	27	*	46	*
*	TPRIME	*	7	*	23	*	42	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 53 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 2.000

MU2= 4.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	ALPHA-LEVEL		
*	*	*	*
* TEST STATISTIC	0.01	0.05	0.10
*	*	*	*
* LAMBDA	26	53	72
*	*	*	*
* U	15	35	53
*	*	*	*
* F	6	24	45
*	*	*	*
* T	0	15	37
*	*	*	*
* TPRIME	1	21	38
*	*	*	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 54 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 1.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

ALPHA-LEVEL			
*	*	*	*
*	TEST STATISTIC	*	*
*	*	0.01	*
*	*	0.05	*
*	*	0.10	*
*	LAMBDA	*	*
*	9	34	47
*	*	*	*
*	U	*	*
*	11	31	45
*	*	*	*
*	F	*	*
*	7	31	45
*	*	*	*
*	T	*	*
*	0	3	5
*	*	*	*
*	TPRIME	*	*
*	0	2	5
*	*	*	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 55 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 8.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.200

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.250

ALPHA-LEVEL					
TEST STATISTIC					
*	*	0.01	*	0.05	*
*	LAMBDA	*	14	*	43
*		*		*	56
*	U	*	0	*	0
*	F	*	1	*	6
*	T	*	19	*	4
*	TPRIME	*	3	*	35
*		*		*	52

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 56 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 4.000

MU2= 6.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.416

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.670

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.200

ALPHA-LEVEL			
*	*	*	*
* TEST STATISTIC	0.01	0.05	0.10
*	*	*	*
* LAMBDA	14	32	47
*	*	*	*
*	U	0	2
*	*	*	*
*	F	1	5
*	*	*	*
*	T	10	32
*	*	*	*
*	TPRIME	4	27
*	*	*	*
*	41	*	*
*	*	*	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 57 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 3.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.333

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
*	TEST STATISTIC		
*		0.01	0.05
*	LAMBDA	20	52
*		68	*
*	U	15	44
*		64	*
*	F	7	30
*		50	*
*	T	5	16
*		24	*
*	TPRIME	2	15
*		22	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 58 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 6.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

ALPHA-LEVEL				
*	*	0.01	*	0.05
*	*	*	*	0.10
*	LAMBDA	*	7	31
*	*	*	*	55
*	U	*	8	30
*	*	*	*	53
*	F	*	7	22
*	*	*	*	39
*	T	*	0	1
*	*	*	*	3
*	TPRIME	*	0	1
*	*	*	*	6

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 59 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 0.800

MU2= 0.600

SIGMA1= 4.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 5.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 5.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 5 \* 10 \* 17 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 7 \* 13 \* 20 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 5 \* 12 \* 19 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 0 \* 6 \* 12 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 0 \* 1 \* 4 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 60 \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 6

N2= 10

MU1 = 1.000

MU2 = 2.000

SIGMA1 = 0.100

SIGMA2= 0.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.100

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.100

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

A decorative horizontal border consisting of a repeating pattern of small black five-pointed stars arranged in two rows.

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

## \* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*\*

\* 9-91 \* 9-95 \* 9-98

\* \* \* \* \*

\* LAMBDA \* 188 \* 188 \* 188 \*

\* 11 \* 9 \* 9 \* 53 \*

\* 18 \* 35 \* 54 \*

\* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* TRIP TIME      \* 100      \* 100      \* 100      \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 61 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 0.500

SIGMA2= 1.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.600

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.833

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* 0.01 \* \* 0.05 \* \* 0.10 \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* \* 57 \* \* 88 \* \* 97 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* \* 4 \* \* 24 \* \* 52 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* \* 12 \* \* 43 \* \* 61 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* \* 18 \* \* 43 \* \* 61 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* \* 17 \* \* 47 \* \* 67 \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 62 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

ALPHA-LEVEL					
TEST STATISTIC					
*	*	0.01	*	0.05	*
*	LAMBDA	67	*	90	*
*	U	44	*	80	*
*	F	60	*	89	*
*	T	1	*	4	*
*	TPRIME	2	*	7	*
*				18	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 63 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.500

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

ALPHA-LEVEL					
*****					
*	*	0.01	*	0.05	*
*****					
*	LAMBDA	*	8	*	17
*		*		*	26
*****					
*	U	*	3	*	11
*		*		*	25
*****					
*	F	*	2	*	9
*		*		*	20
*****					
*	T	*	4	*	21
*		*		*	29
*****					
*	TPRIME	*	1	*	16
*		*		*	23
*****					

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 64 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 10

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 2.000

\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

\* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\*\*\*

\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* LAMBDA \* 1 \* 6 \* 13 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* U \* 2 \* 4 \* 13 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* F \* 0 \* 2 \* 11 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* T \* 5 \* 14 \* 25 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\* TPRIME \* 3 \* 9 \* 18 \*

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 65 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 8.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.250

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* LAMBDA \* 25 \* 44 \* 59 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* U \* 0 \* 0 \* 0 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* F \* 1 \* 8 \* 12 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* T \* 16 \* 35 \* 54 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* TPRIME \* 11 \* 36 \* 56 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 66 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 2.000

MU2= 4.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

ALPHA-LEVEL					
*****					
*	*	0.01	*	0.05	*
*****					
*	LAMBDA	*	35	*	65
*		*		*	80
*****					
*	U	*	12	*	43
*		*		*	65
*****					
*	F	*	8	*	31
*		*		*	46
*****					
*	T	*	6	*	17
*		*		*	27
*****					
*	TPRIME	*	8	*	33
*		*		*	49
*****					

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 67 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 1.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

ALPHA-LEVEL					
*****					
*	*				*
TEST STATISTIC					
*	*	0.01	*	0.05	*
*	*				*
*	LAMBDA	*	14	*	42
*		*		*	60
*					*
*	U	*	9	*	32
*		*		*	49
*					*
*	F	*	9	*	31
*		*		*	49
*					*
*	T	*	0	*	0
*		*		*	0
*					*
*	TPRIME	*	0	*	3
*		*		*	8
*					*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 68 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 8.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.200

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.250

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
*	*	TEST STATISTIC	*
*	*	0.01	* 0.05 * 0.10 *
*	*	LAMBDA	* 29 * 57 * 69 *
*	U	*	0 * 0 * 0 *
*	F	*	0 * 7 * 13 *
*	T	*	34 * 58 * 71 *
*	TPRIME	*	20 * 46 * 62 *

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 69 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 4.000

MU2= 6.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.416

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.670

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.200

*****					
* ALPHA-LEVEL *					
* TEST STATISTIC *****					
*	0.01	*	0.05	*	0.10
*****					
*	LAMBDA	*	23	*	49
*		*	49	*	61
*****					
*	U	*	0	*	4
*		*	0	*	4
*		*	0	*	9
*****					
*	F	*	0	*	5
*		*	0	*	8
*****					
*	T	*	18	*	44
*		*	18	*	56
*****					
*	TPRIME	*	11	*	43
*		*	11	*	43
*		*	11	*	56
*****					

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 70 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 3.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.333

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
*	TEST STATISTIC	*****	*****
*		* 0.01 * 0.05 * 0.10 *	
*****	LAMBDA	* 40 * 65 * 76 *	*****
*	U	* 31 * 62 * 76 *	
*****	F	* 16 * 42 * 53 *	*****
*	T	* 1 * 11 * 27 *	
*****	TPRIME	* 7 * 33 * 48 *	*****

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 71 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 6.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
* TEST STATISTIC	*	*	*
*	0.01	0.05	0.10
* LAMBDA	22	47	65
*	U	13	36
*	F	8	33
*	T	0	0
*	TPRIME	0	2

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 72 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 0.800

MU2= 0.600

SIGMA1= 4.000

SIGMA2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 5.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 5.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
*	TEST STATISTIC		
*		0.01 * 0.05 * 0.10 *	
*	LAMBDA	* 1 * 11 * 16 *	
*	U	* 4 * 14 * 21 *	
*	F	* 1 * 9 * 20 *	
*	T	* 1 * 4 * 13 *	
*	TPRIME	* 1 * 3 * 5 *	

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 73 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 0.100

SIGMA2= 0.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.100

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.100

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

---

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
 \* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* LAMBDA \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* U \* 0 \* 0 \* 68 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* F \* 11 \* 30 \* 49 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* T \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TPRIME \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

---

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 74 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 0.500

SIGMA2= 1.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.600

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.833

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
*	TEST STATISTIC		
*		* 0.01 * 0.05 * 0.10 *	
*	LAMBDA	* 74 * 89 * 96 *	
*	U	* 3 * 31 * 60 *	
*	F	* 18 * 50 * 69 *	
*	T	* 16 * 41 * 61 *	
*	TPRIME	* 36 * 72 * 84 *	

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 75 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
*	TEST STATISTIC	*****	*****
*		* 0.01 * 0.05 * 0.10 *	
***	LAMBDA	* 84 * 98 * 99 *	***
*	U	* 59 * 89 * 95 *	
***	F	* 62 * 94 * 99 *	***
*	T	* 0 * 0 * 4 *	
***	TPRIME	* 3 * 14 * 28 *	***
***		*****	***

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NC 76 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION CUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.500

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

ALPHA-LEVEL			
* TEST STATISTIC	*	*	*
	0.01	0.05	0.10
* LAMBDA	*	*	*
	8	23	36
* L	*	*	*
	6	14	34
* F	*	*	*
	3	10	12
* T	*	*	*
	4	17	30
* TPRIME	*	*	*
	6	24	34

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NC 77 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 6

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 2.000

*****				ALPHA-LEVEL			*****				
*****				*	0.01	*	0.05	*	0.10	*	*****
*	TEST STATISTIC	*	*	*							*****
*	LAMBDA	*	3	*	11	*	16	*			*****
*	U	*	5	*	9	*	16	*			*****
*	F	*	1	*	5	*	8	*			*****
*	T	*	4	*	15	*	27	*			*****
*	TPRIME	*	5	*	15	*	25	*			*****

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*  
**\* TABLE NO 78 \***  
\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 20

MU1 = 8.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1 = 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.250

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

## \* TEST STATISTIC \*

\* 2007-08-15 10:10 \* 2007-08-15 10:10 \* 2007-08-15 10:10 \*

\* LAMBDA \* 46 \* 72 \* 84 \*

\* U \* O \* O \* C \*

\* E \* 2 \* 7 \* 20 \*

\* T \* 34 \* 65 \* 76 \*

\* TPRIME \* 36 \* 53 \* 78 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 79 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 2.000

MU2= 4.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

ALPHA-LEVEL			
*****			
*	*	*	*
TEST STATISTIC			
*	*	0.01	*
*	*	0.05	*
*	*	0.10	*
*****			
*	LAMBDA	*	*
*	63	84	95
*****			
*	U	*	*
*	29	68	80
*****			
*	F	*	*
*	28	61	75
*****			
*	T	*	*
*	10	32	50
*****			
*	TPRIME	*	*
*	17	43	57
*****			

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 80 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 1.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 4.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

	ALPHA-LEVEL		
*	*	*	*
* TEST STATISTIC	0.01	0.05	0.10
*	33	62	76
*	U	21	53
*	F	28	57
*	T	0	1
*	TPRIME	0	4

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 81 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 8.000

MU2=10.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.250

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.200

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.800

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.250

		ALPHA-LEVEL			
*	*	0.01	0.05	0.10	*
*	TEST STATISTIC				
*	LAMBDA	30	69	82	*
*	U	0	0	0	*
*	F	3	8	9	*
*	T	41	72	81	*
*	TPRIME	28	66	81	*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NU 82 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 4.000

MU2= 6.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.500

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.416

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.670

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.200

	*	ALPHA-LEVEL	*
*	TEST STATISTIC	*****	*****
*		* 0.01 * 0.05 * 0.10 *	
*****	LAMBDA	* 43 * 67 * 80 *	*****
*****	U	* 0 * 12 * 24 *	*****
*****	F	* 4 * 14 * 20 *	*****
*****	T	* 27 * 63 * 74 *	*****
*****	TPRIME	* 27 * 64 * 74 *	*****

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 83 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 3.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.333

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.500

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 47 \* 77 \* 89 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 44 \* 73 \* 89 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 24 \* 48 \* 66 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 6 \* 31 \* 51 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 11 \* 44 \* 61 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 84 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 3.000

SIGMA2= 6.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 3.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 3.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 2.000

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 40 \* 63 \* 82 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 34 \* 63 \* 76 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 29 \* 56 \* 75 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 2 \* 8 \* 10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 5 \* 9 \* 10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* TABLE NO 85 \* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2 = 20

MU1 = 0.800

$$\mu_2 = 0.600$$

SIGMA1 = 4.000

SIGMA 2= 3.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 5.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 5.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 1.333

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

**TEST STATISTICS**      \* \* \* \* \*      **ALPHA-LEVEL**

\* TEST STATISTIC \*\*\* 2.21 \* 2.25 \*\* 2.12 \*\*\*

LAMBDA 32 35

LAMBDA 第一章 2035 章

\*\*\* 五 七 三 七 三 六 七

\*\*\* 3 20 \*\*\* 34 \*\*\*

\* 1 2 3 4 \* 12

\* TPRIMTE \* O \* Z \* 4 \*

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 86 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 0.100

SIGMA2= 0.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.100

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.100

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 1.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 0 \* 98 \* 100 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 25 \* 67 \* 76 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 100 \* 100 \* 100 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*  
 \* TABLE NO 87 \*  
 \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1 = 10

N2= 20

MU1 = 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1 = 0.500

SIGMA2= 1.200

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 0.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 0.600

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.833

\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \*

\* TEST STATISTIC      \* -2.81      \* -2.35      \* -2.12      \*

\* LAMBDA \* 94 \* 100 \* 100 \*

92 78 30 U

\* T \* 41 \* 77 \* 89 \*

TIME 4 62 100 21 62 62 62

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 88 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.000

SIGMA2= 4.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 2.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 0.500

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 99 \* 100 \* 100 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 92 \* 97 \* 99 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 99 \* 100 \* 100 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 1 \* 7 \* 8 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 5 \* 13 \* 24 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* TABLE NO 89 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
 SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
 FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 1.500

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETAL=SIGMA1/MU1= 1.500

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETAL/BETA2= 1.500

*****					
* ALPHA-LEVEL *					
* TEST STATISTIC ****					
*	0.01	*	0.05	*	0.10
* LAMBDA ****					
*	6	*	34	*	50
* U ****					
*	7	*	20	*	34
* F ****					
*	3	*	10	*	22
* T ****					
*	7	*	20	*	29
* TPRIME ****					
*	8	*	21	*	29

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TABLE NO 90 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

TOTAL NUMBER OF REJECTION OUT OF 100 SAMPLES  
SIMULATED WITH THE GIVEN POPULATION PARAMETERS  
FOR 2 SAMPLES OF SIZE

N1= 10

N2= 20

MU1= 1.000

MU2= 2.000

SIGMA1= 2.000

SIGMA2= 2.000

BETA1=SIGMA1/MU1= 2.000

BETA2=SIGMA2/MU2= 1.000

THETA=MU1/MU2= 0.500

PSI=BETA1/BETA2= 2.000

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* \* \* \* \* ALPHA-LEVEL \* \* \* \* \*  
\* TEST STATISTIC \* \* \* \* \*  
\* \* \* 0.01 \* 0.05 \* 0.10 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LAMBDA \* 1 \* 7 \* 16 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* U \* 1 \* 12 \* 17 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* F \* 1 \* 5 \* 7 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* T \* 7 \* 20 \* 26 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TPRIME \* 7 \* 14 \* 22 \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

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