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An Unconventional Union: Promoting Information Literacy through Assessment

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"An Unconventional Union": Promoting Information Literacy through Assessment

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Typical ways IL is included in the curriculum

- 1. Discrete courses in IL.
 - +: IL is a graduation requirement and librarians have control.
 - --: IL is taught acontextually in a "one shot" approach. Students simply check it off as another requirement.

Typical ways IL is included in the curriculum

- 2. "Flagged" courses.
 - +: IL is a graduation requirement and taught in the context of specific courses across disciplines.
 - --: IL is more in faculty control. Collaboration with librarians may or may not happen. Students simply check it off as another requirement.

Then there's our *atypical* way to include IL: *via* Assessment

The Context:

December 2018:

After a great deal of controversy and strife, the most comprehensive core curriculum revision ever undertaken at the University of St. Thomas passed via faculty vote.

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One new and relatively uncontroversial part of this new curriculum is an Information Literacy component (aka "Appendix F") scaffolded at three levels...

Phase 1: First-Year Experience, co-curricular course (1 credit)

"Introduce students to dispositions and ways of thinking about information."

- Academic Integrity part of Module on Academic Success.
- Other IL goals embedded in other Modules: Financial Literacy, Career and Vocation, Sustainability.

Phase 2: Application in Core Area Courses

Learning objective: "Thinking critically and creatively"

- logically evaluating information, arguments and evidence
- interpreting data by explaining its meaning and significance
- being aware of one's own inferences and biases in order to confirm, correct, or develop ideas

Learning objective: "Communicating effectively with diverse audiences"

accessing, evaluating, and using information appropriately

Phase 3: Discipline-specific Information & Research Literacy

- Each program that offers a major will develop a plan for teaching and assessing information/research literacy in the major curriculum.
- Disciplines develop their own IRL goals for majors.

IL via Assessment: The compromise

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- The Task Force developing the new core curriculum had already added two flagged interdisciplinary requirements to the already-existing four flagged WAC courses (for a total of six flagged core requirements).
- The Task Force did not want to add more flags.
- However, they were persuaded to include Information Literacy.

(Year-long Faculty Learning Community on IL, interest from key player in administration, our input)

IL via Assessment: The compromise

- So the Task Force agreed to add it as "Appendix F": A component that must be part of the new core, but without designated courses where it is *taught*.
- Instead, there are designated courses where it is assessed.
- Because, to meet HLC accreditation requirements, *all* parts of the curriculum—in the body of the new curriculum or in an appendix—must be assessed, IL must be assessed (and therefore, taught).

- No official assessment yet, since the current focus is on points later in the curriculum.
- Yesterday, the FYE directors reported to our IRL Advisory Committee that the Academic Integrity portion (created by library staff) went well; the elements of IL embedded in other topics ended up sidelined.
- Revised plan: Next year, all Phase 1 IL goals will be delivered directly in one dedicated module.

CHALLENGES: Lots of diverse FYE instructors over 75 sections—all will need support in teaching IL.

OPPORTUNITIES: Library staff continue to have the most control over the content of this phase.

- Bottom up/Top down process of creating a core curriculum assessment map.
- Departments present assessment plans for IRL learning objectives on a five-year schedule (we are in Year 1)
- They present the plans to the Information and Research Literacy Advisory Committee (IRLAC) and the Core Curriculum Assessment Committee (CCAC), both of which have library and faculty representation.

- 1. Think critically: logically evaluating information, arguments, and evidence HISTORY
- 2. Think critically: interpreting data by explaining its meaning and significance NATURAL SCIENCES
- 3. Think critically: being aware of one's own inferences and biases in order to confirm, correct, or develop ideas DIVERSITY, INCLUSION, AND SOCIAL JUSTICE
- 4. Access, evaluate, and use information appropriately WRITING IN THE DISCIPLINE

CHALLENGES:

- Matching of core courses with core learning objectives not always a good fit.
- Reduction of many possible IL learning outcomes to these four.
- Focus on assessment, not on teaching.
- "Requirement" for departments/faculty (not students)
- Collaboration with librarians is always "suggested," but faculty-librarian collaboration is not the norm.

OPPORTUNITIES:

- By the time we get to Goal 4 (WID), all academic units are assessed for this phase.
- All students will be exposed to courses in the core that cover all four IL goals
- Improvements in instruction--and increased collaboration with librarians--may result when departments come to the "closing the loop" phase: acting on the assessment outcomes.

• Departments submit assessment plan to IRLAC for collaboration/ support, then to their College/School Curriculum Committee for approval.

CHALLENGES:

- Again, departments are "encouraged" to work with their librarians in developing the plans.
- No librarians sit on college/school curriculum committees assessing the plans.

OPPORTUNITIES:

- IRL must be scaffolded through the major curriculum (introduced, reinforced, mastered), not just dumped into one course (as with WID)
- They choose their own IL learning objectives: more ownership.

From the library perspective...

What we hoped for...

- Increased faculty-librarian collaboration
- Increased visibility for librarians
- Opportunities to reach all (or most) students earlier on
- Scaffolded IRL throughout the Core
- Formal IRL Assessment



Challenges for Librarian's Role

- Assessment has become the only way to reach students with IRL.
- Squeezing IRL through the side (or back) door of assessment is problematic (disservice for librarians).
- Defining and promoting Information & Research Literacy through assessment is challenging.
- Fewer references to librarians in current documents and a focus on faculty/departments collaborating with IRLAC is a problem.