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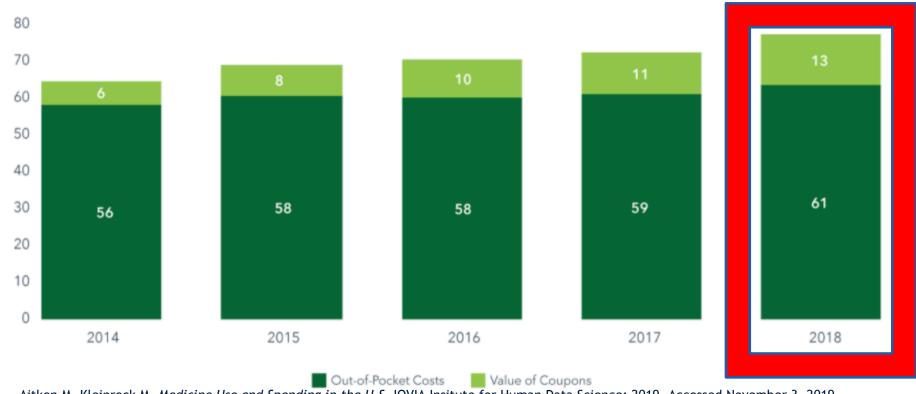
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Use of active comparator trials in dermatology: A repeated cross-sectional analysis

John Miller, Sophia Ly, Arash Mostaghimi MD, John Barbieri MD*

Introduction: Healthcare Spending Costs



Aitken M, Kleinrock M. Medicine Use and Spending in the U.S. IQVIA Insitute for Human Data Science; 2019. Accessed November 3, 2019.

Overall out-of-pocket costs have risen to \$61 billion in 2018



Healthcare spending impact on patients?

Spending on prescription medications is expected to rise to \$420 billion by 2023.²





Nearly 30% of patients reported not taking prescription due to cost.



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The Role of Active Comparator Clinical Trials

Placebo Controlled VS.



While placebo-controlled trials are valuable to understand efficacy, active comparator trial designs provide data that can guide clinical decision making by allowing direct comparisons between similar drugs

Active Comparators in Dermatology Topical Trials

In dermatology, subtle changes in concentration or combination of topical agents can be classified as a novel product.



While some new medications may improve patient outcomes, others may not offer meaningful benefit over existing less costly alternatives.

The Inquiry Question:

To evaluate trends in the use of active comparator trial designs for topical medications approved by the FDA between January 2002 and December 2020.



Methods

Population

- Food and Drug Administration
- Physicians
- Patients



Resources Used

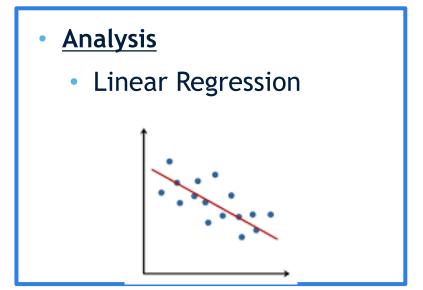
- Clinical Trials Database
 - Clinical Trial Information
- FDA Orange Book
 - Drug Approval Dates



Outcomes & Analysis

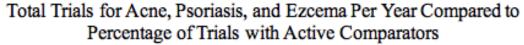
Outcomes

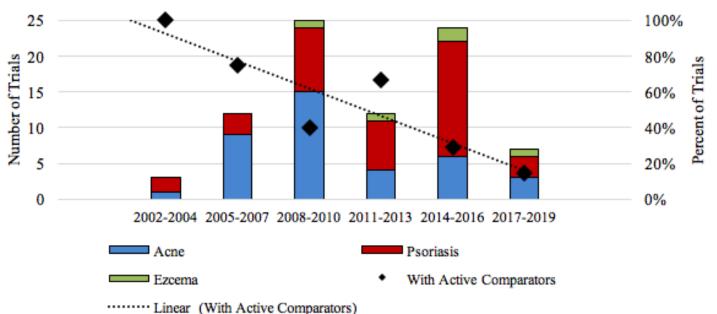
- Frequency of Active
 Comparator over Time
- Frequency of Active
 Comparator by Trial Phase



Outcomes

Between 2002 and 2020, the proportion of clinical trials for acne, psoriasis, and eczema with an active comparator has decreased.
 (-5.2% per year, 95% CI -1.7% to -8.6%)







Outcomes

 Phase II studies were most likely to include and active comparator (71%), while phase III studies were least likely (32%).

% Trials with and Active Comparator by Clinical Indication				
	Phase II	Phase III	Phase IV	Total
Psoriasis	83%	39%	29%	44%
	n=6	n=28	n=7	n=41
Acne	100%	35%	71%	50%
	n=1	n=23	n=14	n=38
Actinic Keratosis	75%	23%	80%	45%
	n=4	n=13	n=5	n=22
Antifungal	67%	15%	0%	30%
	n=6	n=13	n=1	n=20
Rosacea	0%	43%	0%	30%
	n=2	n=7	n=1	n=10
Eczema	50%	0%	0%	20%
	n=2	n=2	n=1	n=5
Other	77%	35%	0%	44%
	n=13	n=23	n=5	n=41
Total	71%	32%	47%	42%
	n=34	n=109	n=34	n=117

Conclusions

 Although there is a greater need for comparative effectiveness data in the setting of a growing number of available treatments, our results highlight that the use of active comparator trials has decreased over time



Moving Forward (Impact):

• It will be important for clinicians, patients, payers, and

Role of Patient Reported Outcomes

Absolute Lesion Reduction vs. Quality of Life Index

CUST-DETICTIES ATTAITS

FDA Regulated Guidelines



Disclosures and Acknowledgements

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Citations

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