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Identifying the Roadblocks to Successful Pediatric Imaging Without Sedation or Anesthesia

Iman Soliman, Lisa States, MD*



I have nothing to disclose.

Introduction and Objective

- Need for sedation/general anesthesia (GA) to promote scan success in young children
- Adverse events in hospital and outpatient setting associated with use of sedation/GA in children¹
- Pre-clinical evidence suggesting that GA affects brain development²

Objective: To critically evaluate the use of sedation/GA in the diagnostic imaging setting

Research Question & Hypothesis

• Research Question: What are the roadblocks to completing a successful MRI scan without sedation/GA in patients ages 5 to 9 in the outpatient setting?

• <u>Hypothesis:</u> Extended scan duration, lack of parental education, and insufficient patient preparation are the biggest barriers to non-sedated MRI scans in patients ages 5 to 9 in the outpatient setting.

Methods

Study design:

- Prospective data registry created via patient and parent/guardian surveys
- Medical record review

Population:

- Patients ages 5 to 9 who are undergoing outpatient non-sedated MRI scans
- Parent/guardian of all patients ages 5 to 9 undergoing outpatient MRI scans, regardless of sedation status

Comparison groups:

- CHOP Wood Center (Inpatient & Outpatient Setting Philadelphia)
- CHOP Buerger Center (Outpatient Setting Only Philadelphia)
- CHOP Specialty Care Center (Outpatient Setting Only King of Prussia)



Methods

Outcomes:

- Closed-ended questions: frequencies of each survey response will be evaluated quantitatively
- Open-ended questions: each survey response will be evaluated qualitatively
- <u>Data Collection</u>: Both patient and parent/guardian surveys will be administered in person on REDCap via iPad

Analysis:

- General: descriptive statistics
- Nominal & ordinal data: Chi-square test/Pearson correlation
- Scale data: Kolmogorov-Smirnov test/Shapiro-Wilk test
- Non-parametric distribution of data: Wilcoxon test/Mann-Whitney test



Category	Question	Outcome		
Interest in Nonsedated MRI	before MRI was scheduled	Likert scale (1- definitely not interested, 5- very		
	after MRI was scheduled	interested)		
	in the future (if child was sedated today)	Multiple choice Yes, No, Unsure		
Advantages & Disadvantages of Nonsedated MRI	Advantages	Check all that apply (less exposure to medications; decreased appointment time; reduced cost; routine; easier to schedule; no need for NPO; none; other - open ended)		
	Disadvantages	Check all that apply (small space; scanner noise; anxiety/stress; movement during scan; change in routine; none; other - open ended)		
Information About Present MRI	Purpose of MRI			
	MRI technology	Likert scale		
	Child preparation	(1- not informed at all, 5- completely informed)		
	Sedation/GA			
Child Life Support	Types of support	Check all that apply (storybook; video; mock scanner; prize; none; other - open ended)		

Results: Demographics and Clinical Characteristics

	All Patients		Sedated Patients		Nonsedated Patients		
	M ± SD	Median	M ± SD	Median	M ± SD	Median	p ^a
Age	7.53 ± 1.33	7.58	6.90 ± 1.18	6.59	8.27 ± 1.10	8.42	0.001 ^b
# Total Scans	3.78 ± 6.77	1.00	4.76 ± 7.89	1.00	2.62 ± 5.06	1.00	0.457
# Sedated Scans	3.56 ± 6.63	1.00	4.74 ± 7.90	1.00	2.17 ± 4.49	0.00	0.310
# Nonsedated Scans	0.22 ± 0.58	0.00	0.03 ± 0.17	0.00	0.45 ± 0.78	0.00	0.015 ^c

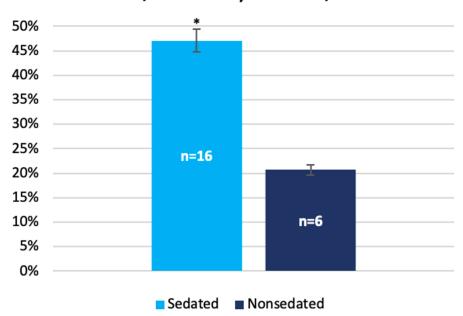
^a two-sided p-value from one-way ANOVA

^b planned comparisons show nonsedated > all > sedated

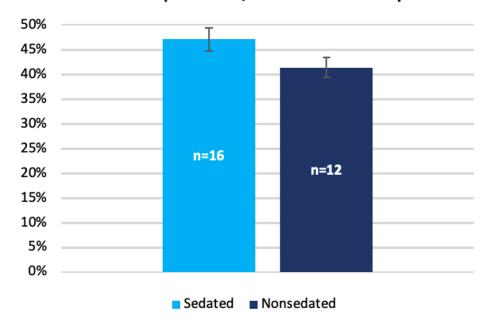
^c planned comparisons show nonsedated > sedated

Results: Demographics and Clinical Characteristics

Cancer/Cancer Syndrome/Tumor



Developmental/Motor Disability



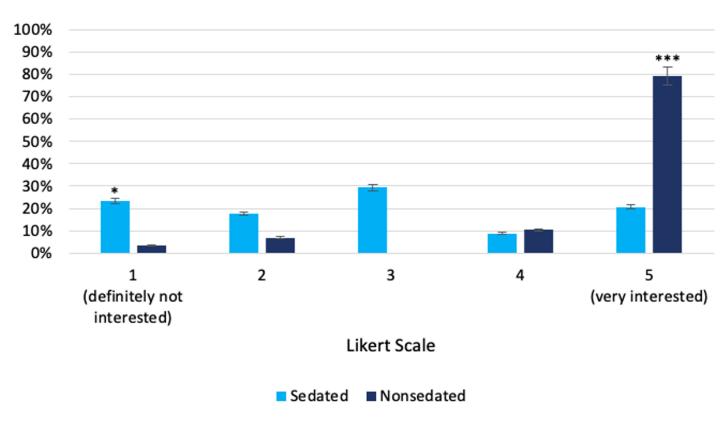
Results: Demographics and Clinical Characteristics

	Sedated Patients		Nonsedated Patients		
	M ± SD	Median	M ± SD	Median	p a
Number of Studies Ordered (ACC #)	1.44 ± 0.56	1.00	1.14 ± 0.44	1.00	0.019
Scan Duration (mins)	62.94 ± 29.94	56.50	49.97 ± 21.95	47.00	0.058

^a two-sided p-value from Student's t-test

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	MRI technology	Likert scale (1- not informed at all, 5- completely informed)	
	Child preparation		
	Sedation/GA		
Child Life Support	Types of support	Check all that apply (storybook; video; mock scanner; prize; none; other - open ended)	

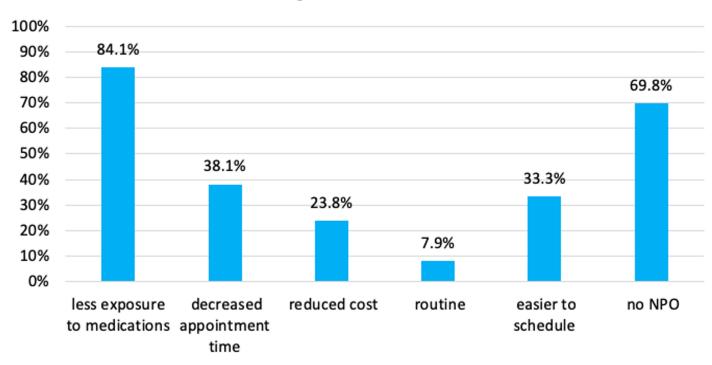
Parental Interest in Nonsedated MRI Scan



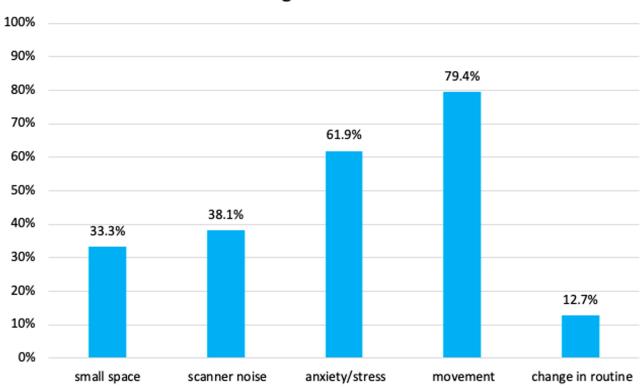


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	Sedation/GA		
Child Life Support	Types of support	Check all that apply (storybook; video; mock scanner; prize; none; other - open ended)	

Overall Advantages of Nonsedated MRI Scan

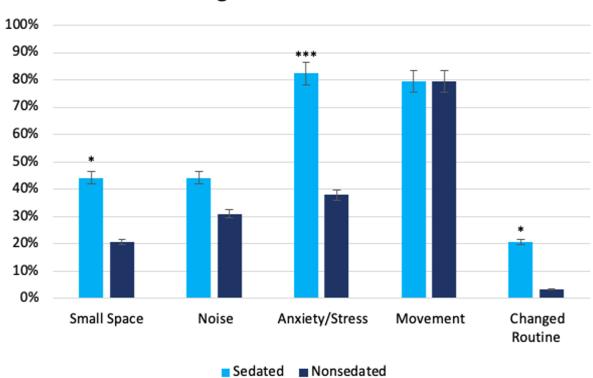


Overall Disadvantages of Nonsedated MRI Scan



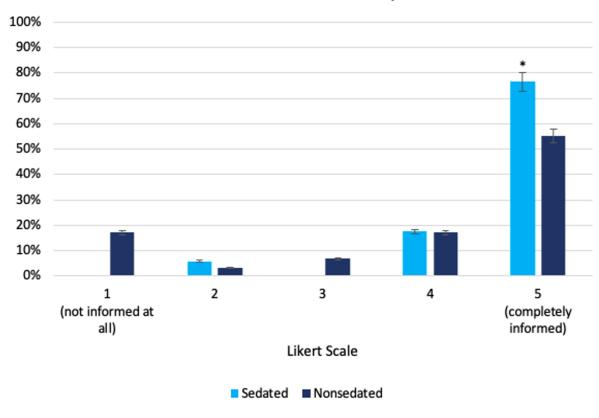


Disadvantages of Nonsedated MRI Scan



Category	Question	Outcome	
Interest in Nonsedated MRI	before MRI was scheduled	Likert scale	
	after MRI was scheduled	(1- definitely not interested, 5- very interested)	
	in the future (if child was sedated today)	Multiple choice Yes, No, Unsure	
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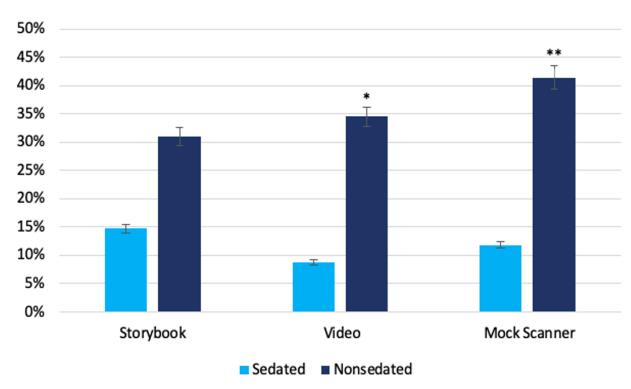
Information About Child Preparation





Category	Question	Outcome		
Interest in Nonsedated MRI	before MRI was scheduled	Likert scale (1- definitely not interested, 5- very interested)		
	after MRI was scheduled			
	in the future (if child was sedated today)	Multiple choice Yes, No, Unsure		
Advantages & Disadvantages of Nonsedated MRI	Advantages	Check all that apply (less exposure to medications; decreased appointment time; reduced cost; routine; easier to schedule; no need for NPO; none; other - open ended)		
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Information About Present MRI	Purpose of MRI			
	MRI technology	Likert scale (1- not informed at all, 5- completely		
	Child preparation	informed)		
	Sedation/GA			
Child Life Support	Types of support	Check all that apply (storybook; video; mock scanner; prize; none; other - open ended)		

Child Life Resources





Results: Nonsedated Patient Survey Responses

Prior to MRI:

 Child Life resources received prior to the scan were confirmed with parents (as discussed)

During MRI:

- Majority of nonsedated patients (88.0%) reported watching a movie during their MRI scan
- Slightly greater than a third of patients (36.0%) reported having their parent/guardian present in the room during their MRI scan

After MRI:

 Slightly more than half of patients (52.0%) reported receiving a prize after completing their MRI scan



Conclusions

- The roadblocks to nonsedated pediatric imaging include:
 - Extended scan duration
 - Parental preference
 - Patient & parental anxiety
- These roadblocks can be overcome by
 - Decreasing scan duration
 - Increasing parental education
 - Increasing child preparation

Future Directions

- Efforts focused on improving communication with parents
 - Nurse navigator role

- Using data to build foundation for QI initiative
 - Reduce use of sedation/GA by 25% in uncomplicated MRI scans for patients ages 5-8

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- 1. Malviya S, Voepel-Lewis T, Prochaska G, Tait AR. Prolonged recovery and delayed side effects of sedation for diagnostic imaging studies in children. *Pediatrics*. 2000;105(3):E42.
- 2. Sun L. Early childhood general anaesthesia exposure and neurocognitive development. *Br J Anaesth*. 2010;105 Suppl 1:i61-8.



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