

Aalborg Universitet

ViLD Annual report 2020

Design revelations - Visual practices that challenge and reveal Buhl, Mie

Publication date: 2021

Document Version Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Link to publication from Aalborg University

Citation for published version (APA):

Buhl, M. (2021). VILD Annual report 2020: Design revelations – Visual practices that challenge and reveal.

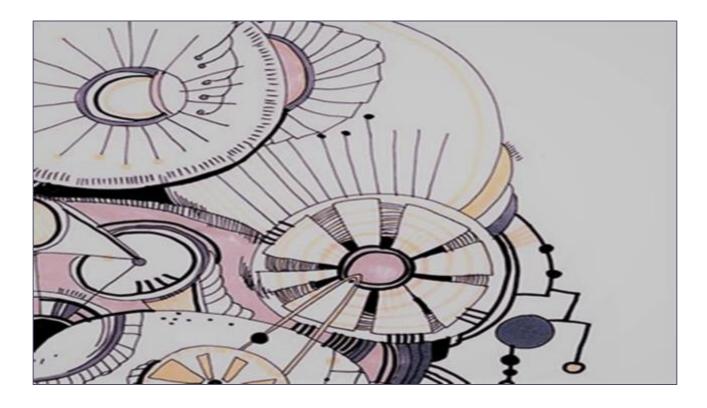
General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- ? Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research. ? You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain ? You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal ?

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us at vbn@aub.aau.dk providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

VILD ANNUAL MEETING REPORT



Design revelations

- Visual practices that challenge and reveal

#vildannual2020
Find us on Facebook and on the web:
www.facebook.com/vildresearch
www.vild.aau.dk

Foreword

Research Center for Visual Studies and Learning Design (VILD) fourth Annual Meeting took place at University College Copenhagen on November 12th 2020. Due to circumstances related to Corona virus, the Meeting was conducted online via Zoom.

Our annual meeting provides an opportunity for lively exchange between professionals and researchers who share a common interest in exploring the potential of visual knowledge generation.

This year's theme was Design Revelations – visual practices that challenge and reveal. By bringing together the ideas and interests from researchers, educators and professionals together, ViLD facilititated new and important insights in the field and from the field. The ViLD's annual zoom meeting was organised in order to share visual experience, communication and interaction between the participants and to drive the agenda of ViLD forward. A new feature of this year's programme was a PhD track.

This report sums up the eventful meeting by sharing slides, pictures and text. All presentations can be watched on our homepage:

https://www.vild.aau.dk/news/show/watch-presentations-from-vild-meeting-2020.cid494108

Thank you to all of you who made this event magnificent. We are looking forward to see you next year to ViLD's fifth anniversary on Nov. 11th 2021 hosted by Designskolen Kolding!

On behalf of ViLD, Mie Buhl, Director

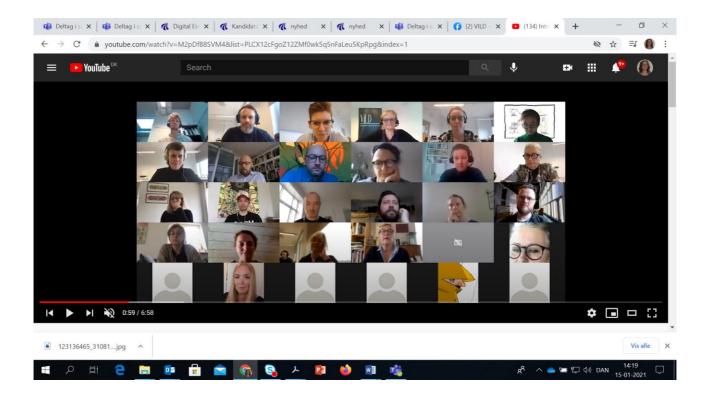


Visual Studies and Learning Design (ViLD), Mie Buhl ©
Aalborg University A.C. Meyers Vænge 15, DK-SW 2450 Copenhagen www.vild.aau.dk
ISBN 978-87-971741-9-7

Content

- 1. Welcome. Bo Nielson, Head of Research, University College Copenhagen, ViLD partner
- 2. Introductory thoughts ViLD & Programme Director of ViLD, Mie Buhl, AAU
- 3. How to be ViLD: PhD, Nathalie Schümchen, SDU and PhD student Heidi Hautopp, AAU
- 4. Mini speak 1: Stepping into Knowledge: Inspiration & Understanding through Virtual Reality / The Animation Workshop (hannibal glaser)
- Minis peak 2: Hacking the Design Concept in Technology Comprehension / University College Lillebaelt (UCL) (Anders Stig Christensen)
- Mini speak 3: Reflections on HOME through Visual Thinking and Research / University College Copenhagen
- 7. Mini speak 4: Design Exploration Unfolded in an Ethical and Sensitive Environment / The Royal Danish Academy of Fine Arts, Schools of Architecture, Design and Conservation (KDAK) Tine Kjølsen & Jeppe Kilberg
- 8. PhD track 5: Design School Kolding, Aalborg University, Helle Marie Skovbjerg og Stine Ejsing-Duun
- 9. Keynote Wilful technologies, Associate Professor Lone Koefoed Hansen, Aarhus University
- 10. Panel discussion Associate Professor Lone Koefoed Hansen, Head of programme, Tine Kjølsen The Royal Danish Academy of Fine Arts, Schools of Architecture, Design and Conservation (KADK), Professor Helle Marie Skovbjerg, Design School Kolding
- 11. See you next year at ViLD's 5th anniversary on 12 November, ViLD Director Mie Buhl

1. ViLD Setup 2020



2. Welcome

Bo Nielso, head of research from University College Copenhagen (KP) welcomed the participants to the fourth ViLD annual meeting which were hosted by KP. This year the meeting was set in a digital virtual setting.



3. Introductory remarks

Welcome and introductory thoughts and programme for the meeting *Mie Buhl, ViLD director*

"IF DESIGN IS THE ANSWER - THEN WHAT IS THE QUESTION?

Good afternoon and welcome to ViLD's fourth annual meeting – this time hosted University College Copenhagen and thank you ViLD partner for doing that! My name is Mie Buhl, I am director of the research centre visual studies and learning design (ViLD) that is constituted by six partners - and we are an open network for researchers and professionals who share interests with us about exploring the visual's potential for knowledge generation.

In this year's corona-friendly format we will engage in and explore how a visual approach to design can reveal and challenge habitual thinking that sustains inequality and to promote material and social design activities that encourage critical thinking and personal empowerment.

The concept of design appears to play an increasing role as an approach to engage with contemporary issues and phenomena in domains outside its origin. For instance, the concept has been adopted by the pedagogical domain as a mode of revitalising the practice of organising learning activities with technology. Developments in the design domain push forward new perspectives on thinking about materialities as 'agency' and about design as mode of reconfiguring conventional ways of thinking about contemporary culture.

I am proud to be able to offer you a rich programme that will address this year's theme: Design revelations – visual practices that challenge and reveal.

Enjoy the afternoon!"

13.00–13.05:	Welcome. Bo Nielson, Head of Research, University College Copenhagen, ViLD partner
13.05–13.10:	Introductory thoughts. Director of ViLD, Mie Buhl, AAU
13.10–13.30:	How to be ViLD: PhD, Nathalie Schümchen, SDU, PhD student Heidi Hautopp, AAU
13.35–14.00:	Mini-speak 1
	Mini-speak 2
	PhD track 5
14.00–14.10:	Break
14.10–14.35:	Mini-speak 3
	Mini-speak 4
	PhD track 5
14.35–14.45:	Break
14.45–15.30:	Keynote <i>Wilful technologies</i> , Associate Professor Lone Koefoed Hansen, Aarhus University
15.30–15.55:	Panel discussion Associate Professor Lone Koefoed Hansen, Head of programme, Tine Kjølsen The Royal Danish Academy of Fine Arts, Schools of Architecture, Design and Conservation (KADK), Professor Helle Marie Skovbjerg, Design School Kolding
15.55 – 16.00:	See you next year at ViLD's 5 th anniversary on 11 November, ViLD Director Mie Buhl

4. How to be ViLD

ViID member Nathalie Schümchen talked about some of the various ways that visuals played a role in her PhD thesis investigating how learners make use of visual learning materials. While the PhD journey started out with an analysis of the usability of graphical structures as integral part of language learning materials, visuals soon crept into other areas of her working process, finally permeating each step of the process from developing materials to data analysis, and knowledge dissemination.

Slides from PhD, Nathalie Schümchen, SDU



Being ViLD...

SDU 🎓

- ... as a linguist/interaction analyst
- MA in communication design (cand. ling. merc.)
- Ph.d.: development and evaluation of foreign language learning material (visual elements, evaluation, and social interaction)



SDU &

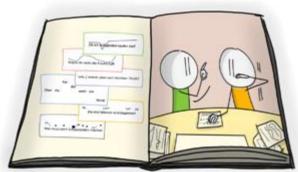
The Role of Visuals

- in my work,
- · for my work, and
- for the dissemination and presentation of my work



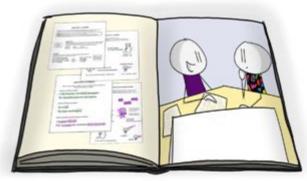
... in the Work

Results of two studies within a larger research project on the development of visual foreign language learning material



Study 1

SDU &



Study 2

Focus on...

- → performance
- → usability
- → social interaction

... in the Work

SDU &

Conversation analysis (Sacks, Schegloff, & Jefferson, 1974)

- · emic approach
- detailed transcripts of verbal & bodily conduct (Jefferson, 2004; Mondada, 2018)
- social order through organized conduct
- organization of turn-taking,
 sequences, and repair (Sidnell, 2011; Sidnell and Stivers,
 2012, Pomerantz 1984; Sacks, Schegloff, and Jefferson 1974; Schegloff 1992)



... for the Work

New focus of attention for research in social interaction

(graphical structures as meaning-bearing

elements in social interaction)





SDU &

... for the Work

New focus of attention for research in social interaction

(graphical structures as meaning-bearing

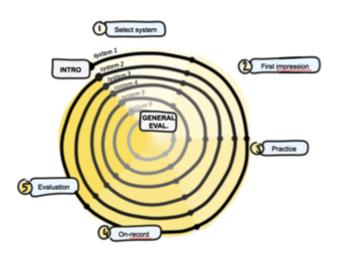
elements in social interaction)

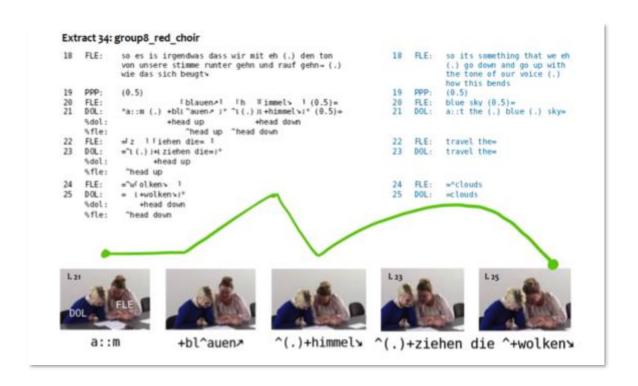


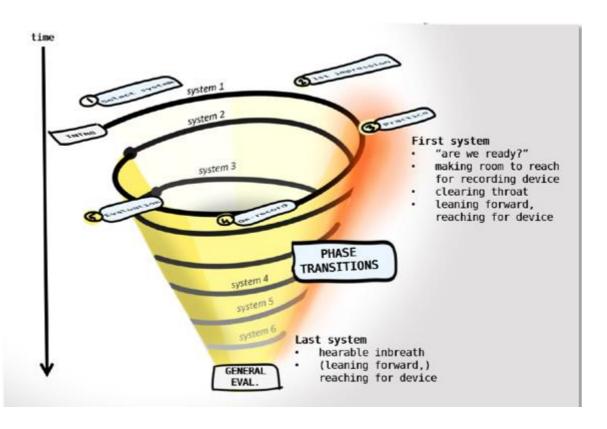
- · 'unsupervised' L2 use setting
- · 'unsupervised' experimental setting
- The visualizations' affordances regarding embodiment
- > Design of learning material
- → Raising awareness of prosodic categories
- → Different visualizations afford different types of embodiment

... for <u>Dissemination</u> and Presentation











Slides from PhD student Heidi Hautopp, AAU

ViiLD member, Heidi Hautopp talked about an exploratory case study investigating how teaching visual facilitation and sketching might enhance learning in humanistic studies in higher education. Through different examples, the productive role of visual materials were discussed in relation to students' work in design processes. The study is a part of her PhD project focusing on the use of visual facilitation for idea generation, dialogue and collaboration in organisational and educational settings.



TEACHING VISUAL FACILITATION AND SKETCHING

FOR DIGITAL LEARNING DESIGN IN HIGHER EDUCATION



INTRODUCTION

In relation to: How to be ViLD?

 The role played by visual methods and materials in design activities



INTRODUCTION

What are the potentials of using visual facilitation in learning practices in Danish Higher Education?

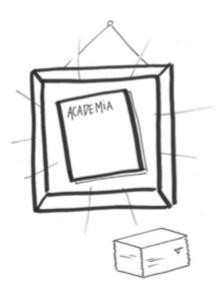
How can teaching visual facilitation empower students as digital learning designers by adapting visual methods for group work?

Visual facilitation involves the structured use of pen and paper methods to

'facilitate interaction in a group of people, using structured visual content. It is a systematic way of drawing together with others'

(Qvist-Sørensen & Baastrup, 2020, p. 20)

BACKGROUND

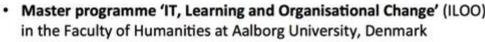


Western culture:

- The spoken and written word has been privileged as the highest form of intellectual practice – higher education in the humanities in particular
- Visual representations are second-rate illustrations of ideas

(e.g. Mirzoeff, 2000; Bowen and Evans, 2015)

MASTER PROGRAMME





- Redesign of an 8-week course 'IT and Learning Design' 70 students located at two campuses
- Aim of the course: Masters students developed digital learning designs to solve a problem framed by an external stakeholder
- Students' background: In humanities and are not specifically trained in using drawing as an academic tool

Empirical data:

 Teaching observations, students' visual productions and interviews with 27 students from nine groups after completing the course

PREVIOUS STUDY

...exposed the limitations of students' ability to articulate and reflect on their own visualisation practices, which were nevertheless identified as learning resources at all phases of the design projects (Buhl 2018).

When not instructed in using visualisation, students:

- Still used visualisations developing ideas, design drafts and mockups
- But, did not recall using it, only when interviewer persisted in requesting examples
- Had difficulty explaining their actions between the emergence and selection of design ideas



RESEARCH DESIGN

FDUCATIONAL DESIGN



- Educational design Design Based Research: Students working through 4 phases: Context, Lab, Intervention, Reflection
- · Research approach in the case study
- 2. iteration: focus on teaching visual facilitation and sketching (Lab-phase)

(Barab & Squire, 2004; Christensen et. al. 2012)

RESEARCH DESIGN

EDUCATIONAL DESIGN



(Olofsson and Sjölen, 2007; Vistisen, 2016)

Sketching genres/modes:

- The investigative and explorative: Used to examine the design problem and to share design solutions within the design team.
- The explanatory genre is used to present and communicate a design concept to stakeholders outside the design team, and the persuasive genre relates to selling the concept in a marketing context

WORKSHOP 1

- Initial drawing exercises from head to paper
- Focus on idea generation, sketching
- Investigative and exploratory modes
- Theories: e.g. Goldschmidt, 2003; Twersky & Suwa, 2009; Hansen & Dalsgaard, 2012



WORKSHOP 2

- From initial sketching phase to prototypes + use in data collection
- Focus on presentation, visual facilitation - feedback session
- Explanatory and (persuasive) modes
- Theories: e.g. Qvist-Sørensen and Baastrup, 2020; Causey, 2017; Bang, Friis and Gelting, 2015



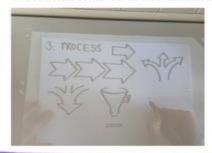
TEACHING SETTING



Teacher's use of document kamera to share drawing exercises



Students situated at two different campuses



Through the document camera the drawing exercises was live-projected to a wide screen as well as through video-conferencing systems at both campuses

TEACHING SETTING

Examples of student work







Initial drawing exercises

Prototype on paper

Feedback session



Theoretical perspectives:

Social materiality (Fenwick et al 2011, Fenwick and Landri 2012):

 A perspective on the visual materials as active participants in the social learning processes

Social learning (Wenger 2000):

· Learning happens socially and is negotiated through collaborative processes.

Analytical approach:

From a social material perspective, we focused on the *production context* and *utilization context* of the students' work with the visual methods and not on a thorough analysis of the *visual artefacts* themselves (Pauwels and Mannay, 2020).



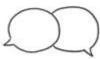
Three main analytical themes

- Students' reflections on the drawing exercises and group design processes
- 2. Using one's own experience of visual facilitation in developing learning designs
- 3. Using one's own experience of visual facilitation in data collection

Selected examples →

STUDENTS' EVALUATIONS

2. Using one's own experience of visual facilitation in developing learning designs



<u>Student group working with external case:</u> How can student teachers be supported when developing teaching materials for innovation?

'You can talk about innovation, but how might you make a design about it? How can we make a product that supports [the process of innovation]? In other words, we can talk about it, but how should it look visually?'

'We went through an innovative process ourselves'

STUDENTS' EVALUATIONS

2. Using one's own experience of visual facilitation in developing learning designs



Analysis:

- The students reflected on and applied their own experiences of drawing (from the Lab phase) in developing a learning design
- Students own drawing experiences → integrating drawings as a modality in their learning designs.
- The student group used their own production of visuals to reflect on their target group's utilization phase (Pauwels and Mannay, 2020).
- It can be argued that the drawings also prompted pedagogical considerations (Beetham, 2013) when the students took on the role of learning designers.



- STUDENTS' EVALUATIONS

3. Using one's own experience of visual facilitation in data collection



Student group included drawing as a social activity in their interventions

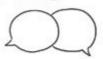
'We had a user participant workshop in which participants made some sketches that we worked on in the Sketch programme later the same day. We included their sketches so that participants could see the process as well'.

'From the physical sketches they [workshop participants] made, we talked a lot about how we could include their ideas.

(...) The logo we made—actually, one of the young ones from the club made the logo that we chose to take further'



STUDENTS' EVALUATIONS



Analysis:

- Students moving between: 1) Materialities hand drawings and Sketch programme 2) Switching between the four design modes (Olofsson and Sjölen, 2007)
- Beginning with their own exploratory mode when preparing the workshop. Next, they invited participants to draw their ideas, leading later in the day to a more explanatory mode, where different ideas were presented and discussed using the Sketch programme.



 From a sociomaterial perspective (Fenwick and Landri, 2012) the drawings could be traced from the students' design processes to the participatory workshop, where the design ideas were developed and redesigned on the basis of participants' drawings and joint discussions (Wenger, 2000)

CONCLUSION

- Our findings confirm that teaching visual facilitation helps students to realise the
 potentials of visualisations for learning as well as to explaining their actions and
 selection of design ideas
- Findings show that drawing activities became a significant pedagogical
 consideration, as students seemed more likely to use drawing as a tool for digital
 learning design and for involving their target group in the participatory workshops
- The students' flexible use of different design genres (Olofsson and Sjöflen, 2007) indicates an interesting direction for further studies of what emerges when design practices enter new interdisciplinary domains (Hansen and Dalsgaard, 2012)
- Academic language of the use visual methods: In the interviews, the students
 recall of their design processes drew on richness and diversity of visual materiality
 in driving social learning processes forward. However, the students lacked
 terminology to specify what their experience achieved, and they used common
 language to narrate their actions.

How to be ViLD in the future:

We advocate for more acknowledgement of visual methods in academia and further research is needed to assess the long-term implications of teaching visual facilitation in Humanities in Higher Education!

Thank you! ©

Heidi Hautopp: hhau@hum.aau.dk

Mie Buhl: mib@hum.aau.dk

5-9. Mini speaks and PhD tracks

Mini speak 1: Stepping into Knowledge: Inspiration & Understanding through Virtual Reality / The Animation Workshop
Hannibal Glaser

Over the past decade, virtual reality technology has matured to the point where it offers enormous potential as a means of inspiration and of the exploration of scientific knowledge, yet the actual hardware does not guarantee an appealing experience. This workshop invites you to explore the potential of room-scale, untethered virtual reality experiences as a method of bringing knowledge to life in an engaging, intuitive way. We will expand our knowledge by disseminating the diverse types of virtual reality experience and will come to understand the unique opportunities and challenges they represent.

Stepping Into Knowledge Inspiration & Understanding through Virtual Reality Hannibal Glaser - The Animation Workshop - VIA University College

About Me

- Game Developer, Programmer, Digital Designer, Producer, Project Manager
- Tech Fetishist
- Worked in a VR startup for 3 years
- Currently @TAW/w Games / XR
- Working with publicly accessible immersive media



Goals with this talk

The 'What'

- · To give you a general sense of the vocabulary around immersive media.
- · The state of immersive media technology, and what to expect.

The 'Why'

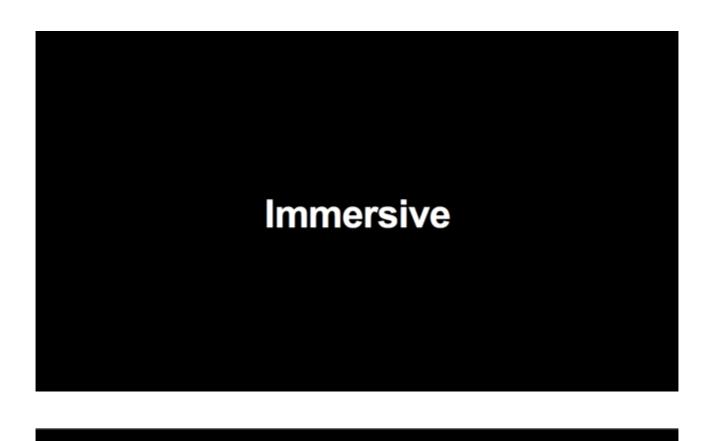
· A hint of what benefits there might be for science dissemination.

The 'How'

- · Some options for scientific institutions to get started.
- · Focus points to guarantee a better user experience.



The 'What'



"absorbing involvement"

Merriam Webster

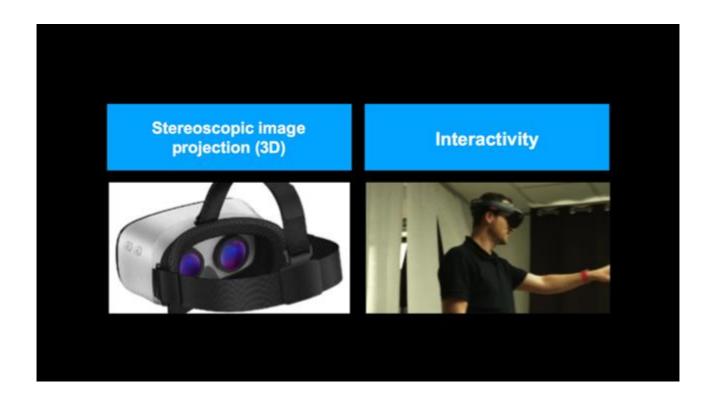
"instruction based on extensive exposure to surroundings or conditions that are native or pertinent to the object of study"

Merriam Webster

"baptism by complete submersion of the person in water"

Merriam Webster

Let's start with astory



XR VR = Virtual Reality AR = Augmented Reality
MR = Mixed Reality

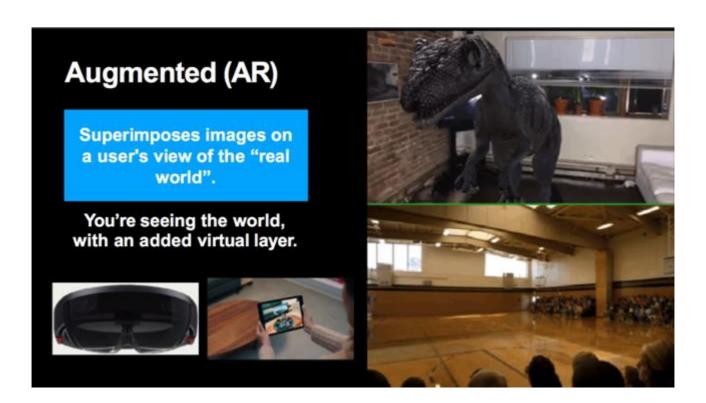
Virtual Reality (VR)

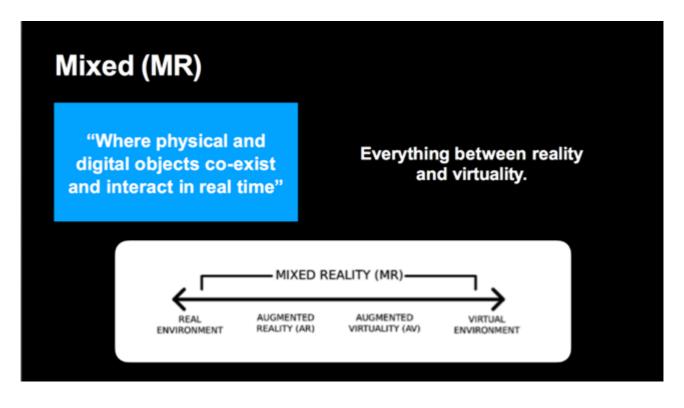
A fully simulated experience.

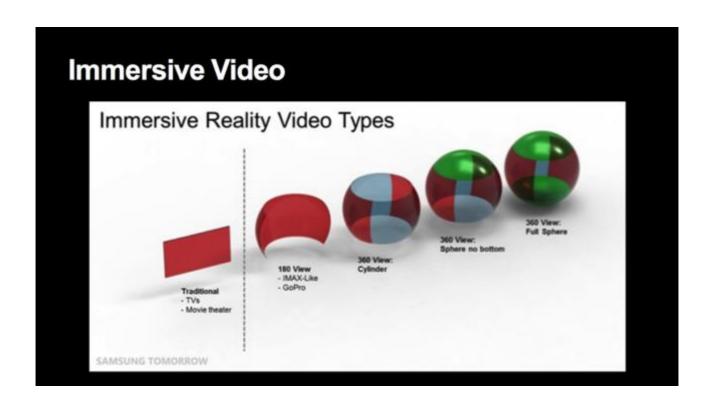
You're in another world, you're seeing something else.



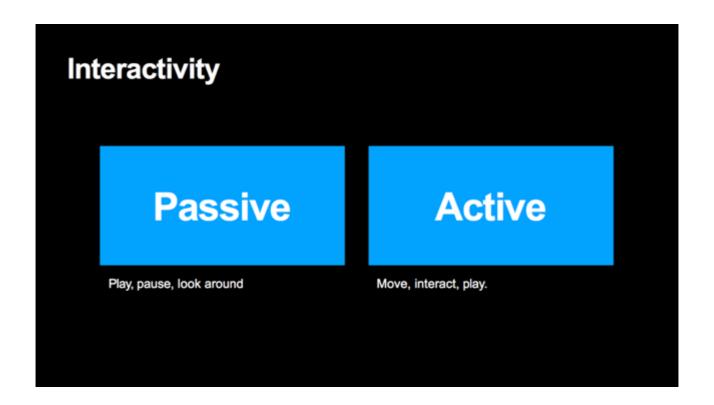
Lucrezia Camelos @Unsplash











The 'Why'

How do we enable better understanding for more people?

How can we make our findings more appealing to outsiders?

How do we reduce the price of epiphanies?

The tyrannical rectangle



You're only using a subset of your senses.

You're not part of the story.

You're not engaging your body.

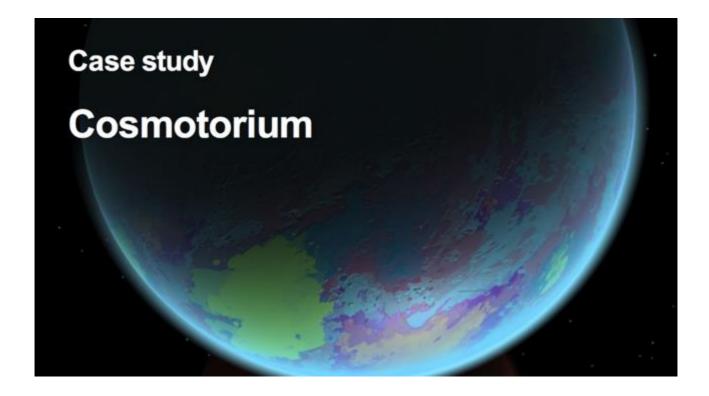
The Promise of VR

Experiencing is believing

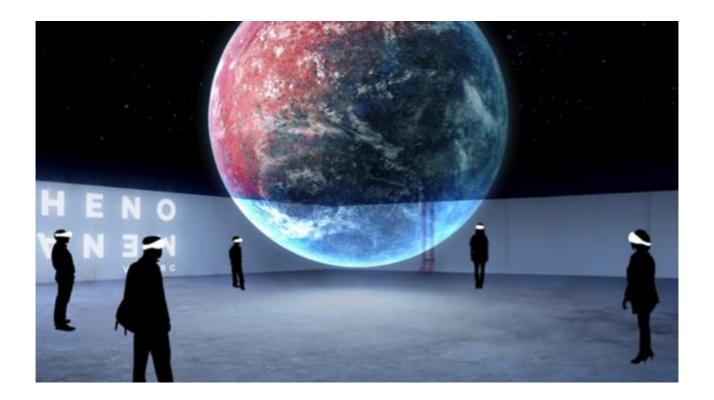
Reducing the price of knowledge exploration

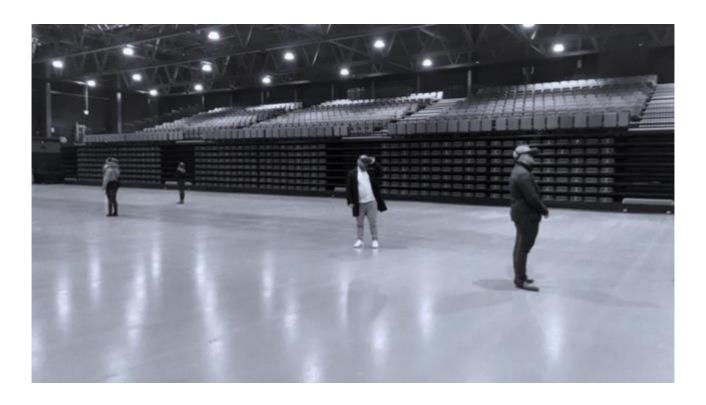
The 'How'

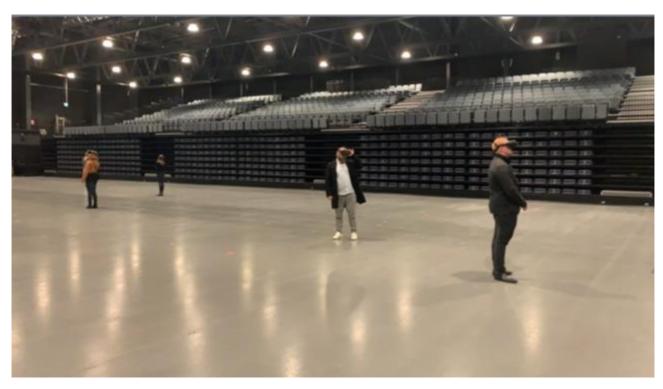
Consumer VR App <u>Public VR installations / Exhibitions</u>

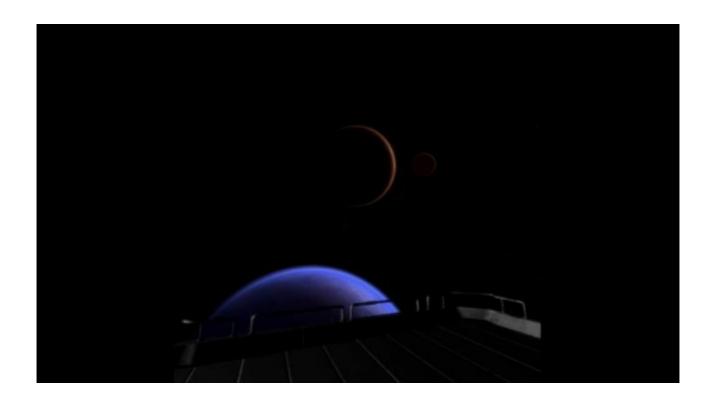


An experience where you freely, and amongst others, can explore various planets in a cosmic setting.









Museum-Scale Multi-User Co-Location VR Experience





Arival Introductio n Transition Experience Transition Departure



The dignity of beingoneself

Exploration is free, interaction is (UX)Expensive

Every (UX) detail matters.

Immersive media is scarier!

Know your audience.

Less is more.



Mini speak 2: Hacking the Design Concept in Technology Comprehension / University College Lillebaelt (UCL)

Anders Stig Christensen

This speak takes a critical approach to the concept of design as a thinking mode in the school subject 'Technology comprehension based on the Danish experimental project'. We consider whether design thinking is the proper way to promote personal empowerment by asking, 'Is it possible to think critically about technology using design thinking in school?' Through digital design processes, students are expected to understand technologies and propose solutions to problems. Examples developed in the trial include, for example, 'intelligent school furniture' and 'robot journalism'. What if the problem cannot be approached by design, for example, in social science, or what if the purpose of a school subject, such as visual arts, is to elaborate and express problems rather than solve them? We discuss how a critical perspective on technology comprehension can be implemented in the context of teaching diverse school subjects, and we consider where that leaves the concept of design.

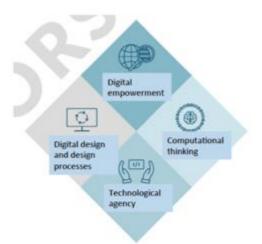
Hacking the design concept in technology comprehension

Anders Stig Christensen, UCL University College

Outline

- Technology comprehension in Denmark a subject aimed at technological empowerment, with democratic ambitions
- The use of digital empowerment in technology comprehension, and the didactical design thinking
- Limitations on the democratic scope of 'digital empowerment'
- Possibilities for actually providing democratic empowerment –
 examples from the experimental subject technology comprehension
 in the subjects (social science, visual arts, ---?)

The expressed democratic ambitions in technology comprehension



"Digital empowerment"

 As opposed to the more narrow concept of "Computational thinking"

computing is obviously important, but it is not sufficient. We define computational empowerment as the process in which children, as individuals and groups, develop the skills, insights and reflexivity needed to understand digital technology and its effect on their lives and society at large, and their capacity to engage critically, curiously and constructively with the construction and deconstruction of technology.

Iversen, Smith, Dindler 2018,

The use of digital empowerment in technology comprehension, and the didactical design thinking

 Digital myndiggørelse omhandler evnen til analytisk og refleksivt at forstå digitale artefakters betydning i hverdags-og arbejdslivet. Gennem faglige analyser af digitale artefakter, artefaktets indlejrede intentionalitet og artefaktets brug får eleven det nødvendige grundlag for proaktivt at kunne redesigne digitale artefakter, hvor de synes uhensigtsmæssige ift. en given brugspraksis, og til at vurdere artefaktets betydning for individ, fællesskaber og samfund.

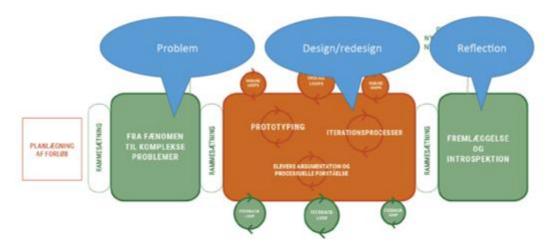
The use of digital empowerment in technology comprehension, and the didactical design thinking

 Digital myndiggørelse omhandler evnen til analytisk og refleksivt at forstå digitale artefakters betydning i hverdags-og arbejdslivet. Gennem faglige analyser af digitale artefakter, artefaktets indlejrede intentionalitet og artefaktets brug får eleven det nødvendige grundlag for proaktivt at kunne redesigne digitale artefakter, hvor de synes uhensigtsmæssige ift. en given brugspraksis, og til at vurdere artefaktets betydning for individ, fællesskaber og samfund.

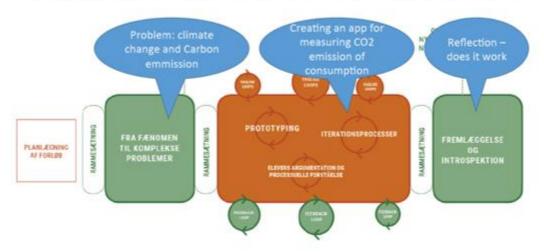
Focus on digital rtefacts, intentionality and *redesign*

The goal of being able to evaluate the importance for individuals, communities and society is stated, but the foundations for doing this is missing.

Didactic design model from tekforsøget

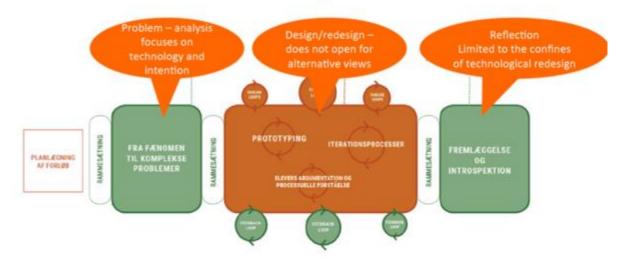


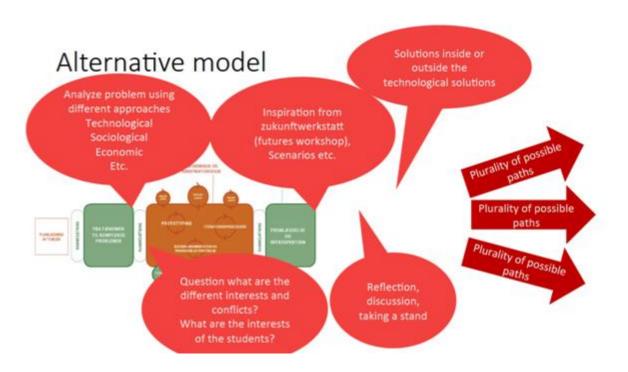
Example, several subjects- the climate plate



https://xn--tekforsget-6cb.dk/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/Tv%C3%A6rfaglig-8-kl-Klimatallerkenen-10-12-19.pdf

Limits to the Didactic design model





Ole Sejer Iversen, Rachel Charlotte Smith, and Christian Dindler (2018) From Computational Thinking to Computational Empowerment: A 21st Century PD Agenda. In PDC '18: Proceedings of the 15th Participatory Design Conference - Volume 1, August 20–24, 2018, Hasselt and Genk, Belgium. ACM, New York, NY, USA,

Mini speak 3: Reflections on HOME through Visual Thinking and Research / University College Copenhagen

Kirsten Skov

This speak invites you to explore the role of visualisation in investigating and challenging existing understandings and perceptions of HOME. You will be introduced to experiences with teacher-training art students who are exploring home as a concept and phenomenon. What is home? What makes a home? Is home a place or an idea?



REFLECTIONS ON HOME

Teacher students working with

- HOME as a concept
- · HOME as a phenomenon
- · HOME in a critical design perspective

How visual & material practices construct the notion of home

REFLECTIONS ON HOME

A visual approach to design

- · Reveal and challenge habitual thinking
- · Encourage critical thinking
- · Personal empowerment

Didactic design inspired by

- Visual culture (Buhl & Flensborg: 2011, Mirzoeff: 2013, Rogoff: 1998)
- Critical design (Dunne: 2005)
- Material and social practice activities (Merleau-Ponty:2009)

HOME as WORD

hem: HJEM: koti: heim: heima:

angerlarsimaffik: home: ホーム: maison: Zuhause: σπίτι: casa: hejmo: koti: lakay: huis: thuis: дома: domum: cartref: ev: kahale::rumah: doheem: dom: nhà: ikhaya: namo: uy: casa: home: hjem: kodus: domov: aiga: ile: homu: thús

to tell home

- · Large carpet intertwined by re-used sheets, towels and clothes
- · Stains and smells from different homes and people
- · Reflections on what HOME feels like





Bank & Raur On the fridge of civilization, 2014

to tell home

- · The portable home
- · A concept of home
- · The impermanent home





to tell home

- A sense of home
- Thinking home
- Imagining home



Kasper Bonnen: 2015

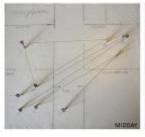


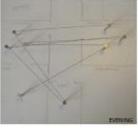
Randi & Katrine: The house in your head. 2014



- PATTERNS OF MOVEMENT
- · Lines & graphical models



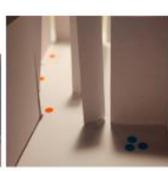






- PATTERNS OF MOVEMENT
- · Dots & colours







EXPLORING HOME

- PATTERNS OF MOVEMENT
- · Compression & accumulation





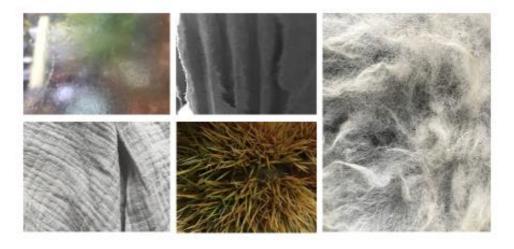
STORIES IN THINGS

- · Working with objects from home
- · Choose one that is not your own
- Tell
 what type of home it comes from
 where it is situated
 what it is used for



EXPLORING HOME

- TEXTURES IN YOUR HOME
- · Texture & detail rather than recognition of an object



· THE SOUND OF HOME



REFLECTIONS ON HOME

What does the students say

- Improves reflection on how you may understand HOME and connect to HOMELIKE
 e.g. certain feelings, material stuff & notions on HOME
- Looking with 'other eyes' → new knowledge, perception and observation
- Different reflections and perspectives on HOME → e.g. your first / current / last home , home on-the-go, the emotionally home and human needs
- From concrete visual didactic design to meta and abstract reflections
- A new way of understanding HOME
- An open didactic design concept → offers different positions and perspectivesfilosofical, cultural, psykological
- Visual communication transform reflections to tangible objects
- To see the unseen

Mini speak 4: Design Exploration Unfolded in an Ethical and Sensitive Environment / The Royal Danish Academy of Fine Arts, Schools of Architecture, Design and Conservation (KDAK)

Tine Kjølsen, head of the BA programme in visual design, and Jeppe Kilberg, head of Kilberg Media from KADK, will invite you to think about how the various situations that arise in e.g. a hospital environment can develop and add to design explorations as either restrictions or enablers.



We would like to share with you some experiences on how we explored different situations which arose in our hospital co-lab project.

A specific and sensitive environment can add to and develop design explorations in a very different direction, with local restrictions as benefactors.

We chose roleplaying and enactment as design tools to explore these situations.

Det Kongelige Akademi

Arkitektur, Design, Konservering

We worked with design thinking and with a special focus on problemsolving/value creation as the focus for the student's solutions.

They researched, they built models/ probes and tested a solution while learning how to navigate in a sensitive client-designer-user relation

Det Kongelige Akademi

Over the last three years we have collaborated with the Royal Hospital in developing a series of interactive designsolutions - this has been done in close collaboration and active iterations with patients, next of kin and the staff at the hospital.

Det Kongelige Akademi

Arkitektur, Design, Konservering

They have been presented with questionairs and surveys to define the project scope and focus - and they have been actively participating in probe testing and roleplaying sessions to develop the specific designsolutions to their best level.

- and they have participated in final testings on different levels to finalize the design systems.

Det Kongelige Akademi

In some situations this has been delicate and very sensitive as the last collaborative department was Oncology

- we had to (in some cases), to venture outside the hospital to find "old" patients in our personal network with whom we could test probe and observe during the process.

Det Kongelige Akademi

Arkitektur, Design, Konservering

Main interventions has been interviews, observation, probing, testing and feedback sessions.

The outcome has been a series of designsolutions ranging from new visually based trans-cultural communication information materiale - physical training within the hospital and AR oriented games.

Det Kongelige Akademi

Testing with potential "customers" how to play, act, use, navigate – observe and understand



Det Kongelige Akademi

Testing with potential "customers" how to –with possible users with different cultural backgorund



Det Kongelige Akademi

new visually based trans-cultural communication information material



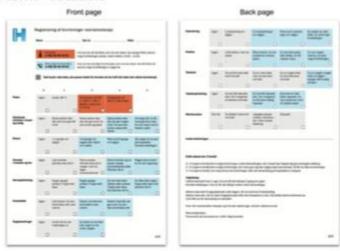
How can we make an intuitive and understandable wayfinding system with pictographs that includes non-danish and english speaking visitors?

Det Kongelige Akademi

Arkitektur, Design, Konservering

new visually based trans-cultural communication information material

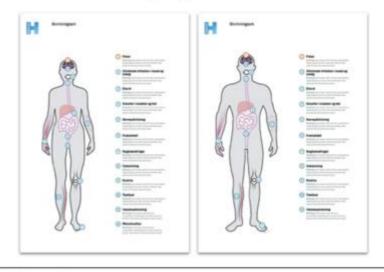
Side-effects form - solution



Det Kongelige Akademi

new visually based trans-cultural communication information material

Our solution - An additional body map



Det Kongelige Akademi

Arkitektur, Design, Konservering

User-testing of Augmented Reality games with kids



Det Kongelige Akademi

Location-based play to learn exploring the Hospital





Det Kongelige Akademi

Making the waiting room a social space - all throughout the day





Det Kongelige Akademi



PhD track 5: Responsible for the track:

Professor Helle Marie Skovbjerg, Design School Kolding Associate Professor, Stine Ejsing-Duun, Aalborg University

As a new feature, ViLD invited submissions for as an integral part of the main programme. The Ph.D. Track presentation included topics related to this year's ViLD theme ["Design Revelation"]. The track was an excellent opportunity for Ph.D. candidates to present their work and get feedback from the ViLD community. The track was facilitated by Helle Marie Skovbjerg



10. Keynote Wilful technologies

WILFUL TECHNOLOGIES -- DESIGN AS A CRITICAL PRACTICE

In its broadest sense, designed artefacts and systems can help us understand aspects of the world that are otherwise hard to grasp. About a year ago I co-edited 'Wilful Technologies', a publishing experiment on feminism + technology + design. Making this self-published booklet was a way to amplify artefacts, systems, objects, and designs that offer us ways of thinking about how contemporary digital culture could work in wilful ways, challenging heteronormative, conservative values. We wanted a repository, a collection, a place for people to look when they want to think. We wanted to show cases that can start conversations and speculate on many potential trajectories for the design of technology, especially those that break with contemporary techno-determinist ideas found in projects from the dominant techcenters in the world.

In this talk, I will present some of the projects from the repository, as well as a few others, and discuss the importance of also thinking of design practice as a critical practice: a practice that nurtures ways of rethinking, reconfiguring, and perhaps destabilising that which we take for granted.

Slides from Associate Professor Lone Koefoed Hansen, Aarhus University



Wilful technologies —design as a critical practice

Lone Koefoed Hansen
Aarhus University
@koefoed (Tw)

Having names for problems can make a difference.
Before, you could not quite put your finger on it.
Sara Ahmed,
Living a Feminist Life (2017)

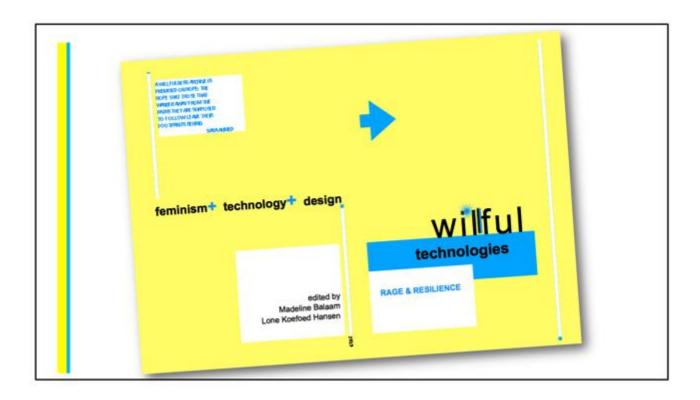
abstract

- In its broadest sense, designed artefacts and systems can help us understand aspects of the world that are otherwise hard to grasp.
- About a year ago I co-edited Wilful Technologies, a publishing experiment on feminism + technology + design.
- Making this self-published booklet was a way to amplify artefacts, systems, objects, and
 designs that offer us ways of thinking about how contemporary digital culture could work in
 wilful ways, challenging heteronormative, conservative values. We wanted a repository, a
 collection, a place for people to look when they want to think.
- We wanted to show cases that can start conversations and speculate on many potential trajectories for the design of technology, especially those that break with contemporary techno-determinist ideas found in projects from the dominant tech-centers in the world.
- In this talk, I will present some of the projects from the repository, as well as a few others, and discuss the importance of also thinking of design practice as a critical practice: a practice that nurtures ways of rethinking, reconfiguring, and perhaps destabilising that which we take for granted.

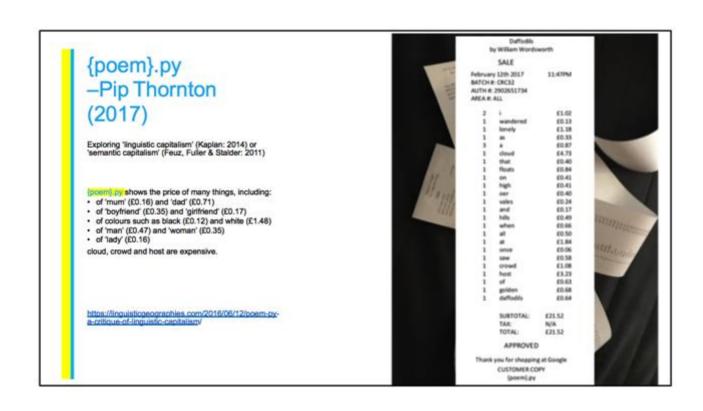
design = a critical practice

a practice that nurtures ways of rethinking, reconfiguring, and perhaps destabilising that which we take for granted









so?

When we understand design as capable of being wilful,

- design objects can embody criticality and refusal. The 'job' of the design object becomes one of questioning for instance the role of technology in people's lives.
- can become a practice of critique; a practice of knowledge production (or generation) through critical engagement with topics that matter to us (designers, the public, the user, the citizen).

A willfulness archive is premised on hope:
the hope that those that wander away from
the paths they are supposed to follow
leave their footprints behind.

Shout-out to:
* all contributors
*my co-editor,
Madeline Balaam,
KTH, Stockholm

11. Panel discussion

After the keynote, the key note speaker Associate Professor Lone Koefoed Hansen, Head of programme engaged in a panel discussion with Tine Kjølsen The Royal Danish Academy of Fine Arts, Schools of Architecture, Design and Conservation (KADK), Professor Helle Marie Skovbjerg, Design School Kolding

