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Effect of EGF on viability of cryopreserved beef bull semen

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Effect of EGF on fertilizing potentials of cryopreserved beef bull semen



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AIM OF THE WORK

Evaluate the effects of EGF on the viability and integrity of frozen sperm from Piedmontese bulls

MATERIAL AND METHODS

- Weekly withdrawal for 8 consecutive weeks same bulls
- Dilution with Bullxcell
- Experimental groups addition of EGF at concentrations of 0, 50, 100, 200 and 400 ng / ml.
- Programmed freezing up to -150 ° C
- Storage in liquid nitrogen (-196 ° C)
- Motility and Velocity CASA TO T1 T2 T3 e T4 Motility (total and progressive) Speed (curvilinear, average, linear)



- DNA integrity
- Apoptosis
- Mitochondrial activity
- Penetration of cervical mucus

PROGRES

Antioxidant activity

SOD Colorimetric Kit

POST THAWING

Citofluorimetry

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E MOTILITY (%)	Control	53.19 ± 0.66	43.56±0 .70ª	26.63±1.30 _a	6.16±1.40	4.02±1.25
	EGF 50ng/mL	53.03± 0.85	44.56±1.00ª	30.78±1.14 _b	9.28±1.26	3.84±0.99
	EGF 100 ng/mL	54.12 ± 0.57	45.58±0.64ª	27.20±0.98 _a	8.38±1.29	4.09±1.16
	EGF 200 ng/mL	54.69±0.58	48.09± 0.71 ^b	32.77±1.01 _b	9.89±1.45	3.66±0.96
	EGF 400 ng/mL	54.44±0.97	44.89±0 .60ª	32.47±1.39 _b	8.06±1.00	4.75±1.34
	Sig.	NS	0.000	0.000	NS	NS

1 HOUR

2 HOURS

3 HOURS

TABLE 1: Motility parameters

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Experimental groups	Live sperm (%)	Integrity (%)	Integrity (%)	DNA Integrity (%)
Control	68.56 ±1.32 ^{ab}	90.94 ± 1.75	60.94 ± 1.65	94.02±0.35
EGF 50 ng/mL	65.50 ± 1.10ª	90.56 ± 1.71	61.94 ± 1.95	93.85±0.70
EGF 100 ng/mL	70.06 ± 1.34 ^b	92.25 ± 1.52	64.63 ± 1.74	94.02±0.66
EGF 200 ng/mL	72.38 ± 1.50^{b}	92.06 ± 1.78	63.00 ± 2.35	94.25±0.63
EGF 400 ng/mL	71.06 ± 1.50^{b}	93.56 ± 1.36	62.88 ± 1.95	93.43±0.73



SPERM MEMBRANE INTEGRITY

Stainig with Trypan Blue & Giemsa Microscopic evaluation

Classification of spermatozoa

Live sperm with intact acrosome
 Dead sperm with intact acrosoma
 Live sperm without acrosome
 Dead sperm without acrosome



BLE 2: Effect of EGF on cryopreserved Piedmontese bull semen livability, acrosome, plasma embrane and DNA integrities. Values are presented as mean± SEM. The different letters within e same column differed significantly at P < 0.05.



MUCUS SPERM PENETRATION TEST



HMMP

WITH ACRIDINE ORANGE

Group	HMMP (%)	Mucus penetration distance (cm)	SOD activity (u/ml)
Control	12.44 ± 1.68	8.75 ± 1.93	1.68 ± 0.02
EGF 50 ng/mL	24.15 ± 12.44	10.00 ± 1.78	1.67± 0.04
EGF 100 ng/mL	30.67 ± 9.39	9.73 ± 1.98	1.72 ± 0.03
EGF 200 ng/mL	25.73 ± 10.35	10.38 ± 1.14	1.69 ± 0.03
EGF 400 ng/mL	22.61 ± 10.30	9.70 ± 0.83	1.64 ± 0.04

TABLE 3: Effect of EGF on mitochondrial activity, mucus penetration ability and SOD activity. Values are presented as mean ±SEM. HMIMP: High Mitochondrial membrane SOD: Superoxide dismutase. The different letters within the same column differed significantly at P < 0.08.





INEXIN-V E IODURE PROPIDIUM

Group	Normal Viable sperm	Necrotic sperm	Apoptic sperm
Control	(%)	(%)	(%)
Control	45.55 ±10.05	45.90 ± 5.01	0.15 ± 5.41a
EGF 50 ng/mL	50.41 ± 5.43	47.78 ± 5.28	1.80 ± 0.34 ab
EGF 100 ng/mL	52.69 ± 3.64	46.29 ± 3.70	$1.02 \pm 0.23b$
EGF 200 ng/mL	51.63 ± 3.64	47.36 ± 3.88	$1.02 \pm 0.31b$
EGF 400 ng/mL	50.54 ± 2.85	48.48 ± 2.81	$1.15 \pm 0.23b$

TABLE 4: Effect of EGF on sperm apoptosis and necrosis. Values are presented as mean ±SEM. Values with different superscripts differed significantly at (P <0.07)

CONCLUSIONS

The EGF significantly (p<0.05) improve the different velocity parameters after the different incubation periods mainly with the concentrations 100, 200 and 400 ng/ml. EGF significantly improved the sperm vitality (p<0.01) and decreased sperm apoptosis (p<0.05) with the concentrations 100, 200 and 400 ng/ml without affecting acrosome, plasma membrane and DNA integrities. In conclusions, incorporation of EGF especially at concentrations 100 and 200 ng/ml could improve the vitality parameters of cryopreserved bull semen.



