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<b>Citation</b>	<b>The 19th Annual Scientific Meeting of the International Association for Dental Research (Southeast Asia Division), Koh Samui, Thailand, 3-6 September 2004. In Journal of Dental Research, 2004, v. 83 Sp B</b>
<b>Issued Date</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>URL</b>	<b><a href="http://hdl.handle.net/10722/53244">http://hdl.handle.net/10722/53244</a></b>
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# ***Healing responses following surgical/non-surgical treatment in residual periodontally-involved sites***

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Objective: The aim of this study was to evaluate the healing responses following surgical or repeated non-surgical treatment in residual pockets of previously non-surgically treated periodontitis patients. Methods: 12 female and 4 male subjects (mean age = 44.5 years) were recruited for this split-mouth, single-blinded study. Matched-paired-sites with residual probing pocket depth  $\geq 6$ mm and bleeding on probing were selected in each patient. Presence of supragingival plaque (PI%), bleeding on probing (BOP%), probing pocket depth (PPD) and probing attachment level (PAL) were recorded at baseline and 3 months after treatment. Test sites were selected randomly for repeated non-surgical debridement under local anaesthesia while control sites received surgical treatment. Results: Full-mouth PI% decreased from 20% at baseline to 17% at 3 months and the BOP% decreased from 25% to 22%. Mean PPD reduction for test and control sites were 3.3mm and 3.1mm ( $p > 0.05$ , paired  $t$ -test), mean PAL gains were 2.5mm and 1.7mm ( $p > 0.05$ ), and mean increases in recession were 0.8mm and 1.4mm ( $p < 0.05$ ). Conclusion: The healing responses in residual periodontally-involved sites following non-surgical or surgical treatment were similar and both treatment modalities were effective in PPD reduction and gain of PAL, but surgical debridement caused more recession.

[Periodontal Research - Therapy](#)

[The Preliminary Program for Annual Scientific Meeting, 19th International Association for Dental Research-Southeast Asia Division and 13th Southeast Asia Association for Dental Education \(September 3-6, 2004\)](#)