University of New Mexico

UNM Digital Repository

HSC Education Day

Health Sciences Center Events

1-13-2021

Valued Information Resources when making Diagnoses: The experiences of Medical Students in a Clinical Reasoning Course

Jonathan D. Eldredge

Laura J. Hall

Sumit J. Patel

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/hsc_ed_day

Recommended Citation

Eldredge, Jonathan D.; Laura J. Hall; and Sumit J. Patel. "Valued Information Resources when making Diagnoses: The experiences of Medical Students in a Clinical Reasoning Course." (2021). https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/hsc_ed_day/80

This Poster is brought to you for free and open access by the Health Sciences Center Events at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in HSC Education Day by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact amywinter@unm.edu, Isloane@salud.unm.edu, sarahrk@unm.edu.

I/J/I

VALUED INFORMATION RESOURCES WHEN MAKING DIAGNOSES: THE EXPERIENCES OF MEDICAL STUDENTS IN A CLINICAL REASONING COURSE

HEALTH SCIENCES LIBRARY & INFORMATICS CENTER

ELDREDGE JD, HALL LJ, PATEL SJ
THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO, ALBUQUERQUE, NM

OBJECTIVE

The clinical reasoning process aimed at making an accurate diagnosis represents a complex activity. No studies to date have reported on how medical students harness existing information resources in their clinical reasoning courses to arrive at correct diagnoses.

METHODS

Cross Sectional Study. An anonymous survey asked students first to recall their most useful information resources halfway through their three clinical reasoning courses. Students then were asked to evaluate the comparative usefulness of these selected resources. Finally, students reported on those resources that they no longer found useful. This survey sought to learn what information resources medical students value so that librarians can provide the best possible instructional and collection resources.



RESULTS

69 of the 107 students enrolled in the Clinical Reasoning 2 course completed the three-part survey (64.5% response rate). Students frequently mentioned finding point-of-care tools, general web browsers, journal articles, course materials, and textbooks to be useful. When forced to rank their preferences students added medical society websites and the diagnostic tool Diagnosaurus in AccessMedicine. Student halfway through their three courses no longer found medical licensure exam review guides, patient-oriented sources, or course lecture notes to be helpful.

TABLE 1 Resources Students Listed

Information Resource	#	%
UpToDate	61	88%
General Web Browsers	42	61
Journal Articles	40	58
Block or Course Materials	33	48
Textbooks	28	41
General Medical Websites	28	41
Diagnosaurus	27	39
Visual Dx	27	39
Medical Societies' Websites	24	35
DynaMed	17	25

TABLE 2 STUDENTS' RANKED PREFERENCES

Information Resource	%
UpToDate	60
DynaMed	17
Gen Med Websites	36
Journal Articles	37
Diagnosaurus	27
Textbooks	27
Visual Dx	30
Gen Web Browsers	36
Block or Course Materials	33
	Resource UpToDate DynaMed Gen Med Websites Journal Articles Diagnosaurus Textbooks Visual Dx Gen Web Browsers Block or Course

CONCLUSION

Medical students halfway their three clinical reasoning courses provided surprising results as well as some expected results in this cross sectional study. Please contact the principal investigator, Dr. Jon Eldredge, at email sjeldredge@salud.unm.edu> for details.

Eldredge JD, Hall LJ, Patel SJ. Information resources valued by medical students in a clinical reasoning course: a cross sectional study. Journal of Electronic Resources in Medical Libraries 2020 winter; 17 (3): 1-10.