



Calhoun: The NPS Institutional Archive

Center on Contemporary Conflict

CCC-PASCC Research in Progress Ripsheets

2014-07

Trilateral Cooperation to Strengthen Extended Deterrence in Northeast Asia

Center on Contemporary Conflict

Monterey, California: Naval Postgraduate School.

http://hdl.handle.net/10945/42494



Calhoun is a project of the Dudley Knox Library at NPS, furthering the precepts and goals of open government and government transparency. All information contained herein has been approved for release by the NPS Public Affairs Officer.

> Dudley Knox Library / Naval Postgraduate School 411 Dyer Road / 1 University Circle Monterey, California USA 93943

http://www.nps.edu/library







The Project on Advanced Systems and **Concepts for Countering WMD** (PASCC) is run at the Center on Contemporary Studies (CCC) and sponsored by the Defense Threat Reduction Agency. PASCC awards and supports strategic studies and dialogues that anticipate and try to reduce the threat of WMD capabilities.



The CCC has a respected track record for providing research and timely analysis on a variety of topics to leading decision makers in the U.S. national security community. Located in the Naval Postgraduate School, the CCC is the research wing of the Department of National Security Affairs.

Research in Progress describes ongoing PASCC research. For more information, please contact <u>pascc@nps.edu</u>.

Published July 2014

Trilateral Cooperation to Strengthen Extended Deterrence in Northeast Asia

Performer: Pacific Forum CSIS Principal Investigator: Brad Glosserman Cost: \$202,622 Fiscal Year(s): 2014-2015

Objective:

Building on the results of a small trilateral meeting held in Seoul in September 2013, this initiative by the Pacific Forum will help address each country's specific questions surrounding the U.S. extended deterrent in a changing regional security environment. It will identify ways the three countries can work together to secure their national interests and reinforce that deterrent in Northeast Asia.

Potential topics for the trilateral discussions include assessment of the Asian strategic balance, rebalance in Northeast Asia, impact and perceived impact of the rise of China, impact and perceived impact of North Korea's nuclear program, dealing with regional contingencies, domestic politics and alliances, and opportunities for trilateral cooperation.

Approach:

The Pacific Forum will host the U.S.-Japan-ROK Trilateral Strategic Dialogue in Summer 2014. Security specialists and officials from each country will explore and examine opportunities and obstacles to trilateral cooperation. U.S. attendees will also hold short bilateral discussions with Japanese and South Korean representatives. Key Findings and a more comprehensive analytic report will summarize the results of these dialogues. The Pacific Forum has conducted a U.S.-Japan Strategic Dialogue for the past six years and a U.S.-ROK Strategic Dialogue for the past five years.