

# **COST-EFFECTIVE HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION AND BIOMASS UTILIZATION: A CASE STUDY FROM WALLOWA COUNTY, OREGON**

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tilizing woody biomass from hazardous fuels reduction projects may make forest restoration more cost effective while creating local economic benefits. However, there is a lack of evidence about how projects can be designed for these outcomes. Wallowa Resources and the Wallowa-Whitman National Forest (WWNF) partnered to test if mechanical treatment with biomass utilization was cost effective in comparison to hand thinning, piling, and burning using a hazardous fuels reduction project called Reservoir Biomass. We studied the benefits and challenges of this approach.

## **Project process**

The WWNF identified eight units for this treatment on 621 acres, and entered into an agreement with Wallowa Resources to plan, implement, and monitor fuels reduction on these acres. Wallowa Resources conducted a pilot to understand the operating costs and equipment capacities of local contractors. Wallowa Resources contracted with businesses to perform this work, and purchased the restoration by-products from the Forest Service to sell to local biomass utilization facilities.

## Results

This case study showed that mechanical fuels reduction and biomass utilization can be more cost-effective than hand thinning, piling, and burning on the Wallowa-Whitman NF. Cost per acre was \$296, which is less than typical costs of \$300 to \$900/acre depending on prescription. Cost-efficient fuels reduction may be most possible when projects have total stand treatments, contain a commercial sawlog component, use stewardship contracting, are planned where roads are in good condition, and/or chipping and sorting take place off site. Local economic benefits may result

### 402 acres treated

### 758 green tons of material removed

- 60 tons for post and pole production 273 tons for firewood and densified firelog production 425 tons for local school biomass boiler

### 13 jobs created

#### **Businesses engaged**

- Two logging contractors from Wallowa County
- One trucking contractor from Grant County

#### **Biomass end users**

- One local wood products business School district

Cost: \$296 per acre

if a project is matched to local contractor capacity, there is an intermediary like Wallowa Resources to help businesses facing risk, and there are local biomass utilization facilities.

## More information

The complete study can be found in the EWP Working Paper #29, "Forest restoration and biomass utilization for multiple benefits: a case study from Wallowa County, Oregon," which is available at ewp.uoregon.edu/publications/working.

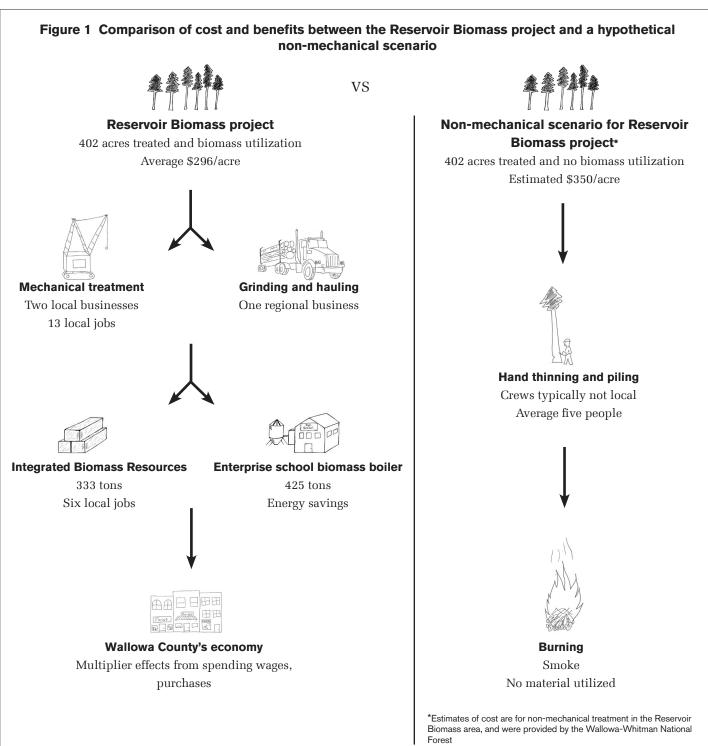








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