

University of Kentucky
UKnowledge

International Grassland Congress Proceedings

21st International Grassland Congress / 8th International Rangeland Congress

## Determination of Daily Forage Requirements of Camels in the Tabas Rangeland

S. A. Javadi Islamic Azad University, Iran

H. Arzani Islamic Azad University, Iran

Follow this and additional works at: https://uknowledge.uky.edu/igc

Part of the Plant Sciences Commons, and the Soil Science Commons

This document is available at https://uknowledge.uky.edu/igc/21/9-2/45

The 21st International Grassland Congress / 8th International Rangeland Congress took place in Hohhot, China from June 29 through July 5, 2008.

Proceedings edited by Organizing Committee of 2008 IGC/IRC Conference

Published by Guangdong People's Publishing House

This Event is brought to you for free and open access by the Plant and Soil Sciences at UKnowledge. It has been accepted for inclusion in International Grassland Congress Proceedings by an authorized administrator of UKnowledge. For more information, please contact UKnowledge@lsv.uky.edu.

## Determination of daily forage requirements of camels in the Tabas rangeland

S.A. Javadi and H.Arzani

Islamic Azad University ,Science and Research Branch ,Tehran ,Iran .E-mail : sadynam@yahoo com

Key words : metabolized energy ,daily forage requirement ,camel

**Introduction** In order to evaluate grazing capacity, it is necessary to be aware of animal daily nutrient requirements for sustainable nutrition. Different kinds of animals prefer different plant species and have different needs. Camels graze arid rangelands in Iran and can survive hard desert conditions.

Materials and methods Forage quality (CP% and ADF%) was calculated for several vegetation types. Dry matter digestibility was estimated by formula 1 (suggested by Oddy *et al* 1983). Metabolizable energy of forage was predicted using equation 2 (suggested by AOAC 1990). The metabolizable energy requirement of camels (500 kg live weight) was estimated to be 70 2 MJ (Wilson ,1989; Arzani *et al* 2005). The daily forage requirement of camels was calculated taking into account the metabolizable energy of the forage and the metabolizable energy requirements of the camels for each vegetation type.

(1)

(2)

 $\rm DM\,D^{0\!/}_{0}=\!83$ .58-0 824  $\rm ADF^{0\!/}_{0}+2$ .626  $\rm N^{0\!/}_{0}$   $\rm M\,E{=}0$ .17  $\rm DM\,D^{0\!/}_{0}$ -2

**Results** As shown in Table 1, the mean metabolizable energy of the forages was 9 .1MJ and the mean daily forage requirement for camels was calculated to be 7.7kg dry forage .Grazing capacity of the Tabas rangeland was calculated to be 592 camels (details not reported here).

<b>Table 1</b> Mean ME and daily	1	forage requirement	fo	r camels	s in	Tabas	rangel	and
	_							

Vegetation types	Mean metabolizable energy of forage (MJ)	Daily requirement of camels (kg dry forage)
$A\ rtemisia\ siberi-Zygophyllom\ atriplicoides$	8 8±0 2	8
Haloxylon ammodendron-Hammada salicornia	9 2±0 3	7 6
$Seidlitzia\ rosmarinus$ - $Halox_{\mathcal{Y}}lon\ ammodend$ ron	9 6±0 3	7 3
A rtemisia siberi-Seidlitzia rosmarinus	8 8±0 2	8
Mean	9.1	7.7

**Conclusions** Daily forage requirement for camels depended on forage quality. Because forage plants varied in quality, metabolizable energy content varied with vegetation types. Therefore feeding arrangements for camels need to take into account differences between rangelands. Grazing capacity of rangelands can be increased by enhancing forage quality.

## References

AOAC (1990) .Official Methods of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists .15<sup>th</sup> ed .Washington D.C., USA . Arzani , H., Naseri K., (2005) Livestock grazing in rangeland and pasture .Tehran University . 301p.

Oddy ,V. H., Robards ,G. E., and Low ,s. G. (1983). Prediction of *in vivo* dry matter digestibility from the fiber and nitrogen content of a feed .Glenfield ,New south Wales ,Australia ,*Veterinary Research Station*. P 395-398.

Wilson , R. T. .(1989) . The nutritional requirements of camel J. L. C. A. Addis Ababa (Ethiopia)  $.O_{ption\,Mediterranean's}$  , no 2 : 171-179 .