



Title: Excavations in 2009 in the environs of El-Ar village (Fourth Cataract region, Sudan)

Author(s): Anna Longa

Journal: Polish Archaeology in the Mediterranean 21 (Research 2009)

Year: 2012

Pages: 393-398

ISSN 1234-5415 (Print), ISSN 2083-537X (Online)

ISBN 978-83-235-1144-1

Publishers: Polish Centre of Mediterranean Archaeology, University of Warsaw (PCMA UW),

Wydawnictwa Uniwersytetu Warszawskiego (WUW)

www.pcma.uw.edu.pl - www.wuw.pl

EXCAVATIONS IN 2009 IN THE ENVIRONS OF EL-AR VILLAGE (FOURTH CATARACT REGION, SUDAN)

Anna Longa

Institute of Archaeology, Jagiellonian University

Abstract: Three sites were excavated in January and February 2009 by a Polish team near the village of El-Ar in the Fourth Cataract area. The most interesting was site P1 where fragments of three caliciform beakers were found.

Keywords: Fourth Cataract, Middle Kerma, caliciform beakers

EXCAVATIONS IN 2009 IN THE ENVIRONS OF EL-AR VILLAGE (FOURTH CATARACT REGION, SUDAN)

Anna Longa

Institute of Archaeology, Jagiellonian University

Abstract: Three sites were excavated in January and February 2009 by a Polish team near the village of El-Ar in the Fourth Cataract area. The most interesting was site P1 where fragments of three caliciform beakers were found.

Keywords: Fourth Cataract, Middle Kerma, caliciform beakers

Continued research in the territory of the PCMA concession on the Fourth Cataract within the framework of the international MDASP effort included, among others, excavation of three sites in the immediate environs of the village of El-Ar (for an overview of the Polish contribution in 2009 see Chłodnicki 2012, in this volume). Sites designated as P1, P37 and P38 were explored by the present author in January and February 2009.

SITE P1

Site P1 had been investigated once already in 2007. It is located in the immediate vicinity of the modern village on a promontory at the edge of the high desert, towering over the Nile Valley, cut off by *khors* (seasonal stream beds). In 2009 the team excavated three tombs, adding to the ten graves investigated there in the first season in 2007: one late Meroitic and nine dated to the Middle Kerma period (Longa 2010).

Tomb T.11 had a stone superstructure nearing a rectangle in shape, 1.20 m by 1.80 m in size. The grave pit was oval, the long diameter being 1.50 m. Buried in the grave was a child aged 3 to 4 years, the body aligned east—west in a slightly contracted position, head to the east and facing south. An inner ring of stones surrounded the pit. At the southern end of the grave there was a ceramic vessel placed by the head of the skeleton. A bracelet of faience beads adorned one wrist. The tomb could be dated to the Middle Kerma period.

The stone superstructure of tomb T.13 was oval, measuring approximately 1 m across. The grave pit, which measured 1.10 m by 1.15 m, was encircled by an additional ring of stones laid on top of the skeleton. The body was of a child 18 months old, aligned north–south with head to the south, facing east. It was slightly contracted. There were no grave goods to specify the dating of the tomb,

but the construction technique placed it in the Middle Kerma period.

Tomb T.12 had a stone oval superstructure measuring 2 m along the long axis. A ceramic vessel lay concealed under the southern part of this superstructure. The oval grave pit, 1.20 m across at the longest, contained the tightly contracted skeleton of an adult male (25–35 years), aligned north-south, head towards the south facing east. Grave goods included a ceramic vessel, an iron arrowhead and a necklace of beads made of diverse materials: glass, ostrich eggshell and faience. The grave was late Meroitic in date [*Fig. 1*].

Research in 2009 provided an overall understanding of the use of the cemetery at El-Ar P1. The eleven Middle Kerma tombs formed a relatively small burial ground with individual tombs being situated quite close together, limited to the promontory. Dating was based on a pottery analysis with parallels coming from other burial contexts recorded in the Fourth Cataract region. An examination of tomb construction confirmed the pottery dating (El-Tayeb, Kołosowska 2003: 117–126; 2005: 53; Kołosowska, El-Tayeb 2006–2007: 205–218; Longa 2009: 129–135).

Fragments of at least three caliciform beakers found scattered on the surface of



Fig. 1. Late Meroitic tomb T.12 at the El-Ar P1 site (Photo M. Jawornicki)

the site indicate that human occupation of the area started in the Neolithic [Fig. 2]. These vessels have an extremely characteristic shape with convex bottom and flaring flat rim, and commonly bear an elaborate geometric decoration. They are found extensively on Neolithic sites in northeastern Africa, in the Nile Valley from Middle Egypt to Kadero and in the Eastern and Western Deserts from Dakhla Oasis to Wadi Howar and the Fourth Cataract region (Chłodnicki 1987: 141-148; Reinold 2001: 2-10; Darnell 2002: 156-177; Hope 2002: 39-61; Braddock 2003: 52; Welsby 2003: 20; 2010: 182; Gatto 2006: 103-106; Jesse 2008: 33-48: Kobusiewicz et alii 2009: 147–174). Common as grave goods, they were placed by the head or the pelvis of the body, mainly in rich male burials. They constitute a unique group among the grave furnishings, being used presumably

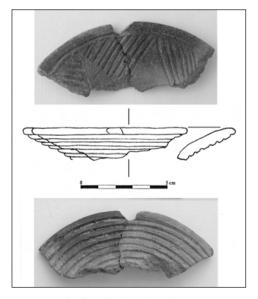


Fig. 2. Caliciform beakers from the El-Ar P1 site (Drawing A. Longa; photo M. Jawornicki)

for ritual libations during the funeral. No Neolithic structures were recorded, but it should be assumed based on the surface pottery finds that some had existed and had been destroyed by the later occupants of the area (Longa 2011: 14).

To recapitulate the phasing of the site, it began to be used in the Neolithic, was occupied again as a burial ground around 2050–1750 BC (Middle Kerma) and one last time in late Meroitic times (approximately AD 150–350).

Ground surveying around the P1 site revealed scatters of pottery attributed to the Middle Kerma period on surrounding heights. Two of these were examined.

SITE P37

Site P37 comprised a single grave with oval stone superstructure with a maximum length of 2 m. The oval grave pit was 1.20 m by 1.80 m [Fig. 3]. The body of a man aged 40-45 years had been deposited northsouth with the head to the north facing west. The body was strongly contracted and lay on its right side. There were no grave goods, but the body had been wrapped in a mat. The pottery assemblage from the surface and the fill of the grave is typical of the Middle Kerma period, but the absence of grave goods with the burial does not permit the burial itself to be dated, as the ceramics could have accumulated in the area prior to the digging of this grave.

SITE P38

The other examined site, P38, was a stone structure of oval shape by a quartzite outcrop. It was most probably a dwelling [Fig. 4]. A hearth was traced inside the hut. An extensive assemblage of pottery from the site was dated to the Middle Kerma period.



Fig. 3. Site P37 during excavation (Photo Maciej Jawornicki)



Fig. 4. Site P38 before excavation (Photo M. Jawornicki)

Dr. Anna Longa Institute of Archaeology, Jagiellonian University 31-007 Kraków, Poland ul. Gołębia 11 anna.longa@wp.pl

REFERENCES

Braddock, P.

2003 The Pottery [in:] D.A. Welsby, Survey above the Fourth Nile Cataract [=BAR International Series 1110; Sudan Archaeological Research Society Publications 10], Oxford: Archaeopress, 51–72

Chłodnicki, M.

- 1987 Ceramics from the Neolithic cemetery at Kadero Central Sudan, ANM 2, 141–147
- 2012 Research in the PCMA UW concession on the Fourth Cataract (Hamdab Dam Rescue Project). Interim report 2009, PAM 21 (Research 2009), 377–386

Darnell, D.

2002 Gravel of the desert and broken pots in the road: Ceramic evidence from the routes between the Nile and Kharga Oasis [in:] R.F. Friedman (ed.), Egypt and Nubia. Gifts of the Desert, London: British Museum Press, 156–177

El-Tayeb, M., Kołosowska, E.

2005 Burial traditions on the right bank of the Nile in the Fourth Cataract Region, *GAMAR* 4, 51–74

Gatto, M.C.

2006 Prehistoric Nubian ceramic traditions: Origin, development and spreading trajectories [in:] I. Caneva, A. Roccati (eds), *Acta Nubica. Proceedings of the X International Conference of Nubian Studies, Rome 9–14 September 2002*, Rome: Libreria dello Stato; Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato, 103–106

Hope, C.A.

Early and Mid-Holocene ceramics from the Dakhleh Oasis: Traditions and influences [in:] R.F. Friedman (ed.), *Egypt and Nubia. Gifts of the Desert*, London: British Museum Press, 39–61

Jesse, F.

2008 Time of experimentation? The 4th and 3rd millennia BC in Lower Wadi Howar, Northwestern Sudan [in:] W. Godlewski, A. Łajtar (eds), Between the Cataracts. Proceedings of the 11th Conference for Nubian Studies, Warsaw University, 27 August–2 September 2006, I. Main Papers [=PAM Supplement Series 2.1], Warsaw: PCMA, 49–74

Kobusiewicz, M., Kabaciński, J., Schild, R., Irish, J.D., Wendorf, F.

2009 Burial practices of the Final Neolithic pastoralists at Gebel Ramlah, Western Desert of Egypt, British Museum Studies in Ancient Egypt and Sudan 13, 147–174

397	

Anna Longa

SUDAN

Kołosowska, E., El-Tayeb, M.

- 2003 Pottery from the Fourth Cataract Region (Sudan), GAMAR 2, 117–133
- 2007 Old Kush II burials in the Fourth Cataract Region [in:] B. Gratien (ed.), Mélanges offerts à Francis Geus [=CRIPEL 26], Villeneuve-d'Ascq: Université Charles-de-Gaulle Lille 3, 205–218

Longa, A.

- 2009 Tajemnice wzgórza w El-Ar. Badania ratownicze w rejonie IV katarakty Nilu (Sudan), Przegląd Orientalistyczny 3–4, 129–135
- 2010 The El-Ar P1 cemetery (Fourth Cataract, Sudan), PAM 19 (Reports 2007), 420–427
- 2011 Neolithic beakers from North-Eastern Africa, Sudan & Nubia 15, 3-7

Reinold, J.

2001 Kadruka and the Neolithic in the Northern Dongola Reach, Sudan & Nubia 5, 2–10

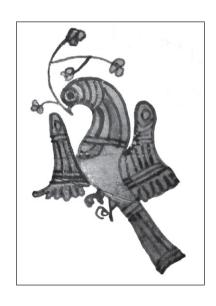
Welsby, D.A.

- 2003 Survey above the Fourth Nile Cataract [=BAR International Series 1110; Sudan Archaeological Research Society Publications 10], Oxford: Archaeopress
- 2010 Merowe Dam Archaeological Salvage Project. The Sudan Archaeological Research Society's Amri to Kirbekan surveys, *GAMAR* 7, 177–187

POLISH CENTRE OF MEDITERRANEAN ARCHAEOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW

POLISH ARCHAEOLOGY IN THE MEDITERRANEAN







Acknowledgments
OBITUARIES Aleksandra Krzyżanowska
Abbreviations and standard references
PAM REPORTS
PCMA FIELD MISSIONS AND PROJECTS IN 2009 (WITH MAP)
EGYPT
ALEXANDRIA
Alexandria Kom el-Dikka: excavations and preservation work. Preliminary report 2008/2009 Grzegorz Majcherek
Appendix: Auditorium E: exploration in season 2009 Karol Juchniewicz, Katarzyna Lach
Kom el-Dikka 2005–2009: selected anthropological research <i>Robert Mahler</i>
MAREA
Marea. Report 2009 [Hanna Szymańska], Krzysztof Babraj
MARINA EL-ALAMEIN
Marina el-Alamein. Conservation work in the 2009 season <u>Stanisław Medeksza</u> , Rafał Czerner, Grażyna Bąkowska with contributions by I. Fuks- Rembisz, W. Grzegorek, G. Majcherek, M. Mrozek-Wysocka, P. Zambrzycki

TELL EL-RETABA
Tell el-Retaba: season 2009 Sławomir Rzepka, Jozef Hudec
Tell el-Retaba 2009: the pottery Anna Wodzińska
TELL EL-FARKHA
Tell el-Farkha (Ghazala). Season 2009 Marek Chłodnicki, Krzysztof M. Ciałowicz
SAQQARA
SAQQARA 2008–2009 Karol Myśliwiec
Appendix: conservation work in Saqqara (2008–2009) Zbigniew Godziejewski16
Saqqara 2008–2009: the pottery Teodozja I. Rzeuska
NAQLUN
Naqlun (Nekloni) excavations in 2008–2009 Włodzimierz Godlewski
Appendix: Naqlun 2008: archaeobotanical studies Jarosław Zieliński
Refuse dump in Sector B in Naqlun: excavation report 2008–2009 Tomasz Derda, Dorota Dzierzbicka
Pottery from the refuse dump under unit B.26 in Naqlun Katarzyna Danys-Lasek
Two burials from cemetery A in Naqlun: archaeological and anthropological remarks Dorota Dzierzbicka, Marzena Ożarek
On the collection of wooden finds from Naqlun again Jarosław Zieliński, Iwona Zych
DEIR EL-BAHARI
Conservation work in the Hatshepsut Temple in Deir el-Bahari (2009) Rajmund Gazda
SANDSTONE SPHINXES OF QUEEN HATSHEPSUT FROM DEIR EL-BAHARI: PRELIMINARY REMARKS Agata Smilgin

Temple of Tuthmosis III in Deir el-Bahari in 2008 and 2009: work in the stores and field Monika Dolińska
The Temple of Tuthmosis I rediscovered Jadwiga Iwaszczuk
DAKHLEH OASIS
Dakhleh Oasis Project. Petroglyph Unit: rock art research, 2009 Ewa Kuciewicz, Michał Kobusiewicz
SUDAN
OLD DONGOLA
Dongola 2008–2009 Włodzimierz Godlewski
Appendix: Conservation of wall paintings inside the former Throne Hall of the Makurian kings in Dongola (2009 season) Cristobal Calaforra-Rzepka
Dongola 2009: Pottery from Building I (Kom A) Katarzyna Danys-Lasek
Wall inscriptions in a burial vault under the Northwest Annex of the Monastery on Kom H (Dongola 2009) Adam Łajtar, Jacques van der Vliet
Crypts 1 and 2 in the Northwest Annex of the Monastery on Kom H in Dongola: report on the exploration in 2009 Włodzimierz Godlewski, Robert Mahler, Barbara Czaja-Szewczak
EL-ZUMA
The pottery from four tumuli graves in el-Zuma (2009) Edyta Klimaszewska-Drabot, Ewa Czyżewska
FOURTH CATARACT
Research in the PCMA UW concession on the Fourth Cataract (Hamdab Dam Rescue project). Interim report 2009 Marek Chłodnicki 377
Rock art research in the Fourth Cataract region, season 2009 Ewa Kuciewicz, Andrzej Rozwadowski
Excavations in 2009 in the environs of El-Ar village (Fourth Cataract region, Sudan) Anna Longa
EL-Ar 31: excavations of late/post-Meroitic tumuli. Preliminary report Artur Buszek, Michał Kurzyk

CYPRUS NEA PAPHOS NEA PAPHOS SEASON 2009 Henryk Meyza in cooperation with Wiktor Andrzej Daszewski, Aleksandra Brzozowska, Joanna Michalska, Joanna K. Rądkowska, and Monika Więch...... 407 LEBANON JIYEH Preliminary report on the 2008 and 2009 excavation seasons at Jiyeh (PORPHYREON) APPENDIX 1. SUNKEN VESSELS IN LATE ROMAN AND BYZANTINE HOUSES IN AREA D Mariusz Gwiazda 439 APPENDIX 2. PRELIMINARY REMARKS ON THRESHOLDS FROM PRIVATE HOUSES IN JIYEH (PORPHYREON) Mariusz Gwiazda 441 LOCAL HELLENISTIC 'PHOENICIAN'-TYPE AMPHORA AND OTHER POTTERY VESSELS FROM EXCAVATIONS IN IYEH (PORPHYREON) (SEASONS 2008–2009) GROUND AND AERIAL PHOTOGRAMMETRIC DOCUMENTATION IN JIYEH (Porphyreon) Miron Bogacki454 **SYRIA** PALMYRA Polish Archaeological Mission to Palmyra, Seasons 2008 and 2009 Grzegorz Majcherek459 HAWARTE. Excavations in Hawarte 2008–2009 GLASS FINDS FROM THE MITHRAEUM IN HAWARTE TELL ARBID Tell Arbid 2008–2009. Preliminary report on the results of the THIRTEENTH AND FOURTEENTH SEASONS OF POLISH-SYRIAN EXCAVATIONS

Piotr Bieliński 511

Adam Mickiewicz University excavations in Sector P at Tell Arbid (spring2009) Rafał Koliński
TELL QARAMEL
Tell Qaramel: excavations 2009 Ryszard F. Mazurowski
PAM STUDIES
Adult burials of Ninevite 5 date on Tell Arbid (2007–2008) Dariusz Szeląg
Chariot terracotta models from Tell Arbid <i>Mattia Raccidi</i>
New Protodynastic <i>serekhs</i> from the Nile Delta: the case of finds from Tell el-Farkha <i>Mariusz A. Jucha</i>
Pithos-type vessels from Chhîm: preliminary assessment of finds from 1996–2009 Zofia Kowarska, Szymon Lenarczyk
Buildings on Site B at Naqlun (Nekloni) Szymon Maślak
Zooarchaeological analysis of material from cisterns STR 1/96–97 and HA/NEH 2.16.3 in Nea Paphos <i>Ewelina Tepe</i>
Animal bone remains from Sheikh Abd el-Gurna: issues and opportunities Urszula Iwaszczuk
Animals in rock art. Results of archaeozoological research at the site of el-Gamamiya 67 (Fourth Cataract, Sudan) Marta Osypińska
Index of sites715
Guidelines for authors