VSOP Data Archive System

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Abstract

We present the new VSOP data archive system installed on the Data ARchive and Transmission System (DARTS) at ISAS. The current test archive for VSOP visibility data started in June 2002, and about 50 datasets are available now (http://www.darts.isas.ac.jp).

1 Introduction

The VLBI Space Observatory Programme (VSOP) led by ISAS is the first space VLBI mission (e.g. Hirabayashi et al. 2000). VSOP has carried out more than 700 observations since the HALCA spacecraft was launched in February 1997. Until now, because correlation of VSOP data was accomplished by three different correlators, VSOP data were distributed and administered at three different sites (table 1).

In order to make it possible to search and display the status of any VSOP observation, we have developed a VSOP data archive system and installed it on DARTS (e.g. Miura et al. 2000) at ISAS. It also opens the way to retrieve the observational data (typically about 1 Gbyte) via ftp after development of high-performance network.

Correlator	Institute	Format
Mitaka	NAO, Japan	VSOP
Socorro	NRAO, USA	VLBA/MkIV
Penticton	DRAO, Canada	S2

Table 1: Three correlators used for VSOP

2 VSOP data query and status display

2.1 DARTS system

DARTS is a scientific database to provide access for general researchers to observational data obtained by the scientific satellites of ISAS. DARTS has a WWW interface, and users can access the Astrophysics query form from the top page of DARTS (figure 1). Now, the interface for Astrophysics data selection are shared by the VSOP data, and X-ray data from two satellites, ASCA and Italian BeppoSAX.



Figure 1: The top page of DARTS. VSOP data is categorized as "HALCA data" in Astrophysics data selection on the page. (http://www.darts.isas.ac.jp)

2.2 The query form

The query form allows the users to access and search the master list of observations by object name and coordinate (figure 2). Additionally, observation date, PI's name and observation category can be used as searching items. VSOP has three observation categories, General Observing Time (GOT), Survey and Test. GOT program means proposal-based observations. The survey program involves mission-led observations of AGNs, many of which are not in GOT proposals. Test observations is for checking all elements of the VSOP system.



Figu	re 2:	Astr	ophysics	quer	y form.	Fu	rther	searches	are
also	availa	ıble,	clicking	the	bottom-	left	box	"FURTH	ER
SEA	RCH"	,							

2.3 Search result

After the search is finished, a list of datasets which match the given conditions is displayed for each satellite in a tabular format. Users might find several VSOP datasets with same observation code in the list (figure 3), because VSOP data are created by a correlation process in which various segments of the observation may be correlated separately.

Clicking the right most column in the table in figure 3, allows detailed information for the observation to be seen (figure 4). Users can transfer the data to their local devices or to the analysis server. All VSOP data are provided in the FITS format required by reduction softwares like the NRAO AIPS package (e.g. Fomalont 1981) and Difmap (e.g. Shepherd et al. 1994).

3 Information for data reduction

We provide useful infomation for users who are not familiar with data reduction of VLBI. Our web page, *VSOP Data Reduction* (http://www.vsop.isas.ac.jp/obs/Reduction.html) shows information, including documentations of the NRAO AIPS and Difmap, calibration data for each VLBI station, and correction data for the Penticton correlator at DRAO.

4 Future work

Currently, all VSOP archive data available are visibilities in FITS format without any calibration or fringe-fitting. In the future, we are planning to archive images and visibilities after the calibration and fringe-fitting have been carried out. This makes it possible to implement effective and efficient support to users, especially those with little experience. Also, this would make the size of the archive data much smaller (1–100

Search Result OURRELES input name or coordinate : 1155-275 (name resolver net used.)	0
input name or coordinate : 1155-225	
HALCA (4 observations) HALCA Rev.1	
there share the start time start time and the start time	ater t
	145-1. 930
ava 💷 ava 1156+155 179.8026 29.1455 ava 1997-Jun-03 1997-Jun-03 7.3 2002-Jun-26 open Tes 11	45-2.
n/a 😳 n/a 1156+196 179 8026 29 2455 n/a 1997-#xy-31 1997-#xy-31 29 6 2011-Dec-D6 open Tee 👯	600. 926
	101.

Figure 3: Searching result. The datasets "vt145-1" and "vt145-2" are obtained from the same single observation "vt145", but made by different correlation processes.

Mbyte), which makes it easy to retrieve data using an on-line archive system.

	Observation Information	
RET WURD	VALUE	
obs cods	VTM	
target mane	1156+393	
target sta	118 59p 71 8130 0496a	
target dec	2616/4582/3602	
out own have	23800	
hopping (Oik)	1.6	
pi, name	V500	
(TU) spint, need	8/218218 - 18915/31	
ronderect	SOCORDO	
imagr_time [ver]	1287	
under, in	1	
amber chaude	16	
81	BR EB FD HN JERP LA MC N. NT ON OV PT SC TR WE MK	
ob date	1997-05-31	
cot date:	Eield 06 28	
archive, statum		
obs category	test	

Figure 4: Observation information for each observation. In the table, "grt" means Ground Radio Telescope (GRT), and GRTs are listed using GRT codes. Explanation of GRT codes is available in http://www.vsop.isas.ac.jp/obs/GRT cal.html

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