technology from seed

The INESC-ID IWSLT07 SMT System

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Outline



- INESC-ID@IWSLT
- Baseline
- Corpora
- System architecture
- Experiments
- Conclusions and future work

INESC@IWSLT



First Participation

- A strong motivation to build "our own" MT system
- To submerge in MT

Task

translation of spontaneous conversations in the travel domain from Italian to English

Corpora



Training corpora

Italian/English: 19 845 sentence pairs

Development corpora

Dev1: IWSLT05 Written: 506 * 7

Dev2: IWSLT06 Speech (read): 489 sentence pairs

Dev3: IWSLT07 Speech (spont): 996 sentence pairs

Test corpora

Italian/English Clean: 724 sentence pairs

Italian/English ASR: 724 sentence pairs

Baseline

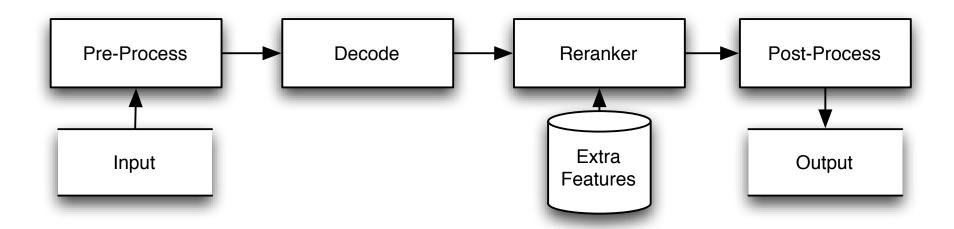


- Standard phrase-based architecture (GIZA++, Moses, SRLIM)
 - Phrase features:
 - Direct and inverse phrase probability
 - Direct and inverse IBM1 model
 - Phrase and word penalties
 - 5-gram LM
 - Minimum error training (BLEU)
 - First pass

	Dev1	Dev2	Dev3
Baseline	56.60	37.19	16.78

System architecture





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Experiments

- 1. Corpora fattening
- 2. Pre-processing
- 3. Phrase based first pass decoding
- 4. Filtered Phrase Table
- 5. Reranker
- 6. Post-processing





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 - How?
 - Terms were collected from phrase books





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Baseline	16.78
+data LM	16.82
+data Phrase	16.10
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3. Phrase Based first pass decoding

- Use TreeTagger from Institute for Computational Linguistics of the University of Stuttgart (POS + Iemma annotation) in 2 experiments:
 - POS distortion model
 - Lemmas for alignment



POS distortion model



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Lemma + Original corpus - Pre-processing	16.79
Lemma + Original corpus + Pre-processing	16.72
Lemma + Fat corpus - Pre-processing	16.41
Lemma + Fat corpus + Pre-processing	17.30



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- Features according to a log-linear model in order to maximise BLEU
- 1000-best hypotheses



Sentence features:

- first pass score
- ratio between target and source sentence length
- some question features
- 3,4 and 5-grams target words LMs
- 3,4 and 5-grams target POS LMs
- Direct and inverse IBM1 model
- POS similarities





POS similarities

- assume that the number of certain tags should be similar in each pair Italian/English
 - ex: NOM (it) and NNS + NN (en)
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POS unlikely sequences

- assume that certain sequences of tags are very unlikely
 - ex: DT DT (en)
- sentences with these sequences should be penalised





- Features results
 - Some features don't give good results by its own, but are responsible for bleu increasing when combined with other features



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Baseline	17.45
+ length ratio	17.45
+ question features	17. 51
+ word n-gram LMs	17.45
+ POS n-gram LMs	17.38
+IBM1 Dictionary	17.45
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All Features	17.66



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- Add/remove question marks or periods according with sentences types
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Test set results



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- Primary System:
 - pre-processing + first pass + re-ranker + post-processing
- Secondary System:
 - pre-processing + first pass + post-processing



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- Primary System:
 - pre-processing + first pass + re-ranker + post-processing
- Secondary System:
 - pre-processing + first pass + post-processing

Condition	Primary system	Secondary system
IE clean	26.57	26.35
IE ASR	24.16	24.35





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- We participated in the Track of translating spontaneous conversation in the travel domain from Italian to English
- We used a re-rank step where the 1000 n-best hypotheses were analysed. Several features where used at this step, including POSbased features.





Conclusions

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Future Work

- Understand what went wrong with the re-ranker
- Perform a more systematic study of the POS-based features
- Explore the domain adaptation

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