Are dancers more susceptible to injury when transitioning to fulltime training or professional companies? A systematic review and meta-analysis

Melanie Fuller, M Sp & Msk Phty¹, Gene Moyle, D Psych², Geoffrey Minett, PhD³

¹Queensland University of Technology – Dance, Creative Industries Faculty, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia

²Queensland University of Technology – School of Creative Practice, Creative Industries Faculty, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia

³Queensland University of Technology – School of Exercise and Nutrition Sciences, Faculty of Health, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia

Overuse injuries in athletes can be a consequence of disproportionate training loads with insufficient recovery¹⁻². Emerging athletes in their first year of competition in the professional Australian Football League have been shown to have a lower threshold to injury compared to more experienced athletes3. In the dance medicine literature, a systematic review⁴ includes two investigations considering the risk of younger or lower ranked dancers. The first reported that younger dancers sustained more ankle sprains, and dancers experiencing bone stress injuries were younger than the average age of the company⁵, whereas in the second investigation, the rank of dancers in a professional ballet company was shown not to be related to injury. This systematic review aims to investigate whether dancers are more susceptible to injury at two key stages of their training and career development: transitioning to full-time training, when they experience an increase in training hours; and transitioning to professional companies, when performance demands increase. Six electronic databases have been searched to July 15, 2017: Pubmed, Embase, CINAHL, SPORTdiscus, Scopus, and the Performing Arts Periodicals Database. Only original studies in ballet and/or contemporary dance that reported injuries across age, rank, years of experience, junior and main companies, and year level in training institutions were included. Where possible, effect size ratios were calculated from extracted data from the included studies, and when supplied by authors of included studies, for transitioning dancers relative to seniority. 16 studies were included and assessed for risk of bias. The rate ratio per working hours was calculated from extracted data from two professional subgroup longitudinal cohort studies⁷⁻⁸ (N. Allen, personal communication, April 19, 2016; S. Ojofeitimi, personal communication April 16, 2016). These two studies were pooled to reveal that the rate of injuries per work hours is significantly higher for lower ranked and junior company professional ballet and contemporary dancers relative to more senior dancers. Other included studies that reported on the susceptibility to injury of transitioning dancers, will be presented. The findings will be discussed in relation to identifying transitioning training loads, in an effort to guide load management prevention strategies.

References

- 1. Soligard, T., Schwellnus, M., Alonso, J.M., Bahr, R., Clarsen, B., Dijkstra, H.P., ... Engebretsen, L. How much is too much? (Part 1) International Olympic Committee consensus statement on load in sport and injury risk. Br J Sp Med. 2016;50(17):1030-1041.
- 2. Bergeron, M.F., Mountjoy, M., Armstrong, N., Chia, M., Côté, J, Emery, C.A., ... Engebretsen, L. International Olympic Committee consensus statement on youth athletic development. Br J Sports Med. 2015;49(3):843-851.
- 3. Fortington, L.V., Berry, J., Buttifant, D., Ullah, S., Diamantopoulou, K., & Finch, C.F. Shorter time to first injury in first year professional football players: a cross-club comparison in the Australian Football League. J Sci Med Sport. 2016;19(1):18-23.
- 4. Hincapié, C.A., Morton, E.J., & Cassidy, J.D. Musculoskeletal injuries and pain in dancers: a systematic review. Arch Phys Med Rehabil. 2008;89(9):1819-1829.
- 5. Nilsson, C., Leanderson, J., Wykman, A., & Strender, L.E. The injury panorama in a Swedish professional ballet company. Knee Surg Sports Traumatol Arthrosc. 2001;9(4):242-246.
- Solomon, R., Solomon, J., Micheli, L., & McGray, E. The "cost" of injuries in a professional ballet company: a five-year study. Med Probl Perform Ar. 1999;14(4):164-169.
- 7. Allen, N., Nevill, A., Brooks, J., Koutedakis, Y., & Wyon, M. Ballet injuries: injury incidence and severity over 1 year. J Orthop Sports Phys Ther. 2012;42(9):781-790.
- 8. Ojofeitimi, S., & Bronner, S. Injuries in a modern dance company: effect of comprehensive management on injury incidence and cost. J Dance Med Sci. 2011;15(3):116-122.