



Richmond Station, Gilbert van Reenen





Benmore, Dalrachney, Longslip, Ben Avon, Birchwood Stations

Gilbert van Reenen













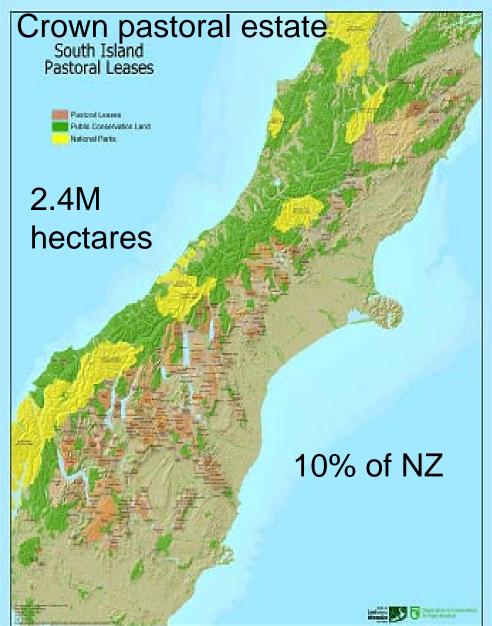


The legal setting

- •Land is "suitable or adaptable primarily for pastoral purposes only." (*Land Act 1948*)
- "A pastoral lease gives the holder—
 - (a) The exclusive right of pasturage over the land:
 - (b) A perpetual right of renewal for terms of 33 years:
 - (c) No right to the soil:
 - (d) No right to acquire the fee simple of any of the land."

(CPLA 1998 § 4(a-d) (replacing and repeating Land Act § 66)

The geographic setting



The Policy Setting

1992-2006: Land reform splits pastoral land: 58% freehold, and 42% conservation (DoC).

Crown buys lessee's interest in 42%, and

Lessee buys Crown's interest in 58%.

Prices paid in each deal are classified.



Feb 2006: Aggregate equalisation payments reveal Crown paid \$18.5 million, on net.

Feb-Aug 2006: Farmers argue \$18.5M is fair, because farmers have perpetual rights of exclusive possession, which equate to freehold.

Aug 2006: Minister of Lands releases prices paid in each deal.









Richmond Station, Lake Tekapo

Deal signed August 2006:

Privatised 6139 hectares (including 9km of shoreline)

Conserved 3471 hectares (higher altitude)

Crown paid new owner \$325,000

Interest group flip-flop: Enviros say stop, farmers say please continue.

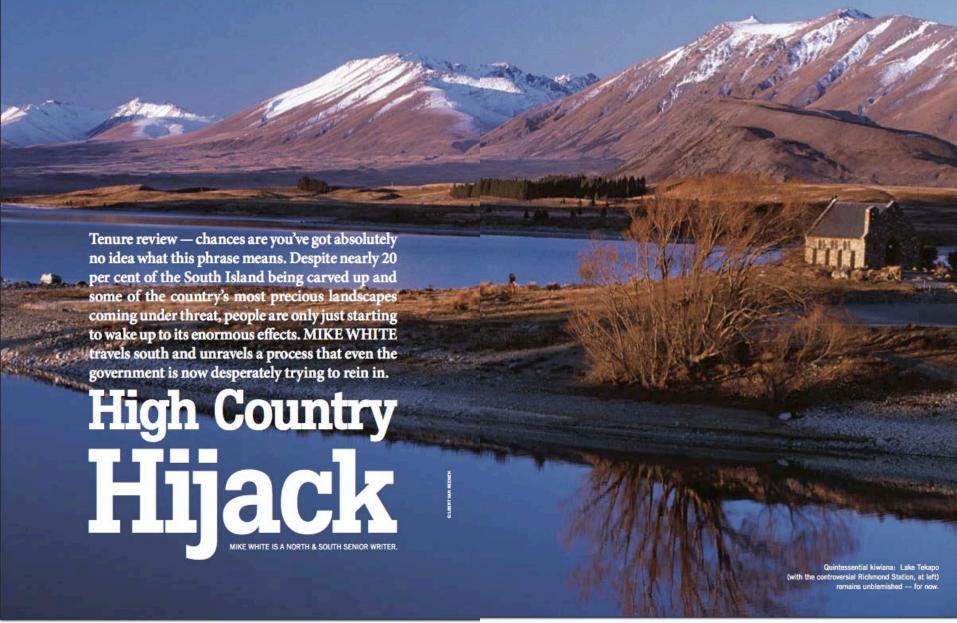


Crown's valuation: highest best use of 540 ha of Tekapo lakefront = 'most definitely' deer farming

Difference in value between pastoral leasehold and freehold = \$42,200 = \$78 / hectare

Ignores option to develop that arises with freehold ownership.

January 2008: New owner of Richmond applies for, and obtains, consent to subdivide without public consultation.



NOVEMBER 2006 NORTH & SOUTH NOVEMBER 2006

Q1: How do we explain the equalisation payments in tenure review?

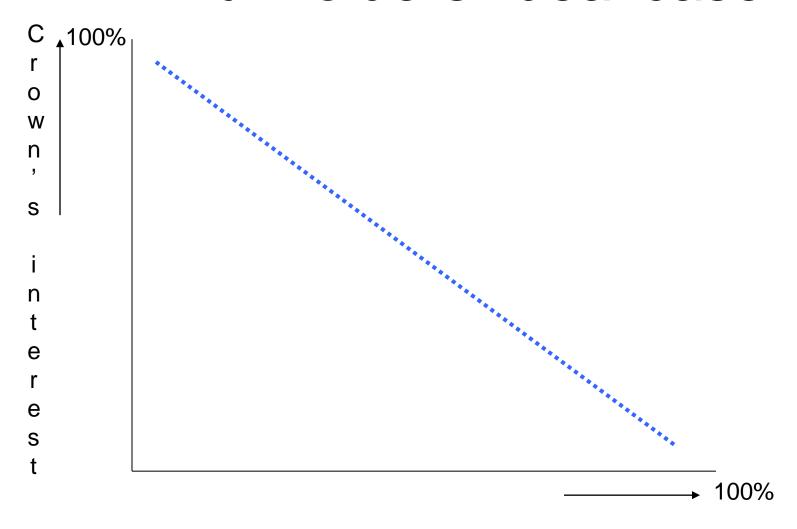
Value of property rights exchanged?
Crown hold-out for a good deal?
Lessees' hold-out for a good deal?
Crown closing the deal at any cost?

Data: calculated value of Crown's interest in each lease = $P_{lessee} / (P_{lessee} + P_{Crown})$

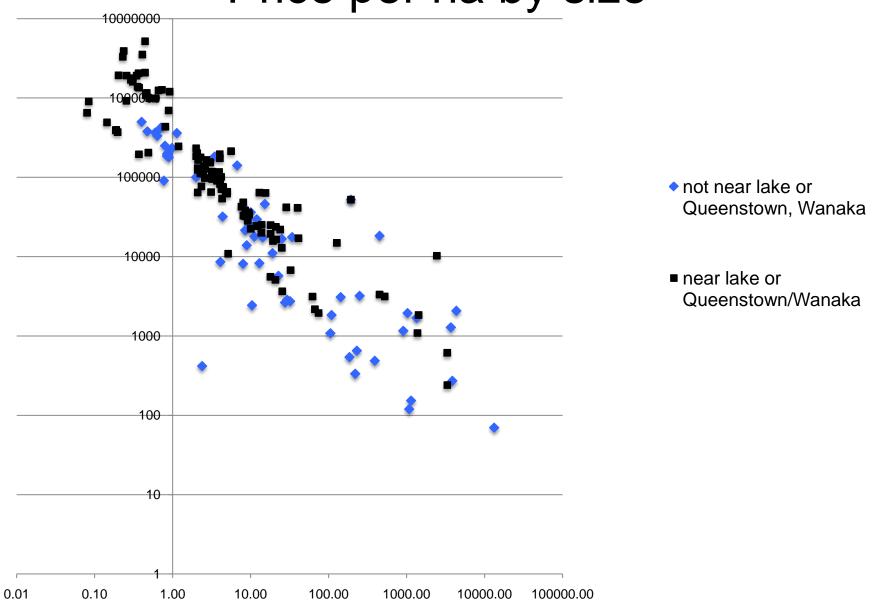
Q2: Does tenure review give rise to windfall gains?

Data: ratio of on-selling price to price to privatise = P_{lessee} / P_{onsell}

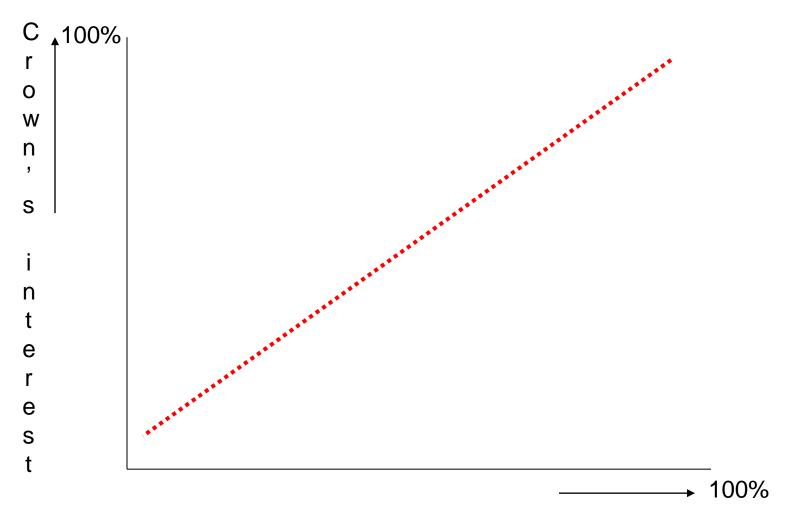
Predicting payouts ... Runholders' ideal case



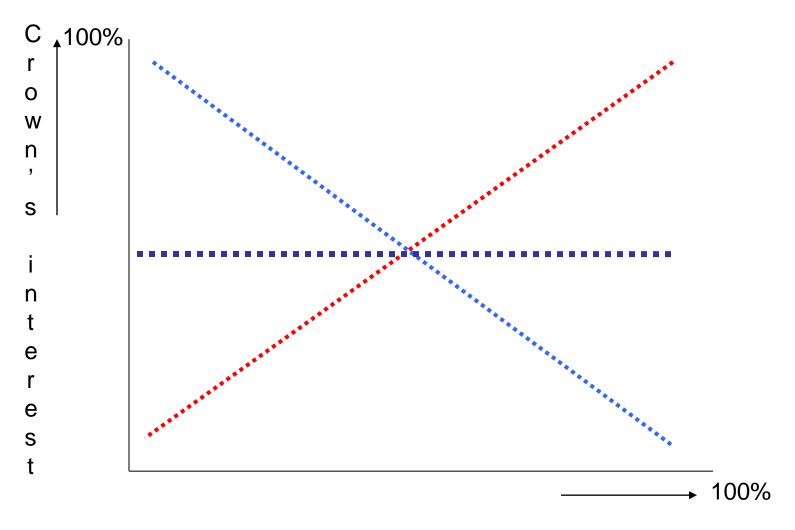
Demand curve for freehold land: Price per ha by size



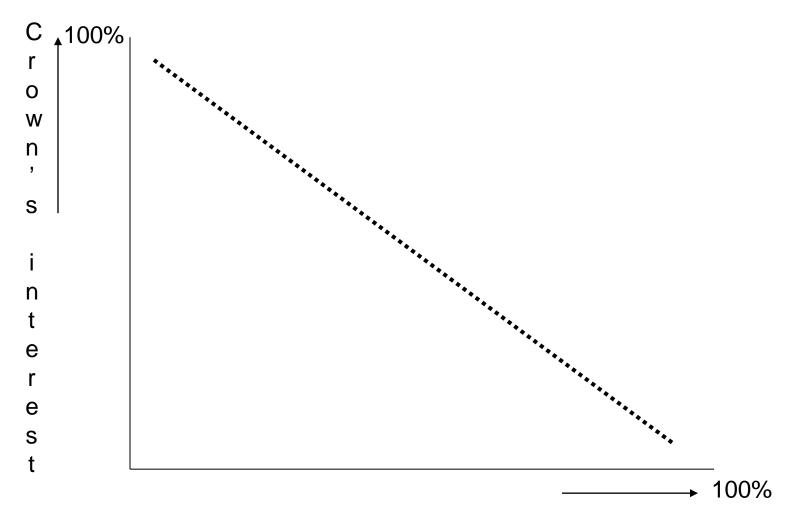
Crown's ideal case



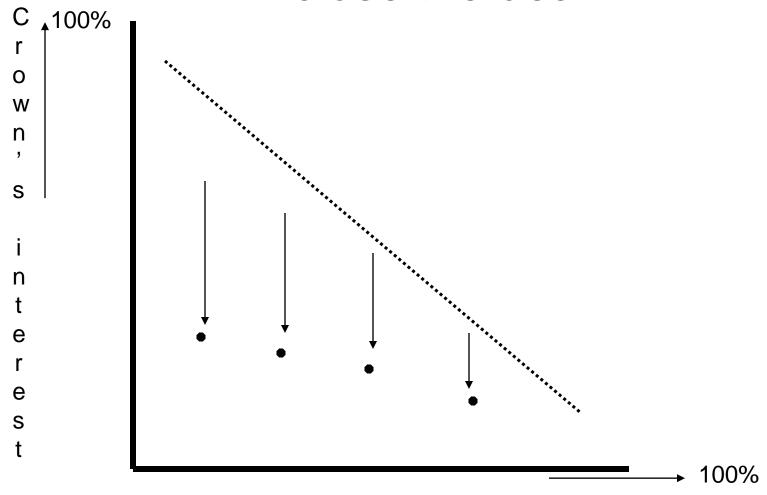
If each party bargains with equal force ...



What if the Crown capitulates?

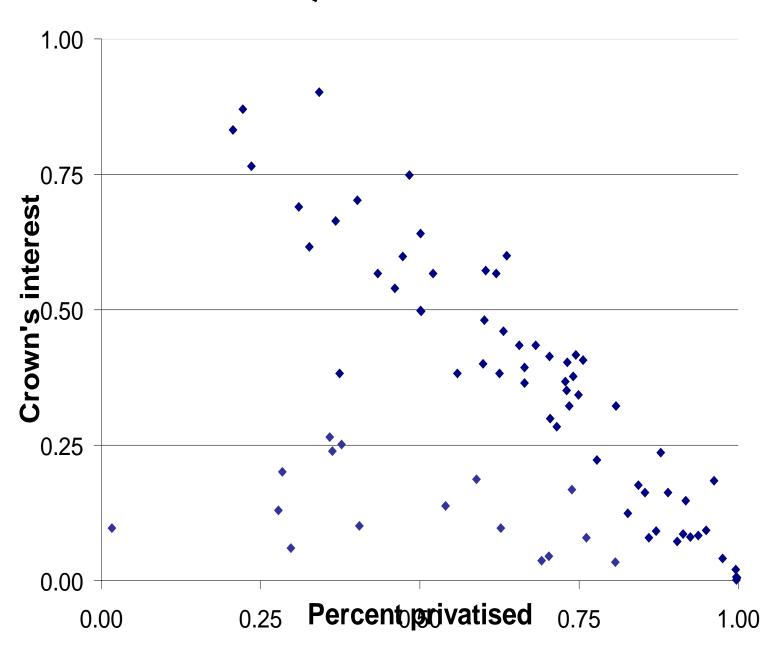


What if the Crown pays whatever it takes to close the deal?

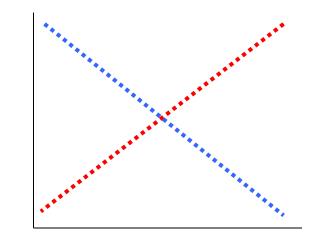


Bargaining Agency Capture Principal Agent Problem

Q1: Results



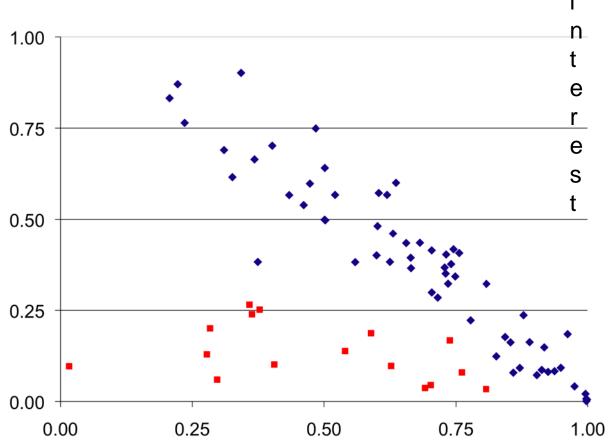
Q1: Results



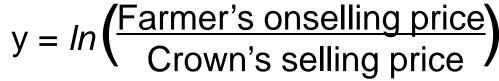
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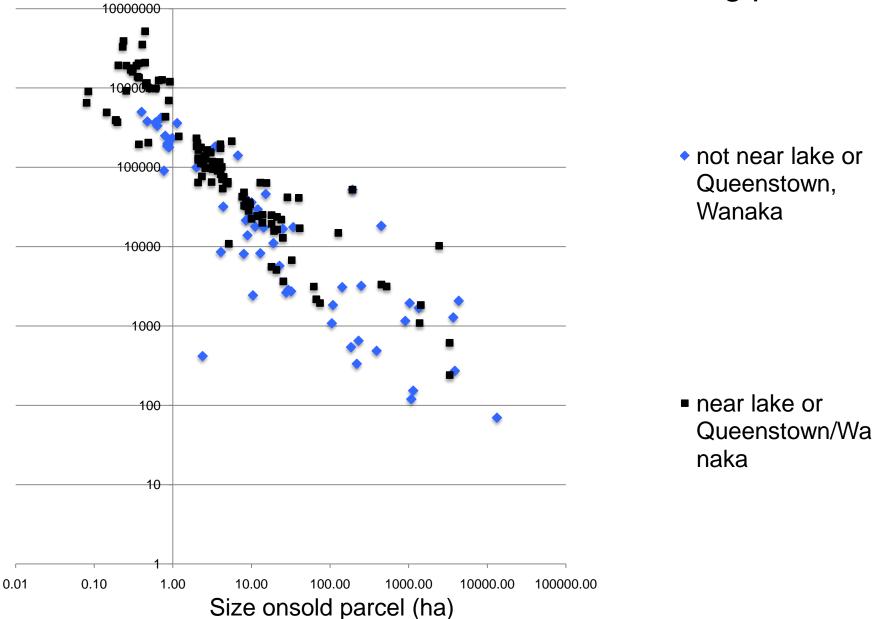
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Q2 Results:





Q2: Economics of landscape change

- 77 leaseholds subdivided into 865 freehold parcels
- 177 freehold parcels on-sold (47,000 ha).
- 28 runholders bought freehold to 102,306ha for \$6.9M;
- Then sold 46% of the freehold for \$135.7M.
- On average, farmers onsold land at 2696 times the price at which they bought it.
- Multiplier varies from 1.8 to 27,096, median = 992,
 STDEV =

Is the multiplier due to subdivision alone?

Table 2a. Cases in Which Runholder Onsold His Entire Freehold						
				Total Price		
	Hectares	Total Paid	Hectares	Paid for		
Name of Former	Privatised	for Freehold	Onsold	Onsold Land	# Parcels	$\frac{(4) \div (3)}{}$
Leasehold	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Onsold	$(2) \div (1)$
Avalon	1352	\$134,000	1341.19	\$2,264,000	1	17.03
Brookdale	1027	\$106,000	1029.98	\$2,000,000	1	18.81
Mataura Valley	4322	\$164,858	4357.00	\$9,000,000	1	54.15
Raglan Run	1583	\$84,500	1574.00	\$2,000,000	1	23.80
Spotts Creek	3344	\$282,600	3306.00	\$2,030,000	1	7.27
Total	11628	\$771,958	11608.17	\$17,294,000	5	19.81
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Note: LINZ has no record of Raglan Run. Spotts Creek is within 10km of Queenstown.



Policy setting post-2006

June 2007: Cabinet stops privatisation of lakeside land Minister must approve the price of each deal before Crown signs.

Nov. 2008: New government elected.

Sept. 2009: Policy reverts to pre-2006 policy.

Oct. 2010: Government announces no more land to conservation.

"Some spheres of life seem to lie entirely beyond the shadow of the law."

(Ellickson 1991)

