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# **Separation of Powers**

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decide what "proper duties" were. 1157

### SUPREME COURT, APPELLATE DIVISION

#### THIRD DEPARTMENT

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Kindlon v. County of Renselaer<sup>1158</sup> (decided July 5, 1990)

Kindlon, the petitioner, challenged Title 22 of the New York Code Rules and Regulations (NYCRR), section 822.4<sup>1159</sup> contending that it "was in irreconcilable conflict with County Law section 722-5 and, thus invalid." The Chief Administrator of the Courts contended that the New York State Constitution "provide[d] authority for the regulation and the power exercised thereunder." The court held that the rule was invalid. 1162

Kindlon was appointed to serve as counsel to an indigent defendant in a criminal action and was awarded attorney fees by the county court that were in excess of the statutory maximum under County Law section 722-b. 1163 Renselaer County requested review of this excess award by the presiding justice of the court pursuant to section 822.4 of the rules of the appellate division. 1164 Kindlon brought an article 78 proceeding and a declaratory judgment action seeking 1) an order compelling payment of the award fixed by the county court, and 2) that 22 NYCRR 822.4 was in "irreconcilable conflict" with County Law section 722-b, and therefore invalid. 1165 The court held that 22 NYCRR 822.4 was invalid insofar as it pertained to applications

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<sup>1157.</sup> Ohrenstein, 77 N.Y.2d at 53, 565 N.E.2d at 500-01, 563 N.Y.S.2d at 751-52.

<sup>1158. 158</sup> A.D.2d 178, 558 N.Y.S.2d 286 (3d Dep't 1990).

<sup>1159.</sup> N.Y. COMP. CODES R. & REGS. tit. 22, § 822.4 (1990).

<sup>1160. 158</sup> A.D.2d at 179-80, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 287-88.

<sup>1161.</sup> Id. at 180, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 288.

<sup>1162.</sup> Id. at 181, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 289.

<sup>1163.</sup> N.Y. COUNTY LAW § 722-b (McKinney 1972 & Supp. 1990).

<sup>1164.</sup> N.Y. COMP. CODES R. & REGS. tit. 22, § 822.4 (1990).

<sup>1165.</sup> Kindlon, 158 A.D.2d at 179-80, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 287-88.

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pursuant to County Law section 722-b.1166

The court began its analysis by stating that 22 NYCRR 822.4 conflicts with County Law section 722-b, "inasmuch as it affords respondents an avenue of administrative review not provided for in the statute." 1167 The court found that the rule was "inconsistent with the general State-wide procedure provided by the County Law [and] must yield to the statute unless the NY Constitution provides authority for its promulgation." 1168

In determining whether authority existed under the New York State Constitution to promulgate rule 822.4, the court first noted that the 1978 amendments to the New York State Constitution provided the Chief Administrator of the Courts and the Chief Judge with complete control and complete administrative power over the trial courts. The court found that while the legislature may initially prescribe duties with regard to administrative acts affecting the courts, it cannot, by statute, take away the authority of court administrators derived from article VI, section 28 of the New York State Constitution. 1170

The county had argued that the presiding justice of the third department had the power delegated to it by the Chief Administrator of the Courts under 22 NYCRR 103.1<sup>1173</sup> that

<sup>1166.</sup> Id. at 181-82, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 289.

<sup>1167.</sup> Id. at 180, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 288.

<sup>1168.</sup> Id. at 180-81, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 288.

<sup>1169.</sup> Id. at 180, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 288; see N.Y. Const. art. VI, § 28.

<sup>1170.</sup> Kindlon, 158 A.D.2d at 181, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 288.

<sup>1171.</sup> Id.

<sup>1172.</sup> Id. at 182, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 289.

<sup>1173.</sup> N.Y. COMP. CODES R. & REGS. tit. 22, § 103.1 (1990).

provides that "[a]ll administrative regulations, rules, orders and directives for the efficient and orderly transaction of business in the trial courts . . . in effect on March 31, 1978 . . . are continued in effect until superseded, repealed or modified." 1174 The court, however, found that as rule 822.4 "was not in effect in its present form on March 31, 1978 . . . [it] could not have been included under the adoptive provision of the 22 NYCRR 103.1." 1175

Because there was no clear delegation of authority to the presiding justice of the supreme court, appellate division, to promulgate rules governing the trial courts, the court held that rule "822.4 [was] invalid insofar as it pertains to applications pursuant to County Law § 722-b." 1176

<sup>1174.</sup> Kindlon, 158 A.D.2d at 181, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 288.

<sup>1175.</sup> Id. at 181, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 289.

<sup>1176.</sup> Id. at 181-82, 558 N.Y.S.2d at 289.