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TRACE ELEMENTS IN THE SOILS AND ASHES OF THE PLANTS VIOLLA ALSHARICA AND THYMUS ALSHARENSIS OF THE ALSHARSITE-MACEDONIA

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извод

Во трудот се презентиран и резултатите од истражувањата на застапен оста на одделни микроелементи во почвата кај наоѓалиштето Алшар и нивното присуство во растенијата Violla Alshanica и Thymus Alshanens is, распространети на истиот локалитет. При тоа е утврдена значителна корелација особено во однос на концентрациите на талиум и на цинк.

Клучни зборо ви: микроелементи, геохемиски истражувања

Intro duction

The paper presents detailed geochemical investigations carried out in part of the Alshar polymetallic deposit in terms of the presence of individual microlements in the soils and plants such as Violla alsharica and Thymus alsharensis. The investigated area covers the northern portion of the deposit. Elements analyzed included Sb, Se, W, Zn, Ba, Tl, As, Co, Cu, Mn, Ni, Pb, Cd and Be. Investigations carried out demonstrated large geochemical correlation between the distribution of individual elements in the soils and plants. It can be inferred that the plants in the area under investigation contain increased concentrations of thallium, zinc, lead, mang anese and copper (fig. 1).

For the results of previous studies of the Als ar deposit, the reader is referred o Ivanov (1965), Percival and Boev (1990), Percival et al. (1992),

Boev and Serafmovski (1996), and for investigation of minerals to Caye et al. (1967), Balic-Zunic et al. (1986) El Goresy and Pavicevic (1988), Frantz (1994).

Me tho ds

The aim of the investigation was to determine the correlation between individual micro elements present in the soils and those in the ashes of Violla alsharica and Thymus Alsharaensis. In this regard a number of samples were collected from the rocks in the site. Samples were collected in obbng grids in which the distances between profiles amounted to 100 meters, whereas the distance between the samples collected amounted to 50 meters. Samples were analyzed by the method of instrumental neutron activation in order to determine the contents of individual micro elements such as Sb, Se, W, Zn, Ba, Tl, As, Co, Cu, Mn, Ni and Pb.

Besides samples taken from the soik, samples of plants such as Violla Alsharica and Thymus Alsharensis were also collected for analysis. It is worthwhile to point out that samples taken from the plants were representative of the whole plant. The samples were dried at temperature of 105° C until there was no loss in weight. Samples dried in this manner were heated at temperature of 700° C for two hours and then determination of individual microelements (those of Sb, Se, W, Zn, Ba, Tl, As, Co, Cu, Mn, Ni and Pb) was performed by the ICP-AES method.

Results and discussion

Bearing in mind that the biochemical method is one of the most important and common methods in geochemical examinations, the major goal in the examinations was to determine the correlation between the presence of individual microelements in the rocks and soil in the area under consideration and microelements in the ashes of Violla alsharica and Thymus Alsharensis (Fig.2).

The two plants served as local indicators, since they are characterized by their abundance in the site and the specific size of certain organs in the plant compared to the same kinds found in other areas.

It can be inferred from the data obtained and shown in Table 1 that, in terms of the average abundance, there is multiple increase in the As, Znand Tl contents in some microelements in the rocks and soil relative to their average concentration in the rocks.

It should also be mentioned that the abundance of certain microelements is also influenced by the Fe and Zn contents present in the soil since their hydroxides and oxides consume some microelements such as As, Cu, Ni, Se, Mo, Pb, Co, Zn, Tl etc.

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| | Sb | Se | W | Zn | Ba | Tl | As | Co | Cu | Mn | Ni | B |
|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-------|------|------|-----|----|------|-----|----|
| 1 | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 40 | 1900 | 1.4 | 20 | 7 | 9 | 443 | 21 | 21 |
| 2 | 9 | < 5 | <10 | 74 | 770 | 2.1 | 49 | 20 | 34 | 1250 | 65 | 28 |
| 3 | 15 | < 5 | <10 | 74 | 270 | 0.5 | 5 | 24 | 54 | 1260 | 71 | 12 |
| 4 | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 79 | 770 | 2.0 | 35 | 23 | 40 | 1520 | 72 | 36 |
| 5 | 18 | < 5 | <10 | 81 | 400 | 1.5 | 27 | 25 | 45 | 1440 | 82 | 23 |
| 6 | 8 | < 5 | <10 | 78 | 410 | 1.3 | 36 | 27 | 50 | 1690 | 83 | 23 |
| 7 | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 55 | 240 | 0.5 | 15 | 20 | 26 | 1720 | 62 | 13 |
| 8 | 14 | < 5 | <10 | 97 | 500 | 0.9 | 31 | 22 | 32 | 767 | 78 | 23 |
| 9 | 5 | <5 | < 10 | 79 | 330 | 0.5 | 5 | 25 | 46 | 1150 | 75 | 23 |
| 10 | 7 | < 5 | <10 | 55 | 760 | 0.9 | 5 | 18 | 26 | 588 | 59 | 23 |
| 11 | 5 | <5 | < 10 | 102 | 350 | 0.5 | 36 | 24 | 46 | 1240 | 62 | 23 |
| 12 | 18 | < 5 | <10 | 19 | 20 | 1.6 | 39 | 5 | 6 | 374 | 17 | 9 |
| 13 | 11 | < 5 | <10 | 26 | 520 | 0.6 | 42 | 34 | 15 | 522 | 580 | 13 |
| 14 | 28 | < 5 | <10 | 34 | 730 | 5.1 | 132 | 34 | 23 | 678 | 519 | 16 |
| 15* | 129 | < 5 | <10 | 72 | 1 100 | 100 | 2000 | 19 | 19 | 973 | 56 | 22 |
| 16* | 12 | <5 | < 10 | 20 | 100 | 44 | 2000 | 6 | 20 | 183 | 38 | 21 |
| 17* | 7 | < 5 | <10 | 36 | 20 | 38 | 1243 | 5 | 13 | 154 | 20 | 10 |
| 18* | 5 | <5 | < 10 | 28 | 2000 | 50 | 1172 | 14 | 39 | 713 | 18 | 50 |
| 19 | 8 | < 5 | <10 | 21 | 1900 | 9 | 388 | 5 | 18 | 181 | 14 | 54 |
| 20 | 7 | < 5 | <10 | 18 | 1700 | 3.1 | 137 | 2 | 25 | 26 | 5 | 37 |
| 21 | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 32 | 1800 | 14 | 856 | 9 | 23 | 250 | 18 | 54 |
| 22 | 11 | < 5 | 14 | 64 | 170 | 9.8 | 395 | 15 | 11 | 537 | 25 | 5 |
| 23* | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 100 | 420 | 8.7 | 443 | 20 | 12 | 232 | 23 | 15 |
| 24* | 12 | < 5 | <10 | 227 | 20 | 4.7 | 583 | 14 | 6 | 84 | 17 | 10 |
| 25* | 8 | < 5 | <10 | 1 19 | 1 100 | 38 | 1249 | 8 | 10 | 22 | 24 | 42 |
| 26 | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 71 | 1700 | 4 | 151 | 14 | 33 | 399 | 26 | 45 |
| 27 | 16 | <5 | <10 | 100 | 1700 | 4.7 | 209 | 32 | 22 | 1040 | 30 | 40 |
| 28* | 16 | < 5 | <10 | 331 | 720 | 2.6 | 1232 | 63 | 22 | 435 | 70 | 30 |
| 29* | 5 | < 5 | 15 | 401 | 700 | 69 | 2000 | 217 | 59 | 6410 | 146 | 32 |
| 30 | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 11 | 20 | 0.5 | 103 | 6 | 3 | 140 | 8 | 11 |
| 31* | 11 | < 5 | 25 | 465 | 340 | 10.5 | 1830 | 97 | 68 | 5370 | 190 | 28 |
| 32* | 10 | < 5 | 14 | 130 | 960 | 9.2 | 761 | 25 | 27 | 5050 | 43 | 33 |
| 33 | 5 | < 5 | 25 | 93 | 480 | 3.4 | 866 | 27 | 17 | 8970 | 42 | 13 |
| 34 | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 69 | 220 | 4.1 | 558 | 17 | 17 | 1100 | 34 | 26 |
| 35* | 5 | <5 | <10 | 199 | 450 | 100 | 2000 | 45 | 15 | 2700 | 87 | 48 |
| 36* | 5 | < 5 | <10 | 70 | 210 | 100 | 2000 | 17 | 43 | 557 | 42 | 35 |
| 37* | 5 | <5 | <10 | 79 | 1600 | 71 | 733 | 16 | 22 | 511 | 32 | 47 |
| 38* | 5 | <5 | <10 | 149 | 1200 | 100 | 2000 | 33 | 26 | 1690 | 55 | 59 |
| 39* | 11 | <5 | <10 | 172 | 1100 | 74 | 2000 | 42 | 32 | 4930 | 72 | 52 |
| 40* | 17 | <5 | <10 | 72 | 1500 | 40 | 1392 | 21 | 37 | 1530 | 34 | 57 |

Table 1. Microelements in the soils in part of the Alshar site (INAA method, in ppm)

 $\frac{40^{\ast}}{17} \times \frac{17}{5} \times \frac{10}{72} \times \frac{1500}{10} \times \frac{40}{1392} \times \frac{137}{150} \times \frac{1530}{21} \times \frac{34}{1500} \times \frac{100}{100}$

The Zn content in the rocks ranges from 11 to 465 ppm and compared to the Zn content in the as hes of Violla Alsharica (Table 2) it can be in fired that the abundance of micro elements is uniform in almost all samples studied and several times higher than that of Zn in the rocks.

Increased contents of TI in Violla of several hudred times can be noticed compared to its contents in the rocks and soil where the plant grows.



Fig.1.Panoramic view if the old dumps in the Alch ars ite

Arsenic, which is common microelement in the rocks in the area, is less present in the plants than Tl and Zn, but more abundant in the ashes of violla than thymus. Data obtained indicate that Tl and As are more abundant in Violla due to their geochemical connection (fig. 3, 4).

In contrast, Zn as a significant biogene element, is very common in the two plants in amounts that are several times higher than those in the rocks - the amount of Thymus being higher than that of Violla (Table 3). Other microelements were not found in significant amounts and their presence will not be the subject matter of this paper.

Bearing in mind that the elements under consideration are heavy metals, known for their toxic properties, the increased amounts of certain microelements, first of all those of As and Tl, which are not known as biogene microelements, point out that these plants potential toxic materials for the living world in the area. Efforts should be made to analyze a large number of plants along with the analysis of the presence of certain microelements in individual plant organs. It will make possible to carry out thorough investigations as well as establish the correlation in the abundance of individual microelements in different plants and organs.



Fig.2.Foto of the Violla Alcharica

Table 2: Micro elements in the ashes of Violla Alsharica (ICP-AES) method, in ppm)

| | Вe | Cd | Mo | Zn | Ba | T1 | As | Co | Cu | Mn | Ni | Pb |
|----|----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|----|
| 1 | 1 | 1.9 | 61 | 320 | 320 | 224 | 34 | 2.5 | 41 | 1800 | 43 | 76 |
| 2 | 1 | 1.5 | 78 | 280 | 450 | 218 | 45 | 1.8 | 40 | 1700 | 43 | 67 |
| 3 | 1 | 0.9 | 92 | 230 | 340 | 200 | 28 | 1.7 | 43 | 1560 | 42 | 75 |
| 4 | 1 | 2.0 | 85 | 250 | 230 | 195 | 33 | 1.5 | 42 | 1600 | 45 | 72 |
| 5 | 1 | 25 | 35 | 350 | 280 | 230 | 38 | 2.9 | 39 | 1800 | 38 | 81 |
| 6 | 1 | 1.0 | 43 | 340 | 320 | 215 | 37 | 2.7 | 45 | 1700 | 37 | 69 |
| 7 | 1 | 1.2 | 10.1 | 180 | 340 | 167 | 34 | 2.5 | 35 | 1400 | 33 | 70 |
| 8 | 1 | 1.9 | 67 | 170 | 360 | 187 | 29 | 2.0 | 28 | 1900 | 33 | 81 |
| 9 | 1 | 15 | 65 | 310 | 380 | 200 | 30 | 2.2 | 32 | 1800 | 45 | 45 |
| 10 | 1 | 0.8 | 69 | 320 | 310 | 229 | 31 | 1.8 | 41 | 1800 | 45 | 67 |

Table 3: Microelements in the ashes of Thymus alsh arensis (ICP-AES method, in ppm)

| | Вe | Cd | Mo | Zn | Ba | Tl | As | Co | Cu | Mn | Ni | Pb |
|----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|------|------|-----|----|
| 1 | 1 | - | 7 | 424 | 866 | 55 | 7 | 12 | 120 | 1400 | 110 | 65 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 450 | 890 | 65 | 12 | 23 | 1 10 | 1500 | 120 | 45 |
| 3 | 1 | 0.9 | 5 | 430 | 895 | 45 | 15 | 15 | 98 | 1300 | 130 | 47 |
| 4 | 1 | 1.1 | 7 | 440 | 950 | 43 | 16 | 18 | 78 | 1600 | 80 | 53 |
| 5 | 1 | - | 6 | 410 | 940 | 23 | 23 | 20 | 65 | 1200 | 75 | 55 |
| 6 | 1 | 1.2 | 8 | 390 | 980 | 78 | 15 | 21 | 1 10 | 1400 | 78 | 52 |
| 7 | 1 | 1.6 | 4 | 380 | 870 | 102 | 10 | 22 | 70 | 1600 | 95 | 61 |
| 8 | 1 | - | 6 | 360 | 880 | 110 | 8 | 10 | 85 | 1300 | 92 | 60 |
| 9 | 1 | - | 5 | 420 | 954 | 140 | 5 | 11 | 90 | 1800 | 81 | 56 |
| 10 | 1 | 1.3 | 7 | 380 | 820 | 150 | 7 | 16 | 95 | 1600 | 76 | 57 |

Conclus io ns

The results presented in the paper lead to the conclusion that there is pronounced correlation between the distribution of individual microelemenst in the soils of the Alshar deposit and those found in Violla Alsharica and Thymus Alsharensis. The correlation is particularly pronounced in elements such as Tl which is very common in the plants mentioned. This concentration distinguishes them as separate kinds known as Violla Alsharica and Thymus Alsharensis. Zinc also occurs in large contents in the plants discussed and is an indicator of the possible presence of significant individual concentrations of some microelements in the soils.

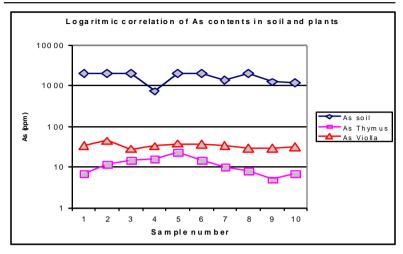


Fig. 3. Logarithmic correlation d ingram of As contents in soil and plants from the the Alsar

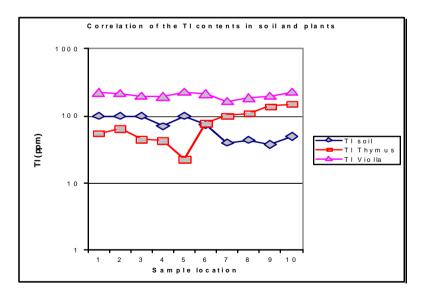


Fig. 4. Logarithmic correlation diagram of Tl contents in soil and plants from the Alsar

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