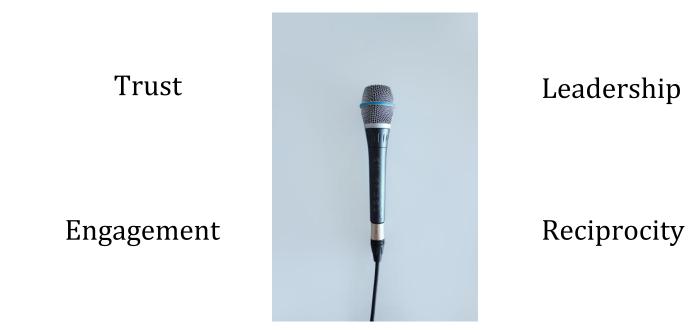


Master Your Virtual Presence: Communication Skills for the Teaching Librarian

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Learning Pearls

- Describe what it means to demonstrate **presence** in front of an audience
- Apply science to stylistics within a virtual environment
- Employ cognitive reappraisal techniques to build for future success



What is Presence?

- Presence is simply how you show up for your audience.
- It portrays your intentions and level of authenticity to connect with them.
- A conscientious presence builds trusts with your listeners.
- "Knowledge can't be pushed into a brain. It has to be pulled in." (Anderson, 2016, p. 47)

- 1. Anderson, C. (2016). TED Talks: The official TED guide to public speaking. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.
- Cohen, S. D. (2011, September). A view from the balcony: Step back and see how your audience is observing you. *Toastmaster*, 22–23. <u>https://www.stevendcohen.net/wp-content/uploads/2014/11/A-View-from-the-Balcony.pdf</u>

^{3.} Gershman, S. (2019, December 13). Do you need charisma to be a great public speaker? *Harvard Business Review*. https://hbr.org/2019/12/do-you-need-charisma-to-be-a-great-public-speaker?



What is Virtual Presence?

- In an online environment, presence or lack of presence still comes through the camera and microphone.
- It is easier to have a virtual presence if you have an inherent trust in the reciprocity of your audience.
- Your foremost intention to build an experience between yourself, your audience, and the message (i.e. content) transcends the common self-identity issues experienced by online presenters and educators.



Presence Activity

Discuss among groups of 4

- 1. Have you consciously developed a unique presence of your own?
- 2. Do you experience blocks in demonstrating presence when teaching online?
- 3. Is there one thing you would like to change or enhance to build your presence?



Integrating Science and Stylistics

Cognitive neuroscience focuses on brain activity *in response* to mental processes. We can translate this evidence into useful advice for our everyday lives.

Translation #1: Let's reduce the overactive empathy response.

Translation #2: You're excited, you're excited, you're excited!

^{1.} Christov-Moore, L., Simpson, E. A., Coudé, G., Grigaityte, K., Iacoboni, M., & Ferrari, P. F. (2014). Empathy: gender effects in brain and behavior. *Neuroscience and biobehavioral reviews*, 46(Pt 4), 604–627. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.neubiorev.2014.09.001

Brooks, A.W. (2014). Get excited: Reappraising pre-performance anxiety as excitement. Journal of Experimental Psychology: General, 143(3), 1144–1158. https://doi.org/10.1037/a0035325



More Stylistics

- Virtual eye contact
- Let the audience check you out
- Vocal mechanics
 - Filler word anxiety
 - Pregnant pause
 - $\circ \quad \text{Word pace} \quad$

^{1.} Clapp, C. (2020). Present with executive presence online: Learn how to convey confidence in a virtual setting with these five key elements. Retrieved from https://www.toastmasters.org/magazine/magazine-issues/2020/june/present-with-executive-presence-online



Science & Stylistics Activity

Partner 1: Choosing one of the three prompts below, present to your partner for 30 seconds with a focus on open posture, eye contact, word pace, and lack of filler words.

Partner 2: Watch and listen to your partner in order to provide feedback.

Then switch roles!

Prompt #1: My favorite hobby is I love it because...

Prompt #2: I live in ... it's a great place because...

Prompt #3: My first name means ... and it fits me because...



Cognitive Reappraisal

- Focusing on "what went right" instead of "what went wrong" has true scientific benefits.
- Cognitive reappraisal is an emotion regulation strategy that produces neurobiological changes in the brain.
- Over time, the brain becomes less triggered and more resilient in reaction to the same circumstances of stress.

^{1.} Bastiaansen, J. A., Bennik, E. C., Marsman, J. B. C., Ormel, J., Aleman, A., & Oldehinkel, A. J. (2018). Prefrontal cortex activation during a cognitive reappraisal task is associated with real-life negative affect reactivity. *PLOS ONE*, *13*(8), e0202888. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0202888

^{2.} d'Arbeloff, T. C., Kim, M. J., Knodt, A. R., Radtke, S. R., Brigidi, B. D., & Hariri, A. R. (2018). Microstructural integrity of a pathway connecting the prefrontal cortex and amygdala moderates the association between cognitive reappraisal and negative emotions. *Emotion*, *18*(6), 912–915. <u>https://doi.org/10.1037/emo0000447</u>

^{3.} Gallo, C. (2017). The cognitive cure for stage fright, according to neuroscience. Retrieved from https://www.forbes.com/sites/carminegallo/2017/05/31/the-cognitive-cure-for-stage-fright-according-to-neuroscience/

^{4.} Ochsner, K. N., Bunge, S. A., Gross, J. J., & Gabrieli, J. D. E. (2002). Rethinking Feelings: An fMRI study of the cognitive regulation of emotion. *Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience*, *14*(8), 1215–1229. https://doi.org/10.1162/089892902760807212

^{5.} Yeh, N., Barber, S. J., Suri, G., & Opitz, P. (2020). The role of reappraisal success in emotional and memory outcomes. *Emotion*, 20(6), 939–950. https://doi.org/10.1037/emo0000575



Reappraisal Activity

Discuss with a partner how this scenario could be reappraised so that a similar future scenario might elicit a healthier reaction.

"It was nearing the end of class and a student asked a very complicated question. I couldn't provide a direct answer but I attempted a response. I ended up going on a tangent that trailed to nowhere! I felt like everyone was looking at me as if I didn't know what I was talking about. It was difficult to get my momentum back and I feel like I lost the audience. Then the class ended and I just felt so disappointed."



Summary

- Holding effective presence in front of an audience
- Neuroscience + presentation stylistics + virtual venue
- Rewiring our brains for future success with reappraisal techniques



Outline

- 1. Welcome & Hook
- 2. WIIFT (what's-in-it-for-them)
- 3. Summary of purpose
- 4. Tell them what you're going to tell them
- 5. Tell them
- 6. Tell them what you told them
- 7. Ending hook/Closing



Q & A



Thank you!



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