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The 21st International Grassland Congress / 8th International Rangeland Congress took place in Hohhot, China from June 29 through July 5, 2008.

Proceedings edited by Organizing Committee of 2008 IGC/IRC Conference Published by Guangdong People's Publishing House

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Forage-livestock industry is a fundamental issue for ecologic and economic win-win in the Loess plateau, China

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Key words: forage-livestock industry, reformulation of agriculture system, Loess plateau, ecologic and economic win-win, industrialized production system

Introduction The Loess plateau, China is a one of the poorest areas by the most severe soil erosion and has the most fragile ecological environment in China. Revegetation, reforming of agricultural system and the development of forage-livestock industry are essential measures for ecologic sustainability.

Material and methods Severe soil erosion, destroyed vegetation, infertile soil and low income could be controlled by developing forage-livestock industry, and reformulating agricultural system, which are the most fundamental measures. In the Loess plateau, forestry vegetation disappeared, soil fertility degradation and low income of farmers were mainly caused due to internal war for a long time, cultivating from forestry and pasture, grain planting system dominant. Thus, transforming traditional grain dominant farming agriculture", converting grain land into woodland or pasture, restoration of vegetation, to reform agricultural system should be the most fundamental measures in controlling soil erosion.

Acceleration forage-livestock industry can achieve ecology and economic win-win . The adequate agriculture industrial layouts in the Loess plateau should be the favorable farming , protective forestry , commercial forage-livestock industry" . So grain crop planting area should be reduced , reasonable area for forestry is suggested , forage planting area should be enhanced , and all of those provide an alternative choice for ecologic and economic win-win .

Integration Green for Grain to forage-livestock industry: Green for Grain and forage-livestock industry, poverty reduction, development forage-livestock industry and improvement farmers' income will be continuously implemented for ecologic construction

Alfalfa will be one of important forage to establish forage and feed supply system, producing high quality and high yield forage to meet livestock demand. Sowing pasture establishment, expanding legume pasture area, forage-crop rotation will make up the gap of protein feed stuff shortage. Afterwards, Techniques for alfalfa harvesting time, transportation, processing machinery, silage making in high rainfall area are major issue.

Beef Cattle and sheep are primarily dominant livestock to accelerate for development herbivore and domestic animal of production system industrialization. Establishing forage-meat lamb and beef cattle production system based on local, domestic and international market-oriented and forming industrial development.

Setting up eco-economic system for harmonious development between human and nature in the Loess plateau area by forage and livestock interaction and regional resources coupling: Fully utilizing the neighboring region's resources in livestock, feed stuff and market, a giant, harmonious forage-livestock industry base will be establishing in the Loess plateau through regional advantage compensation and system coupling.

Reference

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