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#### **Designing Digital Projects for Your Courses**

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#### **Designing Digital Projects for Your Courses**

#### **Abstract**

R.C. Miessler (Systems Librarian) and John Dettinger (Assistant Director of User Services) deliver a 30-minute workshop on how to design digital projects for your courses. They provide a model for digital project assignment design, including planning, instruction, and assessment strategies, as well as address how to successfully negotiate copyright concerns.

#### Keywords

digital pedagogy, digital projects, digital humanities

#### **Disciplines**

Digital Humanities | Library and Information Science

#### Comments

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# Designing Digital Projects for your Courses

-or-How I Learned to Stop Worrying and Love the Digital Humanities

R.C. Miessler, Systems Librarian

John Dettinger, Assistant Director of User Services

Gettysburg College June Pedagogy Institute

June 16, 2020, 2pm

bit.ly/jpi-digital



## Hello



R.C. Miessler
Systems Librarian
Coordinator of the library's
Digital Humanities initiatives



John Dettinger
Assistant Director of User Services
Chair of the library's copyright committee

# Takeaways

- There are no "digital natives," never assume your students know how to use technology or learn it quickly
- Digital projects take a lot of planning, so be ready to spend time preparing and thinking of contingencies
- Scaffold everything ... and be willing to adjust mid-stream
- Process is just as valuable as product, allow your students to experiment, fail, and reflect (and grade accordingly)
- Copyright kills dreams, so teach your students how to find media they can use

# Why Digital Projects?

## Students will ...

- Develop digital literacy skills
- Negotiate creating scholarship for different audiences
- Have a public-facing piece to show off work
- Have something extensible to keep working on
- Articulate the value of process alongside product
- Value and understand copyright and intellectual property

# There Are No "Digital Natives"

- Students must be taught how to write a scholarly paper, and they need to be taught how to create a scholarly digital project
- Students are competent with smartphones, Word, social media
- No hard-wired fluency or fearlessness when learning new technology
- Make no assumptions, make lots of plans

# Values of the Digital Humanities

- Openness
- Collaboration
- Collegiality and Connectedness
- Diversity
- Experimentation

## What Can We Build?

- Websites
- Maps
- Timelines
- Data visualizations
- Analysis (network, text, etc.)
- Exhibits
- Digital books

# Example Design Model

- Planning
- Instruction
- Support
- Assessment

# Planning

- Directly connect learning goals for the course
- Select methods and tools based on what you want students to learn
- Determine how much help you will need with technology
- Establish project management plan and library/IT partners
- Request digitization of physical materials
- What is your technology policy in the classroom?

# Scaffolding - Design

Example assignment: Build a website with a map and a timeline

Module 0	Module 1	Module 2	Module 3	Module 4
Introduction - What is DH? - Copyright - Attribution - Inventory	Create timeline with 5-7 events	Create map with 5-7 markers	Write 2 contextual essays	Build a website and ingest content

# Scaffolding - Specifications

Module 1: Create a timeline with 5-7 events

Specification 1	Specification 2	Specification 3	Specification 4
Plan timeline to select and place 5-7 events in proper chronological order	Locate and include images from Special Collections on each event, with appropriate attribution	Write and include 50-75 words per event	Revise based on feedback and resubmit

# **Building Walled Gardens**

- Building takes a lot of time limiting choices focuses students
- You don't need a full-blown website for everything
- Require certain digital tools and collections for use
- Digital + analog approach
- Project management model class as "client" and librarian + student worker as "managers"

## Instruction

- Inventory of student skills, technology, interests, and fears
- Critical evaluation of tools and methods
- Use familiar tools to introduce new technology
  - Post-Its, pen+paper, whiteboards
- "Buttonology"
  - Follow the trainer or flipped model
- Experiment and troubleshoot

## Critical Evaluation of Tools and Methods

- What does a digital tool or method do well? Not do well?
- Can you live with the problems and address them?
- Encourage students to poke holes in the technology, not just accept it

## Affordances

Example: Black Lives Matter protests in May/June 2020

Data & Primary Sources	Timeline	Мар
Links to news articles, Tweets, images, video	Yes - Usually easy to embed and link out to	Yes - Usually easy to embed and link out to
Media coverage of multiple protests in Minneapolis over a week	Yes - Time-based, covers progression that is not focused on spatial change	Maybe not - there may not be enough disparate physical locations for a map to work
Data showing police presence during a protest in Minneapolis	Maybe not - More spatial in nature, may not have good representation of change over time	Yes - Can be used to analyze spatial relationships of how police have been deployed (and not)
Interviews about how a protest in Minneapolis evolved in one 24-hour period	Yes - Temporal component of telling the story of events and how the protest changed over time	Yes - Spatial component of telling the story of how a protest engaged with the city

# Performative Buttonology

- "Click here, then here ..."
- Show, then have students try with help at the ready
- Live performances can show errors, glitches use problems as teaching moments
- Do NOT ask students to do the demo unless you let them prepare
- Consider flipped model for remote sessions students watch tutorial, class combines critical evaluation and lab

# Support

- Physical or Zoom-based workshops
- Digital project toolkits
  - Library guide with videos, walkthroughs, examples
- Peer support (Digital Scholarship Fellows)
  - Regular office hours or by appointment
- Special Collections
  - Primary sources, digitization

# Remote Learning and Digital Projects

- Students may or not have reliable Internet connections or technology
  - Include available technology as part of pre-assignment inventory
- Use trained students with office hours for technology help
  - Assume they will not speak up in Zoom sessions with problems
  - Troubleshooting individual issues during group sessions is disruptive and can be embarrassing
- Web-based tools tend to work better because they generally work the same for most users

## Assessment

- Include reflection elements as part of final grade
- Stick to the rubric, don't make arbitrary grading decisions
- Provide visual feedback Zoom or Screencast going through the assignment
- Allow for revisions to improve grade
- After grades are assigned, deliver a post-assignment inventory

# Digital Project Rubric Example

	A (Exceeds Expectations), 9-10	B (Meets Expectations), 7-8	C (Needs Additional Work, 5-	D (Does Not Meet
	Points	Points	6 Points	Expectations), 0-4 Points
Timeline (weighted x4)	A title slide that clearly	A title slide that clearly	Argument may not be clear	Unclear argument
	introduces the argument your	introduces the argument your		
	timeline is making	timeline is making	Timeline events do not form	Fewer than 5 events
			a cohesive narrative	
	8-10 well-chosen	5-7 well-chosen chronological		Media and/or text not
	chronological timeline events	timeline events that form a	Media do not reinforce the	present on events
	that form a cohesive and	cohesive and compelling	event or are not present;	
	compelling narrative	narrative	captions and/or attributions	No links to outside
			not provided	websites, or broken or
	Each event anchored by	Each event anchored by		non-functioning links
	media that reinforces the text	media that reinforces the text	Text for each event does not	
	and advances your argument	and advances your argument	advance the argument	
	with appropriate caption and	with appropriate caption and		
	attribution	attribution	Links to outside websites do	
			not reinforce the event or	
	Text for each event that	Text for each event that	advance the argument	
	reinforces the text and	reinforces the text and		
	advances your argument,	advances your argument,	Essay does not advance the	
	around 50-75 words per event	around 50-75 words per event	larger narrative/argument	
			being made by the timeline	
	5-7 links to outside websites	2-3 links to outside websites		
	that reinforces the event and	that reinforces the event and		
	advances your argument	advances your argument		
	2 essays (250-300 words) that	1 essay (250-300 words) that		
	supplement 2 of the events	supplements 1 of the events		
	on your timeline and provide	on your timeline and provides		
	the reader with relevant	the reader with relevant		
	additional information that	additional information that		
	advances the larger argument	advances the larger argument		
	being made by the timeline	being made by the timeline		

# What About Group Work?

- Same pitfalls doing group work with digital tools as with traditional assignments
- Not all technology is collaboration friendly
- Consider organizing groups based on skills and interests
- Emphasize reflection paper and incorporate self-grading

# Copyright

- Copyright can be complicated introduce students to the basics
- Using copyrighted materials permission vs. Fair Use
- Attribution should be part of the project assessment

## Citation vs. Attribution

- Include attribution in the assessment rubric
- Citation tracing an idea back to a source
- Attribution incorporating someone else's work into your own and giving them credit



<u>"panda"</u> by <u>Mathias Appel</u> is licensed under <u>CC0 1.0</u>

## CC Licenses and Public Domain

- What does a license do?
- Creative Commons license considerations
  - Reuse
  - Credit
  - Adaptation
  - Commercial gain
- Consider applying a CC license to class projects
- Items in the public domain are no longer protected by copyright

## Bibliographies?

- Avoid the urge to apply a print style guide for bibliographies/endnotes/footnotes into web technologies not designed for that sort of styling (so no hanging indents, etc.)
- Link to things instead of crowding website with citations
- If you must, use MLA 8, it's simple, web-ready, inline
- Use a page on a website for sources or include in the reflection paper or essay

# Challenges

- Learning curve will be steeper
- Digital projects take more time
- Balancing content-based learning outcomes with technical competency
- Students (and faculty) are doing something new
- Rubrics can make grading feel more like box-checking
- Copyright

## Wins

- Students make something they can show off
- Can build on the work throughout their time as students
- Fun to see what students create
- Gain confidence with technology and build digital literacy skills

# Takeaways

- There are no "digital natives," never assume your students know how to use technology or learn it quickly
- Digital projects take a lot of planning, so be ready to spend time preparing and thinking of contingencies
- Scaffold everything ... and be willing to adjust mid-stream
- Process is just as valuable as product, allow your students to experiment, fail, and reflect (and grade accordingly)
- Copyright kills dreams, so teach your students how to find media they can use

# Next Steps

## • Email us!

- rmiessle@gettysburg.edu digital projects
- <u>jdetting@gettysburg.edu</u> copyright questions
- You can also schedule a consultation over the summer with our Digital Scholarship Program assistants (Emma Lewis and Emma Poff) to discuss assignment design.
- Contact Special Collections for help with digital primary source materials.
- Get inspired by student and classroom digital projects.

# Further Reading

Battershill, Claire, and Shawna Ross. <u>Using Digital Humanities in the Classroom</u> (library ebook) and "<u>Using Digital Humanities in the Classroom</u>" (companion website to ebook).

Brooks, Mackenzie. "Assessing Failure // Specifications Grading for Digital Pedagogy" (presentation).

Cahoon, Claire. "Planting the Seed: How to Teach Yourself Digital Tools" (presentation).

Cordell, Ryan. "How Not to Teach Digital Humanities."

MLA's <u>Digital Pedagogy in the Humanities</u>.

Nilson, Linda Burzotta. <u>Specifications Grading</u> (library ebook) and "<u>Yes, Virginia, There's a Better</u> <u>Way to Grade</u>."

Russell, John E. and Merinda Kaye Hensley. "<u>Beyond Buttonology: Digital Humanities, Digital Pedagogy, and the ACRL Framework</u>."

Spiro, Lisa. "This is Why We Fight: Defining the Values of the Digital Humanities."

# Example Classroom Digital Projects

### Shaping Perceptions of War: Propaganda Posters of World War II

- Tools used: StoryMapJS (image annotation), TimelineJS (timeline), Scalar (website) Wonders of Nature and Artiface
- Tools used: WordPress (website), Pano2VR (panoramic image)
  Uproar on Campus: Student Protests in the Vietnam War Era
- Tools used: WordPress (website), Omeka (metadata and images)
   Music and Spectacle: A Visual Representation of Sound in the Context of War
- Tools used: Scalar (website), StoryMapJS (image annotation), TimelineJS (timeline)
   <u>Digital Cultures and Online Behavior</u>
- Tools used: WordPress

### History of East Asia to 1800

Tools used: WordPress, TimelineJS