



### University of Groningen

## Real-time positron emission tomography for range verification of particle radiotherapy

Ozoemelam, Ikechi

DOI: 10.33612/diss.133158935

IMPORTANT NOTE: You are advised to consult the publisher's version (publisher's PDF) if you wish to cite from it. Please check the document version below.

Document Version Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Publication date: 2020

Link to publication in University of Groningen/UMCG research database

Citation for published version (APA): Ozoemelam, I. (2020). Real-time positron emission tomography for range verification of particle radiotherapy. University of Groningen. https://doi.org/10.33612/diss.133158935

### Copyright

Other than for strictly personal use, it is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

Take-down policy If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Downloaded from the University of Groningen/UMCG research database (Pure): http://www.rug.nl/research/portal. For technical reasons the number of authors shown on this cover page is limited to 10 maximum.

# Propositions

Belonging to the PhD thesis

# Real-time Positron emission Tomography for Range Verification of Particle Radiotherapy

Ikechi S. Ozoemelam, 2020

- 1. *In vivo* range verification technique is an essential requirement to attain the inherent dosimetric superiority of particle radiotherapy.
- 2. PET-based provision of real-time feedback for triggering of intra-fraction treatment adaptation can only be obtained from imaging of beam-induced <sup>12</sup>N during particle therapy.
- 3. The short-lived positron emitter, <sup>12</sup>N, previously observed during irradiation with protons is also produced during irradiation with helium ions. Thus, real-time PET-based verification of helium radiotherapy is conceivable.
- 4. Beam delivery and scanner hardware optimization are required for submillimeter range measurement precision during proton and helium beam radiotherapy.
- 5. The performance of PET-based verification is better than prompt gamma detection during high intensity irradiations such as with synchrocyclotron and FLASH irradiations.
- 6. Clinical implementation of <sup>12</sup>N imaging requires the development of a framework for calculating predicted activity profiles. Providing data on the <sup>12</sup>N production cross-section vs energy is a non-trivial task.
- 7. On the path to true democracy, emerging democracies must foster critical thinking skills amongst her people.