

**DIPLOMADO DE PROFUNDIZACIÓN CISCO (DISEÑO E IMPLEMENTACIÓN
DE SOLUCIONES INTEGRADAS LAN / WAN)**

SEBASTIAN PEÑA CASTAÑEDA

**UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL ABIERTA Y A DISTANCIA
FACULTAD DE CIENCIAS BÁSICAS, TECNOLOGÍA E INGENIERÍA
INGENIERÍA DE SISTEMAS
PALMIRA – VALLE DEL CAUCA
2019**

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Prueba Final de Habilidades Prácticas

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**UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL ABIERTA Y A DISTANCIA
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2019

CONTENIDO

INTRODUCCIÓN	4
DESARROLLO ESCENARIO 1	5
Escenario 1	5
Parte 1: Configuración del enrutamiento	6
Parte 2: Tabla de Enrutamiento	6
Parte 4: Verificación del protocolo RIP	7
Parte 5: Configurar encapsulamiento y autenticación PPP	7
CONFIGURAR LA TOPOLOGÍA DE RED, DE ACUERDO CON LAS SIGUIENTES ESPECIFICACIONES.....	17
Parte 1: Configuración del enrutamiento	17
Parte 2: Tabla de Enrutamiento	20
Parte 3: Deshabilitar la propagación del protocolo RIP	24
Parte 4: Verificación del protocolo RIP	24
Parte 5: Configurar encapsulamiento y autenticación PPP	31
Parte 6: Configuración de PAT	34
Parte 7: Configuración del servicio DHCP	37
DESARROLLO ESCENARIO 2	39
SOLUCIÓN	42
Configurar el protocolo de enrutamiento OSPFv2 bajo los siguientes criterios:	52
Asignar direcciones IP a los Switches acorde a los lineamientos	69
Desactivar todas las interfaces que no sean utilizadas en el esquema de red	70
CONCLUSIÓN	82
BIBLIOGRAFIA	83

INTRODUCCIÓN

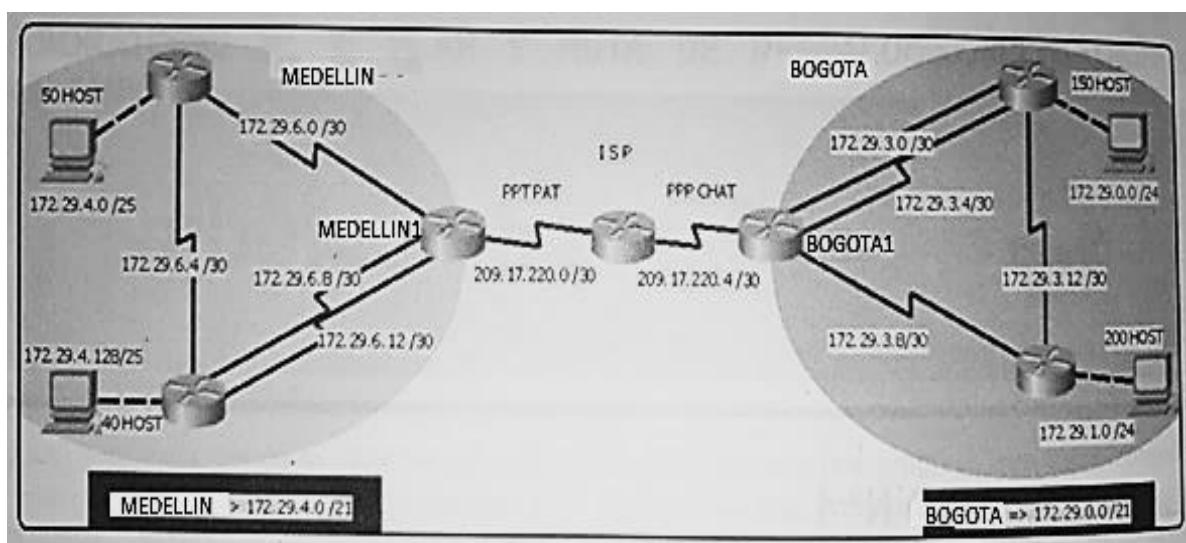
En el trabajo se desarrolla la escena propuestas en el documento “Evaluación – Prueba de habilidades prácticas CCNA” Diplomado de Profundización CCNA. El desarrollo de las actividades se llevó a cabo por medio del software Packet Tracer, mediante la cual se identificaron, desarrollaron los temas como routing switching y configuración avanzada y básica de redes.

DESARROLLO ESCENARIO 1

Escenario 1

Una empresa posee sucursales distribuidas en las ciudades de Bogotá y Medellín, en donde el estudiante será el administrador de la red, el cual deberá configurar e interconectar entre sí cada uno de los dispositivos que forman parte del escenario, acorde con los lineamientos establecidos para el direccionamiento IP, protocolos de enrutamiento y demás aspectos que forman parte de la topología de red.

Topología de red



Este escenario plantea el uso de RIP como protocolo de enrutamiento, considerando que se tendrán rutas por defecto redistribuidas; asimismo, habilitar el encapsulamiento PPP y su autenticación.

Los routers Bogota2 y medellin2 proporcionan el servicio DHCP a su propia red LAN y a los routers 3 de cada ciudad.

Debe configurar PPP en los enlaces hacia el ISP, con autenticación.

Debe habilitar NAT de sobrecarga en los routers Bogota1 y medellin1.

Desarrollo

Como trabajo inicial se debe realizar lo siguiente.

- Realizar las rutinas de diagnóstico y dejar los equipos listos para su configuración (asignar nombres de equipos, asignar claves de seguridad, etc).
- Realizar la conexión física de los equipos con base en la topología de red

Configurar la topología de red, de acuerdo con las siguientes especificaciones.

Parte 1: Configuración del enrutamiento

- a. Configurar el enrutamiento en la red usando el protocolo RIP versión 2, declare la red principal, desactive la summarización automática.
- b. Los routers Bogota1 y Medellín deberán añadir a su configuración de enrutamiento una ruta por defecto hacia el ISP y, a su vez, redistribuirla dentro de las publicaciones de RIP.
- c. El router ISP deberá tener una ruta estática dirigida hacia cada red interna de Bogotá y Medellín para el caso se sumarizan las subredes de cada uno a /22.

Parte 2: Tabla de Enrutamiento.

- a. Verificar la tabla de enrutamiento en cada uno de los routers para comprobar las redes y sus rutas.
- b. Verificar el balanceo de carga que presentan los routers.
- c. Obsérvese en los routers Bogotá1 y Medellín1 cierta similitud por su ubicación, por tener dos enlaces de conexión hacia otro router y por la ruta por defecto que manejan.
- d. Los routers Medellín2 y Bogotá2 también presentan redes conectadas directamente y recibidas mediante RIP.
- e. Las tablas de los routers restantes deben permitir visualizar rutas redundantes para el caso de la ruta por defecto.
- f. El router ISP solo debe indicar sus rutas estáticas adicionales a las directamente conectadas.

Parte 3: Deshabilitar la propagación del protocolo RIP.

- a. Para no propagar las publicaciones por interfaces que no lo requieran se debe deshabilitar la propagación del protocolo RIP, en la siguiente tabla se indican las interfaces de cada router que no necesitan desactivación.

ROUTER	INTERFAZ
Bogota1	SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0; SERIAL0/1/1
Bogota2	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1
Bogota3	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0
Medellín1	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/1
Medellín2	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1
Medellín3	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0

Parte 4: Verificación del protocolo RIP.

- a. Verificar y documentar las opciones de enrutamiento configuradas en los routers, como el passive interface para la conexión hacia el ISP, la versión de RIP y las interfaces que participan de la publicación entre otros datos.
- b. Verificar y documentar la base de datos de RIP de cada router, donde se informa de manera detallada de todas las rutas hacia cada red.

Parte 5: Configurar encapsulamiento y autenticación PPP.

- a. Según la topología se requiere que el enlace Medellín1 con ISP sea configurado con autenticación PAT.
- b. El enlace Bogotá1 con ISP se debe configurar con autenticación CHAT.

Parte 6: Configuración de PAT.

- a. En la topología, si se activa NAT en cada equipo de salida (Bogotá1 y Medellín1), los routers internos de una ciudad no podrán llegar hasta los routers internos en el otro extremo, sólo existirá comunicación hasta los routers Bogotá1, ISP y Medellín1.
- b. Después de verificar lo indicado en el paso anterior proceda a configurar el NAT en el router Medellín1. Compruebe que la traducción de direcciones indique las interfaces de entrada y de salida. Al realizar una prueba de ping, la dirección debe ser traducida automáticamente a la dirección de la interfaz serial 0/1/0 del router Medellín1, como diferente puerto.
- c. Proceda a configurar el NAT en el router Bogotá1. Compruebe que la traducción de direcciones indique las interfaces de entrada y de salida. Al realizar una prueba de ping, la dirección debe ser traducida automáticamente a la dirección de la interfaz serial 0/1/0 del router Bogotá1, como diferente puerto.

Parte 7: Configuración del servicio DHCP.

- a. Configurar la red Medellín2 y Medellín3 donde el router Medellín 2 debe ser el servidor DHCP para ambas redes Lan.
- b. El router Medellín3 deberá habilitar el paso de los mensajes broadcast hacia la IP del router Medellín2.
- c. Configurar la red Bogotá2 y Bogotá3 donde el router Medellín2 debe ser el servidor DHCP para ambas redes Lan.
- d. Configure el router Bogotá1 para que habilite el paso de los mensajes Broadcast hacia la IP del router Bogotá2.

Configuración del Router MEDELLIN1

```
Router(config)#hostname MEDELLIN1 MEDELLIN1(config)#no ip
domain-lookup MEDELLIN1(config)#enable secret class
MEDELLIN1(config)#line console 0 MEDELLIN1(config-line)#password
cisco MEDELLIN1(config-line)#login MEDELLIN1(config-line)#line vty 0
4 MEDELLIN1(config-line)#password cisco MEDELLIN1(config-
line)#login MEDELLIN1(config-line)#exit MEDELLIN1(config)#service
password-encryption

MEDELLIN1(config)#banner motd "Prohibido el acceso no autorizado"
MEDELLIN1(config)#interface s0/0/0
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#description connection medellin-1_medellin- 2
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.1 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 128000 MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no
shutdown
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#exit
MEDELLIN1(config)#interface s0/1/1
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#description connection medellin-1_medellin- 3
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.13 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 128000 MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no
shutdown
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/1, changed state to down
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#exit
MEDELLIN1(config)# interface s0/0/1 MEDELLIN1(config-if)#
description connection medellin- 1_medellin-3
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.9 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#clock rate 128000 MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no
shutdown MEDELLIN1(config)#interface s0/1/0
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#description connection Medellin1_ISP
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.2 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

Configuración del Router MEDELLIN2

```
Router(config)#hostname MEDELLIN2 MEDELLIN2(config)#no ip  
domain-lookup MEDELLIN2(config)#enable secret class  
MEDELLIN2(config)#line console 0
```

```
MEDELLIN2(config-line)#password cisco MEDELLIN2(config-line)#login  
MEDELLIN2(config-line)#line vty 0 4 MEDELLIN2(config-line)#password  
cisco MEDELLIN2(config-line)#login MEDELLIN2(config-line)#exit  
MEDELLIN2(config)#service password-encryption  
  
MEDELLIN2(config)#banner motd "Prohibido el acceso no autorizado"  
  
MEDELLIN2(config)#interface s0/0/1 MEDELLIN2(config-if)#description  
connection medellin-3  
  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.5 255.255.255.252  
  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#clock rate 128000 MEDELLIN2(config-if)#no  
shutdown  
  
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down  
MEDELLIN2(config)#interface g0/1  
  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#description connection medellin2_Pc-M  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.4.1 255.255.255.128  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#no shutdown  
  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#  
  
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up  
  
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1,  
changed  
  
state to up MEDELLIN2(config)#interface s0/0/0  
  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#description connection medellin-2_medellin- 1  
  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.2 255.255.255.252  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#no shutdown  
  
MEDELLIN2(config-if)#  
  
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up
```

Configuración del Router MEDELLIN3

```
Router(config)#hostname MEDELLIN3 MEDELLIN3(config)#no ip
domain-lookup MEDELLIN3(config)#enable secret class
MEDELLIN3(config)#line console 0 MEDELLIN3(config-line)#password
cisco MEDELLIN3(config-line)#login MEDELLIN3(config-line)#line vty 0
4 MEDELLIN3(config-line)#password cisco MEDELLIN3(config-
line)#login MEDELLIN3(config-line)#exit MEDELLIN3(config)#service
password-encryption

MEDELLIN3(config)#banner motd "Prohibido el acceso no autorizado"

MEDELLIN3(config)#interface s0/0/0 MEDELLIN3(config-if)#description
connection medellin-2

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.6 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#no shutdown

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up
MEDELLIN3(config)#interface g0/1

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#description connection medellin3_Pc-A
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.4.129 255.255.255.128

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#no shutdown MEDELLIN3(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1,
changed
state to up MEDELLIN3(config-if)#exit

MEDELLIN3(config)#interface s0/0/1

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#description connection medellin-3_medellin- 1

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.10 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down
MEDELLIN3(config)#interface s0/1/0

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#description connection medellin-3_medellin- 1

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.6.14 255.255.255.252
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#no shutdown
```

MEDELLIN3(config-if)#

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to up

Configuración del Router BOGOTA1

```
Router(config)#hostname BOGOTA1 BOGOTA1(config)#no ipdomain-lookup BOGOTA1(config)#enable secret class BOGOTA1(config)#line console 0 BOGOTA1(config-line)#password cisco BOGOTA1(config-line)#login BOGOTA1(config-line)#line vty 0 4 BOGOTA1(config-line)#password cisco BOGOTA1(config-line)#login BOGOTA1(config-line)#exit
```

```
BOGOTA1(config)#service password-encryption
```

```
BOGOTA1 (config)#banner motd "Prohibido el acceso no autorizado"  
BOGOTA1(config)#interface s0/1/1
```

```
BOGOTA1(config-if)#description connection bogota-1_bogota-3  
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.1 255.255.255.252
```

```
BOGOTA1(config-if)#clock rate 128000
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/1, changed state to down  
BOGOTA1(config)#interface s0/1/0
```

```
BOGOTA1(config-if)#description connection bogota-1_bogota-3  
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.5 255.255.255.252
```

```
BOGOTA1(config-if)#clock rate 128000 BOGOTA1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to down  
BOGOTA1(config)#interface s0/0/1
```

```
BOGOTA1(config-if)#description connection bogota-1_bogota-2  
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.9 255.255.255.252
```

```
BOGOTA1(config-if)#clock rate 128000 BOGOTA1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down  
BOGOTA1(config)#interface s0/0/0
```

```
BOGOTA1(config-if)#description connection BOGOTA1_ISP  
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip address 209.17.220.6 255.255.255.252  
BOGOTA1(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down  
BOGOTA1(config-if)#end
```

Configuración del Router BOGOTA2

```
Router(config)#hostname BOGOTA2 BOGOTA2(config)#no ipdomain-  
lookup BOGOTA2(config)#enable secret class BOGOTA2(config)#line  
console 0 BOGOTA2(config-line)#password cisco BOGOTA2(config-  
line)#login BOGOTA2(config-line)#line vty 0 4 BOGOTA2(config-  
line)#password cisco BOGOTA2(config-line)#login BOGOTA2(config-  
line)#exit
```

```
BOGOTA2(config)#service password-encryption  
BOGOTA2(config)#banner motd "Prohibido el acceso no autorizado"  
BOGOTA2(config)#interface s0/0/1
```

```
BOGOTA2(config-if)#description connection bogota-2_bogota-1  
BOGOTA2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.10 255.255.255.252  
BOGOTA2(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
BOGOTA2(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1,  
changed state to up
```

```
BOGOTA2(config-if)# BOGOTA2(config)#interface s0/1/0  
BOGOTA2(config-if)#description connection bogota-2_bogota-3  
BOGOTA2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.13 255.255.255.252  
BOGOTA2(config-if)#clock rate 128000
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to down  
BOGOTA2(config-if)#
BOGOTA2(config)#interface g0/1
```

```
BOGOTA2(config-if)#description connection BOGOTA2_PC-C  
BOGOTA2(config-if)#ip address 172.29.1.1 255.255.255.0
```

Configuración del Router BOGOTA3

```
Router(config)#hostname BOGOTA3 BOGOTA3(config)#no ipdomain-  
lookup BOGOTA3(config)#enable secret class BOGOTA3(config)#line  
console 0 BOGOTA3(config-line)#password cisco BOGOTA3(config-  
line)#login BOGOTA3(config-line)#line vty 0 4 BOGOTA3(config-  
line)#password cisco BOGOTA3(config-line)#login BOGOTA3(config-  
line)#exit
```

```
BOGOTA3(config)#service password-encryption  
BOGOTA3(config)#banner motd "Prohibido el acceso no autorizado"  
BOGOTA3(config)#interface s0/0/1
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#description connection bogota-3_bogota-2  
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.14 255.255.255.252  
BOGOTA3(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#{br/>
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up  
BOGOTA3(config)#interface s0/0/0
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#description connection bogota-3_bogota- 1_s0/1/0
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.6 255.255.255.252  
BOGOTA3(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#{br/>
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up  
BOGOTA3(config)#interface s0/1/0
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#description connection bogota-3_bogota- 1_s0/1/1
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.3.2 255.255.255.252  
BOGOTA3(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#{br/>
```

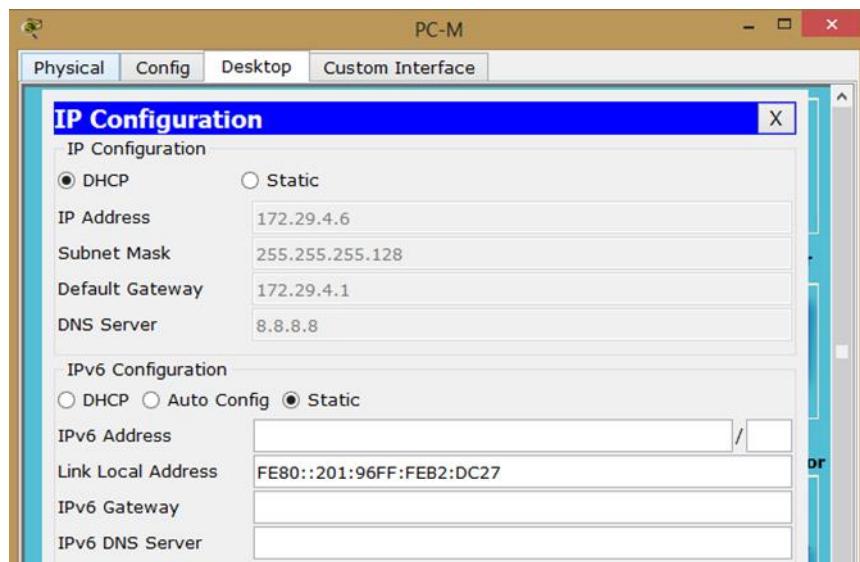
```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to up  
BOGOTA3(config)#interface g0/1
```

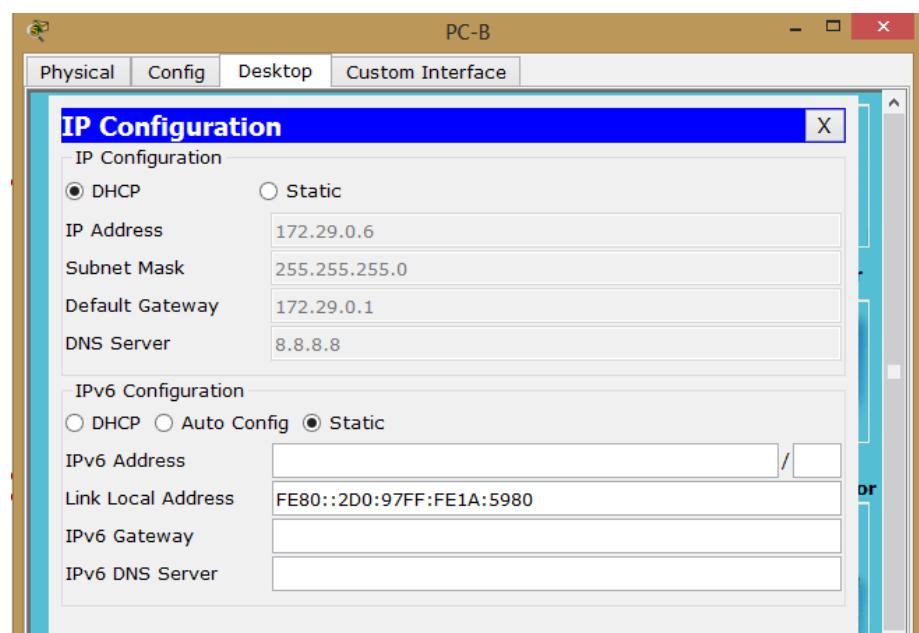
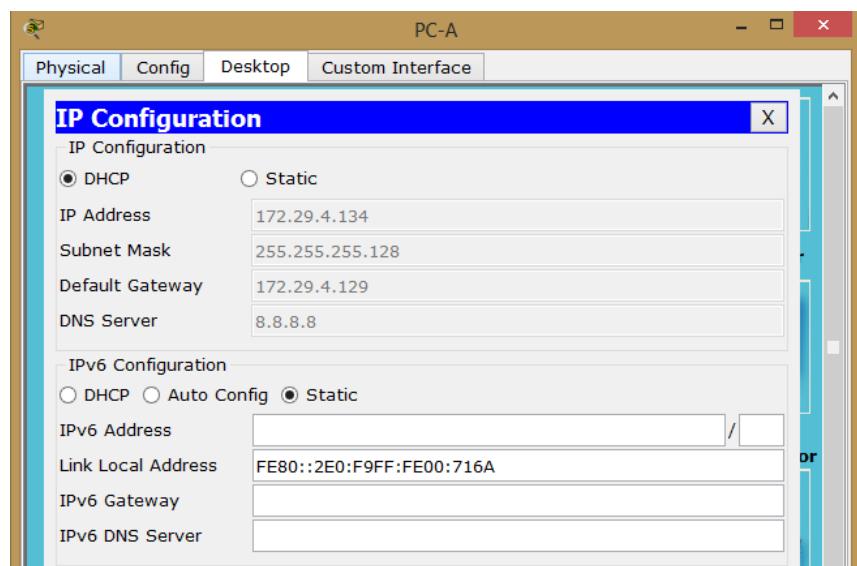
```
BOGOTA3(config-if)#description connection BOGOTA3_Pc-B  
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip address 172.29.0.1 255.255.255.0
```

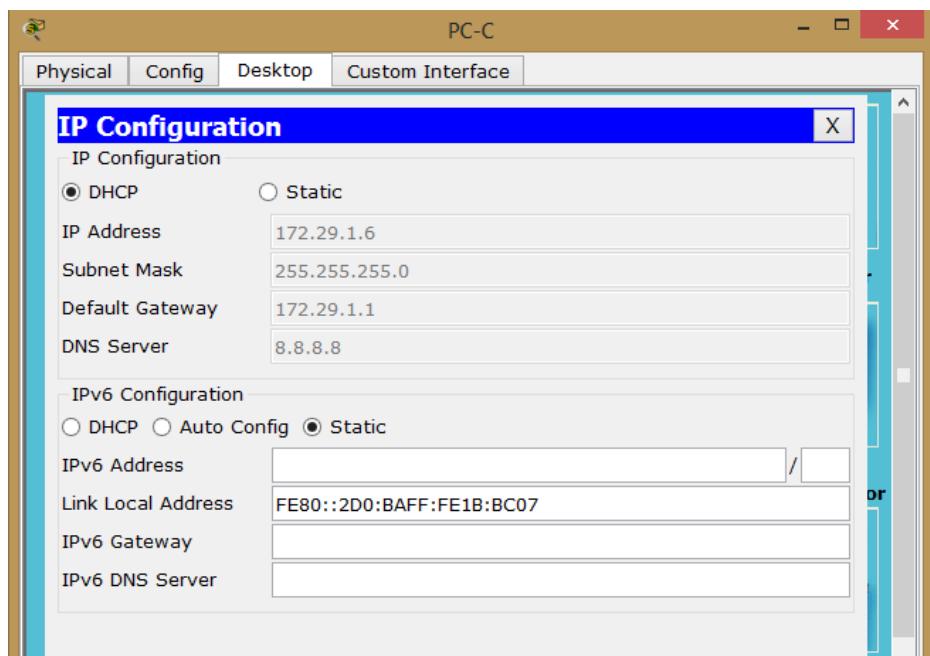
Configuración del Router ISP

```
ISP(config)#interface s0/0/0
ISP(config-if)#description connection ISP_Medellin1 ISP(config-
if)#ip address 209.17.220.1 255.255.255.252
ISP(config-if)#clock rate 128000 ISP(config-if)#no shutdown
ISP(config)#interface s0/0/1
ISP(config-if)#description connection ISP_BOGOTA1 ISP(config-
if)#ip address 209.17.220.5 255.255.255.252
ISP(config-if)#clock rate 128000 ISP(config-if)#no shutdown
```

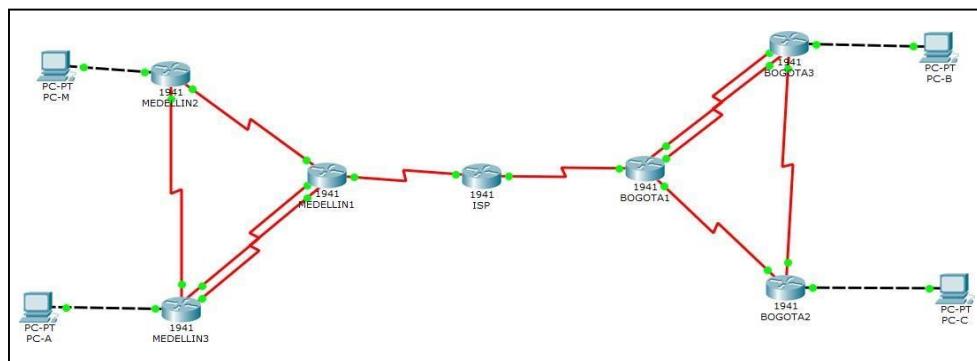
Configuración de los host de la red







Conexión física de los equipos con la topología de red



CONFIGURAR LA TOPOLOGÍA DE RED, DE ACUERDO CON LAS SIGUIENTES ESPECIFICACIONES.

Parte 1: Configuración del enrutamiento

Configurar el enrutamiento en la red usando el protocolo RIP versión 2, declare la red principal, desactive la sumarización automática.

```
MEDELLIN1(config)#router rip
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#version 2
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#no auto-summary
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#network 172.29.6.0
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#network 172.29.6.8
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#network 172.29.6.12
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#passive-interface s0/1/0
```

```
MEDELLIN2(config)#router rip
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#version 2
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#no auto-summary
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#network    172.29.4.0
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#network    172.29.6.0
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#network 172.29.6.4
MEDELLIN2(config-router)#passive-interface g0/1
```

```
MEDELLIN3(config)#router rip
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#version 2
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#no auto-summary
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#network 172.29.4.128
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#network 172.29.6.4
```

```
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#network 172.29.6.8  
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#network 172.29.6.12  
MEDELLIN3(config-router)#passive-interface g0/1
```

Configuracion de protocolo RIPv2 en BOGOTA

```
BOGOTA1(config)#router rip  
BOGOTA1(config-router)#version 2  
BOGOTA1(config-router)#no auto-summary  
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.0  
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.4  
BOGOTA1(config-router)#network 172.29.3.8  
BOGOTA1(config-router)#passive-interface s0/0/0
```

```
BOGOTA2(config)#router rip  
BOGOTA2(config-router)#version 2  
BOGOTA2(config-router)#no auto-summary  
BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.1.0  
BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.3.8  
BOGOTA2(config-router)#network 172.29.3.12  
BOGOTA2(config-router)#passive-interface g0/1
```

```
BOGOTA3(config)#router rip  
BOGOTA3(config-router)#version 2  
BOGOTA3(config-router)#no auto-summary  
BOGOTA3(config-router)#network 172.29.0.0  
BOGOTA3(config-router)#network 172.29.3.0
```

```
BOGOTA3(config-router)#network 172.29.3.4  
BOGOTA3(config-router)#network 172.29.3.12  
BOGOTA3(config-router)#passive-interface g0/1
```

Los routers Bogota1 y Medellín deberán añadir a su configuración de enrutamiento una ruta por defecto hacia el ISP y, a su vez, redistribuirla dentro de las publicaciones de RIP.

Ruta estatica router MEDELLIN1 a ISP

```
MEDELLIN1(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.17.220.1  
MEDELLIN1(config)#router rip  
MEDELLIN1(config-router)#default-information originate
```

Ruta estatica router BOGOTA1 a ISP

```
BOGOTA1(config)# ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.17.220.5  
BOGOTA1(config)#router rip BOGOTA1(config)# default-information originate
```

El router ISP deberá tener una ruta estática dirigida hacia cada red interna de Bogotá y Medellín para el caso se sumarizan las subredes de cada una
/22.

Ruta estatica al router MEDELLIN1

```
ISP(config)#ip route 172.29.4.0 255.255.252.0 209.17.220.2
```

Ruta estatica al router BOGOTA1

```
ISP(config)#ip route 172.29.0.0 255.255.252.0 209.17.220.6
```

Parte 2: Tabla de Enrutamiento.

Verificar la tabla de enrutamiento en cada uno de los routers para comprobar las redes y sus rutas.

Verificar el balanceo de carga que presentan los routers.

Obsérvese en los routers Bogotá1 y Medellín1 cierta similitud por su ubicación, por tener dos enlaces de conexión hacia otro router y por la ruta por defecto que manejan.

Para verificar los pasos anteriores ejecutamos el comando #show ip route en cada router

MEDELLIN1

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
MEDELLIN1#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 209.17.220.1 to network 0.0.0.0

  172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 3 masks
R    172.29.4.0/25 [120/1] via 172.29.6.2, 00:00:03, Serial0/0/0
R    172.29.4.128/25 [120/1] via 172.29.6.14, 00:00:02, Serial0/1/1
                  [120/1] via 172.29.6.10, 00:00:02, Serial0/0/1
C    172.29.6.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L    172.29.6.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
R    172.29.6.4/30 [120/1] via 172.29.6.2, 00:00:03, Serial0/0/0
                  [120/1] via 172.29.6.14, 00:00:02, Serial0/1/1
                  [120/1] via 172.29.6.10, 00:00:02, Serial0/0/1
C    172.29.6.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L    172.29.6.9/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C    172.29.6.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
L    172.29.6.13/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
  209.17.220.0/24 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 2 masks
C    209.17.220.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C    209.17.220.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
L    209.17.220.2/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
S*   0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 209.17.220.1
```

BOGOTAI

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
BOGOTAI#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 209.17.220.5 to network 0.0.0.0

  172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 3 masks
R    172.29.0.0/24 [120/1] via 172.29.3.6, 00:00:09, Serial0/1/0
                  [120/1] via 172.29.3.2, 00:00:09, Serial0/1/1
R    172.29.1.0/24 [120/1] via 172.29.3.10, 00:00:03, Serial0/0/1
C    172.29.3.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
L    172.29.3.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/1
C    172.29.3.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
L    172.29.3.5/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C    172.29.3.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L    172.29.3.9/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
R    172.29.3.12/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.10, 00:00:03, Serial0/0/1
                  [120/1] via 172.29.3.6, 00:00:09, Serial0/1/0
                  [120/1] via 172.29.3.2, 00:00:09, Serial0/1/1
  209.17.220.0/24 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 2 masks
C    209.17.220.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C    209.17.220.5/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L    209.17.220.6/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
S*   0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 209.17.220.5
```

Los routers Medellín2 y Bogotá2 también presentan redes conectadas directamente y recibidas mediante RIP.

MEDELLIN2

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```

MEDELLIN2#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 172.29.6.1 to network 0.0.0.0

      172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 3 masks
C        172.29.4.0/25 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
L        172.29.4.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
R        172.29.4.128/25 [120/1] via 172.29.6.6, 00:00:12, Serial0/0/1
C        172.29.6.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L        172.29.6.2/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C        172.29.6.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L        172.29.6.5/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
R        172.29.6.8/30 [120/1] via 172.29.6.1, 00:00:20, Serial0/0/0
                  [120/1] via 172.29.6.6, 00:00:12, Serial0/0/1
R        172.29.6.12/30 [120/1] via 172.29.6.1, 00:00:20, Serial0/0/0
                  [120/1] via 172.29.6.6, 00:00:12, Serial0/0/1
R*       0.0.0.0/0 [120/1] via 172.29.6.1, 00:00:20, Serial0/0/0

```

BOGOTA2

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```

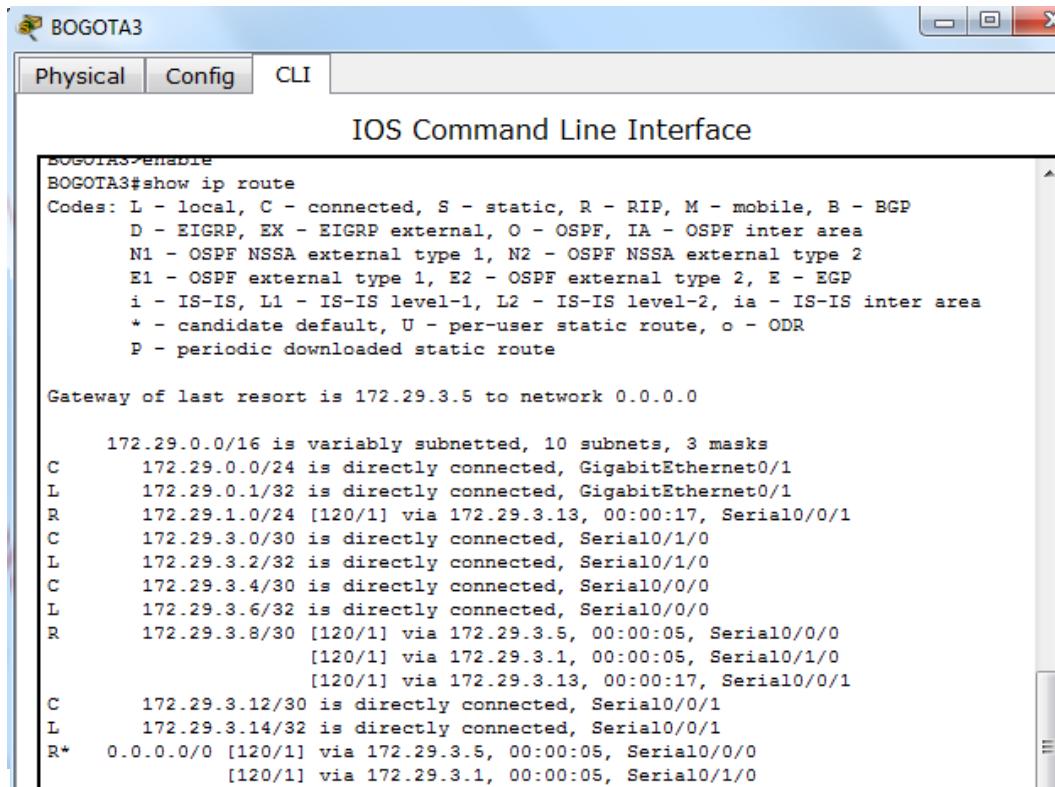
BOGOTA2>enable
BOGOTA2#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 172.29.3.9 to network 0.0.0.0

      172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 9 subnets, 3 masks
R        172.29.0.0/24 [120/1] via 172.29.3.14, 00:00:12, Serial0/1/0
C        172.29.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
L        172.29.1.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
R        172.29.3.0/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.9, 00:00:26, Serial0/0/1
                  [120/1] via 172.29.3.14, 00:00:12, Serial0/1/0
R        172.29.3.4/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.9, 00:00:26, Serial0/0/1
                  [120/1] via 172.29.3.14, 00:00:12, Serial0/1/0
C        172.29.3.8/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L        172.29.3.10/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C        172.29.3.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
L        172.29.3.13/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
R*       0.0.0.0/0 [120/1] via 172.29.3.9, 00:00:26, Serial0/0/1

```

Las tablas de los routers restantes deben permitir visualizar rutas redundantes para el caso de la ruta por defecto.



```

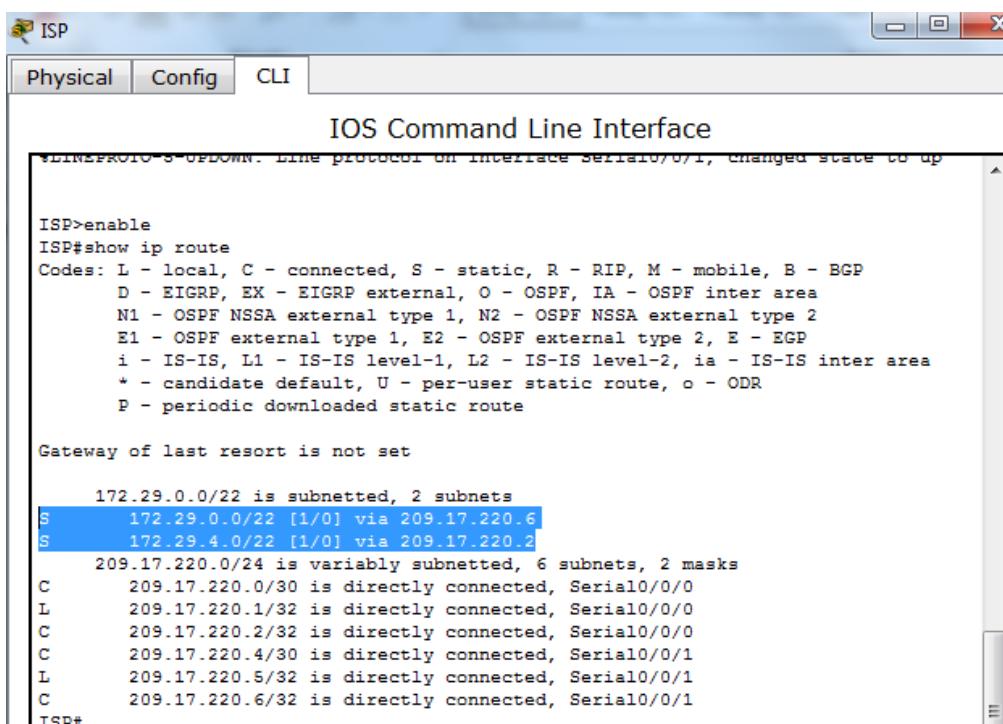
BOGOTÁ3>enable
BOGOTÁ3#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 172.29.3.5 to network 0.0.0.0

      172.29.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 10 subnets, 3 masks
C        172.29.0.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
L        172.29.0.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
R        172.29.1.0/24 [120/1] via 172.29.3.13, 00:00:17, Serial0/0/1
C        172.29.3.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
L        172.29.3.2/32 is directly connected, Serial0/1/0
C        172.29.3.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L        172.29.3.6/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
R        172.29.3.8/30 [120/1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:05, Serial0/0/0
                  [120/1] via 172.29.3.1, 00:00:05, Serial0/1/0
                  [120/1] via 172.29.3.13, 00:00:17, Serial0/0/1
C        172.29.3.12/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L        172.29.3.14/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
R*       0.0.0.0/0 [120/1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:05, Serial0/0/0
                  [120/1] via 172.29.3.1, 00:00:05, Serial0/1/0

```

El router ISP solo debe indicar sus rutas estáticas adicionales a las directamente conectadas.



```

ISP>enable
ISP#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
      P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

      172.29.0.0/22 is subnetted, 2 subnets
S        172.29.0.0/22 [1/0] via 209.17.220.6
S        172.29.4.0/22 [1/0] via 209.17.220.2
      209.17.220.0/24 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 2 masks
C        209.17.220.0/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L        209.17.220.1/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C        209.17.220.2/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C        209.17.220.4/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
L        209.17.220.5/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
C        209.17.220.6/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
ISP# 

```

Parte 3: Deshabilitar la propagación del protocolo RIP.

- a. Para no propagar las publicaciones por interfaces que no lo requieran se debe deshabilitar la propagación del protocolo RIP, en la siguiente tabla se indican las interfaces de cada router que no necesitan desactivación.

ROUTER	INTERFAZ
Bogota1	SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0; SERIAL0/1/1
Bogota2	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1
Bogota3	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0
Medellín1	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/1
Medellín2	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1
Medellín3	SERIAL0/0/0; SERIAL0/0/1; SERIAL0/1/0
ISP	No lo require

Parte 4: Verificación del protocolo RIP

Verificar y documentar las opciones de enrutamiento configuradas en los routers, como el passive interface para la conexión hacia el ISP, la versión de RIP y las interfaces que participan de la publicación entre otros datos.

Ejecutamos `#show ip protocols` en cada router

MEDELLIN1#
MEDELLIN1#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 8 seconds
Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Redistributing: rip
Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
Interface Send Recv Triggered RIP Key-chain
Serial0/0/1 2 2
Serial0/0/0 2 2
Serial0/1/1 2 2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
 172.29.0.0
Passive Interface(s):
 Serial0/1/0
Routing Information Sources:
 Gateway Distance Last Update
 172.29.6.2 120 00:00:18
 172.29.6.14 120 00:00:13
 172.29.6.10 120 00:00:13
Distance: (default is 120)
MEDELLIN1#

MEDELLIN2#
MEDELLIN2#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 21 seconds
Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Redistributing: rip
Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
Interface Send Recv Triggered RIP Key-chain
Serial0/0/1 2 2
Serial0/0/0 2 2
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
 172.29.0.0
Passive Interface(s):
 GigabitEthernet0/1
Routing Information Sources:
 Gateway Distance Last Update
 172.29.6.1 120 00:00:03
 172.29.6.6 120 00:00:23
Distance: (default is 120)
MEDELLIN2#

MEDELLIN3

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
(120/1) via 172.29.6.5, 00:00:24, Serial0/0/1
MEDELLIN3#
MEDELLIN3#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 16 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
    Interface      Send  Recv Triggered RIP  Key-chain
    Serial0/1/0     2      2
    Serial0/0/1     2      2
    Serial0/0/0     2      2
  Automatic network summarization is not in effect
  Maximum path: 4
  Routing for Networks:
    172.29.0.0
  Passive Interface(s):
    GigabitEthernet0/1
  Routing Information Sources:
    Gateway          Distance      Last Update
    172.29.6.13      120          00:00:24
    172.29.6.9       120          00:00:24
    172.29.6.5       120          00:00:26
  Distance: (default is 120)
MEDELLIN3#
```

BOGOTAI

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
5 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 209.17.220.5
BOGOTAI#
BOGOTAI#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 27 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
    Interface      Send  Recv Triggered RIP  Key-chain
    Serial0/1/1     2      2
    Serial0/0/1     2      2
    Serial0/1/0     2      2
  Automatic network summarization is not in effect
  Maximum path: 4
  Routing for Networks:
    172.29.0.0
  Passive Interface(s):
    Serial0/0/0
  Routing Information Sources:
    Gateway          Distance      Last Update
    172.29.3.6      120          00:00:22
    172.29.3.2      120          00:00:22
    172.29.3.10     120          00:00:14
  Distance: (default is 120)
BOGOTAI#
```

BOGOTA2

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
BOGOTA2#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 1 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
    Interface      Send   Recv   Triggered RIP  Key-chain
    Serial0/1/0     2       2
    Serial0/0/1     2       2
  Automatic network summarization is not in effect
  Maximum path: 4
  Routing for Networks:
    172.29.0.0
  Passive Interface(s):
    GigabitEthernet0/1
  Routing Information Sources:
    Gateway          Distance      Last Update
    172.29.3.9        120          00:00:11
    172.29.3.14        120          00:00:06
  Distance: (default is 120)
BOGOTA2#
```

BOGOTA3

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
BOGOTA3#show ip protocols
Routing Protocol is "rip"
  Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 26 seconds
  Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
  Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
  Redistributing: rip
  Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
    Interface      Send   Recv   Triggered RIP  Key-chain
    Serial0/0/0     2       2
    Serial0/1/0     2       2
    Serial0/0/1     2       2
  Automatic network summarization is not in effect
  Maximum path: 4
  Routing for Networks:
    172.29.0.0
  Passive Interface(s):
    GigabitEthernet0/1
  Routing Information Sources:
    Gateway          Distance      Last Update
    172.29.3.5        120          00:00:06
    172.29.3.1        120          00:00:06
    172.29.3.13       120          00:00:23
  Distance: (default is 120)
BOGOTA3#
```

Verificar y documentar la base de datos de RIP de cada router, donde se informa de manera detallada de todas las rutas hacia cada red.

Ejecutamos #show ip rip database

MEDELLIN1

Physical	Config	CLI
----------	--------	-----

IOS Command Line Interface

```
MEDELLIN1#  
MEDELLIN1#show ip rip database  
0.0.0.0/0      auto-summary  
0.0.0.0/0  
    [0] via 0.0.0.0, 00:19:48  
172.29.4.0/25  auto-summary  
172.29.4.0/25  
    [1] via 172.29.6.2, 00:00:25, Serial0/0/0  
172.29.4.128/25  auto-summary  
172.29.4.128/25  
    [1] via 172.29.6.14, 00:00:07, Serial0/1/1      [1] via 172.29.6.10, 00:00:07,  
Serial0/0/1  
172.29.6.0/30  auto-summary  
172.29.6.0/30  directly connected, Serial0/0/0  
172.29.6.4/30  auto-summary  
172.29.6.4/30  
    [1] via 172.29.6.2, 00:00:25, Serial0/0/0      [1] via 172.29.6.14, 00:00:07,  
Serial0/1/1      [1] via 172.29.6.10, 00:00:07, Serial0/0/1  
172.29.6.8/30  auto-summary  
172.29.6.8/30  directly connected, Serial0/0/1  
172.29.6.12/30  auto-summary  
172.29.6.12/30  directly connected, Serial0/1/1  
MEDELLIN1#  
MEDELLIN1#
```

MEDELLIN2

Physical	Config	CLI
----------	--------	-----

IOS Command Line Interface

```
MEDELLIN2#  
MEDELLIN2#  
MEDELLIN2#  
MEDELLIN2#Show ip rip database  
0.0.0.0/0      auto-summary  
0.0.0.0/0  
    [1] via 172.29.6.1, 00:00:26, Serial0/0/0  
172.29.4.0/25  auto-summary  
172.29.4.0/25  directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1  
172.29.4.128/25  auto-summary  
172.29.4.128/25  
    [1] via 172.29.6.6, 00:00:10, Serial0/0/1  
172.29.6.0/30  auto-summary  
172.29.6.0/30  directly connected, Serial0/0/0  
172.29.6.4/30  auto-summary  
172.29.6.4/30  directly connected, Serial0/0/1  
172.29.6.8/30  auto-summary  
172.29.6.8/30  
    [1] via 172.29.6.1, 00:00:26, Serial0/0/0      [1] via 172.29.6.6, 00:00:10,  
Serial0/0/1  
172.29.6.12/30  auto-summary  
172.29.6.12/30  
    [1] via 172.29.6.1, 00:00:26, Serial0/0/0      [1] via 172.29.6.6, 00:00:10,  
Serial0/0/1  
MEDELLIN2#
```

MEDELLIN3

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

MEDELLIN3#show ip rip database
0.0.0.0/0      auto-summary
0.0.0.0/0
    [1] via 172.29.6.13, 00:00:16, Serial0/1/0      [1] via 172.29.6.9, 00:00:16,
Serial0/0/1
172.29.4.0/25    auto-summary
172.29.4.0/25
    [1] via 172.29.6.5, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/0
172.29.4.128/25   auto-summary
172.29.4.128/25   directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
172.29.6.0/30    auto-summary
172.29.6.0/30
    [1] via 172.29.6.13, 00:00:16, Serial0/1/0      [1] via 172.29.6.9, 00:00:16,
Serial0/0/1      [1] via 172.29.6.5, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/0
172.29.6.4/30    auto-summary
172.29.6.4/30   directly connected, Serial0/0/0
172.29.6.8/30    auto-summary
172.29.6.8/30   directly connected, Serial0/0/1
172.29.6.12/30   auto-summary
172.29.6.12/30   directly connected, Serial0/1/0
```

BOGOTA1

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
BOGOTA1#
BOGOTA1#Show ip rip database
0.0.0.0/0      auto-summary
0.0.0.0/0
    [0] via 0.0.0.0, 00:22:24
172.29.0.0/24    auto-summary
172.29.0.0/24
    [1] via 172.29.3.6, 00:00:17, Serial0/1/0      [1] via 172.29.3.2, 00:00:17,
Serial0/1/1
172.29.1.0/24    auto-summary
172.29.1.0/24
    [1] via 172.29.3.10, 00:00:18, Serial0/0/1
172.29.3.0/30    auto-summary
172.29.3.0/30   directly connected, Serial0/1/1
172.29.3.4/30    auto-summary
172.29.3.4/30   directly connected, Serial0/1/0
172.29.3.8/30    auto-summary
172.29.3.8/30   directly connected, Serial0/0/1
172.29.3.12/30   auto-summary
172.29.3.12/30
    [1] via 172.29.3.10, 00:00:18, Serial0/0/1      [1] via 172.29.3.6, 00:00:17,
Serial0/1/0      [1] via 172.29.3.2, 00:00:17, Serial0/1/1
BOGOTA1#
```

BOGOTA2

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
BOGOTA2#show ip rip database
0.0.0.0/0      auto-summary
0.0.0.0/0
    [1] via 172.29.3.9, 00:00:04, Serial0/0/1
172.29.0.0/24  auto-summary
172.29.0.0/24
    [1] via 172.29.3.14, 00:00:26, Serial0/1/0
172.29.1.0/24  auto-summary
172.29.1.0/24  directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
172.29.3.0/30  auto-summary
172.29.3.0/30
    [1] via 172.29.3.9, 00:00:04, Serial0/0/1      [1] via 172.29.3.14, 00:00:26,
Serial0/1/0
172.29.3.4/30  auto-summary
172.29.3.4/30
    [1] via 172.29.3.9, 00:00:04, Serial0/0/1      [1] via 172.29.3.14, 00:00:26,
Serial0/1/0
172.29.3.8/30  auto-summary
172.29.3.8/30  directly connected, Serial0/0/1
172.29.3.12/30 auto-summary
172.29.3.12/30 directly connected, Serial0/1/0
BOGOTA2#
```

BOGOTA3

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
BOGOTA3#
BOGOTA3#show ip rip database
0.0.0.0/0      auto-summary
0.0.0.0/0
    [1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:16, Serial0/0/0      [1] via 172.29.3.1, 00:00:16,
Serial0/1/0
172.29.0.0/24  auto-summary
172.29.0.0/24  directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
172.29.1.0/24  auto-summary
172.29.1.0/24
    [1] via 172.29.3.13, 00:00:10, Serial0/0/1
172.29.3.0/30  auto-summary
172.29.3.0/30  directly connected, Serial0/1/0
172.29.3.4/30  auto-summary
172.29.3.4/30  directly connected, Serial0/0/0
172.29.3.8/30  auto-summary
172.29.3.8/30
    [1] via 172.29.3.5, 00:00:16, Serial0/0/0      [1] via 172.29.3.1, 00:00:16,
Serial0/1/0      [1] via 172.29.3.13, 00:00:10, Serial0/0/1
172.29.3.12/30 auto-summary
172.29.3.12/30 directly connected, Serial0/0/1
BOGOTA3#
```

Parte 5: Configurar encapsulamiento y autenticación PPP.

Según la topología se requiere que el enlace Medellín1 con ISP sea configurado con autenticación PAT.

MEDELLIN1#config t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

MEDELLIN1(config)#username ISP password cisco

MEDELLIN1(config)#interface s0/1/0

MEDELLIN1(config-if)#encapsulation ppp MEDELLIN1(config-if)#+

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to down

MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ppp authentication pap

MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ppp pap sent-username MEDELLIN1 password cisco

MEDELLIN1(config-if)#+

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to up

MEDELLIN1(config-if)#end

ISP#config t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

ISP(config)#username MEDELLIN1 password cisco ISP(config)#interface s0/0/0

ISP(config-if)#encapsulation ppp

ISP(config-if)#ppp authentication pap

ISP(config-if)#ppp pap sent-username ISP password cisco ISP(config-if)#+

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

MEDELLIN1

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
!
interface Serial0/1/0
description connection Medellin1_ISP
ip address 209.17.220.2 255.255.255.252
encapsulation ppp
ppp authentication pap
ppp pap sent-username MEDELLIN1 password 0 cisco
clock rate 2000000
!
```

ISP

Physical Config CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
!
interface Serial0/0/0
description connection ISP_Medellini1
ip address 209.17.220.1 255.255.255.252
encapsulation ppp
ppp authentication pap
ppp pap sent-username ISP password 0 cisco
clock rate 128000
!
```

Elenlace Bogotá1 con ISP se debe configurar con autenticación CHAT.
BOGOTA1#config t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

BOGOTA1(config)#username ISP password class

BOGOTA1(config)#interface s0/0/0

BOGOTA1(config-if)#encapsulation ppp BOGOTA1(config-if)#+

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0,
changed state to down

BOGOTA1(config-if)#ppp authentication chap BOGOTA1(config-if)#+

BOGOTA1(config-if)#+

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

ISP#config t

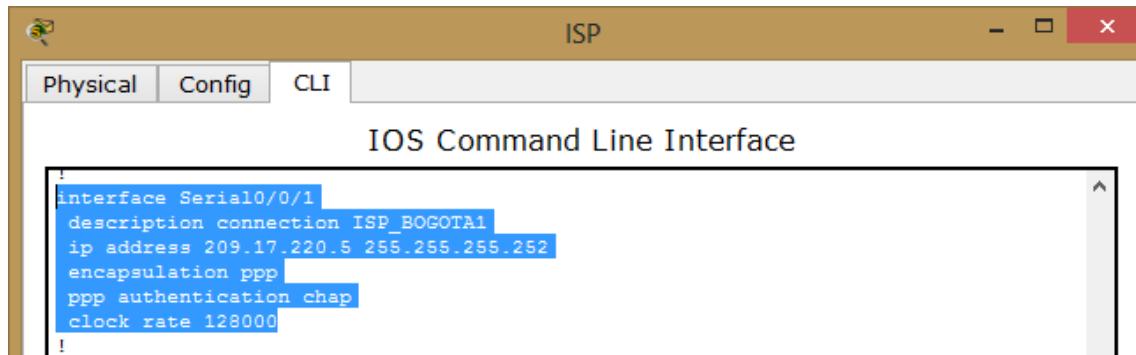
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

ISP(config)#username BOGOTA1 password class ISP(config)#interface s0/0/1

ISP(config-if)#encapsulation ppp ISP(config-if)#{/code}

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up

ISP(config-if)#ppp authenticationchap ISP(config-if)#{/code}



The screenshot shows the Cisco IOS Command Line Interface (CLI) window titled "ISP". The tab bar at the top has "Physical", "Config", and "CLI" tabs, with "CLI" being active. The main window title is "IOS Command Line Interface". The configuration commands entered are:

```
!interface Serial0/0/1
description connection ISP_BOGOTA1
ip address 209.17.220.5 255.255.255.252
encapsulation ppp
ppp authentication chap
clock rate 128000
!
```



The screenshot shows the Cisco IOS Command Line Interface (CLI) window titled "BOGOTA1". The tab bar at the top has "Physical", "Config", and "CLI" tabs, with "CLI" being active. The main window title is "IOS Command Line Interface". The configuration commands entered are:

```
!interface Serial0/0/0
description connection BOGOTA1_ISP
ip address 209.17.220.6 255.255.255.252
encapsulation ppp
ppp authentication chap
ip nat outside
clock rate 2000000
!
```

Parte 6: Configuración de PAT.

En la topología, si se activa NAT en cada equipo de salida (Bogotá1 y Medellín1), los routers internos de una ciudad no podrán llegar hasta los routers internos en el otro extremo, sólo existirá comunicación hasta los routers Bogotá1, ISP y Medellín1.

Después de verificar lo indicado en el paso anterior proceda a configurar el NAT en el router Medellín1. Compruebe que la traducción de direcciones indique las interfaces de entrada y de salida. Al realizar una prueba de ping, la dirección debe ser traducida automáticamente a la dirección de la interfaz serial 0/1/0 del router Medellín1, como diferente puerto.

```
MEDELLIN1#config t
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
```

```
MEDELLIN1(config)#access-list 1 permit 172.29.4.0 0.0.3.255  
MEDELLIN1(config)#ip nat inside source list 1 interface s0/1/0  
overload
```

```
MEDELLIN1(config)#interface s0/0/0 MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip nat  
inside MEDELLIN1(config-if)#interface s0/1/1 MEDELLIN1(config-  
if)#ip nat inside MEDELLIN1(config-if)#interface s0/0/1  
MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip nat inside MEDELLIN1(config-if)#interface  
s0/1/0 MEDELLIN1(config-if)#ip nat outside MEDELLIN1(config-  
if)#exit MEDELLIN1(config)#exit
```

Ejecutamos #show ip nat statistics

```

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to up
Prohibido el acceso no autorizado

User Access Verification

Password:

MEDELLIN1>enable
Password: [REDACTED]
MEDELLIN1#show ip nat statistics
Total translations: 4 (0 static, 4 dynamic, 4 extended)
Outside Interfaces: Serial0/1/0 [REDACTED]
Inside Interfaces: Serial0/0/0 , Serial0/0/1 , Serial0/1/1
Hits: 4 Misses: 4 [REDACTED]
Expired translations: 0
Dynamic mappings: [REDACTED]

```

Ejecutamos #show ip nat translations

Dynamic mappings.				
	Pro Inside global	Inside local	Outside local	Outside global
icmp	209.17.220.2:17	172.29.4.6:17	209.17.220.1:17	209.17.220.1:17
icmp	209.17.220.2:18	172.29.4.6:18	209.17.220.1:18	209.17.220.1:18
icmp	209.17.220.2:19	172.29.4.6:19	209.17.220.1:19	209.17.220.1:19
icmp	209.17.220.2:20	172.29.4.6:20	209.17.220.1:20	209.17.220.1:20

```

MEDELLIN1#show ip nat translations
MEDELLIN1#
MEDELLIN1#
MEDELLIN1#

```

Proceda a configurar el NAT en el router Bogotá1. Compruebe que la traducción de direcciones indique las interfaces de entrada y de salida. Al realizar una prueba de ping, la dirección debe ser traducida automáticamente a la dirección de la interfaz serial 0/1/0 del router Bogotá1, cómo diferente puerto.

BOGOTA1#config t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

BOGOTA1(config)#access-list 1 permit 172.29.0.0 0.0.3.255

BOGOTA1(config)#ip nat inside source list 1 interface s0/0/0 overload

BOGOTA1(config)#interface s0/0/1

BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip nat inside BOGOTA1(config-if)#interface s0/1/1

BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip nat inside BOGOTA1(config-if)#interface s0/1/0

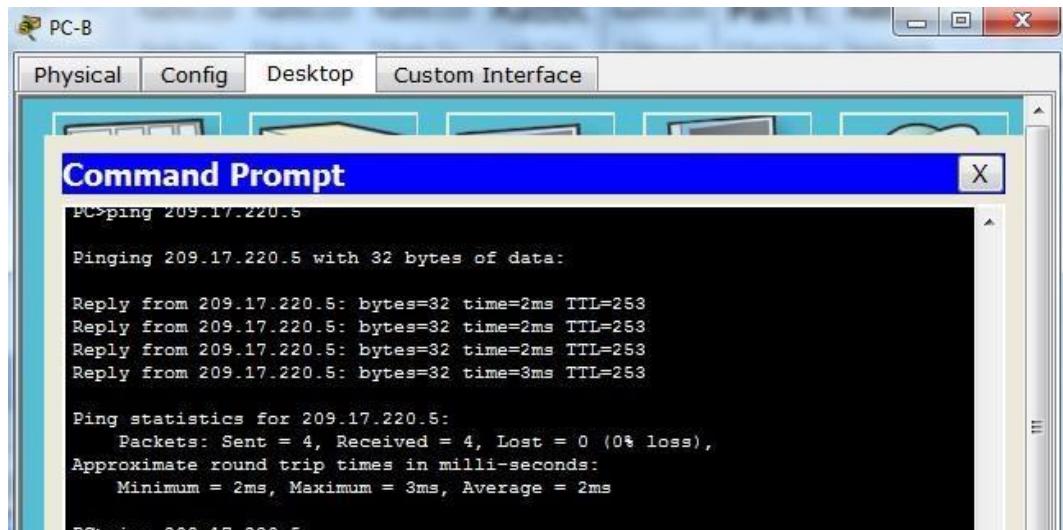
BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip nat inside BOGOTA1(config-if)#interface s0/0/0

BOGOTA1(config-if)#ip nat outside BOGOTA1(config-if)#+

BOGOTA1(config-if)#end

BOGOTA1#

Hacemos ping desde PC-B a la dirección del ISP 209.17.220.5



```

BOGOTAI#show ip nat statistics
Total translations: 4 (0 static, 4 dynamic, 4 extended)
Outside Interfaces: Serial0/0/0
Inside Interfaces: Serial0/0/1 , Serial0/1/0 , Serial0/1/1
Hits: 4 Misses: 4
Expired translations: 0
Dynamic mappings:
BOGOTAI#

```

#show ip nat translations

Pro	Inside global	Inside local	Outside local	Outside global
icmp	209.17.220.6:21	172.29.0.6:21	209.17.220.5:21	209.17.220.5:21
icmp	209.17.220.6:22	172.29.0.6:22	209.17.220.5:22	209.17.220.5:22
icmp	209.17.220.6:23	172.29.0.6:23	209.17.220.5:23	209.17.220.5:23
icmp	209.17.220.6:24	172.29.0.6:24	209.17.220.5:24	209.17.220.5:24

Parte 7: Configuración del servicio DHCP.

Configurar la red Medellín2 y Medellín3 donde el router Medellín 2 debe ser el servidor DHCP para ambas redes Lan.

```

MEDELLIN2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.29.4.1 172.29.4.5
MEDELLIN2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.29.4.129 172.29.4.133

MEDELLIN2(config)#ip dhcp pool R-MEDELLIN2 MEDELLIN2(dhcp-
config)#network 172.29.4.0 255.255.255.128

MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.29.4.1

```

```
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8 MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#exit  
MEDELLIN2(config)#  
MEDELLIN2(config)#ip dhcp pool R-MEDELLIN3  
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#network 172.29.4.128 255.255.255.128  
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.29.4.129  
MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8 MEDELLIN2(dhcp-config)#exit  
MEDELLIN2(config)#  
MEDELLIN3#config t  
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  
MEDELLIN3(config)#interface g0/1  
MEDELLIN3(config-if)#ip helper-address 172.29.6.5 MEDELLIN3(config-if)#
```

El router Medellín3 deberá habilitar el paso de los mensajes broadcast hacia la IP del router Medellín2.

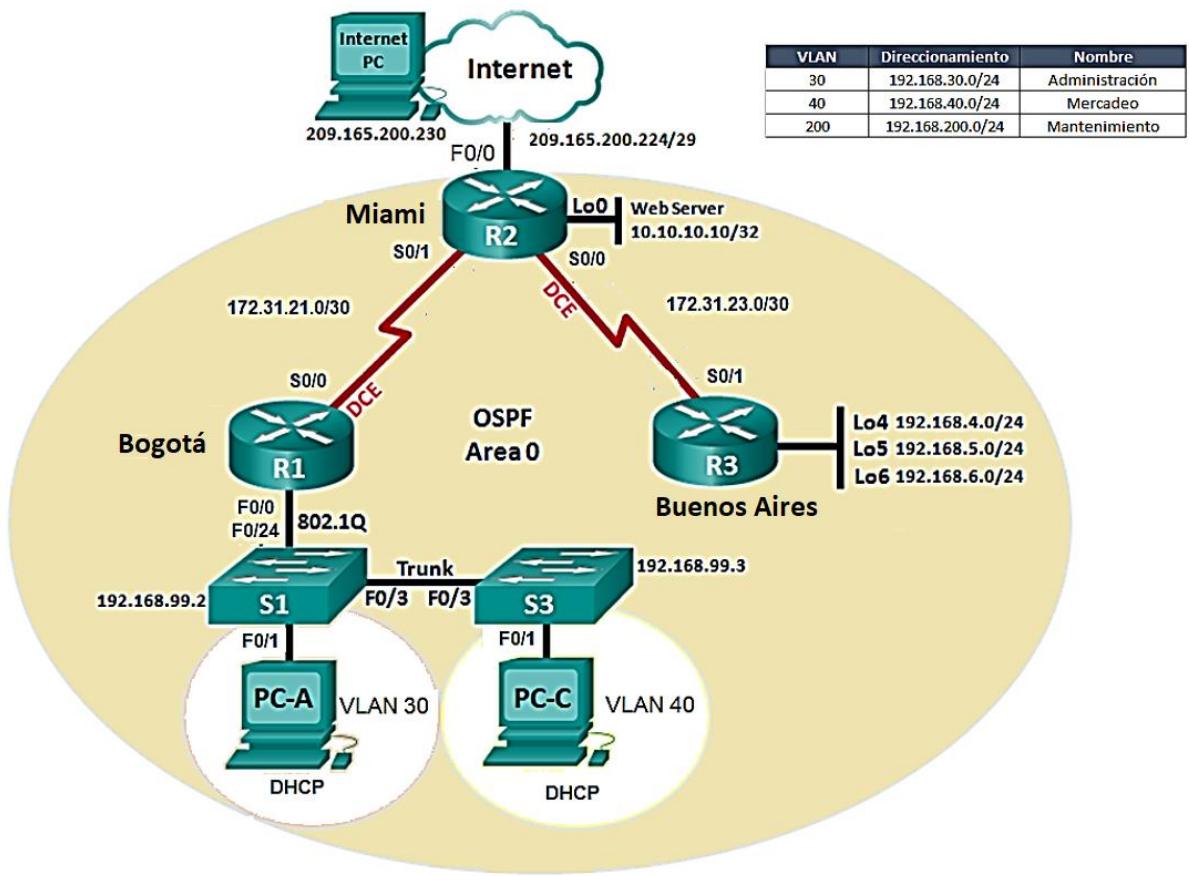
Configurar la red Bogotá2 y Bogotá3 donde el router Medellín2 debe ser el servidor DHCP para ambas redes Lan.

```
BOGOTA2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.29.1.1 172.29.1.5  
BOGOTA2(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.29.0.1 172.29.0.5  
BOGOTA2(config)#ip dhcp pool R-BOGOTA2  
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#network 172.29.1.0 255.255.255.0  
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.29.1.1  
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8 BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#exit  
BOGOTA2(config)#ip dhcp pool R-BOGOTA3  
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#network 172.29.0.0 255.255.255.0  
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.29.0.1  
BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8 BOGOTA2(dhcp-config)#exit  
BOGOTA2(config)# BOGOTA3(config)#interface g0/1  
BOGOTA3(config-if)#ip helper-address 172.29.3.13 BOGOTA3(config-if)#exit
```

DESARROLLO ESCENARIO 2

Escenario 2

Escenario: Una empresa de Tecnología posee tres sucursales distribuidas en las ciudades de Miami, Bogotá y Buenos Aires, en donde el estudiante será el administrador de la red, el cual deberá configurar e interconectar entre sí cada uno de los dispositivos que forman parte del escenario, acorde con los lineamientos establecidos para el direccionamiento IP, protocolos de enrutamiento y demás aspectos que forman parte de la topología de red.



Configurar el direccionamiento IP acorde con la topología de red para cada uno de los dispositivos que forman parte del escenario

Configurar el protocolo de enrutamiento OSPFv2 bajo los siguientes criterios:

OSPFv2 area 0

Configuration Item or Task	Specification
Router ID R1	1.1.1.1
Router ID R2	5.5.5.5
Router ID R3	8.8.8.8
Configurar todas las interfaces LAN como pasivas	
Establecer el ancho de banda para enlaces seriales en	256 Kb/s
Ajustar el costo en la métrica de S0/0 a	9500

Verificar información de OSPF

Visualizar tablas de enrutamiento y routers conectados por OSPFv2

Visualizar lista resumida de interfaces por OSPF en donde se ilustre el costo de cada interface

Visualizar el OSPF Process ID, Router ID, Address summarizations, Routing Networks, and passive interfaces configuradas en cada router.

Configurar VLANs, Puertos troncales, puertos de acceso, encapsulamiento, Inter-VLAN Routing y Seguridad en los Switches acorde a la topología de red establecida.

En el Switch 3 deshabilitar DNS lookup

Asignar direcciones IP a los Switches acorde a los lineamientos.

Desactivar todas las interfaces que no sean utilizadas en el esquema de red.

Implement DHCP and NAT for IPv4

Configurar R1 como servidor DHCP para las VLANs 30 y 40.

Reservar las primeras 30 direcciones IP de las VLAN 30 y 40 para configuraciones estáticas.

Configurar DHCP pool para VLAN 30	Name: ADMINISTRACION DNS-Server: 10.10.10.11 Domain-Name: ccna-unad.com Establecer default gateway.
Configurar DHCP pool para VLAN 40	Name: MERCADERO DNS-Server: 10.10.10.11 Domain-Name: ccna-unad.com Establecer default gateway.

Configurar NAT en R2 para permitir que los host puedan salir a internet

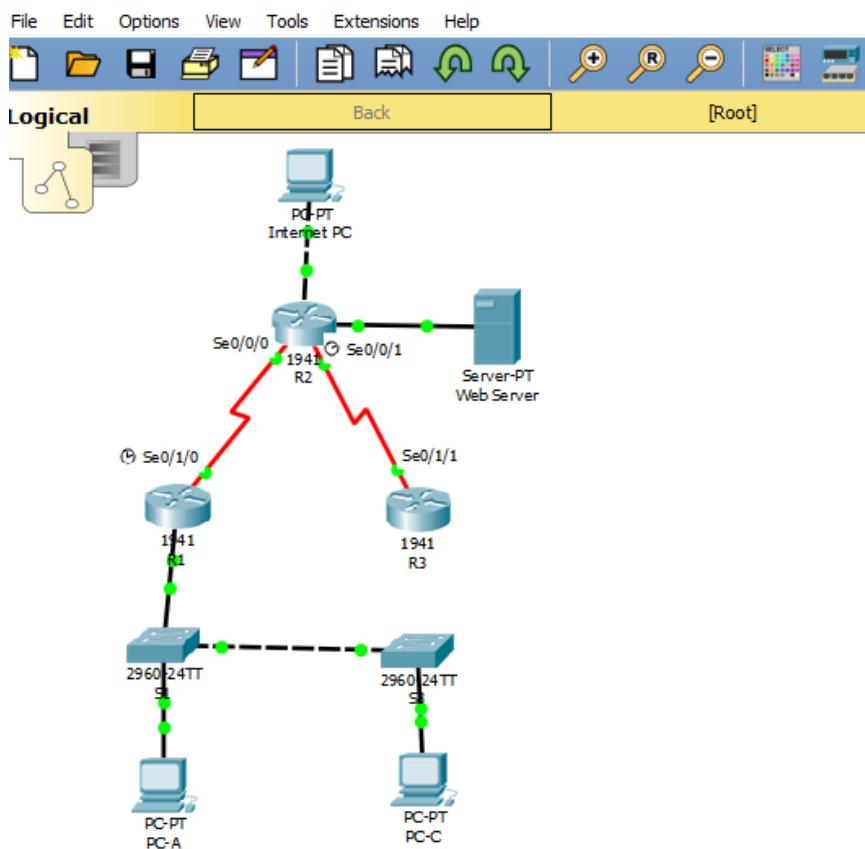
Configurar al menos dos listas de acceso de tipo estándar a su criterio en para restringir o permitir tráfico desde R1 o R3 hacia R2.

Configurar al menos dos listas de acceso de tipo extendido o nombradas a su criterio en para restringir o permitir tráfico desde R1 o R3 hacia R2.

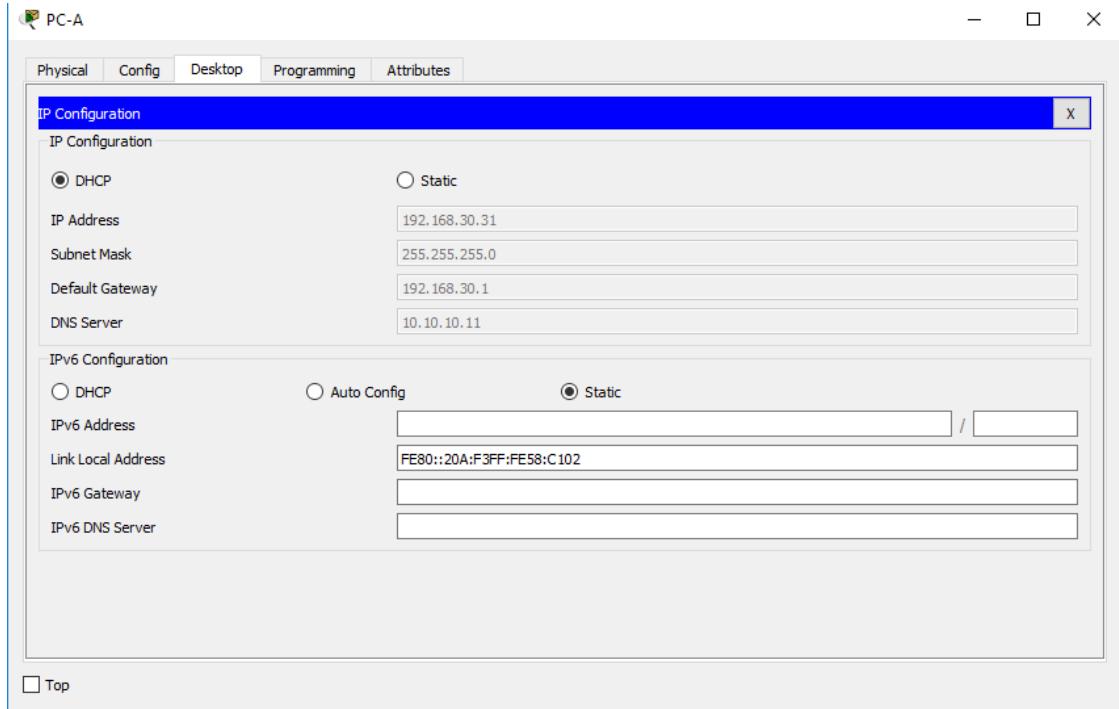
Verificar procesos de comunicación y redireccionamiento de tráfico en los routers mediante el uso de Ping y Traceroute.

SOLUCIÓN

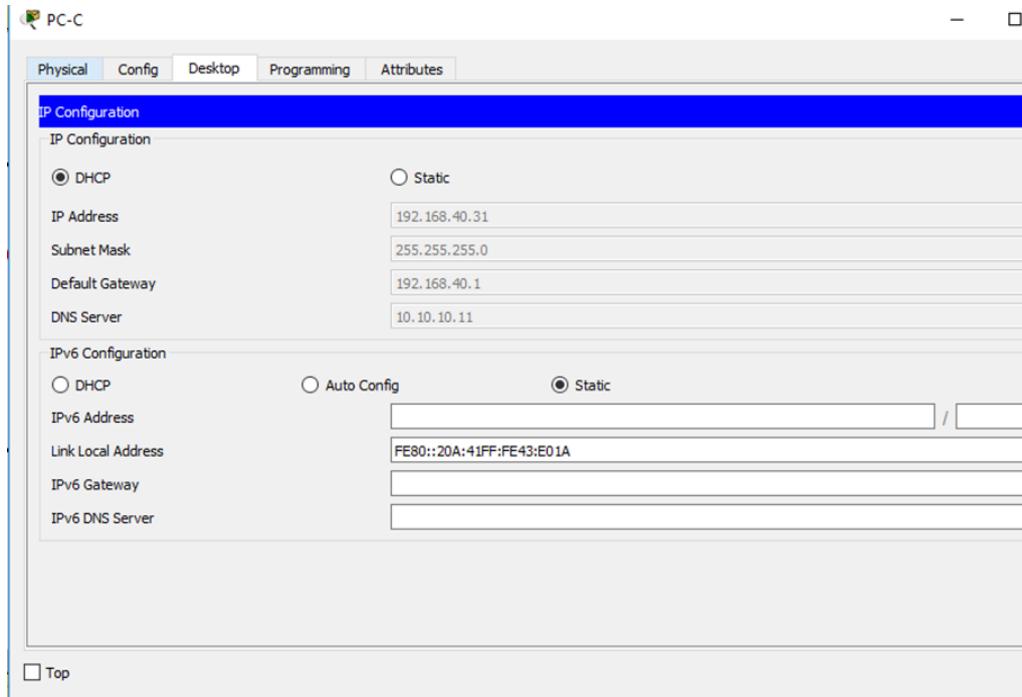
Configurar el direccionamiento IP acorde con la topología de red para cada uno de los dispositivos que forman parte del escenario



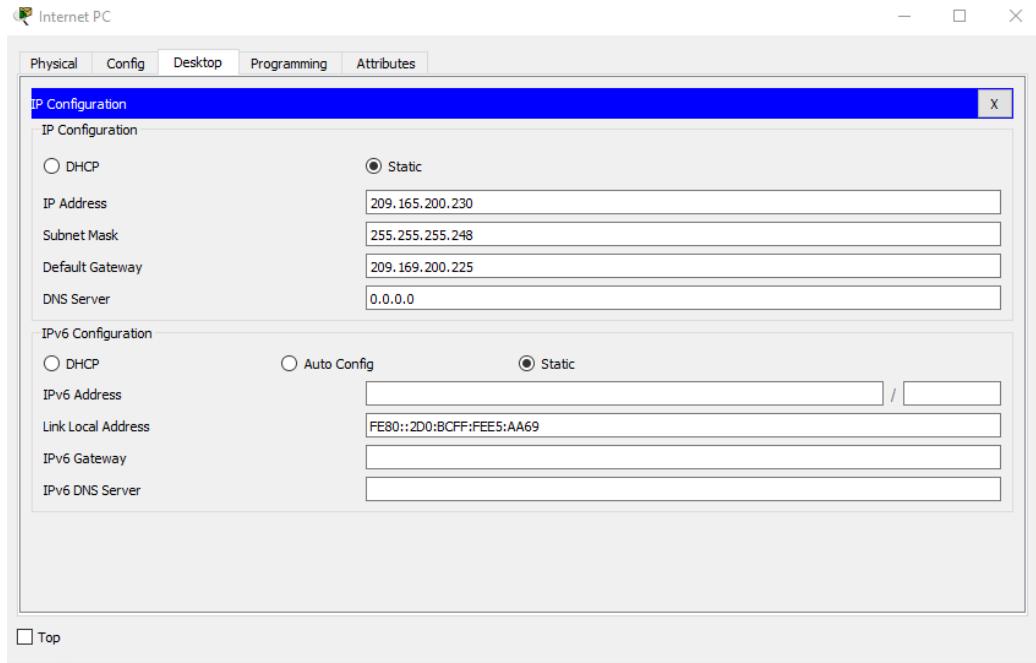
PC-A



PC-C

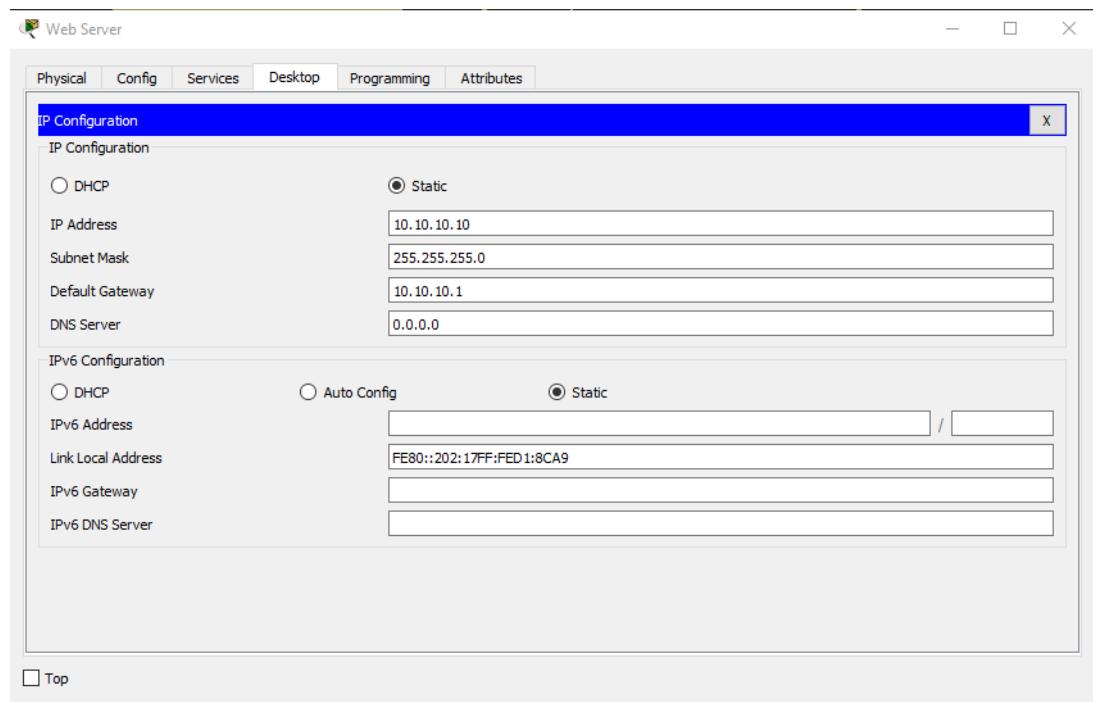


INTERNET PC



WEBSERVER

Creación de la vlan 30 en S1



```
Switch>en
Switch#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#vlan 30
Switch(config-vlan)#name ADMINISTRACION
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#int f0/1
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30
Switch(config-if)#no shut
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#exit
Switch#
```

Asignación de ip a la vlan 30 en S1

```
Switch>en
Switch#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#int vlan 30
Switch(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan30, changed state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan30, changed state to
up
```

```
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.30.0 255.255.255.0
Bad mask /24 for address 192.168.30.0
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.30.0 255.255.0.0
Switch(config-if)#

```

Creación de vlan 40 en S3

```
Switch>en
Switch#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#vlan 40
Switch(config-vlan)#name MERCADERO
Switch(config-vlan)#exit
Switch(config)#int f0/1
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 40
Switch(config-if)#no shut
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#exit
Switch#
```

Asignación de la IP a la vlan 40 en S3

Switch>

Switch>en

Switch#conf t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Switch(config)#int vlan 40

Switch(config-if)#

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan40, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan40, changed state to up

Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.40.0 255.255.0.0

Switch(config-if)#no shut

Switch(config-if)#exit

Switch(config)#exit

Switch#

Configuración del enlace troncal entre S1 y S3

Switch#conf t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Switch(config)#int f0/3

Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

Configuración del Router R1

```
Router>en
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int f0/0
Router(config-if)#ip add 192.168.99.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shut
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#int s0/0
%Invalid interface type and number
Router(config)#int s0/0/0
Router(config-if)#ip add 172.31.21.1
% Incomplete command.
Router(config-if)#ip add 172.31.21.1 255.255.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shut
```

Configuración del Router R3

```
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int s0/0/1
Router(config-if)#ip add 172.31.23.1 255.255.0.0
Router(config-if)#no shut
Router(config-if)#

```

Configuración de las LoopBack en R3

```
Router#conf t
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
```

```
Router(config)#int loopback 4
```

```
Router(config-if)#
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback4, changed state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback4, changed state  
to up
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip add 192.168.4.0 255.255.0.0
```

```
Router(config-if)#no shut
```

```
Router(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router(config)#int loopback 5
```

```
Router(config-if)#
```

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback5, changed state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback5, changed state  
to up
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip add 192.168.5.0 255.255.0.0
```

```
% 192.168.0.0 overlaps with Loopback4
```

```
Router(config-if)#no shut
```

```
Router(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router(config)#int loopback 6
```

```
Router(config-if)#  
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback6, changed state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback6, changed state  
to up
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip add 192.168.6.0 255.255.0.0  
% 192.168.0.0 overlaps with Loopback4 (me muestra error)  
Router(config-if)#ip add 192.168.6.0 255.255.255.0  
Bad mask /24 for address 192.168.6.0  
Router(config-if)#ip add 192.168.6.0 255.255.0.0  
% 192.168.0.0 overlaps with Loopback4 (me muestra error)  
Router(config-if)#no shut  
Router(config-if)#exit  
Router(config)#exit  
Router#  
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

```
Router#
```

Configuración del Router 2

```
Router(config)#int s0/0/1  
Router(config-if)#ip add 172.31.21.2 255.255.0.0  
Router(config-if)#no shut  
Router(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router(config)#int s0/0/0
Router(config-if)#ip add 172.31.23.1 255.255.255.0
% 172.31.23.0 overlaps with Serial0/0/1 (me muestra error)
```

Configuración de la LoopBack del Router 2

```
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int loopback 0
```

```
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Loopback0, changed state to up
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Loopback0, changed state
to up
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip dd 10.10.10.10 255.0.0.0
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
Router(config-if)#ip add 10.10.10.10 255.0.0.0
```

Configurar el protocolo de enrutamiento OSPFv2 bajo los siguientes criterios:

OSPFv2 area 0

Configuration Item or Task	Specification
Router ID R1	1.1.1.1
Router ID R2	5.5.5.5
Router ID R3	8.8.8.8
Configurar todas las interfaces LAN como pasivas	
Establecer el ancho de banda para enlaces seriales en	256 Kb/s
Ajustar el costo en la métrica de S0/0 a	9500

En Router 1:

```
Router(config)#router ospf 1
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.99.0 %IP-4-DUPADDR: Duplicate address  
192.168.99.1 on FastEthernet0/0, sourced by 0060.471E.A321
```

% Incomplete command.

```
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.99.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
```

```
Router(config-router)#
```

```
Router#
```

%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

```
Router#router ospf 1
```

```
^
```

% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

```
Router#conf t  
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  
Router(config)#router ospf 1  
Router(config-router)#network 172.31.21.0 0.0.255.255 area 0  
Router(config-router)#network 172.31.23.0 0.0.255.255 area 0  
Router(config-router)#network 209.165.200.224 0.0.0.255 area 0  
Router(config-router)#
```

En Router 2:

```
Router(config)#router ospf 1  
Router(config-router)#network 209.165.200.224 0.0.0255 area 0  
^  
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.  
Router(config-router)#network 209.165.200.224 0.0.0.255 area 0  
Router(config-router)#network 172.31.21.0 0.0.255.255 area 0  
Router(config-router)#network 172.31.23.0 0.0.255.255 area 0  
01:00:13: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 192.168.99.1 on Serial0/0/1 from  
LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 172.31.23.0 0.0.255.255 area 0  
Router(config-router)#  
Router#
```

En Router 3:

```
Router>en
```

```
Router#conf t
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
```

```
Router(config)#router ospf 1
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 172.31.23.0 0.0.255.255 area 0
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 172.31.21.0 0.0.255.255 area 0
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 209.165.200.224 0.0.0.255 area 0
```

```
Router(config-router)#
```

Verificar información de OSPF

Visualizar tablas de enrutamiento y routers conectados por OSPFv2

En Router 1:

```
Router#show ip route
```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR

P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

```
O 172.0.0.0/16 [110/128] via 172.31.21.2, 00:33:16, Serial0/0/0
C 172.31.0.0/16 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 192.168.99.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
O 209.165.200.0/24 [110/65] via 172.31.21.2, 01:14:23, Serial0/0/0
```

En Router 2:

Router#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

```
C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Loopback0
C 172.0.0.0/16 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 172.31.0.0/16 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1
O 192.168.99.0/24 [110/65] via 172.31.21.1, 01:15:30, Serial0/0/1
C 209.165.200.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
```

En Router 3:

Router>en

Router#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR

P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

C 172.0.0.0/16 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1

O 172.31.0.0/16 [110/128] via 172.0.0.1, 00:34:24, Serial0/0/1

C 192.168.0.0/16 is directly connected, Loopback4

O 192.168.99.0/24 [110/129] via 172.0.0.1, 00:34:24, Serial0/0/1

O 209.165.200.0/24 [110/65] via 172.0.0.1, 00:34:24, Serial0/0/1

Visualizar lista resumida de interfaces por OSPF en donde se ilustre el costo de cada interface

En Router 1:

```
Router#show ip ospf int
FastEthernet0/0 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 192.168.99.1/24, Area 0
Process ID 1, Router ID 192.168.99.1, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 1
Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State DR, Priority 1
Designated Router (ID) 192.168.99.1, Interface address 192.168.99.1
No backup designated router on this network
Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
Hello due in 00:00:09
Index 1/1, flood queue length 0
Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
Neighbor Count is 0, Adjacent neighbor count is 0
Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
Serial0/0/0 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 172.31.21.1/16, Area 0
Process ID 1, Router ID 192.168.99.1, Network Type POINT-TO-POINT, Cost: 64
Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT-TO-POINT, Priority 0
No designated router on this network
No backup designated router on this network
Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
Hello due in 00:00:08
Index 2/2, flood queue length 0
Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
```

Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
Neighbor Count is 1 , Adjacent neighbor count is 1
Adjacent with neighbor 10.10.10.10
Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)

En Router 2:

Router#show ip ospf int

FastEthernet0/0 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 209.165.200.225/24, Area 0
Process ID 1, Router ID 10.10.10.10, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 1
Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State DR, Priority 1
Designated Router (ID) 10.10.10.10, Interface address 209.165.200.225
No backup designated router on this network
Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
Hello due in 00:00:01
Index 1/1, flood queue length 0
Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
Neighbor Count is 0, Adjacent neighbor count is 0
Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
Serial0/0/1 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 172.31.21.2/16, Area 0

Process ID 1, Router ID 10.10.10.10, Network Type POINT-TO-POINT, Cost: 64
Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT-TO-POINT, Priority 0
No designated router on this network
No backup designated router on this network
Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
Hello due in 00:00:01
Index 2/2, flood queue length 0
Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
Neighbor Count is 1 , Adjacent neighbor count is 1
Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.99.1
Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
Serial0/0/0 is up, line protocol is up
Internet address is 172.0.0.1/16, Area 0

Process ID 1, Router ID 10.10.10.10, Network Type POINT-TO-POINT, Cost: 64
Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT-TO-POINT, Priority 0
No designated router on this network
No backup designated router on this network
Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
Hello due in 00:00:05
Index 3/3, flood queue length 0
Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
Neighbor Count is 1 , Adjacent neighbor count is 1
Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.4.0

Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)

En router 3:

Router#show ip ospf int

Serial0/0/1 is up, line protocol is up

Internet address is 172.0.0.2/16, Area 0

Process ID 1, Router ID 192.168.4.0, Network Type POINT-TO-POINT, Cost: 64

Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT-TO-POINT, Priority 0

No designated router on this network

No backup designated router on this network

Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5

Hello due in 00:00:03

Index 1/1, flood queue length 0

Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)

Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1

Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec

Neighbor Count is 1 , Adjacent neighbor count is 1

Adjacent with neighbor 10.10.10.10

Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)

Router#

Visualizar el OSPF Process ID, Router ID, Address summarizations, Routing Networks, and passive interfaces configuradas en cada router.

En Router 1:

Router#show ip protocols

Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"

Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Router ID 192.168.99.1

Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa

Maximum path: 4

Routing for Networks:

192.168.99.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

172.31.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 0

209.165.200.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

172.0.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 0

Routing Information Sources:

Gateway Distance Last Update

10.10.10.10 110 00:11:00

192.168.4.0 110 00:10:59

192.168.99.1 110 00:22:25

Distance: (default is 110)

En Router 2:

Router#show ip protocols

Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"

Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Router ID 10.10.10.10

Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa

Maximum path: 4

Routing for Networks:

209.165.200.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

172.31.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 0

192.168.99.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

172.0.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 0

Routing Information Sources:

Gateway Distance Last Update

10.10.10.10 110 00:11:52

192.168.4.0 110 00:11:52

192.168.99.1 110 00:23:19

Distance: (default is 110)

En Router 3:

Router#show ip protocols

Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"

Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Router ID 192.168.4.0

Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa

Maximum path: 4

Routing for Networks:

172.31.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 0

209.165.200.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

192.168.99.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

172.0.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 0

Routing Information Sources:

Gateway Distance Last Update

10.10.10.10 110 00:12:18

192.168.4.0 110 00:12:17

192.168.99.1 110 00:23:44

Distance: (default is 110)

Configurar VLANs, Puertos troncales, puertos de acceso, encapsulamiento, Inter-VLAN Routing y Seguridad en los Switches acorde a la topología de red establecida.

```
R1
R1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#int g0/1.30
R1(config-subif)#descrip Administracion
R1(config-subif)#en
R1(config-subif)#encapsulation d
R1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q 30
R1(config-subif)#ip address 192.168.30.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-subif)#int g0/1.40
R1(config-subif)#descrip Mercadeo
R1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q 40
R1(config-subif)#ip address 192.168.40.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-subif)#int g0/1.200
R1(config-subif)#descrip Mantenimient
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
R1(config-subif)#descrip Mantenimiento
R1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q 200
R1(config-subif)#ip address 192.168.200.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-subif)#exit
R1(config)#int g0/1
R1(config-if)#no shu

R1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
```

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1.30, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1.30, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1.40, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1.40, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1.200, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1.200, changed state to up

S1

S1#conf t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

S1(config)#vlan 30

S1(config-vlan)#name Administracion

S1(config-vlan)#vlan 40

S1(config-vlan)#name Mercadeo

S1(config-vlan)#vlan 200

S1(config-vlan)#name Mantenimiento

```
S1(config-vlan)#
S1(config-vlan)#exit
S1(config)#int vlan 30
S1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan30, changed state to up
```

```
S1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.2 255.255.255.0
S1(config-if)#no shu
S1(config-if)#exit
S1(config)#ip default-gateway 192.168.99.1
S1(config)#
```

```
S1>en
Password:
Password:
S1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S1(config)#int f0/3
S1(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
```

```
S1(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed
state to down
```

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed
state to up
```

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan30, changed state to up

```
S1(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
S1(config-if)#int f0/5
S1(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
S1(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
S1(config-if)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4, fa0/6-24,g1/1-2
interface range not validated - command rejected
S1(config)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4, fa0/6-24,g0/1-2
S1(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
S1(config-if-range)#int f0/6
S1(config-if)#switchport mode access
S1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30
```

```
S3
S3>en
Password:
S3#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S3(config)#
S3(config)#vlan 40
S3(config-vlan)#name Mercadeo
S3(config-vlan)#vlan 30
S3(config-vlan)#name Administracion
S3(config-vlan)#vlan 200
S3(config-vlan)#name Mantenimiento
```

```
S3(config-vlan)#exit
S3(config)#int vlan 30
S3(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan30, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan30, changed state to
up
```

```
S3(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.3 255.255.255.0
S3(config-if)#no shu
S3(config-if)#exit
S3(config)#ip default-gateway 192.168.99.1
S3(config)#int f0/3
S3(config-if)#sw
S3(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
S3(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 1
S3(config-if)#int range f0/1-2, f0/4-24, g0/1-2
S3(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
S3(config-if-range)#int f0/18
S3(config-if)#switchport mode access
S3(config-if)#switchport access vlan 40
```

En el Switch 3 desabilitar DNS lookup

Switch>EN

```
Switch#conf t  
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.  
Switch(config)#no ip domain-lookup  
Switch(config)#hostname S3  
S3(config)#
```

Asignar direcciones IP a los Switches acorde a los lineamientos.

```
S1  
S1(config)#int vlan 30  
S1(config-if)#  
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan30, changed state to up  
S1(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.2 255.255.255.0  
S1(config-if)#no shu  
S3  
S3(config)#int vlan 30  
S3(config-if)#  
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan30, changed state to up  
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan30, changed state to  
up  
S3(config-if)#ip address 192.168.99.3 255.255.255.0  
S3(config-if)#no shu  
S3(config-if)#exit
```

Desactivar todas las interfaces que no sean utilizadas en el esquema de red.

SI

S1(config-if)#int range fa0/1-2, fa0/4, fa0/7-24,g0/1-2

S1(config-if-range)#shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/7, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/8, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/9, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/10, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/12, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/13, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/14, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/15, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/16, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/17, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/18, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/19, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/20, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/21, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/22, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/23, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/24, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to administratively down

S1(config-if-range)#

S3

S3(config-if)#int range f0/1-2, f0/4-17, f0/19-24,g0/1-2

S3(config-if-range)#shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/5, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/6, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/7, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/8, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/9, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/10, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/12, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/13, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/14, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/15, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/16, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/17, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/19, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/20, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/21, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/22, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/23, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/24, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to administratively down

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to administratively down

S3(config-if-range)#

Implement DHCP and NAT for IPv4

Configurar R1 como servidor DHCP para las VLANs 30 y 40.

Reservar las primeras 30 direcciones IP de las VLAN 30 y 40 para configuraciones estáticas.

R1

R1>en

Password:

R1#conf t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

R1(config)#ip dhcp e

R1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.30.1 192.168.30.30

```
R1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.40.1 192.168.40.30
R1(config)#
```

Configurar DHCP pool para VLAN 30

Name: ADMINISTRACION DNS-Server: 10.10.10.11

Domain-Name: ccna-unad.com

Establecer default gateway.

```
R1(config)#ip dhcp pool ADMINISTRACION
```

```
R1(dhcp-config)#dn
```

```
R1(dhcp-config)#dns-server 10.10.10.11
```

```
R1(dhcp-config)#domain n
```

```
R1(dhcp-config)#domain n
```

```
R1(dhcp-config)#domain na
```

```
R1(dhcp-config)#?
```

default-router Default routers

dns-server Set name server

exit Exit from DHCP pool configuration mode

network Network number and mask

no Negate a command or set its defaults

option Raw DHCP options

Configurar DHCP pool para VLAN 40

Name: MERCADERO

DNS-Server: 10.10.10.11

Domain-Name: ccna-unad.com Establecer default gateway.

R1(dhcp-config)#ip dhcp pool MERCADERO

R1(dhcp-config)#DN

R1(dhcp-config)#DNs-server 10.10.10.11

R1(dhcp-config)#doma

R1(dhcp-config)#domain-name

^

% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R1(dhcp-config)#domain-name ccna-unad.com

^

% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R1(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.40.1

R1(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.40.0 255.255.255.0

R1(dhcp-config)#[
]

R1(dhcp-config)#[
]

R1(dhcp-config)#default router 192.168.30.1

^

% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R1(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.30.1

R1(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.30.0 255.255.255.0

Configurar NAT en R2 para permitir que los host puedan salir a internet

R2>en

Password:

R2#conf t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

```
R2(config)#user webuser privilege 15 secret cisco12345
R2(config)#ip nat inside source static 10.10.10.10 209.165.200.229
R2(config)#int g0/0
R2(config-if)#ip nat outside
R2(config-if)#int g0/1
R2(config-if)#ip nat inside
R2(config-if)#

```

```
R2(config)#ip nat pool INTERNET 209.165.200.225 209.165.200.228 netmask
255.255.255.248
R2(config)#ip nat inside source list 1 pool INTERNET
R2(config)#

```

Configurar al menos dos listas de acceso de tipo estándar a su criterio en para restringir o permitir tráfico desde R1 o R3 hacia R2.

R2

LISTA DE ACCESO QUE SOLO PERMITE TRAFICO DESDE LAS VLAN
CREADAS Y LAS lop

```
R2(config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.30.0 0.0.0.255
R2(config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.40.0 0.0.0.255
R2(config)#access-list 1 permit 192.168.4.0 0.0.3.255
R2(config)#

```

LISTA DE ACCESO QUE SOLO PERMITE TRAFICO TELNET DE R1 A R2

```
R2(config)#ip access-list standard MANAGEMENT
R2(config-std-nacl)#permit host 172.31.21.1

```

```
R2(config-std-nacl)#exit  
R2(config)#line vty 0 4  
R2(config-line)#access-class MANAGMENT in  
R2(config-line)#
```

R3

```
R3(config)#access-list 1 permit any  
R3(config)#  
R3#  
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

Configurar al menos dos listas de acceso de tipo extendido o nombradas a su criterio en para restringir o permitir tráfico desde R1 o R3 hacia R2.

```
R2(config)#access-list 101 permit tcp any host 209.165.200.229 eq www
```

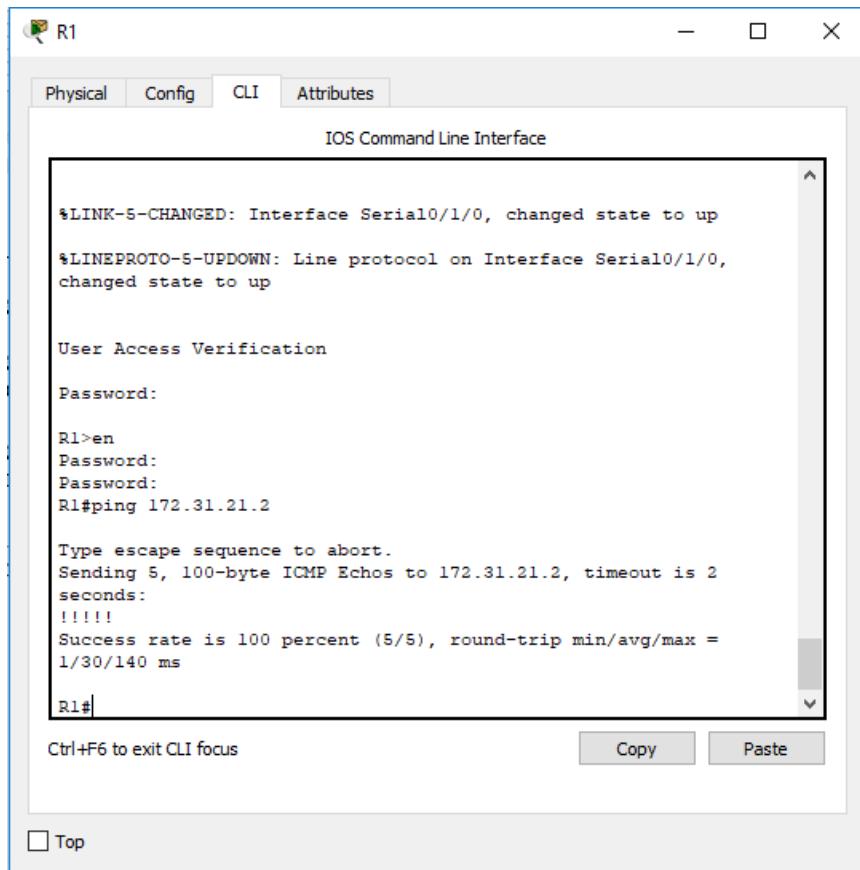
Lista de acceso para prevenir trafico ping de redes internas mientras se continua permitiendo a las interfaces lan ping a el pc internet

```
R2(config)#access-list 101 permit icmp any any echo-reply  
R2(config)#  
R2(config)#int g0/0  
R2(config-if)#ip  
R2(config-if)#ip ac  
R2(config-if)#ip access-group 101 in  
R2(config-if)#int s0/0/0  
R2(config-if)#ip access-group 101 out
```

```
R2(config-if)#int s0/0/1
R2(config-if)#ip access-group 101 out
R2(config-if)#int g0/1
R2(config-if)#ip access-group 101 out
R2(config-if)#

```

Verificar procesos de comunicación y redireccionamiento de tráfico en los routers mediante el uso de Ping y Traceroute.



The screenshot shows a Cisco IOS CLI window titled "R1". The window has tabs for Physical, Config, CLI (which is selected), and Attributes. The main area displays the following text:

```
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/1/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/1/0,
changed state to up

User Access Verification

Password:
R1>en
Password:
Password:
R1#ping 172.31.21.2

Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.31.21.2, timeout is 2
seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max =
1/30/140 ms

R1#
```

At the bottom of the window, there are buttons for "Copy" and "Paste". Below the window, there is a checkbox labeled "Top".

R2

Physical Config CLI Attributes

IOS Command Line Interface

```
Press RETURN to get started!

User Access Verification

Password:
R2>en
Password:
R2#ping 172.31.23.2

Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 172.31.23.2, timeout is 2
seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max =
3/5/11 ms

R2#
```

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus

Top

Internet PC

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

```
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 209.165.200.225

Pinging 209.165.200.225 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 209.165.200.225: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=255
Reply from 209.165.200.225: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 209.165.200.225: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 209.165.200.225: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 209.165.200.225:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 6ms, Average = 1ms

C:\>
```

Top

Web Server

Physical Config Services Desktop Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

```
Packet Tracer SERVER Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 209.165.200.225

Pinging 209.165.200.225 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 209.165.200.225: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 209.165.200.225:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

S1

Physical Config CLI Attributes

IOS Command Line Interface

```
User Access Verification

Password:
Password:

S1>en
Password:
S1#ping 192.168.99.2

Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.99.2, timeout is 2
seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max =
0/13/61 ms

S1#
```

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus

Top

PC-A

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

```
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.40.31

Pinging 192.168.40.31 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.40.31: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.40.31: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.40.31: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127

Ping statistics for 192.168.40.31:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

Top

PC-C

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

Command Prompt

```
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 10.10.10.10

Pinging 10.10.10.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.10.10.10: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 10.10.10.10: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126
Reply from 10.10.10.10: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 10.10.10.10: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 10.10.10.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms

C:\>
```

Top

CONCLUSIÓN

Esta actividad permitió desarrollar la capacidad de configurar y administrar los dispositivos que integran la red, haciendo uso de la tecnología de networking virtual (VLAN). Logrando comprender los beneficios de seguridad, reducción de costos, la administración de aplicaciones o proyectos. Que brinda esta tecnología.

Packet tracer es la herramienta clave para el aprendizaje e implementación autónoma de redes.

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