DIPLOMADO DE PROFUNDIZACIÓN CISCO (DISEÑO E IMPLEMENTACIÓN DE SOLUCIONES INTEGRADAS LAN WAN) (OPCI)

Prueba de Habilidades Prácticas

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RESUMEN

El diseño e implementación de soluciones integradas LAN – WAN, basadas en el uso de tecnología cisco fue un diplomado en el cual se miró todo lo relacionado de las redes en implementación, hablamos de cómo se ejecutó el diplomado de DISEÑO E IMPLEMENTACIÓN DE SOLUCIONES INTEGRADAS LAN – WAN, en el cual se obtuvo un apoyo en CISCO aparte del trabajo en la plataforma de la Universidad se manejaron todas las herramientas de CISCO en su plataforma y sus estudios de la misma, manejamos dos módulos en la plataforma FUNDAMENTOS DE NETWORKING y PRINCIPIOS DE ENRUTAMIENTO para conocimiento de estos dos módulos se trabajaron los casos estudio los cuales vamos hablar en esta monografía para demostrar el conocimiento adquirido en este diplomado en el caso de estudio uno el Caso de estudio propuesto es para aplicar los conocimientos dentro del curso y exploración de CISCO CCNA allí simularemos las diferentes formas de administrar una red. En el caso de estudio propuesto del módulo 2 de CCNA para este diplomado es para aplicar los conocimientos dentro del curso y exploración allí usaremos las capacidades que se han desarrollado para preparar utilizar y conectar el cableado apropiado y los dispositivos correspondientes pondremos en práctica los tema enseñados en este diplomado para aplicarlo en las empresas que a futuro trabajaremos y para aplicarlo en nuestra vida profesional.

ABSTRACT

The design and implementation of integrated LAN - WAN solutions, based on the use of Cisco technology, was a diploma in which everything related to the networks in implementation was looked at, we talked about how the diploma of DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION of LAN INTEGRATED SOLUTIONS was executed - WAN, in which support was obtained in CISCO apart from the work on the University platform, all CISCO tools were handled on its platform and its studies, we managed two modules in the NETWORKING FOUNDATIONS and PRINCIPLES OF ROUTING for knowledge of these two modules, we studied the case studies which we will talk about in this monograph to demonstrate the knowledge acquired in this diploma in case study one the proposed Case Study is to apply the knowledge within the course and exploration of CISCO CCNA there we will simulate the different ways of managing a network. In the case of the proposed study of CCNA module 2 for this diploma it is to apply the knowledge within the course and exploration there we will use the capacities that have been developed to prepare to use and connect the appropriate wiring and the corresponding devices we will put into practice the subjects taught in this diploma to apply it in the companies that we will work in the future and to apply it in our professional life.

INTRODUCCIÓN

En la realización de la presente evaluación denominada como "Prueba de Habilidades prácticas", se proponen dos (2) escenarios como solución a las diversas pruebas y habilidades adquiridas a lo largo del curso de Diplomado de profundización CCNA CISCO, en torno a todo lo que tiene que ver con el modelamiento de fundamentos de Networking, modelo OSI y direccionamiento IP, configuración de sistemas de red soportados en VLANs y enrutamiento en soluciones de red.

Abarcando los temas indicados, previstos con anterioridad, bajo la sustentación de prácticas de laboratorio asociados en eventos virtuales y en entornos de simulación en la mayoría a la herramienta relacionada como Packet Tracer, apoyadas en la creación, diseño y configuración de topologías adscritas a dispositivos de comunicación, con el fin de orientar hacia el buen sentido de apropiación de conocimientos prácticos para así poder influenciarlos dentro del campo y entorno tanto personal como profesional, en lo que referencia al modelamiento de redes de telecomunicaciones

OBJETIVOS

Objetivos Generales

Realizar y desarrollar los dos escenarios propuestos como prueba de habilidades practicas del Diplomado de Profundización CCNA demostrando todos los conocimientos adquiridos durante el proceso.

Objetivos Especificos:

- Plantear y desarrollar de forma efectiva los dos escenarios propuestos en la actividad
- Investigar e implementar PAT en CISCO
- Investigar más a fondo los temas manejados en el desarrollo de la actividad
- Aplicar todos los conocimientos adquiridos en el proceso del diplomado
- Implementar herramienta Packet Tracer en los ejercicios planteados
- Documentar el desarrollo de los dos escenarios

Escenario 1

Una empresa posee sucursales distribuidas en las ciudades de Bogotá, Medellín y Cali en donde el estudiante será el administrador de la red, el cual deberá configurar e interconectar entre sí cada uno de los dispositivos que forman parte del escenario, acorde con los lineamientos establecidos para el direccionamiento IP, protocolos de enrutamiento y demás aspectos que forman parte de la topología de red.

Topología de red

Los requerimientos solicitados son los siguientes:

- Parte 1: Para el direccionamiento IP debe definirse una dirección de acuerdo con el número de hosts requeridos.
- Parte 2: Considerar la asignación de los parámetros básicos y la detección de vecinos directamente conectados.
- Parte 3: La red y subred establecidas deberán tener una interconexión total, todos los hosts deberán ser visibles y poder comunicarse entre ellos sin restricciones.
- Parte 4: Implementar la seguridad en la red, se debe restringir el acceso y comunicación entre hosts de acuerdo con los requerimientos del administrador de red.
- Parte 5: Comprobación total de los dispositivos y su funcionamiento en la red.
- Parte 6: Configuración final.







Desarrollo

Como trabajo inicial se debe realizar lo siguiente.

Realizar las rutinas de diagnóstico y dejar los equipos listos para su configuración (asignar nombres de equipos, asignar claves de seguridad, etc).

Router>en Router#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config)#hostname Bogotá Bogotá(config)#no ip domain-lookup Bogotá(config)#service password-encryption Bogotá(config)#banner motd \$EI Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ Bogotá(config)#enable secret class1 Bogotá(config)#line console 0 Bogotá(config-line)#password cisco1 Bogotá(config-line)#login Bogotá(config-line)#line vty 0 15 Bogotá(config-line)#password cisco1 Bogotá(config-line)#login Bogotá(config-line)#

Router>en

Router#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config)#hostname medellin medellin(config)#no ip domain-lookup medellin(config)#service password-encryption medellin(config)#banner motd \$EI Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ medellin(config)#enable secret class1 medellin(config)#line console 0 medellin(config-line)#password cisco1 medellin(config-line)#login medellin(config-line)#login medellin(config-line)#login medellin(config-line)#login medellin(config-line)#password cisco1 medellin(config-line)#login medellin(config-line)#login medellin(config-line)#login medellin(config-line)#login

Router>en Router#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config)#hostname cali cali(config)#no ip domain-lookup cali(config)#service password-encryption cali(config)#banner motd \$EI Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ cali(config)#enable secret class1 cali(config)#enable secret class1 cali(config)#line console 0 cali(config-line)#password cisco1 cali(config-line)#login cali(config-line)#line vty 0 15 cali(config-line)#password cisco1 cali(config-line)#password cisco1 cali(config-line)#password cisco1 cali(config-line)#login cali(config-line)#login cali(config-line)#login

Switch>en Switch#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)#hostname switchbogota switchbogota(config)#no ip domain-lookup switchbogota(config)#service password-encryption switchbogota(config)#banner motd \$EI Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ switchbogota(config)#enable secret class1 switchbogota(config)#line console 0 switchbogota(config-line)#password cisco1 switchbogota(config-line)#password cisco1

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switchbogota(config-line)#line vty 0 15 switchbogota(config-line)#password cisco1 switchbogota(config-line)#login switchbogota(config-line)#

Switch>en Switch#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. switchmedellin(config)#hostname switchmedellin switchmedellin(config)#no ip domain-lookup switchmedellin(config)#service password-encryption switchmedellin(config)#banner motd \$EI Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ switchmedellin(config)#enable secret class1 switchmedellin(config)#line console 0 switchmedellin(config-line)#password cisco1 switchmedellin(config-line)#login switchmedellin(config-line)#line vty 0 15 switchmedellin(config-line)#password cisco1 switchmedellin(config-line)#line)#password cisco1 switchmedellin(config-line)#line)#password cisco1 switchmedellin(config-line)#line)#password cisco1 switchmedellin(config-line)#line)#password cisco1

Switch>en Switch#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)#hostname switchcali switchcali(config)#no ip domain-lookup switchcali(config)#service password-encryption switchcali(config)#banner motd \$EI Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ switchcali(config)#enable secret class1 switchcali(config)#line console 0 switchcali(config-line)#password cisco1 switchcali(config-line)#login switchcali(config-line)#login switchcali(config-line)#line vty 0 15 switchcali(config-line)#password cisco1 switchcali(config-line)#password cisco1 switchcali(config-line)#login switchcali(config-line)#login switchcali(config-line)#login

Realizar la conexión fisica de los equipos con base en la topología de red

Configurar la topología de red, de acuerdo con las siguientes especificaciones.

Parte 1: Asignación de direcciones IP:

Se debe dividir (subnetear) la red creando una segmentación en ocho partes, para permitir creciemiento futuro de la red corporativa. Asignar una dirección IP a la red.

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Bogota-LAN192.168.1.0/27Medellín-LAN192.168.1.32/27Cali-LAN192.168.1.64/27Bogota-Medellín192.168.1.96/27Bogota-Cali192.168.1.128/27Futuro192.168.1.160/27Futuro192.168.1.192/27Futuro192.168.1.224/27

Parte 2: Configuración Básica.

Completar la siguiente tabla con la configuración básica de los routers, teniendo en cuenta las subredes diseñadas.

	R1	R2	R3
Nombre de Host	MEDELLIN	BOGOTA	CALI
Dirección de lp en interfaz Serial 0/0	192.168.1.99	192.168.1.98	192.168.1.131
Dirección de lp en interfaz Serial 0/1		192.168.1.130	
Dirección de lp en interfaz FA 0/0	192.168.1.33	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.65
Protocolo de enrutamiento	Eigrp	Eigrp	Eigrp
Sistema Autónomo	200	200	200
Afirmaciones de red	192.168.1.0	192.168.1.0	192.168.1.0

Bogotá(config)#int s0/0/0 Bogotá(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.98 255.255.255.224 Bogotá(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down Bogotá(config-if)# Bogotá(config-if)#int s0/0/1 Bogotá(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.130 255.255.255.224 Bogotá(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down Bogotá(config-if)# Bogotá(config-if)#int f0/0 Bogotá(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.224 Bogotá(config-if)#no shutdown

Bogotá(config-if)# Bogotá(config-if)#router eigrp 200 Bogotá(config-router)#no auto-summary Bogotá(config-router)#network 192.168.1.0 Bogotá(config-router)#end Bogotá#

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

medellin(config)#int s0/0/0 medellin(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.99 255.255.255.224 medellin(config-if)#no shutdown

medellin(config-if)# medellin(config-if)#int f0/0 medellin(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.33 255.255.255.224 medellin(config-if)#no shutdown

medellin(config-if)# medellin(config-if)#router eigrp 200 medellin(config-router)#no auto-summary medellin(config-router)#network 192.168.1.0 medellin(config-router)#end medellin# %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

cali(config)#int s0/0/0 cali(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.131 255.255.255.224 cali(config-if)#no shutdown

cali(config-if)#int f0/0 cali(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.65 255.255.255.224 cali(config-if)#no shutdown

cali(config-if)# cali(config-if)#router eigrp 200 cali(config-router)#no auto-summary cali(config-router)#network 192.168.1.0 cali(config-router)#end cali# cali# %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

%DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: IP-EIGRP 200: Neighbor 192.168.1.130 (Serial0/0/0) is up: new adjacency

Después de cargada la configuración en los dispositivos, verificar la tabla de enrutamiento en cada uno de los routers para comprobar las redes y sus rutas.

bogota#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.1.0/27 is subnetted, 5 subnets C 192.168.1.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0 D 192.168.1.32 [90/2172416] via 192.168.1.99, 00:04:34, Serial0/0/0 D 192.168.1.64 [90/2172416] via 192.168.1.131, 00:03:31, Serial0/0/1 C 192.168.1.96 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.128 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1

medellin#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.1.0/27 is subnetted, 5 subnets

D 192.168.1.0 [90/2172416] via 192.168.1.98, 00:04:41, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.32 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0

D 192.168.1.64 [90/2684416] via 192.168.1.98, 00:03:38, Serial0/0/0

C 192.168.1.96 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.1.128 [90/2681856] via 192.168.1.98, 00:03:44, Serial0/0/0

cali#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.1.0/27 is subnetted, 5 subnets D 192.168.1.0 [90/2172416] via 192.168.1.130, 00:03:47, Serial0/0/0 D 192.168.1.32 [90/2684416] via 192.168.1.130, 00:03:47, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.64 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0 D 192.168.1.96 [90/2681856] via 192.168.1.130, 00:03:47, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.128 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

Verificar el balanceo de carga que presentan los routers.

bogota#show ip eigrp topology IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS 200/ID(192.168.1.130)

Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply, r - Reply status

P 192.168.1.0/27, 1 successors, FD is 28160 via Connected, FastEthernet0/0 P 192.168.1.32/27, 1 successors, FD is 2172416 via 192.168.1.99 (2172416/28160), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.64/27, 1 successors, FD is 2172416 via 192.168.1.131 (2172416/28160), Serial0/0/1 P 192.168.1.96/27, 1 successors, FD is 2169856 via Connected, Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.128/27, 1 successors, FD is 2169856 via Connected, Serial0/0/1

medellin#show ip eigrp topology IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS 200/ID(192.168.1.99)

Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply, r - Reply status

P 192.168.1.0/27, 1 successors, FD is 2172416 via 192.168.1.98 (2172416/28160), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.32/27, 1 successors, FD is 28160 via Connected, FastEthernet0/0 P 192.168.1.64/27, 1 successors, FD is 2684416 via 192.168.1.98 (2684416/2172416), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.96/27, 1 successors, FD is 2169856 via Connected, Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.128/27, 1 successors, FD is 2681856 via 192.168.1.98 (2681856/2169856), Serial0/0/0

cali#show ip eigrp topology IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS 200/ID(192.168.1.131)

Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply, r - Reply status

P 192.168.1.0/27, 1 successors, FD is 2172416 via 192.168.1.130 (2172416/28160), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.32/27, 1 successors, FD is 2684416 via 192.168.1.130 (2684416/2172416), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.64/27, 1 successors, FD is 28160 via Connected, FastEthernet0/0 P 192.168.1.96/27, 1 successors, FD is 2681856 via 192.168.1.130 (2681856/2169856), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.128/27, 1 successors, FD is 2169856 via Connected, Serial0/0/0

Realizar un diagnóstico de vecinos uando el comando cdp.

bogota#show cdp neighbor Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, P - Phone Device ID Local Intrfce Holdtme Capability Platform Port ID switchbogota Fas 0/0 176 S 2960 Fas 0/1 medellin Ser 0/0/0 145 R C1841 Ser 0/0/0 cali Ser 0/0/1 148 R C1841 Ser 0/0/0

medellin#show cdp neighbor Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, P - Phone Device ID Local Intrfce Holdtme Capability Platform Port ID switchmedellin Fas 0/0 131 S 2960 Fas 0/1 Bogotá Ser 0/0/0 136 R C1841 Ser 0/0/0

cali#show cdp neighbor

Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, P - Phone Device ID Local Intrfce Holdtme Capability Platform Port ID switchcali Fas 0/0 126 S 2960 Fas 0/1 Bogotá Ser 0/0/0 126 R C1841 Ser 0/0/1

Realizar una prueba de conectividad en cada tramo de la ruta usando Ping.

Router0	
Physical Config CLI Attributes	
IOS Command Line Interface	
medellin#ping 192.168.1.98	^
Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.1.98, timeout is 2 seconds: !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 4/5/8 ms	
medellin#ping 192.168.1.131	
Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.1.131, timeout is 2 seconds: !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 7/9/11 ms	
medellin#	~
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus	Copy Paste
П Тор	

Parte 3: Configuración de Enrutamiento.

Asignar el protocolo de enrutamiento EIGRP a los routers considerando el direccionamiento diseñado.

Verificar si existe vecindad con los routers configurados con EIGRP. SHOW IP EIGRP NEIGHBORS

bogota#show ip eigrp neighbor IP-EIGRP neighbors for process 200 H Address Interface Hold Uptime SRTT RTO Q Seq (sec) (ms) Cnt Num 0 192.168.1.99 Se0/0/0 13 00:04:34 40 1000 0 7 1 192.168.1.131 Se0/0/1 12 00:03:31 40 1000 0 7

Bogotá#

medellin#show ip eigrp neighbor IP-EIGRP neighbors for process 200 H Address Interface Hold Uptime SRTT RTO Q Seq (sec) (ms) Cnt Num 0 192.168.1.98 Se0/0/0 11 00:04:40 40 1000 0 7

medellin#

cali#show ip eigrp neighbor IP-EIGRP neighbors for process 200 H Address Interface Hold Uptime SRTT RTO Q Seq (sec) (ms) Cnt Num 0 192.168.1.130 Se0/0/0 12 00:03:47 40 1000 0 8

cali#

SHOW IP EIGRP TOPOLOGY

bogota#show ip eigrp topology IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS 200/ID(192.168.1.130)

Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply, r - Reply status

P 192.168.1.0/27, 1 successors, FD is 28160 via Connected, FastEthernet0/0 P 192.168.1.32/27, 1 successors, FD is 2172416 via 192.168.1.99 (2172416/28160), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.64/27, 1 successors, FD is 2172416 via 192.168.1.131 (2172416/28160), Serial0/0/1 P 192.168.1.96/27, 1 successors, FD is 2169856 via Connected, Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.128/27, 1 successors, FD is 2169856 via Connected, Serial0/0/1

medellin#show ip eigrp topology IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS 200/ID(192.168.1.99)

Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply, r - Reply status

P 192.168.1.0/27, 1 successors, FD is 2172416 via 192.168.1.98 (2172416/28160), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.32/27, 1 successors, FD is 28160 via Connected, FastEthernet0/0 P 192.168.1.64/27, 1 successors, FD is 2684416 via 192.168.1.98 (2684416/2172416), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.96/27, 1 successors, FD is 2169856 via Connected, Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.128/27, 1 successors, FD is 2681856 via 192.168.1.98 (2681856/2169856), Serial0/0/0

cali#show ip eigrp topology IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS 200/ID(192.168.1.131) Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply, r - Reply status

P 192.168.1.0/27, 1 successors, FD is 2172416 via 192.168.1.130 (2172416/28160), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.32/27, 1 successors, FD is 2684416 via 192.168.1.130 (2684416/2172416), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.64/27, 1 successors, FD is 28160 via Connected, FastEthernet0/0 P 192.168.1.96/27, 1 successors, FD is 2681856 via 192.168.1.130 (2681856/2169856), Serial0/0/0 P 192.168.1.128/27, 1 successors, FD is 2169856 via Connected, Serial0/0/0

Realizar la comprobación de las tablas de enrutamiento en cada uno de los routers para verificar cada una de las rutas establecidas. SHOW IP ROUTE

bogota#show ip route Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.1.0/27 is subnetted, 5 subnets C 192.168.1.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0 D 192.168.1.32 [90/2172416] via 192.168.1.99, 00:04:34, Serial0/0/0 D 192.168.1.64 [90/2172416] via 192.168.1.131, 00:03:31, Serial0/0/1 C 192.168.1.96 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.128 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1

medellin#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.1.0/27 is subnetted, 5 subnets D 192.168.1.0 [90/2172416] via 192.168.1.98, 00:04:41, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.32 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0 D 192.168.1.64 [90/2684416] via 192.168.1.98, 00:03:38, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.96 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0 D 192.168.1.128 [90/2681856] via 192.168.1.98, 00:03:44, Serial0/0/0

cali#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.1.0/27 is subnetted, 5 subnets D 192.168.1.0 [90/2172416] via 192.168.1.130, 00:03:47, Serial0/0/0 D 192.168.1.32 [90/2684416] via 192.168.1.130, 00:03:47, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.64 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0 D 192.168.1.96 [90/2681856] via 192.168.1.130, 00:03:47, Serial0/0/0 C 192.168.1.128 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0

Realizar un diagnóstico para comprobar que cada uno de los puntos de la red se puedan ver y tengan conectividad entre sí. Realizar esta prueba desde un host de la red LAN del router CALI, primero a la red de MEDELLIN y luego al servidor.

RC10	- 0 ×
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	Х
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0	^
Pinging 192.168.1.34 with 32 bytes of data:	
Request timed out. Reply from 192.168.1.34: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125	
Reply from 192.168.1.34: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 192.168.1.34: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125	
Repry from 152.100.1.51. Bytes-52 cime-2m5 fil-125	
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.34: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),	
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 2ms	
C:\>ping 192.168.1.3	
Pinging 192 168 1 3 with 32 bytes of data.	
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.3:	
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:	
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms	
C:\>	\sim
П Тор	

Parte 4: Configuración de las listas de Control de Acceso.

En este momento cualquier usuario de la red tiene acceso a todos sus dispositivos y estaciones de trabajo. El jefe de redes le solicita implementar seguridad en la red. Para esta labor se decide configurar listas de control de acceso (ACL) a los routers.

Las condiciones para crear las ACL son las siguientes:

a. Cada router debe estar habilitado para establecer conexiones Telnet con los demás routers y tener acceso a cualquier dispositivo en la red.

El equipo WS1 y el servidor se encuentran en la subred de administración. Solo el servidor de la subred de administración debe tener acceso a cualquier otro dispositivo en cualquier parte de la red.

Bogotá(config)#access-list 131 permit ip host 192.168.1.30 any Bogotá(config)#int f0/0 Bogotá(config-if)#ip access-group 131 in Bogotá(config-if)#

Las estaciones de trabajo en las LAN de MEDELLIN y CALI no deben tener acceso a ningún dispositivo fuera de su subred, excepto para interconectar con el servidor.

medellin(config)#access-list 131 permit ip 192.168.1.32 0.0.0.31 host 192.168.1.30 medellin(config)#int f0/0 medellin(config-if)#ip access-group 131 in medellin(config-if)#

cali(config)#access-list 131 permit ip 192.168.1.64 0.0.0.31 host 192.168.1.30 cali(config)#int f0/0 cali(config-if)#ip access-group 131 in cali(config-if)#

Parte 5: Comprobación de la red instalada.

Se debe probar que la configuración de las listas de acceso fue exitosa. Comprobar y Completar la siguiente tabla de condiciones de prueba para confirmar el óptimo funcionamiento de la red e.

	ORIGEN	DESTINO	RESULTADO
TELNET	Router MEDELLIN	Router CALI	Éxito
	WS_1	Router BOGOTA	Falla
	Servidor	Router CALI	Éxito
	Servidor	Router MEDELLIN	Éxito
TELNET	LAN del Router MEDELLIN	Router CALI	Falla
	LAN del Router CALI	Router CALI	Falla
	LAN del Router MEDELLIN	Router MEDELLIN	Falla
	LAN del Router CALI	Router MEDELLIN	Falla
PING	LAN del Router CALI	WS_1	Falla
	LAN del Router MEDELLIN	WS_1	Falla
	LAN del Router MEDELLIN	LAN del Router CALI	Falla
PING	LAN del Router CALI	Servidor	Éxito
	LAN del Router MEDELLIN	Servidor	Éxito
	Servidor	LAN del Router MEDELLIN	Éxito
	Servidor	LAN del Router CALI	Éxito
	Router CALI	LAN del Router MEDELLIN	Falla
	Router MEDELLIN	LAN del Router CALI	Falla

IOS Command Line Interface	
medellin(config-if)#	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
medellin(config-if)#	
medellin(config-if)#end	
medellin#	
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console	
medellin#telnet 192.168.1.131	
Trying 192.168.1.131OpenEl Acceso no autorizado est prohibido	
User Access Verification	
Password:	
Password: cali>en	
Password: cali>en Password:	
Password: cali>en Password: cali#	

♥WS-1
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes
Command Prompt X
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0 C:\>telnet 192.168.1.1
Trying 192.168.1.1
<pre>connection timed out; remote nost not responding C:\></pre>
Ц Тор



```
PC10
 Physical
        Config
              Desktop Programming
                                Attributes
 Command Prompt
                                                                      Х
                                                                       ^
 C:\>ping 192.168.1.3
 Pinging 192.168.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:
 Request timed out.
 Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
 Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
 Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
 Ping statistics for 192.168.1.3:
      Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
 Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
      Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms
 C:\>telnet 192.168.1.65
 Trying 192.168.1.65 ...
  % Connection timed out; remote host not responding
 C:\>
Тор
```

₽C12	×
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt X	
C:\>	
C:\>	
C:\> C:\>	
C: \>	
C:\>	
C:\>	
C:\>	
C:\>	
C:\>telnet 192.168.1.131	
% Connection timed out; remote host not responding	
C:\>telnet 192.168.1.33	
Trying 192.168.1.33 % Connection timed out: remote host not responding	
C:/>	
Тор	

R PC10	
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	x
	^
Request timed out.	
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Ping statistics for 192 168 1 3.	
Packets: Sent = 4. Received = 3. Lost = 1 (25% loss).	
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:	
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms	
C:\>telnet 192.168.1.65	
Trying 192.168.1.65	
<pre>% Connection timed out; remote host not responding</pre>	
C:\>teinet 192.168.1.99	
2 Connection timed out: remote host not responding	
C:\>	
Птор	

₹ PC10	
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	Х
Trying 192.168.1.65 % Connection timed out; remote host not responding C:\>telnet 192.168.1.99 Trying 192.168.1.99 % Connection timed out; remote host not responding C:\>ping 192.168.1.2 Pinging 192.168.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:	^
Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable.	
<pre>Ping statistics for 192.168.1.2: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss), C:\></pre>	~
Пор	

₹ PC12	- 0 ×
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	Х
Trying 192.168.1.33 % Connection timed out; remote host not responding C:\>telnet 192.168.1.2 Trying 192.168.1.2 % Connection timed out; remote host not responding C:\>ping 192.168.1.2	^
Pinging 192.168.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 192.168.1.33: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.33: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.33: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.33: Destination host unreachable.	
<pre>Ping statistics for 192.168.1.2: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss), C:\></pre>	~
П Тор	



```
PC10
                                                                                          - - ×
 Physical
          Config Desktop Programming
                                        Attributes
  Command Prompt
                                                                                                    Х
                                                                                                     ^
  Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable.
  Ping statistics for 192.168.1.2:
       Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
  C:\>ping 192.168.1.3
  Pinging 192.168.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:
  Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable.
 Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 192.168.1.65: Destination host unreachable.
  Ping statistics for 192.168.1.3:
       Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
  C:\>
____ Тор
```



Physical Config Services Desktop Programming Attributes
Command Prompt X
Trying 192.168.1.131 % Connection timed out; remote host not responding C:\>telnet 192.168.1.99 Trying 192.168.1.99 % Connection timed out; remote host not responding % Connection timed out; remote host not responding
Pinging 192.168.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 192.168.1.1: Destination host unreachable.
<pre>Ping statistics for 192.168.1.66: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),</pre>
C: \>
Пор

Router2		- 0 ×
Physical Config CLI Attributes		
IOS Command Line Interface		
El Acceso no autorizado est prohibido		^
User Access Verification		
Password:		
cali>en		
cali#ping 192.168.1.34		
Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.1.34, timeout is 2 seconds	:	
Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)		
cali#		~
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus	Сору	Paste
_		
_ Тор		

Router0	
Physical Config CLI Attributes	
IOS Command Line Interface	
User Access Verification	^
Password: cali>en Password:	
cali# (You have open connections) [confirm]	
[Connection to 192.168.1.131 closed by foreign host] medellin#ping 192.168.1.66	
Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.1.66, timeout is 2 seconds:	
Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)	
medellin#	~
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus Copy Pas	ste
Пор	

Escenario 2

Una empresa tiene la conexión a internet en una red Ethernet, lo cual deben adaptarlo para facilitar que sus routers y las redes que incluyen puedan, por esa vía, conectarse a internet, pero empleando las direcciones de la red LAN original.





Desarrollo

Los siguientes son los requerimientos necesarios:

1. Todos los routers deberán tener los siguiente:

Configuración básica.

Router>en Router#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config)#hostname bucaramanga bucaramanga(config)#no ip domain-lookup bucaramanga(config)#banner motd \$El Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ bucaramanga(config)#enable secret class1 bucaramanga(config)#line console 0 bucaramanga(config-line)#password cisco1 bucaramanga(config-line)#login bucaramanga(config-line)#line vty 0 15 bucaramanga(config-line)#password cisco1 bucaramanga(config-line)#login bucaramanga(config)#int f0/0.1 bucaramanga(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1g 1 bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.2.1 255.255.255.248 bucaramanga(config-subif)#int f0/0.10 bucaramanga(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1g 10 bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.0.1 255.255.255.192 bucaramanga(config-subif)#int f0/0.30 bucaramanga(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1g 30

bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.0.65 255.255.255.192 bucaramanga(config-subif)#int f0/0 bucaramanga(config-if)#no shutdown

bucaramanga(config-if)# bucaramanga(config-if)# bucaramanga(config-if)#int s0/0/0 bucaramanga(config-if)#ip address 172.31.2.34 255.255.255.252 bucaramanga(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to down bucaramanga(config-if)# bucaramanga(config-router)#network 172.31.0.0 0.0.0.63 area 0 bucaramanga(config-router)#network 172.31.0.64 0.0.0.63 area 0 bucaramanga(config-router)#network 172.31.2.0 0.0.0.7 area 0 bucaramanga(config-router)#network 172.31.2.32 0.0.0.3 area 0 bucaramanga(config-router)#end bucaramanga# %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.10, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.10, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.30, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.30, changed state to up

%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

bucaramanga#

Router>en Router#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config)#hostname tunja tunja(config)#no ip domain-lookup tunja(config)#banner motd \$El Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ tunja(config)#enable secret class1 tunja(config)#line console 0 tunja(config-line)#password cisco1 tunja(config-line)#login tunja(config-line)#line vty 0 15 tunja(config-line)#password cisco1 tunja(config-line)#login tunja(config)#int f0/0.1 tunja(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1g 1 tunja(config-subif)#ip address 172.3.2.9 255.255.255.248 tunia(config-subif)#int f0/0.20 tunja(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1g 20 tunja(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.0.129 255.255.255.192 tunja(config-subif)#int f0/0.30 tunja(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1g 30 tunja(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.0.193 255.255.255.192 tunja(config-subif)#int f0/0 tunja(config-if)#no shutdown

tunja(config-if)# tunja(config-if)#int s0/0/0 tunja(config-if)#ip address 172.31.2.33 255.255.255.252 tunja(config-if)#no shutdown

tunja(config-if)# tunja(config-if)#int s0/0/1 tunja(config-if)#ip address 172.31.2.37 255.255.255.252 tunja(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/1, changed state to down tunja(config-if)#int f0/1 tunja(config-if)#ip address **209.165.220.1 255.255.255.0** tunja(config-if)#no shutdown

```
tunja(config-if)#
tunja(config-if)#router ospf 1
tunja(config-router)#network 172.3.2.8 0.0.0.7 area 0
tunja(config-router)#network 172.31.0.128 0.0.0.63 area 0
tunja(config-router)#network 172.31.0.192 0.0.0.63 area 0
tunja(config-router)#network 172.31.2.32 0.0.0.3 area 0
tunja(config-router)#network 172.31.2.36 0.0.0.3 area 0
tunja(config-router)#end
tunja#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
```

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.20, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.20, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.30, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.30, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up

%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

00:15:19: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 172.31.2.34 on Serial0/0/0 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done

Router>en Router#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config)#hostname cundinamarca cundinamarca(config)#no ip domain-lookup cundinamarca(config)#banner motd \$EI Acceso no autorizado est prohibido\$ cundinamarca(config)#enable secret class1 cundinamarca(config)#line console 0 cundinamarca(config-line)#password cisco1 cundinamarca(config-line)#login cundinamarca(config-line)#line vty 0 15 cundinamarca(config-line)#password cisco1 cundinamarca(config-line)#login cundinamarca(config)#int f0/0.1 cundinamarca(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 1 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.2.9 255.255.255.248 cundinamarca(config-subif)#int f0/0.20 cundinamarca(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 20 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.1.65 255.255.255.192

cundinamarca(config-subif)#int f0/0.30 cundinamarca(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 30 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.1.1 255.255.255.192 cundinamarca(config-subif)#int f0/0.88 cundinamarca(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1q 88 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip address 172.31.2.25 255.255.255.248 cundinamarca(config-subif)#int f0/0 cundinamarca(config-if)#no shutdown

cundinamarca(config-if)# cundinamarca(config-if)#int s0/0/0 cundinamarca(config-if)#ip address 172.31.2.38 255.255.255.252 cundinamarca(config-if)#no shutdown

cundinamarca(config-if)#router ospf 1 cundinamarca(config-router)#network 172.31.1.0 0.0.0.63 area 0 cundinamarca(config-router)#network 172.31.1.64 0.0.0.63 area 0 cundinamarca(config-router)#network 172.31.2.8 0.0.0.7 area 0 cundinamarca(config-router)#network 172.31.2.24 0.0.0.7 area 0 cundinamarca(config-router)#network 172.31.2.36 0.0.0.3 area 0 cundinamarca(config-router)#network 172.31.2.36 0.0.0.3 area 0 cundinamarca(config-router)#end cundinamarca# %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.1, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.20, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.20, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.30, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.30, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0.88, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0.88, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial0/0/0, changed state to up

00:16:24: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 209.165.220.1 on Serial0/0/0 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done

Switch>en Switch#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)#hostname switchbucaramanga switchbucaramanga(config)#vlan 1 switchbucaramanga(config-vlan)#vlan 10 switchbucaramanga(config-vlan)#vlan 30 switchbucaramanga(config-vlan)#int f0/10 switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport mode access switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10 switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10 switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport mode access switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport mode access switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport mode access switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30 switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30 switchbucaramanga(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

switchbucaramanga(config-if)#int vlan 1 switchbucaramanga(config-if)#ip address 172.31.2.3 255.255.255.248 switchbucaramanga(config-if)#no shutdown

switchbucaramanga(config-if)#ip default-gateway 172.31.2.1 switchbucaramanga(config)# switchbucaramanga(config)# %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

Switch>en Switch#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)#hostname swtichtunja swtichtunja(config)#vlan 1 swtichtunja(config-vlan)#vlan 20 swtichtunja(config-vlan)#vlan 30 swtichtunja(config-vlan)#int f0/10 swtichtunja(config-if)#switchport mode access swtichtunja(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20 swtichtunja(config-if)#switchport mode access swtichtunja(config-if)#switchport mode access swtichtunja(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30 swtichtunja(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30 swtichtunja(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

swtichtunja(config-if)# swtichtunja(config-if)#int vlan 1 swtichtunja(config-if)#ip address 172.3.2.11 255.255.255.248 swtichtunja(config-if)#no shutdown

swtichtunja(config-if)# swtichtunja(config-if)#ip default-gateway 172.3.2.9 swtichtunja(config)# swtichtunja(config)# %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

Switch>en Switch#conf term Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)#hostname swithccundinamarca swithccundinamarca(config)#vlan 1 swithccundinamarca(config-vlan)#vlan 20 swithccundinamarca(config-vlan)#vlan 30 swithccundinamarca(config-vlan)#vlan 88 swithccundinamarca(config-vlan)#exit swithccundinamarca(config)#int f0/10 swithccundinamarca(config-if)#switchport mode access swithccundinamarca(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20 swithccundinamarca(config-if)#int f0/14 swithccundinamarca(config-if)#switchport mode access swithccundinamarca(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30 swithccundinamarca(config-if)#int f0/20 swithccundinamarca(config-if)#switchport mode access swithccundinamarca(config-if)#switchport access vlan 88

swithccundinamarca(config-if)#int f0/1 swithccundinamarca(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

swithccundinamarca(config-if)# swithccundinamarca(config-if)#int vlan 1 swithccundinamarca(config-if)#ip address 172.31.2.11 255.255.255.248 swithccundinamarca(config-if)#no shutdown

swithccundinamarca(config-if)# swithccundinamarca(config-if)#ip default-gateway 172.31.2.9 swithccundinamarca(config)# %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

Autenticación local con AAA.

bucaramanga(config-line)#username admin01 secret admin01pass bucaramanga(config)#aaa new-model bucaramanga(config)#aaa authentication login aaalocal local bucaramanga(config)#line console 0 bucaramanga(config-line)#login authentication aaalocal bucaramanga(config-line)#login authentication aaalocal bucaramanga(config-line)#line vty 0 15 bucaramanga(config-line)#login authentication aaalocal

tunja(config-line)#username admin01 secret admin01pass tunja(config)#aaa new-model tunja(config)#aaa authentication login aaalocal local tunja(config)#line console 0 tunja(config-line)#login authentication aaalocal tunja(config-line)#line vty 0 15 tunja(config-line)#login authentication aaalocal

cundinamarca(config-line)#username admin01 secret admin01pass cundinamarca(config)#aaa new-model cundinamarca(config)#aaa authentication login aaalocal local cundinamarca(config)#line console 0 cundinamarca(config-line)#login authentication aaalocal cundinamarca(config-line)#login authentication aaalocal cundinamarca(config-line)#line vty 0 15 cundinamarca(config-line)#login authentication aaalocal

Cifrado de contraseñas.

bucaramanga(config)#service password-encryption tunja(config)#service password-encryption cundinamarca(config)#service password-encryption

Un máximo de internos para acceder al router.

bucaramanga(config-line)#login block-for 20 attempts 10 within 60 tunja(config-line)#login block-for 20 attempts 10 within 60 cundinamarca(config-line)#login block-for 20 attempts 10 within 60

Máximo tiempo de acceso al detectar ataques.

bucaramanga(config-line)#login block-for 20 attempts 10 within 60 tunja(config-line)#login block-for 20 attempts 10 within 60 cundinamarca(config-line)#login block-for 20 attempts 10 within 60

Establezca un servidor TFTP y almacene todos los archivos necesarios de los routers

Physical Config Servic	es Desktop Programming Attributes	
SERVICES	TFTP	
НТТР	Sanica On	
DHCP		
DHCPV6	File	^
DNS	asa842-k8.bin	
SYSLOG	asa923-k8.bin	
AAA	c1841-advipservicesk9-mz.124-15.T1.bin	
NTP	c1841-ipbase-mz.123-14.T7.bin	
EMAIL	c1841-ipbasek9-mz.124-12.bin	
FTP	c1900-universalk9-mz SPA 155-3 M4a bin	
IoT	c2600.adviceoniceok9.mz 12/.15 T1 bin	
VM Management	c2600 i.mz 122.28 hin	
Radius EAP	-2000 i-http://22.20.000	
	2000-ipbasek9-in2. 124-6.bin	
	c2800nm-advipservicesk5-mz.124-15.11.bin	
	c2800nm-advipservicesk9-mz.151-4.M4.bin	
	c2800nm-ipbase-mz.123-14.T7.bin	
	c2800nm-ipbasek9-mz.124-8.bin	
	c2900-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-3.M4a.bin	
	c2950-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA4.bin	
	c2950-i6q4l2-mz.121-22.EA8.bin	
	c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.FX.bin	
	c2060 Japhaco mz 122 25 SEE1 hin	~
		Remove File

El DHCP deberá proporcionar solo direcciones a los hosts de Bucaramanga y Cundinamarca

tunja(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.31.0.1 172.31.0.3 tunja(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.31.0.65 172.31.0.67 tunja(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.31.1.65 172.31.1.67 tunja(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.31.1.1 172.31.1.3 tunja(config)#ip dhcp pool vlan10buc tunja(dhcp-config)#network 172.31.0.0 255.255.255.192 tunja(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.31.0.1 tunja(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8 tunja(dhcp-config)#ip dhcp pool lan30buc tunja(dhcp-config)#network 172.31.0.64 255.255.255.192 tunja(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.31.0.65 tunja(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8 tunja(dhcp-config)#ip dhcp pool vlan20cal tunja(dhcp-config)#network 172.31.1.64 255.255.255.192 tunja(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.31.1.65 tunja(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8 tunja(dhcp-config)#ip dhcp pool vlan30cal tunja(dhcp-config)#network 172.31.1.0 255.255.255.192 tunja(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.31.1.1 tunja(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8 tunja(dhcp-config)#

bucaramanga(config)#int f0/0.10 bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip helper-address 172.31.2.33 bucaramanga(config-subif)#int f0/0.30 bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip helper-address 172.31.2.33 bucaramanga(config-subif)#end bucaramanga#

cundinamarca(config)#int f0/0.20 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip helper-address 172.31.2.37 cundinamarca(config-subif)#int f0/0.30 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip helper-address 172.31.2.37 cundinamarca(config-subif)#end cundinamarca#

P Configuration		(
nterface FastEthernet0		
IP Configuration	_	
OHCP	 ○ Static 	DHCP request successful.
IP Address	172.31.0.4	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
Default Gateway	172.31.0.1	
DNS Server	8.8.8	
IPv6 Configuration		
	O Auto Config	Static
IPv6 Address		/
Link Local Address	FE80::2E0:8FFF:FE55:1	182
IPv6 Gateway		
IPv6 DNS Server		
802.1X		
Use 802.1X Security		
Authentication MD5		v
Username		
December		
Password		

P Configuration		у
nterface FastEti	ernet0	
IP Configuration		
DHCP	◯ Static	
IP Address	172.31.0.68	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
Default Gateway	172.31.0.65	
DNS Server	8.8.8.8	
IPv6 Configuration		
	O Auto Config	Static
IPv6 Address		/
Link Local Address	FE80::260:2FFF:FE31:C	2486
IPv6 Gateway		
IPv6 DNS Server		
IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X		
IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X Use 802.1X Security		
IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X Use 802.1X Security Authentication	MD5	Υ
IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X Use 802.1X Security Authentication Username	MD5	٣
IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X Use 802.1X Security Authentication Username Password	MD5	۲

terface EastEthernet()	
IP Configuration	
DHCP	◯ Static
IP Address	172.31.1.68
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192
Default Gateway	172.31.1.65
DNS Server	8.8.8.8
IPv6 Configuration	
ODHCP	O Auto Config I Static
IPv6 Address	
Link Local Address	FE80::201:42FF:FE16:70E1
IPv6 Gateway	
IPv6 Gateway IPv6 DNS Server	
IPv6 Gateway IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X	
IPv6 Gateway IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X Use 802.1X Security	
IPv6 Gateway IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X Use 802.1X Security Authentication MD5	
IPv6 Gateway IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X Use 802.1X Security Authentication Username	
IPv6 Gateway IPv6 DNS Server 802.1X Use 802.1X Security Authentication Username Password	

PC15		
Physical Config <u>Desktop</u> Pro	gramming Attributes	
P Configuration		Х
Interface FastEthernet0		
IP Configuration		
DHCP	◯ Static	
IP Address	172.31.1.4	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.192	
Default Gateway	172.31.1.1	
DNS Server	8.8.8.8	
IPv6 Configuration		
	Auto Config	
IPv6 Address		/
Link Local Address	FE80::201:64FF:FE57:7BA2	
IPv6 Gateway		
IPv6 DNS Server		
802.1X		
Use 802.1X Security		
Authentication MD5		V
Username		
Password		
1 Top		

El web server deberá tener NAT estático y el resto de los equipos de la topología emplearan NAT de sobrecarga (PAT).

tunja(config)#ip nat inside source static 172.31.2.28 209.165.220.10 tunja(config)#access-list 11 permit 172.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 tunja(config)#ip nat inside source list 11 interface f0/1 overload tunja(config)#int f0/1 tunja(config-if)#ip nat outside tunja(config-if)#int f0/0.1 tunja(config-subif)#ip nat inside tunja(config-subif)#int f0/0.20 tunja(config-subif)#ip nat inside tunja(config-subif)#int f0/0.30 tunia(config-subif)#ip nat inside tunja(config-subif)#int s0/0/0 tunja(config-if)#ip nat inside tunja(config-if)#int s0/0/1 tunja(config-if)#ip nat inside tunja(config-if)#exit tunja(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.165.220.4 tunja(config)#router ospf 1 tunja(config-router)#default-information originate tunja(config-router)#end tunja# %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

tunja#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 209.165.220.4 to network 0.0.0.0

172.3.0.0/29 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 172.3.2.8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.1 172.31.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 11 subnets, 3 masks O 172.31.0.0/26 [110/65] via 172.31.2.34, 00:10:47, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.0.64/26 [110/65] via 172.31.2.34, 00:10:47, Serial0/0/0 C 172.31.0.128/26 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.20 C 172.31.0.192/26 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.30 O 172.31.1.0/26 [110/65] via 172.31.2.38, 00:10:47, Serial0/0/1 O 172.31.1.64/26 [110/65] via 172.31.2.38, 00:10:47, Serial0/0/1 O 172.31.2.0/29 [110/65] via 172.31.2.34, 00:10:47, Serial0/0/1 O 172.31.2.8/29 [110/65] via 172.31.2.38, 00:10:47, Serial0/0/1 O 172.31.2.24/29 [110/65] via 172.31.2.38, 00:10:47, Serial0/0/1 O 172.31.2.24/29 [110/65] via 172.31.2.38, 00:10:47, Serial0/0/1 C 172.31.2.36/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/1 C 209.165.220.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1 S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 209.165.220.4

tunja#

bucaramanga#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 172.31.2.33 to network 0.0.0.0

172.3.0.0/29 is subnetted, 1 subnets

O 172.3.2.8 [110/65] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0 172.31.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 11 subnets, 3 masks C 172.31.0.0/26 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.10 C 172.31.0.64/26 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.30 O 172.31.0.128/26 [110/65] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.0.192/26 [110/65] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.1.0/26 [110/129] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.1.64/26 [110/129] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0 C 172.31.2.0/29 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.1 O 172.31.2.8/29 [110/129] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.2.24/29 [110/129] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0 C 172.31.2.32/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.2.36/30 [110/128] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.2.36/30 [110/128] via 172.31.2.33, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/0

bucaramanga#

cundinamarca#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 172.31.2.37 to network 0.0.0.0

172.3.0.0/29 is subnetted, 1 subnets O 172.3.2.8 [110/65] via 172.31.2.37, 00:12:02, Serial0/0/0 172.31.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 11 subnets, 3 masks O 172.31.0.0/26 [110/129] via 172.31.2.37, 00:11:52, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.0.64/26 [110/129] via 172.31.2.37, 00:11:52, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.0.128/26 [110/65] via 172.31.2.37, 00:12:02, Serial0/0/0 O 172.31.0.192/26 [110/65] via 172.31.2.37, 00:12:02, Serial0/0/0 C 172.31.1.0/26 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.30 C 172.31.1.64/26 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.20 O 172.31.2.0/29 [110/129] via 172.31.2.37, 00:11:52, Serial0/0/0 C 172.31.2.8/29 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.1 C 172.31.2.24/29 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0.88 O 172.31.2.32/30 [110/128] via 172.31.2.37, 00:12:02, Serial0/0/0 C 172.31.2.36/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0 O*E2 0.0.0/0 [110/1] via 172.31.2.37, 00:01:34, Serial0/0/0

cundinamarca#

₹ PC15	
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	Х
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0 C:\>ping 209.165.220.4	^
Pinging 209.165.220.4 with 32 bytes of data:	
Request timed out. Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
<pre>Ping statistics for 209.165.220.4: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms</pre>	
C:\>ping 209.165.220.4	
Pinging 209.165.220.4 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126 Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
<pre>Ping statistics for 209.165.220.4: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms</pre>	
C:\>	~
Пор	

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	IOS Command Li	ne Interface	
			<u>^</u>
tunja#			
tunja#show ip nat tra	nslations		
Pro Inside global	Inside local	Outside local	Outside
global	170 01 1 4.1	200 165 220 4.1	
209 165 220 4.1	1/2.31.1.4.1	209.103.220.4:1	
icmp 209.165.220.1:2	172.31.1.4:2	209.165.220.4:2	
209.165.220.4:2	1,010111110		
icmp 209.165.220.1:3	172.31.1.4:3	209.165.220.4:3	
209.165.220.4:3			
icmp 209.165.220.1:4	172.31.1.4:4	209.165.220.4:4	
209.165.220.4:4			
icmp 209.165.220.1:5	172.31.1.4:5	209.165.220.4:5	
209.165.220.4:5	170 01 1 4.6	000 165 000 4-6	
1Cmp 209.165.220.1:6	1/2.31.1.4:0	209.165.220.4:6	
icmp 209.165.220.4.0	172 31 1 4.7	209 165 220 4.7	
209.165.220.4:7	1/2.51.1.4.7	209.103.220.4.7	
icmp 209.165.220.1:8	172.31.1.4:8	209.165.220.4:8	
209.165.220.4:8			
209.165.220.10	172.31.2.28		
tunja#			~
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus		Co	py Paste

El enrutamiento deberá tener autenticación.

bucaramanga#conf t

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. bucaramanga(config)#int s0/0/0 bucaramanga(config-if)#ip ospf authentication message-digest bucaramanga(config-if)#ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 ospfpass bucaramanga(config-if)#

tunja(config)#int s0/0/0

tunja(config-if)#ip ospf authentication message-digest tunja(config-if)#ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 ospfpass tunja(config-if)#int s0/0/1 tunja(config-if)#ip ospf authentication message-digest tunja(config-if)#ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 ospfpass tunja(config-if)#

cundinamarca(config)#int s0/0/0 cundinamarca(config-if)#ip ospf authentication message-digest cundinamarca(config-if)#ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 ospfpass cundinamarca(config-if)#

Listas de control de acceso:

Los hosts de VLAN 20 en Cundinamarca no acceden a internet, solo a la red interna de Tunja.

cundinamarca(config-if)#access-list 131 deny ip 172.31.1.64 0.0.0.63 209.165.220.0 0.0.0.255 cundinamarca(config)#access-list 131 permit ip any any cundinamarca(config)#int f0/0.20 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip access-group 131 in cundinamarca(config-subif)#

₹ PC14	
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	х
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0 C:\>ping 172.31.0.130	^
Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data:	
Request timed out. Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
<pre>Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms</pre>	
C:\>ping 209.165.220.4	
Pinging 209.165.220.4 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 172.31.1.65: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.1.65: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.1.65: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.1.65: Destination host unreachable.	
<pre>Ping statistics for 209.165.220.4: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),</pre>	
C:\>	~
Тор	

Los hosts de VLAN 10 en Cundinamarca si acceden a internet y no a la red interna de Tunja.

cundinamarca(config-subif)#access-list 132 permit ip 172.31.1.0 0.0.0.63 209.165.220.0 0.0.0.255 cundinamarca(config)#access-list 132 deny ip any any cundinamarca(config)#int f0/0.30 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip access-group 132 in cundinamarca(config-subif)#

🥐 PC15	- O X
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	X
<pre>Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms</pre>	^
C:\>ping 172.31.0.130	
Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 172.31.1.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.1.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.1.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.1.1: Destination host unreachable.	
<pre>Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),</pre>	
C:\>ping 209.165.220.4	
Pinging 209.165.220.4 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=4ms TTL=126 Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 209.165.220.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
<pre>Ping statistics for 209.165.220.4: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 4ms, Average = 1ms</pre>	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Los hosts de VLAN 30 en Tunja solo acceden a servidores web y ftp de internet.

tunja(config)#access-list 131 permit tcp 172.31.0.192 0.0.0.63 209.165.220.0 0.0.0.255 eq www tunja(config)#access-list 131 permit tcp 172.31.0.192 0.0.0.63 209.165.220.0 0.0.0.255 eq ftp tunja(config)#int f0/0.30 tunja(config-subif)#ip access-group 131 in tunja(config-subif)#

🖗 PC13	
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Bromst	v
Command Frompt	*
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0	
C:\>ping 209.165.220.4	
Pinging 209.165.220.4 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 172.31.0.193: Destination host unreachable.	
Reply from 172.31.0.193: Destination host unreachable.	
Reply from 172.31.0.193: Destination host unreachable.	
Ping statistics for 209.165.220.4:	
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),	
C:\>ftp 209.165.220.4	
Trying to connect209.165.220.4	
Connected to 209.165.220.4	
Username:cisco	
331- Username ok, need password	
Password:	
(passive mode On)	
ftp>quit	
221 - Service closing control connection	
C:/>	



Los hosts de VLAN 20 en Tunja solo acceden a la VLAN 20 de Cundinamarca y VLAN 10 de Bucaramanga.

tunja(config-subif)#access-list 132 permit ip 172.31.0.128 0.0.0.63 172.31.1.64 0.0.0.63 tunja(config)#access-list 132 permit ip 172.31.0.128 0.0.0.63 172.31.0.0 0.0.0.63 tunja(config)#int f0/0.20 tunja(config-subif)#ip access-group 132 in tunja(config-subif)#

₹ PC12	
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	x
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),	^
C:\>ping 1/2.31.1.08	
Pinging 172.31.1.68 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126	
Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68:	
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),	
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms	
C:\>ping 172.31.0.4	
Pinging 172 21 0 4 with 32 bytes of data:	
Finging 172.51.0.4 with 52 bytes of data.	
Request timed out. Reply from 172.31.0.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Reply from 172.31.0.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Reply from 172.31.0.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
Ping statistics for 172.31.0.4:	
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:	
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms	
C:\>	~

Los hosts de VLAN 30 de Bucaramanga acceden a internet y a cualquier equipo de VLAN 10.

bucaramanga(config)#access-list 131 permit ip 172.31.0.64 0.0.0.63 209.165.220.0 0.0.0.255 bucaramanga(config)#int f0/0.30 bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip access-group 131 in bucaramanga(config-subif)#



Los hosts de VLAN 10 en Bucaramanga acceden a la red de Cundinamarca (VLAN 20) y Tunja (VLAN 20), no internet.

bucaramanga(config-subif)#access-list 132 permit ip 172.31.0.0 0.0.0.63 172.31.1.64 0.0.0.63 bucaramanga(config)#access-list 132 permit ip 172.31.0.0 0.0.0.63 172.31.0.128 0.0.0.63 bucaramanga(config)#int f0/0.10 bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip access-group 132 in bucaramanga(config-subif)#

<pre>Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes Command Prompt X C:\>ping 172.31.1.68 Pinging 172.31.1.68 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Ping statis</pre>	₹ PC10	
Command Prompt X C:\>ping 172.31.1.68 ^ Pinging 172.31.1.68 with 32 bytes of data: ^ Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=125 Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Presented at the state of the st	Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
<pre>C:\>ping 172.31.1.68 Pinging 172.31.1.68 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=125 Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\> </pre>	Command Prompt	X
<pre>Pinging 172.31.1.68 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.1.68 bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=125 Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	C·\>ning 172 31 1 68	^
<pre>Pinging 172.31.1.68 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=125 Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\> </pre>		
<pre>Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=125 Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Pinging 1/2.31.1.68 with 32 bytes of data:	
<pre>Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTI=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=125 Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125 Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125	
<pre>Reply from 1/2.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=125 Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125	
<pre>Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Reply from 172.31.1.68: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=125	
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\>	Ping statistics for 172.31.1.68: Packets: Sent = 4 Perceived = 4 Lost = 0 (0% loss)	
<pre>Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:	
<pre>C:\>ping 172.31.0.130 Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms	
<pre>Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	C:\>ping 172.31.0.130	
<pre>Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Pinging 172.31.0.130 with 32 bytes of data:	
<pre>Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
<pre>Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126 Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
<pre>Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Reply from 172.31.0.130: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126	
<pre>Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\></pre>	Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130:	
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms C:\>	Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:	
C:\>	Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms	
	C:\>	~

₽ PC10	×
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	х
<pre>Ping statistics for 172.31.0.130: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms</pre>	^
C:\>ping 209.165.220.4	
Pinging 209.165.220.4 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 172.31.0.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.0.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.0.1: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.0.1: Destination host unreachable.	
<pre>Ping statistics for 209.165.220.4:</pre>	
	~

Los hosts de una VLAN no pueden acceder a los de otra VLAN en una ciudad.

bucaramanga(config-subif)#access-list 133 deny ip 172.31.2.0 0.0.0.7 172.31.0.0 0.0.0.63 bucaramanga(config)#access-list 133 deny ip 172.31.0.64 0.0.0.63 172.31.0.0 0.0.0.63 bucaramanga(config)#access-list 133 permit ip any any bucaramanga(config)#int f0/0.10 bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip access-group 133 out bucaramanga(config-subif)#ip access-group 133 out

tunja(config)#access-list 133 deny ip **172.3.2.8 0.0.0.7** 172.31.0.128 0.0.0.63 tunja(config)#access-list 133 deny ip **172.3.0.192 0.0.0.63** 172.31.0.128 0.0.0.63 tunja(config)#access-list 133 permit ip any any tunja(config)#int f0/0.20 tunja(config-subif)#ip access-group 133 out tunja(config-subif)#ip access-group 133 out

cundinamarca(config)#access-list 133 deny ip 172.31.2.8 0.0.0.7 172.31.1.64 0.0.0.63 cundinamarca(config)#access-list 133 deny ip 172.31.1.0 0.0.0.63 172.31.1.64 0.0.0.63 cundinamarca(config)#access-list 133 deny ip 172.31.2.24 0.0.0.7 172.31.1.64 0.0.0.63 cundinamarca(config)#access-list 133 permit ip any any cundinamarca(config)#int f0/0.20 cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip access-group 133 out cundinamarca(config-subif)#ip access-group 133 out

₹ PC12	
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes	
Command Prompt	Х
<pre>Ping statistics for 172.31.0.4: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms</pre>	^
C:\>ping 172.31.0.194	
Pinging 172.31.0.194 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 172.31.0.129: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.0.129: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.0.129: Destination host unreachable. Reply from 172.31.0.129: Destination host unreachable.	
<pre>Ping statistics for 172.31.0.194:</pre>	~

PC10 - - X Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes Х Command Prompt Reply from 172.31.0.1: Destination host unreachable. ^ Ping statistics for 209.165.220.4: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss), C:\>ping 172.31.0.68 Pinging 172.31.0.68 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.31.0.1: Destination host unreachable. Ping statistics for 172.31.0.68: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss), C:\> ____ Тор

Solo los hosts de las VLAN administrativas y de la VLAN de servidores tienen accedo a los routers e internet.

bucaramanga(config-subif)#access-list 10 permit 172.31.2.0 0.0.0.7 bucaramanga(config)#access-list 10 permit 172.3.2.8 0.0.0.7 bucaramanga(config)#access-list 10 permit 172.31.2.8 0.0.0.7 bucaramanga(config)#line vty 0 15 bucaramanga(config-line)#access-class 10 in bucaramanga(config-line)#

tunja(config-subif)#access-list 10 permit 172.31.2.0 0.0.0.7 tunja(config)#access-list 10 permit 172.3.2.8 0.0.0.7 tunja(config)#access-list 10 permit 172.31.2.8 0.0.0.7 tunja(config)#line vty 0 15 tunja(config-line)#access-class 10 in tunja(config-line)#

cundinamarca(config-subif)#access-list 10 permit 172.31.2.0 0.0.0.7 cundinamarca(config)#access-list 10 permit 172.3.2.8 0.0.0.7 cundinamarca(config)#access-list 10 permit 172.31.2.8 0.0.0.7 cundinamarca(config)#line vty 0 15 cundinamarca(config-line)#access-class 10 in cundinamarca(config-line)#

♥ Switch1
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface
<pre>switchbucaramanga>en switchbucaramanga#telnet 172.31.2.1 Trying 172.31.2.1OpenEl Acceso no autorizado est prohibido User Access Verification</pre>
Username: admin01 Password: bucaramanga>en Password: bucaramanga#exit
[Connection to 172.31.2.1 closed by foreign host] v
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus Copy Paste
П Тор

Reference state witch 2	×
Physical Config CLI Attributes	
IOS Command Line Interface	
swithccundinamarca>en swithccundinamarca#telnet 172.31.2.9 Trying 172.31.2.9OpenEl Acceso no autorizado est prohibido	^
User Access Verification	
Username: admin01 Password: cundinamarca>en Password: cundinamarca#exit	
[Connection to 172.31.2.9 closed by foreign host] swithccundinamarca#	~
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus Copy Paste	
Пор	

VLSM: utilizar la dirección 172.31.0.0 /18 para el direccionamiento.

Aspectos a tener en cuenta

- Habilitar VLAN en cada switch y permitir su enrutamiento.
- Enrutamiento OSPF con autenticación en cada router.
- Servicio DHCP en el router Tunja, mediante el helper address, para los routers Bucaramanga y Cundinamarca.
- Configuración de NAT estático y de sobrecarga.
- Establecer una lista de control de acceso de acuerdo con los criterios señalados.
- Habilitar las opciones en puerto consola y terminal virtual

CONCLUSIONES

En la realización y respectiva solución de la actividad propuesta, se ejecutaron a cabalidad los 2 escenarios propuestos como prueba hacia todos los temas abarcados durante el presente diplomado de profundización CCNA CISCO, y a la vez, se escatimaron refuerzos sobre lo aprendido dentro de las diversas fases correspondientes, tales como configuración de RIPv2, NAT, configuraciones básicas en dispositivos dentro de una topología LAN, configuración de VLANs, entorno DHCP, direccionamiento dinámico y estático, pruebas de conectividad, entre otros.

Se procedió a sustentar todos y cada uno de los pasos y procesos requeridos para la realización de la actividad, tales como validación de comandos y capturas de pantalla.

La prueba de habilidades prácticas desarrollada se presenta como una gran oportunidad para definir futuros procesos de apropiación y configuración de dispositivos dentro de una topología LAN, en un ambiente real hacia optimizaciones de tipo profesional.

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