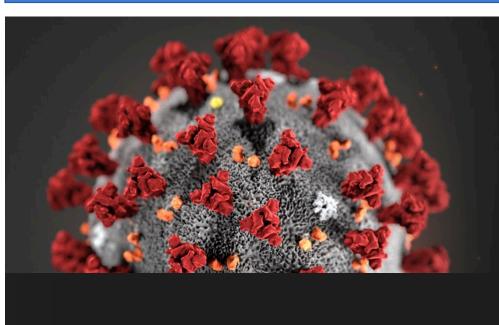
NSSE 2020 Follow-up: Using Results Collected During The COVID-19 Pandemic

Alex McCormick, Jillian Kinzie, Allison BrckaLorenz, Jennifer Brooks, Bob Gonyea, Shimon Sarraf, Rick Shoup

June 2, 2020



Outline



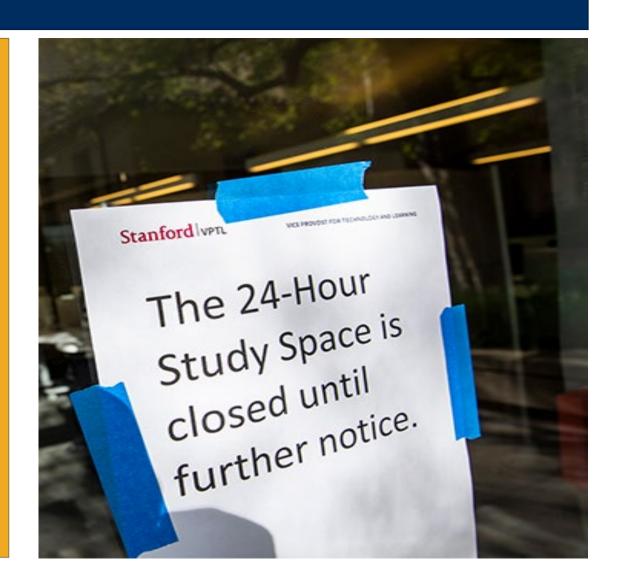
COVID-19 UPDATE

Phased Reopening Plans

- 1. Welcome & Intros
- 2. NSSE 2020 & Assessment Recap Amid COVID Pandemic
- 3. Highlights of Preliminary Analysis and Report Form Implications
- 4. Turning to Results
- 5. Additional Resources and Announcements

NSSE 2020 COVID-19

- COVID-19 Disruption mid-March
- NSSE Webinar NSSE
 & FSSE 2020:
 Guidance on COVID 19 Disruptions
 recorded on March
 26, 2020



Assessment During COVID-19



- Adjustments to assessment activities in response to the pandemic
- Shift to assess students', faculty immediate needs during pandemic
- Assessment demands are ongoing
- Accreditation flexibility while maintaining requirements that all standards and policies are met

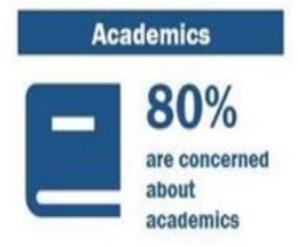
Assessing Students Needs During the Pandemic







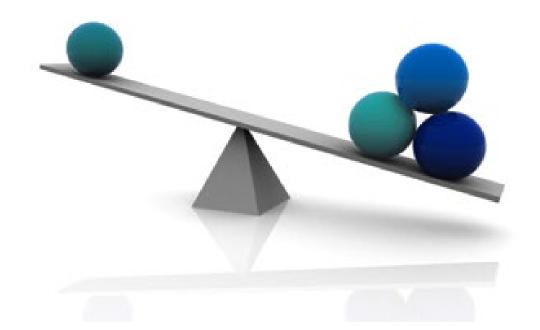
Concerns over mental health and the transition to online education dominated responses



www.schev.edu/index/reports/insights/insights/2020/05/28/virginia-college-students-shed-light-on-challenges-related-to-covid-19

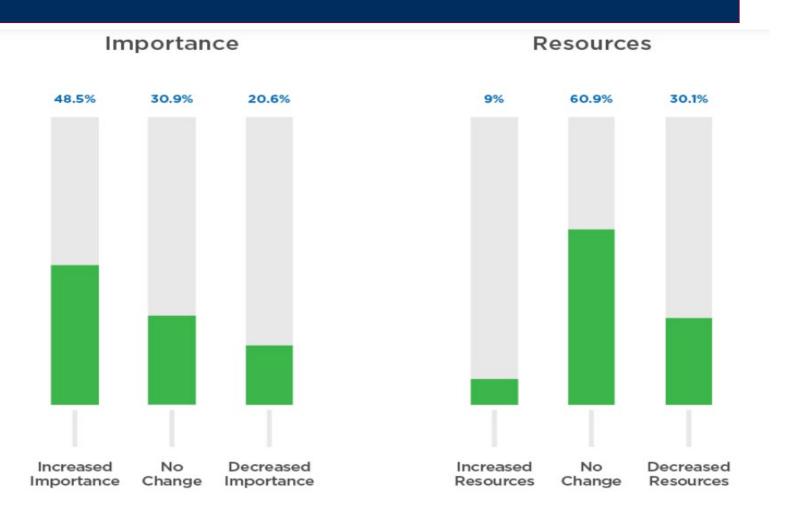
POLL: The State of Assessment on Your Campus

- How has the pandemic impacted the importance placed on assessment on your campus?
 - Increased Importance
 - No Change
 - Decreased Importance



Pandemic Impact on Assessment

- How has the pandemic impacted the importance placed on assessment?
- How has it impacted resources devoted to assessment?



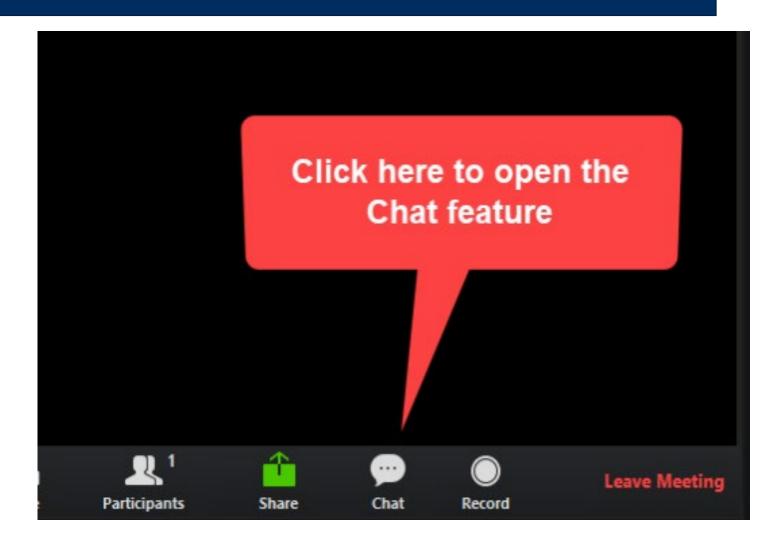
Value of Assessment

- Need for data to inform change management
- Assessment activities like NSSE and FSSE may matter even more in a year of turbulence
- We are hopeful that the data collected will help you assess your students' experience in these unprecedented circumstances to examine the impact of disruption and inform future planning



What are Your Assessment Concerns?

- We'd appreciate learning more about data and assessment concerns on your campus.
- What's occupying your time and attention?



NSSE's Responses to COVID-19 Disruption

- Survey operations continued uninterrupted
- Supported institutions with revised messages & schedules
- Created COVID-19 FAQs
- Extended survey close date to May 22
- March 26 webinar to discuss questions and concerns from participating institutions

 Added questions on BCSSE survey about impact of pandemic on the high school experiences of students who graduated in 2020



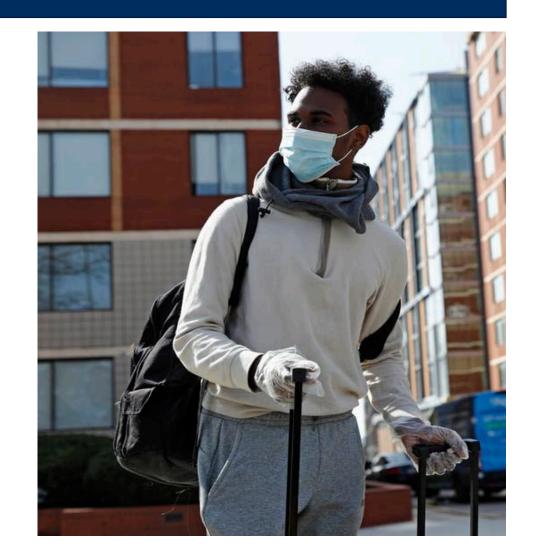
COVID-19 Disruption and High School Graduates

Additional items appended to BCSSE 2020 web version (Item set is also available to colleges and universities not participating in BCSSE, but interested in assessing COVID-19 disruptions on entering students.)

- Analysis of NSSE results collected before and after disruption to assess impact on data quality
- Planning & replanning for NSSE & FSSE 2021 amidst uncertainty

Our Purpose Today

- Reconnect, recap NSSE 2020 response to COVID, and hear from you about how things are on your campus
- Highlight our preliminary analysis and discuss NSSE Report Form requests
- Begin focusing on NSSE results



Preliminary Analysis Summary: COVID Disruption

Common User Questions

- 1. What impact did COVID-19 have on response rates and NSSE results?
- 2. How should we consider **pre-** and **post-** COVID-19 disruption results?

As of March 18,

- ☐ 96% of schools had sent their first recruitment message
- **□ 92%** a second message
- ☐ 87% a fourth message
- On average, schools receive
 ~86% of their respondents with the fourth message.

Preliminary Analysis Resources



Analysis of NSSE 2020 & Coronavirus: **Results and Recommendations**

Analysis of NSSE 2020 data collected as of May 1 was conducted in response to concerns about the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic that disrupted operations at nearly all participating institutions. While the COVID-19 pandemic disrupted operations at nearly every institution, as of March 18, 96% of NSSE 2020 institutions had already launched the survey and 92% had sent all but one or two of their scheduled reminder messages. Analyses to explore the effect of the disruption on

results show generally no significant effects on the likelihood of students to respond to the survey, and trivial effects on responses to engagement items.

We addressed three broad questions: (a) Did the pandemic change response rates, (b) did the trend of responses change after disruptions to campus operations, and (c) do Engagement Indicators differ pre- and post-disruption?

Results

Effects on Response Rates Given the small number of institutions

that began data collection in late March, analysis of the effect on response rates is inconclusive. If there was an effect, COVID-19 most likely increased response rates. A comparison of students from early and late administration schools found the likelihood of responding was unaffected by the pandemic. In addition, we were pleased to see that overall response rates for the 2020 administration were 2 to 3 percentage points higher on average over past years!



Descriptive Response Patterns by Date

On much of NSSE, students are asked about their experiences during the course of the entire academic year. To understand how responses may have been influenced by the pandemic, we examined trends throughout the administration (February through April) to identify potentially altered responses after mid-March, for instance. After reviewing all core items, there were no real discernible changes that could be attributed solely to the unfolding pandemic. The few changes that were present among later respondents could be explained by institutional type

Multivariate Analysis of Els

Multivariate analysis of Engagement Indicators included three distinct examinations: (a) how early and late responders compared overall and across schools, (b) whether COVID-19 disruptions changed schools' average EI scores, and (c) how much average Els changed over the course of the survey administration for individual schools. The result? COVID-19's effect on Els appear minimal. Being a late responder or late administration school corresponds with slightly higher scores for Learning Strategies, Effective Teaching Practices Quality of Interactions, and Supportive



Recommendations

Most institutions (and thus most respondents) completed NSSE prior to disruptions, and analyses show trivial impact on responses. This provides some assurance of data quality and comparability to prior years. For these reasons, NSSE advises against excluding post-COVID respondents from reports.

NSSE will post data files to the Institution Interface around mid-July. With your own data in hand, consider using the covid variable to compare results before and after the disruption and in relation to findings in NSSE's analysis.

At any time you may also download your disposition file from the Interface (see "Download your disposition file" below the Administration Snapshot). The disposition file is an Excel spreadsheet of every student in your population file and their response status, including the date and time of response.

Again, assessment activities like NSSE and FSSE matter even more in a year of turbulence. Our preliminary analyses should provide additional assurances that the data collected will contribute to your ongoing assessment plans. They will also help you assess your students' experience in these unprecedented circumstances and study the impact of disruption to inform

A recording of the webinar and a PDF of the slides are available on the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu/html/coronavirus.cfm

NSSE & Coronavirus 2020: **Preliminary Analysis Results and** Recommendations Bob Gonyea, Shir n Sarraf, Brendan Dugan, and Kevin Fosnacht CORONAVIRUS **UPDATES**

Recorded on Monday, May 18, 2020

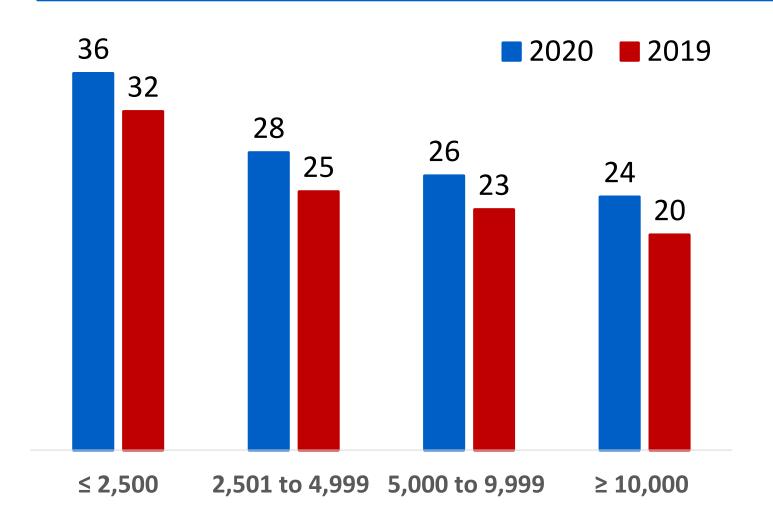


Did COVID-19 Affect Response Rates?

- Due to the small number of post-COVID administrations, statistical analysis provides no conclusive answer.
 - If there was an effect, COVID-19 disruption most likely increased response rates.
- However, students from early and late administration schools had equal probabilities of responding.



Average Institutional Response Rate by Undergraduate Enrollment Tier (2020 vs 2019)



In fact...

response rates in 2020 were about 3 percentage points higher than they were in 2019.

Descriptive Item Response Patterns by Date

- Did students respond differently considering the circumstances?
 - It does not look like it!
- Overall, nominal or no changes in average responses with nearly all items throughout the administration.



Did COVID-19 Affect Engagement Indicators?

ANSWER: COVID-19's effect on El scores appear trivial. Being a late responder or late administration school corresponds with slightly higher scores for Learning Strategies, Effective Teaching Practices, Quality of Interactions, and Supportive Environment.



Assurance

NSSE's Recommendation

Most institutions largely completed their administrations prior to the disruption, and analyses show trivial impact on survey responses.

This provides some assurance of data quality for your institution and your selected comparison groups.

For these reasons,
NSSE advises against
excluding postCOVID respondents
from reports.

Poll

 Have you logged on to the NSSE Interface to identify your COVID-19 disruption date? To customize your comparison groups? To verify your institution information?

YES or No?



Customize reports on the **NSSE Report Form** (due June 5). This year we ask about COVID-19 disruptions and report preferences.

Customizing Your NSSE Reports

CUSTOMIZE YOUR NSSE REPORTS.

This report form collects information used to generate your NSSE reports, including:

- 1. Verifying or updating your institution's formal name and short name.
- 2. Verifying or updating contact information for your institution's executive officer.
- 3. Providing information about COVID-19 disruptions for NSSE reports and data.
- 4. Customizing your NSSE 2020 comparison groups.
- 5. Identifying the comparison group to reference in your <u>Snapshot</u> (A condensed report designed as an executive summary of all your NSSE results).

Looking to customize major field categories? Stay tuned. Later this summer we will ask you to customize the discipline categories for your NSSE *Major Field Report* and, if applicable, the FSSE *Disciplinary Area Report*.

This form will be open for editing until Friday, June 5, 2020. Although we encourage you to complete the form as early as possible, you may complete it in stages and return at any time to update your information.

Customize reports on the **NSSE Report Form** (due June 5). This year we ask about COVID-19 disruptions and report preferences.

- 1. Provide the date when COVID-19 disruptions might have plausibly affected survey responses. This will be included in your data file in a variable named *covid*.
- 2. Consider the option to exclude from your reports all institutional and comparison group responses submitted after institution-reported COVID-19 disruption dates.*

^{*} NSSE advises against excluding respondents from reports

Customize reports on the **NSSE Report Form** (due June 5). This year we ask about COVID-19 disruptions and report preferences.

#3 COVID-19 AND YOUR INSTITUTIONAL REPORTS

COVID-19 disrupted operations at nearly every institution participating in NSSE does not recommend doing so, you may choose to exclude from your reports all institutional and comparison group responses submitted after institution-reported disruption dates. Show more information

Was student life at your institution disrupted by COVID-19 (transition to remote instruction, residence hall closures, major event cancellations, more students caring for dependents, etc.)?

No ()



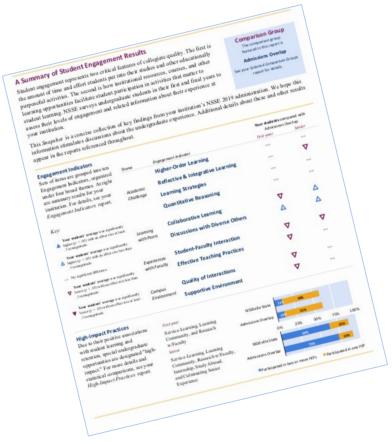
Do you want to exclude from your reports all institutional and comparison group responses submitted after institution-reported COVID-19 disruption dates? If this exclusion is applied, your NSSE 2020 reports will be unweighted. Based on our analysis of preliminary data, we advise against the exclusion. **Questions?**



Customize reports on the **NSSE Report Form** (due June 5). This year we ask about COVID-19 disruptions and report preferences.

To date, of 601 NSSE 2020 participants:

- 64% have accessed the form to review their options
- 59% have provided their COVID-19 details
- Only 11 said they had no disruptions
- Only 4 elected to exclude post-COVID-19 respondents from NSSE reports



Turning to Results



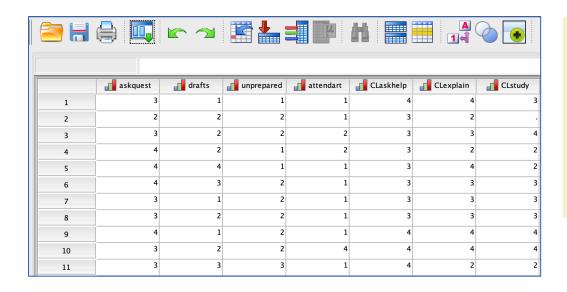
In a Pandemic, Everyone Gets an Asterisk

- How to make the most of results?
- How to best maintain assessment plans?
- How to talk about data, acknowledging COVID-19, and contextualize NSSE 2020 results?

- Possible to compare NSSE 2020 results to previous NSSE results?
- How might results inform fall planning?

NSSE Data & Report Delivery

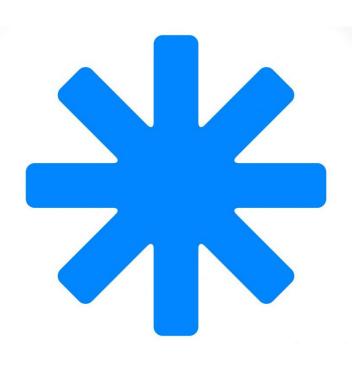
- Early data delivery
 We plan to post data files to the Institution Interface by mid-July.
- When your data are in hand, consider using the *covid* variable to compare results that arrived before and after the disruption in operations and compare those findings to NSSE's analysis.



Download your disposition file

from the <u>Institution Interface</u> (see link below the Administration Snapshot). The disposition file is an Excel spreadsheet of every student in your population file and their response status, including the date and time of response.

NSSE 2020 Results & COVID-19 Disruption



Appropriate to acknowledge COVID-19 context for NSSE 2020

- Compose narrative to describe your administration schedule, students' response patterns, and your institution's disruption
- Fair to compare to past years, particularly since NSSE references "this academic year"

Using NSSE 2020 Results



Assurance

Once you've explored data quality, representativeness...documented impact of COVID-19 disruption, then standard NSSE use is encouraged...

• Benchmarking, accreditation, informing improvement, measuring change, assessing practice...

Ideas for Exploring Your NSSE 2020 Results

- Begin with broad concerns about your students:
 - What insights about student engagement patterns emerge by social class, digital divide, family financial conditions...
- For those with data spanning disruptions:
 - Conduct pre/post-covid comparisons –did Els change? Intention to return?
 - How do your results compare to our analyses?
 - First-generation student effect? Pell effect?
- Study COVID-19 effect:
 - Append final grades and actual retention data for more nuanced view of who returned and their experience
 - Consider what your NSSE 2020 data suggests your students will need AY 2020-21

NSSE 2020 Analysis Questions from Users

What are the best methods for looking at differences in the data?

How do we address bias based on students dealing with the pandemic?

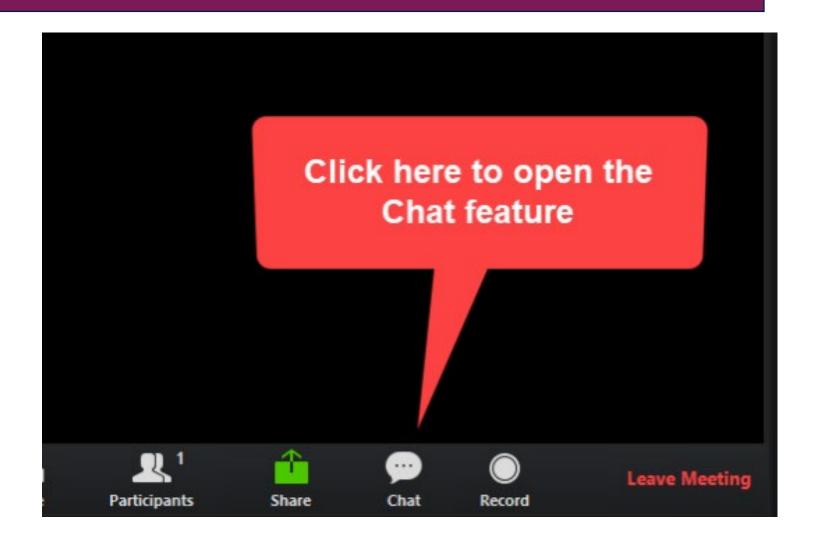
What the best test of differences between Pre-Post COVID responses?

How do we talk about benchmarking to comp groups given admin differences?

Please ask NSSE Analysts!

Your Ideas??

- What analyses do you plan to conduct?
- What questions do you have?
- What can we do to help?



BCSSE COVID-19 Items

 Colleges and universities interested in asking questions of their entering students (but not participating in BCSSE) are welcome to use the "Coronavirus Disruption and 2020 High School Graduates" item set free of charge. When possible and appropriate, we request that institutions share how they used their data from these items and aggregate results with us.



COVID-19 Disruption and High School Graduates

Additional items appended to BCSSE 2020 web version

(Item set is also available to colleges and universities not participating in BCSSE, but interested in assessing COVID-19 disruptions on entering students.)

Design and Purpose: These items are intended for 2020 high school graduates entering college or university this summer or fall. The purpose is to provide important data amid COVID-19 disruptions regarding your entering students' high school online learning experiences, the impact on their college choices, their expectations for the first year of college, and their attitudes about future online learning. Per BCSSE protocol, surveys are administered prior to or early in the fall term, and results can be disseminated as quickly as possible. Results will be of value to first-year programming staff, academic advisors, faculty who teach first-year students, and institutional researchers. Depending on the conditions of administration at your institution, these data can be used to identify individual students in need of assistance or in the aggregate to better understand the profile of this entering class.

Permitted Use by Institutions Not Administering BCSSE: These items can be used free of charge by colleges and universities not participating in BCSSE, but interested in assessing COVID-19 disruptions on entering students. For example, the items could be appended to an entering student survey, administered via an online orientation program, or linked within a learning management system. As a courtesy, we ask that you inform us of your intention to use the items and share examples of data use or summary results.

START OF SURVEY TEXT

You are almost done. Below are some additional questions about coronavirus-related disruptions to your high school education that you may have experienced this past spring.

1. Did the events related to the coronavirus change where you planned to attend college or university?

1	f "Yes" continue to question 1b below, if "No" continue to question 2
	1b. For what reason(s) did your plans change? (Select all that apply.) Could no longer afford previously planned college or university Wanted to be closer to home Needed to live at home Wanted a college or university in a more remote setting Wanted a college or university near a hospital Wanted a college or university with more online learning opportunities Other (Please describe):
	instruction? Response options: 1=Yes; 0=No; 9=Not applicable (Home schooled, already attended an online school, etc.)
	Ves" continue to question 3 below, otherwise the survey is ended. National Survey of Student Engagement • Center for Postsecondary Research
	2014 Million Center for Postsecondary Possess

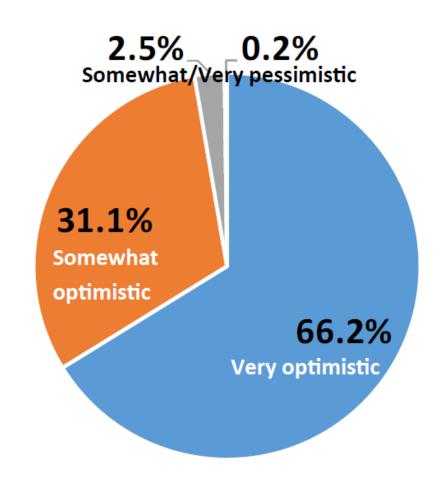
Ingagement • Center for Postsecondary Research • Indiana University Bioomington School of Education 201 North Rosa Avenue • Bioomington, IN 47405-1006 • Phone: 812.866.9824 201 North Hosa Avenue + stoomington, IN 4 FNUT-1040 + FTNUTE: 012.600.1024

Web: nsse indiana.edu • Facebook: @NSSEsurvey • Twitter: @NSSEsurvey / @NSSEinstitute + Blog: nssesightings indiana.edu

Very Early BCSSE COVID-19 Findings

 Students are optimistic about their first year of college.

•61% feel "very prepared" to take future online courses



We Hope to See You...



Register

Program and Events

Sponsors

Information

Q



- We will participate as a sponsor of AIR Forum Virtual – come visit our booth!
- We will post and host
 Webinars to share NSSE
 presentations and papers
 that did not get presented at
 spring meetings
- Join our Webinar series
 Looking to our 3rd Decade

Looking Forward to NSSE 2021

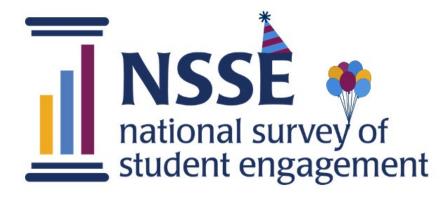
What we are planning for NSSE & FSSE 2021

- Later institution registration deadline to provide more time for campus decisionmaking
- Greater reliance on LMS/Portal for recruitment (no additional fee)
- New questions about online experience
- A new Topical Module relevant to students in the COVID-19 world (wellbeing, financial stress)
- New FSSE questions about changes in instruction



Entering our 3rd Decade

Celebrating 20 years!



Entering our 3rd Decade!

 Please offer input on feedback form http://nsse.indiana.edu/html/celeb rating.cfm#help



The National Survey of Student Engagement (NSSE) at Twenty Peter T. Ewell and Alexander C. McCormick

R NATIONAL SURVEY OF STUDENT ENGAGEMENT (NSSE) WAS DEVELOPED IN the late 1990s with support from the Pew Charitable Trusts and launched in 2000 at 276 bachelor's-granting colleges and universities. Its original purpose was to address questions on the part of political and business leaders—and the wider public about the educational effectiveness of colleges and universities. By asking students about their behavior with respect to practices known from decades of research to be related to learning and development, as well as institutional practices that demonstrably contribute to student success, NSSE's founders argued that the survey could indirectly demonstrate educational effectiveness without expensive and controversial direct assessments of student learning (Ewell and Jones 1993). Before NSSE, questions about higher education's effectiveness had been addressed through reputation- and resourcebased measures such as the rankings devised and published by such sources as US. News & World Report. In this sense, NSSE's original aim was to provide a more valid approach to assessing college quality. The vision was that results would be prominently published, widely disseminated, and used to compare colleges and universities.

During the project's development, conversations with college and university leaders and advocacy organizations suggested that NSSE's purposes shift from a consumer information tool to one allowing institutions to undertake internal performance assessment and use the results to guide improvement. Accordingly, participating institutions receive detailed reports containing summary measures and item-level results benchmarked against customizable groups of comparison institutions. The survey was updated in 2013 to improve coverage and clarity while providing new, more useful summary measures, but the intent and methodology remained the same. To introduce the project for this special edition of Assessment Update, we provide initial answers to

What Is NSSE For?

To quote from the project's website, "NSSE annually collects information at hun dreds of four-year colleges and universities about first-year and senior students' participation in programs and activities that institutions provide for their learning and personal

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ARTICLES The National Survey of Student Engagement (NSSE) at Twenty Peter T. Ewell and Alexander C.

Stephen P. Hundley

Twenty Years of NSSE Data Use: ssessment Lessons for the Collective Jillian Kinzie and Keri Franklin

NSSE's Quest for Quality: Seven Lessons in Designing a Better Survey Robert M. Gonyea and Shimon Sarraf

The Road to Assessment Heaven Is Paved with Good Intentions Charles Blaich and Kathleen Wise

NILOA Perspectives George D. Kuh

> Attention Readers: Access COVID-19 Research and Resources at: onlinelibrary.wiley.com

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IS JOSSEY-BASS

Higher Education Moving Forward: Fall 2020

Shift from an emergency action mindset to a mindset of creativity and innovation for the long term:

- Planning for a fall term of effective campus-based and remote education
- Establishing norms for quality of this education
- Developing means to determine whether these quality norms are met

Inside Accreditation



ACCREDITATION, QUALITY AND FALL 2020: A FRAMEWORK FOR ACTION

Judith Eaton, President, Council for Higher Education Accreditation



FALL 2020?

What will colleges and universities be doing in Fall 2020 in the face of the Covid-19 pandemic? Can students

campus? How? Will remote learning prevail.
To what extent? Will we see a hybrid Fall term, a mix of remote and campus-based experiences? How will institutions assure quality and maintain accredited status?

Among the many articles, webinars and discussions of what Fall 2020 will be, several valuable themes are starting to stand out. We are beginning to understand that approaching the Fall may require a fuller rethinking of the higher education experience framed not only in terms of restoring campus life, but also in terms of an expanded and perhaps more permanent role for remote learning in the collegiate experience. The themes are based on an emerging understanding that we need to move from an emergency action mindset to a mindset of creativity and innovation for the long term.

- Planning for a fall term of both effective campus-based and effective remote education.
- Establishing norms for the quality of this education.
- Developing means to judge whether these quality norms are met.

Richard Garrett of Eduventures captures this thinking in a very thoughtful, just-published

paper, "Reimagining the College Experience in a Pandemic." Richard proposes a valuable structure for this rethinking, calling for examination of the three major dimensions of the college experience: academic, extracurricular and social. Central to his paper is his call to "...recreate those fundamentals in new ways."

FALL 2020, ACCREDITATION AND QUALITY

Such rethinking includes attention to quality and the role of accreditation as central, And, the accrediting community has been reflecting on what will need to be done to assure quality and protect students in a Fall 2020 vs. a Winter/Spring 2020 remote learning environment. What will accreditors mean when they say that, whatever the approach to teaching and learning, accreditation standards must continue to be met? What will be appropriate norms for quality when remote learning is carried out on a larger scale or a long period of time? What might institutions themselves expect from accreditation?

Can we develop a framework for action, a series of questions in essential areas, that accrediting organizations might use to assist institutions in judging quality not only in the Fall, but board's is it reasonable to think that, as the presence of remote learning expands, some of this will remain with us well beyond the immediate post-pandemic period? If so, this may mean that the changes in norms for quality may be with us for some time.

Thank you for your time and attention.

NSSE Email: nsse@indiana.edu

NSSE Staff: nsse.indiana.edu/html/staff.cfm

Blog: NSSEsightings.indiana.edu

@NSSEsurvey @NSSEInstitute



