

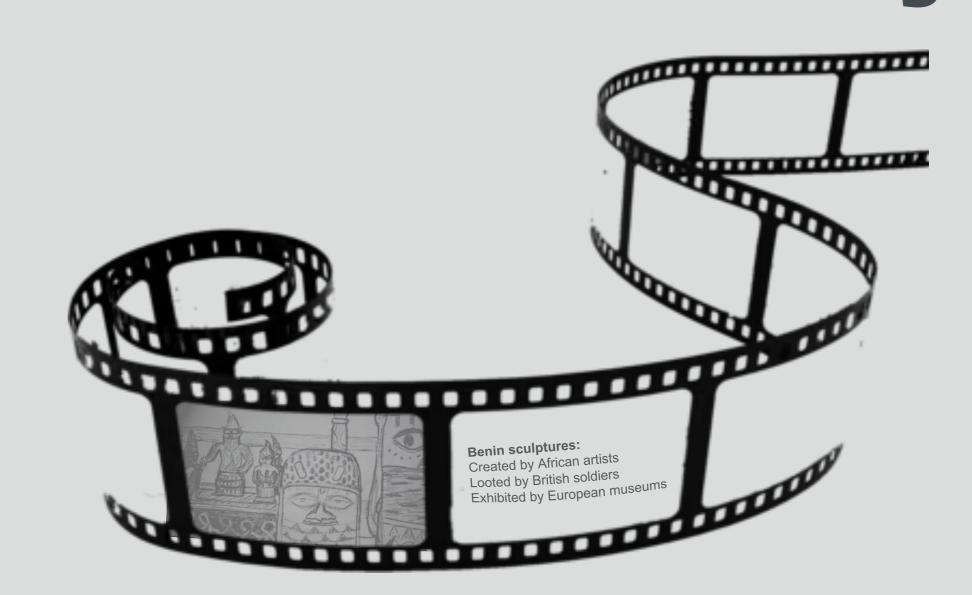
# Exploring power and knowledge in an educational documentary

This research uses visual analysis to explore how an educational documentary portrays power and knowledge. I examined a documentary I had made about an exhibition of the Benin sculptures in 2007. Returning to it in 2018, I was surprised to find out how much the framing, lighting and composition of shots reveal about a museum's control of knowledge.

## Theory and methodology:

Theory: post-structuralism (drawing on Foucault) and Postcolonialism (drawing on Said and Fanon);

Methodology: visual analysis (Kress and van Leewen).



**Depth of field:** suggests the extent of the interviewee's control

Low camera angle: conveys interviewee's power and authority.



Under analysis: a frame from the documentary.

Lighting: darkened background draws attention to interviewee

> **Sculptures:** Framed off-centre, in subservient positions

Composition: Interviewee near centre of frame, giving salience. Wide shot suggests formal rather than intimate relationship with viewer. Framed slightly to the left, the side of established knowledge.

## Findings:

My analysis supports Foucault's (1972) ideas about powerknowledge and Berger's (1974) argument that the interpretation of antiquities is often left to "a narrow cultural" hierarchy of relic specialists". Its post-colonialist critique clearly shows which voices were given weight when the film was commissioned, and which voices were marginalised.

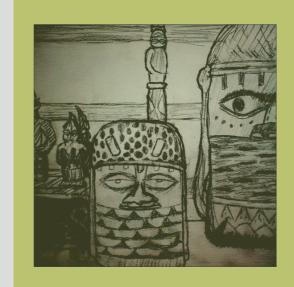
### Key ideas:

According to Foucault (1972) power and knowledge are inextricably linked. They relate to discourse: the way powerful institutions speak about the world and influence what is **thinkable**. Foucault called this **power knowledge**. Bennett (1995) suggests that museums, like prisons and schools, are wielders of power-knowledge. Said (2003) and Fanon (1967) have argued that all of Western academia is based on ideas brought back by early colonists about the colonised as subjects to be ruled.



#### On reflection:

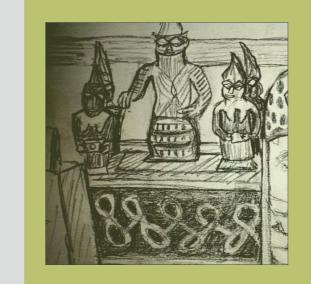
This film was commissioned in 2007. My role as producer-director was to convey the arguments of the museum about modes of display to first year students. During this research, it was sobering to discover that as a film-maker, I too was subject to power-knowledge. By Gail Gauron, MA in Education student, 17038623@brookes.ac.uk



#### Filmography:

Producer/director: Gail Gauron (née Block) **Commissioner:** British HE institution **Faculty:** Arts (history of art)

**Target audience:** 1st year students **Year of production: 2007** 



#### References:

Bennett, T. (1995) 'The multiplication of culture's utility', Critical inquiry 21, p28

Berger, J. (1972) Ways of seeing, London: Penguin

Fanon, F. (1967) 'The fact of blackness', in Evans, J. & Hall, S. (eds) Visual culture: the reader London: Sage

Kress, G., Van Leewen, T. (1996) Reading images: the grammar of visual design London: Routledge

Foucault, M. (1972) Power/knowledge Brighton: Harvester Press Said, E. (2003) *Orientalism* London: Penguin