



CERN-PH-EP/2011-081
2011/07/12

CMS-EXO-10-016

A search for excited leptons in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

The CMS Collaboration*

Abstract

A search for excited leptons is carried out with the CMS detector at the LHC, using 36 pb^{-1} of pp collision data recorded at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The search is performed for associated production of a lepton and an oppositely charged excited lepton $pp \rightarrow \ell\ell^*$, followed by the decay $\ell^* \rightarrow \ell\gamma$, resulting in the $\ell\ell\gamma$ final state, where $\ell = e, \mu$. No excess of events above the standard model expectation is observed. Interpreting the findings in the context of ℓ^* production through four-fermion contact interactions and subsequent decay via electroweak processes, first upper limits are reported for ℓ^* production at this collision energy. The exclusion region in the compositeness scale Λ and excited lepton mass M_{ℓ^*} parameter space is extended beyond previously established limits. For $\Lambda = M_{\ell^*}$, excited lepton masses are excluded below $1070 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for e^* and $1090 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for μ^* at the 95% confidence level.

Submitted to Physics Letters B

*See Appendix A for the list of collaboration members

1 Introduction

A fundamental question in the standard model (SM) of particle physics concerns the source of the mass hierarchy of quarks and leptons. A possible explanation for the three generations is a compositeness model in which the known leptons and quarks are bound states of either three fermions or a fermion-boson pair [1]. This substructure, if it exists, implies a large spectrum of excited states. Novel strong interactions would couple the excited fermions to ordinary quarks and leptons. These contact interactions can be described with an effective Lagrangian [2]:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{CI}} = \frac{g^{*2}}{2\Lambda^2} j^\mu j_\mu,$$

where Λ is the compositeness or contact interaction scale, g^{*2} represents a coupling constant chosen to be 4π , and j_μ is the fermion current:

$$j_\mu = \eta_L \bar{f}_L \gamma_\mu f_L + \eta'_L \bar{f}_L^* \gamma_\mu f_L^* + \eta''_L \bar{f}_L^* \gamma_\mu f_L + \text{h.c.} + (L \rightarrow R).$$

The SM and excited fermions are denoted by f and f^* , respectively. The subscripts L (R) refer to left- (right-) handed fermions. The η factors for left-handed currents are conventionally set to one, and those for right-handed currents are set to zero. Gauge-mediated transitions between ordinary and excited fermions are described by an effective Lagrangian [2, 3]:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{GM}} = \frac{1}{2\Lambda} \bar{f}_R^* \sigma^{\mu\nu} \left[g_s f_s \frac{\lambda^a}{2} G_{\mu\nu}^a + g f \frac{\tau}{2} W_{\mu\nu} + g' f' \frac{Y}{2} B_{\mu\nu} \right] f_L + \text{h.c.},$$

where $G_{\mu\nu}^a$, $W_{\mu\nu}$, and $B_{\mu\nu}$ are the field strength tensors of the gluon, SU(2), and U(1) gauge fields, respectively, and g_s , g , and g' are the corresponding gauge couplings. The scaling parameters f_s , f , and f' are assumed to be equal to one. Previous searches at LEP [4–8], HERA [9, 10], and the Tevatron [11–14] have found no evidence for such excited leptons.

This Letter presents a search for excited leptons in pp collisions at a centre-of-mass energy of 7 TeV collected in 2010 with the Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS) [15] detector at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC). The data sample corresponds to an integrated luminosity of 36 pb^{-1} . The production of an excited lepton ℓ^* (μ^* or e^*) in association with an oppositely charged lepton of the same flavour via four-fermion contact interactions, followed by the electroweak decay $\ell^* \rightarrow \ell \gamma$, is considered. The resulting final state, $\ell^+ \ell^- \gamma$, is fully reconstructed. The dominant SM background for this search is the Drell–Yan production of $\ell^+ \ell^-$ pairs, accompanied by a photon radiated either by an initial-state parton (ISR) or from one of the final-state leptons (FSR).

2 Experimental setup and event simulation

The central feature of the CMS apparatus is a superconducting solenoid of 6 m internal diameter, providing a magnetic field of 3.8 T. Within the field volume are the silicon pixel and strip trackers, the crystal electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL), and the brass/scintillator hadron calorimeter (HCAL). The central tracker consists of 1440 silicon pixel and 15 148 silicon strip detector modules. It provides an impact parameter resolution of approximately $15 \mu\text{m}$ and a transverse momentum (p_T) resolution of 4% for 500 GeV/ c charged particles. The ECAL has an energy resolution of better than 0.5% above 100 GeV. The calorimeter cells are grouped in projective towers of granularity $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.087 \times 0.087$ in the region $|\eta| < 1.74$ and 0.175×0.175 at higher values of η , where the pseudorapidity η is defined as $\eta = -\ln(\tan \frac{\theta}{2})$, with θ being the polar angle with respect to the direction of the counterclockwise beam, and ϕ the azimuthal

angle, both measured in radians. A preshower detector consisting of two planes of silicon sensors interleaved with a total of 3 radiation lengths of lead is located in front of the ECAL, covering $1.65 < |\eta| < 2.6$. Muons are measured in gas-ionization detectors embedded in the steel return yoke, with detection planes made of three technologies: drift tubes in the barrel region ($|\eta| < 1.2$), cathode strip chambers in the endcaps ($0.9 < |\eta| < 2.4$), and resistive plate chambers covering both the barrel and the endcap regions. Matching the muons to the tracks measured in the silicon tracker results in a transverse momentum resolution between 1 and 5% for p_T values up to 1 TeV/ c . The CMS detector and its performance are described in detail in Ref. [15].

Monte Carlo (MC) samples of the signal process are produced with the PYTHIA [16] event generator, using the compositeness model described in [2, 3], for different values of the ℓ^* mass. The signal samples are normalized using leading-order cross sections. The decay of excited leptons via contact interactions is taken into account for the signal expectation by using the prescription from Ref. [2]. As a cross-check, samples of the signal process are also simulated using a customized version of the COMPHEP [17] event generator. For the event selection criteria used in this analysis, event rates predicted by PYTHIA and COMPHEP are found to agree to within about 2%. This difference is taken as a systematic uncertainty on the predicted signal rate. The dominant background process, the Drell–Yan production of $\ell^+\ell^-$ pairs with an ISR or FSR photon, is simulated with the MADGRAPH [18] event generator. The expectation for this process is corrected with the prediction of the next-to-leading order BAUR generator [19]. The PYTHIA event generator is used to generate samples for other SM background processes, including WW, WZ, ZZ, $t\bar{t}$, and, for the electron channel, $\gamma\gamma$ production. All samples are generated using the CTEQ6L1 [20] parametrization for the parton distribution functions (PDF) and passed through a detailed simulation of the CMS detector response implemented with the GEANT4 package [21].

3 Event selection

This section describes the criteria used to select the events in the analysis. Trigger and particle identification efficiencies and their statistical uncertainties, determined via a tag-and-probe method [22] using samples of $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ events, will be discussed below.

Events are collected with single-muon and double-photon triggers. Double-photon triggers require two electromagnetic clusters above a p_T threshold, and thus can be satisfied both by photons and electrons. The trigger efficiency is about 99% for $\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ and close to 100% for $e^+e^-\gamma$ events passing our final selection criteria. The analysis accepts events with one isolated photon, two isolated leptons with high p_T , and at least one reconstructed primary vertex. In events containing more than one photon or more than two leptons, the highest- p_T objects are chosen. Events containing particles from LHC machine-induced backgrounds, such as beam halo and beam gas, are rejected by requiring that the fraction of high quality tracks be at least 25% in events with more than 10 tracks [23].

Details of the muon reconstruction and identification are given elsewhere [24, 25]. When a track is found in the muon chambers (standalone muon), a matching track in the central detector is required. A fit combining hits from these two matching tracks is performed, resulting in a “global-muon track”. Alternatively, a track in the central detector, loosely matching with hits in the muon detectors after extrapolation to the muon chambers, results in a “tracker muon”. The tracker muons, together with the corresponding global-muon tracks, are selected for the analysis. Cosmic rays, muons from decay in flight of hadrons, and hadrons misidentified as muons are rejected using requirements on the quality of the global-muon fit, number of detector

layers with hits in the muon chambers, and transverse impact parameter of the track. Two isolated muons with $p_T > 20$ GeV/ c and $|\eta| < 2.4$ are used in the analysis. The reconstruction and identification efficiency for muons with $p_T > 20$ GeV/ c is $(96 \pm 1)\%$.

Electrons and photons are detected in the ECAL as localized clusters [26, 27]. The electron and photon identification procedures exploit the ECAL shower shape and isolation variables, the relative energy fraction deposited in the hadronic and electromagnetic calorimeters (H/E), and, for electrons, the presence of a track matching the ECAL cluster. Applying different selection criteria to these variables separates clusters originating from electrons, photons, and hadrons.

For electrons, a central-detector track matching the ECAL cluster is required. The track parameters are extrapolated to ECAL; the energy and extrapolated positions are required to be consistent with those of the ECAL cluster. Electrons are identified both in the ECAL barrel ($|\eta| < 1.44$) and endcaps ($1.57 < |\eta| < 2.5$), which are the regions covered by both the tracker and ECAL. Events in the $e^+e^-\gamma$ channel are required to contain at least two electrons with $p_T > 25$ GeV/ c . This threshold excludes p_T regions with lower trigger efficiency. Electrons are selected with an average efficiency of $(91.4 \pm 0.3)\%$ in the barrel and $(90.6 \pm 0.6)\%$ in the endcaps.

Photons are selected as clusters in the ECAL barrel. To accept converted photons, no additional requirement based on the presence of matching tracks is applied. Only ECAL clusters that have not been previously matched to either of the two highest- p_T electrons can be identified as photons. Isolated photons with $p_T > 20$ GeV/ c are used.

The photon should be separated from each of the selected leptons in the $\eta - \phi$ plane by $\Delta R > 0.5$, where $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\phi)^2 + (\Delta\eta)^2}$ and $\Delta\phi$ and $\Delta\eta$ are the azimuthal angle and pseudorapidity differences between the photon and the lepton. Only events with dilepton invariant mass $M_{\ell\ell} > 60$ GeV/ c^2 are selected for further analysis.

Of the two possible lepton-photon invariant mass combinations in each event, the higher value, $M_{\mu\gamma}^{\max}$ or $M_{e\gamma}^{\max}$, is used as the search variable. The use of the second mass combination does not improve the search sensitivity for the range of excited lepton masses probed.

4 Background estimation

Irreducible backgrounds from SM processes and instrumental backgrounds from events in which jets are mis-reconstructed as leptons or photons are evaluated separately. The contribution from SM processes with real leptons and photons, dominated by Drell-Yan with ISR/FSR production, is estimated from MC simulation. The predicted background yields are corrected to account for the difference in the efficiencies measured from data and simulated events. The scale factors are 0.967 ± 0.025 for photons, 0.989 ± 0.010 for muons, 0.978 ± 0.004 for electrons in the barrel, and 0.994 ± 0.006 for electrons in the endcaps.

Backgrounds from processes in which jets are misreconstructed as leptons or photons are measured with data samples selected to contain predominantly jets [27, 28]. For each jet-enriched data sample, the misidentification rate is measured as the ratio of the number of objects passing all selection cuts (numerator) to the number of potentially misidentifiable objects (denominator). For the muon misidentification rate estimation, the denominator corresponds to the number of tracker muons with $|\eta| < 2.4$. For electrons, the denominator is the number of ECAL clusters with $H/E < 0.05$ and $p_T > 20$ GeV/ c . For photons, the denominator is the number of photon candidates obtained by relaxing the isolation or shower-shape criterion.

Table 1: Predicted and observed numbers of events passing all the selection criteria for the muon and electron final states. Columns 2 – 4 list separately the numbers of background events from the following sources: final states containing two leptons and one photon, including the dominant process, Drell–Yan with ISR or FSR; final states with two leptons accompanied by a jet misidentified as a photon; and final states with one genuine lepton and one genuine photon, accompanied by a jet misidentified as a lepton. Contributions from final states with two or three misidentified jets are found to be negligible. Statistical and systematic uncertainties are summed in quadrature.

Final State	$\ell^+\ell^-\gamma$	$\ell^+\ell^- + \text{jet}$	$\ell\gamma + \text{jet}$	Total	Observed
$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$	19.1 ± 1.4	5.5 ± 2.1	0.7 ± 0.9	26.7 ± 2.7	25
$e^+e^-\gamma$	11.0 ± 1.0	1.4 ± 0.8	1.0 ± 0.4	13.4 ± 1.4	7

Signal search samples containing one or more potentially misidentifiable objects are selected and used together with the measured misidentification rates in order to predict the number of background events with misidentified objects. A closure test of the misidentification-rate method was done using MC simulation. Good agreement between the expected and observed number of events is found. The background prediction is also tested by comparing the observed and expected numbers of events in several data control regions: samples where only one lepton and one photon are selected, and samples containing two leptons and a photon selected with a looser sets of criteria.

Table 1 compares the predicted and observed numbers of events passing all selection requirements. Because of the lower efficiency for particle identification and the stricter p_T requirement, yields in the electron channel are lower than in the muon channel.

Figure 1 (left) shows the photon transverse momentum distributions in the electron (top) and muon (bottom) channels, and (right) the maximum lepton-photon invariant mass distributions for data, along with the predictions for a signal with $M_{\ell^*} = 200 \text{ GeV}/c^2$, $\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$, and for the SM background processes. The background prediction describes the data well in these as well as in other kinematic variables.

5 Systematic uncertainties

The normalization and shape of the invariant mass distributions used to establish a possible excited lepton signal are subject to uncertainties from both experimental and theoretical sources. The normalizations of the spectra are based on the integrated luminosity of the data sample, which is known to a precision of 4% [29]. The theoretical calculations of background process cross sections are affected by uncertainties in parton distribution functions [20] and the choice of factorization and renormalization scales. The uncertainties on the PDFs are evaluated using a reweighting technique with the CTEQ6M parametrization [20], while the uncertainties on the factorization and renormalization scales are estimated by varying them simultaneously from half to twice their central values. The resulting uncertainty on the background expectation is found to be 5%. In this section, all quoted uncertainties are obtained after requiring $M_{\ell\gamma}^{\text{max}} > 180 \text{ GeV}/c^2$.

The uncertainty on the number of background events from jets misidentified as leptons or photons is estimated by comparing misidentification rates measured in jet-enriched samples collected with different trigger requirements. Another source of uncertainty, estimated using MC simulations, is the difference between the misidentification rate observed in the jet-triggered

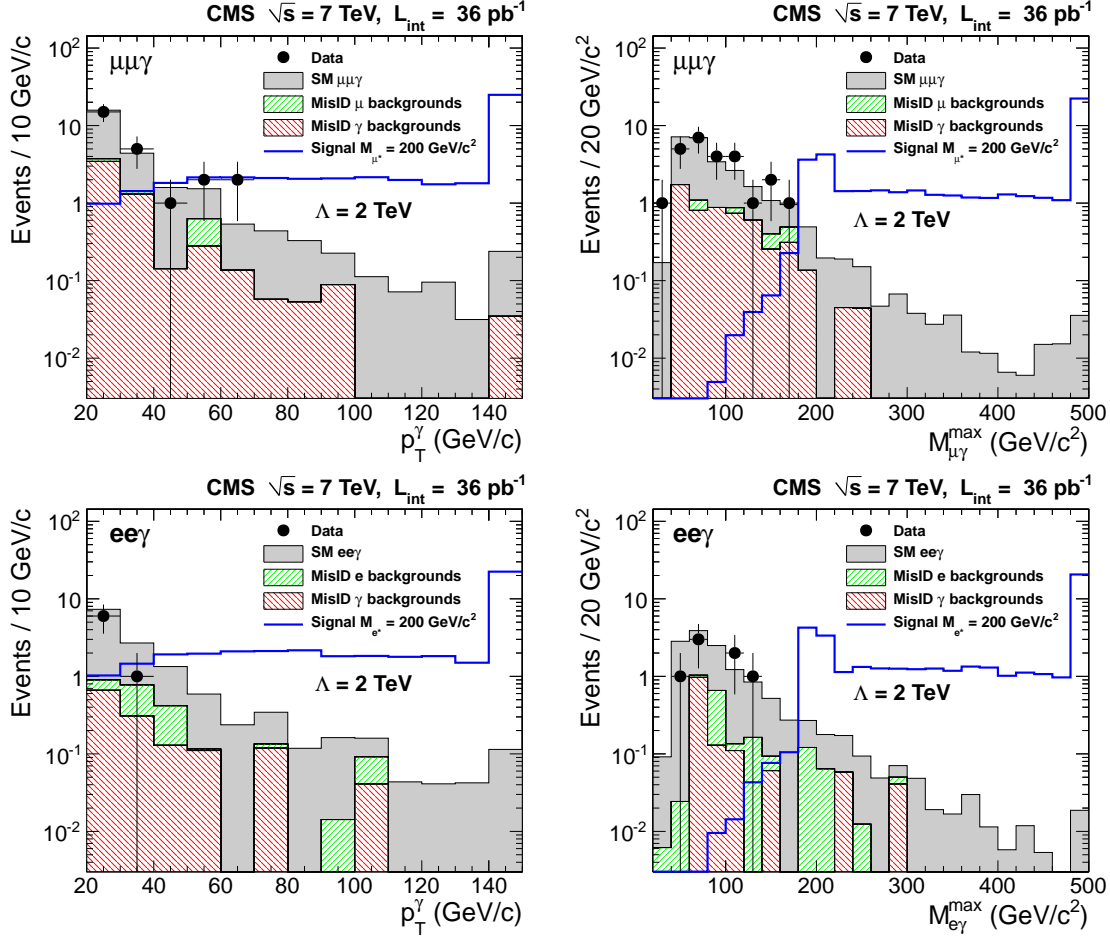


Figure 1: Photon transverse momentum distributions (left) and maximum invariant mass distributions of the lepton-photon pair (right) in the muon (top) and electron (bottom) channels. The data are shown as solid circles with error bars and the expected SM background distributions are shown as hatched histograms. The solid-line histogram displays the expected excited lepton signal for $M_{\ell^*} = 200$ GeV/c², $\Lambda = 2$ TeV. For this particular M_{ℓ^*} , the search region is restricted to $M_{\ell\gamma}^{\max} > 180$ GeV/c². In each histogram, the last bin includes the overflows.

samples, where it is measured, and the photon- or muon-triggered samples, where it is applied. The photon misidentification-rate uncertainty increases from 20% to 50% with photon p_T . This results in an uncertainty of 10% (7%) on the background prediction in the muon (electron) channel. The electron misidentification rate is known with a 25% (40%) uncertainty in the ECAL barrel (endcaps), resulting in a 10% uncertainty on the background prediction in the electron channel. The uncertainty on the muon misidentification rate is estimated to be 50%, and the resulting effect on the background expectation is 1%.

The uncertainties on the efficiency correction factors used in simulated events are included in the systematic uncertainties. They are 0.6% (1.1%) for electrons measured in the ECAL barrel (endcaps), 1% for muons, and 2.5% for photons. The effect on signal and background yields due to the particle identification uncertainties is smaller than 2% for the leptons and about 2.5% for the photons. The uncertainty on the photon and electron energy scale translates into an additional uncertainty of 0.5% for signal and 1.2% for background predictions.

Considering all sources of uncertainties mentioned above, the selection efficiencies for excited leptons are known to a precision of 3 – 4%, in both the electron and muon channels.

6 Results and discussion

In order to enhance the sensitivity of the analysis, the search is restricted to the high invariant mass region by applying a selection on $M_{\ell\gamma}^{\max}$ that depends on the excited lepton mass hypothesis. For each excited lepton mass, the entire analysis is repeated using various search regions and the region giving the best expected limits is taken. For excited lepton masses above $600 \text{ GeV}/c^2$, where almost no background is expected, the search region $M_{\ell\gamma}^{\max} > 500 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ is used. The number of observed events, and the predicted numbers from SM backgrounds and from an excited lepton signal, as well as the selection efficiency, are listed in Table 2 for the two search channels with various excited lepton mass hypotheses and fixed $\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$. The uncertainties on the number of predicted background events and the signal efficiencies are the statistical and systematic uncertainties summed in quadrature. No excited lepton candidate events are found in any of the search regions. This lack of events is consistent with the SM background predictions.

Considering the production of excited leptons via a four-fermion contact interaction as an alternative hypothesis to the SM, upper limits on the ℓ^* production cross section times branching fraction of the $\ell^* \rightarrow \ell\gamma$ decay are set using a Bayesian method with a flat prior [30]. A log-normal prior is used for the integration over the nuisance parameters. The systematic uncertainties discussed in the previous section are taken into account in the statistical analysis. The corresponding expected limit is computed as the weighted average of limits over all possible numbers of observed events, where the weight is the Poisson probability to observe a given number of events in data assuming background-only hypothesis. The systematic uncertainties discussed in the previous section are taken into account in the statistical analysis of the data. Cross sections higher than 0.16 pb to 0.21 pb for e^* production and higher than 0.14 pb to 0.19 pb for μ^* production are excluded at the 95% confidence level (CL) for excited lepton masses ranging from $200 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ to $1500 \text{ GeV}/c^2$, as shown in Fig. 2 (left) and given in Table 2. At a contact interaction scale of $\Lambda = M_{\ell^*}$, excited lepton masses are excluded below $1070 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for electrons and $1090 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for muons. If a higher contact interaction scale $\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$ is considered, excited lepton masses are excluded below $760 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for electrons and $780 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for muons. Figure 2 (right) displays the exclusion regions in the (Λ, M_{ℓ^*}) plane obtained from these limits, showing an improvement with respect to the previous most stringent limits established at

Table 2: Minimum requirement on the highest invariant mass pair $M_{\ell\gamma}^{\text{cut}}$, number of events observed in data and expected SM background, signal efficiency, observed (expected) upper limits $\sigma_{\text{obs}}^{\text{lim}}$ ($\sigma_{\text{exp}}^{\text{lim}}$) on the ℓ^* production cross section times the branching fraction of the $\ell^* \rightarrow \ell\gamma$ decay, and expected numbers of signal events, for various excited lepton masses M_{ℓ^*} , assuming $\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$. Invariant masses are given in GeV/c^2 and $\sigma_{\text{obs}}^{\text{lim}}$ ($\sigma_{\text{exp}}^{\text{lim}}$) in pb. The uncertainties displayed correspond to statistical and systematical uncertainties summed in quadrature.

Muon Channel						
M_{μ^*}	$M_{\mu\gamma}^{\text{cut}}$	N_{data}	$N_{\text{predicted SM}}$	Signal eff. (%)	$\sigma_{\text{obs}}^{\text{lim}}$ ($\sigma_{\text{exp}}^{\text{lim}}$)	$N_{\text{predicted signal}}$
200	180	0	1.35 ± 0.20	44.8 ± 1.8	0.19 (0.28)	47
400	350	0	0.11 ± 0.09	51.0 ± 1.9	0.16 (0.17)	18.6
600	500	0	0.04 ± 0.08	53.9 ± 2.0	0.15 (0.15)	7.3
800	500	0	0.04 ± 0.08	55.6 ± 2.1	0.15 (0.15)	2.8
1000	500	0	0.04 ± 0.08	56.9 ± 2.1	0.15 (0.15)	1.1
1200	500	0	0.04 ± 0.08	56.9 ± 2.1	0.15 (0.15)	0.4
1500	500	0	0.04 ± 0.08	58.5 ± 2.1	0.14 (0.14)	0.1
Electron Channel						
M_{e^*}	$M_{e\gamma}^{\text{cut}}$	N_{data}	$N_{\text{predicted SM}}$	Signal eff. (%)	$\sigma_{\text{obs}}^{\text{lim}}$ ($\sigma_{\text{exp}}^{\text{lim}}$)	$N_{\text{expected signal}}$
200	180	0	1.00 ± 0.15	38.7 ± 1.5	0.21 (0.30)	40
400	350	0	0.10 ± 0.07	44.6 ± 1.7	0.19 (0.19)	16
600	500	0	0.01 ± 0.06	47.0 ± 1.7	0.18 (0.18)	6.4
800	500	0	0.01 ± 0.06	49.3 ± 1.8	0.17 (0.17)	2.5
1000	500	0	0.01 ± 0.06	50.9 ± 1.8	0.16 (0.16)	1.0
1200	500	0	0.01 ± 0.06	51.3 ± 1.8	0.16 (0.16)	0.4
1500	500	0	0.01 ± 0.06	52.9 ± 1.8	0.16 (0.16)	0.1

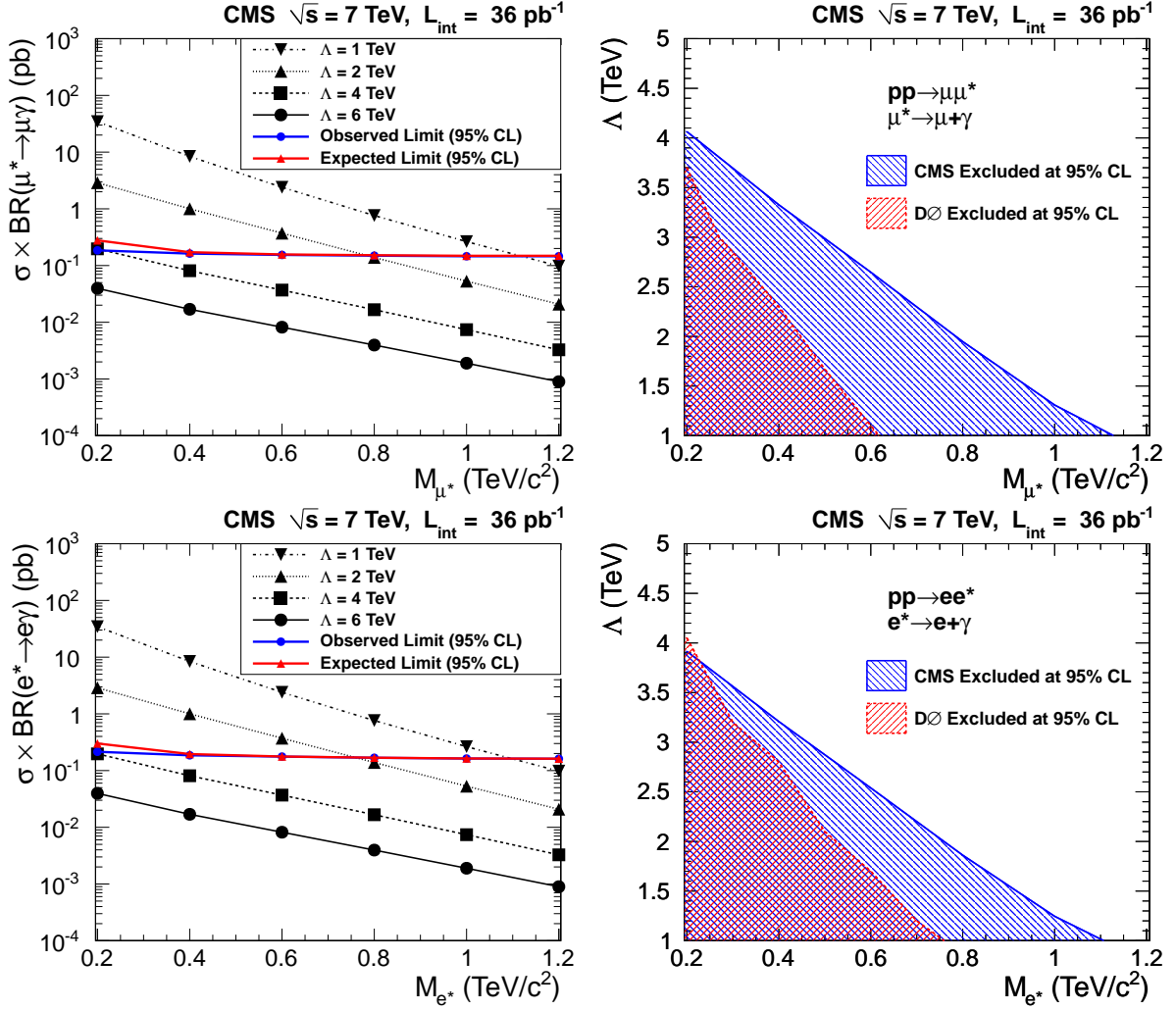


Figure 2: Left: Observed and expected limits on the excited muon (top) and electron (bottom) production cross section times branching fraction at 95% CL, as functions of the excited lepton mass. The predictions for different Λ values are also shown. Right: The region in the (Λ, M_{ℓ^*}) plane excluded at the 95% CL by the present search, both for muons (top) and electrons (bottom). The previous most stringent limits from the D0 Collaboration [12, 14] are also displayed.

hadron colliders [12, 14].

7 Summary

We have searched for evidence of lepton compositeness in proton-proton collisions by looking for production of excited leptons followed by decay to a lepton and a photon at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The data sample corresponds to an integrated luminosity of 36 pb^{-1} collected with the CMS detector. No excess of events in the $\ell^+\ell^-\gamma$ final state was found above the SM expectation in the electron or muon channel. We report the first upper limits on ℓ^* production at this collision energy and exclude a new region of the $\Lambda - M_{\ell^*}$ parameter space. At a contact interaction scale of $\Lambda = 2$ TeV, excited lepton masses are excluded at the 95% CL below $760 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for electrons and $780 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for muons. Assuming $\Lambda = M_{\ell^*}$ instead, excited lepton masses are excluded below $1070 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for electrons and $1090 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for muons, representing the most stringent limits to date.

Acknowledgments

We wish to congratulate our colleagues in the CERN accelerator departments for the excellent performance of the LHC machine. We thank the technical and administrative staff at CERN and other CMS institutes, and acknowledge support from: FMSR (Austria); FNRS and FWO (Belgium); CNPq, CAPES, FAPERJ, and FAPESP (Brazil); MES (Bulgaria); CERN; CAS, MoST, and NSFC (China); COLCIENCIAS (Colombia); MSES (Croatia); RPF (Cyprus); Academy of Sciences and NICPB (Estonia); Academy of Finland, ME, and HIP (Finland); CEA and CNRS/IN2P3 (France); BMBF, DFG, and HGF (Germany); GSRT (Greece); OTKA and NKTH (Hungary); CSIR, DAE, and DST (India); IPM (Iran); SFI (Ireland); INFN (Italy); NRF (Korea); LAS (Lithuania); CINVESTAV, CONACYT, SEP, and UASLP-FAI (Mexico); PAEC (Pakistan); SCSR (Poland); FCT (Portugal); JINR (Armenia, Belarus, Georgia, Ukraine, Uzbekistan); MST and MAE (Russia); MSTDS (Serbia); MICINN and CPAN (Spain); Swiss Funding Agencies (Switzerland); NSC (Taipei); TUBITAK and TAEK (Turkey); STFC (United Kingdom); DOE and NSF (USA).

References

- [1] H. Terazawa et al., “Observable Effects of the Possible Substructure of Leptons and Quarks”, *Phys. Lett. B* **112** (1982) 387. doi:10.1016/0370-2693(82)91075-9.
- [2] U. Baur, M. Spira, and P. Zerwas, “Excited-quark and -lepton Production at Hadron Colliders”, *Phys. Rev. D* **42** (1990) 815. doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.42.815.
- [3] F. Boudjema, A. Djouadi, and J. Kneur, “Excited Fermions at e^+e^- and eP colliders”, *Z. Phys. C* **57** (1993) 425. doi:10.1007/BF01474339.
- [4] ALEPH Collaboration, “Search for Excited Leptons at 130–140 GeV”, *Phys. Lett. B* **385** (1996) 445. doi:10.1016/0370-2693(96)00961-6.
- [5] DELPHI Collaboration, “Search for Composite and Exotic Fermions at LEP2”, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **8** (1999) 41. doi:10.1007/s100529901074.
- [6] L3 Collaboration, “Search for Excited Leptons at LEP”, *Phys. Lett. B* **568** (2003) 23. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2003.05.004.

- [7] OPAL Collaboration, "Search for Unstable Heavy and Excited Leptons at LEP2", *Eur. Phys. J. C* **14** (2000) 73. doi:10.1007/s100520050734.
- [8] DELPHI Collaboration, "Search for Excited Leptons in e^+e^- Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=189\text{-}209$ GeV", *Eur. Phys. J. C* **46** (2006) 277. doi:10.1140/epjc/s2006-02501-3.
- [9] H1 Collaboration, "Search for Excited Electrons in ep Collisions at HERA", *Phys. Lett. B* **666** (2008) 131. doi:10.1016/S0370-2693(02)02764-8.
- [10] ZEUS Collaboration, "Searches for Excited Fermions in ep Collisions at HERA", *Phys. Lett. B* **549** (2002) 32. doi:10.1016/S0370-2693(02)02863-0.
- [11] CDF Collaboration, "Search for Excited and Exotic Muons in the $\mu\gamma$ Decay Channel in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV", *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **97** (2006) 191802. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.97.191802.
- [12] D0 Collaboration, "Search for Excited Muons in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV", *Phys. Rev. D* **73** (2006) 111102. doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.73.111102.
- [13] CDF Collaboration, "Search for Excited and Exotic Electrons in the $e\gamma$ Decay Channel in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV", *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **94** (2005) 101802. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.94.101802.
- [14] D0 Collaboration, "Search for Excited Electrons in $p\bar{p}$ Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV", *Phys. Rev. D* **77** (2008) 091102. doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.77.091102.
- [15] CMS Collaboration, "The CMS experiment at the CERN LHC", *JINST* **3** (2008) S08004. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/3/08/S08004.
- [16] T. Sjöstrand, S. Mrenna, and P. Skands, "PYTHIA 6.4 Physics and Manual", *JHEP* **05** (2006) 026. doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2006/05/026.
- [17] CompHEP Collaboration, "CompHEP 4.4: Automatic Computations from Lagrangians to Events", *Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A* **534** (2004) 250. doi:10.1016/j.nima.2004.07.096.
- [18] J. Alwall et al., "MadGraph/MadEvent v4: The New Web Generation", *JHEP* **09** (2007) 028. doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2007/09/028.
- [19] U. Baur and E. L. Berger, "Probing the Weak Boson Sector in Z gamma Production at Hadron Colliders", *Phys. Rev. D* **47** (1993) 4889. doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.47.4889.
- [20] J. Pumplin et al., "New generation of parton distributions with uncertainties from global QCD analysis", *JHEP* **07** (2002) 012. doi:10.1088/1126-6708/2002/07/012.
- [21] GEANT4 Collaboration, "GEANT4: A simulation toolkit", *Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A* **506** (2003) 250. doi:10.2172/799992.
- [22] CMS Collaboration, "Measurements of Inclusive W and Z Cross Sections in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV", *J. High Energy Phys.* **01** (2010). doi:10.1007/JHEP01(2011)080.
- [23] CMS Collaboration, "CMS Tracking Performance Results from early LHC Operation", *Eur. Phys. J. C* **70** (2010) 1165. doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-010-1491-3.
- [24] CMS Collaboration, "Performance of CMS Muon Reconstruction in Cosmic-Ray Events", *JINST* **5** (2010) T03022. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/5/03/T03022.

-
- [25] CMS Collaboration, "Performance of muon identification in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV", CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-MUO-10-002, (2010).
- [26] CMS Collaboration, "Photon reconstruction and identification at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV", CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-EGM-10-005, (2010).
- [27] CMS Collaboration, "Electron Reconstruction and Identification at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV", CMS Physics Analysis Summary CMS-PAS-EGM-10-004, (2010).
- [28] CMS Collaboration, "Search for Large Extra Dimensions in the Diphoton Final State at the Large Hadron Collider", (2010). [arXiv:hep-ex/1103.4279](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ex/1103.4279). Accepted by JHEP.
- [29] CMS Collaboration, "Absolute Luminosity Normalization", CMS Detector Performance Summary CMS-DP-2011-003, (2011).
- [30] J. Heinrich et al., "Interval Estimation in the Presence of Nuisance Parameters. 1. Bayesian Approach", (2004). [arXiv:physics/0409129](https://arxiv.org/abs/physics/0409129).

A The CMS Collaboration

Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia

S. Chatrchyan, V. Khachatryan, A.M. Sirunyan, A. Tumasyan

Institut für Hochenergiephysik der OeAW, Wien, Austria

W. Adam, T. Bergauer, M. Dragicevic, J. Erö, C. Fabjan, M. Friedl, R. Frühwirth, V.M. Ghete, J. Hammer¹, S. Hänsel, M. Hoch, N. Hörmann, J. Hrubec, M. Jeitler, W. Kiesenhofer, M. Krammer, D. Liko, I. Mikulec, M. Pernicka, H. Rohringer, R. Schöfbeck, J. Strauss, A. Taurok, F. Teischinger, P. Wagner, W. Waltenberger, G. Walzel, E. Widl, C.-E. Wulz

National Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Belarus

V. Mossolov, N. Shumeiko, J. Suarez Gonzalez

Universiteit Antwerpen, Antwerpen, Belgium

S. Bansal, L. Benucci, E.A. De Wolf, X. Janssen, J. Maes, T. Maes, L. Mucibello, S. Ochesanu, B. Roland, R. Rougny, M. Selvaggi, H. Van Haevermaet, P. Van Mechelen, N. Van Remortel

Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium

F. Blekman, S. Blyweert, J. D'Hondt, O. Devroede, R. Gonzalez Suarez, A. Kalogeropoulos, M. Maes, W. Van Doninck, P. Van Mulders, G.P. Van Onsem, I. Vilella

Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium

O. Charaf, B. Clerbaux, G. De Lentdecker, V. Dero, A.P.R. Gay, G.H. Hammad, T. Hreus, P.E. Marage, L. Thomas, C. Vander Velde, P. Vanlaer

Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium

V. Adler, A. Cimmino, S. Costantini, M. Grunewald, B. Klein, J. Lellouch, A. Marinov, J. Mccartin, D. Ryckbosch, F. Thyssen, M. Tytgat, L. Vanelderen, P. Verwilligen, S. Walsh, N. Zaganidis

Université Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium

S. Basegmez, G. Bruno, J. Caudron, L. Ceard, E. Cortina Gil, J. De Favereau De Jeneret, C. Delaere¹, D. Favart, A. Giammanco, G. Grégoire, J. Hollar, V. Lemaître, J. Liao, O. Militaru, C. Nuttens, S. Oryn, D. Pagano, A. Pin, K. Piotrkowski, N. Schul

Université de Mons, Mons, Belgium

N. Bely, T. Caebergs, E. Daubie

Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Fisicas, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

G.A. Alves, L. Brito, D. De Jesus Damiao, M.E. Pol, M.H.G. Souza

Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

W.L. Aldá Júnior, W. Carvalho, E.M. Da Costa, C. De Oliveira Martins, S. Fonseca De Souza, L. Mundim, H. Nogima, V. Oguri, W.L. Prado Da Silva, A. Santoro, S.M. Silva Do Amaral, A. Sznajder

Instituto de Fisica Teorica, Universidade Estadual Paulista, Sao Paulo, Brazil

C.A. Bernardes², F.A. Dias, T.R. Fernandez Perez Tomei, E. M. Gregores², C. Lagana, F. Marinho, P.G. Mercadante², S.F. Novaes, Sandra S. Padula

Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy, Sofia, Bulgaria

N. Darmenov¹, V. Genchev¹, P. Iaydjiev¹, S. Piperov, M. Rodozov, S. Stoykova, G. Sultanov, V. Tcholakov, R. Trayanov

University of Sofia, Sofia, Bulgaria

A. Dimitrov, R. Hadjiiska, A. Karadzhinova, V. Kozhuharov, L. Litov, M. Mateev, B. Pavlov, P. Petkov

Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing, China

J.G. Bian, G.M. Chen, H.S. Chen, C.H. Jiang, D. Liang, S. Liang, X. Meng, J. Tao, J. Wang, J. Wang, X. Wang, Z. Wang, H. Xiao, M. Xu, J. Zang, Z. Zhang

State Key Lab. of Nucl. Phys. and Tech., Peking University, Beijing, China

Y. Ban, S. Guo, Y. Guo, W. Li, Y. Mao, S.J. Qian, H. Teng, B. Zhu, W. Zou

Universidad de Los Andes, Bogota, Colombia

A. Cabrera, B. Gomez Moreno, A.A. Ocampo Rios, A.F. Osorio Oliveros, J.C. Sanabria

Technical University of Split, Split, Croatia

N. Godinovic, D. Lelas, K. Lelas, R. Plestina³, D. Polic, I. Puljak

University of Split, Split, Croatia

Z. Antunovic, M. Dzelalija

Institute Rudjer Boskovic, Zagreb, Croatia

V. Brigljevic, S. Duric, K. Kadija, S. Morovic

University of Cyprus, Nicosia, Cyprus

A. Attikis, M. Galanti, J. Mousa, C. Nicolaou, F. Ptochos, P.A. Razis

Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic

M. Finger, M. Finger Jr.

Academy of Scientific Research and Technology of the Arab Republic of Egypt, Egyptian Network of High Energy Physics, Cairo, Egypt

Y. Assran⁴, S. Khalil⁵, M.A. Mahmoud⁶

National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia

A. Hektor, M. Kadastik, M. Müntel, M. Raidal, L. Rebane, A. Tiko

Department of Physics, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland

V. Azzolini, P. Eerola, G. Fedi

Helsinki Institute of Physics, Helsinki, Finland

S. Czellar, J. Härkönen, A. Heikkinen, V. Karimäki, R. Kinnunen, M.J. Kortelainen, T. Lampén, K. Lassila-Perini, S. Lehti, T. Lindén, P. Luukka, T. Mäenpää, E. Tuominen, J. Tuominiemi, E. Tuovinen, D. Ungaro, L. Wendland

Lappeenranta University of Technology, Lappeenranta, Finland

K. Banzuzi, A. Karjalainen, A. Korpela, T. Tuuva

Laboratoire d'Annecy-le-Vieux de Physique des Particules, IN2P3-CNRS, Annecy-le-Vieux, France

D. Sillou

DSM/IRFU, CEA/Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France

M. Besancon, S. Choudhury, M. Dejardin, D. Denegri, B. Fabbro, J.L. Faure, F. Ferri, S. Ganjour, F.X. Gentit, A. Givernaud, P. Gras, G. Hamel de Monchenault, P. Jarry, E. Locci, J. Malcles, M. Marionneau, L. Millischer, J. Rander, A. Rosowsky, I. Shreyber, M. Titov, P. Verrecchia

Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechnique, IN2P3-CNRS, Palaiseau, France

S. Baffioni, F. Beaudette, L. Benhabib, L. Bianchini, M. Bluj⁷, C. Broutin, P. Busson, C. Charlot, T. Dahms, L. Dobrzynski, S. Elgammal, R. Granier de Cassagnac, M. Haguenaer, P. Miné, C. Mironov, C. Ochando, P. Paganini, D. Sabes, R. Salerno, Y. Sirois, C. Thiebaut, B. Wyslouch⁸, A. Zabi

Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert Curien, Université de Strasbourg, Université de Haute Alsace Mulhouse, CNRS/IN2P3, Strasbourg, France

J.-L. Agram⁹, J. Andrea, D. Bloch, D. Bodin, J.-M. Brom, M. Cardaci, E.C. Chabert, C. Collard, E. Conte⁹, F. Drouhin⁹, C. Ferro, J.-C. Fontaine⁹, D. Gelé, U. Goerlach, S. Greder, P. Juillot, M. Karim⁹, A.-C. Le Bihan, Y. Mikami, P. Van Hove

Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucleaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France

F. Fassi, D. Mercier

Université de Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CNRS-IN2P3, Institut de Physique Nucléaire de Lyon, Villeurbanne, France

C. Baty, S. Beauceron, N. Beaupere, M. Bedjidian, O. Bondu, G. Boudoul, D. Boumediene, H. Brun, J. Chasserat, R. Chierici, D. Contardo, P. Depasse, H. El Mamouni, J. Fay, S. Gascon, B. Ille, T. Kurca, T. Le Grand, M. Lethuillier, L. Mirabito, S. Perries, V. Sordini, S. Tosi, Y. Tschudi, P. Verdier

Institute of High Energy Physics and Informatization, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia

D. Lomidze

RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Aachen, Germany

G. Anagnostou, S. Beranek, M. Edelhoff, L. Feld, N. Heracleous, O. Hindrichs, R. Jussen, K. Klein, J. Merz, N. Mohr, A. Ostapchuk, A. Perieanu, F. Raupach, J. Sammet, S. Schael, D. Sprenger, H. Weber, M. Weber, B. Wittmer

RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany

M. Ata, E. Dietz-Laursonn, M. Erdmann, T. Hebbeker, A. Hinzmann, K. Hoepfner, T. Klimkovich, D. Klingebiel, P. Kreuzer, D. Lanske[†], J. Lingemann, C. Magass, M. Merschmeyer, A. Meyer, P. Papacz, H. Pieta, H. Reithler, S.A. Schmitz, L. Sonnenschein, J. Steggemann, D. Teyssier

RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut B, Aachen, Germany

M. Bontenackels, M. Davids, M. Duda, G. Flügge, H. Geenen, M. Giffels, W. Haj Ahmad, D. Heydhausen, F. Hoehle, B. Kargoll, T. Kress, Y. Kuessel, A. Linn, A. Nowack, L. Perchalla, O. Pooth, J. Rennefeld, P. Sauerland, A. Stahl, M. Thomas, D. Tornier, M.H. Zoeller

Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany

M. Aldaya Martin, W. Behrenhoff, U. Behrens, M. Bergholz¹⁰, A. Bethani, K. Borrás, A. Cakir, A. Campbell, E. Castro, D. Dammann, G. Eckerlin, D. Eckstein, A. Flossdorf, G. Flucke, A. Geiser, J. Hauk, H. Jung¹, M. Kasemann, I. Katkov¹¹, P. Katsas, C. Kleinwort, H. Kluge, A. Knutsson, M. Krämer, D. Krücker, E. Kuznetsova, W. Lange, W. Lohmann¹⁰, R. Mankel, M. Marienfeld, I.-A. Melzer-Pellmann, A.B. Meyer, J. Mnich, A. Mussgiller, J. Olzem, A. Petrukhin, D. Pitzl, A. Raspereza, A. Raval, M. Rosin, R. Schmidt¹⁰, T. Schoerner-Sadenius, N. Sen, A. Spiridonov, M. Stein, J. Tomaszewska, R. Walsh, C. Wissing

University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany

C. Autermann, V. Blobel, S. Bobrovskyi, J. Draeger, H. Enderle, U. Gebbert, M. Görner,

K. Kaschube, G. Kaussen, H. Kirschenmann, R. Klanner, J. Lange, B. Mura, S. Naumann-Emme, F. Nowak, N. Pietsch, C. Sander, H. Schettler, P. Schleper, E. Schlieckau, M. Schröder, T. Schum, J. Schwandt, H. Stadie, G. Steinbrück, J. Thomsen

Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik, Karlsruhe, Germany

C. Barth, J. Bauer, J. Berger, V. Buege, T. Chwalek, W. De Boer, A. Dierlamm, G. Dirkes, M. Feindt, J. Gruschke, C. Hackstein, F. Hartmann, M. Heinrich, H. Held, K.H. Hoffmann, S. Honc, J.R. Komaragiri, T. Kuhr, D. Martschei, S. Mueller, Th. Müller, M. Niegel, O. Oberst, A. Oehler, J. Ott, T. Peiffer, G. Quast, K. Rabbertz, F. Ratnikov, N. Ratnikova, M. Renz, C. Saout, A. Scheurer, P. Schieferdecker, F.-P. Schilling, G. Schott, H.J. Simonis, F.M. Stober, D. Troendle, J. Wagner-Kuhr, T. Weiler, M. Zeise, V. Zhukov¹¹, E.B. Ziebarth

Institute of Nuclear Physics "Demokritos", Aghia Paraskevi, Greece

G. Daskalakis, T. Geralis, S. Kesisoglou, A. Kyriakis, D. Loukas, I. Manolakos, A. Markou, C. Markou, C. Mavrommatis, E. Ntomari, E. Petrakou

University of Athens, Athens, Greece

L. Gouskos, T.J. Mertzimekis, A. Panagiotou, E. Stiliaris

University of Ioánnina, Ioánnina, Greece

I. Evangelou, C. Foudas, P. Kokkas, N. Manthos, I. Papadopoulos, V. Patras, F.A. Triantis

KFKI Research Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Budapest, Hungary

A. Aranyi, G. Bencze, L. Boldizsar, C. Hajdu¹, P. Hidas, D. Horvath¹², A. Kapusi, K. Krajczar¹³, F. Sikler¹, G.I. Veres¹³, G. Vesztergombi¹³

Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary

N. Beni, J. Molnar, J. Palinkas, Z. Szillasi, V. Veszpremi

University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary

P. Raics, Z.L. Trocsanyi, B. Ujvari

Panjab University, Chandigarh, India

S.B. Beri, V. Bhatnagar, N. Dhingra, R. Gupta, M. Jindal, M. Kaur, J.M. Kohli, M.Z. Mehta, N. Nishu, L.K. Saini, A. Sharma, A.P. Singh, J. Singh, S.P. Singh

University of Delhi, Delhi, India

S. Ahuja, B.C. Choudhary, P. Gupta, S. Jain, A. Kumar, A. Kumar, M. Naimuddin, K. Ranjan, R.K. Shivpuri

Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, Kolkata, India

S. Banerjee, S. Bhattacharya, S. Dutta, B. Gomber, S. Jain, R. Khurana, S. Sarkar

Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Mumbai, India

R.K. Choudhury, D. Dutta, S. Kailas, V. Kumar, P. Mehta, A.K. Mohanty¹, L.M. Pant, P. Shukla

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - EHEP, Mumbai, India

T. Aziz, M. Guchait¹⁴, A. Gurtu, M. Maity¹⁵, D. Majumder, G. Majumder, K. Mazumdar, G.B. Mohanty, A. Saha, K. Sudhakar, N. Wickramage

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - HECR, Mumbai, India

S. Banerjee, S. Dugad, N.K. Mondal

Institute for Research and Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Tehran, Iran

H. Arfaei, H. Bakhshiansohi¹⁶, S.M. Etesami, A. Fahim¹⁶, M. Hashemi, A. Jafari¹⁶, M. Khakzad,

A. Mohammadi¹⁷, M. Mohammadi Najafabadi, S. Paktinat Mehdiabadi, B. Safarzadeh, M. Zeinali¹⁸

INFN Sezione di Bari ^a, Università di Bari ^b, Politecnico di Bari ^c, Bari, Italy

M. Abbrescia^{a,b}, L. Barbone^{a,b}, C. Calabria^{a,b}, A. Colaleo^a, D. Creanza^{a,c}, N. De Filippis^{a,c,1}, M. De Palma^{a,b}, L. Fiore^a, G. Iaselli^{a,c}, L. Lusito^{a,b}, G. Maggi^{a,c}, M. Maggi^a, N. Manna^{a,b}, B. Marangelli^{a,b}, S. My^{a,c}, S. Nuzzo^{a,b}, N. Pacifico^{a,b}, G.A. Pierro^a, A. Pompili^{a,b}, G. Pugliese^{a,c}, F. Romano^{a,c}, G. Roselli^{a,b}, G. Selvaggi^{a,b}, L. Silvestris^a, R. Trentadue^a, S. Tuppiti^{a,b}, G. Zito^a

INFN Sezione di Bologna ^a, Università di Bologna ^b, Bologna, Italy

G. Abbiendi^a, A.C. Benvenuti^a, D. Bonacorsi^a, S. Braibant-Giacomelli^{a,b}, L. Brigliadori^a, P. Capiluppi^{a,b}, A. Castro^{a,b}, F.R. Cavallo^a, M. Cuffiani^{a,b}, G.M. Dallavalle^a, F. Fabbri^a, A. Fanfani^{a,b}, D. Fasanella^a, P. Giacomelli^a, M. Giunta^a, C. Grandi^a, S. Marcellini^a, G. Masetti^b, M. Meneghelli^{a,b}, A. Montanari^a, F.L. Navarria^{a,b}, F. Odoricci^a, A. Perrotta^a, F. Primavera^a, A.M. Rossi^{a,b}, T. Rovelli^{a,b}, G. Siroli^{a,b}, R. Travaglini^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Catania ^a, Università di Catania ^b, Catania, Italy

S. Albergo^{a,b}, G. Cappello^{a,b}, M. Chiorboli^{a,b,1}, S. Costa^{a,b}, A. Tricomi^{a,b}, C. Tuve^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Firenze ^a, Università di Firenze ^b, Firenze, Italy

G. Barbagli^a, V. Ciulli^{a,b}, C. Civinini^a, R. D'Alessandro^{a,b}, E. Focardi^{a,b}, S. Frosali^{a,b}, E. Gallo^a, S. Gonzi^{a,b}, P. Lenzi^{a,b}, M. Meschini^a, S. Paoletti^a, G. Sguazzoni^a, A. Tropiano^{a,1}

INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy

L. Benussi, S. Bianco, S. Colafranceschi¹⁹, F. Fabbri, D. Piccolo

INFN Sezione di Genova, Genova, Italy

P. Fabbriatore, R. Musenich

INFN Sezione di Milano-Bicocca ^a, Università di Milano-Bicocca ^b, Milano, Italy

A. Benaglia^{a,b}, F. De Guio^{a,b,1}, L. Di Matteo^{a,b}, S. Gennai¹, A. Ghezzi^{a,b}, S. Malvezzi^a, A. Martelli^{a,b}, A. Massironi^{a,b}, D. Menasce^a, L. Moroni^a, M. Paganoni^{a,b}, D. Pedrini^a, S. Ragazzi^{a,b}, N. Redaelli^a, S. Sala^a, T. Tabarelli de Fatis^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Napoli ^a, Università di Napoli "Federico II" ^b, Napoli, Italy

S. Buontempo^a, C.A. Carrillo Montoya^{a,1}, N. Cavallo^{a,20}, A. De Cosa^{a,b}, F. Fabozzi^{a,20}, A.O.M. Iorio^{a,1}, L. Lista^a, M. Merola^{a,b}, P. Paolucci^a

INFN Sezione di Padova ^a, Università di Padova ^b, Università di Trento (Trento) ^c, Padova, Italy

P. Azzi^a, N. Bacchetta^a, P. Bellan^{a,b}, D. Bisello^{a,b}, A. Branca^a, R. Carlin^{a,b}, P. Checchia^a, T. Dorigo^a, U. Dosselli^a, F. Fanzago^a, F. Gasparini^{a,b}, U. Gasparini^{a,b}, A. Gozzelino, S. Lacaprara^{a,21}, I. Lazzizzera^{a,c}, M. Margoni^{a,b}, M. Mazzucato^a, A.T. Meneguzzo^{a,b}, M. Nespolo^{a,1}, L. Perrozzi^{a,1}, N. Pozzobon^{a,b}, P. Ronchese^{a,b}, F. Simonetto^{a,b}, E. Torassa^a, M. Tosi^{a,b}, S. Vanini^{a,b}, P. Zotto^{a,b}, G. Zumerle^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Pavia ^a, Università di Pavia ^b, Pavia, Italy

P. Baesso^{a,b}, U. Berzano^a, S.P. Ratti^{a,b}, C. Riccardi^{a,b}, P. Torre^{a,b}, P. Vitulo^{a,b}, C. Viviani^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Perugia ^a, Università di Perugia ^b, Perugia, Italy

M. Biasini^{a,b}, G.M. Bilei^a, B. Caponeri^{a,b}, L. Fanò^{a,b}, P. Lariccia^{a,b}, A. Lucaroni^{a,b,1}, G. Mantovani^{a,b}, M. Menichelli^a, A. Nappi^{a,b}, F. Romeo^{a,b}, A. Santocchia^{a,b}, S. Taroni^{a,b,1}, M. Valdata^{a,b}

INFN Sezione di Pisa ^a, Università di Pisa ^b, Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa ^c, Pisa, Italy
 P. Azzurri^{a,c}, G. Bagliesi^a, J. Bernardini^{a,b}, T. Boccali^{a,1}, G. Broccolo^{a,c}, R. Castaldi^a,
 R.T. D'Agnolo^{a,c}, R. Dell'Orso^a, F. Fiori^{a,b}, L. Foà^{a,c}, A. Giassi^a, A. Kraan^a, F. Ligabue^{a,c},
 T. Lomtadze^a, L. Martini^{a,22}, A. Messineo^{a,b}, F. Palla^a, G. Segneri^a, A.T. Serban^a, P. Spagnolo^a,
 R. Tenchini^a, G. Tonelli^{a,b,1}, A. Venturi^{a,1}, P.G. Verdini^a

INFN Sezione di Roma ^a, Università di Roma "La Sapienza" ^b, Roma, Italy
 L. Barone^{a,b}, F. Cavallari^a, D. Del Re^{a,b}, E. Di Marco^{a,b}, M. Diemoz^a, D. Franci^{a,b}, M. Grassi^{a,1},
 E. Longo^{a,b}, P. Meridiani, S. Nourbakhsh^a, G. Organtini^{a,b}, F. Pandolfi^{a,b,1}, R. Paramatti^a,
 S. Rahatlou^{a,b}, C. Rovelli¹

INFN Sezione di Torino ^a, Università di Torino ^b, Università del Piemonte Orientale (Novara) ^c, Torino, Italy
 N. Amapane^{a,b}, R. Arcidiacono^{a,c}, S. Argiro^{a,b}, M. Arneodo^{a,c}, C. Biino^a, C. Botta^{a,b,1},
 N. Cartiglia^a, R. Castello^{a,b}, M. Costa^{a,b}, N. Demaria^a, A. Graziano^{a,b,1}, C. Mariotti^a,
 M. Marone^{a,b}, S. Maselli^a, E. Migliore^{a,b}, G. Mila^{a,b}, V. Monaco^{a,b}, M. Musich^{a,b},
 M.M. Obertino^{a,c}, N. Pastrone^a, M. Pelliccioni^{a,b}, A. Potenza^{a,b}, A. Romero^{a,b}, M. Ruspa^{a,c},
 R. Sacchi^{a,b}, V. Sola^{a,b}, A. Solano^{a,b}, A. Staiano^a, A. Vilela Pereira^a

INFN Sezione di Trieste ^a, Università di Trieste ^b, Trieste, Italy
 S. Belforte^a, F. Cossutti^a, G. Della Ricca^{a,b}, B. Gobbo^a, D. Montanino^{a,b}, A. Penzo^a

Kangwon National University, Chunchon, Korea
 S.G. Heo, S.K. Nam

Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea
 S. Chang, J. Chung, D.H. Kim, G.N. Kim, J.E. Kim, D.J. Kong, H. Park, S.R. Ro, D. Son, D.C. Son,
 T. Son

Chonnam National University, Institute for Universe and Elementary Particles, Kwangju, Korea
 Zero Kim, J.Y. Kim, S. Song

Korea University, Seoul, Korea
 S. Choi, B. Hong, M. Jo, H. Kim, J.H. Kim, T.J. Kim, K.S. Lee, D.H. Moon, S.K. Park, K.S. Sim

University of Seoul, Seoul, Korea
 M. Choi, S. Kang, H. Kim, C. Park, I.C. Park, S. Park, G. Ryu

Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon, Korea
 Y. Choi, Y.K. Choi, J. Goh, M.S. Kim, J. Lee, S. Lee, H. Seo, I. Yu

Vilnius University, Vilnius, Lithuania
 M.J. Bilinskas, I. Grigelionis, M. Janulis, D. Martisiute, P. Petrov, T. Sabonis

Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Mexico City, Mexico
 H. Castilla-Valdez, E. De La Cruz-Burelo, I. Heredia-de La Cruz, R. Lopez-Fernandez,
 R. Magaña Villalba, A. Sánchez-Hernández, L.M. Villasenor-Cendejas

Universidad Iberoamericana, Mexico City, Mexico
 S. Carrillo Moreno, F. Vazquez Valencia

Benemerita Universidad Autonoma de Puebla, Puebla, Mexico
 H.A. Salazar Ibarguen

Universidad Autónoma de San Luis Potosí, San Luis Potosí, Mexico

E. Casimiro Linares, A. Morelos Pineda, M.A. Reyes-Santos

University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand

D. Krofcheck, J. Tam

University of Canterbury, Christchurch, New Zealand

P.H. Butler, R. Doesburg, H. Silverwood

National Centre for Physics, Quaid-I-Azam University, Islamabad, Pakistan

M. Ahmad, I. Ahmed, M.I. Asghar, H.R. Hoorani, W.A. Khan, T. Khurshid, S. Qazi

Institute of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Physics, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland

G. Brona, M. Cwiok, W. Dominik, K. Doroba, A. Kalinowski, M. Konecki, J. Krolikowski

Soltan Institute for Nuclear Studies, Warsaw, Poland

T. Frueboes, R. Gokieli, M. Górski, M. Kazana, K. Nawrocki, K. Romanowska-Rybinska, M. Szleper, G. Wrochna, P. Zalewski

Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas, Lisboa, PortugalN. Almeida, P. Bargassa, A. David, P. Faccioli, P.G. Ferreira Parracho, M. Gallinaro, P. Musella, A. Nayak, J. Pela¹, P.Q. Ribeiro, J. Seixas, J. Varela**Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia**

S. Afanasiev, I. Belotelov, I. Golutvin, A. Kamenev, V. Karjavin, G. Kozlov, A. Lanev, P. Moisezenz, V. Palichik, V. Perelygin, M. Savina, S. Shmatov, V. Smirnov, A. Volodko, A. Zarubin

Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina (St Petersburg), Russia

V. Golovtsov, Y. Ivanov, V. Kim, P. Levchenko, V. Murzin, V. Oreshkin, I. Smirnov, V. Sulimov, L. Uvarov, S. Vavilov, A. Vorobyev, An. Vorobyev

Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia

Yu. Andreev, A. Dermenev, S. Gninenko, N. Golubev, M. Kirsanov, N. Krasnikov, V. Matveev, A. Pashenkov, A. Toropin, S. Troitsky

Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, RussiaV. Epshteyn, V. Gavrilov, V. Kaftanov[†], M. Kossov¹, A. Krokhotin, N. Lychkovskaya, V. Popov, G. Safronov, S. Semenov, V. Stolin, E. Vlasov, A. Zhokin**Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia**E. Boos, M. Dubinin²³, L. Dudko, A. Ershov, A. Gribushin, O. Kodolova, I. Lokhtin, A. Markina, S. Obraztsov, M. Perfilov, S. Petrushanko, L. Sarycheva, V. Savrin, A. Snigirev**P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia**

V. Andreev, M. Azarkin, I. Dremin, M. Kirakosyan, A. Leonidov, S.V. Rusakov, A. Vinogradov

State Research Center of Russian Federation, Institute for High Energy Physics, Protvino, RussiaI. Azhgirey, I. Bayshev, S. Bitioukov, V. Grishin¹, V. Kachanov, D. Konstantinov, A. Korablev, V. Krychkin, V. Petrov, R. Ryutin, A. Sobol, L. Tourtchanovitch, S. Troshin, N. Tyurin, A. Uzunian, A. Volkov**University of Belgrade, Faculty of Physics and Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia**P. Adzic²⁴, M. Djordjevic, D. Krpic²⁴, J. Milosevic

Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT), Madrid, Spain

M. Aguilar-Benitez, J. Alcaraz Maestre, P. Arce, C. Battilana, E. Calvo, M. Cepeda, M. Cerrada, M. Chamizo Llatas, N. Colino, B. De La Cruz, A. Delgado Peris, C. Diez Pardos, D. Domínguez Vázquez, C. Fernandez Bedoya, J.P. Fernández Ramos, A. Ferrando, J. Flix, M.C. Fouz, P. Garcia-Abia, O. Gonzalez Lopez, S. Goy Lopez, J.M. Hernandez, M.I. Josa, G. Merino, J. Puerta Pelayo, I. Redondo, L. Romero, J. Santaolalla, M.S. Soares, C. Willmott

Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

C. Albajar, G. Codispoti, J.F. de Trocóniz

Universidad de Oviedo, Oviedo, Spain

J. Cuevas, J. Fernandez Menendez, S. Folgueras, I. Gonzalez Caballero, L. Lloret Iglesias, J.M. Vizan Garcia

Instituto de Física de Cantabria (IFCA), CSIC-Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, Spain

J.A. Brochero Cifuentes, I.J. Cabrillo, A. Calderon, S.H. Chuang, J. Duarte Campderros, M. Felcini²⁵, M. Fernandez, G. Gomez, J. Gonzalez Sanchez, C. Jorda, P. Lobelle Pardo, A. Lopez Virto, J. Marco, R. Marco, C. Martinez Rivero, F. Matorras, F.J. Munoz Sanchez, J. Piedra Gomez²⁶, T. Rodrigo, A.Y. Rodríguez-Marrero, A. Ruiz-Jimeno, L. Scodellaro, M. Sobron Sanudo, I. Vila, R. Vilar Cortabitarte

CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland

D. Abbaneo, E. Auffray, G. Auzinger, P. Baillon, A.H. Ball, D. Barney, A.J. Bell²⁷, D. Benedetti, C. Bernet³, W. Bialas, P. Bloch, A. Bocci, S. Bolognesi, M. Bona, H. Breuker, K. Bunkowski, T. Camporesi, G. Cerminara, T. Christiansen, J.A. Coarasa Perez, B. Curé, D. D'Enterria, A. De Roeck, S. Di Guida, N. Dupont-Sagorin, A. Elliott-Peisert, B. Frisch, W. Funk, A. Gaddi, G. Georgiou, H. Gerwig, D. Gigi, K. Gill, D. Giordano, F. Glege, R. Gomez-Reino Garrido, M. Gouzevitch, P. Govoni, S. Gowdy, L. Guiducci, M. Hansen, C. Hartl, J. Harvey, J. Hegeman, B. Hegner, H.F. Hoffmann, A. Honma, V. Innocente, P. Janot, K. Kaadze, E. Karavakis, P. Lecoq, C. Lourenço, T. Mäki, M. Malberti, L. Malgeri, M. Mannelli, L. Masetti, A. Maurisset, F. Meijers, S. Mersi, E. Meschi, R. Moser, M.U. Mozer, M. Mulders, E. Nesvold¹, M. Nguyen, T. Orimoto, L. Orsini, E. Perez, A. Petrilli, A. Pfeiffer, M. Pierini, M. Pimiä, D. Piparo, G. Polese, A. Racz, W. Reece, J. Rodrigues Antunes, G. Rolandi²⁸, T. Rommerskirchen, M. Rovere, H. Sakulin, C. Schäfer, C. Schwick, I. Segoni, A. Sharma, P. Siegrist, P. Silva, M. Simon, P. Sphicas²⁹, M. Spiropulu²³, M. Stoye, P. Tropea, A. Tsiros, P. Vichoudis, M. Voutilainen, W.D. Zeuner

Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland

W. Bertl, K. Deiters, W. Erdmann, K. Gabathuler, R. Horisberger, Q. Ingram, H.C. Kaestli, S. König, D. Kotlinski, U. Langenegger, F. Meier, D. Renker, T. Rohe, J. Sibille³⁰, A. Starodumov³¹

Institute for Particle Physics, ETH Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland

L. Bäni, P. Bortignon, L. Caminada³², N. Chanon, Z. Chen, S. Cittolin, G. Dissertori, M. Dittmar, J. Eugster, K. Freudenreich, C. Grab, W. Hintz, P. Lecomte, W. Lustermann, C. Marchica³², P. Martinez Ruiz del Arbol, P. Milenovic³³, F. Moortgat, C. Nägeli³², P. Nef, F. Nessi-Tedaldi, L. Pape, F. Pauss, T. Punz, A. Rizzi, F.J. Ronga, M. Rossini, L. Sala, A.K. Sanchez, M.-C. Sawley, B. Stieger, L. Tauscher[†], A. Thea, K. Theofilatos, D. Treille, C. Urscheler, R. Wallny, M. Weber, L. Wehrli, J. Weng

Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland

E. Aguilo, C. AMSler, V. Chiochia, S. De Visscher, C. Favaro, M. Ivova Rikova, B. Millan Mejias, P. Otiougova, C. Regenfus, P. Robmann, A. Schmidt, H. Snoek

National Central University, Chung-Li, Taiwan

Y.H. Chang, K.H. Chen, C.M. Kuo, S.W. Li, W. Lin, Z.K. Liu, Y.J. Lu, D. Mekterovic, R. Volpe, J.H. Wu, S.S. Yu

National Taiwan University (NTU), Taipei, Taiwan

P. Bartalini, P. Chang, Y.H. Chang, Y.W. Chang, Y. Chao, K.F. Chen, W.-S. Hou, Y. Hsiung, K.Y. Kao, Y.J. Lei, R.-S. Lu, J.G. Shiu, Y.M. Tzeng, M. Wang

Cukurova University, Adana, Turkey

A. Adiguzel, M.N. Bakirci³⁴, S. Cerci³⁵, C. Dozen, I. Dumanoglu, E. Eskut, S. Girgis, G. Gokbulut, I. Hos, E.E. Kangal, A. Kayis Topaksu, G. Onengut, K. Ozdemir, S. Ozturk³⁶, A. Polatoz, K. Sogut³⁷, D. Sunar Cerci³⁵, B. Tali³⁵, H. Topakli³⁴, D. Uzun, L.N. Vergili, M. Vergili

Middle East Technical University, Physics Department, Ankara, Turkey

I.V. Akin, T. Aliev, B. Bilin, S. Bilmis, M. Deniz, H. Gamsizkan, A.M. Guler, K. Ocalan, A. Ozpineci, M. Serin, R. Sever, U.E. Surat, E. Yildirim, M. Zeyrek

Bogazici University, Istanbul, Turkey

M. Deliomeroglu, D. Demir³⁸, E. Gülmez, B. Isildak, M. Kaya³⁹, O. Kaya³⁹, M. Özbek, S. Ozkorucuklu⁴⁰, N. Sonmez⁴¹

National Scientific Center, Kharkov Institute of Physics and Technology, Kharkov, Ukraine

L. Levchuk

University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom

F. Bostock, J.J. Brooke, T.L. Cheng, E. Clement, D. Cussans, R. Frazier, J. Goldstein, M. Grimes, D. Hartley, G.P. Heath, H.F. Heath, L. Kreczko, S. Metson, D.M. Newbold⁴², K. Nirunpong, A. Poll, S. Senkin, V.J. Smith

Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom

L. Basso⁴³, K.W. Bell, A. Belyaev⁴³, C. Brew, R.M. Brown, B. Camanzi, D.J.A. Cockerill, J.A. Coughlan, K. Harder, S. Harper, J. Jackson, B.W. Kennedy, E. Olaiya, D. Petyt, B.C. Radburn-Smith, C.H. Shepherd-Themistocleous, I.R. Tomalin, W.J. Womersley, S.D. Worm

Imperial College, London, United Kingdom

R. Bainbridge, G. Ball, J. Ballin, R. Beuselinck, O. Buchmuller, D. Colling, N. Cripps, M. Cutajar, G. Davies, M. Della Negra, W. Ferguson, J. Fulcher, D. Futyan, A. Gilbert, A. Guneratne Bryer, G. Hall, Z. Hatherell, J. Hays, G. Iles, M. Jarvis, G. Karapostoli, L. Lyons, B.C. MacEvoy, A.-M. Magnan, J. Marrouche, B. Mathias, R. Nandi, J. Nash, A. Nikitenko³¹, A. Papageorgiou, M. Pesaresi, K. Petridis, M. Pioppi⁴⁴, D.M. Raymond, S. Rogerson, N. Rompotis, A. Rose, M.J. Ryan, C. Seez, P. Sharp, A. Sparrow, A. Tapper, S. Tourneur, M. Vazquez Acosta, T. Virdee, S. Wakefield, N. Wardle, D. Wardrope, T. Whyntie

Brunel University, Uxbridge, United Kingdom

M. Barrett, M. Chadwick, J.E. Cole, P.R. Hobson, A. Khan, P. Kyberd, D. Leslie, W. Martin, I.D. Reid, L. Teodorescu

Baylor University, Waco, USA

K. Hatakeyama, H. Liu

The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, USA

C. Henderson

Boston University, Boston, USA

T. Bose, E. Carrera Jarrin, C. Fantasia, A. Heister, J. St. John, P. Lawson, D. Lazic, J. Rohlf, D. Sperka, L. Sulak

Brown University, Providence, USA

A. Avetisyan, S. Bhattacharya, J.P. Chou, D. Cutts, A. Ferapontov, U. Heintz, S. Jabeen, G. Kukartsev, G. Landsberg, M. Luk, M. Narain, D. Nguyen, M. Segala, T. Sinthuprasith, T. Speer, K.V. Tsang

University of California, Davis, Davis, USA

R. Breedon, G. Breto, M. Calderon De La Barca Sanchez, S. Chauhan, M. Chertok, J. Conway, P.T. Cox, J. Dolen, R. Erbacher, E. Friis, W. Ko, A. Kopecky, R. Lander, H. Liu, S. Maruyama, T. Miceli, M. Nikolic, D. Pellett, J. Robles, S. Salur, T. Schwarz, M. Searle, J. Smith, M. Squires, M. Tripathi, R. Vasquez Sierra, C. Veelken

University of California, Los Angeles, Los Angeles, USA

V. Andreev, K. Arisaka, D. Cline, R. Cousins, A. Deisher, J. Duris, S. Erhan, C. Farrell, J. Hauser, M. Ignatenko, C. Jarvis, C. Plager, G. Rakness, P. Schlein[†], J. Tucker, V. Valuev

University of California, Riverside, Riverside, USA

J. Babb, A. Chandra, R. Clare, J. Ellison, J.W. Gary, F. Giordano, G. Hanson, G.Y. Jeng, S.C. Kao, F. Liu, H. Liu, O.R. Long, A. Luthra, H. Nguyen, B.C. Shen[†], R. Stringer, J. Sturdy, S. Sumowidagdo, R. Wilken, S. Wimpenny

University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, USA

W. Andrews, J.G. Branson, G.B. Cerati, D. Evans, F. Golf, A. Holzner, R. Kelley, M. Lebourgeois, J. Letts, B. Mangano, S. Padhi, C. Palmer, G. Petrucciani, H. Pi, M. Pieri, R. Ranieri, M. Sani, V. Sharma, S. Simon, E. Sudano, M. Tadel, Y. Tu, A. Vartak, S. Wasserbaech⁴⁵, F. Würthwein, A. Yagil, J. Yoo

University of California, Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, USA

D. Barge, R. Bellan, C. Campagnari, M. D'Alfonso, T. Danielson, K. Flowers, P. Geffert, J. Incandela, C. Justus, P. Kalavase, S.A. Koay, D. Kovalskyi, V. Krutelyov, S. Lowette, N. Mccoll, V. Pavlunin, F. Rebassoo, J. Ribnik, J. Richman, R. Rossin, D. Stuart, W. To, J.R. Vlimant

California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA

A. Apresyan, A. Bornheim, J. Bunn, Y. Chen, M. Gataullin, Y. Ma, A. Mott, H.B. Newman, C. Rogan, K. Shin, V. Timciuc, P. Traczyk, J. Veverka, R. Wilkinson, Y. Yang, R.Y. Zhu

Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, USA

B. Akgun, R. Carroll, T. Ferguson, Y. Iiyama, D.W. Jang, S.Y. Jun, Y.F. Liu, M. Paulini, J. Russ, H. Vogel, I. Vorobiev

University of Colorado at Boulder, Boulder, USA

J.P. Cumalat, M.E. Dinardo, B.R. Drell, C.J. Edelmaier, W.T. Ford, A. Gaz, B. Heyburn, E. Luiggi Lopez, U. Nauenberg, J.G. Smith, K. Stenson, K.A. Ulmer, S.R. Wagner, S.L. Zang

Cornell University, Ithaca, USA

L. Agostino, J. Alexander, D. Cassel, A. Chatterjee, N. Eggert, L.K. Gibbons, B. Heltsley, W. Hopkins, A. Khukhunaishvili, B. Kreis, G. Nicolas Kaufman, J.R. Patterson, D. Puigh, A. Ryd, M. Saelim, E. Salvati, X. Shi, W. Sun, W.D. Teo, J. Thom, J. Thompson, J. Vaughan, Y. Weng, L. Winstrom, P. Wittich

Fairfield University, Fairfield, USA

A. Biselli, G. Cirino, D. Winn

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, USA

S. Abdullin, M. Albrow, J. Anderson, G. Apollinari, M. Atac, J.A. Bakken, L.A.T. Bauerdick, A. Beretvas, J. Berryhill, P.C. Bhat, I. Bloch, F. Borchering, K. Burkett, J.N. Butler, V. Chetluru, H.W.K. Cheung, F. Chlebana, S. Cihangir, W. Cooper, D.P. Eartly, V.D. Elvira, S. Esen, I. Fisk, J. Freeman, Y. Gao, E. Gottschalk, D. Green, K. Gunthoti, O. Gutsche, J. Hanlon, R.M. Harris, J. Hirschauer, B. Hooberman, H. Jensen, M. Johnson, U. Joshi, R. Khatiwada, B. Klima, K. Kousouris, S. Kunori, S. Kwan, C. Leonidopoulos, P. Limon, D. Lincoln, R. Lipton, J. Lykken, K. Maeshima, J.M. Marraffino, D. Mason, P. McBride, T. Miao, K. Mishra, S. Mrenna, Y. Musienko⁴⁶, C. Newman-Holmes, V. O'Dell, R. Pordes, O. Prokofyev, N. Saoulidou, E. Sexton-Kennedy, S. Sharma, W.J. Spalding, L. Spiegel, P. Tan, L. Taylor, S. Tkaczyk, L. Uplegger, E.W. Vaandering, R. Vidal, J. Whitmore, W. Wu, F. Yang, F. Yumiceva, J.C. Yun

University of Florida, Gainesville, USA

D. Acosta, P. Avery, D. Bourilkov, M. Chen, S. Das, M. De Gruttola, G.P. Di Giovanni, D. Dobur, A. Drozdetskiy, R.D. Field, M. Fisher, Y. Fu, I.K. Furic, J. Gartner, B. Kim, J. Konigsberg, A. Korytov, A. Kropivnitskaya, T. Kypreos, K. Matchev, G. Mitselmakher, L. Muniz, C. Prescott, R. Remington, A. Rinkevicius, M. Schmitt, B. Scurlock, P. Sellers, N. Skhirtladze, M. Snowball, D. Wang, J. Yelton, M. Zakaria

Florida International University, Miami, USA

V. Gaultney, L. Kramer, L.M. Lebolo, S. Linn, P. Markowitz, G. Martinez, J.L. Rodriguez

Florida State University, Tallahassee, USA

T. Adams, A. Askew, J. Bochenek, J. Chen, B. Diamond, S.V. Gleyzer, J. Haas, S. Hagopian, V. Hagopian, M. Jenkins, K.F. Johnson, H. Prosper, L. Quertenmont, S. Sekmen, V. Veeraraghavan

Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, USA

M.M. Baarmand, B. Dorney, S. Guragain, M. Hohlmann, H. Kalakhety, R. Ralich, I. Vodopiyanov

University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC), Chicago, USA

M.R. Adams, I.M. Anghel, L. Apanasevich, Y. Bai, V.E. Bazterra, R.R. Betts, J. Callner, R. Cavanaugh, C. Dragoiu, L. Gauthier, C.E. Gerber, D.J. Hofman, S. Khalatyan, G.J. Kunde⁴⁷, F. Lacroix, M. Malek, C. O'Brien, C. Silkworth, C. Silvestre, A. Smoron, D. Strom, N. Varelas

The University of Iowa, Iowa City, USA

U. Akgun, E.A. Albayrak, B. Bilki, W. Clarida, F. Duru, C.K. Lae, E. McCliment, J.-P. Merlo, H. Mermerkaya⁴⁸, A. Mestvirishvili, A. Moeller, J. Nachtman, C.R. Newsom, E. Norbeck, J. Olson, Y. Onel, F. Ozok, S. Sen, J. Wetzel, T. Yetkin, K. Yi

Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA

B.A. Barnett, B. Blumenfeld, A. Bonato, C. Eskew, D. Fehling, G. Giurciu, A.V. Gritsan, Z.J. Guo, G. Hu, P. Maksimovic, S. Rappoccio, M. Swartz, N.V. Tran, A. Whitbeck

The University of Kansas, Lawrence, USA

P. Baringer, A. Bean, G. Benelli, O. Grachov, R.P. Kenny Iii, M. Murray, D. Noonan, S. Sanders, J.S. Wood, V. Zhukova

Kansas State University, Manhattan, USA

A.F. Barfuss, T. Bolton, I. Chakaberia, A. Ivanov, S. Khalil, M. Makouski, Y. Maravin, S. Shrestha, I. Svintradze, Z. Wan

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, USA

J. Gronberg, D. Lange, D. Wright

University of Maryland, College Park, USA

A. Baden, M. Boutemour, S.C. Eno, D. Ferencek, J.A. Gomez, N.J. Hadley, R.G. Kellogg, M. Kirn, Y. Lu, A.C. Mignerey, K. Rossato, P. Rumerio, F. Santanastasio, A. Skuja, J. Temple, M.B. Tonjes, S.C. Tonwar, E. Twedt

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA

B. Alver, G. Bauer, J. Bendavid, W. Busza, E. Butz, I.A. Cali, M. Chan, V. Dutta, P. Everaerts, G. Gomez Ceballos, M. Goncharov, K.A. Hahn, P. Harris, Y. Kim, M. Klute, Y.-J. Lee, W. Li, C. Loizides, P.D. Luckey, T. Ma, S. Nahn, C. Paus, D. Ralph, C. Roland, G. Roland, M. Rudolph, G.S.F. Stephans, F. Stöckli, K. Sumorok, K. Sung, E.A. Wenger, R. Wolf, S. Xie, M. Yang, Y. Yilmaz, A.S. Yoon, M. Zanetti

University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, USA

S.I. Cooper, P. Cushman, B. Dahmes, A. De Benedetti, P.R. Duderø, G. Franzoni, J. Haupt, K. Klapoetke, Y. Kubota, J. Mans, N. Pastika, V. Rekovic, R. Rusack, M. Sasseville, A. Singovsky, N. Tambe

University of Mississippi, University, USA

L.M. Cremaldi, R. Godang, R. Kroeger, L. Perera, R. Rahmat, D.A. Sanders, D. Summers

University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, USA

K. Bloom, S. Bose, J. Butt, D.R. Claes, A. Dominguez, M. Eads, J. Keller, T. Kelly, I. Kravchenko, J. Lazo-Flores, H. Malbouisson, S. Malik, G.R. Snow

State University of New York at Buffalo, Buffalo, USA

U. Baur, A. Godshalk, I. Iashvili, S. Jain, A. Kharchilava, A. Kumar, S.P. Shipkowski, K. Smith, J. Zennamo

Northeastern University, Boston, USA

G. Alverson, E. Barberis, D. Baumgartel, O. Boeriu, M. Chasco, S. Reucroft, J. Swain, D. Trocino, D. Wood, J. Zhang

Northwestern University, Evanston, USA

A. Anastassov, A. Kubik, N. Odell, R.A. Ofierzynski, B. Pollack, A. Pozdnyakov, M. Schmitt, S. Stoynev, M. Velasco, S. Won

University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, USA

L. Antonelli, D. Berry, A. Brinkerhoff, M. Hildreth, C. Jessop, D.J. Karmgard, J. Kolb, T. Kolberg, K. Lannon, W. Luo, S. Lynch, N. Marinelli, D.M. Morse, T. Pearson, R. Ruchti, J. Slaunwhite, N. Valls, M. Wayne, J. Ziegler

The Ohio State University, Columbus, USA

B. Bylsma, L.S. Durkin, J. Gu, C. Hill, P. Killewald, K. Kotov, T.Y. Ling, M. Rodenburg, G. Williams

Princeton University, Princeton, USA

N. Adam, E. Berry, P. Elmer, D. Gerbaudo, V. Halyo, P. Hebda, A. Hunt, J. Jones, E. Laird, D. Lopes Pegna, D. Marlow, T. Medvedeva, M. Mooney, J. Olsen, P. Piroué, X. Quan, B. Safdi, H. Saka, D. Stickland, C. Tully, J.S. Werner, A. Zuranski

University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, USA

J.G. Acosta, X.T. Huang, A. Lopez, H. Mendez, S. Oliveros, J.E. Ramirez Vargas, A. Zatserklyaniy

Purdue University, West Lafayette, USA

E. Alagoz, V.E. Barnes, G. Bolla, L. Borrello, D. Bortoletto, M. De Mattia, A. Everett, A.F. Garfinkel, L. Gutay, Z. Hu, M. Jones, O. Koybasi, M. Kress, A.T. Laasanen, N. Leonardo, C. Liu, V. Marousov, P. Merkel, D.H. Miller, N. Neumeister, I. Shipsey, D. Silvers, A. Svyatkovskiy, H.D. Yoo, J. Zablocki, Y. Zheng

Purdue University Calumet, Hammond, USA

P. Jindal, N. Parashar

Rice University, Houston, USA

C. Boulahouache, K.M. Ecklund, F.J.M. Geurts, B.P. Padley, R. Redjimi, J. Roberts, J. Zabel

University of Rochester, Rochester, USA

B. Betchart, A. Bodek, Y.S. Chung, R. Covarelli, P. de Barbaro, R. Demina, Y. Eshaq, H. Flacher, A. Garcia-Bellido, P. Goldenzweig, Y. Gotra, J. Han, A. Harel, D.C. Miner, D. Orbaker, G. Petrillo, W. Sakumoto, D. Vishnevskiy, M. Zielinski

The Rockefeller University, New York, USA

A. Bhatti, R. Ciesielski, L. Demortier, K. Goulios, G. Lungu, S. Malik, C. Mesropian

Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, USA

O. Atramentov, A. Barker, D. Duggan, Y. Gershtein, R. Gray, E. Halkiadakis, D. Hidas, D. Hits, A. Lath, S. Panwalkar, R. Patel, K. Rose, S. Schnetzer, S. Somalwar, R. Stone, S. Thomas

University of Tennessee, Knoxville, USA

G. Cerizza, M. Hollingsworth, S. Spanier, Z.C. Yang, A. York

Texas A&M University, College Station, USA

R. Eusebi, W. Flanagan, J. Gilmore, A. Gurrola, T. Kamon, V. Khotilovich, R. Montalvo, I. Osipenkov, Y. Pakhotin, J. Pivarski, A. Safonov, S. Sengupta, A. Tatarinov, D. Toback, M. Weinberger

Texas Tech University, Lubbock, USA

N. Akchurin, C. Bardak, J. Damgov, C. Jeong, K. Kovitanggoon, S.W. Lee, T. Libeiro, P. Mane, Y. Roh, A. Sill, I. Volobouev, R. Wigmans, E. Yazgan

Vanderbilt University, Nashville, USA

E. Appelt, E. Brownson, D. Engh, C. Florez, W. Gabella, M. Issah, W. Johns, P. Kurt, C. Maguire, A. Melo, P. Sheldon, B. Snook, S. Tuo, J. Velkovska

University of Virginia, Charlottesville, USA

M.W. Arenton, M. Balazs, S. Boutle, B. Cox, B. Francis, R. Hirosky, A. Ledovskoy, C. Lin, C. Neu, R. Yohay

Wayne State University, Detroit, USA

S. Gollapinni, R. Harr, P.E. Karchin, P. Lamichhane, M. Mattson, C. Milstène, A. Sakharov

University of Wisconsin, Madison, USA

M. Anderson, M. Bachtis, J.N. Bellinger, D. Carlsmith, S. Dasu, J. Efron, L. Gray, K.S. Grogg, M. Grothe, R. Hall-Wilton, M. Herndon, A. Hervé, P. Klabbers, J. Klukas, A. Lanaro, C. Lazaridis, J. Leonard, R. Loveless, A. Mohapatra, F. Palmonari, D. Reeder, I. Ross, A. Savin, W.H. Smith, J. Swanson, M. Weinberg

†: Deceased

- 1: Also at CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland
- 2: Also at Universidade Federal do ABC, Santo Andre, Brazil
- 3: Also at Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechnique, IN2P3-CNRS, Palaiseau, France
- 4: Also at Suez Canal University, Suez, Egypt
- 5: Also at British University, Cairo, Egypt
- 6: Also at Fayoum University, El-Fayoum, Egypt
- 7: Also at Soltan Institute for Nuclear Studies, Warsaw, Poland
- 8: Also at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA
- 9: Also at Université de Haute-Alsace, Mulhouse, France
- 10: Also at Brandenburg University of Technology, Cottbus, Germany
- 11: Also at Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- 12: Also at Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary
- 13: Also at Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary
- 14: Also at Tata Institute of Fundamental Research - HECR, Mumbai, India
- 15: Also at University of Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan, India
- 16: Also at Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran
- 17: Also at Shiraz University, Shiraz, Iran
- 18: Also at Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran
- 19: Also at Facoltà Ingegneria Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
- 20: Also at Università della Basilicata, Potenza, Italy
- 21: Also at Laboratori Nazionali di Legnaro dell' INFN, Legnaro, Italy
- 22: Also at Università degli studi di Siena, Siena, Italy
- 23: Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA
- 24: Also at Faculty of Physics of University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia
- 25: Also at University of California, Los Angeles, Los Angeles, USA
- 26: Also at University of Florida, Gainesville, USA
- 27: Also at Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland
- 28: Also at Scuola Normale e Sezione dell' INFN, Pisa, Italy
- 29: Also at University of Athens, Athens, Greece
- 30: Also at The University of Kansas, Lawrence, USA
- 31: Also at Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, Russia
- 32: Also at Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland
- 33: Also at University of Belgrade, Faculty of Physics and Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia
- 34: Also at Gaziosmanpasa University, Tokat, Turkey
- 35: Also at Adiyaman University, Adiyaman, Turkey
- 36: Also at The University of Iowa, Iowa City, USA
- 37: Also at Mersin University, Mersin, Turkey
- 38: Also at Izmir Institute of Technology, Izmir, Turkey
- 39: Also at Kafkas University, Kars, Turkey
- 40: Also at Suleyman Demirel University, Isparta, Turkey
- 41: Also at Ege University, Izmir, Turkey
- 42: Also at Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- 43: Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom
- 44: Also at INFN Sezione di Perugia; Università di Perugia, Perugia, Italy
- 45: Also at Utah Valley University, Orem, USA
- 46: Also at Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia

47: Also at Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, USA

48: Also at Erzincan University, Erzincan, Turkey