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PASTURE COSTS FOR COWS AND CALVES GRAZING RYEGRASS + NITROGEN OR CLOVER + POTASSIUM

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Background. Both common (CM) and Coastal (CS) bermudagrass pastures have been grazed with cows and calves at 3 stocking rates (SR) at TAMU-Overton since 1969. From 1969 through 1984, annual fertilization for all pastures was 200-100-100 lbs/ac N-P₂O₅-K₂O, and both CM and CS were overseeded with ryegrass and clovers. As a component of nutrient cycling research in the fall of 1984, all SR pastures were subdivided into two additional treatments: ryegrass + N (RYG) or clover + K₂O (CLV). From fall 1984-1989, annual N rate/ac was 408-0-0 and K₂O was 0-0-114. From 1990-1996, annual N rate/ac was reduced to 253-0-0 and K₂O was 0-0-117. Cows and calves were continuously stocked from early February to late September, and all pastures were overseeded in mid- to late October. The objective of this research was to quantify pasture-animal performance from various SR x fertility regimens. This report documents pasture costs/lb suckling calf gain from each SR for a 12-year period which includes 1984-89 and 1990-96.

Research Findings. Cow-calf performance for SR of CM and CS has been reported previously (RCTR 98-1). Stocking rates have been expressed as cow-calf units (one pair = 1500 lbs). Table 1 shows the annual fertilization and seeding rates and estimates of costs per acre. Lime rate was prorated to an annual basis, but was applied at about 3-year intervals. However, from 1990-96, no additional lime was required on CLV pastures. Fertilizer and seed costs for RYG were \$150/ac (1984-89) and \$104.40/ac (1990-96). These costs for CLV were \$57.10/ac (1984-89) and \$37.55 (1990-96). Suckling calf gain for each SR pasture combination of CM and CS with either RYG or CLV ranged from 229 to 1011 lbs/ac during the 12-year period (Table 2). Cost/lb calf gain was lower on all CLV compared to RYG. However, at the high SR of CM pastures, cost/lb gain was similar between CLV and RYG. Across the 12-year period, costs/lb gain ranged from lows of \$.07 to highs of \$.31.

Application. Before selecting pasture-fertility systems, management decisions must also include associated risk and level of production required. Long-term research at TAMU-Overton has shown annual ryegrass to be more reliable (less risk) and more productive than annual clovers. In general, CS pastures result in lower cost/lb calf gain due to forage productivity during the summer. However, with a non-N pasture system, low or medium stocked CM + CLV pastures are competitive with CS pastures.

ITEM	Appl. Rate (lbs/ac)	Cost/Unit (\$)	1984-89 1990-96 \$/ac		
Ryegrass	25	40/cwt	10	10	
34-0-0	1200	200/ton	120		
34-0-0	744	200/ton		74.40	
Lime	1300	30/ton	20	20	
Total Ryegrass + N			\$150	\$104.40	
Clover	20	100/cwt	20	20	
0-0-60	190	180/ton	17.10		
0-0-60	195	180/ton		17.55	
Lime	1300	30/ton	20	0	
Total Clover + K			*\$57.10	\$37.55	

Table 1. Annual seed and fertilizer costs for bermudagrass pastures overseeded with either clover + K or ryegrass + N.

Table 2. Bermudagrass (BG) pasture costs/lb gain for suckling calves when grazed by cow-calf pair at three stocking rates (SR).

$\frac{1984 \text{ through } 1989}{\text{CLV} + \text{K Costs/Ac} = \$57.10; \text{RYG} + \text{N} = \$150}$									
ITEM	LOW SR		MED SR		HIGH SR				
<u>Common BG</u> SR (1500 lbs) Calf gain/ac (lbs) Cost/lb gain (\$)	<u>CLV+K</u> .83 371 .154	<u>RYG+N</u> .88 482 .311	<u>CLV+K</u> 1.40 568 .101	<u>RYG+N</u> 1.45 664 .226	<u>CLV+K</u> 1.92 279 .205	<u>RYG+N</u> 2.15 624 .240			
<u>Coastal BG</u> SR (1500 lbs) Calf gain/ac (lbs) Cost/lb gain (\$)	.92 446 .128	1.19 631 .238	1.50 653 .087	1.98 897 .167	2.82 709 .081	3.21 1011 .148			
$\frac{1990 \text{ through } 1996}{\text{CLV} + \text{K Costs/Ac} = \$37.55; \text{RYG} + \text{N} = \$104.40}$									
<u>Common BG</u> SR (1500 lbs) Calf gain/ac (lbs) Cost/lb gain (\$)	.70 304 .124	.80 390 .268	1.23 446 .084	1.32 564 .185	1.97 229 .164	2.18 563 .185			
<u>Coastal BG</u> SR (1500 lbs) Calf gain/ac (lbs) Cost/lb gain (\$)	.79 390 .096	.98 494 .211	1.23 490 .077	1.61 716 .146	2.35 514 .073	2.76 645 .162			