



## Open Archive TOULOUSE Archive Ouverte (OATAO)

OATAO is an open access repository that collects the work of Toulouse researchers and makes it freely available over the web where possible.

This is an author-deposited version published in : <http://oatao.univ-toulouse.fr/>  
Eprints ID : 11863

**To cite this version** : Brault, Romain and Germaneau, Arnaud and Mistou, Sébastien and Doumalin, Pascal and Dupré, Jean-Christophe and Fazzini, Marina Warping section analysis by numerical modelling and volume measurements techniques. (2014)  
In: 17th International Conference on Composite Structures - ICCS17, 17 June 2013 - 21 June 2013 (Porto, Portugal).

Any correspondence concerning this service should be sent to the repository administrator: [staff-oatao@listes-diff.inp-toulouse.fr](mailto:staff-oatao@listes-diff.inp-toulouse.fr)

## WARPING SECTION ANALYSIS BY NUMERICAL MODELLING AND VOLUME MEASUREMENTS TECHNIQUES

**R. BRAULT, A. GERMANEAU, P. DOUMALIN, J.C. DUPRÉ, M. FAZZINI and S. MISTOU**

*LGP/ENIT*

*47 Avenue Azereix BP 1629, 65016 TARBES CEDEX, France*

*romain.brault@enit.fr*



ICCS17 Conference, Porto 17-20/06/2013



# OUTLINE

- **Problematics**
- **Analytical theories**
- **Numerical approach**
- **Experimental visualization**
- **Conclusion & perspectives**

# CONTEXT

- PhD work
- LGP/ENIT, Tarbes, France
- P' Institute, Poitiers, France

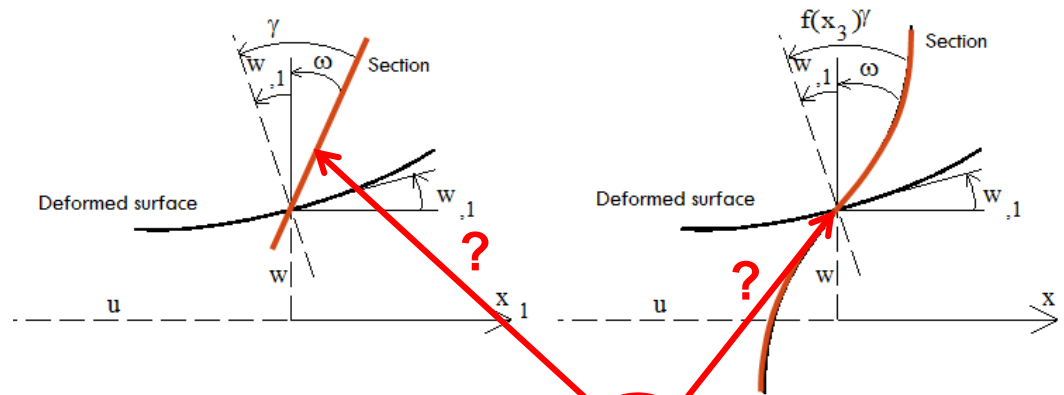


## SUBJECT

- Composite mechanical behavior analysis
- Transverse shear & warping section
- X-ray tomography measurements
- Digital Volume Correlation (DVC)

# OBJECTIVES

- Warping section in composite : 3D study
  - Validity of analytical theories ?
  - Homogeneous thickness distribution ?



$$\mathbf{u} \begin{cases} u_i = u_i^0 - x_3 u_{3,i}^0 + f(x_3)'_{i3}, & i = 1, 2, \\ u_3 = u_3^0, \end{cases}$$

## PROBLEMATICS

- Comparison of transverse shear functions  $f(x_3)$  ?
  - Polynomial, cubic, sinus, exponential, etc...?
  - Different validation cases
  - Measurements accuracy

# PROBLEMATICS

- Numerical modelling of and visualization of warping ?
  - Boundary conditions
  - Influence of bending supports



# PROBLEMATICS

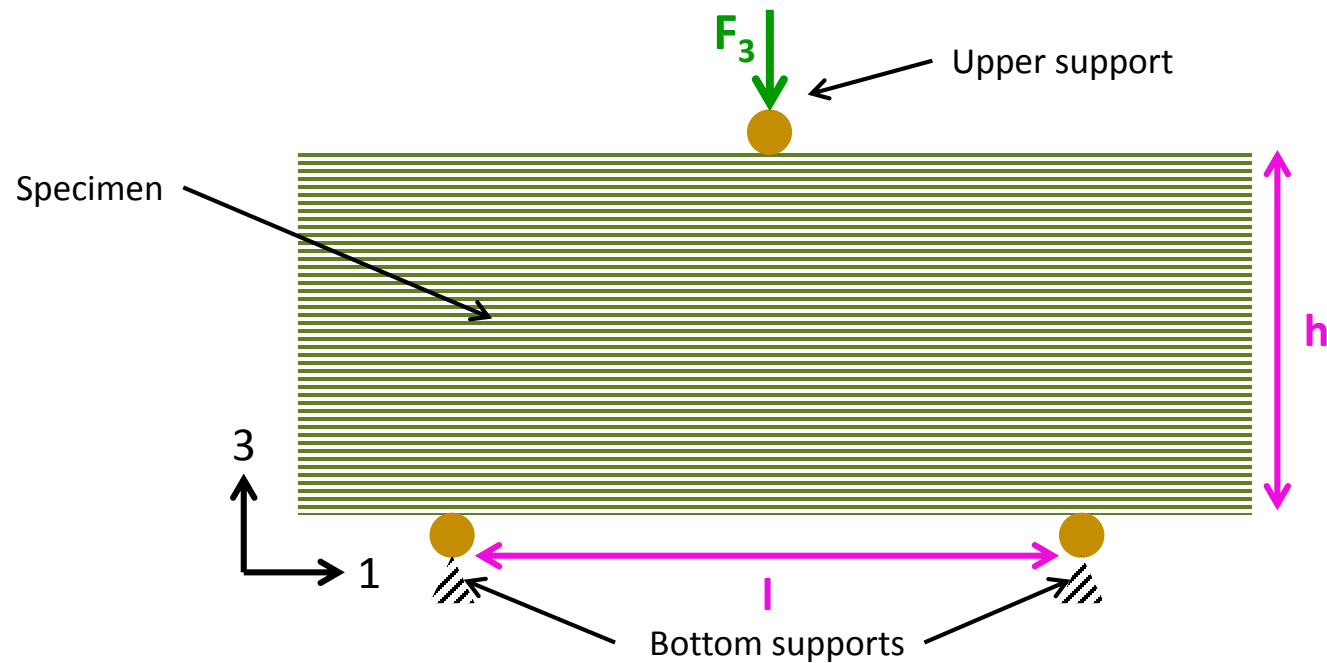
- X- $\mu$ CT & composite materials ?
  - Internal natural contrast
  - Interest of markers
  - Specimen volume & spatial resolution

# PROBLEMATICS

- **Digital volume correlation & composite materials ?**
  - Markers influence on specimen behavior
  - In-situ loading system development
  - Measurements accuracy

# THREE-POINT BENDING CASE

- Analytical solve : (Dufort, 2000)



# TRANSVERSE SHEAR FUNCTIONS

## ■ Use of 6 kind of theories $f(x_3)$

$f(x_3) = 0$  Kirchoff – Love  $\longrightarrow$  No transverse shear

$f(x_3) = x_3$  Reissner – Mindlin  $\longrightarrow$  Linear

$f(x_3) = x_3 \left(1 - \frac{4x_3^2}{3h^2}\right)$  Reddy  $\longrightarrow$  Cubic

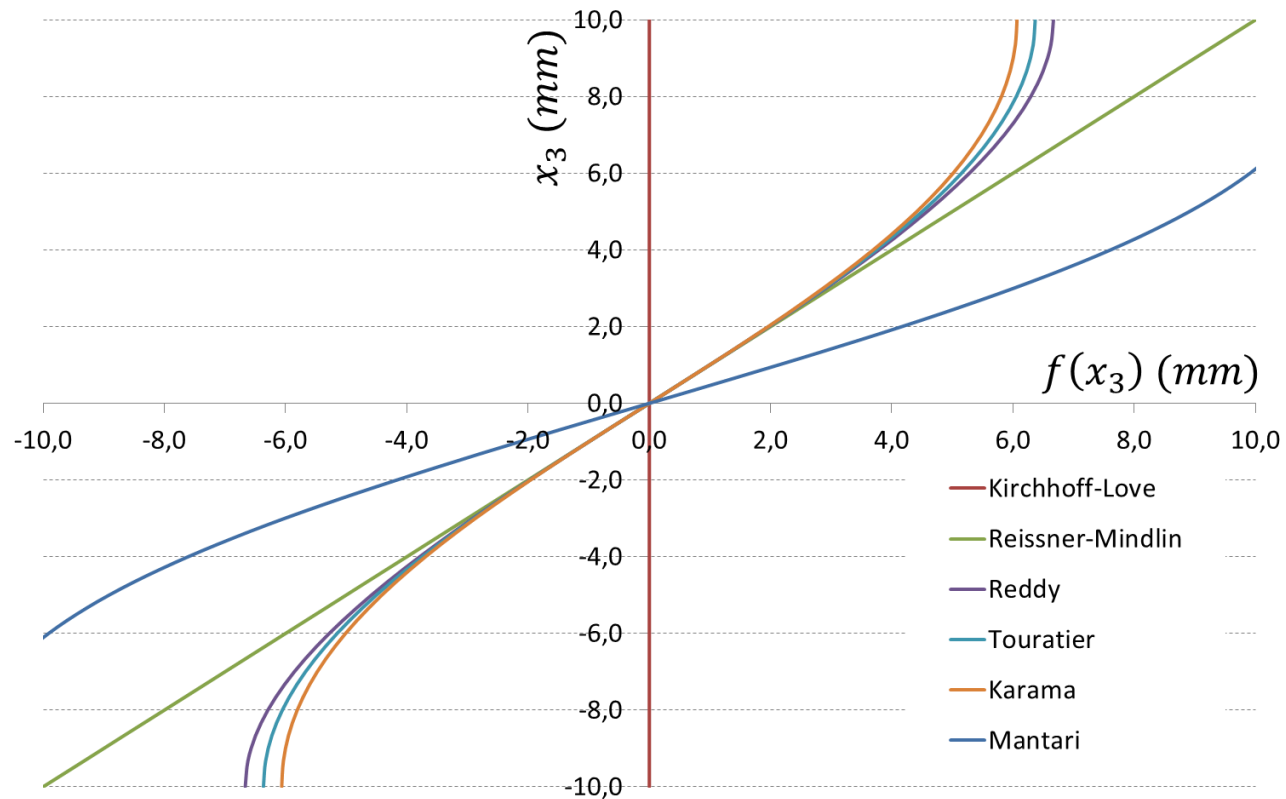
$f(x_3) = \frac{h}{\pi} \sin\left(\frac{\pi x_3}{h}\right)$  Touratier  $\longrightarrow$  Sinus

$f(x_3) = x_3 e^{-2(x_3/h)^2}$  Karama  $\longrightarrow$  Exponential

$f(x_3) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi x_3}{h}\right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi x_3}{h}\right)} + \frac{\pi}{2h} x_3$  Mantari  $\longrightarrow$  Sinus/Exponential/Cosinus

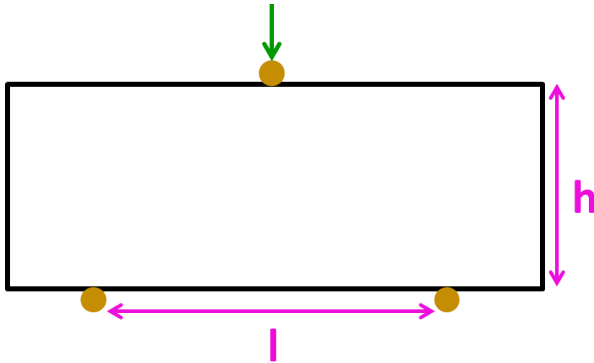
# TRANSVERSE SHEAR FUNCTIONS

- Use of 6 kind of theories  $f(x_3)$



# TRANSVERSE SHEAR FUNCTIONS

- Three cases of structures



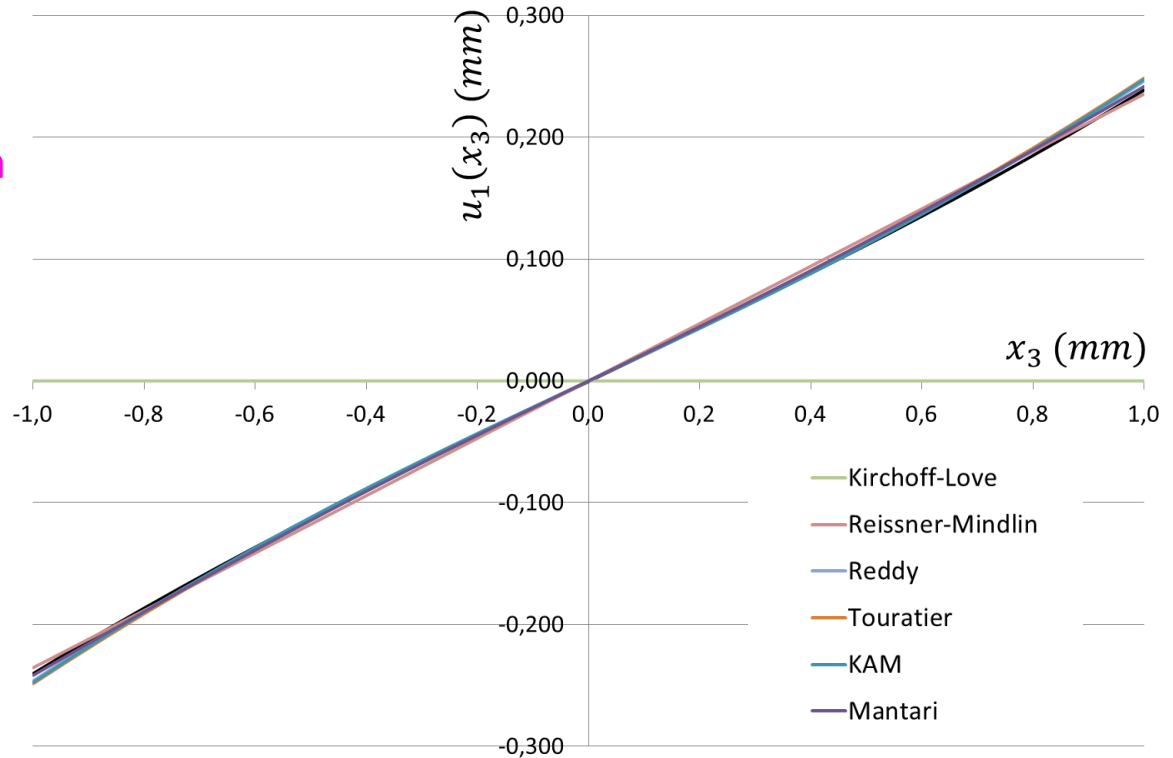
$l/h = 12.5$

$l = 25\text{mm}$

$h = 2\text{mm}$

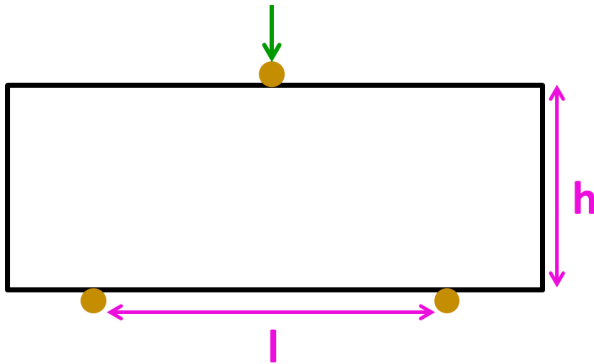
$E_{11} = 140\text{ GPa}$

$G_{13} = 3.5\text{ GPa}$



# TRANSVERSE SHEAR FUNCTIONS

- Three cases of structures



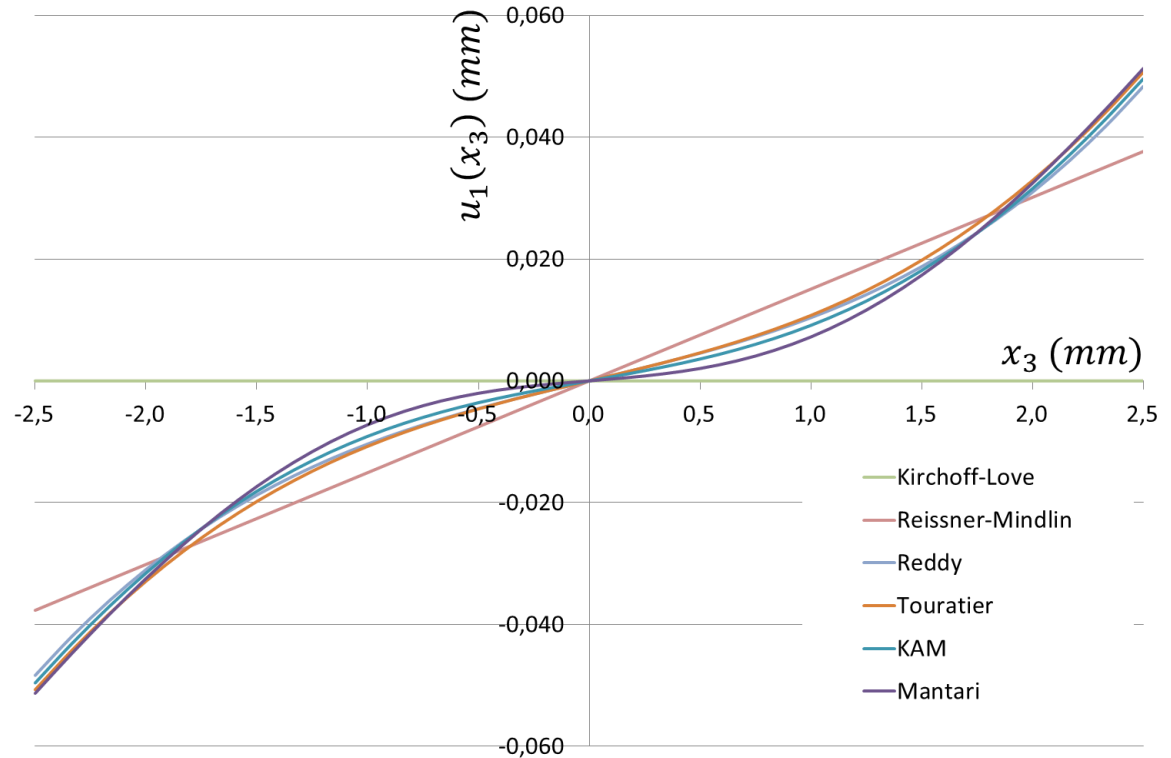
$l/h = 5$

$l = 25\text{mm}$

$h = 5\text{mm}$

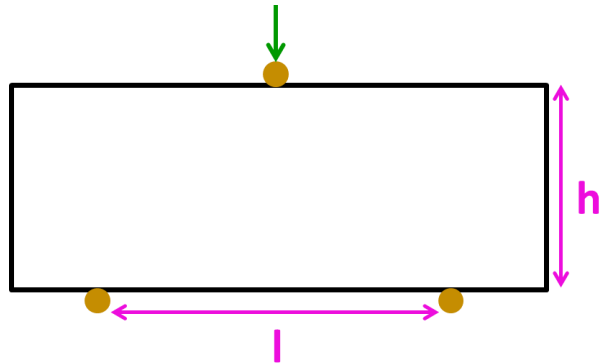
$E_{11} = 140\text{ GPa}$

$G_{13} = 3.5\text{ GPa}$



# TRANSVERSE SHEAR FUNCTIONS

- Three cases of structures



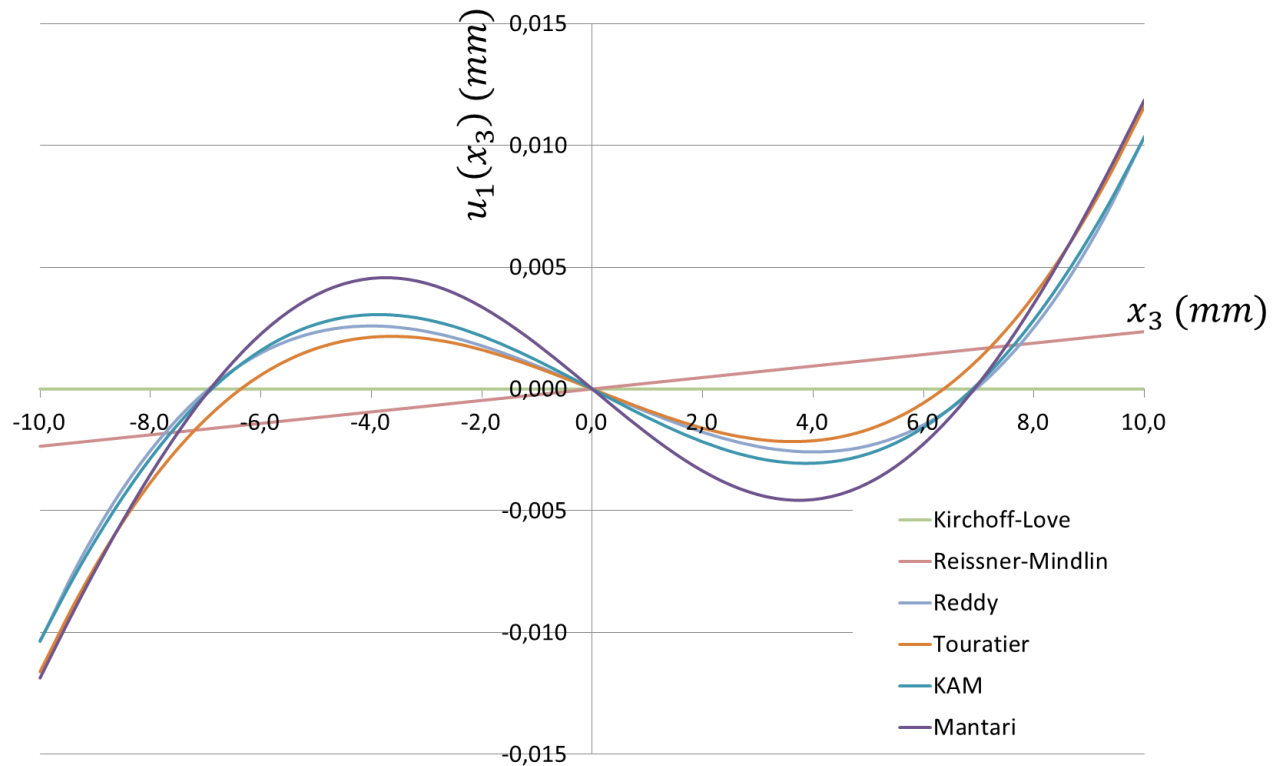
$l/h = 1.25$

$l = 25\text{mm}$

$h = 20\text{mm}$

$E_{11} = 140\text{ GPa}$

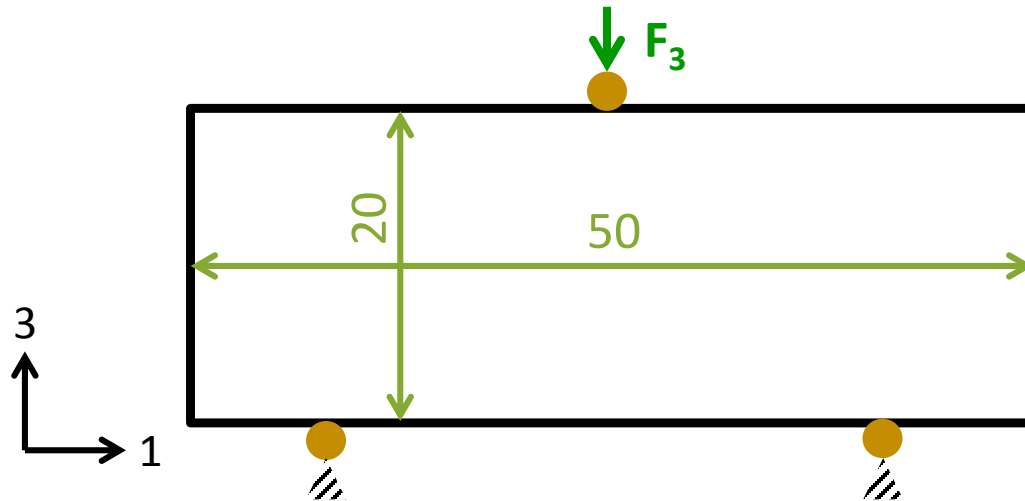
$G_{13} = 3.5\text{ GPa}$





# THREE-POINTS BENDING TESTING

- Transverse shear effects visualization
- Simple specimen geometry



# NUMERICAL MODELLING

## ■ 2D plane stress modelling

$l/h = 1.25$

$l = 25\text{mm}$

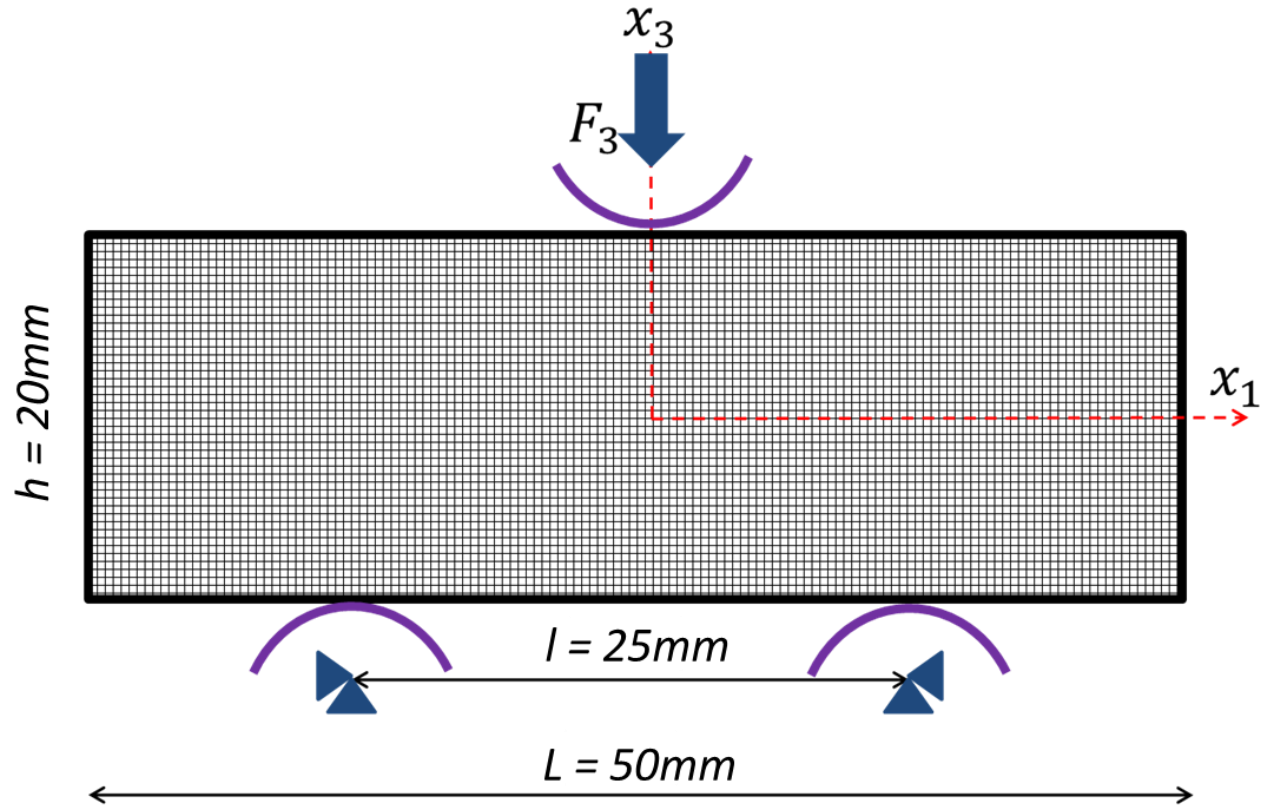
$h = 20\text{mm}$

$E_{11} = 140\text{ GPa}$

$G_{13} = 3.5\text{ Gpa}$

4000 Elements CPS8R

Abaqus CAE



# NUMERICAL MODELLING

## ■ FEM : Reference results

$l/h = 1.25$

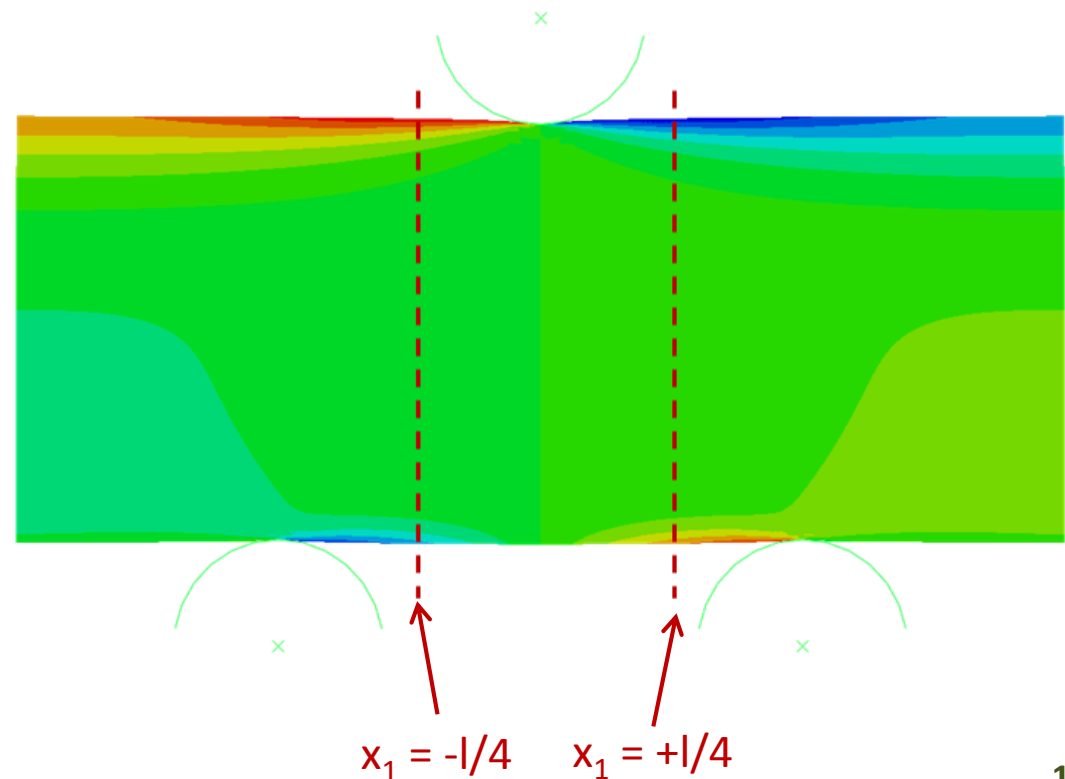
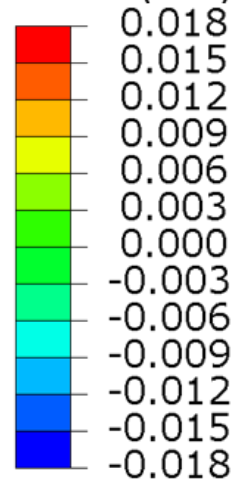
$l = 25\text{mm}$

$h = 20\text{mm}$

$E_{11} = 140\text{ GPa}$

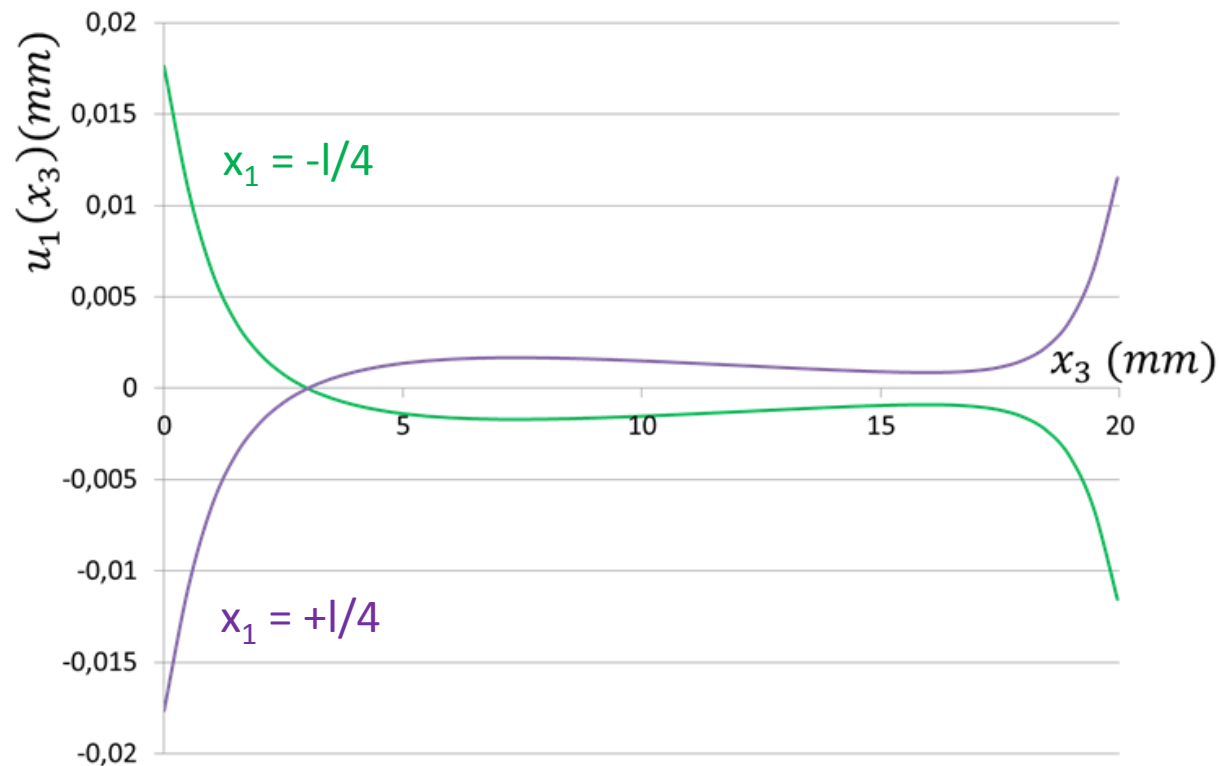
$G_{13} = 3.5\text{ Gpa}$

U, U1 (mm)



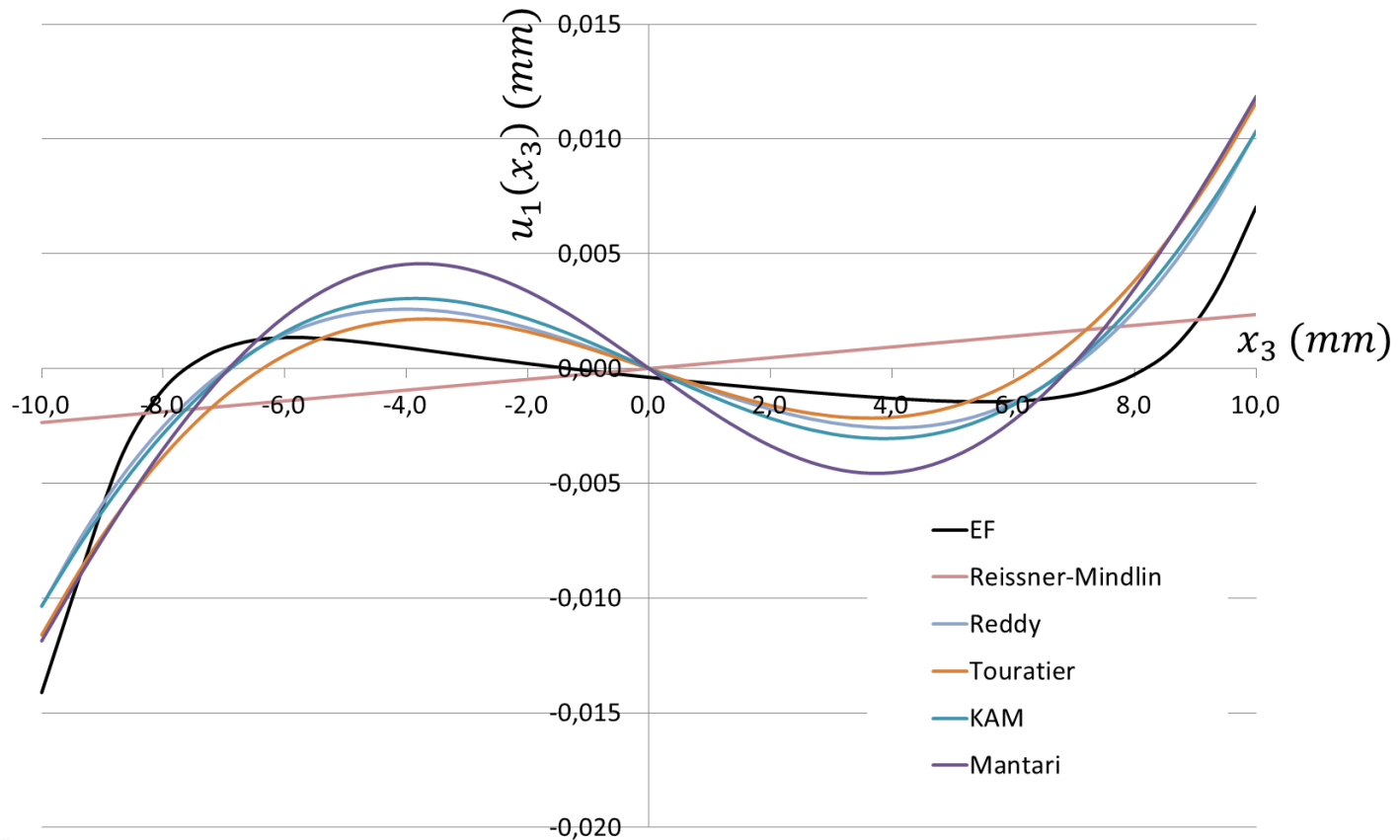
# NUMERICAL MODELLING

## ■ FEM : Reference results



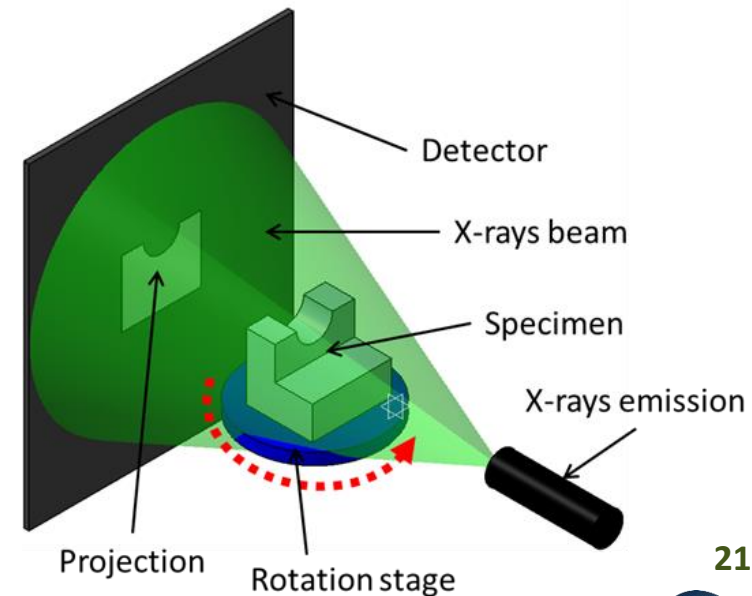
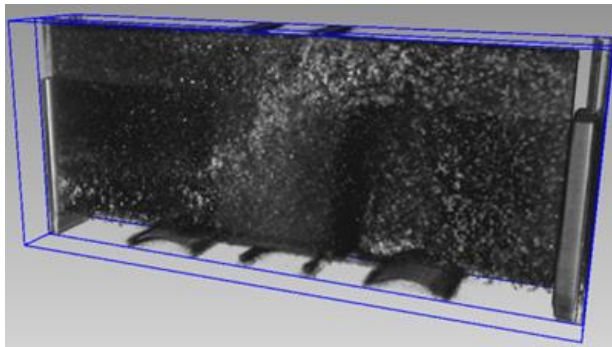
# NUMERICAL MODELLING

## ■ FEM versus Analytical results



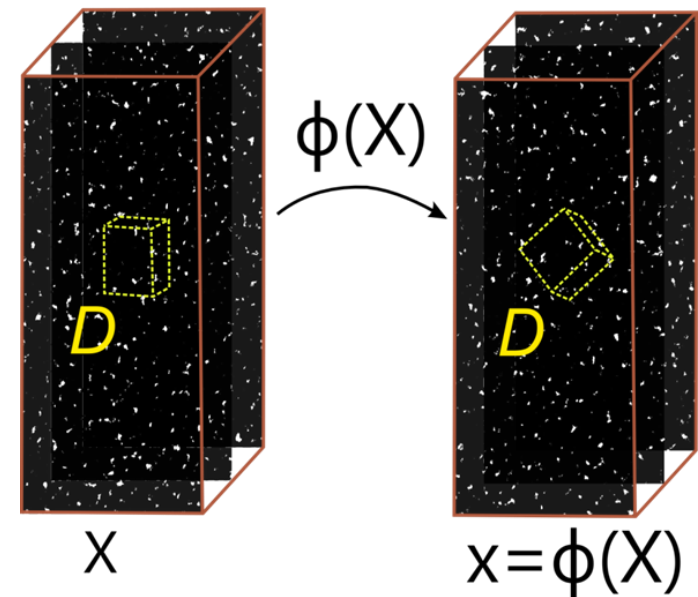
# X-RAYS M-COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY

- X-rays transmission through materials
- Reconstruction of radiographies
- Long time acquisitions



# DIGITAL VOLUME CORRELATION

- Extension of DIC (2D)
- Metallic markers
- Full 3D displacements
- Variation of voxels grey levels



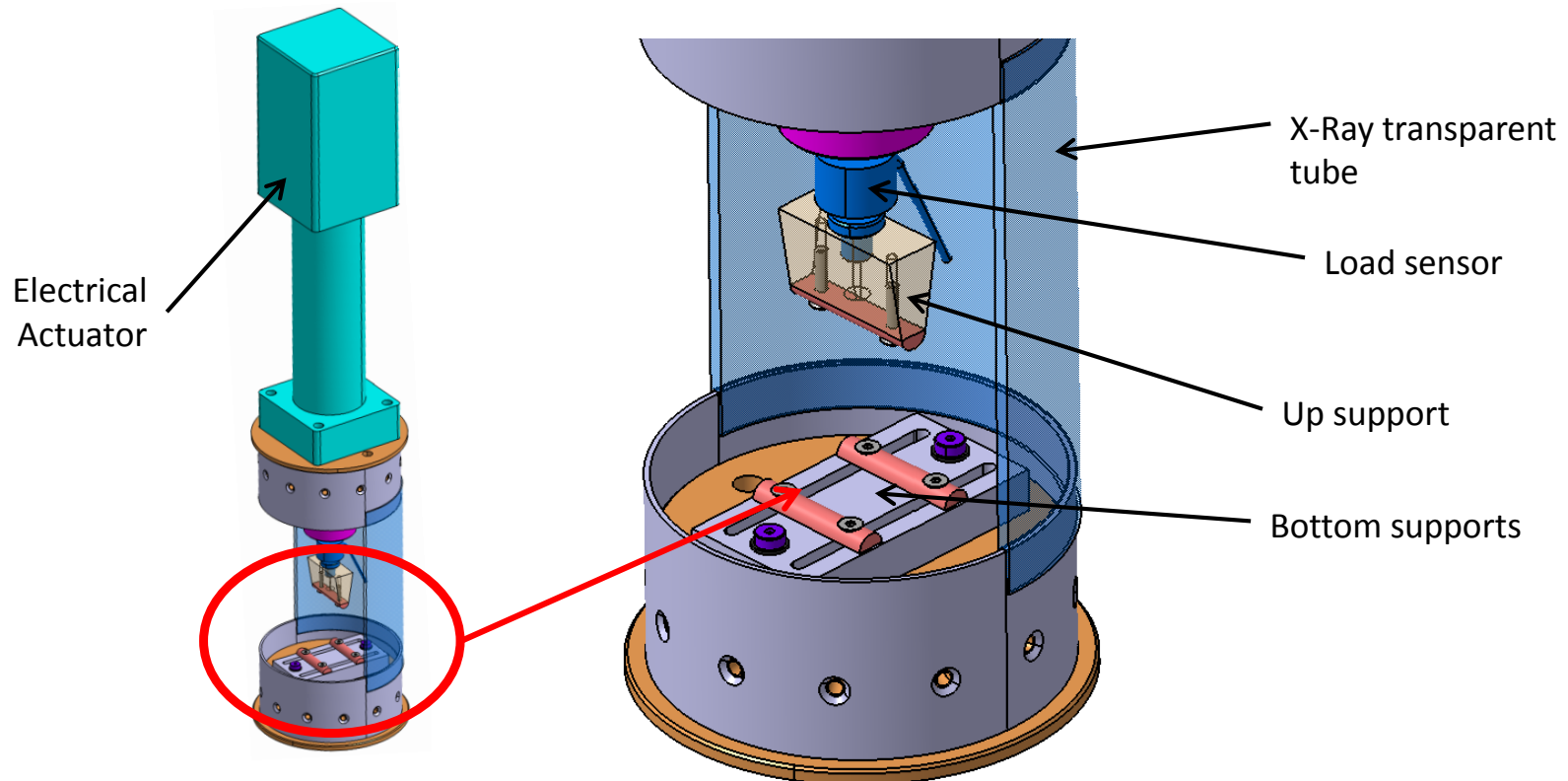
# IN-SITU LOADING SYSTEM

- Specific Characteristics
  - 130x130x200 mm available
  - 15 kN load capacity
  - 50 mm actuator travel



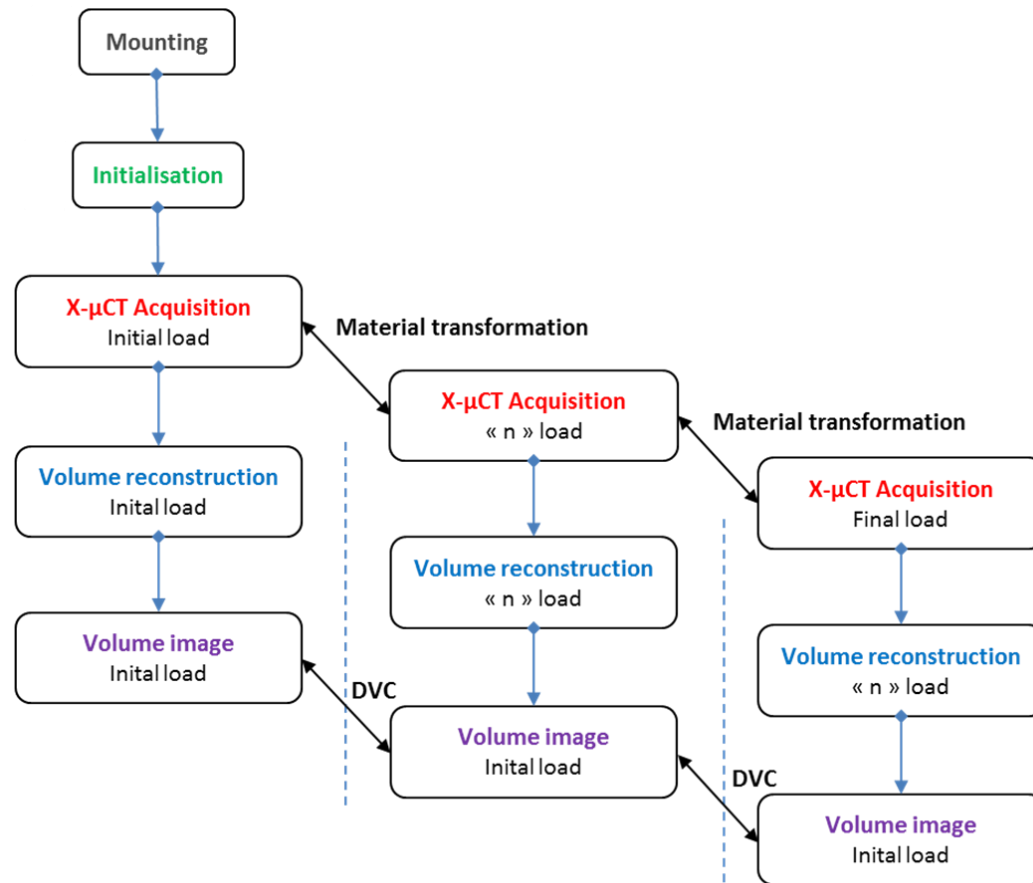
# IN-SITU LOADING SYSTEM

- FEM versus Analytical results



# EXPERIMENTAL PROTOCOL

- 5 steps experimental protocol

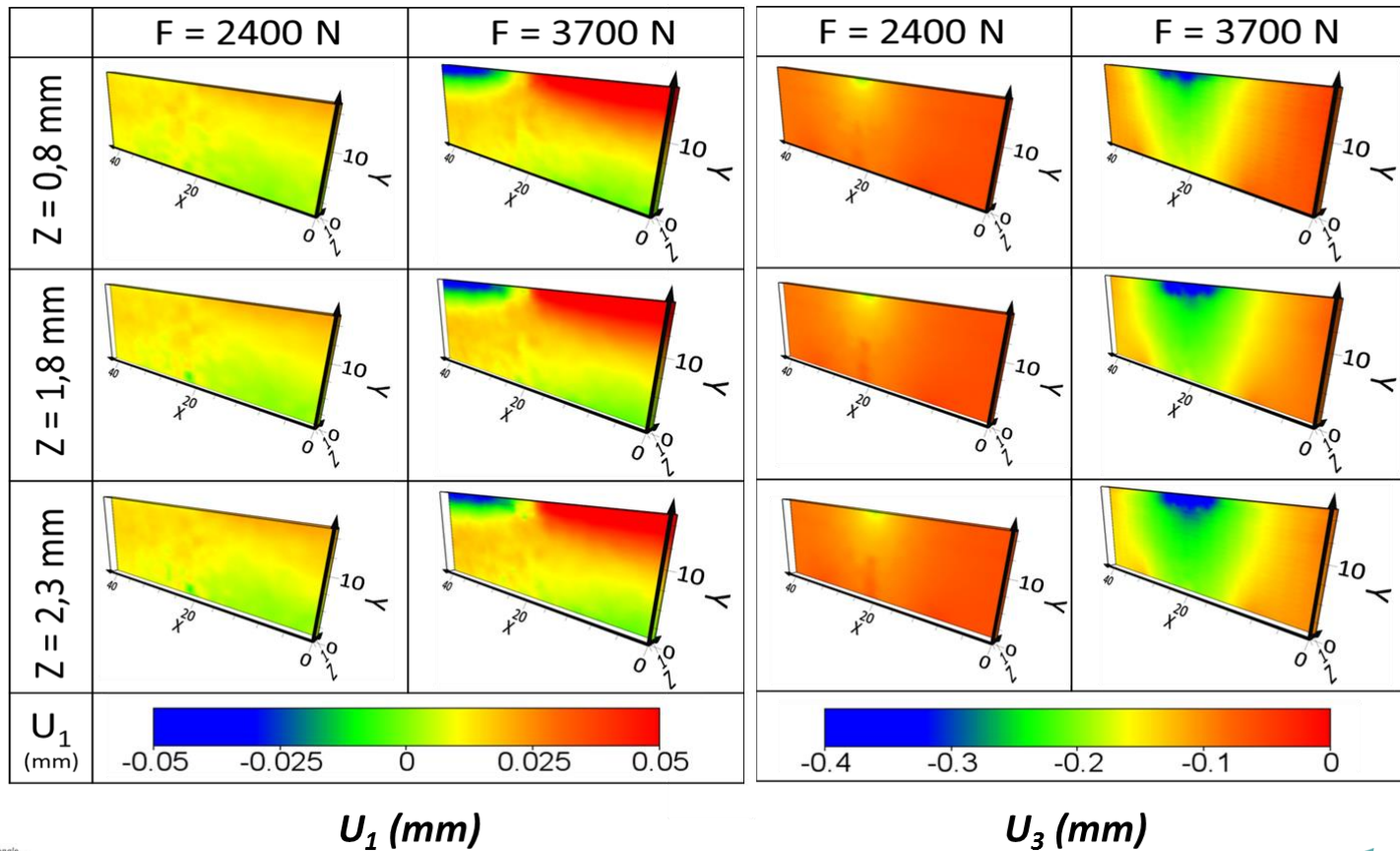


## EXPERIMENTAL APPLICATION

- Bending tests sample
- Materials : T700/4090 (carbon/epoxy)
- 5 load steps, between 0 and 2200 N
- Complete acquisition time : 3,5h

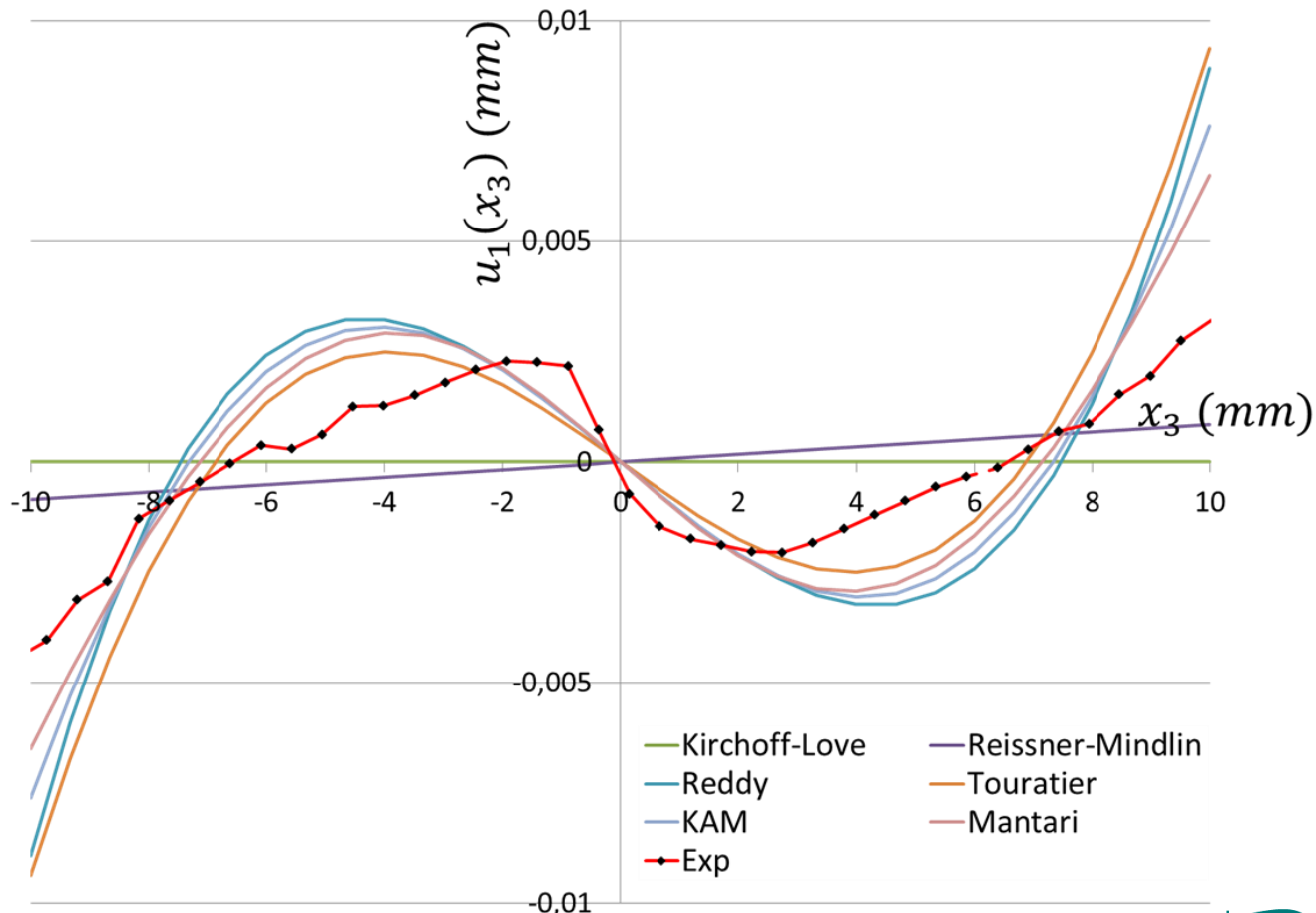
# RESULTS

## Volume displacement fields



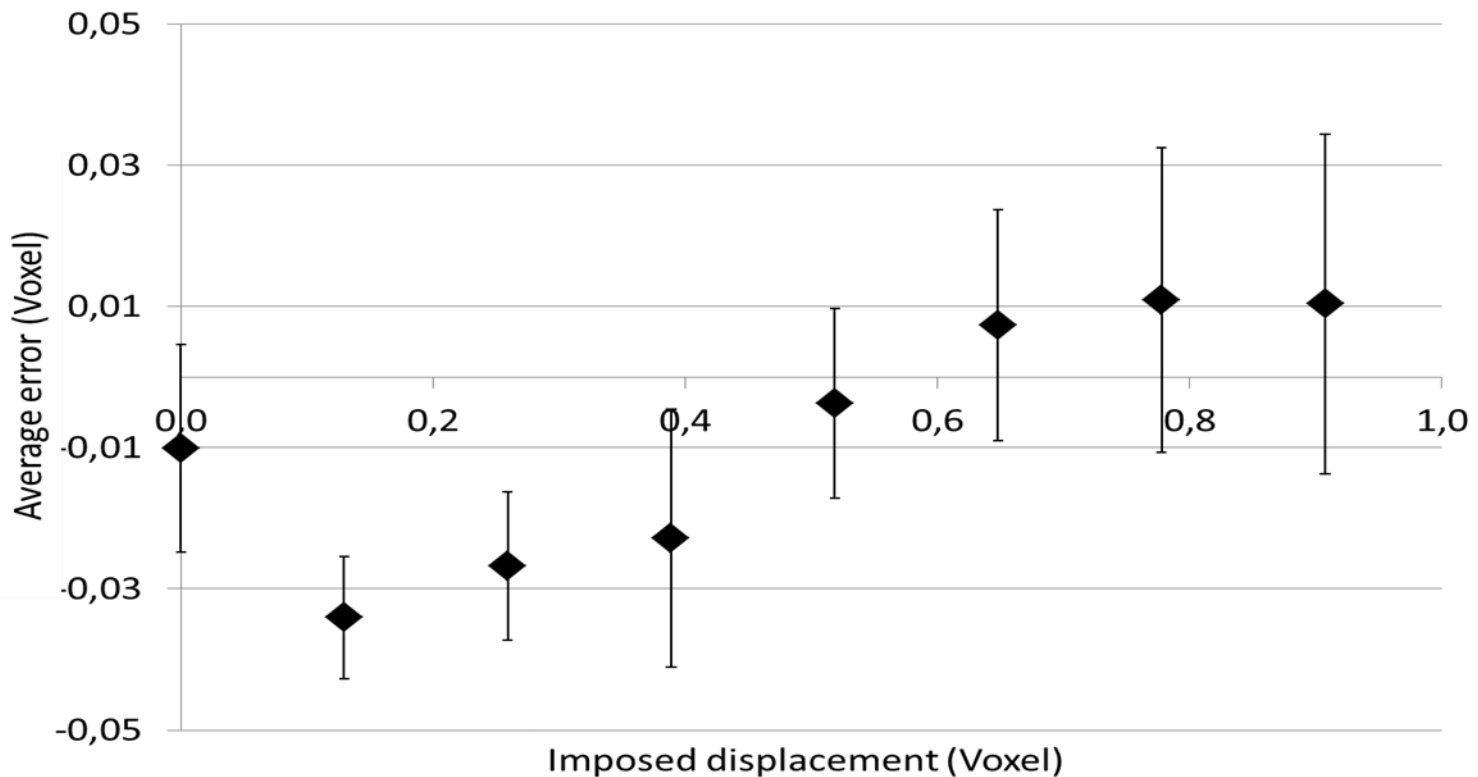
# COMPARISON OF RESULTS

- Analytical + FEM + Volume measurements



# ACCURACY ASSESSEMENT

- Measurements of imposed rigid body displacements



## CONCLUSIONS

- Application of DVC & X- $\mu$ CT on composite specimens
- Innovant *in-situ* testing device development
- Validation of the experimental procedure
- Good comparison of experimental results
- Validation of refined theories for high warping cases

## PERSPECTIVES

- Identification of function  $f(x_3)$  from experimental data
- Analysis of different cases by the experimental way
- Application of protocol on industrial structures
- Use volume measurement for mechanical properties

identification



# Thanks for your attention.