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Comprehensive engagement manual, Volume 2: Documentation, part I

George Marthinuss

Luis E. Cabrera

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VOLUME 2: Documentation Part I

Comprehensive Engagement Manual

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VOLUME 2: Documentation Part I

Comprehensive Engagement Manual

Authors: George Marthinuss, CPA Luis E. Cabrera, CPA AICPA

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AICPA INTEGRATED PRACTICE SYSTEM COMPREHENSIVE ENGAGEMENT MANUAL

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INTRODUCTION

9.000 PURPOSE

9.001 Volumes 2 and 3 of the *Comprehensive Engagement Manual* contain the documentation for use on audit, review, and compilation engagements. Volume 2 is referred to as *Documentation—Part II*, and Volume 3 is *Documentation—Part II*. The *Engagement Performance* volume (Vol. 1) contains guidance for their use. The engagement documentation included in Volumes 2 and 3 should be modified to comply with the firm's quality control policies and procedures and to fit the circumstances of each engagement.

Application

9.002 These volumes contain documentation designed primarily for accounting and auditing engagements for accrual basis, nonpublic commercial and industrial corporations. Some of the documentation will require modification and supplementation for use by clients in specialized businesses and industries.

9.100 ENGAGEMENT DOCUMENTATION PACKAGES

- **9.101** To facilitate staff's selection and use of the documentation in these volumes, engagement documentation packages should be prepared as follows:
 - Large audit engagements.
 - Small audit engagements.
 - Review engagements.
 - Full-disclosure compilation engagements.
 - Disclosures-omitted compilation engagements.
- **9.102** A complete documentation package should be obtained by the in-charge for use during the engagement planning. Any unused documentation should be returned to the office for future use.
- **9.103** Individual copies of correspondence forms, illustrative working papers, Tests of Controls Programs, and certain other documentation, as considered necessary, should be prepared and filed for easy staff access and use.

9.103

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DOCUMENTATION MATERIALS FOR AUDIT, REVIEW, AND COMPILATION ENGAGEMENTS

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DOCUMENTATION MATERIALS FOR AUDIT, REVIEW, AND COMPILATION ENGAGEMENTS

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As discussed in Chapter 3, section 3.500, the sampling guidance in this Manual has been revised to make it easier to comply with the requirements of SAS No. 39, *Audit Sampling*. Accordingly, the following forms appearing in the prior edition of this Manual have been deleted: (1) Sampling Decisions Working Paper, (2) Sample Size Selection and Evaluation Form, (3) Attributes Sampling Summary Form, and (4) Nonstatistical Sample Size Selection Matrix—Tests of Controls.

As discussed in Chapter 3, section 3.310, the guidance and documentation for computer processing and service organization controls have been revised to enhance efficiency and to better reflect today's computer environment. Accordingly, the following forms appearing in the prior edition of this Manual have been deleted and replaced with new forms: (1) Small Business Microcomputer Installation Survey Form, (2) Initial Survey of EDP Controls—General Controls, (3) Initial Survey of EDP Controls—In-House System, and (4) Initial Survey of EDP Controls—Service Center-Produced Records Parts I and II.

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-

Client Acceptance and Continuance Form — Part I				
Chefit Acceptance and Co	minuance Form — 1 art 1			
Client:				
Financial Statement Date:				
INSTRUCTIONS:				
Part I: Part I of this form should be completed for all prospective clients for which audit, review, or compilation services are to be performed. The form should be completed by the in-charge and approved by the engagement partner as a basis for initially accepting the client. Part I should be updated and reviewed annually as a basis for deciding to retain the client.				
Part II: Part II of this form should be condocument the firm's decision to either acce	expression mpleted by the engagement partner and concurring partner to express or reject the client.			
CLIENT'S LEGAL NAME:				
ADDRESS:				
PHONE:				
·				
FEDERAL I.D. NO.: STATE I.D. NO.:				
1. Describe the nature of the client's busine	ess (and locations, if other than above address):			

10.000

2. Circle the type of entity (corporation, S corporation, pr	oprietorship, part	nership, LLC	, or LLP):
<u> </u>			
3. List key owners, officers, and directors of the client:			
Name	% Owned	Position	Family Relationship
			<u> </u>
			<u> </u>
4. Identify any related businesses or individuals:			
Name	Nature o	of Relationship	2
5. Identify the client's predecessor accountants:			
Name:			
Address:	<u>.</u>		
Phone:	-		
Contact person:			

6 .]	6. Indicate the results of our inquiries of the predecessor accountants regarding the following:						
i	a.	Reasons for change of accountants:					
1	b.	Integrity of management and owners:					
(c.	Disagreements	s on accounting princ	iples and auditing, re	eview, or c	compilation	procedures:
(đ.	Fee disputes:					
7.	De		nt's relationships with				
·		Ir	nstitution	Type of A or Loan		Account E	executive & Phone
\vdash							
		···					
_	Res	sults of inquirie	es:				
8. 1	— De	scribe the serv	ices to be provided: _				
•							
		Service	Monthly	How Often? Quarterly	Annua	ally	Report Deadlines
<u> </u>							

9. Will the financial statements and reports be used for high-risk purposes, e.g., reports to regulatory agencies, to obtain or renew significant amounts of credit, or performance bonding, or for sale of the business? If so, describe:
10. Read the latest financial statements and tax returns and indicate any unusual items:
,
11. Describe any potential going-concern problems:
12. Identify the client's legal counsel:
Name:
Address:
Phone:
Contact Person:
Results of inquiries:

13.	State name(s) of other third parties contacted and results thereof concerning management's and owners' reputation, attitude, ability, and integrity:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
14.	Describe any significant engagement performance, accounting, or tax problems with which we should be concerned:
-2	
15.	Describe any pending litigation against the client or its principals:
16.	Describe the fee billing arrangements:
17.	Describe any potential independence problems with respect to the client:

8/95

• • •	at have come to our attention that would have caused u	
	them at the time of our initial acceptance of this client:	s to reje
	and the same of our minute accoptance of this choice.	
	-	
		
	19 19 19 19	19.
Prepared or updated by:		
In-charge		
Reviewed by:		
Engagement Partner		

	Client Acceptance and Continuance Form — Part II					
	Client:					
	Financial Statement Date:					
		Voc	No			
1	Is there any reason to doubt the integrity of management or owners?	Yes	No □			
	Are we aware of any significant disagreements between management		_			
۷.	or owners and the predecessor accountant?					
3.	Does there appear to be any potential fee collection problems?					
4.	Are the client's needs beyond our capabilities or staffing abilities?					
5.	Are we aware of any independence problems that may affect our ability to meet the client's needs?					
6.	Are there high-risk factors related to the engagement that may affect our decision to accept the client?					
7.	Is there a potential problem with management or owners not fully understanding the limitations of the services to be provided (for example, management's expectation that we will be responsible for the detection of fraud)?					
	or any "Yes" answers, explain how we plan to mitigate the problem (for example, perienced personnel to the engagement, using outside consultants, obtaining a retain s.):		_			
L						
L			,			
Ac	cceptance Decision:					
	s No					
En	gagement Partner: Date:					
Co	oncurring Partner: Date:					

Note:

If you are using the All-Substantive Approach rather than the ABC System, do not use the next three forms, i.e., INTERNAL CONTROLS QUESTIONNAIRE, RISK OF POTENTIAL MISSTATE-MENTS EVALUATION FORM, and PLANNING MATRIX; rather, use the ALL-SUBSTANTIVE APPROACH QUESTIONNAIRE in Section 10.200, then go to Section 10.300 — Audit Planning Memorandum.

10.000

10.100 INTERNAL CONTROLS QUESTIONNAIRE

Use of Questionnaire

This Questionnaire should be completed for all engagements using the ABC System. It is divided into the following sections:

- I. Cash.
- II. Accounts receivable confirmations and alternative procedures, and sales cutoff.
- III. Vouching and inspecting fixed assets, search for unrecorded liabilities, purchases cutoff, and expense account analysis.
- IV. Payroll tests.
- V. Part I Physical inventory observation, and pricing and clerical tests—no perpetual inventory records.
- V. Part II Physical inventory observation, and pricing and clerical tests—perpetual inventory records.
- VI. All areas.

Each of the six sections is further divided into three levels: Accounting System (System C); Primary Controls (System B); and Secondary Controls (System A).

System C will result in control risk being assessed at the maximum or slightly below the maximum for most financial statement assertions. The absence of significant aspects of an effective accounting system may mean the client's system is not auditable or that significant reconstruction of records must take place before the audit begins.

System B includes an adequate accounting system and significant primary control procedures, which allows control risk to be assessed at a moderate level for some financial statement assertions.

System A has a well-designed control environment, accounting system, and primary and secondary control policies and procedures. This system allows control risk to be assessed at a moderate or low level.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Whenever possible, the Internal Controls Questionnaire should be completed by the client. This questionnaire should be used to select the standard system classification and the related Tests of Controls Programs for each major audit area.

If a client's records and procedures consist only of an accounting system and few significant control procedures, the system should be classified as a System C. As a result, control risk for the related financial statement assertions would be assessed at the maximum or slightly below the maximum.

Existence of an accounting system and primary and secondary control procedures (System A) allows control risk to be assessed at a moderate or low level for the related financial statement assertions. Consequently, these systems allow for maximum opportunities for tests of controls and resulting lower levels of tests of balances.

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INTERNAL CONTROLS QUESTIONNAIRE (Continued)

The existence of an accounting system and significant primary control procedures, but no significant secondary control procedures (System B) allows for assessment of control risk at a moderate level and, therefore, requires some tests of controls. These lower assessed levels of control risk allow for reductions in the related Test of Balances Program.

The client's systems may contain owner or manager controls. The term "manager", as used in this questionnaire, describes a person performing internal verification functions. That person may be the owner, a general manager, controller, bookkeeper, foreman, or other employee.

The systems selected in this questionnaire should be transferred to the Planning Matrix.

10.100

	Internal Controls	Qı	iestionnaire		S	ectio	n I

MA	AJOR AUDIT AREA:	Cas	sh.				
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES:	1. 2.	Collections. Payments.				
IN'	TERNAL CONTROL PRO	CED	URES:				•
				Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
	nswers to questions should b lections and from Section II		insferred from Section II for payments.)				
AC	COUNTING SYSTEM CO	TNC	ROLS (SYSTEM C)				
Co	llections						
1.	A balancing cash receipts j	jouri	nal is maintained.				
2.	* *		ts receivable by customer are tickets, remittance advices,				
3.	Over-the-counter receipts sales or receipt tickets, or		controlled by prenumbered register tapes.				
4.	Cash receipts are deposited	inta	act.				
5.	Cash receipts are deposited required.	in s	eparate bank accounts, when				
6.	The individual(s) who ope receipts before the cash is		ne mail makes a log of cash ed to others.		Salahan Mass		
7	Sales invoices and credit m	nem <i>c</i>	os are premimhered				

		Personnel	<u> Yes</u>	No	N/A
Pay	yments				
1.	A balancing cash disbursements journal is maintained.	•			
2.	Cash disbursements are made by check (except for petty cash).				
3.	Cash disbursements are supported by vendors' invoices or other external documents.				
4.	Bank reconciliations are prepared for all accounts.		- —		
PR	IMARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM B)				
Co	llections				
1.	A restrictive endorsement is placed on all checks when received.				
2.	Cash receipts are deposited intact, daily.				
3.	Over-the-counter receipts are controlled by a cash register or prenumbered sales or receipts tickets.				
4.	Cash receipts are recorded in the receipts journal as received.	·	-		
5.	Persons directly receiving cash are independent of general ledger, cash receipts journal, and accounts receivable subsidiary ledger posting functions.		<u>.</u>		·
6.	The bank reconciliation is prepared by the owner or manager or someone independent of the cash receipts function.				
7.	The cash receipts are posted to an accounts receivable subsidiary ledger.				
8.	The subledger is posted, balanced and reconciled to the general ledger monthly.		<u> </u>		
9.	Cash discounts are approved by the owner or manager.				

	•	Personnel	<u>r es</u>	NO	_N/A
10.	Voided receipt forms, sales invoices, and credit memos are adequately defaced and are retained.	***************************************			
Pa	yments				
1.	All checks are signed by the owner or manager.				
2.	The check signer compares data on supporting documents to checks.				-
3.	Checks are recorded in the disbursements journal or other record as prepared.				
4.	Checks are prenumbered and accounted for.				
5.	An imprest petty cash fund is in use.				
6.	All invoices are approved for payment by the owner or manager.				
7.	Checks are prepared by the owner or manager or persons independent of vendor invoice approval.			Make and the second	eraraharara d
8.	Checks are signed based on approved invoices (not signed in advance).	•			
SE	CONDARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM A)				
Co	llections				
1.	Incoming mail is received, opened and logged by at least two individuals, each independent of the over-the-counter cash collections, cash receipts journal, general journal entry, and accounts receivable functions.				
2.	Persons receiving cash over-the-counter are independent of the mail opening, deposits, general ledger, cash receipts journal, and accounts receivable subledger posting functions.				

		reisonnei	1 68	NO	IN/A
3.	A person independent of cash receipts or posting functions reconciles over-the-counter receipts to accompanying detail such as cash register tapes, receipts tickets, etc.				
4.	Collections made by sales personnel are adequately controlled.				<u></u>
5.	Account codings are reviewed by someone other than the preparer.				
6.	The bank reconciliation is reviewed by the owner or manager.				<u> </u>
7.	A restrictive endorsement is placed on all checks when received.				
8.	Deposits are prepared by a person independent of the mail opening and listing function.				
9.	Items returned by the bank are received and opened by a person independent of the functions of handling or recording cash receipts.				
10.	Prenumbered cash receipts tickets are accounted for.			, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
11.	When hiring individuals who will be involved with handling of incoming mail or the handling or recording of cash receipts, the owner or manager checks applicants' references or otherwise attempts to evaluate their integrity.				
Pa	yments				
1.	All supporting documents are canceled after check signing by the check signer or independent person to prevent duplicate payment.				
2.	The numerical sequence of checks issued is accounted for by someone independent of the preparation function.				
3.	Checks are mailed by the owner or manager or a person under his supervision after signing.				



		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
4.	Cash disbursements are posted to an accounts payable subledger.				
5.	The accounts payable subledger is posted, balanced, and reconciled to the general ledger monthly.				
6.	The bank reconciliation is prepared by the owner or manager or a person independent of the check-signing function.		-		
7.	Bank reconciliations are reviewed by the owner or manager.				
8.	The check preparation function is independent of purchases journal, general ledger, and accounts payable subledger posting functions.				
9.	Account codings are reviewed by someone other than the preparer.			.—	
10.	Bank statements and enclosures are received and reviewed by the owner or manager before reconciliation.		·		,
11.	A check protector is used.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
12.	Access to blank checks is limited to persons authorized to prepare checks.				
Oth	ner comments:	•		,	

System selection (circle	le one):					
System A ¹	System B ²	System C ³				•
Modification of standa	ard tests:					
		19	19	19	19	. 19
Prepared by: Client						
In-Charge Reviewed by:						
Engagement	Partner					

⁽³⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at the maximum or slightly below the maximum for most financial statement assertions.



⁽¹⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at a moderate or low level for most financial statement assertions.

⁽²⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at a moderate level for some of the financial statement assertions.

	Internal Controls	Q	uestionnaire		Se	ection	ı II
Μź	AJOR AUDIT AREAS:	1.	Accounts receivable and alte	rnative procedure	es confir	mations	S.
		2.	2.00 -00 0.00-00.00				
ΓR	ANSACTION CYCLES:	Co	llections and sales.				
IN	TERNAL CONTROL PRO	CEI	OURES:				
				Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
AC	CCOUNTING SYSTEM (S	SYST	ГЕМ С)				
Co	llections						
1.	A balancing cash receipts	jour	nal is maintained.				do-100
2.		sale	nts receivable by customer are s tickets, remittance advices,		**************************************	·	•
3.	Over-the-counter receipts sales or receipt tickets, or		controlled by prenumbered register tapes.				
4.	Cash receipts are deposite	d in	tact.		***************************************		-
5.	Cash receipts are deposited required.	i in s	separate bank accounts, when		•••••		
6.	The individual(s) who opereceipts before the cash is		he mail makes a log of cash ted to others.				
7.	Bank accounts are reconc	iled 1	monthly.				
8	Sales invoices and credit	nem	os are premimhered				

		reisonnei	1 68	NO	1\/A
Sal	es				
1.	Billings for sales are promptly recorded.			_	-
2.	Prenumbered sales invoices evidencing shipping date and/or shipping reports are prepared.				
3.	Copies of sales invoices, reimbursement requests, or customer statements are mailed periodically.				
4.	Sales are documented, such as by cash register tapes or prenumbered sales invoices.				•
5.	Procedures exist for deferral of unearned amounts, such as customer deposits or prorated service fees.				
6.	The accounting system identifies and captures reimbursable costs to facilitate the billing process.				
PR	IMARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM B)				
Co	llections				
1.	A restrictive endorsement is placed on all checks when received.				
2.	Cash receipts are deposited intact, daily.				
3.	Over-the-counter receipts are controlled by a cash register tape or prenumbered sales or receipts tickets.	-			
4.	Cash receipts are recorded in the receipts journal as received.				
5.	Persons directly receiving cash are independent of general ledger, cash receipts journal, and accounts receivable subsidiary ledger posting functions.				····

		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
6.	The bank reconciliation is prepared by the owner or manager or someone independent of the cash receipts function.				
7.	The cash receipts are posted to an accounts receivable subsidiary ledger.				
8.	The subledger is posted, balanced, and reconciled to the general ledger monthly.				
9.	Cash discounts are approved by the owner or manager.				
10.	Voided receipt forms, sales invoices, and credit memos are adequately defaced and are retained.				وسندنيم والموسوع
Sal	es			,	
1.	Recording of sales is supported by prenumbered sales invoices, which are safeguarded.				
2.	Monthly statements or sales invoice copies are sent to customers.	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
3.	Sales are recorded in a sales journal in the period shipped, or in accordance with shipping terms, if different.			,	
4.	The owner or manager approves all credit sales.				
5.	Prenumbered credit memos are safeguarded and accounted for.				
6.	Prenumbered shipping documents are safeguarded and accounted for.				
7.	Procedures are established to determine that all reimbursable costs are billed.			-	
8.	The sales journal is posted to an accounts receivable subledger.		•		
9.	The accounts receivable subledger is posted, balanced, and reconciled to the general ledger monthly.				

		Personnel	Y es	<u>No</u>	<u> N/A</u>
10.	The owner or manager approves all discounts, allowances, and bad-debt write-offs.		- —		
SE	CONDARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM A)				
Co	llections				
1.	Incoming mail is received, opened and logged by at least two individuals, each independent of the over-the-counter cash collections, cash receipts journal, general journal entry, and accounts receivable functions.				
2.	Persons receiving cash over-the-counter are independent of the mail opening, deposits, general ledger, cash receipts journal, and accounts receivable subledger posting functions.				
3.	A person independent of cash receipts or posting functions reconciles over-the-counter receipts to accompanying detail such as cash register tapes, receipts tickets, etc.				
4.	Collections made by sales personnel are adequately controlled.				
5.	Account codings are reviewed by someone other than the preparer.				
6.	The bank reconciliation is reviewed by the owner or manager.				
7.	A restrictive endorsement is placed on all checks when received.				
8.	Deposits are prepared by a person independent of the mail opening and listing function.				
9.	Items returned by the bank are received and opened by a person independent of the functions of handling or recording cash receipts.				
10.	Prenumbered cash receipts tickets are accounted for.				

		Personnei	Y es	NO	N/A
11.	When hiring individuals who will be involved with handling of incoming mail or the handling or recording of cash receipts, the owner or manager checks applicants' references or otherwise attempts to evaluate their integrity.				
Sal	es				
1.	Prenumbered shipping documents are prepared to support recording of sales.				
2.	The owner or manager reviews customer statements or invoices.		-		
3.	Sales invoices are matched with shipping reports and are posted to the sales journal by a person independent of the shipping or sales functions.		•		
4.	The person posting the sales journal and general ledger is independent of the accounts receivable subsidiary ledger posting function and/or the owner, manager or other independent person periodically reconciles the subsidiary ledger to the general ledger.				
5.	Prenumbered credit memos are used.				
6.	A monthly aged analysis of accounts receivable is reviewed by the owner or manager.		·		
7.	Bad debts written off are controlled by a person who does not have access to cash or by the owner or manager.				
8.	Account codings are reviewed by a person independent of the preparer.		. —		
9.	The owner or manager follows up on customer complaints.	·			
10.	A sales price list is approved by the owner or manager and is in use.				
11.	Sales invoices and credit memo prices and calculations are doublechecked by a person independent of the preparer.				
12.	Prenumbered credit memos are accounted for.				

			Personnel	Yes	No	<u>N/A</u>
13. Prenumbered shippi	ng documents are	accounted for.				
4. Prenumbered sales i	nvoices are accou	nted for.				
Other comments:			•			
System selection (circle	one):					
System A ¹	System B ²	System C ³				
Modification of standard	l tests:					
Prepared by:		19	19 19	_ 19	19)
Client In-Charge						
Reviewed by: Engagement Pa	rtner					

⁽³⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at the maximum or slightly below the maximum for most financial statement assertions.



⁽¹⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at a moderate or low level for most financial statement assertions.

⁽²⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at a moderate level for some of the financial statement assertions.

	Internal Controls	Qı	ıestionnaire		Sec	ction	III
ļ							
ΜA	AJOR AUDIT AREAS:	1. 2. 3. 4.	Purchase cutoff.				
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES:	Pay	ments and acquisitions.				
IN	TERNAL CONTROL PRO	CED	URES:				
				Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
AC	CCOUNTING SYSTEM (S	SYST	TEM C)				
Pa	yments						
1.	A balancing cash disburs each bank account.	emen	ats journal is maintained for				
2.	Cash disbursements are recash).	nade	by check (except for petty				
3.	Cash disbursements are so other external documents.		rted by vendors' invoices or				
4.	Bank reconciliations are accounts.	pre	pared timely for all bank				
Ac	quisitions						
1.	Vendor invoices, or recogoods were received.	eivinį	g reports, contain the date	-			
2.	Unpaid vendor invoices invoices.	are	filed separately from paid				

		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
PR	IMARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM B)				
Pay	yments				
1.	All checks are approved and signed by the owner or manager.				
2.	The check signer compares data on supporting documents to checks.		<u> </u>		
3.	Checks are recorded in the disbursements journal or other record as prepared.				
4.	Checks are prenumbered and accounted for.				
5.	An imprest petty cash fund is in use.				
6.	Bank reconciliations are prepared by someone independent of all cash disbursement functions.				
7.	All invoices are approved for payment by the owner or manager.				
8.	Bank transfers are scheduled, and investigated to ascertain that both sides of the transaction are recorded.		· 		
9.	Checks are prepared by the owner or manager or persons independent of the vendor invoice approval function.			-	
10.	The practice of cashing checks out of cash receipts is prohibited.	· ·			
11.	Checks are signed based on approved invoices (not signed in advance).				
12.	Voided checks are adequately defaced and are easily accessible for review.				
Ac	quisitions				
1.	Vendors' invoices or other documents are included as support for all purchases.			*******	



		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
2.	Vendors' invoices are recalculated prior to payment.				
3.	All purchases are approved by the owner or manager.	· · ·			
4.	A purchases journal is maintained and transactions are recorded on the accrual basis.				
5.	Vendors are approved by the owner or manager.	·			
6.	An account payable subsidiary ledger is maintained and is reconciled to the general ledger monthly.	•			
SE	CONDARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM A)				
Pa	yments				
1.	All supporting documents are canceled after check signing by the check signer or independent person to prevent duplicate payment.				
2.	The numerical sequence of checks issued is accounted for by someone independent of the preparation function.				
3.	Checks are mailed by the owner or manager or a person independent of recording cash disbursements.	######################################			
4.	Cash disbursements are posted to an accounts payable subledger.				
5.	The accounts payable subledger is posted, balanced, and reconciled to the general ledger monthly.				
6.	The bank reconciliation is prepared by the owner or manager or a person independent of the check-signing function.				
7.	Bank reconciliations are reviewed by the owner or manager.				
8.	The check preparation function is independent of purchases journal, general ledger, and accounts payable subledger posting functions.		····		

		Personnel	<u>r es</u>	NO	N/A
9.	Account codings are reviewed by someone other than the preparer.				
10.	Bank statements and enclosures are received and reviewed by the owner or manager before reconciliation.				
11.	Dual authorization is required for large disbursements.		- —		
12.	A check protector is used.				
13.	Access to blank checks is limited to persons authorized to prepare checks.				
Ac	quisitions				
1.	Prenumbered receiving reports are prepared as support for purchases.				
2.	All supporting documents are marked in a way to prevent re-entry in purchases journal.				
3.	Purchases are posted to an accounts payable subledger.				
4.	The accounts payable subledger is posted and reconciled to the general ledger monthly.				
5.	The person posting the purchases journal and general ledger is independent of the accounts payable subledger posting function and/or the owner, manager or other independent person reconciles the subledger to the general ledger.				
6.	All supporting documents are matched by a person independent of the ordering function, or the owner or manager, before entry in the purchases journal.				
7.	Account codings are reviewed by someone other than the preparer.				
8.	Prenumbered purchase requisitions or purchase orders are prepared as authorization for purchases.	•		Company Company	
9.	Approved price lists are in use.				

•	·	Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
10.	The numerical sequence of receiving reports is accounted for by a person independent of the preparation function.				
11.	The numerical sequence of purchase requisitions and purchase orders is accounted for by a person independent of the preparation function.				
12.	Accounts payable subledger balances are periodically reconciled to vendors' statements by a person independent of the ordering and payments functions.				
13.	A voucher system with prenumbered vouchers approved by the owner or manager is in use.				
	ner comments:				
Sys	tem selection (circle one):				
	System A ¹ System B ² System C ³				
Mo	dification of standard tests (use reverse side if necessary):				
_					
		F			

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⁽²⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at a moderate level for some of the financial statement assertions.

	19	19	19	19	19
Prepared by:					
Client					
In-Charge					
Reviewed by:					
Engagement Partner	6				

	Internal Controls Questionnaire	· · ·	Se	ction	17
1	Client: Financial Statement Date:				
MA	AJOR AUDIT AREA: Payroll tests.	·			
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES: Payroll and personnel.				
IN	TERNAL CONTROL PROCEDURES:				
		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
AC	CCOUNTING SYSTEM (SYSTEM C)				
1.	A payroll journal is prepared and balanced.	•			
2.	Payroll disbursements are made by check.	•			
3.	Labor is classified by category, e.g., manufacturing or administrative.				
4.	Employees' time records are maintained.				
5.	W-4 forms are maintained.			•	
6.	Employees' earnings records are maintained.				
7.	A payroll bank account reconciliation is prepared.			•	
8.	Wage rates are authorized by the owner or manager (at least verbally).				
PR	IMARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM B)				
1.	Time cards are prepared by employees.				

		Personnel	Y es	No	N/A
2.	The owner or manager approves:				
	a. Rates of pay.				
	b. Withholdings.				
	c. Changes in above.		<u> </u>		
3.	The payroll bank account reconciliation is prepared by someone independent of payroll preparation and check signing or by the owner or manager.				
4.	Payroll checks are prenumbered and accounted for.			·	
5.	Checks are recorded in the payroll journal as prepared.				
6.	Payroll journals are posted at least monthly to employees' earnings records.				
7.	Payroll checks are signed by the owner or manager.		-		
8.	Time cards are approved by a foreman, manager or owner.				
9.	The payroll bank account reconciliation is approved by the owner or manager.				
SE	CONDARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM A)				
1.	A time clock is used to record time or time is logged by someone independent of payroll preparation, check-signing or distribution functions.				
2.	An imprest payroll bank account is used.	<u> </u>			
3.	All payroll calculations are checked by an independent person.				
4.	Employees' earnings records are periodically reconciled to the general ledger by persons independent of payroll preparation and distribution.				

		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
5.	Account codings are reviewed by someone other than preparer.				
6.	Adequate personnel files are maintained.		_		<u></u>
7.	Payroll checks are accounted for by a person independent of the preparation function.				
8.	Payroll is prepared by persons independent of time card approval, check signing, and check distribution.				
9.	Payroll bank account reconciliation is reviewed by the owner or manager.				
10.	Unclaimed payroll checks are followed up on by the owner or manager.				
Otl	ner comments:				
_					
		ingertuurumige telegiteiligi majiraja etemberaja asamga ejajdeeteiligi.			
_					



System selection (circle	one):		
System A ¹	System B ²	System C ³	
Modification of standard	i tests:		
			<u></u>
		19 19 19	19
Prepared by:			
Client In-Charge			
Reviewed by:			
Engagement Pa	rtner		

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	Internal Controls	Qı	uestionnaire	Section	n V -	- Pa	rt I
MA	AJOR AUDIT AREAS:	1. 2.	Physical inventory. Pricing and clerical tests.				
TR	ANSACTION CYCLE:		perpetual inventory records intained—inventory and wareh	ousing.			
IN'	TERNAL CONTROL PRO	CEI	OURES:				
				Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
(Co	ontrols apply to annual inve	ntor	y taking.)				
AC	CCOUNTING SYSTEM (S	YST	ГЕМ С)				
1.	An annual physical inven records (tags or sheets) ar		is taken and adequate count intained.				
2.	Adequate records of inversal maintained.	entor	ry pricing and summary are				
3.	. The inventory count is taken, checked, or supervised by the owner or manager.					annual liverille	
PR	IMARY CONTROLS (SY	STI	EM B)				
1.	Obsolete and consigned go	ods	are excluded from the count.				<u> </u>
2.	Good physical cutoff pro- accurate count and record		res are utilized to insure an of inventory.				
3.	-						

		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
SE	CONDARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM A)				
1.	Written inventory instructions are prepared and used.	•			
2.	The receiving department inspects the quantity and quality of materials when receiving reports are prepared.				
3.	Raw materials, work-in-process, and finished goods are stored under good physical controls.				
4.	The following functions are doublechecked on a test basis by an independent person:				
	a. Original inventory counts and recording of quantities.				
	b. Pricing of inventory items.		. —		
	c. Extending and footing of inventory sheets and/or summaries.				
	d. Footing of sheets' or summaries' page totals to grand totals.				
Otl	ner comments:				
_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Sya	stem selection (circle one):				
	System A ¹ System B ² System C ³				

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Modification of standard tests:						
•						
	10 10 10 10					
	19 19 19 19					
Prepared by:						
Client						
In-Charge						
-						
Reviewed by:						
Engagement Partner						

	Internal Controls	Qı	uestionnaire	Sectio	n V —	Par	t II
	Client: Financial Statement Date						
ΜA	AJOR AUDIT AREAS:	1. 2.	Physical inventory. Inventory pricing and clerica	l tests.			
TR	ANSACTION CYCLE:		rpetual inventory records maint rentory and warehousing.	tained—			
IN'	TERNAL CONTROL PRO	CEL	OURES:				
			•	Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
	CCOUNTING SYSTEM stem C)	(SY	STEM B — There is no				
1.	——————————————————————————————————————		i inventory withdrawals are rds and the general ledger.	·		-	
2.	Production activity is co duction process.	ntrol	led by a report of the pro-				8
3.			ving inventory is periodically he perpetual records and the				
4.	Prenumbered raw material raw materials used in pro		quisitions are prepared for all on.				
5.		•	are based on prenumbered and/or prenumbered shipping				
6.	All inventory write-offs	are	approved by the owner or				

manager.

		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
7.	All perpetual records are subjected to physical inventories at least annually.				
8.	Physical inventory counters are given adequate instructions.				
9.	Physical inventory records are posted to date of counts to obtain a good cutoff.		_		
SE	CONDARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM A)				
1.	All classes of inventory are stored under good physical safeguards.				
2.	Materials costs, labor charges, and overhead costs are recorded in the perpetual records and the general ledger.				<u></u>
3.	For a standard cost system:				
	a. Significant variances are reported timely.		_		
	b. Standards are reviewed at least annually.				
	c. The system interfaces with the general ledger.				
4.	Periodic physical counts are made and agreed to perpetual records by persons independent of the inventory and warehousing functions or by the owner or manager.				
5.	Written instructions are prepared and used for periodic physical counts.				·
6.	The receiving department inspects the quantity and quality of materials when receiving reports are prepared.	*			
7.	The following documents are periodically accounted for:				
	a. Raw material requisitions.				
	b. Labor charge documents.		_		

		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
	c. Finished inventory requisitions.				
	d. Completed production orders.		_		
8.	The following functions are doublechecked on at least a test basis by foremen or independent persons:				
	a. Completion of raw material and finished goods requisitions.	*			
	b. Labor distributions.	•			
	c. Overhead allocations.				•
	d. Production activity reports.				
	e. Posting of above to perpetual records.				
9.	The following functions are doublechecked on a test basis by an independent person:				
	a. Year-end summarization of labor, materials, and overhead from the perpetual records.				
	b. Footing of summary sheets to page totals.				
	c. Footing of page totals to grand totals.		_		
10.	All production activities are based on prenumbered production orders approved by the owner or manager.	_			
l1.	Material and labor costs charged to inventory are controlled by bills of materials and charges approved by management.	<u> </u>			
12.	Perpetual records are periodically reconciled to the general ledger by an independent person.		_		***

Other comments:		
System selection (circle	le one):	•
System A ¹	System B ²	
Modification of standa	ard tests:	
		19 19 19 19
Prepared by: Client		
In-Charge		
Reviewed by: Engagement I	Dartner	

⁽²⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at a moderate level for some of the financial statement assertions.



⁽¹⁾ Represents a decision to assess control risk at a moderate or low level for most financial statement assertions.

	Internal Controls Questionnaire			Section V		
	Client: Financial Statement Date:					
MA	AJOR AUDIT AREAS: All areas.					
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES: All cycles.					
IN	TERNAL CONTROL PROCEDURES:					
		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A	
Α.	GENERAL CONTROL ENVIRONMENT AND ACCOUNTING SYSTEM					
1.	The financial condition of the company is sound.			_	<u></u>	
2.	Financing sources other than the owner/manager are available.					
3.	The owner/manager's attitudes about income taxes and business risks are conservative.					
4.	The owner/manager understands the importance of control procedures.					
5.	The owner/manager understands and uses financial statements and reports prepared by accounting personnel.					
6.	Accounting personnel have experience and training appropriate for their jobs and understand their responsibilities.				•	
7.	The owner/manager and accounting personnel are competent, possess high integrity, and are concerned about the quality of their work.					

		·	Personnel	۷	Yes	No	N/A
8.		ocuments, records, and assets are physically controlled to event their destruction or unauthorized use.				•	
9.	De	escribe the following features of the control environment:					
	a.	Describe the organization of management, accounting, and an organization chart.	l operations p	erso	nnel b	elow or	attach
	b.	Describe the owner's attitudes and practices that may affect the financial statements. Consider such factors as deterious working capital, financial statements ratios influencing lend reduce income taxes, and owner's history of taking unnecessary.	orating operations decisions business	tions s, mo s ris	creati otivatio	ng a ne	eed for
	c.	In the case of an absentee owner, describe the manager's creasonable.				d wheth	er it is
				•			
	d.	Describe the owner's awareness of the importance of a owner/manager controls and understanding and use of rela					orming

e.	List the accounting personnel, their positions and length of employment, describe briefly their education and experience and evaluate their job performance based on firm experience with the client.
f.	How does the client achieve an adequate cut-off of transactions when the financial statements are prepared?
g.	Describe how the client's financial statements are prepared, including the way in which major accounting estimates are made.
• •	

10. How are transactions processed?

Transactions	Describe how transactions are initiated, including the documents used	Describe how transactions are recorded and summarized
Sales		
		·
		,
Collections		
<u>Purchases</u>		

Describe how transactions are initiated, including the documents used	Describe how transactions are recorded and summarized
,	
	are initiated, including the documents used

11. What is the form of the client's accounting records?

<u>Record</u>	Form Reco Manual/C	ords	Personnel <u>Responsible</u>
Journals:			
Cash receipts	М	С	
Cash disbursements	M	C	
Sales	M	C	
Purchases/voucher	M	С	
Payroll	M	С	
General	M	С	
	M	С	
	M	С	
Ledgers:			
General	M	С	
Accounts receivable	M	С	
Accounts payable	M	С	
Perpetual inventory	M	С	
Physical inventory schedule	M	C	-
	M	С	
	M	C	Market Control of the

		Personnel	Yes	<u>No</u>	<u>N/A</u>
В.	ACCOUNTING SYSTEM (SYSTEM C)				
1.	A general ledger is posted and balanced.				
2.	A general journal is prepared and balanced.				
3.	General journal entries are adequately supported.				
4.	An adequate chart of accounts is in use.				
5.	All employees in a position of trust are adequately bonded.				
6.	All employees in a position of trust are required to take vacations.				
7.	The owner's personal income and expenses are segregated from the business.				
C .	PRIMARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM B)				
1.	The owner or manager participates in the day-to-day operations of the business.			_	
2.	Adequate reports and financial information are available to and reviewed by the owner or manager.			·,	
3.	All journal entries are approved by the owner or manager.		_	•	
D.	SECONDARY CONTROLS (SYSTEM A)				
1.	Budgets are prepared and used to control operations.				
2.	Property and equipment records are maintained, periodically reviewed and checked to assets, and reconciled to the general ledger.		· 		
3.	Hazard insurance coverage is periodically reviewed to determine adequacy.				

			Personnel	Yes_	No	N/A
4.	All accounting records, securities, and other valuand records are adequately safeguarded.	-		`	<u>.</u>	
Oti	her comments:		· ·		,	
	odification of standard tests:					
	Junication of Standard tests.				f	

	19	19.	19	19	19	
	Prepared by: Client					
	In-Charge					
	Reviewed by: Engagement Partner				<u> </u>	



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Risk of Potential Misstatements Evaluation Form				
Client:				
Financial Statement Date:				

INSTRUCTIONS:

This Form should be used on audit engagements under the ABC System to evaluate and document the risk of potential errors and irregularities. Answers should be based on inquiries of client personnel, the firm's understanding of the client's business and industry, experience from prior years' engagements, the current year's understanding of the internal control structure and assessment of control risk, and other special considerations. The impact of the risk of potential misstatements should be documented in the Planning Matrix.

			Yes	No
I.	-	ecial Considerations. ("Yes" answers, i.e., high risk, should be checked on companying Potential Misstatements Matrix.)		
	1.	Are there client-imposed limitations on the scope of our engagement? (Describe below.)		
	2.	Is this an initial engagement?		
	3.	Do discussions with prior engagement personnel or predecessor accountants indicate a high risk of potential errors? (Describe below.)		
	4.	Are the client's accounting policies, methods, or estimates unusual or difficult to apply, or have they been changed recently? (Describe below.)		
	5.	Are there significant related-party or other unusual transactions? (Describe below.)		
	6.	Is the overall engagement risk evaluation high?		

Describ Matrix:		cumstai	nces su	ırrour	nding	"yes"	answers	and	record	effects	on	Potential	Misstatements
	·												
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
				·	·	·	·····						
		0									· 		

II. Potential Misstatements Matrix:

Complete the accompanying Potential Misstatements Matrix and transfer the summary of risk by audit area to the Planning Matrix. In addition to classifying the risk of potential errors from special considerations above by engagement area, the Potential Misstatements Matrix includes similar classifications for:

1. High Risk or Material and Unusual Account Balances:

The nature of the client's industry or business may typically cause certain account balances, and the relative risk of misstatements, to be high. Marketable securities, for example, of a broker/dealer client would be such an account. Material account balances must also be unusual in the client's circumstances to be considered high risk. Sales of fixed assets, for example, would not be considered high risk unless increases or decreases were unusual in nature or amount.

2. Reportable Conditions in Internal Control Structure:

Reportable conditions are derived from the Internal Controls Questionnaire. The effects of reportable conditions on major engagement areas should be noted on the Potential Misstatements Matrix.

3. Significant Prior-Year Adjustments and Exposure Areas:

Significant prior-year adjustments, made or passed, and exposure areas that may recur and affect the current period should also be noted on the Potential Misstatements Matrix.

10.101 8/95

The risk categories on the Potential Misstatements Matrix for each engagement area should contain a check mark () when the risk of potential misstatements is high. Low risk is otherwise assumed. After considering the number and significance of misstatements in each engagement area, the in-charge should use professional judgment to summarize the risk of potential misstatements as low or high. The summary should be transferred to the Planning Matrix. Describe below the modifications to the Tests of Balances Audit Program that will be made to compensate for the high risks of potential misstatements (low risks					
require no modification).	cusate for the mgn	risks of potent	·	ins (iow risks	
<u> </u>		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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Engagement Area	Cash	Trade accounts receivable	Inventories	Fixed assets	Accounts payable	Shareholders' equity	Payroll tests	Expense account analysis and vouching
Special Considerations								
High Risk/Unusual and Material Account Balances							3	
Reportable Conditions in Internal Control Structure								
Prior-Year Adjustments or Exposure Areas								
Risk Summary (Low or High)								

Note: The engagement areas listed are not all-inclusive. Practitioners should tailor the items to the particular engagement.

EXPLANATION OF HIGH RISK OF POTENTIAL MISSTATEMENTS

Engageme	nt Area	Explanation
		Wards and the second of the se
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<u> </u>	1000	
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Drangrad bee		Deter
rrepared by:	(In-Charge)	Date:
Reviewed by:	(Engagement Partner	Date:
	(Cilgagement Partner	·)



10.103

Planning Matrix	•	
Client:		
Financial Statement Date:		
	•	`

INSTRUCTIONS:

The Planning Matrix should be prepared by the in-charge for audit engagements under the ABC System. The Matrix coordinates the evaluations of the risk of potential misstatements and the assessment of control risk to guide the selection of tests of controls, analytical procedures, and tests of balances procedures and sample sizes. The Matrix should be completed after the following documents have been finalized:

- 1. Client Acceptance and Continuance Form.
- 2. Audit Planning Memorandum.
- 3. Internal Controls Questionnaire.
- 4. Risk of Potential Misstatements Evaluation Form.

The Matrix and related documentation should be reviewed by the engagement partner before the tests of controls are started. A discussion on the use of this Matrix is presented in Chapter 3, sections 3.316-3.320.

Prepared by:		Date:	
•	(In-Charge)		
Reviewed by:		Date:	
Ž	(Partner)		

8/95

PLANNING MATRIX

(5)	Resulting Evidence Required From Detailed TOBs						
(4)	Risk That Analytical Procedures Will Not Detect Material Misstatement* (Circle One)		M Md L M Md L		M Md L M Md L M Md L		M Md L M Md L
(3)	Risk of Potential Misstatement (High or Low)_						
(2)	Assessed Level of Control Risk* (Circle One)		M S Md L M S Md L		M S Md L M S Md L M S Md L		M S Md L M S Md L M S Md L
(1)	System Classification (Circle One)		A B C		C C C B B B C V V V V V V V V V V V V V		C C C B B C V V V V V V V V V V V V V V
	Audit Area	Cash, including Collections & Payments	a. Foistence & Rightsb. Completeness	Trade Accounts Receivable & Sales	a. Existence & Rightsb. Completenessc. Valuation (i.e., Allowance for Uncollectible Acct.)	Inventories & Purchases	a. Existence & Rightsb. Completenessc. Valuation

<sup>Maximum
Slightly below the maximum
I — Moderate
Low</sup> r W W W W W

PLANNING MATRIX (Continued)

(5)	Resulting Evidence Required From Detailed TOBs				
(4)	Risk That Analytical Procedures Will Not Detect Material Misstatement* (Circle One)	M Md L M Md L M Md L	M Md L M Md L M Md L	M Md L M Md L M Md L	
(3)	Risk of Potential Misstatement				
(2)	Assessed Level of Control Risk* (Circle One)	M S Md L M S Md L M S Md L	M S Md L M S Md L M S Md L	M S Md L M S Md L M S Md L	
(1)	System Classification (Circle One)	A B C A B C	C C C A B B C C	A B C A B C	
	Audit Area	Other Accounts:			٠

Note: For any assertions not contained on the form, it is assumed that control risk is assessed at the maximum.

Approved by: _

Prepared by: __

Page 1 of 2

Planning Matrix Legend

- (1) The systems classification is obtained from the Internal Controls Questionnaire. It may vary by financial statement assertion.
- (2) Assessing control risk at less than the maximum will decrease the amount of evidence required from substantive tests. Control risk may be assessed at the Maximum (M), Slightly below the Maximum (S), Moderate (Md), or Low (L).
- (3) From the Risk of Potential Misstatements Evaluation Form, the risk of potential misstatements (low or high) may vary for different financial statement assertions. These risk factors may increase or decrease the needed evidence from substantive tests. The risk may be assessed as high or low.
- (4) Evidence from analytical procedures can reduce the extent of the evidence required from other substantive tests (i.e., detailed tests of balances). The Planning Matrix rates this evidence in terms of the risk that the analytical procedures will fail to detect a material misstatement in the account or the assertions about the account. For example, maximum risk means no evidence is obtained from analytical procedures.
- (5) The required evidence from detailed tests of balances (TOBs) is a product of the assessed level of control risk, the risk of potential misstatements and the evidence obtained from analytical procedures. The examples below illustrate this relationship.

Rick That

			KISK HIIAL	
			Analytical	
		•	Procedures	Resulting
		•	Will Not	Required
System		Risk of	Detect a	Evidence from
Classi-	Control	Potential	Material	Detailed Tests
fication	Risk	Misstatements	Misstatement	of Balances
Α	M S Md (L)	Low	M (Mg)L	None
Α	M S Md(L)	High	M (Md)L	Low
Α	$M S Md(\widetilde{L})$	Low	(M) Md L	Low
Α	M S (Md) L	Low	M Md L	Moderate
В	MS(Md)L	Low	M Md L	None
В	M S (Md) L	High	Й (М ф) L	Moderate
В	M S (Md) L	Low	M (Md) L	Moderate
C	M S (Md) L	Low	M (Md) L	Low
C	M 🔇 Md L	High	M (Md) L	Moderate
C	M 🛇 Md L	Low	MMd L	Slightly
	_			Below High
C	M 🔇 Md L	Low	M (Md) L	Moderate
C	M 🔇 Md L	Low	M Md L	High

Page 2 of 2

The Planning Matrix contains assessments for assertions about those accounts where audit efficiencies are usually obtained. Assertions about other accounts not contained on the Matrix can be added when control risk for those assertions is assessed at below the maximum. For assertions about accounts not included or added to the Planning Matrix, control risk is assessed at the maximum and maximum reliance is placed on analytical procedures and detailed tests of balances.

These guidelines presume account balances are material. If balances are immaterial, so state in the Final Resulting Evidence Required from Detailed TOBs column. No evidence is required for immaterial account balances.

High degree of evidence from detailed tests of balances will require procedures with high reliability, e.g., large sample sizes with tests performed primarily at the balance-sheet date. Low degree of evidence from detailed tests of balances will allow less reliable tests, e.g., small sample sizes and performing tests at interim dates.

The ABC System presumes high reliance on analytical procedures for all engagements to the maximum extent practical.

Final modification of the Tests of Balances Audit Program will be made based on the results of performing the tests of controls on the internal control structure policies and procedures.

(6) Nonstatistical sample size ranges for tests of controls may be determined using the following table unless otherwise directed by the engagement partner. Sample sizes so selected should be entered directly on the appropriate Tests of Controls Program. The in-charge should document in the Planning Memorandum consideration of the factors that affect the sample sizes selected. The partner should approve the Planning Memorandum *before* the tests of controls are begun.

TESTS OF CONTROLS SAMPLE SIZE SELECTION TABLE

Assessed Level of Control Risk	Sample <u>Size*</u>
Maximum	0
Slightly below the maximum	15
Moderate	30
Low	40

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^{*} The numbers in the table were determined using a risk of assessing control risk too low of 10% and an expected population deviation rate of 0%. If one or more deviations are found in the sample, the sample size should be increased or the assessed level of control risk should be increased.

(7) When deviations are expected or found in a sample, the following table may be used to determine the sample size or evaluate the sample results:

Deviations (Francted on Actual)	F	Assessment of Control Ris	k
(Expected or Actual)	Slightly Below Maximum	Moderate	Low
0	15	30	40
1	25	50	65
2	34	67	90
3	43	85	115

Tests of controls consisting of observation of performance and inquiries are not normally subject to audit sampling.

10.200 ALL-SUBSTANTIVE APPROACH QUESTIONNAIRE

Use of Questionnaire

10.201 This Questionnaire is designed to be used on small, noncomplex audit engagements. It consists of two sections: Section I contains questions about the entity's internal control structure and Section II deals with the risk of potential misstatements. Completion of Section I provides the auditor with the basic understanding of the internal control structure. It requires the auditor to document any special internal control matters that would affect substantive testing. Section II requires the auditor to consider the risk of potential misstatements in the financial statements, and consider their impact on the design of the audit.

This Questionnaire replaces the Internal Controls Questionnaire, the Planning Matrix, and the Risk of Potential Misstatements Evaluation Form required under the ABC System. The decision to use this Questionnaire should be made during planning and should be based on engagement circumstances and economic considerations. For example, if tests of controls produced unacceptable results in prior years, or if the nature of the client's operations causes tests of balances to be the most efficient evidence collection methods, the All-Substantive Approach would be more efficient than the ABC System approach. Use of this Questionnaire presumes minimum tests of controls and maximum substantive tests will be performed, and that tests of balances will be performed as of the balance-sheet date.

INSTRUCTIONS

10.202 Where appropriate, client personnel should complete the Questionnaire for review by the in-charge. In the "Personnel" column insert the name and title of the individual that performs the control procedure. "No" answers to the control environment and accounting systems questions (Section I) represent potential reportable conditions. Reportable conditions, including material weaknesses should be posted to the Internal Control Structure Reportable Conditions Form (section 10.801). Most small clients' control environment include owner or manager controls. The term "manager", as used in this Questionnaire, describes a person performing internal verification functions. That person may be the owner, a general manager, controller, bookkeeper, foreman, or other employee. The risks of potential misstatements, and the resulting program modification, should be summarized in Section II by the in-charge. Both sections should be reviewed by the engagement partner before field work is started.

8/95 **10.202**



	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire		Section I		
	Client: Financial Statement Date:			***************************************	
	•	Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
Ge	neral Control Environment and Accounting System				
1.	A general ledger is posted and balanced.				
2.	A general journal is prepared and balanced.				
3.	Journal entries have adequate support.				
4.	An adequate chart of accounts is in use.				
5.	The owner or manager participates in the day-to-day activities of the business.				
6.	All employees in a position of trust are bonded.				•
7.	All employees in a position of trust are required to take vacations.				
8.	The owners' personal income expenses are segregated from the business.				
9.	Hazard insurance coverage is periodically reviewed to determine adequacy.				
10.	Management receives financial statements on a regular basis.				
11.	The owner/manager's attitudes about income taxes and business risks and uncertainties are conservative.				
12.	The owner/manager understands the importance of control procedures.				



		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A				
13.	The owner/manager understands and uses financial statements and reports prepared by accounting personnel.								
14.	Accounting personnel have experience and training appropriate for their jobs and understand their responsibilities.								
15.	The owner/manager and accounting personnel are competent, possess high integrity, and are concerned about the quality of their work.								
16.	Documents, records and assets are physically controlled to prevent their destruction or unauthorized use.								
17.	The financial condition of the entity is sound.								
18.	Financing sources other than the owner/manager are available.								
19.	Describe the following features of the control environment:								
	a. Describe the organization of management, accounting, a an organization chart.	and operations pe	rsonnel b	elow or	attach				
	b. Describe the owner's attitudes and practices that may financial statements. Consider such factors as deteriorating capital, financial statements ratios influencing lenders' income taxes, and owner's history of taking unnecessar	ng operations crea decisions, motiva	ting a nee	d for w	orking				



c.	In the case of an absentee owner, describe the manager's compensation method and whether it is reasonable.
d.	Describe the owner's awareness of the importance of a good accounting system, performing owner/manager controls, and understanding and use of related financial information.
e.	List the accounting personnel, their positions and length of employment. Describe briefly their education and experience and evaluate their job performance based on firm experience with the client.
f.	How does the client achieve an adequate cut-off of transactions when the financial statements are prepared?

g.	accounting estimates are made.	a, including th	e way in	wnich	major
Sal	es and Collections Transaction Cycle				
		Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
1.	A cash receipts journal is prepared and balanced.			_	
2.	A sales journal is prepared and balanced.				
3.	Cash receipts are recorded as received.				
4.	Sales are recorded in the period the sale was made or the merchandise was shipped.	<u></u>			
5.	Records of customer payments on accounts receivable are maintained (remittance advice or duplicate deposit slip).				,.
6.	Collections are deposited intact.				
7.	Over-the-counter receipts are controlled by a cash register or prenumbered receipts tickets.				
8.	Prenumbered sales invoices and/or shipping reports evidencing shipping date are prepared.				•
9.	Copies of sales invoices or customers' statements are mailed periodically.	•			
10.	The owner or manager reviews copies of sales invoices or customers' statements and resolves customer disputes.			.—	
11.	Receivables are aged regularly and reviewed by the owner or manager.				

	· ·	Personnel	Yes	No	N/A
12.	The person who opens the mail maintains a log of mail receipts.				
Ac	quisitions and Payments Transaction Cycle				
1.	A cash disbursements journal is prepared and balanced.		. —		
2.	A detailed depreciation schedule is prepared and balanced to the general ledger.				
3.	All checks are signed by the owner or manager.		. —		
4.	Checks are signed only when disbursement is made (not in advance).				
5.	The check signer compares data on supporting documents to checks.				
6.	Vendor invoices are canceled when checks are signed.				
7.	Checks are recorded in the disbursements journal as prepared.	- Maria			
8.	Checks are prenumbered.				
9.	Vendor invoices support purchases.		•		
10.	Vendor invoices or receiving reports contain the date goods were received.			———	
11.	Unpaid vendor invoices are filed separately from paid invoices.				
12.	Purchases are approved by the owner or manager.				
13.	The bank reconciliation is reviewed by the owner or manager.	ton of Williams			



		Personnel	Yes	No ———	N/A
Pay	roll and Personnel Transaction Cycle				
1.	A cash disbursements journal is prepared and balanced.				
2.	Payroll disbursements are made by check.				
3.	Checks are prenumbered.				
4.	Payroll checks are recorded in the payroll journal as prepared.				
5.	Employees' time records are maintained.				
6.	W-4 forms are maintained.				
7.	Employees' earnings records are maintained.				
8.	The payroll bank reconciliation is reviewed by the owner or manager.				
9.	Wage rates are authorized by the owner or manager.				
10.	Payroll checks are signed by the owner or manager.				
11.	Payroll checks are distributed by the owner or manager.				
Inv	entory and Warehousing Transaction Cycle				
1	An annual physical inventory is taken and adequate count records (tags or sheets) are maintained.				
2.	Adequate records of inventory pricing and summary are maintained.				
3.	The inventory count is taken, checked, or supervised by the owner or manager.				
4.	Obsolete and consigned goods are excluded from the count.				
5.	Good physical cutoff procedures are utilized to insure an accurate count and recording of inventory.				



Modification of standard tests for spec	ial internal control ri	isks:		
	. 1/2			
				<u> </u>
				
				-
		4.0.00		
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Unless indicated otherwise, control r assertions.				
	19	19`	19 19	19
Prepared by: Client In-Charge				
Reviewed by: Engagement Partner				



	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire — Risk of Potential Misstatements and Impact on Tests of Balances	Section II
	Client:Financial Statement Date:	
I.	Describe any special considerations such as scope limitations, first engagement circ or difficult accounting principles, methods or estimates, related parties, or other un causing risk. Identify engagement areas affected.	
II.	Describe high risk or unusual and material account balances.	



ALL-SUBSTANTIVE APPROACH QUESTIONNAIRE— RISK OF POTENTIAL MISSTATEMENTS AND IMPACT ON TESTS OF BALANCES

Section II (Continued)

III.	Describe prior-y	ear adjustments or exposi	ure areas with potential impact on this year's engagemen	ıt.
IV.	Describe the imp program modifie		al misstatements on the tests of balances, i.e., the resulting	ng
		Year		
			Marine Control (Marine) and the Control of C	
			AND	
				_
Dro	nared by:		Date:	
110	parou oy	(In-Charge)	Date.	
Rev	viewed by:		Date:	
		(Partner)		



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Au	Audit Planning Memorandum						
Clie	Client:						
Fina	Financial Statement Date:						
INSTR	UCTIONS:						
	emorandum should be completed for all audit engagements by the in-charge and reviewed by the nent partner, before engagement personnel begin field work.						
I. EN	IGAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION						
A.	Presentation of Engagement Letter						
B.	Use of Client Assistance or Paraprofessionals						

C. Planning for Proper Work Space and Equipment

٠.	Assignment of Staff	
	Target Dates	
	,	
	Audit report	
	Management letter	
	Other	
	<u></u>	
	Use of Specialists	
Ì.	Use of Audit Software	
	A 40 TO 1	
I.	Audit Budget	

		PLANNING MEMORANDUM (Continued)		
	I.	Other Considerations		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
•	TEC	CHNICAL AUDIT PLANNING DECISIONS		
	A .	Overall Engagement Risk		
	В.	Understanding of Internal Control Structure		
	ъ.	Onderstanding of internal Control Structure		
	C.	Overall Materiality Limit		
	D	Sampling		
	ν.	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		

AUDIT	PLANNING MEMORANDUM (Continued		
E.	Audit Approach		
F.	Key Engagement Area(s)		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
G.	Planning Analytical Procedures		
			_
	Miles Andrews and the second and the		
Н.	Other Considerations		
Dranara	d by:	Date:	
richare	(In-Charge)	Date.	
Review	ed by:	Date:	
	(Partner)		

Materiality Computation Form ¹
Client:
Financial Statement Date:
Financial Statement Pate.

INSTRUCTIONS:

This Form should be completed by the in-charge during planning and approved by the partner before field work is started.

I. Overall Materiality Limit Computation

Approximate balances at or near financial statement date:

Α.	Total Assets	\$	X	%	=	\$
В.	Total Revenue	\$	X	%	=	\$
	Overall Materiality L	imit				\$

Materiality Base — Greater of Total	Percentage of
Assets or Total Revenues	<u>the Base</u>

	<u>Over</u>	But Not Over		
\$	0	\$ 30,000	6.00%	
	30,000	100,000	\$ 1,800 + 5.00%	in excess of \$ 30,000
	100,000	300,000	\$ 5,300 + 3.00%	in excess of \$ 100,000
	300,000	1,000,000	\$ 11,300 + 2.00%	in excess of \$ 300,000
	1,000,000	3,000,000	\$ 25,300 + 1.50%	in excess of \$ 1,000,000
	3,000,000	10,000,000	\$ 55,300 + 1.00%	in excess of \$ 3,000,000
	10,000,000	30,000,000	\$ 125,300 + .50%	in excess of \$ 10,000,000
	30,000,000	100,000,000	\$ 225,300 + .25%	in excess of \$ 30,000,000
1	100,000,000	300,000,000	\$ 400,300 + .20%	in excess of \$100,000,000
3	300,000,000	_	\$ 800,300 + .15%	in excess of \$300,000,000

¹ Subscribers to the 1994 edition of this Manual will notice that changes have been made to this table. These changes were made to better reflect the amounts and percentages used in current practice, and will result in lower materiality thresholds:

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ance for Unknown Misstatement Computation:					
stical sampling applications, the basic allowa amount. If used in the table approach or mode ring total actual, projected, and estimated miss	el approach, it should also be consider				
riality limit from above	\$				
ed known misstatement from sampling and bling tests (e.g., 1/3 of overall materiality)	. \$				
nce for unknown misstatement e misstatements)	\$				
Individually Significant Items — Computation of Lower Limit:					
mit for individually significant items usually wisignificant items may also be determined judgme such judgmentally determined limits should be	entally for each sampling application. T				
for individually significant items	\$				
lower limit:					

MATERIALITY COMPUTATION FORM (Continued)

This uniform lower limit will normally be used for determining individually significant items to derive sampling populations and for determining sampling populations and account balances that are not material which can be excluded from testing.

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
	Date:	
(In-Charge)	Date	
	.	
(Partner)	Date:	
	(In-Charge)	Date:

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Overall materiality limit: \$		Amount over wnich misstatements should	be posted to this form: \$		INCOME STATEMENT	holders' Known Estimated Projected TOTAL*															
					SMENT					-					,						<u> </u>
	. :	vnich should			ME STATE	Estimated misstatements							1								
Overall materia		Amount over v misstatements	be posted to th		INCO	Known misstatements															
			_			Noncurrent Stockholders' Liabilities Equity															
					HEET	Noncurrent Liabilities															
	•				BALANCE SHEET	Current Liabilities															
orm					BAL	Noncurrent Assets															
Entries r						Current Assets		,													
Summary of Possible Journal Entries Form		ment Date:				Journal Entry Debit (Credit)	Total effect of unrecorded misstatements	from prior years													Total Unrecorded Misstatements (Page
Summary (Client:	Financial Statement Date:		Dage /		W/P Ref															Total Unrecorded N

* Total of known, estimated and projected misstatements columns.

page/										
			BAL	BALANCE SHEET	IEET	,	INCO	INCOME STATEMENT	MENT	
W/P Ref	Journal Entry Debit (Credit)	Current Assets	Noncurrent Assets	Current Liabilities	Noncurrent Stockholders' Liabilities Equity	Stockholders' Equity	Known misstatements	Estimated misstatements	Projected misstatements	TOTAL*
	T-4-1-									
	totals from previous page									
							,			
Total Unrecorde	Total Unrecorded Misstatements									+-
Corresponding Financial Statement Amounts	Financial unts						Tax effect on	Tax effect on total unrecorded	pa	
% of Total Unre Corresponding F	% of Total Unrecorded Misstatements to Corresponding Financial Statement Amounts						misstatements (income s	misstatements (income statement)** The effected innecorded	ment)**	
* *	Total of known, estimated and projected misstatements columns. Apply the client's effective tax rate to the total unrecorded misstatements	and project tax rate to	ed misstateme the total unre	ents columns corded miss	s. statements		misstatements Net income	S		
シ目	misstatement amount for the	the tax effected amount.	ted amount.		77707		% of tax effe	% of tax effected unrecorded	'	
Conclusion: Ti	Conclusion: The above misstatements d financial statements	do not	op	materially affect the	affect the	,	misstatement	misstatements to net income		
Prepared by:					Date:					
•		(In-charge)								
Reviewed by:					Date:					
		(Engagement Partner)	artner)							

†If there are material adjustments to income statement accounts, consider redoing Step III B of the Audit Planning Memo.

First Engagement Procedures		
Client:		٠
Financial Statement Date:	 	

INSTRUCTIONS:

This Form should be used the first time an entity is audited under both the ABC System and the All-Substantive Approach. It should be used to determine that beginning balances are presented fairly and that generally accepted accounting principles have been consistently applied. It should be prepared by the incharge and approved by the engagement partner.

Procedures	Done by	Date	N/A	W/P Ref.
 Examine bank reconciliations for the first more of the current period for unusual entries. Consider tracing balances and reconciling items supporting sources. 	n-			
2. Reconcile the aged trial balance to the gener ledger at the end of the prior period. Review to aged categories and inquire about subseque collection of older accounts.	he			
3. Review the computation of the allowance f doubtful accounts at the end of the prior period for consistency and reasonableness.				· .
4. Perform a limited sales cutoff test by examining shipping reports and sales invoices for da before and after the end of the prior period.	•		· · · · · ·	
5. Perform a limited purchases cutoff test to examining vendors' invoices or receiving report for days before and after the end of the prior period.	ets			



FIRST ENGAGEMENT PROCEDURES (Continued)

Pro	cedures	Done by	Date	N/A	W/P Ref.
6.	Examine the summary of inventories and count sheets for checks of clerical accuracy and pricing, and for controls over the count at the end of theprior period. Consider limited clerical and pricing tests, compare inventories' composition with the current year-end and prepare and analyze gross margin and inventory turnover by product line for the prior period. Carefully follow up on exceptions and determine, in the absence of our or predecessors' observation of prior year's inventory taking, if we can issue an unqualified opinion on the current earnings statement.				
7.	Analyze property and equipment and related accumulated depreciation accounts for the previous years. Vouch percent of the major additions. Physically inspect another percent of the recorded assets. Determine the company's capitalization and depreciation policies. Compare repair accounts for several prior periods and investigate significant variations. Review beginning accumulated depreciation balances for reasonableness.				
8.	Analyze prepaid expenses, intangibles and other assets for the previous years. Challenge their nature and valuation. Where applicable, review amortization methods and lives for consistency and reasonableness.				
9.	Challenge the adequacy of income tax liabilities for open years. Obtain information concerning deferred taxes from the date of inception of each temporary difference. Challenge the consistency of computation methods.				
10.	Obtain copies of outstanding debt agreements.				<u>\</u>



FIRST ENGAGEMENT PROCEDURES (Continued)

_			.	N 711	W/P
Pro	cedures	Done by	Date	N/A	Ref.
11.	Obtain an analysis of capital stock and additional paid-in capital accounts for the previous years. Supporting data for opening entries, and other large or unusual entries should be traced to supporting documents. Account for stock certificates issued, retired, and unused.				
12.	Obtain an analysis of retained earnings for the previous years. Investigate large or unusual entries.				
13.	Review and excerpt minutes for the preceding years.				
14.	Determine that major contractual obligations relating to sales, purchases, wages, vacation pay, deferred compensation, product guarantees, etc., have been properly reflected in the financial statements. Obtain copies of agreements.				
15.	Obtain and read prior year's report and financial statements.				
16.	Other procedures:				
				,	
					
Prep	pared by:	_ Date:			
	(In-Charge)				
Rev	iewed by:	_ Date:			
	(Engagement Partner)				





Altman Zeta (Z) Score Calculation Form	
Client:	
Financial Statement Date:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

I. The Z Score may be used as one indicator of an entity's financial "health" and ability to continue as a going concern. It is used when the auditor becomes aware of conditions and events that raise questions about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If Total Z Score determined under this calculation exceeds 2.6, the entity can probably be considered sound and secure. If less than 1.1, long-range survival prospects can probably be considered dim.

The calculation presented here is a general one. Somewhat different calculations, constants, and values apply to manufacturing and service entities. In those cases, additional research should be performed. Adjust the calculations as necessary for the client's situation.

The trend of the Z Score should also be part of the analysis. If a negative trend exists, even though Z Score is in the healthy range, a problem may be developing. On the other hand, if Z Score indicates that survival prospects are not favorable, but the trend is positive, a brighter future may be in store.

This Form should be prepared by the in-charge and reviewed and approved by the engagement partner. The conclusions should be documented in the Client Acceptance and Continuance Form and in the Audit Planning Memorandum.

		Results	× Co	nstant =	Current <u>Year</u> 19	Value Prior 19	Years 19
1.	Working Capital Total Assets		×	6.56 =			
2.	Retained Earnings Total Assets		×	3.26 =			
3.	Earnings Before Interest and Taxes Total Assets		×	6.72 =			
4.	Equity Total Liabilities		×	1.05 =			
	Total Z Score						

	Discuss and evaluate any significant factors that might mitigate a low score (for example, "large back order of business") and list any suggestions that might help entity improve its financial status:
II.	Discuss and evaluate any significant factors (including non-financial items) that might impact upon the entity's ability to continue as a going concern (including loss of significant customers, legal issues or management plans). If necessary, evaluate prospective financial information. Attach all items used.
III.	Conclusion:
Pre	pared by: Date:
App	proved by: Date: Date:

10.400 TESTS OF CONTROLS PROGRAMS

Use of Programs

The programs are divided into the following sections:

- I. There is no Test of Controls Program for cash (tests of controls included with Sections II and III).
- II. Accounts receivable confirmations and alternative procedures, and sales cutoff.
- III. Vouching and inspecting fixed assets, search for unrecorded liabilities, purchases cutoff, and expense account analysis.
- IV. Payroll tests.
- V. Part I There is no Tests of Controls Program for inventories no perpetual records.
- V. Part II Physical inventory observation and pricing and clerical tests perpetual records.
- VI. All cycles.

These sections correspond to similar sections in the Internal Controls Questionnaire. The sections represent groupings of major audit areas that are affected by the same transaction cycles. Section I (Cash) tests of controls are included in Section II (Collections) and Section III (Payments). These programs are designed to test the existing controls in the various systems classifications, i.e., Systems A, B and C.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Under the ABC System, after completion of the Internal Controls Questionnaire, the in-charge's selection of a standard system classification should be documented on the Planning Matrix. The Planning Matrix is used as a general guide to select, assemble, and modify the various sections of this program. Modifications indicated on the Internal Controls Questionnaire should be added. The in-charge should also enter the sample sizes determined during planning on the standard Tests of Controls Programs. The Planning Matrix and internal control documentation should be reviewed by the engagement partner before staff begins the tests of controls.

Under the All-Substantive Approach, limited tests of controls are performed. Only System C Test of Controls Programs should be used.

All program steps should be initialed in the "Done By" column and dated by engagement personnel when completing the work. The "W/P Ref." column should include references to working papers evidencing the procedures performed. It should also be marked. "N/A" for steps not applicable and marked "N/R" for steps not required because of immateriality or other reasons.

	Tests of Controls Programs	Se	ction II	: Syste	em A
	Client: Financial Statement Date:				<u> </u>
Note	te: There is no separate Tests of Controls Progra Internal Controls Questionnaire.	am for cash, which is Se	ction I in th	ne corresp	ponding
MA.	JOR AUDIT AREAS: 1. Accounts received: 2. Sales cutoff.	vable confirmations and a	alternative p	procedure	es.
TRA	ANSACTION CYCLES: Collections and sales	S.			
Proc	cedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Coll	lections			,	
1.	Determine by inquiry, observation, or inspection is received, opened and logged by at least twindependent of cash receipts and general jour receivable functions.	vo individuals who are			
2.	Determine by observation or inquiry that p over-the-counter are independent of the mail oper receipts journal, general ledger, and account functions.	ening, deposit, and cash			
3.	Determine by inquiry, observation, or inspection by sales personnel are adequately controlled.	on that collections made			
4.	Examine evidence or observe that persons recon independent of the cash collections function or is reviewed by the owner or manager.				
5.	Examine evidence of monthly balancing of t subledger to the general ledger.	he accounts receivable			
6.	Examine approval of account codings on listings.	daily cash receipts			
7.	Determine by inquiry, observation, or inspection the bank are received and opened by the owner				

TEST OF CONTROLS PROGRAMS SECTION II: SYSTEM A (Continued)

Pro	cedures	Done by	Date	W/P Ref.
8.	Examine evidence of accounting for prenumbered cash receipts tickets.			
9.	Determine by observation or inspection that a restrictive endorsement is placed all checks.	•		
10.	Select a sample of entries in the cash receipts journal and trace amount and date to supporting daily listings.			
11.	Select a sample of daily cash receipts listings and perform the following steps:			
	 a. Foot each listing. b. Trace to posting in cash receipts journal and compare for name, date and amount. c. Determine proper account coding and trace to cash receipts journal. d. Obtain supporting authenticated detailed deposit slip and remittance advices and: (1) Trace deposit slip total to bank statement noting agreement of date and amount. 			
	 (2) Compare total and individual amounts on deposit slips and remittance advices to daily cash receipts. e. Trace individual amounts to postings in the accounts receivable subledger noting agreement of names, dates and amounts. f. Recalculate cash discounts and compare to company policy or obtain owner or manager approval. 	<u> </u>		
12. 13.	Select a sample of daily cash register reports and/or daily over-the-counter receipts tickets and trace to duplicate deposit slips. Select a representative sample of shipping reports issued		S periographics	
	during the year, compare to sales invoices and entries in the sales journal for name, date and amount.			

Pro	cedures	Done by	Date	Ref.
14.	Select a sample of entries in the sales journal and perform the following:			
	 a. Trace to sales invoices and shipping reports and compare similarity of name, date, and amount. b. Verify prices and recalculate invoices. c. Check for owner or manager approval of credit sales. d. Check for owner or manager approval of discounts and allowances. e. Trace postings to accounts receivable subledger and compare name, date and amount. f. Check propriety of account codings. 			
15.	Select credit memo entries from the sales journal or credit memo journal and compare to credit memos for:			
	a. Name, date, and amounts.b. Approval of owner or manager.c. Examine supporting documents for propriety.			
16.	Other procedures:			



Pro	cedures	Done by	Date	W/P Ref.
Sale	es ·			
1.	Determine by observation and examining evidence that sales invoices are matched with shipping reports and are posted to the sales journal by persons independent of the shipping or sales functions.			
2.	Determine by inquiry, observation, or inspection that the persons posting the sales journal and general ledger are independent of the accounts receivable subledger posting function, and/or the owner or manager or other independent person periodically reconciles the subsidiary ledger to the general ledger.		_	
3.	Examine evidence of the owner's or manager's review of the monthly aged analysis of accounts receivable.			
4.	Examine evidence or observe that the owner or manager approves all discounts and allowances.			
5.	Examine evidence of the owner's or manager's review of monthly statements or invoices.	***************************************		-
6.	Examine evidence of the monthly balancing of the accounts receivable subledger to the general ledger. (Same as Collections Step No. 5.)			
7.	Select a sample of entries in the sales journal, obtain sales in-voices or credit memos and examine for:			
	a. Evidence of approval of account codings.b. Doublechecking of calculations and prices.	,		
8.	Examine evidence and/or observe owner or manager follow up on customer complaints.			
9.	Observe that an approved sales price list is in use.			
10.	Examine evidence that the following prenumbered documents are accounted for:			
	a. Credit memos.b. Shipping reports.c. Sales invoices.			<u> </u>

above) and reasons	•	es (cross-referenced to related tests of	control step
Prepared by:		Date:	
	(In-Charge)		
Reviewed by:		Date:	
	(Engagement Partner)		



	Tests of Controls	Programs Se	ection II	: Syste	em B
		:			
MA.	JOR AUDIT AREAS:	 Accounts receivable confirmation and a Sales cutoff. 	alternative p	rocedure	s.
TRA	ANSACTION CYCLES:	Sales and collections.			
Proc	edure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Coll	ections				
1.		erve that persons reconciling bank accounts are ollections function or that the reconciliation is r manager.		************	
2.	Observe that over-the-cou or prenumbered receipts.	inter receipts are controlled by a cash register	-		
3.	Examine evidence of acco	ounting for prenumbered cash receipts tickets.			·
4.	Examine evidence of mor ledger to the general ledge	othly balancing of the accounts receivable subger.			***************************************
Sale	s				
1.	Examine evidence that sa for.	ales invoices are prenumbered and accounted			
2.	Examine evidence that me to customers.	onthly statements or sales invoices are mailed	-		
3.	Examine evidence that th	e owner or manager approves credit sales.		-	
4.	Examine evidence that allowances, and bad debt	the owner or manager approves discounts, write-offs.			_

Modification of analabove) and reasons	lytical procedures and tests of balan therefor:	ces (cross-referenced to rela	ted tests of control step
			······
			·
Prepared by:		Date:	
	(In-Charge)		
Reviewed by:		Date:	
	(Engagement Partner)		



,	Tests of Controls Programs	Se	ection I	I: Syste	m C
	Client: Financial Statement Date:				
ΜA	AJOR AUDIT AREAS: 1. Accounts receivable and altern 2. Sales cutoff.	native pro	cedures.		
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES: Collections and sales.				
Pro	ocedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Col	llections				
1.	Examine evidence that over-the-counter sales are controlled by receipts tickets.	y sales or			
2.	Observe and inquire about the timely deposit of cash receipts.				
Sal	les				
1.	Observe and inquire about the preparation and mailing of sales and statements.	invoices			
2.	Other procedures:				
	odification of analytical procedures and tests of balances (cross-resove) and reasons therefor:	ferenced to	o related tes	ts of cont	rol step

			
Prepared by:		Date:	
	(In-Charge)		
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Reviewed by:	(T)	Date:	
	(Engagement Partner)		

,	Tests of Controls	Programs	Section II	I: Syste	em A
i	Client: Financial Statement Date				
MA	JOR AUDIT AREAS:	 Vouching and inspecting fixed asset Search for unrecorded liabilities. Purchase cutoff. Expense analysis. 	ts.		
	ANSACTION CYCLES:	Payments and acquisitions.	D D	D .	W/P
Pro	cedure		Done By	Date	Ref.
Pay	ments				
1.	Examine evidence to dete and canceled at time of c	rmine that supporting documents are appro- neck signing.	ved	************	
2.		erve that the numerical sequence of checks e independent of the preparation function.			
3.	Inquire or observe that cosomeone under his/her su	necks are mailed by the owner or manager pervision after signing.	or		<u> </u>
4.	Examine evidence of the subledger to the general l	monthly balancing of the accounts paya edger.	ble		
5.	prepared by the owner or	re, or observe that the bank reconciliation manager or a person independent of the cha ne reconciliation is reviewed by the owner	eck		
6.	preparation function is in	observation, or inspection that the characteristic observation, or inspection that the characteristic observation, generally subledger posting functions.			
7.		servation, or inspection that items returned opened by the owner or manager.	by		
Q	Determine by observation	or inspection that a check protector is in u	ICA		

			W/P
rocedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
. Select a sample of entries in the cash disbursements journa perform the following procedures:	ıl and		
a. Obtain paid check and:			
(1) Examine signature and endorsement for propriety.			
(2) Compare to entry for payee, date and amount.			
b. Obtain supporting documents and:			
(1) Determine that documents agree with disbursement and vendor and nature of purchase are proper.	that		
(2) Examine for owner or manager approval for payment.			
(3) Compare vendor name and amount to entry.			
(4) Determine if discount was taken where appropriate.			
(5) Examine approval of disbursement account coding.			
(6) Determine if supporting documents are canceled to preduplicate payment. (Note—A System A normally include purchases journal. Additional supporting documents we examined in the acquisitions tests.)	des a		
c. Trace postings to the accounts payable subledger.			
Count petty cash funds on a surprise basis, examine voucher supporting documents and reconcile to general ledger balance.	rs and		
. Other procedures:			

				W/P
Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
Acc	quisitions			
1.	Determine by inquiry, observation, or inspection that the persons posting the purchases journal and general ledger are independent of the accounts payable subledger posting function and/or the owner manager or other independent person reconciles, or reviews the reconciliation of the subledger to the general ledger.			
2.	Determine by inquiry, observation, or by examining evidence that all supporting documents are matched by a person independent of the ordering function, or by the owner or manager, before entry in the purchases journal.			
3.	Examine evidence of the monthly balancing of the accounts payable subledger to the general ledger. (Same as Payments step No. 4.)			
4.	Examine evidence of an independent review of purchases account codings.			
5.	Examine evidence, or observe, that approved vendors' price lists are being used.	•	_	
6.	Examine evidence, or observe, that the numerical sequence of receiving reports is being accounted for.			
7.	Examine evidence, or observe, that the numerical sequence of purchase orders and/or purchase requisitions is being accounted for.	-		
8.	Examine evidence, or observe, that accounts payable subledger balances are periodically reconciled to vendors' statements by a person independent of the ordering and payments function.			
9.	Examine evidence or observe that the receiving department inspects the quantity and quality of materials when receiving reports are prepared.			
10.	Select a sample of receiving reports issued during the year and trace to vendor invoices entries in the purchase journal. Compare:			
	a. Type of merchandise.			
	b. Name of vendor.			



D.,	and from	D D	ъ.	W/P
Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
	c. Dates received.			
	d. Quantities.			
	e. Amounts.			
11.	Select a sample of entries in the purchases journal and perform the following:			
	a. If paid, trace check number to entry in cash disbursements journal. If unpaid, investigate reasons.	-		***************************************
	b. Obtain vendor invoice, receiving report, purchase order and/or purchase requisition and perform the following:			
	(1) Compare name, dates and amounts.			
	(2) Review invoice for approval of purchase by owner or manager.			0740
	(3) Review receiving report for proper approval.			
	(4) Review purchase order and/or purchase requisition for proper approval.	P. C. A. C. and		
	(5) Verify prices and recalculate footings and extensions on invoices.		•	
	(6) Compare quantities and descriptions.			
	(7) Check propriety of account codings.			
	(8) Determine that supporting documents are canceled to prevent reuse.			-
12.	Other procedures:			

above) and reasons			
			<u> </u>
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			•
Prepared by:		Date:	
	(In-Charge)		
Reviewed by:		Date:	
•	(Engagement Partner)		

	Tests of Controls	Pr	ograms S	ection II	I: Syste	em B
ΜA	JOR AUDIT AREAS:	1. 2. 3. 4.	Search for unrecorded liabilities.			
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES:	Pa	yments and acquisitions.			
Dro	ocedure			Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
				Dolle By	Date	Kei.
Pay	yments					
1.	Examine evidence that ch	ecks	are signed only by the owner or manage	r		-
2.	Test by observation and supporting documents be	-	airy that the owner or manager review signing checks.	vs		
3.	Examine evidence that c	hecks	s are prenumbered and accounted for.	•		
4.	or manager of a person		ry that checks are prepared by the ownspendent of the vendor invoice approv			
_	function.					
5.	Other procedures:		-	_		
				_		
		······································				
Ac	quisitions					
1.	Test by observation and	inqu	iry that the owner or manager approv	es		

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
2.	Test by observation and inquiry that "vendors" invoices or other documents are included as support for all purchases.			
3.	Examine evidence that vendors are approved by the owner or manager.			
4.	Other procedures:			
	dification of analytical procedures and tests of balances (cross-referenced to ve) and reasons therefor:	o related test	ts of cont	rol step
_				
_				
Pre	pared by: Date:			
Rev	iewed by: Date:			



	Tests of Controls	Programs	Se	ction III	: Syste	m C
		:				
<u> </u>						
MA	AJOR AUDIT AREAS:	 Vouching and inspect Search for unrecorded Purchase cutoff. Expense analysis. 				
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES:	Acquisitions and payments	3.			
Pro	ocedure			Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Pay	yments					
1.	Examine evidence that convoices or other externa	ash disbursements are suppl documents.	orted by vendors	·····		
2.	Examine evidence that be	ank accounts are reconciled.				
Ac	quisitions					
1.	Examine evidence that manager.	payments are approved b	y the owner or			
2.	Other procedures:					
			-			
	odification of analytical processes and reasons therefor:	edures and tests of balances	(cross-referenced	to related test	s of cont	rol step
_						
Pre	epared by:	(In-Charge)	Date:			
Re	viewed by:(En	gagement Partner)	Date:			



1	Tests of Controls Programs Sec	ction IV	: Syste	m A
	Client: Financial Statement Date:			
ΜA	JOR AUDIT AREA: Payroll tests.			
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES: Payroll and personnel.			
Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
1.	Observe that a time clock is used to record time or that time is logged by persons independent of payroll preparation, check signing, or distribution functions.			
2.	Examine evidence of doublechecking payroll rates and calculations by an independent person.			
3.	Examine evidence of periodic reconciliation of employees', earnings records to general ledger by persons independent of payroll preparation and distribution.			
4.	Select payroll labor distributions and examine evidence that account codings are reviewed by someone other than preparer.			•
5.	Select personnel files and examine written evidence of the following:			
	a. Wage rate authorization.			
	b. W-4 form signed by the employee.			
	c. Withholdings authorizations signed by employee and approved by the owner or manager.	<u></u>		
6.	Examine evidence or observe that payroll checks are accounted for by a person independent of the preparation function.	S ection of the section of the sect		
7.	Examine evidence that the payroll bank account reconciliation is reviewed by the owner or manager.			



Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
8.	Select a sample of series of duplicate payroll checks and:			•
	a. Account for the numerical sequence.			
	b. Trace to payroll journal entries for name, date and amounts.			
9.	Select a sample of entries in the payroll journal, obtain canceled checks, time cards (hours) and personnel files (rate and withholding information) and:			
	a. Recompute gross pay. Scan withholdings and other deductions for reasonableness.			
	b. Examine time cards for approval by foreman, owner or manager.			
	c. Examine check for signature of owner or manager.			
	d. Examine or obtain owner or manager approval of rates of pay and withholdings.			
	e. Compare signature on W-4 form to check endorsement.			
	f. Trace postings to employees' earnings records.		····	
	g. Check account classification.			
10.	Obtain unissued payroll checks and control distribution to employees. Check the following:			
	a. Proper identification.			
	b. Employee satisfaction with net pay computations.			
11.	Other procedures:			

Modification of ana above) and reasons	therefor:	ces (cross-referenced to related tests of control step
		
Prepared by:		Date:
r ropurou by:	(In-Charge)	
Reviewed by:		Date:
·	(Engagement Partner)	



		ction IV	: Syste	em B
Ì	Client: Financial Statement Date:			
	JOR AUDIT AREA: Payroll tests. ANSACTION CYCLES: Payroll and personnel.			
Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
1.	Test by observation and inquiry that time cards are prepared by employees.			
2.	Test by observation and inquiry that time cards are approved by a supervisor, manager or owner.			
3.	Test by observation, inquiry, and inspection that the owner or manager approves rates of pay and withholding and changes thereto.			
4.	Examine evidence that the payroll bank account is reconciled by someone independent of payroll preparation, approvals and check signing or by the owner or manager.			
5.	Examine evidence that payroll checks are prenumbered and accounted for.			
6.	Other procedures:			
	dification of analytical procedures and tests of balances (cross-referenced tve) and reasons therefor:	o related tes	ts of con	trol step



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Prepared by:	(T. (1)	Date:	
	(In-Charge)		
Deviewed hw		Date:	
icolewed by.	(Engagement Partner)	Date.	

Test of Controls Programs	Section IV: System C
Client: Financial Statement Date:	i
MAJOR AUDIT AREA: Payroll tests. TRANSACTION CYCLES: Payroll and personnel.	
Procedure	W/P Done By Date Ref.
Review selected payroll journals and personnel record Other procedures:	ds
Modification of analytical procedures and tests of balances (a above) and reasons therefor:	cross-referenced to related tests of control step
Prepared by:(In-Charge)	Date:
Reviewed by: (Engagement Partner)	Date:

	Test of Controls Programs Section V —	- Part I	L: Syste	m A
	Client: Financial Statement Date:			
Μz	AJOR AUDIT AREAS: 1. Physical inventory observation. 2. Pricing and clerical tests.			
ΓR	ANSACTION CYCLES: Inventory and warehousing—perpetual inven	tory record	s maintai	ned
Pro	ocedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
1.	Observe that all classes of inventory are stored under good physical safeguards:			•
	a. Raw materials.b. Work-in-process.c. Finished goods.	_		
2.	Examine evidence or observe that physical counts are made and agreed to perpetual records by persons independent of the inventory and warehousing cycle, or that they are supervised by the owner or manager.			
3.	Examine copies of instructions for periodic physical counts.			
4.	Examine evidence or observe that the receiving department inspects the quantity and quality of materials when receiving reports are prepared.		**************************************	
5.	Examine evidence that the following documents are accounted for:			
	a. Raw material requisitions.b. Labor charge documents.c. Completed production orders.d. Finished inventory requisitions.			
6.	Examine evidence or observe that the computations on the following documents are double-checked on at least a test basis by foremen or other independent persons:			
	a. Completion of raw material goods requisitions.b. Labor charge documents.c. Completed production records.			

			W/P
Procedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
d. Finished inventory requisitions.e. Perpetual records posting.		_	
7. Examine evidence of reconciliation of perpetual records with the goldedger by an independent person.	eneral		•
8. Select a sample of the following, examine evidence of doubleche of computations and account coding by an independent person and to the perpetual records and the source for general ledger entry:			
 a. Raw material requisitions. Sample Size b. Labor charge documents. Sample Size c. Completed production records approved by the owner or mar Sample Size 	mager.	_	
d. Finished inventory requisitions. Sample Size			
9. Select a sample of perpetual inventory records and perfor following:	rm the		
a. Trace all postings to supporting documents, i.e., raw material sitions, labor charge documents, completed production bi materials and charges, finished inventory requisitions, inve adjustments approved by the owner or manager, and to the s of the general ledger entries.	ills of entory		
b. Examine owner or manager approval of related bills of materia charges.	als and		
c. Foot the inventory records.			
d. Recalculate unit costs on the records.e. Review record for evidence of obsolete or slow-moving item		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
f. Recalculate overhead charged to the record, if applicable.			
10. For dates, agree the perpetual records control totals, if avaito the general ledger. (If not available, see step 4.)	ilable,		
11. For periods, recompute standard labor, material and over costs charged to production.	erhead		
12. Account for the numerical sequence of series of following:	for the		
a. Raw material requisitions.			
b. Labor charge documents.			

Procedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
c. Completed production records.d. Finished inventory requisitions.			
13. Other procedures:			
	· ·		
Modification of analytical procedures and tests of balances (cross-rabove) and reasons therefor:		ts of contr	rol step
	·		
Prepared by: Date			
(In-Charge)			
Reviewed by: Date (Engagement Partner)	:	·	<u> </u>

	Tests of Controls	Programs	Par	Sec t II: Syste	tion V	1
l	Client:					
MA	JOR AUDIT AREAS:	 Physical inventor Pricing and cleri 				
TR	ANSACTION CYCLES:	Inventory and wareho	ousing—perpetual inv	entory record	ls maintai	ned
Pro	cedure			Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
1.	Test by observation and adequate instructions.	I inquiry that inventor	ry counters are give	en		
2.	Test by observation and utilized to insure an accu	<u> </u>	cut-off procedures a	re		
3.	Test by observation and i	nquiry that obsolete an	d consigned goods a	re		
4.	Other procedures:					
				<u> </u>	•	
	dification of analytical proc ve) and reasons therefor:	edures and tests of bala	nces (cross-reference	d to related te	sts of cont	rol step
Pre	pared by:		Date:			
Rev	viewed by:	(In-Charge) gagement Partner)	Date:			,

,	Tests of Controls Programs	Section V	: Syste	m A
	Client: Financial Statement Date:			
MA	JOR AUDIT AREAS: All areas.			
TRA	ANSACTION CYCLES: All cycles.			
Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
1.	Obtain and review operations budgets.			
2.	Observe adequate safeguards over the following:			
	a. Accounting records.b. Securities and other valuable papers.c. Other records.			
3.	Examine evidence that fixed assets records are periodically review checked to assets and reconciled to the general ledger.	ved,		
4.	Other procedures:			
			-	•
	dification of analytical procedures and tests of balances (cross-reference) and reasons therefor:			rol step
Prep	pared by: Date:			
Rev		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		



Random Selection With a Random Table Form	
Client: Financial Statement Date:	
INSTRUCTIONS:	

A discussion of the methods that may be used to select sample units is presented, Chapter 3, section 3.525. To use the random selection method with a random number table:

- Assign each element of the population a unique address that corresponds to the random number table.
- Decide how to read the table, i.e., the number of digits and location, and if top to bottom, left to right.
- Place a pencil on a page to determine a random starting point.
- Modify the population numbers to the smallest possible number of digits to reduce discards.
- Pure random sampling should be applied to the entire population; stratified random sampling would separate the population according to some characteristic such as size of elements or features of the underlying transaction. This form should be used to document random selection with a random table or calculator. If a computer is used, a copy of the computer printout should be retained as documentation.

POPULATION DESCRIPTION	
1. Type of document designated as the sampling unit.	
a. Largest document number plus 1	
b. Smallest document number	
c. Population size	
2. Nature of the sampling unit if not a document.	
3. Description of the population if No. 2. is applicable (including population size and numbering of population).	

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RANDOM NUMBER TABLE	
Name of table.	
Page(s) used.	
Correspondence between the table and sampling units (normally document number).	
Number of digits used.	
Starting point in table.	
First usable sample number.	
Last usable sample number.	
Stopping point in table.	
Number of sample items selected.	
Modifications to reduce discards.	
•	
	Date:
(In-Charge)	
Reviewed by:	Date:
(Engagement Partner)	

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Random Selection With a Systematic S	Sample Form
CVI	
Client:	
Financial Statement Date:	
INSTRUCTIONS:	
This form is used to document systematic selection methods wis select sample units is presented in section 3.527, in Chapter 3.	
POPULATION DESCRIPTION	
1. Type of document designated as the sampling unit.	
a. Largest document number plus 1	
b. Smallest document number	·
c. Population size	44, 1, 4
2. Nature of the sampling unit if not a document.	
3. Description of the population if No. 2. is applicable (including population size and numbering of population).	
Population Size Sample Size = initial interval	
Initial interval × number of desired starts =	
adjusted interval	
Rounded interval.	
Random number(s) from the table.	_
First sample item(s).	
Last sample item(s).	
	D .
Prepared by:(In-Charge)	_ Date:
_	_ Date:
(Engagement Partner)	



Chent:		
Financial Statement Date:		
Check the financial statement assertion(s)	being tested:	
a. Existence and occurrence b. Rights and obligations	c. Completenessd. Valuation or allocation	
Description of sampling application:		
Total recorded population for		\$
Less amount of individually significant ite (Usually all items equal to or greater than		,
of tolerable misstatement) Sample population		\$ <u></u>
oumpro population		

Assessment of inherent and control risk	Risk that other substantive procedures (e.g. analytical procedures) will fail to detect a material misstatement				
	Maximum	Moderate	Low		
Maximum	3.0	2.3	1.9		
Slightly below maximum	2.7	2.0	1.6		
Moderate	2.3	1.6	1.2		
Low	1.9	1.2	1.0		

10.503

5.	Calculate the initial sample size with the following	formula:				
	Sampling Population Basic Allowance (Tolerable Misstatemen	_	Assurance Factor		Sample Size	
	\$ ÷ \$	_ × _		=		
6.	Allocate the sample items:		Population		Sample	
		Items	Dollars	Items	Dollars	
	a. Stratum 1—Items above the mean of the sampling population (select 2/3 of the sample items from this subpopulation)		\$		\$	
	b. Stratum 2—Items less than the mean of the sampling population (select 1/3 of the sample items from this subpopulation)		\$		\$	
	c. Total		\$		\$	

	Audit Sample Evaluation Form — Tests of Balances Sampling		
	Client:		
	Financial Statement Date:		
1.	Project the misstatement (use only one column if the sai	mple population was no	ot stratified):
		Stratum 1	Stratum 2
	a. Misstatement in the sample	\$	\$
	b. Dollar value of the sample	\$	\$
	c. Dollar value of the strata	\$	\$
	d. Projected misstatement in the sample stratum $(c. \div b. \times a.)$	\$	\$
	e. Total projected misstatement in the sample population (d.1 + d.2)	\$	
2.	Evaluate sample risk:		
	a. Misstatements found in the group audited 100%	\$	
	b. Projected misstatement in the sample population (1.6	e.) \$	
	c. Total projected and known misstatement (2.a. + 2.b).) \$	
	d. Amount of above misstatement corrected	\$	
	e. Remaining known and projected misstatement (2.c2.d.)	\$*	
	f. Tolerable misstatement for the account (From the Model Approach Working Paper—Tests of Balances) \$	
	g. Is the remaining known and projected misstatement (e.) less than 1/3 of the amount of tolerable misstatement (f.)?	Yes No	_
	If the answer to g is "No" sampling risk may be unacceptably high and additional testing should be considered.		

^{*} This amount should be posted to the Summary of Possible Journal Entries Form (section 10.302).



•	COMPREMENSIVE ENGAGEMENT MANUAL 1
10	.601
	Microcomputer Questionnaire
	Client:
	Financial Statement Date:
IN	STRUCTIONS:
	is questionnaire should be used to document controls when a client uses microcomputers and one or purchased, standard, UNMODIFIED accounting packages to process accounting information.
1.	Names and models of computers:
2.	Name of operating system:
3.	Name and version of software:
	Package 1
4.	Major reports generated from software:
	Package 1 Package 2 Package 3 Package 4
5.	Key operators and their responsibilities:

Responsibilities

Key Operator

	MICROCOMPUTER QUESTIONNAIRE (Continued)
	Are any of their duties incompatible? Explain
6.	Describe any controls, such as user ID numbers, passwords and locking on/off switches that are used to prevent unauthorized access to programs and accounting data.
7.	Describe controls that insure that all transactions are processed and that the same data is not processed twice.
Q	Are users adequately trained and provided with adequate instructions on how to use the computer
ο.	system? Yes No
9.	Who is responsible for reviewing the reports generated from the microcomputer?
	Report Reviewer
.0.	Have procedures been developed for periodic back-up of files?
l 1 .	Are backup files stored in a secure location?

10.601

12. Has management considered developing a disaster plan, including arrangements for emergency equipment, facilities, insurance, etc.? Yes ____ No ___

MICROCOMPUTER QUESTIONNAIRE (Continued)

13. Tests of Controls

No	te:
	e inquiry, observation, and inspection procedures used to obtain an understanding of the computer tem are usually sufficient to support an assessment of control risk at less than the maximum.
	ditional tests should be performed only if the auditor wishes to further reduce the level of control risk. r the All Substantive approach, no additional tests should be performed.
	Describe any <i>additional</i> tests of microcomputer controls performed (e.g., inspection of evidence of review of computer output):
14.	Summary of Findings Describe the major control strengths noted:
	Describe the major control weaknesses noted:
	Describe the major control weaknesses noted.
15.	The auditor's understanding of computer controls, and the results of the tests of controls should be considered in the auditor's assessment of control risk for all financial statement assertions that are affected by computer processing:

MICROCOMPUTER QUESTIONNAIRE (Continued)

Note:					
Computer processing composersing of related transactions a processing of sales and completeness and gross of may be reduced).	and balances. cash receipts,	For example, the auditor m	if the client lay reduce the	nas good interrextent of the te	nal controls over ests of existence
	19	19	19	19	19
Prepared or updated by: Client In-Charge		tame to the control of the control o			
Reviewed by: Engagement Partner					

10.602

General Computer Controls Questionnaire	
Client:	
Financial Statement Date:	

INSTRUCTIONS:

This questionnaire should be completed and updated annually to document controls that are global to the client's computer system environment. For each item, place a "\scrip" in the "Yes" or "No" column to indicate whether the procedure is performed or in the "N/A" column if the procedure is not applicable to the client's control system. When you've completed the questionnaire, review your "Yes" and "No" responses and determine how they impact your assessment of control risk. The effects of any "No" answers should be considered and documented in the space provided. Also, "No" answers should be considered for required communication of internal control structure related matters as material weaknesses and reportable conditions. (See Chapter 7, sections 7.606–.608.) (If the client's computer system uses only unmodified software products and the system is not complex, this questionnaire should not be completed. See section 10.601 for the Microcomputer Questionnaire.)

Organizational Controls

		Y es	NO	N/A
1.	If available, attach a copy of the management information systems (MIS) department organization chart.			
2.	Does the MIS department have adequate organizational status to be independent of the other organizational groups that it serves?			
3.	Have written job descriptions been prepared for all key positions in the MIS department?			
4.	Have procedures been established to ensure that MIS department employee qualifications are matched to the specific requirements for each employee's position?			
5.	Are system operations, input, database control functions, and system development activities performed by separate individuals?			
6.	Are operations personnel periodically rotated between jobs or applications?			
7.	Are operations personnel required to take vacations?			

GENERAL COMPUTER CONTROLS QUESTIONNAIRE (Continued)

		Yes	No	N/A
8.	Are operations personnel prohibited from initiating transactions or making master file (table) changes?			GEOGRAPHIC TO THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE
9.	Are departments (groups) that initiate changes to database master information provided a report showing changes actually made?			
spre	lication Development Controls (includes standard adsheets, databases used for computer applications, Lotus grams, etc.)			
10.	Have formal documentation standards and procedures been established?			
11.	Have standards for systems development and programming been developed?			
12.	Have formal operator and user instructions been developed?			
13.	Have formal program testing procedures been established for new applications and revisions to existing applications?	8-7		
14.	Are programs tested by persons independent of the programmer(s) who developed the software?	Only the second of the second		
15.	Are the data used for testing and the results of testing maintained for supervisory review and historical purposes?		Didaban Managaran dan d	
16.	Are personnel that test programs prohibited from testing new or revised programs on live data files?			
17.	Have procedures been developed for the documentation of requests for program changes?			
18.	Are program change requests approved in writing by a supervisory level person?			

GENERAL COMPUTER CONTROLS QUESTIONNAIRE (Continued)

Ope	rations Controls			
19.	Have procedures been established to monitor operator/user adherence to prescribed instructions?			
20.	Are adequate computer operation logs maintained for batch processing of transactions?			
21.	Are adequate computer controls (transaction logging, etc.) established over interactive processing of transactions?			
22.	Is a schedule prepared of applications to be processed, and reports and documents to be produced?			
23.	Are control procedures over report distribution adequate?	Barrie d'alla de la companya de la c		
24.	Have procedures been established to prohibit computer operators or users from having access to system or program logic documentation?			
Dat	a, Program and Facilities Backup Controls			
25.	Have procedures been established for the periodic backup of critical data and programs from all centralized computers and file servers?			
26.	Is the backup media (diskettes, tapes, tape cartridges, etc.) stored at a secure location?			
27.	Have procedures been established for the restoring of backed up data and programs in the event of a system failure?			
28.	Has the client's ability to restore critical data and programs been tested?			
29.	Has a written disaster recovery plan been developed and have arrangements for emergency equipment and facilities been made?		gazzgannagynnyaldinida	
30.	If necessary, are virus tests performed on a regular basis?			

GENERAL COMPUTER CONTROLS QUESTIONNAIRE (Continued)

31	. Tests	αf	Car	strola.	
21	. 15515	OI	CUL	шою.	

Note	e:						
gene	airy observation, and it eral controls. Therefor ally sufficient to support	e, the procedu	ires used to ob	tain an unders	tanding of the	hat are used to t general controls a	est are
Add For	itional tests should be p the All Substantive ap	performed only	if the auditor ditional tests sh	wishes to furth ould be perfor	ner reduce the le	evel of control ris	sk.
	Describe any addition	nal procedures	designed to tes	st general com	puter controls:		
							<u>-</u>
32.	Summary of Findings	3:					
	Describe the major co	ontrol strength	s in the genera	l controls:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
							<u> </u>
	Describe the major co	ontrol weakne	sses in the gene	eral controls:			
							<u>_</u>
33.	This evaluation of ge should be considered affected by computer	in the assessm	er controls and nent of control	the evaluation	ns of application	n computer contr at assertions that	ols are
		19	19	19	19	19	
	pared or updated by: In-Charge			-			
	iewed by: Engagement Partner					·····	

10.651

Service Organization Application Controls Questionnaire
Controls Questionnaire
Client:
Financial Statement Date:
Financiai Statement Date.
INSTRUCTIONS:
This form should be used when (1) the service organization both authorizes and maintains records of significant transactions, and (2) there is no service auditor's report available. The information should be used to evaluate the need to visit the service center to perform a detailed evaluation of the center's internal controls, to document information obtained during the visit and to identify any material weaknesses for follow-up.
This form should be completed by the in-charge, or computer specialist and reviewed by the engagement partner.
Any weaknesses or strengths noted should be evaluated by the auditor in assessing control risk.
Section 1 — General Information
Name of service center:
Address:
Name of individual(s) in client's organization responsible for service center application:
Is there a formal agreement? If so, obtain copy.
Is there insurance protection for the following:
1. Program or software destruction?

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2. Loss of data?
3. Business interruption?
4. Errors and omissions?
Application Narrative: (describe in non-technical terms what the application does)
Describe how critical this application is to the client. Discuss the impact on the client of not having the application operational.
Section 2 — Technology Employed by the Application
Computer Hardware
Provide a general description of the service organization's hardware that is used to process clientransactions:
Systems and Application Software
Provide a general description of the service organization's systems and application software that is use to process client transactions:

Section 3 — Transaction Entry

Describe the nature of the transaction including:
Significant Source Documents and Contents
Input Screens
Input corotab
<u> </u>
Retention Policy
Who is responsible for reviewing the completeness and accuracy of the input?
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Describe any forms, logs, reconciliations	, etc. used to control input.
Form	Description
	PRODUCTION OF THE PRODUCTION O
Describe the controls established to insure processed more than once.	that all transactions are processed and that the same data is no
	V
**	
Describe how information is submitted to	the service organization.
Section 4—Report, Query, and Other	Output Received From the Service Organization
Describe the nature of computer output in	ncluding:
Printed Documents	

Listings, journals, subsidiary ledgers, ledgers, summaries, etc.
Describe any tests made by service organization personnel to verify the completeness and the accuracy of the information processed.
Describe any tests made by user accounting or other user personnel to verify the completeness and the accuracy of the information processed.
Describe the procedures for error correction and reprocessing.

Section 5 — Information Retained by the Service Organization

Describe significant documents, transaction files, master tables/files, etc. retained by the service organization and the security and retention procedures employed.
Section 6 — Custody of Assets and Authorization of Transactions by the Service Organization
Describe the nature of service organization personnel's access to client assets and ability to authorize transactions.
Section 7 — Security
Describe the segregation of duties related to the processing of the client's transactions.

Describe how the following security features of the operating sy implemented for this application.	ystem and/or network operating system a	ıre
		_
		_
		_
User numbers and password protection		
Describe any other security features.		
		_
Section 8 — Summary of Findings		
Describe the major control strengths noted.		
	·	
		_

8/95

Describe the major contro	l weaknesse	es noted.			
			-		
•					·
•					
Note:	,				
Additional tests should be organization in assessing c should be performed.	e performed ontrol risk t	d only if the a for the client. I	uditor plans to For the All-Subs	rely on the costantive approac	ontrols of the service ch, no additional test
Describe the effect of your risk for the related financi	understandi al statement	ing and the tests t assertions.	s of controls per	formed on your	assessment of contro
	19	19	19	19	19
Prepared or updated by: In-Charge					
Reviewed by: Engagement Partner					

10.652

Service Auditor Report Evaluation Form
Client:
Financial Statement Date:
INSTRUCTIONS:
This form should be used when (1) the service organization both authorizes and maintains records of significant transactions, and (2) there is a service auditor's report available.
This form should be completed by the in-charge or computer specialist and reviewed by the engagement partner.
Include a copy of the service auditor's report in the workpapers.
Section 1 — General Information
Name of service center:
Address:
Name of individual(s) in client's organization responsible for service center application:
Is there a formal agreement? If so, obtain copy.
Is there insurance protection for the following:
Program or software destruction?
2. Loss of data?

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SERVICE AUDITOR REPORT EVALUATION FORM (Continued)

	3. Business interruption?
	4. Errors and omissions?
App	olication Narrative: (describe in non-technical terms what the application does)
	cribe how critical this application is to the client. Discuss the impact on the client of not having this lication operational:
	tion 2 — Service Auditor
Nan	ne of the service auditor:
Doe	es the Service Auditor have a good reputation?
Sec	tion 3 — The Service Auditor's Report
A.	Describe the type of report issued by the service auditor.
В.	Describe the major control strengths in the service organization's processing.
C.	Describe the major control weaknesses in the service organization's processing.

SERVICE AUDITOR REPORT EVALUATION FORM (Continued)

Not	e:						
the	tion 3, item D. and Se service organization in All-Substantive approa	assessing co					
D.	If the service auditor will be relied upon in	assessing co	ontrol risk for t	he client.	ess of controls, ic		
Sec	tion 4 — Client Involv	ement					
A. Describe any control procedures performed by client personnel to test organization processing.						·	
				-			
O	F. G	P T3: 1:					
	tion 5—Summary of						
	cribe the effect of your for the related financi			of controls per	formed on your	assessment of	control
				•		•	
						•	
		19	19	19	19	19	
	pared or updated by: In-Charge						
	iewed by: Engagement Partner	-	· ·				



10.700

Tests of Balances Audit Program	
Client: Financial Statement Date:	

INSTRUCTIONS:

This program has been developed for use on all audit engagements. It is not a substitute for professional judgment. The minimum tests of balances procedures and sample sizes will be selected for areas assessed as System A and B provided the results from tests of controls and preliminary analytical procedures are satisfactory. Certain additional procedures and/or increased sample sizes in tests of balances may be required for financial statement assertions with assessed control risk at maximum, i.e., System C. The same will be required for the tests of balances under the All-Substantive Approach.

The Planning Matrix, the Internal Controls Questionnaire, the Risk of Potential Misstatements Evaluation Form, and the results of the tests of controls and preliminary analytical procedures should be used for guidance when modifying this program and selecting sample sizes under the ABC System. The All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire and the results of the tests of controls (System C) and preliminary analytical procedures should guide modification under the All-Substantive Approach.

After the tests of controls and the preliminary analytical procedures have been completed, this Tests of Balances Audit Program should be modified by the in-charge and reviewed by the engagement partner. Each step should be initialed and dated by the engagement personnel who performed the work. References to supporting workpapers should be placed in the "W/P Ref." column. Also, "N/A" should be placed in the "W/P Ref." column for any steps that are not applicable.

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I. CASH

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)
Completeness. (C)
Rights and obligations. (R)

Presentation and disclosure. (P)

- Objectives: Existence To determine that cash exists and is owned by the entity. (Assertions E and R)
 - Proper cut-off To determine that cash balances reflect a proper cut-off of cash receipts and disbursements. (Assertions E, C and P)
 - Complete To determine that cash balances as presented in the balance sheet properly reflect all cash and cash items on hand, in transit, or on deposit with third parties. (Assertions E, C and P)
 - Proper classification To determine that cash balances are properly classified in the financial statements and any restrictions on the availability of funds are properly disclosed. (Assertions R and P)

Pro	ocedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
A.	Review the results of applicable sections of the following to determine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1. Preliminary analytical procedures.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2. All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3. Tests of Controls Program.			
В.	Compare account balances with preceding year's. (E, R, and C)			
C.	Compute quick current ratios (cash, and net receivables) and compare with preceding year's. (E, R, and C)			
D.	At the balance-sheet date, perform the following:			
	Count undeposited funds on hand at locations and control until deposited. (E and R)			

I. CASH (Continued)

Proc	edur	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
	2.	Count petty cash and change funds paying particular attention to the nature of transactions in the fund. (E and R)			
		Practice Tip: It is often a good idea to scan petty cash vouchers to determine types of expenses that are paid out of petty cash. Be on the lookout for items that might need to be capitalized.			
	3.	Obtain last unused check numbers by physical inspection. (C)			
	4.	List any checks prepared and recorded prior to the balance-sheet date, but not yet issued. (C)			
	5.	Prepare and mail standard bank confirmations for demand and time deposit accounts. (E, R, and C)			
	6.	Prepare and mail a request for cutoff bank statements on bank accounts to be sent directly to us. Prove any requested statement not received directly by agreeing the totals of enclosures to amounts on the statement. (E, R, and C)			
E.		ain a bank reconciliation for accounts as of the ince-sheet date and perform the following:			
	1.	Foot reconciliations.	•		
	2.	Trace book balances to general ledger.			
	3.	Trace bank balances to cutoff bank statement.			·
	4.	Agree bank balances to confirmations from bank.			



I. CASH (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date _	W/P Ref.	
	5.	Trace reconciling items to bank cutoff statements or other supporting documents. Items not clearing during cutoff period should be challenged for propriety and traced to supporting documents.			
	6.	Determine items in bank cutoff statement relating to periods before, or on, reconciliation date are properly reflected on the reconciliation.	D		
	7.	Agree last deposit amount and last unissued check number obtained at balance-sheet date to the source journals.			
	8.	Examine material enclosures returned with bank cutoff statements for any unusual items or unrecorded transactions taking place prior to the balance-sheet date.			·
	9.	For checks dated for the first days after the reconciliation date, examine the date of the first bank endorsement to determine if they precede the reconciliation date.			
	10. (E,	Trace lists of any held checks to outstanding check lists. R, and C)		,	
F.		edule interbank and intrabank transfers for days one and after the balance-sheet date by reference to:			
	1.	Deposits in transit and outstanding checks on bank reconciliations.			
	2.	Cash receipts and disbursements journals or duplicate deposit slips and check copies.	.,,		
	3. (E,	Enclosures in cutoff bank statements. R, and C)			

I. CASH (Continued)

Proc	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
G.	Determine that all such transfers were:			
	 Recorded on the books in the same period for both bank accounts. 			
	Uncompleted transfers were properly accounted for in the bank reconciliations.(E, R, and C)			
H.	Review bank confirmations for details applicable to other areas of the financial statements. (P)			
I.	Segregate any bank overdrafts or funds subject to withdrawal restrictions. (P)	-		
J.	Review any compensating balances arrangements for the benefit of the company or related parties. (P)			
K.	Additional procedures:			
Pre	pared by: Date:			
Rev	riewed by: Date:			



II. TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Existence of trade accounts receivable To determine that receivables exist, are authentic obligations owed to the entity, contain no significant amounts that should be written off, and that allowances for doubtful accounts are adequate and not excessive. (Assertions E, R and V)
- Proper disclosure To determine that proper disclosure is made of any pledged, discounted or assigned trade receivables. (Assertions R and P)
- Revenue recognition To determine that interest on trade accounts receivable has been properly recorded. (Assertions C, R and V)
- GAAP conformity To determine that presentation and disclosure of trade accounts receivable is in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)

Pro	cedui	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Α.		riew the results of applicable sections of the following to ermine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
В.		npare balances of accounts receivable and revenues with ceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
C.		npute the following ratios and compare with preceding rs's:			
	1.	Number of days net sales in trade accounts receivable. (E, C, R and V)			

II. TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
	2. Year-end trade contracts receivable as a percentage of gross sales. (E, C, R, and V)			
D.	Obtain a list of aged accounts receivable at the balance-sheet date, foot and trace to the general ledger (or prepare adjusting entry). (E and C)			
E.	Trace of the accounts receivable to the detail ledger for name, amount and aged categories. Select accounts in the subledger and compare to the aging. If no subledger is available (System C), examine underlying sales invoices and collections documentation. (V)			
F.	Review and document collections on accounts receivable for days after the balance-sheet date. (E, R, and V)			
G.	Request confirmation of accounts receivable as follows:			
	1. Positive requests on individually significant accounts with balances in excess of \$			
	2. Positive requests on accounts from the sampling population as follows:			
	(E, R, and V)		-	
H.	If customer addresses have not been verified during transactions tests, select accounts (at least 10) and independently verify addresses by reference to phone or business directories, phone calls to customers, documents received from customer, credit checks, etc. (E, R, and V)			
I.	Send second requests on positive nonreplies.(E, R, and V)			



W/P

TESTS OF BALANCES AUDIT PROGRAM

II. TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date	Ref.
J.	Perform alternative procedures on nonreplies to second requests by examining posting dates for subsequent collections on the accounts receivable subledger for System A. If no or partial subsequent collections, examine shipping and sales documents. Consider examining supporting documents for any unusually large account balances or for all nonreplies when such nonreplies are extensive. Examine subsequent collections documentation and shipping reports or sales invoices for Systems B and C. (E, R, and V)			
K. ·	Reconcile all confirmation exceptions by reference to the accounts receivable subledger or other documents. Be alert to explanations that may be evidence of overall conditions affecting the financial statements. Follow up on such conditions. (E, R, and V)			
	Practice Tip: Be alert to large credits claimed by customers (especially close to the balance-sheet date). These credits may represent goods which were never sent thereby affecting ending inventory.			
L.	Summarize the results of the confirmation procedures. (E and V)			
Μ.	Test the sales cutoff by tracing entries in the sales journal for days before and after the balance-sheet date to shipping reports, if available, and/or sales invoices. (E and C)			
N.	Determine, confirm and disclose accounts pledged, discounted, sold, assigned or guaranteed by others. (R and P)	**************************************		
0	Reclassify any material credit halances (P)			

II. TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
P.	If sending confirmations at a date other than the balance-sheet date (Systems A and B), perform the following in addition to steps above:			
	 Select confirmations from a source that is reconciled to the general ledger. 			
	 Review transactions from the confirmation date to the engagement date for material or unusual items. Review supporting documents for such transactions. 			
	3. Consider confirming several material account balances at the balance-sheet date: Positive			
Q.	(E and V) Additional procedures:			
Pre	epared by: Date:			
Re	viewed by:			



III. OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Financial Statement Assertions:

Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Existence of other accounts receivable To determine that the other receivables exist, are authentic obligations owed to the entity, contain no significant amounts that should be written off, and that allowances for doubtful accounts are adequate and not excessive. (Assertions E, R and V)
- Proper disclosure To determine that proper disclosure is made of any pledged, discounted or assigned receivables. (Assertions R and P)
- Revenue recognition To determine that interest on other accounts receivable has been properly recorded. (Assertions C, R and V)
- GAAP conformity To determine that presentation and disclosure of other accounts receivable is in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)

Pro	Procedure		Date	W/P Ref.
Α.	Review the results of applicable sections of the following determine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:	to		
	1. Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2. All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Intera Controls Questionnaire.	nal		
	3. Tests of Controls Program.			
В.	Compare balances of "other" accounts receivable w preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)	ith		
C.	Investigate large and/or unusual balances.	<u></u>		
D.	Inquire about the existence of other accounts receivab Determine that all have been recorded. (C)	le.		
E.	Obtain a list of other accounts receivable and agree to t general ledger. (E, R, and C)	the		



III. OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
F.	Request positive confirmations of all significant bala Send second requests on nonreplies. (E, R, and V)	nces.		
G.	Perform alternative procedures on accounts not response to second requests. (E, R, and V)	nding		
H.	Reconcile any exceptions received. (E, R, and V)			
I.	Separately classify related-party receivables. (P)			
J.	Additional procedures:			
Pre	pared by: Da	te:		
Rev	viewed by: Da	te:		

IV. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Financial Statement Assertions:

Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Existence of other notes receivable To determine that the notes receivable exist, are authentic obligations owed to the entity, contain no significant amounts that should be written off, and that allowances for doubtful accounts are adequate and not excessive. (Assertions E, R and V)
- Proper disclosure To determine that proper disclosure is made of any pledged, discounted or assigned notes receivable. (Assertions R and P)
- Revenue recognition To determine that interest on notes receivable has been properly recorded. (Assertions C, R and V)
- GAAP conformity To determine that presentation and disclosure of notes receivable is in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)

Pro	Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref
A.	Review the results of applicabl determine the nature, timing,	_			
	1. Preliminary analytical pr	ocedures.			
	2. All-Substantive Approac Controls Questionnaire.	ch Questionnaire or Internal			
	3. Tests of Controls Program	m.			
В.	Compare balances in notes re with the preceding year's. (E,				
C.	Compute the ratio of interest receivable outstanding and cor (E, C, R and V)	_			
D.	Inquire about the existence of				

IV. NOTES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

		•		W/P
Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
Е.	Obtain a list of notes receivable and agree to the general ledger. (E and C)			
F.	Examine properly signed and dated notes and any collateral supporting balances due. (E, R, and V)			
G.	Request positive confirmation on all significant balances. Send second requests on nonreplies. (R and V)			
Н.	Examine evidence of periodic or subsequent payments on notes not responding to second requests. (E, R, and V)			
I.	Reconcile any confirmation exceptions received. (E, R, and V)			
J.	Separately classify notes from related parties. (P)	•		
K.	Test calculation of any accrued interest receivable and consider reconciling to interest income. (E)			
L.	Additional procedures:			
				
Pre	pared by: Date:			<u>.</u>
Rev	viewed by: Date:			

V. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Financial Statement Assertions: Valuation or allocation. (V)

Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: • To determine that allowances for doubtful accounts are adequate and not excessive. (Assertion V)

- Proper disclosure To determine that proper disclosure is made of any allowances for doubtful accounts. (Assertion P)
- GAAP conformity To determine that presentation and disclosure of allowance for doubtful accounts is in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)

Pro	Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
A.		iew the results of applicable sections of the following to rmine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
B.	debt	npare balances in allowance for doubtful accounts, bad its, sales returns, and allowances with the preceding r's. (V)			
C.	Con year	npute the following ratios and compare with preceding r's:			
	1.	Sales returns and allowances as a percentage of gross sales. (V)			
	2.	Sales returns and allowances as a percentage of gross sales by product line. (V)			
	3.	Bad debts expense as a percentage of gross sales. (V)			
	4.	Allowance for doubtful accounts as a percentage of trade accounts receivable. (V)			



V. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS (Continued)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
	5. Aging categories as a percentage of total accounts receivable compared to prior year's. (V)			
D.	Obtain an analysis of the bad debt expense and allowance accounts for the year. Challenge the reasonableness of the chargeoffs and recoveries. Discuss with management. (V and P)			
E.	Examine correspondence files and discuss with management significant accounts written off during the year. (V)			
F.	Review the aged trial balance and other lists of notes and accounts and discuss balances over days old with management. Determine the need to include such accounts in the allowance. (V)			
G.	Examine credit memos issued after the balance-sheet date and determine need for an allowance for discounts, returns and allowances. (V)			
Н.	Summarize results of procedures above and evaluate the adequacy of the allowance. (V)			
I.	Prepare a memo describing the procedures performed and conclusions reached. (V)			
J.	Additional procedures:			
			-	
Pre	pared by: Date:			
Rev	viewed by: Date:			



VIa. INVENTORIES (NO PERPETUAL RECORDS)

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

- Objectives: Inventory exists To determine that the inventory exists and is the client's property. (Assertions E and R)
 - Clerical accuracy To determine that the inventories are summarized and priced with clerical accuracy, and the records have been adjusted to the physical inventory. (Assertions C and V)
 - GAAP conformity To determine that inventory classifications and carrying amounts are determined and presented in the financial statements in conformity with GAAP consistently applied (for example, assumptions about the cost flow, such as FIFO and LIFO, and lower of cost or market considerations). (Assertion P)
 - Encumbrances identified To determine that any encumbrances such as pledges or liens
 are identified and adequately disclosed in the financial statements. (Assertions R, V and
 P)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Α.	Review the results of applicable sections of the following to determine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1. Preliminary analytical procedures.			·
	2. All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3. Tests of Controls Program.			
В.	Compare balances of inventory and costs of sales classifications with the preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
C.	Compare inventory classifications as a percentage of total inventory with preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
D.	Compute gross margin and compare with preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			



Pro	cedui	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
E.		npute gross margin by product line or division and apare with preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
F.		npute inventory turnover and compare with preceding r's. (E, C, R, and V)			
G.		npute inventory turnover by major product or division compare with preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
Н.	item mov	iew the client's plans for taking inventory at all locations, trol over tags and count sheets, identifying obsolete as, consigned and customers' goods, controlling rement of inventory during the count and control over oping and receiving. (E, C, R, and V)			
I.		iew or assist in preparing physical inventory instructions. C, R, and V)			
J.	J. Review last year's inventory summaries and current production records. Consider selecting representative test count items in advance. Observe the taking of the physical inventory.				
	1.	Obtain a copy of the tag or sheet control form. (E, R, and C)			
	2.	Obtain last receiving and shipping report numbers and sales invoice numbers. (E and C)			
	3.	Determine that movement of goods is controlled during the count and that the physical cutoff is proper. (V)			
	4.	Identify and record any obsolete goods for follow-up. (E and C)			
	5.	Observe counting and recording procedure by all inventory crews to see that inventory instructions are being followed. (E and C)			



Procedu	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
6.	Make and record representative test counts for later tracing to inventory computation sheets as follows:			
	a. Record counts for individually significant items with totals in excess of \$	•		
	b. Record counts for representative items from sampling population as follows:			
	(E and C)			
7.	See that tags or count sheets contain adequate descriptions, units of measure, last operation completed (WIP), and appraisal of inventory condition if obsolete or slow-moving. (E, C, and V)			
8.	Make a final walk-through to determine that all goods were counted, obsolete or consigned goods were identified and that all inventory tags or sheets have been collected. (C and V)			
	Practice Tip:			
	Be on the lookout for items that appear old, e.g., last year's inventory tag is still attached, items are dusty from nonuse. Sometimes, general conversation with client personnel doing inventory will help in identifying old goods.			

VIa. INVENTORIES (NO PERPETUAL RECORDS (Continued)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
K.	Trace shipping and receiving report numbers obtained during the observation to determine they were recorded in the proper period.			
	1. Examine shipping and receiving reports for days before and after the inventory date, trace to the appropriate source journal and cutoff numbers and determine a proper cutoff was made. (E, R, and C)			
	2. Review reconciliation of inventory to engagement date if counted at another date. Examine supporting documents or source journals for major items on reconciliation. (E and C)			
	3. Review credit memos for days before and after inventory to determine they were recorded in the proper period. (E and C)			
L.	Obtain a copy of client's final inventory summary, agree to general ledger and trace items to and from tags or sheets control form. Examine support for material or unusual reconciling items. (E and C)			
M.	Trace test counts to summary. (E and C)			
N.	Determine that all individually significant items test counted are included in the summary and extended and footed properly. (C and V)			
Ο.	Foot pages and page totals and extend line items in the sampling population. (V)			
P.	Review summary to determine that obsolete goods noted during observation have been excluded or priced at net realizable value. (V)			***************************************
Q.	Compare major items categories with the prior year and investigate material changes. (E, C, and V)			

W/P

Pro	Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
R.	1.	Determine client's pricing method for raw materials and make a selection of items for price testing from the sampling population as follows:	2010 2)	2	
		(V)			<u> </u>
	2.	Compare prices to vendor invoices or price lists. If client uses LIFO method, additional procedures for testing base prices and computations should be designed and performed. Determine that the method is consistent. (V)			
	3.	Perform price tests for all individually significant items of raw materials that were included in test counts. (V)	<u></u>		
S.		view price computations for work-in-process and shed goods for propriety and consistency. (V)			
T.	1.	Verify price computations for work-in-process and finished goods items in the sampling population by reference to invoices, bills of materials and charges and cost accounting records as follows:			
	•	(V)			
	2.	Verify price computations for all individually significant items of work-in-process and finished goods that were included in test counts. (V)			
U.		termine that all classes of inventory have been subjected ests of replacement costs and/or net realizable value. (V)			
V.	ing-	et, or prepare, an allocation of overhead to work- process and finished goods. Determine if the method is sistent with prior years. (V and P)			



Procedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
W. Prepare any necessary inventory adjustments, or review client's adjustments. (E, C, and V)			
X. Determine that customers' goods have been excluded from inventory. If material, consider confirming. (E)			
Y. Determine any intercompany or interdepartmental profit to be eliminated in consolidation. (P)			
Z. Determine if any inventory has been pledged. (P)			
AA. For significant amounts of inventory stored at outside locations, consider performing the following procedures:			
1. Review and test the owner's control procedures for investigating the warehouseman and evaluating the warehouseman's performance. (E and C)			
 Obtain an independent auditor's report on the ware-houseman's system of internal accounting control relevant to custody of goods and, if applicable, pledging of receipts, or apply alternative procedures at the ware-house to gain reasonable assurance that information received from the warehouseman is reliable. (E and C) 			
3. Observe physical counts of the goods, if practicable and reasonable. (E and C)			
4. If warehouse receipts have been pledged as collateral, confirm with lenders pertinent details of the pledged receipts (on a test basis, if appropriate). (E and P)			
5. Confirm goods out on consignment or at outside warehouses. (E and P)			
BB. Additional procedures:			
			



VIa. INVENTORIES (NO PERPETUAL RECORDS (Continued)

Note: Stronger controls over the count and inventory compilation may allow less observation time, fewer test counts and smaller pricing and clerical tests. The existence of internal controls over the count, however, must be verified during the count observation. Refer to the Internal Controls Questionnaire, the Planning Matrix, or the All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire for a determination of the extent of procedures to be performed. Pursuant to SAS No. 39, *Audit Sampling*, sample selections must be representative and consider the materiality of the inventory items. The following guidelines will apply to the nature and timing of tests unless otherwise approved by the engagement executive:

Systems B and C—all items counted simultaneously at or near the balance-sheet date.

System A—all items counted simultaneously within a reasonable time period near the balance-sheet date.

Prepared by:	Date:
Reviewed by:	Date:

VIb. INVENTORIES (PERPETUAL RECORDS)

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: • Inventory exists — To determine that the inventory exists and is the client's property. (Assertions E and R)

- Clerical accuracy To determine that the inventories are summarized and priced with clerical accuracy, and the records have been adjusted to the physical inventory. (Assertions C and V)
- GAAP conformity To determine that inventory classifications and carrying amounts are determined and presented in the financial statements in conformity with GAAP consistently applied (for example, assumptions about the cost flow, such as FIFO and LIFO, and lower of cost or market considerations). (Assertion P)
- Encumbrances identified To determine that any encumbrances such as pledges or liens are identified and adequately disclosed in the financial statements. (Assertions R, V and P)

Pro	cedui	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
A.		iew the results of applicable sections of the following to ermine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
B.		npare balances of inventory and costs of sales sifications with the preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
C.	. Compare inventory classifications as a percentage of total inventory with preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)				
D.		mpute gross margin and compare with preceding year's. C, R, and V)			



Pro	cedui	re .	Done By	`Date	W/P Ref.
E.		npute gross margin by product line or division and spare with preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
F.		npute inventory turnover and compare with preceding r's. (E, C, R, and V)			
G.		npute inventory turnover by major product or division compare with preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
Н.	con item mov	iew the client's plans for taking inventory at all locations, trol over tags and count sheets, identifying obsolete as, consigned and customers' goods, controlling vement of inventory during the count and control over uping and receiving. (E, C, and V)			
I.		iew or assist in preparing physical inventory instructions. C, and V)			
J.	petu	riew last year's inventory summaries and current per- nal records. Select items for observation in advance. C, and V)			
K.	Obs item	erve the taking of the physical inventory of selected as:			
	1.	Obtain a copy of the tag or sheet control form. (E and C)	<u>.</u>		
	2.	Obtain last receiving and shipping report numbers, sales invoice numbers, and lost check numbers at date of count. (E and C)			
	3.	Determine that any movement of goods is controlled during the count and that the physical cutoff is proper. (E and C)			
	4.	Identify and record any obsolete goods for follow-up. (V)	······································		

Proc	edur	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
	5.	Observe counting and recording procedures by all inventory crews to ensure that inventory instructions are being followed. (E, C, and V)			
	6.	Make and record representative test counts for later tracing to inventory compilation sheets as follows:			
		a. Record counts for individually significant inventory items with totals in excess of \$			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		b. Record counts for representative items from sampling population as follows:			
		(E and C)			
	7.	See that tags or count sheets contain adequate description, units of measure, last operations completed (WIP) and appraisal of inventory condition if obsolete or slow-moving. (E, C, and V)			
	8.	Make a final walk-through to determine that all goods are counted, obsolete or consigned goods were identified, and that all inventory tags or sheets have been collected. (E, C, and V)			
	9.	Prepare a memo describing the observation procedures and conclusions reached. (E, C, and V)			
	the	ce shipping and receiving report numbers obtained during observation to determine that they were recorded in the per period. (E and C)			
M.	1.	Examine shipping and receiving reports for days before and after the inventory date, trace to the appropriate source journal and cutoff numbers and determine a proper cutoff was made. (E and C)			



Pro	cedui	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
	2.	Review credit memos for days before the inventory to determine that they were recorded in the proper period. (E and C)			
N.	eral	ain a copy of client's inventory summary, agree to gen- ledger and trace items to tags or sheets and control n. (E and C)	<u></u>		
Ο.	Tra	ce all test counts to summary. (E and C)			
P.	phy	ermine that perpetual records have been adjusted to the sical count. Obtain balance-sheet date inventory imary:			
	1.	Foot pages and page totals and extend line items in the sampling population. (V)			
	2.	Determine that all individually significant items test counted are included in the summary and extended and footed properly. (C and V)	way and a second		
	3.	Review summary to determine that obsolete goods noted during observation have been excluded or priced at net realizable value. (V)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	4.	a. Determine client's pricing method for raw materials, work-in-process and finished goods, and select items for price testing from the sampling population as follows:			
		(V)	-		
		b. Compare prices to perpetual records. Determine			



Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
	c. Examine support for price computations for all individually significant items of raw materials, work-in-process and finished goods that were included in test counts. (V)			
	5. Trace items to perpetual records. Compare amounts and unit prices. (V)			
Q.	Confirm goods out on consignment at the balance-sheet date. (E and C)			
R.	Determine that all classes of inventory have been subjected to tests of replacement cost and/or net realizable value. (V)			
S.	If standard or job costs are used, review calculations and variances to determine that they approximate actual amounts computed on the client's costing method. (V and P)			
T.	Determine if any inventory has been pledged. (P)			
U.	Determine that customers' goods have been excluded from inventory. If material, consider confirming. (E and C)			
V.	If overhead allocations were not tested during Tests of Controls, test the allocation of overhead to work-in-process and finished goods. Determine if the method is consistent with prior years. (V and P)			
W.	Determine if intercompany or interdepartmental profit is to be eliminated in consolidation. (V)			
X.	For significant amounts of inventory stored at outside locations, consider performing the following procedures:	·		
	1. Review and test the owner's control procedures for investigating the warehouseman and evaluating the warehouseman's performance. (E and C)			

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
w re in w m	btain an independent auditor's report on the arehouseman's system of internal accounting control elevant to custody of goods and, if applicable, pledgig of receipts, or apply alternative procedures at the arehouse to gain reasonable assurance that infortation received from the warehouseman is reliable. E and C)			
	bserve physical counts of the goods, if practicable and reasonable. (E and C)			C
co	warehouse receipts have been pledged as collateral, onfirm with lenders pertinent details of the pledged eceipts (on a test basis, if appropriate). (E and P)			
Y. Additio	onal procedures:			
				-

VIb. INVENTORIES (PERPETUAL RECORDS) (Continued)

Note — A stronger perpetual inventory system and stronger controls over physical counts and inventory compilations may allow observation of the count of fewer items, fewer test counts and smaller pricing and clerical tests. Refer to the Internal Controls Questionnaire and the Planning Matrix for a determination of the extent of procedures to be performed. Pursuant to SAS No. 39, sample selections must be representative and consider the materiality of the inventory items. The following guidelines will apply to the nature and timing of tests, unless otherwise approved by the engagement executive:

System B — all items counted at or near the balance-sheet date. Not all counts observed.

System A — cycle counts taken. Observations take place throughout the year. Not all counts observed.

Prepared by:	Date:
Reviewed by:	Date:

VII. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Existence of investment securities To determine that the entity owns the securities at the balance-sheet date and has physical evidence of ownership (securities, receipts from responsible custodians, etc.). (Assertions E, C and R)
- Proper valuation To determine that the market or other fair value of the securities has been determined as objectively as practicable. (Assertion V)
- Income recognition To determine that related income, gains, and losses from the investment securities is properly recorded and received. (Assertions C, R and V)
- Identification of restrictions To determine that restrictions, pledges, or liens on any of the investment securities and related liabilities are identified and adequately disclosed in the financial statements. (Assertions E, C, R and P)
- GAAP conformity To determine that the financial statements presentation and disclosure of investment securities, including off-balance sheet items such as options and other derivative instruments, and related income are in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)

Pro	rocedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
A.		riew the results of applicable sections of the following to ermine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.	4		
В.	reve	npare balances in marketable securities and related enue and expense accounts with the preceding year's. (E, R, and V)	······································		



VII. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Continued)

Pro	ocedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
C.	Compute rate of return on major classes of securities and compare with preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
D.	Obtain a list of securities at the balance-sheet date including descriptions, number of shares, cost, carrying amount and market value. Foot and trace balances to the general ledger. Review subsequent transactions to determine completeness of list. (E and C)			
E.	Examine securities on hand at the balance-sheet date and obtain a receipt for their return. (E)			
F.	Obtain confirmation of securities held by others at the balance-sheet date. (E, R, and C)			
	Practice Tip: All confirmation requests should be mailed by the auditor.			
G.	Determine that all debt and equity securities are properly classified as held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, or trading by reference to the nature of the security and management's ability and intention to hold. (P)			
H.	For debt securities classified as held-to-maturity:			
	1. Determine that they are valued at amortized cost. (V)			
	2. Recalculate the amortized cost. (E, C, V, and P)			
I.	For debt and equity securities classified as available-for-sale:			
	 Determine that they are valued at fair value and, on a test basis, agree to third-party market value quotations. (E, C, V, and P) 			



VII. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Continued)

Pro	Procedure		Done By Dat		W/P Ref.
	2.	Recalculate unrealized gains and losses and determine whether they are properly included as a separate component of stockholders' equity. (V and P)	,		
J.	For	debt and equity securities classified as trading securities:			
	1.	Determine that they are valued at fair value and, on a test basis, agree to third-party market value quotations. (E, C, V, and P)			
	2.	Recalculate unrealized gains and losses and determine whether they are properly included in earnings. (V and P)			
K.	cate and prop	ain a schedule of all sales of investment securities, by gory, and transfers between categories during the year determine whether they have been accounted for perly. (Sales of held-to-maturity securities may taint the gory.)		•	
L.		mine brokers' advices and/or directors' approval for or transactions during the period. (V)			
M.	Obta	ain a list of all derivative transactions. (E and C)			
	1.	Examine evidence of the transactions and directors' approval of the transactions. (E, C, and R)			
	2.	Obtain confirmations of outstanding transactions as of year end. (E)			
	3.	Review subsequent transactions to determine completeness of the list. (C)			
	4.	For disclosure purposes obtain and evaluate information concerning significant individual or group concentrations of credit risk. (P)			
	5.	Determine that any gains or losses have been properly recorded. (V and P)			



VII. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Continued)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.	
N.	Determine if any securities are pledged or restricted.	(P)			
О.	Ensure that all information needed for financial stat disclosures has been accumulated and documented workpapers.		-		
P.	Additional procedures:				
Pre	pared by: D	ate:			
Rev	viewed by: D	ate:			



VIII. PREPAID EXPENSES

Financial Statement Assertions:

Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Properly recorded To determine that the balances represent costs which are properly allocable to future periods in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. (Assertions E, C, R and V)
- Additions supported To determine that additions are adequately supported. (Assertions E, C, R and P)
- Amortization appropriate To determine that amortization is determined by a rational and systematic method consistently applied. (Assertions V and P)
- Impairment recognized To determine that any permanent impairment of balance is recognized by write-downs charged to operations. (Assertions E, C, V and P)
- Proper classification To determine that balances and related expenses are properly described and classified in the financial statements. (Assertion P)
- Contingencies disclosed To determine whether there are uninsured risks that should be considered for disclosure. (Assertion P)

Pro	Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Α.		iew the results of applicable sections of the following to ermine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.	-		
B.		npare balances in prepaid expense accounts with ceding year's. (E. C. R. and V)			



VIII. PREPAID EXPENSES (Continued)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
C.	Obtain a schedule of prepaid insurance and expense. Review for reasonableness. (E, C, and V)			
D.	Inquire as to the adequacy of insurance coverage. (P)			
E.	Obtain analysis of other prepaid expenses, deferred charges, and intangibles. Investigate and support as considered necessary. (E, C, and V)		•	
	Practice Tip: Be alert to insurance confirmations indicating locations of inventory. Trace locations listed to inventory totals to determine all locations listed as covered by insurance have been included in the inventory summary.			
F.	Additional procedures:			
Pre	epared by: Date:			
	viewed by: Date:			



IX. FIXED ASSETS

Financial Statement Assertions: E

Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Fixed assets exist To determine that fixed assets exist and are owned by the entity. (Assertion E)
- Additions appropriate To determine that fixed asset additions are authentic, recorded at cost, and properly distinguished from maintenance and repairs expense. (Assertions E, C and R)
- Retirements recorded To determine that retirements of fixed assets together with the proceeds from salvage and related cost to remove are properly recognized. (Assertions E, C and V)
- Depreciation appropriate To determine that a proper amount of depreciation expense is allocated to the period based on the asset cost, estimated life and salvage, and use of acceptable methods consistently applied, and adequately presented in the financial statements. (Assertions V and P)
- Recoverable value To determine that the net carrying value as presented in the financial statements is expected to be recoverable through the ordinary course of business. (Assertion V)
- Encumbrances identified To determine that any encumbrances and liens are identified and adequately disclosed in the financial statements. (Assertion P)
- Proper classification To determine that significant amounts of idle fixed assets are properly stated, classified and described. (Assertion P)
- Proper disclosure To determine that significant amounts of fully depreciated assets are considered for disclosure. (Assertion P)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Α.	Review the results of applicable sections of the following to determine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1. Preliminary analytical procedures.			



Pro	cedur	re	Done By Date		W/P Ref.	
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.				
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.		get The Constitution	•	
В.	accı depi tool	inpare balances in fixed assets, capitalized leased assets, inmulated depreciation, accumulated amortization, reciation, repairs and maintenance, rents, supplies, small s, and similar expense accounts with preceding year's. C, R, and V)				
C.	ciat reti	ain a schedule showing cost and accumulated depre- ion and amortization by beginning balance, additions, rements and ending balances and agree to the general ger. (E, C, V, and P)				
D.	Obt	ain detailed schedules of additions and retirments:				
	1.	Vouch major additions to vendors' invoices, construction cost records, titles or deeds or contracts to determine assets are being recorded in accordance with GAAP. (E and V)				
	2.	Physically inspect assets and/or examine tax bills, deeds, licenses, etc. (E)		-		
	3.	Determine that the capitalization policy is being consistently applied. (V)				
	4.	Determine the investment credit and recapture on disposals. Summarize for tax return and provision computation. (V and P)				
E.	Tra	ain or prepare a schedule of gain or loss on sale of assets. ce major amounts to supporting documents and records review for reasonableness. (V and P)				
F.		riew repairs and maintenance, supplies, small tools and er accounts for any assets that should be capitalized. (V)				
G.		ermine the carrying amount of assets pledged on notes or er indebtedness. (P)				

Pro	Procedure		Done By D		W/P Ref.
Н.	1.	Determine the cost of any significant fully depreciated assets being carried in the accounts if meaningful for disclosure purposes. (P)			
	2.	Determine that any impairment of value of assets has been properly recognized. (V)			
I.	chai	the entity has adopted SFAS No. 121, and if any events or inges in circumstances have occurred indicating that the rying amount of long-lived asset may not be recoverable:			
	1.	Determine if an impairment loss should be recognized. [An impairment loss should be recognized if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds estimated future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges).] (V and P)			
		a. Review the estimate of future cash flows for mathematical accuracy and, through discussion with management and review of any supporting documentation, determine whether assumptions used are reasonable. (V and P)			
	2.	If an impairment loss should be recognized, test the calculation of the loss. [The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its fair value.] (V and P)			
		a. Test the fair value calculation by vouching to quoted market prices in active markets or by reviewing the valuation technique used. (V and P)			
		b. If the fair value is based on the present value of estimated future cash flows, test for mathematical accuracy and ensure that the assumptions used in the present value calculation, including the discount rate, are reasonable. (V and P)			
J.	Inqu	uire as to any significant expansion plans. (P)			
K.		riew rental income and expense accounts to determine ed and subleased assets are properly recorded. (P)			



Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P .Ref.
L.	Perform a reasonableness test of depreciation and amortization by using average rates and lives and one-half year for additions and disposals. (V)			
M.	Challenge reasonableness of assets' lives used for accounting and income tax purposes. (V)			
N.	Read client's depreciation schedules for consistency of methods and reasonableness. Test a selection of computations. Agree schedule to general ledger. Consider deleting this step if step L results are acceptable. (V and P)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
O.	Review lease agreements to determine if leases meet criteria for capitalization and see that they are accounted for properly.			
	1. Lease terms:			
	 a. Lease term (from-to). b. Estimated economic life of property. c. Fair value of assets at inception of lease. d. Minimum annual rentals. e. Executory cost provisions. f. Renewal option terms. g. Interest rate implicit in the lease (if known or determinable). h. Client's incremental borrowing rate. i. Present value of minimum lease payments (less estimated executory costs) at beginning of lease term. j. Investment credit expected to be realized by the lessor. k. Purchase option amount. l. Purchase option terms (date, etc.). m. Expected fair value of leased property at option exercise date. 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2. "Type of lease" determination.(E, R, and V)			



Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.
P.	Gather and document information for report disclosur tax return preparation. (P)	e and	_	
Q.	Consider and compute any capitalized interest. (V)			
R.	Additional procedures:			
Pre	pared by: Da	nte:		
Rev	Reviewed by: Date:			



X. INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Existence of investment To determine that the entity owns the investments at the balance sheet date and has physical evidence of ownership (securities, receipts from responsible custodians, etc.). (Assertions E, C and R)
- Proper valuation To determine that the fair value of the investments has been determined as objectively as practicable. (Assertion V)
- Income recognition To determine that related income from the investments is properly recorded and received. (Assertions C, R and V)
- Restrictions identified To determine that restrictions, pledges or liens on any of the investments and related liabilities are identified and adequately disclosed in the financial statements. (Assertions E, C, R and P)
- GAAP conformity To determine that the financial statement presentation and disclosure of investments and related income (classification, amounts such as cost, share of equity) is in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)

			•		W/P
Pro	cedu	re	Done By	Date	Ref.
A.		riew the results of applicable sections of the following to ermine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.	*		
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			·
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
В.		ain schedules of investments and other assets and agree general ledger. (E and C)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		



X. INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS (Continued)

Pro	Procedure			Date	W/P Ref.
C.	Con	nfirm:			
	1.	Securities held by others. (E and C)		•	
	2.	Cash surrender value of life insurance. (V)		·	
D.	of p	life insurance, reconcile prepaid premiums at beginning period, premiums paid and increase in cash surrender the with life insurance expense. (V)			
E.		riew calculations of investment earnings and related ruals for reasonableness. (V)			
F.		mine documentation supporting investment transactions ing the year. (E, R, and V)			
G.	bala	equity investments, determine current value at the ance-sheet date and at the report date. Challenge carrying bunt. (V)			
H.	If ir	nvestments are carried on the equity method:			
	1.	Determine the company's equity in net assets at year- end and earnings (losses) and distributions for the year based on audited information.			
	2.	Obtain a reconciliation of intercompany transactions and balances. Determine reasonableness.			
	3.	Check computation of amortization of cost over book value. (V)			
I.	Det	ermine if any investments are pledged or restricted. (P)			
J.		consolidated statements, determine if presentation is in ordance with GAAP. (P)			

X. INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	. Date	W/P Ref.
K. Additional procedures:				
•				
Prepared by:	Date:			
Reviewed by:	•			



XI. DEFERRED CHARGES AND INTANGIBLES

Financial Statem	nent Assertions:	Existence or occurrence. (E) Completeness. (C) Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (F)	· · ·		
Objectives: •		rded — To determine that the balture periods in conformity with C	_		
•	Additions support E, C, R and P)	orted — To determine that addition	ns are adequately s	upported.	(Assertions
		appropriate — To determine that a method consistently applied. (A		ermined by	a rational
•		cognized — To determine that ar write-downs charged to operatio			
•		cation — To determine that balax classified in the financial stateme		xpenses ar	e properly
			. .	.	W/P
Procedure			Done By	Date	Ref.
		able sections of the following to g, and extent of procedures:			
1. Prelin	ninary analytical	procedures.			
2. All-Su	abstantive Appro	oach Questionnaire or Internal			

		, 6.		
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.	 	
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.	 	
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.	 	
В.	accı	npare balances in deferred charges, intangibles, imulated amortization, and research and development bunts with the preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)	 	
C.		ain schedules of deferred charges and intangibles and the to general ledger. (E, C, and V)		



XI. DEFERRED CHARGES AND INTANGIBLES (Continued)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
D.	Examine documentation supporting major transactions during the year. (E, R, and V)	g 		
E.	Review capitalization policies and amortization computation as considered necessary. (V)	s		
F.	Determine if there has been permanent impairment of carrying amounts. (V)	·		
G.	Determine any required disclosures. (P)			
Н.	Additional procedures:	- - -		
Pre	pared by: Date: _			
Rev	viewed by: Date: _			



XII. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Financial Statement Assertions:

Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Payables exist To determine that accounts payable represent authorized current obligations. (Assertions E and C)
- Proper classification To determine that amounts included in accounts payable are properly classified. (Assertion P)
- Obligations complete To determine that accounts payable include all significant current obligations. (Assertions C, R and V)

Pro	cedui	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref
Α.		riew the results of applicable sections of the following to ermine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
В.		mpare balances in trade accounts payable and purchases in the preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			
C.					
D.	_	regate amounts due to officers, employees, stockholders, liates and other related parties. (P)			



XII. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE (Continued)

Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.	
E.	Send confirmation requests to major suppliers and selected other accounts with zero balances. Reconcile and follow up on differences. (The number of requests can be reduced or eliminated for System A.) (E, C, and R)				
F.	Review client reconciliations of available current vendors' statements to accounts payable subledger. Follow up on unresolved problems. (If a subledger is not in use, System B or C, step is not applicable.) (E, C, and R)				
G.	Obtain the purchases journal (Systems A and B) and trace all entries over \$ for a period of days after the balance-sheet date to supporting documents to determine recording in the proper period. (C and R)				
Н.	Obtain the cash disbursements journal and trace all entries over \$ for a period of days after the balance-sheet date to supporting documents to determine recording in the proper period. (C and R)				
I.	Review the open receiving report, open purchase order and open purchase requisition files for days after the balance-sheet date for unrecorded liabilities. (C and R)				
J.	Review the open vendor invoice files for days after the balance-sheet date to determine recording in the proper period. (C and R)				
K.	Investigate any disputed items that have not been recorded. (C and R)				
L.	Determine that credit memos received days after the balance-sheet date have been recorded in the proper period. (E and R)				
M.	Determine any payables due after one year and consider imputing interest. (V)				
N.	Consider reclassification and confirmation of material debit balances. (P)				

XII. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE (Continued)

Procedure	·	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
O. Additional procedures:				
Prepared by:	Date:			
Reviewed by:	Date:			



XIII. ACCRUED EXPENSES, INCOME TAXES, AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Liabilities complete To determine that expense accounts include costs and expenses applicable to the period. (Assertions E, C and P)
- Amount reasonable To determine that the provision for income taxes is reasonable. (Assertions E, C, R and V)
- Amount comparable to amount to be paid To determine that the liability for accrued income taxes is adequate and not excessive in relation to amounts reasonably expected to be payable. (Assertions R and V)
- Temporary differences recognized To determine that deferred income taxes represent the effect of temporary differences. (Assertions E, C and V)
- Proper classification To determine that income tax provisions, accruals and deferrals
 are properly described and classified in conformity with generally accepted accounting
 principles consistently applied. (Assertion P)
- GAAP conformity To determine that all contingencies and estimated future expenses that should be accrued in the period have been accrued, classified, and described in accordance with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertions E, C, R, V and P)

Pro	cedu	re	Done By	Date	Ref.
A.		riew the results of applicable sections of the following to ermine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
В.		mpare balances in other liability accounts to the preceding r's. (E, C, R, and V)			



XIII. ACCRUED EXPENSES, INCOME TAXES, AND OTHER LIABILITIES (Continued) W/P

Pro	cedur	re	Done By	Date	Ref.
C.		ain a schedule of all accrued expenses and other liabilities agree to general ledger. (E and C)			
D.	such	mine subsequent payments and supporting documents as tax returns, depository receipts, tax receipts, etc. C, and R)			
E.	Con	ain copies and amendments for all pension plans. firm pension information with actuaries, insurance apanies or other trustee. (V and P)			
F.		ain a copy of the actuarial report and/or trustee's pension a report and determine:			
	1.	Actuarial information agrees with client's records. (V and P)			
	2.	The accounting and funding policies, and employee groups covered by the plans. (P)			
	3.	Adequate provision has been made for current obligations. (V)			
	4.	Pension cost provisions agree. (V)	-		
	5.	Report disclosure information is available. (P)			
G.	If ap	oplicable, obtain and document information concerning:			
	1.	The professional certification, license, or other recognition of the competence of the actuary. (V)	· Andrewson of the state of the		4
	2.	The reputation of the actuary. (V)			
	3.	The relationship, if any, of the actuary to the client. (V)			
	4.	The understanding of the nature of the work to be performed by the actuary, if the work of the actuary is used in performing the audit. (V)			



XIII. ACCRUED EXPENSES, INCOME TAXES, AND OTHER LIABILITIES (Continued)

Pro	cedur	re	Done By	Date	Ref.	
Н.		ain and verify disclosure information for pension plans vouch expense for the period.				
	1.	For defined contribution plans:				
		 a. If applicable, obtain copy of trustee's fund report. Consider confirming contents of report with trustee. (E, C, and R) 				
		 b. Ascertain if there have been any adoptions or amendments of plans during the period and obtain copies. Note for financial statement disclosures and: (E, C, R, V, and P) 				
		(1.) Agree expense to minutes, when applicable. (R and V)				
	,	(2.) Verify computations, where applicable. (E and C)				
		c. Where applicable, test employee data. Test should consist of analytical and other procedures as considered necessary. (E, C, R, and V)				
	2.	For defined benefit plans obtain the following, where applicable:				
		a. Copy of actuarial report as of a date no earlier than three months prior to balance-sheet date.	- The state of the			
		b. If applicable, copy of trustee's report.	•			
		c. Form 5500 for prior year and for current year, if already prepared.	•			
		d. Actuary's certificate on Schedule B for Form 5500 for prior year and for current year if already prepared.				
		e. Plan document(s).				



W/P

XIII. ACCRUED EXPENSES, INCOME TAXES, AND OTHER LIABILITIES (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date	Ref.
	f. Census and plan asset date given to actuary. (E, C, and R)			,
3.	Consider confirming contents of Trustee report with Trustee. (E, R, and V)			
4.	Reconcile aggregate census data, such as number of employees covered, compensation, to amounts shown in the actuarial valuation report or if not in the report, consider obtaining confirmation of such data from the actuary. (E and C)			
5.	For selected employees, check census data (age, sex, marital status, current pay, term of employment, benefit election, etc.) to payroll records. [Check only those data important to the valuation. If analytical review of data and valuation report appear reasonable, a sample of 15 will generally be acceptable. If not, a sample up to 40 may be required.] (E, C, R, and V)			
6.	Based on plan documents, make appropriate tests to determine whether all eligible employees are included in the census data provided to the actuary. (E and C)			
7.	Reconcile plan assets per the trustee's report to amounts shown in the actuarial valuation report. (E and C)	-		
8.	Ascertain that actuary is professionally qualified. (Membership in the Society of Actuaries, the Conference of Actuaries in Public Practice, American Academy of Actuaries is usually sufficient to indicate that actuary is qualified.) (V)			
9.	Inquire as to any relationships between the actuary and the client that would impair independence. (V)			
10.	Review the actuary's most recent certificate on Schedule B, Form 5500, and determine the reasons for qualifications expressed, if any. (V)			



Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
11.	Ascertain if there have been any adoptions or amendments of plans during the period. Obtain copies of any and note for financial statement disclosure. (E, C, V, and P)			
12.	Review the latest plan document and compare with key provisions included in the actuarial valuation report. If the report does not include a description of key plan provisions, it may be necessary to confirm the actuary's understanding of such provisions. (E and C)			***************************************
13.	Vouch the payment of the prior year's accrual to determine that it was paid prior to the filing of the year tax return. (If not paid at the tax return due date, or extended due date, the bank loses its tax deduction.) (E and C)			
14.	Trace the authorization for the contribution to the plan to the board of directors' minutes, or obtain the management representation in the representation letter. (R)			
15.	Inquire of the client as to any intent to terminate the plan. (E)	·		
16.	Obtain and check disclosure information. (See Financial Statements and Notes Checklist.) (P)			
17.	If not previously audited, obtain net transition obligation computations and agree amounts to actuarial report, trustees report, or other evidential sources. Recheck compensation. (V and P)			
18.	Obtain calculation of pension cost for the current period and agree components to actuarial report or trustee's report. (V and P)			
19.	Determine that a liability is recorded for unfunded accrued pension cost whenever the bank's contribution is less than its related expense or that prepaid pension costs is recorded when the amount funded exceeds the related expenses. (V and P)			



Pro	Procedure		Done By	Date	Ref.
	to the ex obligation assets are	that an additional liability is recorded equal cess, if any, of the accumulated benefit over the fair value of plan assets. (Similar not recorded except when the excess follows a combination treated as a purchase.) (V			••••
	objectives not the pe for inclus financial accepted	have been met and accordingly whether or not audit have been met and accordingly whether or not and related accounts are fairly stated sion in the (consolidated, if applicable) statements in accordance with generally accounting principles. (If not, document exception.) (E, C, R, V, and P)			
Ι.	Test calculation as considered no	s of accrued expenses and examine support ecessary. (V)			
Г.	at the balance-sh for unrecorded	nagement any accrued expenses or liabilities neet date not provided for currently. Be alert liabilities such as warranty costs, legal fees, sences, etc. (C and R)			
K.	federal and state	of all balance sheet and earnings statement e income tax accounts. Examine supporting challenge for reasonableness. (V)			
L.	the tax returns a	onciliation of earnings (loss) per books with and the computation of current and deferred ense and liabilities. (V)			<u>.</u>
M.		the nature of any significant differences earnings and income tax expense are			
N.	and recent RA	tatus of any unsettled prior years' tax matters ARs. Determine impact of prior years' current year. (V)		·	
Ο.		ule of net operating loss carryovers and untax credits for propriety. (P)			

Procedure		Done By	Ref.	
-	Complete a Tax Return Preparation checklist. (P)		Date	,
Р.	Complete a Tax Return Freparation checklist. (F)		<u> </u>	
Q.	Obtain tax department review of the income tax working papers. (V and P)			
R:	Obtain income tax disclosure information:			
	1. Classification of deferred taxes.			
	2. Composition of provision, i.e., amounts of taxes currently payable and deferred, and any investment tax credits.	-		
	3. Prior-period adjustment allocations.			
	4. Tax benefits of operating loss carryovers. (P)			
S.	Compute, or obtain and test the client's computation of, deferred tax assets and liabilities to determine conformance with SFAS No. 109.	•		
T.	For deferred tax assets, determine the likelihood that all or part of the recorded amount will not be realized.			
U.	If it is determined that it is more likely than not that all or part of the deferred tax asset will not be realized, evaluate the adequacy of the valuation allowance account by performing the following:			
	1. Review and test the process used by management to develop the estimate, or develop an independent expectation of the estimate, to corroborate the reasonableness of management's estimate.	V-1-2-1		
	 Determine whether any subsequent events or transactions have occurred prior to the completion of fieldwork that could affect the adequacy of the valuation allowance. 			
V.	Consider additional tax liabilities to any new states in which client does business. (R and C)			<u>.</u>



Procedure		Done By	Date.	Ref.
W. Additional procedures:		•		
-				
				
Prepared by:	Date:			
Reviewed by:	Date:			



XIV. NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)
Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V)

Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Payables exist To determine that notes payable and long-term debt are authorized, properly classified, and described in the financial statements. (Assertions R and P)
- Period recorded proper To determine that liabilities are recorded in the proper period at the correct amounts. (Assertions E, C and V)
- Expense recognized To determine that related interest expense (including discount or premium) is accounted for in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertions C and P)
- Adequate disclosure To determine that the financial statements include adequate disclosure of restrictive covenants of loan agreements, pledged assets, etc. (Assertion P)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.	
A.		iew the results of applicable sections of the following to rmine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
В.		npare balances in long-term debt and interest expense a preceding year's. (E, C, R, and V)			01011100 0110 0110 0110 0110 0110 0110
C.	. Compute the following ratios and compare to preceding year's:				•
	1.	Long-term debt to stockholders' equity. (E, C, R, and V)			
	2.	Interest expense as a percentage of average balance of notes payable and long-term debt outstanding. (E, C, R, and V)	-		

XIV. NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

n.,	•	Dama Du	Data	W/P	
Pro	cedure	Done By	Date	Ref.	
D.	Obtain a schedule of notes and related interest expense showing beginning balance, additions, payments, ending balances and all terms of borrowing and payment. Recompute the mathematical accuracy of the schedule and agree to the general ledger. (E and C)				
Ε.	Obtain copies of all notes and related agreements for the permanent file. (E, R, and V)				
F.	Examine notes canceled during the period or related evidence of payment. (C and R)				
G.	Confirm significant balances outstanding at any time during the period. (E, R, and V)				
Н.	Examine current notes and review compliance with restrictive loan covenants. (P)				
I.	Determine if any assets are subject to lien and obtain carrying amounts for disclosure. (P)				
J.	Examine notes for any guarantees. Be alert for related-party guarantees. All guarantee relationships should be disclosed. (P)	<u> </u>			
K.	Separate short-term notes and the current portion of long-term debt for report classification. Categorize by type of lender (related party, banks, loan company, etc.). Determine five year maturities for all long-term obligations. (P)				
L.	Perform a reasonableness test of interest expense by multi- plying average balances outstanding by average interest rates. (C)				
Μ.	Consider need to impute interest on noninterest bearing notes. (V)				
N.	Review or recompute the computation of balances in capitalized lease obligations accounts. Gather information for report disclosure. (V and P)	· <u></u>			

XIV. NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
O. Additional procedures:				
·				•
Prepared by:	Date:			
Reviewed by:	Date:			



XV. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, CONTRACTS, AND COMMITMENTS

claims, and asse		Existence or occurrence. (E) Completeness. (C) Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)		No. 1784a (1.7. 11. 5. 6.)	BY CORP
		exist — Identify the existence of any essments; when the underlying cause e; and the amount or range of possil	e occurred; the	likelihood (of an unfa-
		ing and disclosure — The financial are of the contingencies. (Assertion		clude prope	er accruals
Pro	cedure		Done By	Date_	W/P Ref.
A.	•	ts description and evaluation of ation, claims and assessments, (E, C, R, V, and P)			
В.	Examine all available documents (E, C, R, V, and P)	nents concerning these matters.			
C.	<u> </u>	ttorneys regarding contingencies matters. Investigate reasons for 1. (C, R, V, and P)			
D.		s' meetings and discuss all per- nt. Make excerpts and agree to (C, R, V, and P)			
E.	Analyze legal expense for a (C, R, V, and P)	ny undisclosed matters.			
F.	Obtain a schedule of any pur (C, R, V, and P)	chase contracts or commitments.			
G.	Investigate any product war	ranties. (V and P)			
H.	Obtain or prepare a schedul	e of open letters of credit. (P)			



XV. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, CONTRACTS, AND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.	
I.	balar cred com	ermine whether the entity has any commitments with off- nce-sheet risk (e.g., financial guarantees and letters of it at floating rates). For any such commitments plete step M. of the Investments Securities Tests of nces Audit Program.			
J.		onsidered necessary, obtain UCC information and agree otes payable and debt working papers. (P)			***************************************
K.	K. Consider the adequacy of financial statement disclosure for contingencies.				
L.		sider whether there are contingent liabilities regarding ronmental matters.			
	1.	Inquire of management whether the company or any of its subsidiaries has been designated a potentially responsible party by the Environmental Protection Agency or otherwise has a high-risk exposure to environmental liabilities.			
	2.	Consider other possible indicators of increased risk of environmental liability, such as:			
		 Participation in real estate transaction or corporate merger involving properties with environmental risks. 			
		b. The purchase of land a price significantly below local market prices.			
		c. The acquisition of new or increased insurance coverage against environmental risks or liability to third parties.			



XV. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, CONTRACTS, AND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
M. Additional procedures:				,
Prepared by:	Date:			
Reviewed by:	Date:			



XVI. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Fina	ancial Statement Assertions:	Existence or occurrence. (E) Completeness. (C) Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)			· · · · ,
Qbj	commitments	rization and classification — To de (options, warrants, rights, etc.) are C, R, V, and P)			
		ition and cut-off—To determine that a rrect amounts in the proper period. (itments are
	financial staten	mity — To determine that all transaction nents in conformity with GAAP consistsures. (Assertion P)		•	
Dác	cedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
A. B.	preceding year's. (E, C, R) Update or obtain a listing outstanding, treasury stock	olders' equity accounts with the A, V, and P) of all capital stock issued and and other equity account transagree to the general ledger.		· .	
C.	Examine minutes, articles ments in support of transac	of incorporation, or other docutions. (E, R, V, and P)			
D.	certificate book to the listing agent the total issued shares company's name. Determine	by agreeing open stubs in stocking or confirm with the transfer and the total shares issued in the sine that surrendered certificates counted for. (E, C, R, and P)			
E.	Inspect or confirm treasury	stock certificates. (C and R)			 ,
F.		nd unpaid dividends are properly lividends to directors' minutes.			



XVI. SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Continued)

Procedure		Done B	y Date	W/P Ref.
G.	Determine and document any restrictions on equity according (P)	ints.		
Н.	Inquire as to any options, warrants, stock purchase planengagement date. (P)	ns at		· — ——
I.	Obtain information for each class of stock concern preferences, dividend requirements and arreara redemption, or conversion rights and call provisions disclosure. (P)	ges,		
J:	Additional procedures:	· 		
Pre	pared by: Date	e:		
Res	viewed by: Date	e:		,



XVII. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: • To identify related parties and related-party transactions. (Assertions E and C)

- To determine the substance of such transactions is reflected in the accounts. (Assertions C, R and V)
- To obtain all information necessary for footnote and/or report disclosure. (Assertions C and P)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
A.	Make inquiries of management about related parties, obtain related-party confirmation if applicable, and inquire about any recorded or unrecorded transactions during the year. (E, C, R, V, and P)			
В.	Obtain names of stockholders and directors for evidence of related-party transactions. (E and C)			
C.	Review last year's working papers for evidence of related- party transactions. (E and C)			
D.	Ask predecessor auditors about related parties. (E and C)			
E.	Investigate transactions with major customers, suppliers and lenders for undisclosed relationships. (E and C)			
F.	Review minutes of stockholders' and directors' meetings for evidence of related-party transactions. (E and C)			
G.	Be alert for potential related-party transactions while examining confirmations of receivables and payables, large unusual transactions and attorneys' letters. (E and C)			
Н.	Obtain a list of major customers, amounts of sales during the year and amounts of receivables at year end. Agree to detail client records. Consider disclosure. (E, C, and P)			



XVII. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.	
I.	Examine supporting documents of significant related-party transactions to determine:		rty		
	1.	Business purpose. (V and P)	Pelakuja ja j		
	2.	Board of directors' approval. (P)		•	
	3.	Reasonableness and consistency of amounts to disclosed. (V and P)	be	<u> </u>	
	4.	Financial capabilities of related parties. (V)			
J. Additional procedures:					
				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Pre	pare	d by: Date			
Re	Reviewed by: Date:		:		



XVIII. SALES

Financial Statement Assertions:	Existence or occurrence. (E)
	Completeness. (C)
	D'. L. 1 11' (' /D)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Proper recognition To determine that revenue transactions represent consideration applicable to goods shipped and/or completed services rendered to customers (or clients) in the normal course of business during the year. (Assertions E, R, V and P)
- Revenue realized To determine that revenue transactions have resulted in collections or bona fide receivables. (Assertions E and C)
- Revenue recorded To determine that all revenues earned during the year are recorded and included in the financial statements. (Assertions E, C and P)
- Proper classification To determine that revenues are properly classified and described in the financial statements and accompanied by adequate disclosure. (Assertions V and P)

Procedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
A .				
	1. Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2. All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Interna Controls Questionnaire.	ıl .		
	3. Tests of Controls Program.			
В.	Scan source journals for the period for unusual transactions Determine that they are accounted for properly. Follow up on any unusual or related-party transactions. (E, V, and P)	p		
C.	Review the source journal for any large or unusual sale transactions, especially near year end. Examine invoice and shipping document. (E, R, and V)			
D.	Randomly select shipping orders prepared at variou times during the year, obtain related sales invoice, and trac to the sales journal. (C)			



XVIII. SALES (Continued)

Pro	cedure	٠,	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
E.	Obtain or prepare a schedule of monthly sales I statement classification.* (E, C, R, and V)	by financial			***************************************
F.	Compare schedule to prior periods and investigations and investigations and the compare schedule to prior periods and investigations are unusual fluctuations.* (E, C, R, and V)	ate large or			<u>.</u>
G.	Determine proper income recognition when the return exists. (E, R, and V)	he right of			
H.	Determine that any product financing arrang accounted for properly. (E, R, V, and P)	ements are	•		
I.	Determine that sales of extended warranty a maintenance contracts are accounted for proper and V)	•	•	t .	
J.	Additional procedures:**	· ************************************			, • <u>1</u> - 371
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		**************************************	, , , ,
**]	If results from tests of controls for Systems A and if no controls tests are performed, predictive analoge necessary to verify the completeness assertion	ytical procedure	,		
Pre	pared by:	_ Date:	. ,	<u> </u>	٠
Rev	iewed by:	_ Date:			1
			, •	en e	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
				i	.1 :

XIX. COSTS OF GOODS SOLD

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: • Properly recorded — To determine that other costs of goods sold are properly allocable to the year. (Assertions E, C and V)

- Proper recognition To determine that recognition has been given to all costs. (Assertions E, C, R and V)
- GAAP conformity To determine that the costs of goods sold are in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)
- Proper classification To determine that costs of goods sold are appropriately classified and described in the statement of income. (Assertion P)

Pro	cedur	re	Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
A.		iew the results of applicable sections of the following to rmine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
В.	jour unu	najor, unexplained variances exist, scan entries in source rnals and investigate timing, size and method of recording sual items. Discuss findings with management. C, V, and P)			
C.	ther	culate gross profit percentages by product line. Compare m to prior year amounts and investigate any unusual tuations. (E, C, R, and V)			



XIX. COSTS OF GOODS SOLD (Continued)

Procedure		Done By	Date	Ref.
D. Additional procedures:				
Prepared by:	Date:			
Reviewed by:	Date:			

XX. OTHER REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E)

Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: •

- Properly recorded To determine that other revenues and expenses are properly allocable to the year. (Assertions E, C and V)
- Proper recognition To determine that recognition has been given to other revenue and expenses. (Assertions E, C, R and V)
- GAAP conformity To determine that the income statement is prepared in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)
- Proper classification—to determine that other revenues and expenses are appropriately classified and described in the statement of income. (Assertion P)

Pro	Procedure		Done By	Date	Ref.
A.		iew the results of applicable sections of the following to rmine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			

Practice Tip:

Be alert to potential mispostings in other revenue and expense accounts. Clients often post tax payments to miscellaneous expense accounts because there is no general ledger account set up for the payments.



W/P

XX. OTHER REVENUES AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Pro	cedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
В.	Obtain a schedule of other revenues and expenses vestigate large or unusual items. (E, C, and V)	and in-			
C.	Vouch as considered necessary. (E, C, and V)				
D.	Scan the source journals for major transactions omitte the schedule. (E, C, V, and P)	ed from			
E.	Additional procedures:				
			•		
	·				
Pre	pared by:	Date:			
Rev	viewed by:	Date:			,



XXI. EXPENSE ACCOUNT ANALYSIS AND VOUCHING

Fina	ncial Statement Assertions:	Existence or occurrence. (E) Completeness. (C) Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)			
Obj	- ·	ed — To determine that reported exp year and are properly matched with			
		tion — To determine that recognitiding losses) that should be recognize			
	-	cation — To determine that extractisclosed. (Assertions E and P)	ordinary items	have beer	n properly
		ity — To determine that the income asistently applied. (Assertions V and		epared in o	conformity
	-	ation — To determine that costs and entire that costs and entire that costs and entire that costs are the statement of income. (Assertion	-	propriately	classified
Pro	cedure		Done By	Date	W/P Ref.
Α.	Review the results of applica determine the nature, timing	able sections of the following to			
	1. Preliminary analytical	procedures.			
	2. All-Substantive Appro Controls Questionnaire	e.			
	3. Tests of Controls Prog	ram.			
В.	Compare balances in expenyear's. (E, C, R, and V)	ise accounts with the preceding			
C.	<u> </u>	ense accounts with budgeted cant variances. (E, C, R, and V)			



D. Compare individual expense accounts as a percentage to total

expenses for the following categories:

XXI. EXPENSE ACCOUNT ANALYSIS AND VOUCHING (Continued)

W/P Procedure Done By Ref. Date 1. Selling expenses. (E, C, R, and V) 2. Manufacturing expenses. (E, C, R, and V) 3. General and administrative expenses. (E, C, R, and V) Scan source journals for the period for large or unusual transactions and determine they are properly recorded.* (E, C, R, V, and P) Obtain a detailed analysis of charges and credits to expense accounts with unusual fluctuations from prior years, and the following:* 1. Officers' salaries and bonuses. Determine board of directors' authorization. 2. Officers' expenses (for tax return). 3. Contributions (eligible for deduction). Rents (look for potential capitalizable leases). 5. Legal and professional services (look for any payments that may represent undisclosed legal matters). Taxes (for tax return). Repairs and maintenance (look for capitalizable items). Supplies and small tools (look for capitalizable items). Travel and entertainment expenses (look for adequate documentation). 10. Miscellaneous expense.



XXI. EXPENSE ACCOUNT ANALYSIS AND VOUCHING (Continued)

Procedure	Dono Bu	Date	W/P Ref.
11. Property tax expense (for unrecorded property).	Done By	Date	Kei.
12. Other accounts:		·	
(E, C, R, V, and P)			<u> </u>
Practice Tip: An analysis of trial balance expense accounts can prove to be a valuable tool for both the audit and any tax engagements you have with the client. At tax time it's always beneficial to have the details of expenses required to prepare the client's tax return. It will always save you time (and money) to prepare these schedules during the audit engagement.			
G. As considered necessary, obtain supporting vendor invoices or other documentation to determine that charges or credits to the accounts above apply to the company and are recorded at the proper amount in the proper period (primarily System C). Documentation for immaterial account balances need not be examined (E, C, R, and V)			
H. Additional procedures:			



XXI. EXPENSE ACCOUNT ANALYSIS AND VOUCHING (Continued)		
* Satisfactory results from tests of controls will allow ex A and B, may permit omission of detailed analysis exc accounts affecting financial statement disclosures or	cept for analytical procedures follow-up and certain	
Prepared by:	Date:	
Reviewed by:	Date:	

XXII. PAYROLL TESTS

Financial Statement Assertions: Existence or occurrence. (E) Completeness. (C)

Rights and obligations. (R) Valuation or allocation. (V) Presentation and disclosure. (P)

Objectives: • Properly recorded — To determine that reported payroll expenses include costs that are properly allocable to the year. (Assertions E, C and V)

- Proper recognition—To determine that payroll expenses have been properly recognized. (Assertions E, C, R and V)
- GAAP conformity To determine that the income statement is prepared in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (Assertion P)
- Proper classification To determine that payroll expenses are appropriately classified and described in the statement of income. (Assertion P)

Pro	Procedure			Date	Ref.
A.		iew the results of applicable sections of the following to rmine the nature, timing, and extent of procedures:			
	1.	Preliminary analytical procedures.			
	2.	All-Substantive Approach Questionnaire or Internal Controls Questionnaire.			
	3.	Tests of Controls Program.			
В.		npare account balances with the preceding year's. (E, C, and V)			
C.	Con	npute the following as a percentage of net sales:			
	1.	Direct labor. (E, C, R, and V)	•		
	2.	Indirect labor. (E, C, R, and V)			
	3.	Commissions. (E, C, R, and V)			7
	4	Office salaries. (E. C. R. and V)			



XXII. PAYROLL TESTS (Continued)

Procedure	Done Pr	Doto	W/P Ref.
Flocedule	Done By	Date	Rei.
D. Compute payroll tax expenses as a percentage of tot wages, salaries, and commissions. (E, C, R, and V)	al of		
E. Scan source journals for unusual transactions to determine they are recorded properly. (E, C, R, and V)	mine		
F. Prepare a schedule of monthly payroll costs by department (E, C, R, V, and P)	ent.*		
Practice Tip:			
If the client has offices in different states, be sure itemize payroll expense to aid in allocation for incomtax calculations and returns.			
G. Compare schedules to prior periods, budget and produ records and investigate significant fluctuations.* (E, C, R, and V)	ction		
H. Reconcile gross wages on payroll tax returns to generate ledger.* (E, C, R, and V)	neral		
I. Additional procedures:			
* If results from tests of controls for Systems A and B are s	atisfactory, these steps	may not be	necessary
Prepared by: Da	te:		
Reviewed by: Da	te:		

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XXIII. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Financial Statement Assertion

Presentation and disclosure (P)

Objectives

• GAAP conformity—To determine that disclosure of certain significant estimates and certain concentrations is in conformity with GAAP consistently applied. (assertion P)

Procedures		Done by	Date	W/P Ref.
Α.	Obtain or prepare a listing of any estimates used in determining the carrying values of assets and liabilities and gain and loss contingencies that are sensitive to change. Using information obtained in other audit areas and through inquiries of management, determine that the listing is complete and accurate. (P)			
В.	Consider whether it is at least reasonably possible that a material change in the estimate will occur in the near term. (P)	·		·
C.	If such a situation is identified, review support for the calculation of the effect of the change. (P)			
D.	Obtain or prepare a listing of the following types of concentrations, if any, that existed at the balance-sheet date and that make the entity vulnerable to risk of near-term severe impact (severe impact is a higher threshold than materiality, but less than catastrophic). Using information obtained in other audit areas and through inquiries of management, determine that the listing is complete and accurate:			
	 volume of business transacted with a particular customer, supplier, or lender 			
	• revenues from particular products or services			
	 available sources of supply of materials, labor or services, or of licenses or other rights used in operations 		<u></u>	
	• market or geographic area in which the entity conducts its operations (P)			•



XXIII. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (Continued)

Proc	cedures	Done by	Date	W/P Ref.
E.	Determine whether it is at least reasonably possible that an event will occur in the near term that would cause the severe impact. (P)			-
F.	Determine whether disclosures required by SOP 94-6 are completely and accurately included in the financial statements. (Refer to the Small Business Audit Disclosure and Reporting Checklist in Chapter 14.) (P)			
G.	Additional procedures:			
				: .
Prep	pared by: Date:			
Rev	iewed by: Date:			





♦ ————————————————————————————————————	ENSIVE ENGAGEMENT MANUAL	10
10.800		
Consultation Form		
Client: Financial Statement Date:		
INSTRUCTIONS:		
To ensure high-quality engagements, staff individuals. This form should be completed fo firm's quality control policies and procedures. consultant or specialist (in the case of an in-ho Brief Summary of Issue	or all situations that require consultation as sp It should be signed by the individual who pro-	ecified in the epared it, the
Important Facts		
Relevant Literature		
Resolution		
Prepared by:[Engagement S	Date:taff]	
	Doto	

[Consultant]

[Engagement Partner]

_____ Date: __

Reviewed by:

10.800



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1	n	On	
	11	. 71	ш

Reviewed by:

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10.801		
Internal Control Structure Reportable Conditions Form		
Client:		
Financial Statement Date:		
INSTRUCTIONS:		
This form should be completed by the in-charge or supervised staff, and reviewed by the engagement partner for all audit engagements. The information should be used to complete the required communication of internal control structure related matters and other matters.		
The Internal Controls Questionnaire, any internal control flowcharts or narratives, and the results of tests of controls are the primary sources for indentifying reportable conditions. Reportable conditions are significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure, including the accounting system, and primary or secondary controls that could adversely affect the the entity's ability to record, process, and summarize financial data consistent with management's assertions in the financial statements. Reportable conditions deemed to be material weaknesses should be identified on the Form for consideration of identification in the report. Other operations or management suggestions may also be included on this Form.		
The form is designed to include the documentation source of the conditions, the audit areas affected by the conditions, and a format for writing comments.		
Prepared by: Date:		
(In-Charge)		

10.801

(Engagement Partner)

_____ Date: __

	Disposition
	Discussed With
REPORTABLE CONDITIONS	Recommendation
REPORTABI	Problem
	Situation
	Audit Areas Affected by Condition
	Documentation Source

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	w	- 7171	

	ng Understanding of Client's Business pilation and Review Engagements
Client:	
Financial Statement Date:	

INSTRUCTIONS:

This form should be completed for all compilation and review engagements (other than for personal financial statements). When used in conjunction with the Client Acceptance and Continuance Form, the form provides documentation of the required understanding of the client's business and industry. It should be reviewed and updated annually for any changes in the client's business.

I. INDUSTRY INFORMATION

Describe any sources of informa guides, industry publications):	ation about the	e client's accour	nting principl	es (e.g.,

II. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

A.	What is the basis of accounting to be used for the financial statements both on an annual and interim
	basis [GAAP or Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting (OCBOA)]?

1	Annual financi	al atatamanta.	
1.	Annual financi	ai statements:	

2. Interim financial stateme	nte•

B. Describe the client's significant accounting pol-	HICK	zs
--	------	----

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

III. ACCOUNTING RECORDS

A. What is the form of the client's accounting records?

Record Journals:	Form Reco <u>Manual/C</u>	ords	Personnel <u>Responsible</u>
Cash receipts Cash disbursements Sales Purchases/Voucher Payroll General	M M M M M M M	C C C C C C	
Ledgers:			
General Accounts Receivable Accounts payable Perpetual Inventory Physical Inventory Schedule	M M M M M M	C C C C C	

C. If applicable, describe the client's procedures for taking a physical count of its inventor how often it is taken. V. STATED QUALIFICATIONS OF ACCOUNTING PERSONNEL Name Responsibilities Qualifications V. OTHER INFORMATION A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe custo percent of sales. B. Describe the nature of any stock plans (e.g., stock options, repurchase, etc.).			ll basis accounting, describe the cl ransactions when the financial sta	ient's procedures, if any, for achieving tements are prepared.
how often it is taken. 7. STATED QUALIFICATIONS OF ACCOUNTING PERSONNEL Name Responsibilities Qualifications 7. OTHER INFORMATION A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe customer percent of sales.	*	V		
how often it is taken. 7. STATED QUALIFICATIONS OF ACCOUNTING PERSONNEL Name Responsibilities Qualifications 7. OTHER INFORMATION A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe customer of sales.				
Name Responsibilities Qualifications 7. OTHER INFORMATION A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe customer percent of sales.		C. If applicable, describe how often it is taken.	the client's procedures for taking a	a physical count of its inventory. Stat
Name Responsibilities Qualifications OTHER INFORMATION A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe customer percent of sales.				
OTHER INFORMATION A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe customer percent of sales.	•	-		
. OTHER INFORMATION A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe customer percent of sales.		Name	Responsibilities	Qualifications
OTHER INFORMATION A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe customer percent of sales.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A. Is there economic dependency on a major customer? If so, describe customer percent of sales.		·.		
percent of sales.	•		,	If so describe systems as
	•		endency on a major customer?	II so, describe customer an
B. Describe the nature of any stock plans (e.g., stock options, repurchase, etc.).		٦		
B. Describe the nature of any stock plans (e.g., stock options, repurchase, etc.).				
B. Describe the nature of any stock plans (e.g., stock options, repurchase, etc.).				
		B. Describe the nature of	any stock plans (e.g., stock option	ons, repurchase, etc.).
:				

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C. Describe any tran	nsactions with related parties, including the nature of the relationship.
D. Describe any other	er information that is significant to the engagement.
•	
	19 19 19 19 19 19
repared or Updated by: In-Charge	
eviewed by:	

Partner

Form for Documenting Understanding of Client's Business and Industry — Supplement for Review Engagements Client:	
Client:	
Financial Statement Date:	

INSTRUCTIONS:

This form should be completed for all review engagements (other than reviews of personal financial statements). When used in conjunction with the Client Acceptance and Continuance Form and the Form for Documenting Understanding of Client's Business and Industry — Compilation and Review Engagements, this form provides documentation of the additional required understanding of the client's business and industry required for review engagements. It should be reviewed and updated annually for any changes in the client's business.

I. ORGANIZATION AND PERSONNEL

A. Identify and describe the responsibilities of the chief officers.

Name	Responsibilities
B. Describe the locations at which the number of employees at each location	client does business and the nature of the activity an

Π.	OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS
	A. Describe the company's sources of revenue, marketing, and distribution methods.
	B. Describe the nature of the client's significant assets and liabilities.
	C. Describe the nature of the client's significant expenses.
	D. Describe the client's production process.

	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Prepared or Updated by: In-Charge							
Reviewed by: Partner							



Compilation Engagement Work Program			
Client:			
Financial Statement Date:			

INSTRUCTIONS:

The following is a general guide for compiling annual and interim financial statements. Any additional inquiries or procedures performed, and conclusions reached, should also be documented in the working papers. The "N/A" column should be checked for any steps that are not applicable or for steps not required because of immateriality or other reasons. References preceded by "AR" are to Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services, included in volume 2 of the AICPA Professional Standards.

		Performed By		
		Initials	Date	N/A
1.	Prepare or update the Client Acceptance and Continuance Form.			
2.	Consider whether the CPA firm is independent of the client. If the firm is not independent, the compilation report should be modified to indicate that fact. (AR 100.22)			
3.	Establish or update an understanding with the client, preferably in writing, regarding the nature of the engagement. Include in the working papers a copy of the engagement letter or a memorandum describing the oral arrangements. (AR 100.08)			
4.	If the firm was originally engaged to perform a higher level of service, i.e., a review or audit, document the appropriateness of the decision to step-down, including a consideration of:			
	a. The reason given for the client's request, particularly the implications of a restriction on the scope of the initial engagement, whether imposed by the client or by circumstances.			
	b. The additional effort required to complete the initial engagement.		-	



		Performed By		
		<u>Initials</u>	Date	N/A
	c. The estimated additional cost to complete the initial engagement. (AR 100.4449)		e The Thirt and the State of t	
5.	Consider whether the staffing and scheduling of the engagement is appropriate.			
6.	Complete or update the Form to Document Understanding of Client's Business and Industry—Compilation and Review Engagements.			
7.	Obtain assurances about the independence of any other accountants engaged to perform segments of the engagement.			
8.	Perform any accounting services required to compile the financial statements. (AR 100.11)			
9.	Consider whether any information supplied by the client appears to be incorrect, incomplete, or otherwise unsatisfactory. If so, request revised information. (AR 100.12)			0
10.	Draft the financial statements and the compilation report.			
11.	If the financial statements do not omit substantially all disclosures, complete the Financial Statement Disclosure Checklist.			
12.	If the financial statements are prepared on some other comprehensive basis of accounting, consider whether the financial statement titles and disclosure of the basis of accounting are appropriate. (AR 100.1921)			
13.	Read the financial statements and consider whether they appear to be appropriate in form and free from obvious material misstatements. (AR 100.13)			
14.	If the financial statements omit substantially all disclosures required by GAAP or some OCBOA, add an additional paragraph to the compilation report disclosing the omission. (AR 100.1921)		·	0
15.	If GAAP basis financial statements of a business entity that omit substantially all disclosures also omit the statement of cash flows, modify the additional paragraph to disclose the omission. (AR 100.21 and footnote 8)			



		Performed By		
		Initials	Date	N/A
16.	If the financial statements contain a departure from GAAP or OCBOA, including either a measurement or disclosure departure:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	a. Revise the financial statements or modify the compilation report to indicate the departure.			
,	b. If the financial statements are not revised, consider whether modification of the standard report is adequate to indicate the deficiencies in the financial statements.		·	
	c. If modification of the report is not considered adequate, consider withdrawing from the engagement. (AR 100.3941)			
17.	If the financial statements are presented with comparative financial statements for one or more prior periods, determine that all financial statements are appropriately reported on by the CPA firm or a predecessor CPA firm. (AR 200.0136)			
18.	If financial statements that are presented in a prescribed form are being reported on in accordance with SSARS 3, determine that the report complies with the requirements of that Statement. (AR 300.0105)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
19.	If supplementary data accompanies the financial statements, modify the compilation report to include the other data. (AR 100.43)			
20.	Include a reference to the compilation report on each page of the financial statements and supplementary data. (AR 100.16)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
21.	Date the compilation report as of the date the compilation was completed. (AR 100.15)	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
22.	Document any other procedures performed or unusual problems and their resolution.	, <u>,</u> ,	. •	



		Perform	ed By	
		<u>Initials</u>	Date	N/A
	\			
23.	Determine that all required forms and checklists have been completed.		-	
24.	Determine that all review points by the engagement team and the technical reviewer (if applicable) have been resolved.			
Pre	pared by: Date:			
	(In-Charge)			
Rev	viewed by: Date:			
	(Partner)			

Review Engagement Work Program				
Client:				
Financial Statement Date:				

PART I — INQUIRY PROCEDURES

INSTRUCTIONS:

The inquiry portion of this Work Program is a general guide for areas about which inquiries should be made in a review of financial statements of a nonpublic entity. The accountant may believe it is necessary to make several specific inquiries to answer one of the questions listed below. When additional inquiries are made, they should also be documented in the working papers.

Each of these inquiries will *not* necessarily apply to every review engagement. The "N/A" column should be checked for any inquiries that are not applicable. Inquiries may be inapplicable because of: (1) the nature or immateriality of financial statement accounts, (2) the low likelihood of misstatement in an account, (3) knowledge obtained during current or previous engagements, (4) the stated qualifications of entity's accounting personnel, or (5) the extent to which a particular item is affected by management judgment, among other reasons.

			Performed By			
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A		
GE	GENERAL					
1.	Obtain and agree or reconcile general and subsidiary ledgers.					
2.	Obtain and foot general ledger trial balance.					
3.	Obtain client-prepared financial statements or prepare financial statements and agree or reconcile them to the general ledger or the trial balance.					
CAS	CASH					
Inq	uire About:					
1.	Accounting principles and policies for cash and the methods of applying them.					

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	<u> </u>		Performed By		
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A	
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing cash transactions.				
3.	Whether bank and book balances have been reconciled.			. 🗆	
4.	Disposition of old or unusual reconciling items.	Community of the Control of the Cont			
5.	Whether a proper cash cutoff has been made.				
6.	Restrictions on cash balances, such as compensating balances.				
7.	Whether cash funds have been counted and reconciled with control accounts.				
	CEIVABLES — ACCOUNTS AND NOTES		•		
Inq	uire About:				
1.	Accounting principles and policies for receivables and the methods of applying them.				
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing receivable transactions.				
3.	Collectibility of receivables.	<u> </u>			
4.	Adequacy of allowance for doubtful accounts and whether uncollectible receivables were written off.				
5.	Whether interest has been recorded, if applicable.				
6.	Whether a proper sales cutoff has been made.				
7.	Whether there are any receivables from employees and related parties.				
8.	Whether any receivables are pledged, discounted, or factored.				
9.	Whether receivables are properly classified between current and noncurrent.				



		Perforn	ned By	
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A
IN	ENTORIES			
Inq	uire About:			
1.	Accounting principles and policies for inventories and the methods of applying them, including the inventory valuation method and proper treatment of material, labor, and overhead, if applicable.			
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing inventory transactions.			
3.	Date and methods of performing most recent physical inventory.			
4.	Whether general ledger control accounts have been adjusted to agree with physical inventories.		egravialis-minimus	
5.	Procedures for recording changes in inventory between physical inventory date and balance-sheet date, if applicable.			
6.	Consideration of consignments-in and consignments-out.			
7.	How obsolete or excess inventory has been valued.			
8.	Whether a proper purchase cutoff has been made.		akk NFG salaman Klassida	
9.	Whether any inventory is encumbered.			
PR	EPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS		•	
Inq	uire About:		ę ·	•
1.	Accounting principles and policies for prepaid expenses and other assets and the methods of applying them.		200 Warrie Co. 100 August 100 Augus	
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing prepaid expense and other asset transactions.	•		_ ·
3.	Nature of the items and amounts included in prepaid expenses and other assets, including whether items will benefit future periods.			
4.	Methods for amortizing prepaid expense and other asset amounts.			

		Perform	ed By	
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A
5.	Whether prepaid expenses and other assets are properly classified between current and noncurrent.	•		
6.	Whether other assets are mortgaged or otherwise encumbered.			
INV	ESTMENTS			
Inq	uire About:			
1.	Accounting principles and policies for investments and the methods of applying them.			
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing investment transactions.			
3.	Basis used to value investments, including marketable securities, joint ventures, intercompany investments, etc.			
4.	Whether investment income has been recorded.			
5.	Whether and how gains and losses on investment sales are recorded.			
6.	Whether investments are properly classified between current and noncurrent.			
7.	Whether consolidation or equity requirements have been considered.		***	
8.	Whether investments are encumbered.			
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT				
Inq	uire About:			
1.	Accounting principles and policies for property and equipment and the methods of applying them.			
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing property and equipment transactions.			



		Perform	ned By		
Are	a/Procedure	<u>Initials</u>	Date	N/A	
3.	Basis of valuation, depreciation methods, and criteria for capitalizing property and equipment.				
4.	Whether and how gains and losses on property and equipment disposals are recorded.				
5.	Whether depreciation and capitalization methods are used consistently.				
6.	Unrecorded additions or disposals.				
7.	Whether lease agreements exist and the nature of such leases (capital or operating).				
8.	Whether property or equipment is mortgaged or otherwise encumbered.				
	CURRENT LIABILITIES — ACCOUNTS, NOTES, AND ACCRUALS				
Inq	uire About:		•		
1.	Accounting principles and policies for current liabilities and the methods of applying them.				
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing current liability transactions.				
3.	Whether all significant current liabilities have been recorded.		<u></u>		
4.	Whether all current liabilities are properly classified.				
5.	Whether there are any collateralized liabilities.				
6.	Whether there are any current liabilities to employees or related parties.				



		_Perform	ned By	
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A
	NG-TERM LIABILITIES — NOTES, BONDS, AND ORTGAGES			
Inq	uire About:			
1.	Accounting principles and policies for long-term liabilities and the methods of applying them.			
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing long-term liability transactions.			
3.	Maturity dates, interest rates, restrictive covenants, and collateral for long-term liabilities.	•		
4.	Whether long-term debt is properly classified as noncurrent.			
5.	Whether and how interest expense and capitalized interest have been recorded.			
LIA	ABILITIES FOR INCOME AND OTHER TAXES			
Ing	uire About:			
1.	Accounting principles and policies for income and other taxes and the methods of applying them.			
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing income and other tax liability transactions.			
3.	Whether provision has been made for state and federal income taxes and other taxes payable, such as sales, payroll, franchise, etc.			
4.	Recent or pending federal or state tax authority examinations.			
5.	Whether deferred taxes have been recorded for significant temporary differences.			



		Perform		
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A
	HER LIABILITIES, COMMITMENTS, AND NTINGENCIES		a ~ 4 . 1 v	
Inq	uire About:			• •
1.	Accounting principles and policies for other liabilities and the methods of applying them.	•		
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, summarizing other liability transactions.			
3.	Nature and amounts of other liabilities.			
4.	Whether other liabilities have been properly classified between current and noncurrent.			
5.	Whether obligations under any profit-sharing or bonus plans have been accrued.			. 🗆
6.	Whether there are any contingent liabilities, such as discounted notes, drafts, endorsements, warranties, litigation, and unsettled asserted claims.	;	i, r	,
7.	Whether there are any unasserted claims.			□ ,
8.	Whether there are any commitments to purchase or sell company equity or debt securities.			
9.	Whether there are any commitments to purchase, sell, or construct real property.			
EQ	UITY			
Ing	uire About:			
1.	Accounting principles and policies for equity and the methods of applying them.			
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing equity transactions.			
3.	The nature of any changes in equity accounts.			



			Performed By		
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A	
4.	What classes of capital stock are authorized, number of shares issued and outstanding for each class, and their par or stated value.			_	
5.	Whether amounts of outstanding shares of capital stock agree with subsidiary records.				
6.	Whether capital stock preferences, if any, have been disclosed.				
7.	Whether stock options have been granted and the nature and terms of such options.				
8.	Whether there are any treasury stock transactions.				
9.	Whether there are any restrictions or appropriations of retained earnings.				
RE	VENUES AND EXPENSES				
Inq	uire About:				
1.	Accounting principles and policies for revenues and expenses and the methods of applying them.				
2.	Procedures for recording, classifying, and summarizing revenue and expense transactions.				
3.	Whether sales, purchase, and expense cutoffs are proper.				
4.	Whether there are discontinued operations or other items that might be considered extraordinary.	<u> </u>			
ОТ	HER				
Ing	uire About:				
1.	Whether any events have occurred after the balance sheet date that have a significant effect on the financial statements.				
2.	Whether any actions taken at stockholder, board of directors, or comparable meetings that affect the financial statements have been properly recorded or disclosed.				
3.	Whether material transactions with related parties have occurred and whether they are properly disclosed.				



PART II — ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

INSTRUCTIONS:

The analytical procedures portion of this Work Program is a general guide for analytical procedures that may be performed in a review of financial statements of a nonpublic entity. The accountant may feel that additional analytical procedures are necessary in some areas. When additional analytical procedures are performed, they should also be documented in the working papers.

Each of these analytical procedures will not necessarily apply to every review engagement. The "N/A" column should be checked for any inquiries that are not applicable. Inquiries may be inapplicable because of the (1) nature or immateriality of financial statement accounts, (2) low likelihood of misstatement in an account, (3) knowledge obtained during current or previous engagements, (4) stated qualifications of entity's accounting personnel, or (5) extent to which a particular item is affected by management judgment, among other reasons.

	•	<u>Perform</u>	ned By	
<u>Are</u>	a/Procedure	<u>Initials</u>	Date	N/A
GE)	NERAL			
1.	Compare amounts in each significant account in the current financial statements with amounts for comparable prior period(s).			. 🗆
2.	Compare amounts in each significant account in the current financial statements with budgeted or forecasted amounts for the current period.			
3.	Scan selected journals and ledgers.			
4.	Based on the results of steps 1, 2 and 3 above, identify unusual fluctuations or relationships and document management's explanation for them.			

Specific Accounts:

For each significant account below, select and compute the analytical procedure(s) appropriate for this review engagement and compare the results with prior periods. The analytical procedures not considered necessary should be marked "N/A" and any additional analytical procedures performed should be documented.

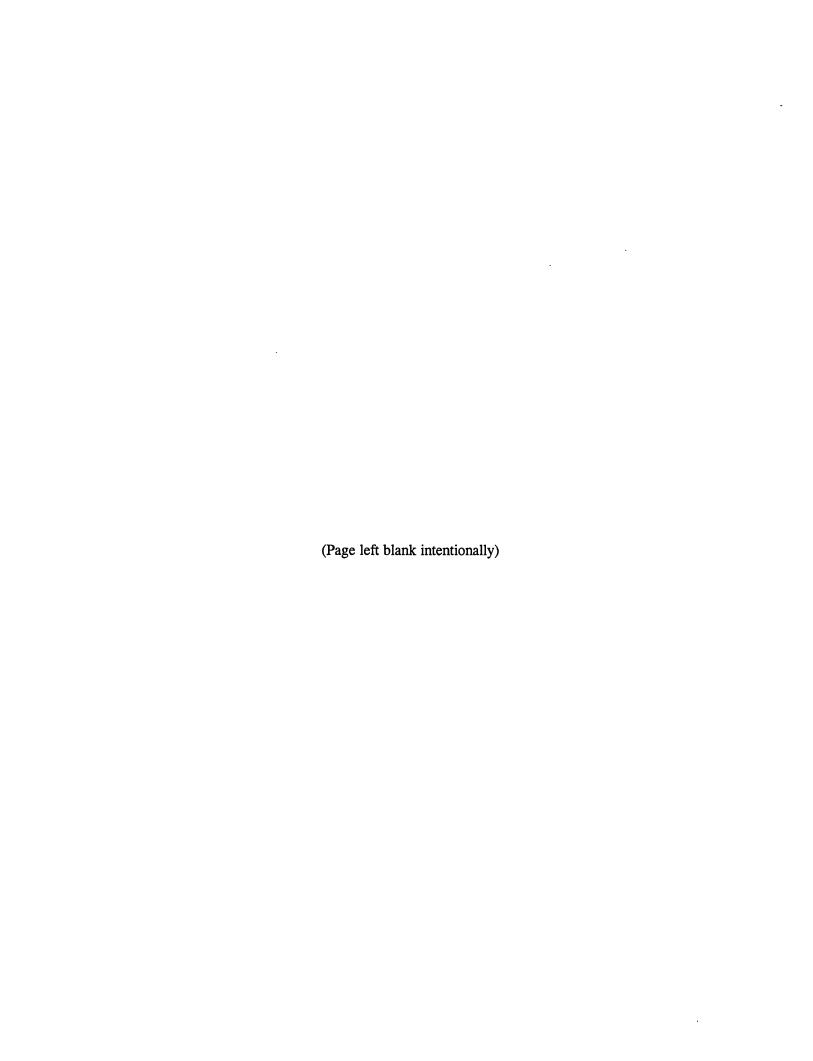


	-		Performed By		
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A	
CA	SH ·				
1.	Current ratio (current assets / current liabilities)				
2.	Quick ratio (current assets — inventory / current liabilities)				
RE	CEIVABLES — ACCOUNTS AND NOTES				
1.	Number of days' sales in ending accounts receivable (average net receivables \times 360 / net credit sales)		·		
2.	Bad debts expense as a percent of net sales (bad debts expense / net credit sales)				
3.	Allowance for doubtful accounts as a percent of accounts receivable (allowance / ending receivables)		·		
4.	Aged accounts receivable (percent of ending receivables in following categories):	•			
	0 – 30 days	•			
	31 – 60 days		·		
	61 - 90 days		•		
	91 – 120 days				
	Over 120 days				
IN	VENTORIES				
1.	Gross margin as a percent of net sales (gross margin / net sales)				
2.	Inventory turnover (cost of sales / average inventory)				



		<u>Perform</u>	Performed By					
Are	a/Procedure	Initials	Date	N/A				
INV	ESTMENTS							
1.	Rate of return on major investment classes (investment income / average investment)							
PRO	OPERTY AND EQUIPMENT							
1.	Depreciation expense as a percent of major property and equipment classes			-				
	(depreciation expense / property and equipment)							
2.	Accumulated depreciation as a percent of major property and equipment classes (accumulated depreciation / property and equipment)							
3.	Repair and maintenance expense as a percent of property and							
	equipment (repair and maintenance expense/property and equipment)							
	NG-TERM LIABILITIES — NOTES, BONDS, AND RTGAGES							
1.	Interest expense as a percent of major classes of average long-term liabilities							
	(interest expense / average long-term liabilities)							
2.	Long-term debt to equity (long-term liabilities / total equity)							
OT	OTHER							
Prep	pared by: Date:							
	(In-Charge)							
Rev			<u> </u>					
_	(In-Charge)							





Review Engagement Analytical Procedures Checklist

10.905

	Client: Financial Statement Date:				
INS	INSTRUCTIONS:				
app	e following ratios should be calculated and the results reviewed blicable to the client the "N/A" column should be marked with a "ward and updated yearly.	✓". This	checklist		carried
<u>An</u>	alytical Procedures	N/A			19
No	tes and Accounts Receivable:				
1.	Number of days net sales in accounts receivable.				
2.	Aged trial balance categories as a percent of total accounts receivable.				
Nu	mber of days outstanding:				
	0 - 30 31 - 60 61 - 90 91 - 120 121 +				
3.	Allowance for doubtful accounts as a percent of accounts receivable.				
4.	Bad debts expense as a percent of net sales.				
Inv	rentories:				
1.	Gross profit as a percent of net sales:				
	In total By major product (if applicable)				
2.	Inventory turnover:				
	In total By major product (if applicable)				



		Y	ear or Pe	riod Ende	d
<u>An</u>	alytical Procedures	N/A	19	19	19
3.	Inventory composition as a percent of total inventory:				
	Raw materials Work in process Finished goods				
4.	Composition of costs of sales as a percent of total costs of sales:				
	Labor Materials Overhead				
Wo	orking Capital:				
1.	Current ratio.				
2.	Quick-current ratio.				
Pro	operty and Equipment:				
1.	Depreciation as a percent of:				
	a. Net sales.				
	b. Total depreciable property and equipment.				
No	tes Payable and Long-Term Debt:				
1.	Long-term debt to equity.		dentrinentenna		
2.	Interest expense as a percent of:				
	a. Net sales.				
	b. Total debt other than open accounts.				
Pro	ofitability:				
1.	After tax rate of return on:				
	a. Total assets invested.				
	b. Noncurrent assets.			vi.	<u> </u>
	c. Stockholders' equity at beginning of period.				



			Y	ear or I	Period End	ed
Ana	alytic	al Procedures	N/A	19	19	19
	d.	Long-term debt and equity at beginning of period.				
	e.	Total liabilities and equity at beginning of period.				
Sale	es:					;
1.	As	a percentage of net sales:				
	a.	Sales returns, allowances and discounts.				
	b.	Earnings before income taxes.			·	
	c.	Income taxes.				
	d.	Net earnings.				
	e.	Total selling expenses.		•	-	
		isons of Balance Sheet and Income Statement Accounts in of the Following Variances:		•	,	
1.	Plu	s or minus \$ from preceding year.				
2.	Plu	s or minus% from preceding year.			- ,	
3.	Plu	s or minus% from past three years' trend.				
Aco	count	s and Description of Variance:				
				: .		
					•	





Review Engagement Checklist		
Client:		
Financial Statement Date:		

INSTRUCTIONS:

This checklist is a general guide for reviewing annual and interim financial statements of nonpublic companies. Any additional inquiries, analytical procedures, or other procedures performed, and conclusions reached, should also be documented in the working papers. The "N/A" column should be checked for any steps that are not applicable or for steps not required because of immateriality or other reasons. References preceded by "AR" refer to Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services included in volume 2 of AICPA *Professional Standards*.

		Performed By		
		<u>Initials</u>	Date	N/A
1.	Prepare or update the Client Acceptance and Continuance Form.			
2.	Consider whether the CPA firm is independent of the client. If the firm is not independent, a review report cannot be issued. (AR 100.38)			
3.	Establish or update an understanding with the client, preferably in writing, regarding the nature of the engagement. Include in the working papers a copy of the engagement letter or a memorandum describing the oral arrangements. (AR 100.08)			
4.	Consider whether the staffing and scheduling of the engagement is appropriate.			
5.	Complete or update the Form for Documenting Understanding of Client's Business and Industry — Compilation and Review Engagements.			
6.	Complete or update the Form for Documenting Understanding of Client's Business and Industry — Supplement for Review Engagement			П



		Performed E		_	
		<u>Initials</u>	Date	<u>N/A</u>	
7.	If the firm was originally engaged to perform a higher level of service, i.e., an audit, document the appropriateness of the decision to change to a review, including a consideration of:			. 🗆	
	a. The reason given for the client's request, particularly the implications of a restriction on the scope of the audit, whether imposed by the client or by circumstances.				
	b. The additional effort required to complete the audit.	 ,			
	c. The estimated additional cost to complete the audit. (AR 100.4449)				
8.	Obtain assurances about the independence of any other accountants engaged to perform segments of the engagement.				
9.	Consider whether it is necessary to perform any accounting services or to compile financial statements to be able to perform the review. (AR 100,04)				
10.	Complete the Review Engagement Work Program.		-		
11.	Draft the financial statements and review report.		•		
12.	Complete the Financial Statement Disclosure Checklist.				
13.	If the financial statements are prepared using another comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA), consider whether the financial statement titles and disclosure of the basis of accounting are appropriate.				
14.	Read the financial statements and consider, on the basis of information coming to the accountant's attention, whether the statements appear to conform with GAAP or OCBOA. (AR 100.27)				
15.	If the financial statements contain a departure from GAAP or OCBOA, including either a measurement or disclosure departure:				
	a. Revise the financial statements or modify the review report to indicate the departure.				



		Perforn	ned By	
		<u>Initials</u>	Date	N/A
	b. If the financial statements are not revised, consider whether modification of the standard report is adequate to indicate the deficiencies in the financial statements.			. 🗀
	c. If modification of the report is not considered adequate, consider withdrawing from the engagement. (AR 100.3940)			
16.	If the financial statements are presented with comparative financial statements for one or more prior periods, determine that all financial statements are appropriately reported on by the CPA firm or a predecessor CPA firm. (AR 200.0136).			
17.	If supplementary data accompanies the financial statements, modify the review report to include the other data. (AR 100.43)	***		
18.	Include a reference to the review report on each page of the financial statements and supplementary data. (AR 100.34)			
19.	Date the review report as of the date the inquiry and analytical procedures were completed. (AR 100.33)	w a		
20.	Obtain a representation letter.			
21.	Document any other procedures performed or unusual problems and their resolution.			
22.	Determine that all required forms and checklists have been completed.			
23.	Determine that all review points by the engagement team and the technical reviewer, if applicable, have been resolved.			
24.	Other procedures:			
Pre	pared by: Date:			
D				
ĸev	iewed by: Date: Date:			



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To ensure that the quality control materials in this Manual are reliable practice aids that comply with professional standards and to help minimize the cost of your peer review, this Manual has been peer reviewed by the CPA firm, Baird, Kurtz & Dobson. Included in the Manual is a copy of their unqualified opinion.

This Manual has also been reviewed by a special task force of the AICPA Private Companies Practice Section. The task force members use this Manual in their firms' audit, review, and compilation engagements and, as a result, provide recommendations for enhancements from the perspective of the local and regional firm.

Also included with this Manual is a diskette that includes all the letters and sample auditor's and accountant's reports from the Manual in WordPerfect format. Attached is a detailed listing of the items included on the diskette. These items are identified in the Manual by the following icon:



And, the programs and checklists included in this Manual are available for use with the AICPA's Audit Program Generator (APG). APG is a software tool that allows you to easily customize audit programs and checklists to best suit your engagements. For more information about APG, call the AICPA Software Connection at (800) 226-5800. If you currently use APG and would like to order the library volume for this Manual, call the AICPA Order Department at (800) 862-4272 and ask for product 016994. The programs and checklists included in the APG library volume are identified in your Manual by the following icon:



We will continue to monitor and enhance the *Comprehensive Engagement Manual* and, in an effort to give you the latest guidance, we will ship the next update to you automatically.

As we have mentioned in our advertising, if you are not fully satisfied with your manual, just return it to us within 60 days for a full refund.

Sincerely,

Susan L. Menelaides, CPA

Director, Technical Information Division

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Comprehensive Engagement Manual Letters and Reports for WordPerfect Diskette and Forms in Lotus Files

Section	Description	File Name
Corresponder	nce	
13.002	Request for Bank Cutoff Statement	BANCUTOF
13.004	Money Market Fund Confirmation	MMFDCNF
13.005	Accounts Receivable Confirmation -	ARPSCNF
	Positive	
13.006	Accounts Receivable Confirmation -	ARNGCNF
	Negative	
13.007	Notes Receivable Confirmation-Positive	NRPSCNF
13.008	Inventories in Warehouse Confirmation	INVWCCNF
	Client Provided Listing	
13.009	Inventories in Warehouse Confirmation -	INVWCNF
	Client Did Not Provide Listing	
13.010	Securities Held By Brokers Confirmation	SECCNF
13.012	Safe Deposit Access Confirmation	SDACNF
13.013	Notes Payable/Long-Term Debt Confir-	NPLTDCNF
	mation	
13.014	Mortgage Debt Confirmation	MTGCNF
13.015	Accounts Payable Confirmation	APCNF
13.016	Lines of Credit Confirmation	LOCCNF
13.017	Contingent Liabilities Confirmation	CNTLBCNF
13.018	Registrar — Capital Stock Confirmation	CPSTKCNF
13.019	Transfer Agent — Capital Stock Con-	CPSTACNF
	firmation	
13.020	Related-Party Confirmation	RPCNF
13.022	Letter ot Other Accountants Upon Whose	OACLTR
	Work We Plan to Rely	
13.023	Representation Letter to Other	REPOACT
	Accountants	
13.024	Engagement Letter - Audits	ENGLETA
13.025	Engagement Letter - Compilations	ENGLETC
13.026	Engagement Letter - Reviews	ENGLETR
13.027	Proposal Letter	PROPLTR
13.028	Inquiry Letter to Legal Counsel -	LAWINQ
12 000	General	T AUTTAIOT III
13.029	Inquiry Letter to Legal Counsel -	LAWINQLT
	Management Did Not Provide Pending Litigation Details	
13.030	Pension Plan Actuarial Information	PENSPLAC
13.030	Pension Plan Assets Held by Trustee	PENSPLAS
13.031	Representation Letter — Audits	REPLETA
13.032	Representation Letter - Reviews	REPLETA
13.033	Communication With Audit Committees	AUDCOMCM
13.035	Reliance Letter	RELLTR
13.036	Reportable Conditions Report	REPCOND
13.037	Reportable Conditions Report -	REPCNDMW
·	Identifies Material Weaknesses	
•		•

<u>Section</u>	Description	File Name
13.038	Insurance In-Force Confirmation	INSCONF
13.039	Letter to Actuary Requesting Employer's	ACTLETT
	Benefit Cost Information	
Auditor's		
19.601	Standard Auditor's Report - Single Period	AUDRPSP
19.602	Standard Auditor's Report — Comparative Periods	AUDRPCP
19.603	Qualified Opinion - Scope Limitation	QRPSSLT
19.604	Disclaimer of Opinion — Scope Limitation	DSCRPSLT
19.605	First-Year Audit — Beginning Balances Not Audited	SLTBB
19.606	Qualified Opinion — GAAP Departure	GAAPDQRP
19.607	Adverse Opinion - GAAP Departure	GAAPDARP
19.608	Qualified Opinion - Inadequate	DISCLORP
	Disclosure	
19.609	Explanatory Paragraph - Change of GAAP	EXPGAAP
19.610	Qualified Opinion — Change to	DGAAPQRP
	Unacceptable Principle	
19.611	Qualified Opinion - Client Does Not	JPORP
	Provide Justification for Change in	0 L X
	Principle	
19.612	Uncertainty	
19.613	Going-Concern Uncertainty Paragraph	GNGCNCR
19.614	Report Indicating Divided	DRARP
	Responsibility Among Auditors	
19.615	Predecessor Declines Reissue - Prior	PREPPUNQ
	Period Unqualified	_
19.616	Predecessor Declines Reissue - Prior	PREPPQ
	Period Qualified	-
19.617	Predecessor Declines Reissue - Prior	PREPPQR
	Period Unqualified; Restatement	. ~
	Subsequently Made	
19.618	Current Period Audited - Prior Period	AUDREV
	Reviewed	
19.619	Current Year Audited - Prior Period	AUDCOMP
	Compiled	
19.620	Supplementary Information - Unqualified	SUPPUNQ
	Report	
19.621	Supplementary Information - Disclaimer	SUPPDISC
	on Part	
19.622	Supplementary Information - Disclaimer	SUPPDISQ
	on All	
19.623	Report on Basic Financial Statements	QUALSUPP
	Qualified; Supplementary Information	
	Qualified	
		GTD361
19.624	CIRA Financial Statements — Required	CIRAOM
19.624	CIRA Financial Statements — Required Supplementary Information Omitted Balance Sheet Only Presented	BSRPT

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Section	Description	File Name
19.626	Balance Sheet Only Report — Disclaimer on Other Statements	BSRPTDIS
19.627	Lack of Independence (Public Companies)	NOIND
19.628	Emphasis of a Matter	EMPMATT
19.629	Restatement of Prior Period to Conform to GAAP	PPREST
	and Review Reports	•
20.902	Standard Compilation Report	COMPRPT
20.903	Compilation Report - Disclosures Omitted	COMPNODS
20.904	Compilation Report — GAAP Departure Effect Determined	COMPGAAP .
20.905	Compilation Report — GAAP Departure Effect Not Determined	COMPGAPN
20.906	Compilation Report — Statement of Cash Flows Omitted	COMPNOCF
20.907	Compilation Report - Changed Reference to Prior Period GAAP Departure	COMPPPGP
20.908	Comparative Compilation Report — Disclosures Omitted	COMPCOM
20.909	Compilation Current Period — Review Prior Period	COMPREV
20.910	Compilation Current Period — Audit Prior Period	COMPAUD
20.911	Compilation Report - Prior Period Compiled by Other Accountants	COMPPPOA
20.912	Compilation Report - Balance Sheet Only	COMPBS
20.913	Compilation Report - Supplementary	COMPSUPP
	Information Included	
20.914	Compilation Report - Income Tax Basis	COMPIT
20.915	Compilation Report - Cash Basis	COMPCASH
20.916	Compilation Report on Elements,	COMPELEM
	Accounts, or Items of a Financial Statement	
20.917	Compilation Report - Special Purpose -	COMPACQ
	Acquisition Agreement	
20.918	Compilation Report - Prescribed Form	COMPPRSC
20.926	Standard Review Report	REVRPT
20.927	Review Report - GAAP Departure Effect	REVGAAP
	Determined	
20.928	Review Report — GAAP Departure Effect Not Determined	REVNGAAP
20.929	Review Report — Statement of Cash Flows Omitted	REVNOCF
20.930	Review Report — Changed Reference to Prior Period GAAP Departure	REVPPGAP
20.931	Review Current Period - Audit Prior Period	REVAUD
20.932	Review Current Period — Prior Period Compiled	REVCOMP

<u>Section</u>	Description	File Name
20,933	Review Report - Prior Period Reviewed by Other Accountants	REVREV
20.934	Review Report - Balance Sheet Only	REVBS
20.935	Review Report - Supplementary Information Reviewed	REVSUPP
20.936	Review Report — Supplementary Information Not Reviewed	REVNSUPP
20.937	Review Report - Income Tax Basis	REVIT
20.938	Review Report - Cash Basis	REVCASH
20.939	Review Report - Special Purpose - Acquisition Agreement	REVACQ
Lotus Files	•	
10.302	Summary of Possible Journal Entries Form	CEMSJE1.WK3
10.302	Summary of Possible Journal Entries Form (WYSIWYG Print File)	CEMSJE1.FM3